

GENEALOGICAL
AND
PERSONAL HISTORY
OF
BEAVER COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

UNDER THE EDITORIAL SUPERVISION OF

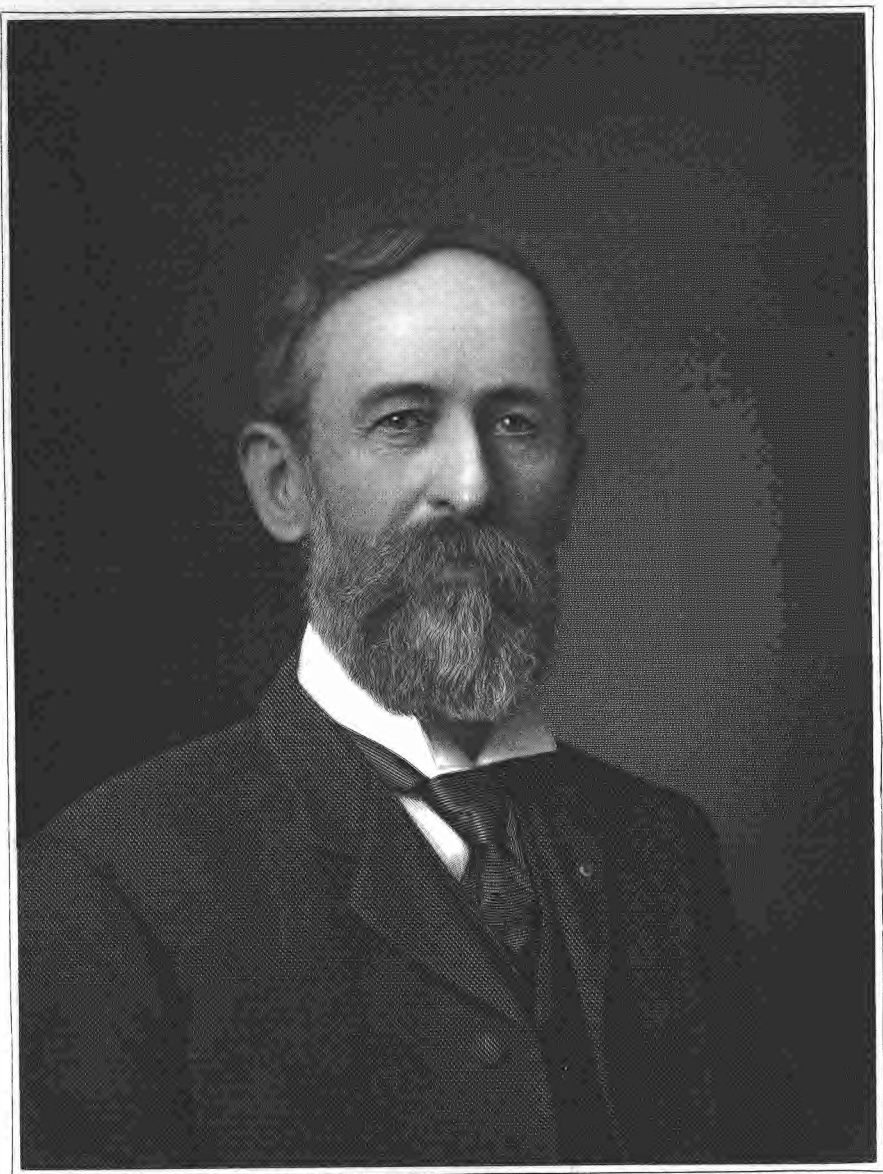
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ILLUSTRATED

VOLUME I

NEW YORK
LEWIS HISTORICAL PUBLISHING COMPANY
1914



Francis S. Reader.

FOREWORD

THE present work, "Genealogical and Personal History of Beaver County, Pennsylvania," presents in the aggregate an amount and variety of genealogical and personal information and portraiture unequaled by any kindred publication. No similar work concerning Beaver County Families has ever before been presented, and it contains a great amount of ancestral history never before printed. The object, clearly defined and well digested, is threefold:

First. To present in concise form the history of Beaver County Families of the Colonial Days.

Second. To preserve a record of its prominent present-day people.

Third. To present through personal sketches the relation of its prominent families of all times to the growth, singular prosperity and widespread influence of Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

There are numerous voluminous histories of the State. What has been published, however, relates principally to civic life. The amplification necessary to complete the picture, old and nowadays, covering Beaver County, is what is supplied by these Genealogical and Personal Memoirs. In other words, while others have written of "the times," this work is a chronicle of the people who have made this magnificent region what it is.

Unique in conception and treatment, this work constitutes one of the most original and permanently valuable contributions ever made to the social history of an American community. In it are arrayed in a lucid and dignified manner all the important facts regarding the ancestry, personal careers and matrimonial alliances of those who, in each succeeding generation, have been accorded leading positions in social, professional and business life. It is not based upon, neither does it minister to, aristocratic prejudices and assumptions. On the contrary, its fundamental ideas are thoroughly American and democratic. The work everywhere conveys the lesson that distinction has been gained only by honorable public service, or by usefulness in private station, and that the development and prosperity of the region of which it treats have been dependent upon the character of its citizens, and in the stimulus which they have given to commerce, to industry, to the arts and sciences, to education and religion—to all that is comprised in the highest civilization of the present day—through a continual progressive development.

The inspiration underlying the present work is a fervent appreciation of the truth so well expressed by Sir Walter Scott, that "there is no heroic

poem in the world but is at the bottom the life of a man." And with this goes a kindred truth, that to know a man, and rightly measure his character, and weigh his achievements, we must know whence he came, from what forebears he sprang. Truly as heroic poems have been written in human lives in the paths of peace as in the scarred roads of war. Such examples, in whatever line of endeavor, are of much worth as an incentive to those who come afterward, and as such were never so needful to be written of as in the present day, when pessimism, forgetful of the splendid lessons of the past, withholds its effort in the present, and views the future only with alarm.

Every community with such ample history, should see that it be worthily supplemented by such Genealogical and Personal Memoirs of its leading families and prominent citizens. And, it should be admitted, the undertaking possesses value of the highest importance—in its historic utility as a memorial of the development and progress of the community from its very founding, and in the personal interest which attaches to the record made by the individual. On both these accounts it will prove a highly useful contribution to literature, and a valuable legacy to future generations. Out of these considerations the authors and publishers have received encouragement and approval of authorities of the highest standing as genealogists, historians and litterateurs. In the production of this work, no pains have been spared to ensure absolute truth—that quality upon which its value in every feature depends. The material comprising the genealogical and personal records of the active living, as well as of the honored dead, have been gathered by men and women experienced in such work and acquainted with local history and ancestral families. These have appealed to the custodians of family records concerning the useful men of preceding generations, and of their descendants who have lived useful and honorable lives. Such custodians, who have availed themselves of this opportunity of having this knowledge placed in preservable and accessible form, have performed a public service in rendering honor to whom honor is due, and in inculcating the most valuable and enduring lessons of patriotism and good citizenship.

No other region in the United States presents a field of more peculiar interest for such research. Its history reaches back to the beginning days of the Nation. It is exceedingly rich in Indian antiquities, and here the aborigines have left many of their most indelible marks. It was the scene of historic events during the French occupation, and here The Great Washington, as a young man, came to take part in scenes which led to the French expulsion. The immigrant settlers in this region were of the best blood and sinew. They fought valiantly and endured the most dreadful privations in the early days, and later they were a part of the very backbone of the Patriot Army in the Revolution. Later yet, the sons of these worthy sires bore their full share in the maintenance of the Union, shedding their blood upon many a glorious field, including that of Gettysburg, in their own State, destined to form a brilliant page in the history of the Nation to the

end of time. The restoration of peace after the close of the Civil War witnessed a remarkable development, and has made this region one of the most wonderfully valuable in the whole land, its natural resources and the products of its labor entering into every phase of commercial and industrial life.

In the preparation of this work, the publishers have had cordial and intelligent assistance. Grateful acknowledgment is made to John W. Jordan, LL.D., librarian of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania; and also to Francis S. Reader, editor and proprietor of The Beaver Valley News, author of "Life of Moody and Sankey," "History of Fifth West Virginia Cavalry," "Some Pioneers of Washington County, Pennsylvania," "History of New Brighton, Pennsylvania," "History of Beaver County, Pennsylvania," "History of Newspapers of Beaver County, Pennsylvania," "History of Schools of New Brighton, Pennsylvania."

In order to ensure greatest possible accuracy, all matter appearing in this work has been submitted in typewritten manuscript to its subscribers, for revision and correction.

THE PUBLISHERS.

BEAVER COUNTY

Francis Smith Reader, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, is
READER the son of Francis Reader and Eleanor Bentley Smith, and comes of a long line of American ancestors. The earliest known of this family branch is of one Samuel Reader, who married Elizabeth, daughter of William Palmer, of the Ravenshaw estate, near Solihul, in Warwickshire, England. They moved to Houiley, where they had seven children. Of these, William, born November, 1752, married Mary White, of High Cross Rowington, in 1782, and in 1784 they moved to Houiley. They were F. S. Reader's grandparents, and had thirteen children. In 1804, William Reader determined to go to America, and he sold his farming stock by auction at Houiley, March 12-13, 1804. They left Liverpool, June 11, 1804, on the American ship "Washington," and reached Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 15, after a voyage of 65 days, a part of which was very stormy and dangerous. All the family came to America except the eldest son, William. The family remained in the neighborhood of Philadelphia for some weeks, and in the fall bought a wagon and some horses and started for Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, undergoing the hardships incident to the traveling of that day, over the mountains and through the wilderness everywhere, happy in the thought of founding a home of their own among the people of the free and promising new country. At Pittsburgh he made inquiries for land, and selected a farm on the Monongahela river, in Nottingham township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, February 1, 1805, containing 200 acres, for which he paid \$8 an acre. In a letter to his son William, in London, he described its improvements as "a new house which cost \$1,000, a barn, stable, and some other out-buildings, and a whiskey distillery, which proved the ruin of the family that formerly owned it, for they all but two died for the love of it." One of their neighbors was John Holcroft, from Lancashire, England, a prominent figure in the "Whiskey Insurrection" in western Pennsylvania, and was reputed to be the notorious "Tom the Tinker" of that period. Charles Reader, one of the sons of William Reader, painted a portrait of Holcroft which is yet in existence. William Reader had great faith in Mr. Holcroft, and turned to him as the adviser of his family in his property interests, while he made a business trip to his old home in England, and some of their descendants intermarried. William Reader died in 1808, and the

property passed to his widow and children. Francis Reader, eleventh son of William Reader, born September 23, 1798, was the father of Francis S. Reader.

F. S. Reader's ancestors on his mother's side were all early settlers of this country, antedating the Revolution in each case. The Scotts and Agnews were Scotch-Irish, while the Smiths, Wallaces and Hopkinses were pure Scotch. The earliest settler in this country of all the families was Hugh Scott, who settled in Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1670. Rebecca Scott, granddaughter of Hugh, married James Agnew as his second wife. James Agnew was born October, 1711, and settled in what is now Adams county, Pennsylvania, in 1734. He was a descendant of the old Agnew family, whose place was at Straurear, in the southwest part of Scotland, the history of which is given from A. D. 99. James and Rebecca Agnew had a family of nine children, of whom Anne, born October 3, 1753, became the wife of Rev. John Smith, May 12, 1772. Rev. John Smith was born in 1747, near Stirling, Scotland; was graduated at the University of Glasgow, studied theology with Prof. Moncrieff, and is believed to be a descendant of the covenanting martyr, Walter Smith, who suffered death in 1681. He was ordained in 1769 by the Associate Presbytery of Stirling, volunteered to go as a missionary to America, and became a member of the Pequea, Pennsylvania, Presbytery, June 4, 1771. He was installed May 6, 1772, pastor of the Middle Octoraro Church in Lancaster county, remaining there until 1796, when he was installed as pastor of the Chartiers Associate Church, Canonsburg, Washington county, Pennsylvania, remaining until 1802, after which he served for some time in Alexandria, Virginia, and later lived on a farm near Canonsburg, where he died, March 25, 1825. A church historian has said of him: "In mental force, in theological learning and in pulpit power, Mr. Smith had few equals, and perhaps no superiors, among all the ministers with whom he was ecclesiastically associated, and soon after the Union of 1782 he was designated by the Associate Reformed Synod as a suitable person to take oversight and instruction of its theological students." The Union of 1782 was that of the Associate (Seceders) Presbytery, and the Reformed (Covenanters) Presbytery of Pennsylvania, of which he was declared to be "one of the fathers" by the Associate Reformed Synod of America in 1838. Rev. John Smith and wife had nine children, of whom James Agnew Smith, born September 3, 1787, married Martha Wallace, daughter of Colonel William Wallace, September 7, 1809. They were the grandparents, on the mother's side, of Francis S. Reader.

Colonel William Wallace and wife, Elizabeth Hopkins Wallace, whose daughter Martha married James Agnew Smith, had a long line of ancestors in Maryland, who came from Renfrewshire and Ayrshire, Scotland. The first record of the Wallaces in Maryland was of one Matthew Wallace, who was granted a patent in 1694 for a tract of land in Somerset county, called Kirkminster. He had at least three sons, one of whom was attracted

by the Scotch colony called "New Scotland," within the limits of the District of Columbia, and settled there. The first mention of James Wallace in this section was August 8, 1710, and he is believed to be the father of James and William Wallace, who founded "Brothers Industry," a plantation of 1,429 acres, in Prince George county, in 1722. This tract lies back of Cabin John bridge, about two miles from where that famous creek enters the Potomac river. It is one of the traditions and family tenets of these Wallaces that they are descended from Sir Malcolm Wallace, the Knight of Elderslie, father of Sir William Wallace, the great Scotch patriot, through one of his other sons, of whom he had three, and the claim seems to be well founded, thus tracing the ancestry of the family to the early part of the twelfth century, when Richard, son of Galieus of Wales, known as "Richard the Welshman," went into Scotland and founded the family of Wallace, and is the progenitor of all the Wallaces in Scotland and Ireland, and their descendants in America and other lands. His first grant of land was in Ayrshire, while his great-grandson, Sir Malcolm Wallace, was at Elderslie in Renfrewshire. It is from the Elderslie branch that the Wallaces of Virginia and Maryland claim descent.

James Wallace, of "Brothers Industry," married Mary Douglass, of Scotland, and they had five children. Their daughter Eleanor married John Hopkins, a Scotchman of the same county. They had eleven children, some of whom moved to Washington county, Pennsylvania, and became very prominent. Elizabeth, a daughter of John Hopkins, married William Wallace, son of William Wallace, brother of James Wallace. Thus it appears that William Wallace married the daughter of his cousin, Eleanor Wallace Hopkins. William Wallace and Elizabeth Hopkins were married in Montgomery county, Maryland, July 11, 1779, and soon after their marriage moved to what is now Somerset township, Washington county, Pennsylvania. They built a stone house about two miles from Bentlysville, in 1779 and 1780, which is yet standing, where their family of six children were born. Their youngest daughter, Martha, born September 5, 1788, married James Agnew Smith. Colonel Wallace owned several tracts of land in Somerset and Bethlehem townships, one called "Wallace's Industry," and another "Wallace's Bargain," over 1,700 acres in all. He also had a grist mill, was a planter and stock grower, and owned at one time four slaves, but never was a distiller. William Wallace was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, serving in Captain Richard Smith's company of militia, for the service of the "Flying Camp," in Maryland, in the campaigns of General Washington in 1776-77, and perhaps later; and in the "Rangers of the Frontier" after moving to Washington county, Pennsylvania. After the Revolution he was a prominent figure in the militia of the state. In 1782 he was a private, in 1784 an ensign, and became colonel of militia in 1791 or 1792. His title of colonel was derived from this office in the militia, as he held no office in the Revolutionary army so far as is known. Colonel Wallace was prominent as a politician as well as a soldier. June 30, 1788,

he was appointed Associate Judge in Washington county, by the Supreme Executive Council of the State, for the term of seven years; was elected fourth sheriff of the county, November 9, 1790, for three years; and was elected as a representative to the House of Representatives of the State, October 2, 1794, serving three terms. In the "Whiskey Insurrection" he was at a meeting held in Pittsburgh, August 27, 1792, and was appointed chairman of the committee on correspondence, but so far as the records show, took no offensive part in the movement. He was a stipend payer in Rev. John McMillan's Pigeon Creek Presbyterian Church, and was a man of great influence in his day. The coat-of-arms of the Elderslie line of Wallaces is as follows, and it is practically the same as that adopted by the Wallaces of Virginia: "Az. a lion rampant arg. within a bordure, counter compony arg. and az.—crest, an ostrich holding in his beak a horseshoe ppr."

Francis Reader, son of William and Mary Reader, married (first) December 25, 1832, Catherine James, daughter of William James, a Revolutionary soldier. They had two children, Samuel James Reader and Eliza Matilda Reader. The mother died May 19, 1836, and the children were left in care of her sister, Eliza James. Mr. James and his daughter and two children moved to Wellsburg, Virginia, in 1839, thence to La Harpe, Illinois, in 1841, and in May, 1855, removed to Indianola, Kansas, where they selected land. Eliza M. Reader, born December 15, 1833, was married to Dr. M. A. Campdoras, a French surgeon, February 22, 1858, and had the following children: Leon S., J. Katherine, Frank Reader, Virginia J., Grace R., Velleda M., and Irene M. He served in the Civil war as assistant surgeon of the Second Regiment, Indian Home Guards, and was wounded at the battle of Cane Hill, November 28, 1862. Samuel J. Reader, born January 25, 1836, married, December 17, 1867, Elizabeth E. Smith, of La Harpe, Illinois, and had three children—Ruth and Frederick A., deceased, and Elizabeth, born October 9, 1871. He was a private in Company G, Second Regiment, "Kansas Free State Army," during the "Border Ruffian War" in 1856, being with "Old John Brown" a short time. He participated in the battle of Hickory Point, Kansas, September 13, 1856, and the next day returned home. In the civil war he was second lieutenant of Company D, Second Regiment Kansas State Militia, and later quartermaster of the regiment. October 22, 1864, he was in the battle of Big Blue River, was captured, and escaped October 25. He retired from service October 30, 1864. Francis Reader married (second) January 10, 1842, Eleanor Bentley Smith, whose ancestors are briefly noticed in preceding pages. They settled in Greenfield, now Coal Center, Washington county, Pennsylvania, where they had three children—Francis Smith, born November 17, 1842; Martha W., born October 22, 1844, and Eleanor M., born October 5, 1846. The mother died of typhoid fever February 8, 1847. She was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. After the death of the mother, the children lived with their grandparents, James A. Smith and wife, and the father, with his sisters, Harriet and Martha

Reader, lived on adjoining farms in Union township until his marriage with Mrs. William Duvall Jackman, January 8, 1849, when the family was reunited. The new mother was a noble woman and a true mother, but was called by death December 8, 1854.

Francis Reader was reared on his father's farm, and, in addition to the work of farming, he learned the trade of carpenter and millwright. Being of a studious turn of mind, and especially fond of mathematics, he applied himself to study and learned civil engineering. All his studying was done after the day's work, mastering the few books he could get possession of. After settling in Greenfield he followed his trade as carpenter for about twenty years. June 11, 1844, he was elected justice of the peace, an office he held for thirty-two years. When not employed at his trade he gave his time to surveying and the duties of justice, which included conveyancing in its different forms. He surveyed nearly all the coal mines in the neighborhood, many of the farms, and laid out the town of Newell, across the river from Greenfield, and his work was regarded as so correct that what he did was accepted as final and binding. On October 28, 1862, he was elected deputy surveyor general, now county surveyor, of Washington county, though it was politically opposed to him, and served three years. In mental ability, strength of character, honesty of purpose, uprightness of life and fairness to others, he was without a superior in the neighborhood, and he was freely consulted by his neighbors on all subjects, and had their full confidence. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and a prominent Mason. During the Civil war both of his sons and two of his sons-in-law served in the Union army. His daughter, Martha W. Reader, was married December 25, 1867, to William F. Morgan, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, who was born April 12, 1843, and was a member of prominent families of the Monongahela valley, a descendant of Colonel Edward Cook, one of the most prominent men in Western Pennsylvania during the Revolutionary period. Mr. Morgan served in the Civil war in the Sixty-second Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers until March 25, 1863, and re-enlisted August 9, 1863, in a Pennsylvania battery of light artillery, and served until the close of the war. He was an elder of the Presbyterian church, and a worker in the church and Sunday school. His wife was also a member. Both are deceased. They had the following children: Harry Reader, born January 11, 1869; Frank E., born March 28, 1871; Pearl A., born August 9, 1874; Katherine E., born May 18, 1879; Mary Eleanor, born April 29, 1885, and Grace H., born May 31, 1887, deceased. His other daughter, Eleanor M., was united in marriage with Rev. Oliver Gans Hertzog, October 28, 1869, who was born April 9, 1844, in Fayette county, Pennsylvania. His ancestors on his father's side came from Holland to Maryland before the Revolution. On his mother's side he traces his ancestry to George Baltzer Gans, who came from Germany to Philadelphia in 1719. Mr. Hertzog began teaching at twenty years of age, and was educated at the State Normal School, California, Pennsylvania, and Be-

thany College, West Virginia. He was baptized into the Baptist church at sixteen years of age, united with the Disciples of Christ at twenty-one, and entered upon the work of the ministry at twenty-five. He has served and built churches in many places in New York and Canada, and September 1, 1891, became financial secretary of Hiram College, Ohio, and resigned to work with the missionary board of the church, and later retired. Their children—Frances, born April 1, 1871; Fred Reader, born October 17, 1872; Oliver Russell, born June 4, 1884, and Eleanor May and Carl Willard—died in infancy.

Francis S. Reader received his schooling in the public schools, and a short course in Mount Union College, Ohio, and a commercial course in Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. His summers were generally spent with relatives in the country, and he worked some time with his father at the carpenter trade. At the breaking out of the Civil war he was clerk in a store and assistant postmaster of his native town. Preceding the war he was an interested listener to the arguments for and against slavery, and his sympathies were enlisted on the side of the Abolitionists. The feeling was intense, but he kept his counsel, determined to stand by his country.

When Fort Sumter was fired upon, he joined with his neighbors in forming a military company, which was organized April 27, 1861, but was not accepted by the state on account of the quota being filled. Governor Pierpont, of reorganized Virginia, asked this company to serve in his state, and the invitation was accepted, the company being mustered into the United States service July 10, 1861, at Wheeling, Virginia. Later it was sent to Beverly, Virginia, where it was designated as Company I, Second Virginia Infantry. The regiment retained this name until June, 1863, when it was mounted, and then named mounted infantry, and later the Fifth West Virginia Cavalry. As infantry the regiment served under General John C. Fremont in the Shenandoah Valley campaign against "Stonewall" Jackson, and under General John Pope in his campaign in Virginia, and other campaigns in Western Virginia. As cavalry it served under General William Averell in his famous campaigns in Western Virginia. In July, 1863, Francis S. Reader was detailed by special order to General Averell's headquarters, and in the spring of 1864 to General Franz Sigel's headquarters in the Shenandoah valley, and on the retirement of General Sigel was transferred to General David Hunter's headquarters, and was connected with the Assistant Provost Marshal's department. He was captured in General Hunter's famous expedition to Lynchburg, Virginia, in June, 1864. His term of service having about expired he, with others, was ordered to form the advance guard for a command in charge of a wagon train returning to the Kanawha Valley. He and other comrades were cut off and captured June 20, 1864, near White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, and taken to Lynchburg, Virginia, where they were imprisoned in a tobacco warehouse. From here they were taken

on a train bound for Andersonville prison, and on July 19 he and three comrades jumped from the train, about twenty miles south of Burkesville Junction, Virginia, and after ten days and nights of suffering and hunger, walking in the night and hiding during the day, reached General Meade's headquarters at Petersburg, Virginia, July 30, 1864, having passed through the right wing of General Robert E. Lee's grand Confederate army. Broken in health, he was sent home and was discharged August 8, 1864.

He rested at home and took part in the political campaign, casting his first vote for Abraham Lincoln in November. He taught school that winter, and in the spring took a course in bookkeeping in Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. In July, 1865, he was offered a clerkship in the civil service, under Hon. David Sankey, Collector of Internal Revenue, New Castle, Pennsylvania, and entered upon his duties July 22, being associated intimately for over a year with Ira D. Sankey, the famous singing evangelist. With the exception of one year, he was in this work for about ten years continuously. He was converted December 16, 1865, at a series of meetings in the Methodist Episcopal Church. October 22, 1866, he left New Castle and entered the office of Archibald Robertson, at Brighton, now Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, successor of Mr. Sankey, and remained until August, 1867, when he resigned to attend Mount Union College, Ohio, spending two terms at that school.

On the evening of December 24, 1867, he was united in marriage with Miss Merran F. Darling, daughter of Joseph Q. and Rebecca Cobb Darling, of New Brighton. Joseph Darling came of an old New England family, being born in Orford, New Hampshire, in 1806, son of Josiah and Mary Quint Darling. The Darlings seem to have had their origin in that state at Sanbornton, and were living there long before the Revolution. The Quints were among the early settlers of New Hampshire, one John Quint being a scout against the French in 1712, and a number of the family were in the Revolutionary army. Rebecca Cobb came also of old New England families. The Cobbs settled in Massachusetts, where her great-grandfather, Isaac Cobb, was born in 1760. They were seamen, and after their removal to Chautauqua county, New York, Isaac Cobb was captain of a boat on the lakes—the "Henry Clay." On her mother's side, the Bucklens were also an old New England family, moving to Chautauqua county, New York, in June, 1817, and settled Bucklens Corners, now known as Gerry. Joseph Q. Darling and Miss Rebecca Cobb were married in Chautauqua county, New York, their daughter Merran being born there September 28, 1846, after which they removed to New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

Francis S. and Merran D. Reader have two sons—Frank Eugene Reader and Willard Stanton Reader.

Frank Eugene Reader was born December 15, 1868. He attended the public schools at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and Geneva College, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and in October, 1885, entered Johns Hopkins University,

Baltimore, Maryland, where he pursued the undergraduate course, and was graduated June, 1888, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, taking second honors in a large class. He registered in the law office of Major A. M. Brown and John S. Lambie, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1889, and was admitted to practice in the Allegheny county courts September, 1891, and the Beaver county, Pennsylvania, courts, in October, 1891. Later he was admitted to the superior and supreme courts of Pennsylvania. He became a member of the law firm of Moore, Moore & Reader in 1892, and was elected solicitor of the Beaver County Building and Loan Association the same year. In April, 1897, he retired from the firm and opened an office in his own name in New Brighton. He became a member of the firm of Hice, Morrison, Reader & May, January 1, 1898. He is a member of the Historical Society of Beaver County, Pennsylvania, and of the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the American Revolution. He was united in marriage with Jennie B. Nesbit, June 3, 1896, and they have three daughters—Dorothy Nesbit Reader, born May, 1897; Merran Ethel Reader, born February 17, 1900, and Martha Moore Reader, born May 20, 1903. They and the two older girls are members of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Reader is the daughter of Samuel H. Nesbit, D.D., and Lida J. Moore. Dr. Nesbit was of Scotch-Irish descent, his parents coming to this country from the North of Ireland when young, and were married in 1811. He was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, September 30, 1821, and was converted in 1842, and entered Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, in 1845, to prepare for the ministry. He was licensed as a local preacher November 3, 1843, and received on trial in the Pittsburgh Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, in 1847. He was principal of Wellsburg, Virginia, Seminary, 1853-5; president of Richmond College, 1857-8; editor of the "Pittsburgh Christian Advocate," 1860-1872; presiding elder two terms, and afterward served as pastor of the churches at Monongahela, Butler and New Brighton, Pennsylvania, dying at the latter place while pastor, April 5, 1891.

Willard Stanton Reader was born September 28, 1871. He attended public school and Geneva College for a short time. He entered the office of the "Beaver Valley News," owned by his father, as an apprentice in 1886, assumed the duties of reporter in 1888, and was admitted to partnership September 28, 1892, and since then has been the city editor of the paper. He wrote for Pittsburgh papers, was secretary of the Board of Health, and burgess of New Brighton one term. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the American Revolution. He was united in marriage with Miss Lily D. Robinson, March 1, 1897; they have three sons: Willard Donald, born December 20, 1897; Robert Wallace, born December 13, 1901; and Eugene Francis, born November 3, 1906. Mrs. Reader is the daughter of Thomas Robinson and Mary J. Lynch. Mr. Robinson served his country as a soldier in the civil war. His ancestors

settled early in the eastern part of Pennsylvania, where he was born. His mother was an Edwards, a family of strong and noble character in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Robinson was of Scotch-Irish descent, her ancestors coming from the North of Ireland to this country in 1780. Mr. and Mrs. Reader and the two older boys are members of the Presbyterian church.

In March, 1868, Francis S. Reader received an appointment to preach in the North Missouri Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, but was compelled to abandon it before the year was up, on account of failure of voice, and returned to New Brighton, Pennsylvania. He held the office of local preacher for a number of years, was an official member thirty-five years and Sunday school superintendent twenty-seven years. In October, 1904, he transferred his membership to the First Presbyterian Church, New Brighton, Pennsylvania, of which his wife is also a member, and was elected a ruling elder September 20, 1905. He resumed work in the revenue office, and when Charles M. Merrick was appointed by President Grant as Collector of Internal Revenue in May, 1869, he was appointed chief deputy collector, and remained as such until January 1, 1877, when the office was abolished. He was secretary of Building and Loan Associations for nearly ten years; the first secretary of the first gas company in his county; member of council and school board, and active in all work for the welfare of the community. He was an active Republican, and was frequently suggested as a candidate for Congress and the State Senate, but declined to be a candidate for any office, except for a second term in council. He was elected a member of the Republican County Committee in 1869, and served several years being secretary of the committee most of the time. Always an earnest advocate of fair play and decency and honor in politics, his service at times was very stormy. In 1878 fraud was charged in the primary elections of the party, resulting in a great upheaval and defeat of part of the ticket. Following this he was appointed chairman of a committee on new rules of the party, and in reporting them recommended that a committee be appointed to take the necessary steps to secure a law to govern primary elections. He was appointed to do this work, and prepared a special bill for that purpose, to govern the Republican primaries of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He advertised it and paid personally all the expenses connected with it. The bill was presented to the Legislature in January, 1879, and after much hard work it passed both bodies of the Legislature, and was signed by the governor, May 22, 1879, the first law in the United States to govern primary elections. It was enacted into a general law in the session of 1881.

His first efforts in journalism were reporting political meetings in 1872 for Pittsburgh papers, later in a Pittsburgh paper a series of twenty-five articles on the history of the Beaver Valley, and a history of the Harmony Society. In May, 1874, he and Major David Critchlow started the "Beaver

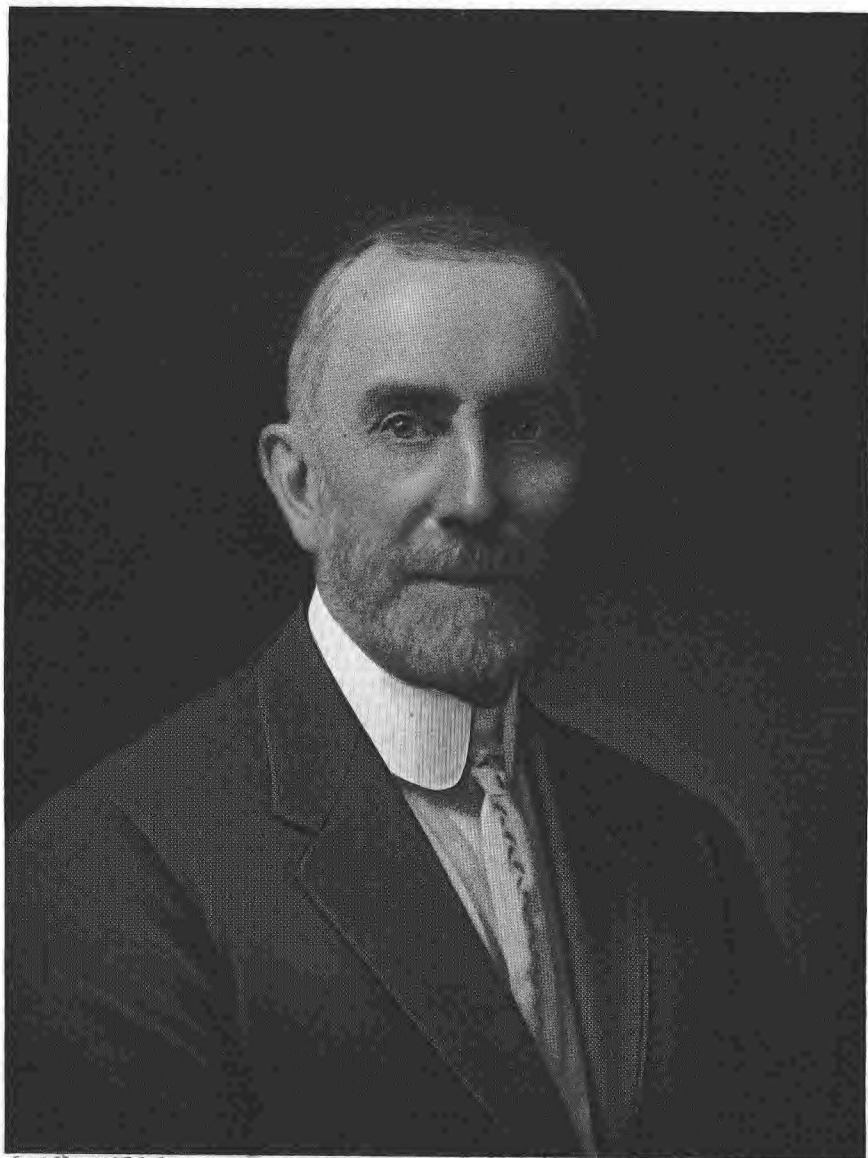
Valley News," the first issue appearing May 22, Mr. Reader being the editor. He purchased Major Critchlow's interest January 1, 1877, and February 5, 1883, started a daily issue. The paper always advocated whatever would help his town and community, and was foremost in all movements of that kind. It has always been for purity in politics, and opposed the improper use of money in primaries and elections. It favored the cause of temperance, and refused always the use of its columns to liquor and similar advertisements, taking a stand for purity in the reading columns. It advocated a square deal for all, and never wilfully did anyone a wrong. In addition to his newspaper work, he wrote the "Life of Moody and Sankey" in 1876; "History of the Fifth West Virginia Cavalry," his own regiment, in 1890; "History of New Brighton, Pennsylvania," in 1899; "Some Pioneers of Washington County, Pennsylvania," a family history, in 1902; "History of the Newspapers of Beaver County, Pennsylvania," in 1905, and in 1910 the "History of the Schools of New Brighton, Pennsylvania." In addition to these, he wrote many articles on the Civil war and local history.

He is a member of the National Geographic Society, the Grand Army of the Republic, and the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the American Revolution.

The Rev. Joseph Henderson Bausman, D.D., is a native
BAUSMAN of Pennsylvania, born in Washington, December 26, 1854,
son of John and Sarah S. Bausman. His father was a
journalist; at one time editor of the Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, "Patriot,"
and for many years editor and publisher of the Washington, Pennsylvania,
"Reporter."

Dr. Bausman began his education in the common schools of his native place, and received his collegiate training in Washington and Jefferson College, from which he was graduated in 1880 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in 1883 he received the Master's degree from the same institution. In the same year he was graduated from the Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and became pastor of the churches of Homer City and Bethel, Presbytery of Kittaning. In 1887 he was called to the pastorate of the churches of Rochester and Freedom, Presbytery of Allegheny. In the following year he resigned from the Freedom Church, but continued to serve the church at Rochester until the spring of 1892. From 1892 he has been pastor of the First Congregational Church of Rochester, Pennsylvania. In 1905 he received from Washington and Jefferson College the degree of Doctor of Divinity, and in 1906 he was elected by the board of trustees of that college as the Wallace Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory, and now holds that chair.

Dr. Bausman is the author of a very complete and comprehensive "History of Beaver County, Pennsylvania," two volumes, published by The



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Very truly yours,

J. H. Bausman

Knickerbocker Press (G. P. Putnam's Sons) in 1904, and of the "History of the Class of 1880, Washington and Jefferson College," published by the same press in 1905. He is a member of the Bassett Club, Washington, Pennsylvania; the Query Club, Pittsburgh; the American Historical Association, Historical Society of Pennsylvania and Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania.

He married, at Rochester, Pennsylvania, February 23, 1909, Hettie Buchanan Moulds, of that place, born in Steubenville, Ohio.

The spelling of this name is still a much-mooted question PLUMMER among different branches of the family, and while some prefer the form without the doubled consonant, all of the line herein recorded write the name Plummer, with the exception of James (2).

(I) This record of the Pennsylvania family begins with the arrival of James Plummer in Butler county, in 1808. In 1816 he made his home on a farm near Mars, in that county, and here resided until his death in 1827. with his wife he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and he is buried in the grave-yard of a church of that denomination in Middlesex. His life was exemplary in all respects, and he was one of the spiritual advisors of the church, holding the position of elder in its organization. His wife's maiden surname was Steele. They were the parents of: 1. Jonathan, a merchant of Salem, Ohio, where he died. 2. William, a farmer, died in Tarentum, Pennsylvania. 3. James, of whom further. 4. Betsey, married James Stewart, and died in Butler county, Pennsylvania. 5. Anna, married Abram Day, and died near Moline, Illinois. 6. Jane, married John Welsh, and died in Zelienople, Butler county, Pennsylvania. 7. Thomas, a plasterer, in the winter season taught school. 8. A daughter, died in girlhood.

(II) James (2) Plumer, third child and son of James (1) Plummer, was born at the "Forks of the Yough," Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1808, died in Butler county, in that state, July 30, 1886. In childhood he was brought to Butler county, and there grew to manhood. After his marriage he resided in that county until 1856, when he moved to a farm near Bakerstown, Pennsylvania, where he lived for twelve years, at the expiration of that time going to Beaver county and settling on a farm in Ohio township. After a short stay in that part of the state he returned to Butler county, making his home near that of his wife's parents. Both were members of the United Presbyterian Church, having at one time allied with the Covenanter sect.

He married Elizabeth Criswell, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1813, died there in 1878, while visiting her relatives. She was a daughter of William and Margaret (Criswell) Criswell, the former a native of Ireland, the latter born in Maryland. William Criswell came to Pennsylvania in early manhood, settling in Butler county, where he died.

The tale of his marriage is interesting, although for that day not unusual. As the day of his marriage approached he mounted his horse, rode south-eastward to Maryland, wed his betrothed, and with her returned to Butler county in the same manner. It was a strange wedding journey from the point of view of the twentieth century, but more elaborate and more pretentious ones were rare. He was a farmer all his life, always remaining in Butler county. William Criswell was the father of : 1. Robert, a teamster, died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 2. James, died on the homestead in Butler county. 3. Mary, married William Hutchman, and died on the former Plummer homestead. 4. Martha, married James Kidd, and died in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. 5. Nancy, died unmarried. 6. Elizabeth, of previous mention, married James Plumer. 7. Margaret, married Robert McKinney, and died in Butler county. 8. Jane, married Samuel Purvis, and at the time of her death was residing in Kansas. 9. A daughter, died young. 10. Susan, married Samuel Kidd, and died in Missouri. Children of James and Elizabeth (Criswell) Plumer: 1. Margaret Ann, married Jacob Hutchman, deceased, and lives in Butler county, Pennsylvania. 2. Nancy Jane, married William Hutchman, deceased, and lives in Ohio. 3. Mary, married James Gilmore, their home being near Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania. 4. Martha, married Hugh Anderson, and lives in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. 5. Susan, died in 1865, aged sixteen years. 6. William, died in his youth. 7. James C., of whom further. 8. Thomas, a plasterer, resides in Los Angeles, California. 9. John Calvin, a plasterer, lives in Puyallup, Washington.

(III) James C. Plummer, seventh child and second son of James (2), and Elizabeth (Criswell) Plumer, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1837. He was reared on his father's farm, attending as a boy the public schools. When the civil war broke out he enlisted in Company B, Sixty-first Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, being mustered into service on August 1, 1861. Among the battles in which his regiment engaged and at which he was present were Fair Oaks, Malvern Hill, Manassas, Chantilla, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Mary's Heights, Salem Heights, Gettysburg (the last two days), Wilderness and Spottsylvania Court House. In the last named conflict he was severely wounded in the left hand, and from May 12, 1864, until he received his honorable discharge he was detailed in the hospital. His military record, although he never rose from the rank and file, is one that will brook naught but the most honorable mention. He held the respect of a veteran for a superior officer, and in the three years of his service was never known to question a command from one higher in rank or to hesitate in its execution, however great the personal risk entailed. To his seemingly reckless disregard of his safety may be attributed the fact that for so long a time he escaped injury of any kind, his being an instance in which "fortune favored the brave." When peace once more rested upon the land he returned to his father's home and until 1872 was his assistant upon the farm, in that year purchasing in-

terests in several oil wells near Smiths Ferry and continuing in the oil business, with profitable results, for ten years. He then yielded to the call of the soil that is said to exist in the heart of everyone who has lived on a farm or in the country for a sufficient length of time to become thoroughly in tune with his surroundings, and for two and a half years farmed on land near Negley, Ohio. In the spring of 1885 he came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and has there ever since made his residence, being engaged in the years from 1890 to 1908 in the oil business, for thirteen years of that time independently. With the experience gained in his former ventures in this field he was well fitted for its continuance, and was again rewarded with favorable and lucrative results. For the past five years he has lived retired, a respite from the cares of business fairly earned. Mr. Plummer is a Republican in politics, a party he has supported for many years, and in religious faith affiliates with the United Presbyterian Church. He holds membership in the Grand Army of the Republic and the Union Veterans Legion.

He married, March 19, 1872, Margaret Emmaline Richardson, a native of Ohio, but at the time of her marriage a resident of Ohio township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Enoch and Mary (Burt) Richardson, who died September 29, 1887. Children of James C. and Margaret Emmaline (Richardson) Plummer: 1. Mary Elizabeth, lives at home. 2. Hiram Burt, married Josephine McFarland, and lives in Beaver Falls, where he is the manager of a transfer company. 3. Harry Raymond, a physician, lives at his father's home. 4. Lyda Florence, a school teacher at Aliquippa, Pennsylvania. 5. Effa, died in infancy.

The branch of the Thompson family under review here
THOMPSON came to this country from Ireland, to which country they had undoubtedly come from England in earlier generations.

(I) Joseph Thompson, born in county Down, Ireland, spent his entire life there, and was a Wesleyan Methodist preacher. He married and had children as follows: Christian; Jacob, of further mention; John, deceased.

(II) Jacob Thompson, son of Joseph Thompson, was born in county Down, Ireland, where he was a baker by trade. About 1872 he emigrated to America with his wife and children, and settled at Boston, Massachusetts. He lived the remainder of his life in that city. His wife was obliged to return to her native land with the children, as the climate in this country did not agree with her, and died there. Her name was Mary Margaret Reilly, and they had children: Joseph Henry, of further mention; Albert, was killed in Pittsburgh in 1913; Robert, an electrician, lives in Pittsburgh. Mrs. Thompson was the daughter of Henry and Margaret Reilly, who lived and died in county Down, Ireland, where he was a farmer and land owner, and whose other children were: William, Robert, James, Susanna, Mary, Margaret and Minnie, of whom James and Susanna are the only ones now living.

(III) Joseph Henry Thompson, son of Jacob and Mary Margaret (Reilly) Thompson, was born in county Down, Ireland, September 26, 1871. His education was commenced in the schools of his native land, and was continued in Pittsburgh, where he attended Duff's Business College. He then became a student at Geneva College, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1904, and he was graduated from the University of Pittsburgh in the class of 1905. In 1906 and 1907 he was a student in the law department of the same university, and then came to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he read law for two years in the office of J. Rankin Martin, and was admitted to the bar, January 17, 1909. He has been in general practice since that time, and has been most successful in his legal career as well as a legislator. Mr. Thompson has been an indefatigable worker in the interests of the Republican party, and his efforts were recognized by his election as a state senator, November 5, 1912. His legal ability has been acknowledged by his appointment on the following committees: Appropriations, corporations, judiciary general, judiciary special, mines and mining, public health and sanitation, roads and highways, and he has served as chairman of the committee on military affairs. He was sponsor for the anti-cigarette bill, which was put through mainly by his efforts, and he was sponsor for the bill for the conservation of waters and the Pymatuning Swamp. He and his wife are members of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and his fraternal affiliations are as follows: Beaver Valley Lodge, No. 478, Free and Accepted Masons; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of Mystic Shrine; Pittsburgh Consistory, Thirty-second degree; Newcastle Lodge of Perfection; Beaver Falls Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Loyal Order of Moose, No. 112; Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Thompson married, September 26, 1908, Violette Edith Smeigh, born in San Francisco, California, November 7, 1885, where the greater part of her life has been spent, daughter of Charles E. and Violet Stone (Murray) Smeigh, both deceased. They have one child, Joseph S., born August 3, 1909.

The Scotch-Irish who settled in Pennsylvania and other parts
BURNS of the United States, though a plain people, making no claims to anything but honesty, industrious habits, and morality, possessed sterling qualities and native ability. The Burns family of this review, in whose veins still courses a strong current of Scotch blood, is representative of the race as it exists today.

(I) James Burns, who was born in Londonberry, Ireland, about 1802, emigrated to the shores of America and settled in the Allegheny mountains. He removed to the vicinity of Pittsburgh, where his death later occurred.



A. L. Dennis, M.D.

(II) Samuel Burns, son of James Burns, was born near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and was there trained to become a farmer. In young manhood he removed to Beaver county, where he settled in Brush Creek Valley, in New Sewickley township, and there purchased a farm. From time to time he purchased additional land, until he owned between two and three hundred acres. He was a Democrat in politics, and of a quiet and retired disposition. He married Ruth Shanor; children: David; Coston, of further mention; James; Mary, and one child which died in infancy.

(III) Coston Burns, son of Samuel and Ruth (Shanor) Burns, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He also was a farmer, and after his marriage lived for eight years in New Sewickley township. He then removed to Lawrence county, where he bought a farm of one hundred and twenty-five acres in Wayne township, and later sold this property, but still resides in Wayne township. He married (first) Sophia Bonzo, also born in Beaver county, whose ancestral line will be found forward; he married (second) Abbie Smiley. Mr. Burns and his wife are members of the Methodist Protestant Church, and he is a Republican in politics. Children: Clara, deceased; Charles; Emmet Samuel, of further mention; Lila; George; Edith; Margaret, deceased; Flora, deceased; Clyde; Henrietta; Bertha.

(IV) Dr. Emmet Samuel Burns, son of Coston and Sophia (Bonzo) Burns, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 19, 1868. His early education was acquired in the public schools and in New Sewickley Academy, and he then matriculated at the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1891 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He established himself in the practice of his profession in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, and his skill and proficiency soon enabled him to acquire a large and lucrative practice. He is engaged in general practice and surgery, and has won the esteem and confidence of his professional colleagues as well as that of his numerous patients. In former years he filled the office of county physician for six years, but the increasing demands of his private practice obliged him to resign from this position. Politically he is a Republican, and he is a member of the Beaver County Medical Society. Dr. Burns is a member of the Presbyterian Church and also holds membership in Beaver Falls Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Dr. Burns married, in 1896, Margaret J., born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of David and Sarah J. Gilliland. They have no children.

(The Bonzo Line.)

This is the name of an ancient and honorable family of France, and it was originally spelled Bonzon, the spelling having been changed in America. Pierre (Peter) Simeon Bonzon, as the name appears on the baptismal record, took part in the activities of the time in which he lived. According to some records we know that the family also resided in Helvetia, but whether this was just for a time, or whether only a branch of the

family resided there, is not a matter which can be decided with any degree of certainty.

(I) Peter Louis Bonzon, born in Paris, France, was a soldier of the time of the French Revolution, and served in the company of De Watterville. His discharge paper, dated April 30, 1796, is still in the possession of his grandson, George Bonzo, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. In 1803, according to the date on his passport, which Mr. Bonzo also possesses, he set sail for America with his wife, a son and two daughters, arriving in this country after ninety days en route. He settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, at Bessemer Furnace, and there found employment. After some years he purchased a farm in New Sewickley township, which he cleared and improved. He built a comfortable log house, and had been living there some years when he was killed by a falling tree. His widow and their sons continued to live there for some further years, then the sons sold this farm and purchased farms of their own. Mr. and Mrs. Bonzo were members of the Lutheran Church. They had children: Jean Gabriel, born 1798, was a farmer, and died in Scioto county, Ohio; Louise Pierrette, born 1800; Jeanne Henriette, born 1802; Peter Louis, the first child of this family to be born in America, was a farmer and died in Beaver county; Charles, of further mention; George, a farmer, died in Beaver county; Elizabeth, married Jacob Deamer, and died in Scioto county, Ohio.

(II) Charles Bonzo, son of Peter Louis Bonzon, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He settled in New Sewickley township, becoming a prosperous farmer and extensive land owner, his farm consisting of between one thousand and one thousand two hundred acres, a considerable portion of which was in a high state of cultivation for that time. They lived quiet and retired lives, and had children: Henry, deceased; John; Charles; Harrison; George; a son who died in 1869; Sophia, married Coston Burns (see Burns III); Lizzie, deceased; Charlotte, deceased.

Of Scotch origin, the McCarter family was first settled in the middle west after its arrival in this country, James McCARTER, the emigrant, going thither immediately after coming from Scotland. He was accompanied upon his transatlantic trip by two brothers, all purchasing land in Columbiana county, Ohio, where they reared families and died. Among the children of James was Daniel, of whom further.

(II) Daniel McCarter, son of James McCarter, was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, and there died. He inherited part of the paternal acres and all of his life was a farmer, an occupation he bequeathed to his son John. He married and had children, his death occurring about 1862. Children: 1. Ann, married David Moore, both deceased. 2. Elizabeth, married John Young and lived in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary, married Alexander Anderson, of Darlington, Pennsylvania. 4. Alexander, a farmer, died aged fifty years. 5. Jefferson, a

veteran of the Civil war, died a victim of a malignant disease soon after the close of that struggle. 6. William, died aged eighteen years. 7. George, a stage-coach driver in the west, was killed in Nevada when the coach he was driving was attacked by plundering Indians. 8. Daniel, deceased, a gold prospector, lived at Bullionville, Nevada, from which point he set forth in his search for the precious metal. 9. John, of whom further.

(III) John McCarter, son of Daniel McCarter, was born in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1821, died in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 18, 1873. His early life was passed in the township of his birth, where as a boy he attended school. Attaining his majority he chose farming as his life occupation and became the possessor of ninety-seven acres of land in Chippewa township, which he cultivated profitably until his death, the property being the old Warren farm. After his death his widow bought a nearby farm and there lived until her death in 1895. He was a Democrat in political belief, having been elected to numerous township offices, and was, as was his wife, a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He was twice married, the maiden name of his first wife being Johnson, of which union there were no children. He married (second) Emeline Douthitt, born on the old farm on the Enon road, Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1831, died in Chippewa township, same county, in 1895, daughter of Joseph and Jane (McMinn) Douthitt. Joseph Douthitt was a son of a Scotchman who was sent from his native land to Ireland as punishment for breaking some of the game laws of the former country, and while in Ireland became intricately in some serious legal trouble that necessitated his fleeing the country. He sought and found refuge upon a ship on the point of sailing from port for the United States, thus escaping his pursuers. Arrived in this land, he came at once to Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, from there to Great Meadows, Pennsylvania, and bought a farm of which the original owner was John Allison. He married a daughter of Jacob Lutzenhouser, who had bought the Scott farm in Darlington township, where he died. Of this marriage there were eight sons and eight daughters, one of the sons being Joseph, of whom further. Joseph Douthitt, born in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, about 1812, grew to manhood and was educated in that locality, in later life moving to Darlington township, where he was proprietor of an inn one and a half miles north of the village of Darlington, also owning a farm of many acres, where he died in 1884. His wife, born at Anderson's Mill, was a daughter of her to whom was attributed the distinction of being the first white woman to cross the Ohio river. Children of Joseph and Jane (McMinn) Douthitt: Emeline, married John McCarter; Caroline, married Charles P. Walker, of Rolla, Missouri; Maria, married Frederick Beck, of Cleveland, Ohio; Henry, married a Miss Kane, and died on the old Douthitt homestead in Darlington township; Eliza J., married Robert Barnes, of Bethel, Tennessee; Joseph, died in infancy. Children of John and Emeline (Douthitt) Mc-

Carter: 1. Joseph Douthitt, of whom further. 2. An infant, died soon after birth. 3. Mary Jane, married Robert McCaughtry, and lives in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 4. John Edward, a farmer of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. 5. Robert Winfield, a physician of Pittsburgh, North Side. 6. George Curtis, died in 1896, aged thirty years, in Boulder, Colorado. 7. William Wyckliffe, lives in Boulder, Colorado, where he is connected with the Colorado State University. 8. Franklin Seymour, an employee of the Standard Oil Company, lives unmarried in Oklahoma. 9. Charles Henry, died in 1888, aged twenty-two years; a school teacher by profession. 10. Clement Byron, of whom further. 11. Laura Emma, died in 1888, aged eighteen years. 12. Olive Luella, married William G. Beatty, and lives near Homewood, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Dr. Joseph Douthitt McCarter, eldest son and child of John and Emeline (Douthitt) McCarter, was born in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 16, 1856. He there attended the district schools, later entering Darlington Academy, at that time under the supervision of the Rev. Alexander. Finishing his studies, he was for seven years a school teacher, later deciding upon the medical profession as his life endeavor, preparing for such a career at Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, receiving his degree in the class of 1883. On June 28 of that year he established in active practice, and has since followed his profession without intermission, gaining steadily in reputation, growing stronger in influence, and increasing in usefulness with the passing of the years. His services were sought as examining physician on the pension board, which position he held for five years. Dr. McCarter is a Democrat of the most ardent nature, and was chairman of the committee appointed by the Democratic convention of the state to confer with a committee of the Independent Republicans in regard to a union of forces in support of a single candidate, namely, Judge Holt. He is a citizen who in no way shirks his share of responsibility, is induced to large service by his public spirit, and has the wide diversity of interests that makes a man broad in convictions and of value to his community.

He married, October 28, 1885, Ann T. Chomdley, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, daughter of Henry and Sarah Chomdley, her parents both born in England, her father later becoming a plumber in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. Children of Joseph Douthitt and Ann T. (Chomdley) McCarter: 1. Lucy born September 11, 1886, a teacher in the schools of College Hill, Pennsylvania. 2. Sarah, born in 1887. 3. Joseph, born in 1889. 4. Harry Chomdley, born in 1891, an athlete of reputation.

(IV) Clement Byron McCarter, youngest son of John and Emeline (Douthitt) McCarter, was born in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 18, 1867. After preliminary studies in the common schools of the township, he entered Greensburg Academy at Darlington. After leaving the latter institution he passed his examinations and for three years was a school teacher, at the end of that time entering the In-

diana, Pennsylvania, State Normal School, which he attended for one year. Receiving a state teacher's certificate, he once more taught school, this time for a period of four years, when he enrolled in Ingleside Academy at McDonald, Pennsylvania, studying there for one year. Once more reverting to his calling, for two years he taught school, spending the latter year at Greensburg Academy, where he was instructor to a normal class of teachers. Resigning his last named position, he entered the law department of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, after two years returning to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was admitted to the bar, his practice now extending to all state and federal courts of the district. Since his admission to the bar, May 4, 1896, he has been in continuous practice in Beaver Falls, and since opening his office has confined his practice entirely to individuals, holding a position as counsel with no companies, corporations or organized interests of any kind. He is deservedly a lawyer of good repute and unquestioned ability, as his record shows, and of high ideals. Among the legal fraternity he is recognized as an opponent who overlooks no point in attack or defense, who has recourse to a seemingly endless store of legal knowledge, and who is the more to be respected from the very open and aboveboard manner of his procedure. He holds membership in the Beaver County Bar Association and belongs to Enon Valley Lodge, No. 411, Free and Accepted Masons. His political position is taken regardless of party influences.

Mr. McCarter married, November 29, 1899, Emma Miller, daughter of John Danks Carey. Her father was an old resident of Pittsburgh, and until about 1896 was employed by the Jones and Laughlin Steel Company, in that year coming to Beaver county, where he purchased a farm, and died March 26, 1912. Mr. and Mrs. McCarter have had one child, a daughter, who died in infancy.

THOMAS The name of Thomas is on record among the earliest of the Colonial families of this country, the ancestors of the present generation having come over in the "Mayflower." In one generation there were nine brothers, all of whom died of a scourge, with the exception of one, and he became a mill owner and operator near Massachusetts and Connecticut state line, at Becket. His descendants removed to Syracuse, Onondaga county, New York. The members of the family, both men and women, have been noted in business and professional circles, holding prominent positions in the various places in which they resided, performing well their part in all the duties and responsibilities of life.

(1) Norman Thomas was born in Syracuse, New York, April 8, 1788, son of Samuel Thomas, died in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, March 9, 1840. In 1812 Samuel Thomas and three sons, Samuel, Norman and Hezekiah, came to Woodcock township, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, with an ox team, blazing their way through the woods from Syracuse, and

later settled at what is now known as Cambridge Springs. There he owned a farm of between two and three hundred acres, which he cleared, and on which he erected a log house which is still standing. He also planted a fine orchard, and lived there until his death, about 1840. He married (first) Sally Morey, by whom he had two sons: Orland and Norman. He married (second) November 1, 1820, Sallie Coulter, born October 10, 1794, by whom he had: George, Elizabeth, Darius, Jefferson, Josiah, Wilson Coulter, Washington. Darius was the father of Judge Thomas, of Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Wilson Coulter Thomas, son of Norman and Sallie (Coulter) Thomas, was born on the Thomas homestead in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, October 31, 1832, died in Woodcock township, same county, July 13, 1907. After his marriage he removed to near Ottumwa and Oskaloosa, Iowa, where he bought a half-section of land, paying at the rate of fifty cents per acre. Ague, however, was very prevalent in that section, and Mr. Thomas abandoned his property there and returned to Pennsylvania, where he rented farms for some years, and during the oil excitement at Titusville he hauled oil. In 1871 he bought a farm of one hundred acres in Woodcock township, and the remainder of his life was spent there. He was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, never having failed to cast his vote from the time he attained his majority. He was honored by election to all the offices in the gift of the township. He affiliated with the Knights of Honor, and was at one time a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married Helen Elizabeth Doctor, born on the Doctor homestead in Cambridge township, November 9, 1834. She is still living in Crawford county, where she is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mrs. Thomas is the daughter of George Doctor, who was born in Germany, came to this country in boyhood, and settled in Cambridge township. After his marriage he settled near Cambridge Springs, on the Venango river. He was a Democrat, and active in local political affairs. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Margaret, born in the North of Ireland, of Scotch descent, daughter of George Humes, who came to this country, consuming six weeks on the passage, and encountering a gale that blew them within seeing distance of things overboard after having been on sea two weeks. They came when his daughter was a very young child, and located in Cambridge township, near Gravel Run. Mr. and Mrs. Doctor had children: Emma and Sarah, died young; Helen Elizabeth, married Mr. Thomas, as above stated; Mary, unmarried, lives on the old homestead; Eliza, married A. A. Skelton; Maria, married D. D. Goshorn, removed to Iowa, where she died; Caroline, Emma and Sarah, died in girlhood. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas had children: 1. George Doctor, taught four years, is now a physician in Meadville, Pennsylvania, and treasurer of Allegheny College. 2. Valorus, graduated from the Jefferson Medical College, was a teacher and superintendent in Nelson,

Nebraska, and is now a physician there. 3. Fred E., of further mention. 4. Hugh M., was a teacher at one time and is now a farmer near Meadville. 5. Jennie, graduated from the Edinburg Normal School; married Robert, son of County Commissioner Lang, and lives on a farm in Crawford county. 6. Albert L., graduated from the Edinburg Normal School; a farmer and dairyman, and the owner of a hardware store at Cambridge Springs. 7. Norman A., graduated from the Jefferson Medical College, and is now in the practice of his profession at Oil City, Pennsylvania. 8. Vernon D., of East End, Pittsburgh, graduated from the Jefferson Medical College, then took a past-graduate course at the New York City Maternity Hospital. 9. Frank, died at the age of fourteen years.

(III) Fred E. Thomas, son of Wilson Coulter and Helen Elizabeth (Doctor) Thomas, was born at Cambridge Springs, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1861. He received his education in the public schools at Woodcock borough, the Saegerstown High School and the Edinburg Normal School. For a period of five years he was engaged in teaching, then became news agent on a train, and then superintendent of the Union News Company at Peoria, Illinois. In 1886 he was appointed as railway mail clerk, his route lying between Salamanca, New York, and Youngstown, Ohio, and he was thus occupied five and a half years. Twelve years were then spent as a traveling salesman in Venango, Crawford, Mercer and Lawrence counties, Pennsylvania, and in a few Ohio towns. As an active supporter of the Democratic party, he was nominated for the office of sheriff of Crawford county, 1901-02, but was defeated. For a time he was then the proprietor of a hotel at Conneaut Lake, Crawford county, then in the retail grocery and wholesale liquor business at Allegheny for two years. Selling this, he removed to Beaver Falls and purchased the Hotel Hanna, renaming it the Hotel Thomas, and has successfully managed this since August 24, 1909. The hotel has forty rooms, is fitted up with gas and electric light, and has all the most modern improvements. The cuisine is unexceptional, and the comfort of the guests is cared for in every detail. Mr. Thomas is a member of the Tamaqua Club, a local organization, and of the Loyal Order of Moose. In the latter organization he served as chairman of the rules and order committee in the most recent national convention of the fraternity.

Mr. Thomas married, January 2, 1884, Emma Hurvey Murray, born in Hartstown, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Henry Quigley and Ann Eliza (Williamson) Murray. They have had children: Clarence E., who is his father's assistant; Arleen, died in infancy; Marjorie, married, in June, 1913, Harry Richardson, and lives in Bellevue, Pennsylvania; Graydon, a student at the Indiana Normal School, of Indiana, Pennsylvania.

For many years, from causes of varying import, mainly over
WERTZ boundaries, territory and tribute, French and German blood
has mingled on many a hard-fought field, where naught but

death ever quieted a turbulent spirit, where honor was sought at the cannon's mouth, and where thousands yielded their lives at the behest of an avaricious and wilful monarch, "their's but to do or die." This was indeed a mingling of blood and the fruits thereof brought to the world little but misery, privation, suffering and woe. In the ancestry of the Rev. James M. Wertz, of this chronicle, there was a mingling of the same strains, to an end far more glorious, righteous, and blessed, the founding of a race that has played well its part in the scheme of life, living to far more benefit than the tens of thousands that fell in the struggle for recognized superiority and dominion.

(I) Reinhart Wertz was born in Till Moyland, Kreis Cleve, Germany, June 24, 1826, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 26, 1910. He grew to man's estate in his native land, and in 1854 sailed for the United States on the ship "America." The voyage, which consumed six weeks, was marked by tempestuous storms, which blew the ship miles out of her course, delaying her arrival in port, and causing considerable inconvenience, which might easily have heightened into suffering, because of the inadequate supply of provisions on board the vessel, such a long passage being entirely unanticipated. At last the strong North Stream was struck and by its aid the vessel, much battered by the terrible storms and much in need of repairs, reached the Newfoundland shore, where the passengers were once more able to obtain full rations, grateful after the long period of insufficient nourishment. When the necessary repairs had been made the ship continued on her way, arriving at port with no more events worthy of particular mention occurring. It was on this voyage that Reinhart Wertz met the maid he afterward wedded, and for at least two of the passengers on the vessel that met with such continued misfortune the time passed all too quickly. They were married in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, the following year, two years later moving to Kansas, where he purchased a farm, there living until 1877. During this time he witnessed many of the thrilling scenes enacted on Kansas soil in the period prior to the Civil War, during which Kansas received, with such rich merit, the name of "Bleeding Kansas," living in the middle of the territory that was the bone of contention between the advocates of abolition and the supporters of slavery. Nor was the strife over this territory the only happening that stirred the tranquility of life on the western plains, but for four years he was a member of the militia formed to protect life and property from the hostile Indian tribes of that locality. This, added to the four years that he served in the army of the Kaiser, made eight years that he passed in military service, although, of course, the confinement and routine of the last organization in which he was enrolled was not nearly so strict as in the German army. His experience in this first made him a valuable member of the second, despite the difference in the mode of warfare used by the foes of the Germans and that practiced by the American aborigines. From 1877 until 1882 he was a resident of Glencoe, Min-



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nesota, where he followed the occupation that had been his in Kansas, first clearing the land of the timber that covered it, that being the fourth farm from which he had removed the timber. In the latter year he made his home in Tyrone, Pennsylvania, for two years serving in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad, and two years he worked as a caretaker of an estate in Tyrone, and at the expiration of that time moving to Braddock and later to Beaver Falls, living at the home of his son, James M., until his death. His had been an active and strenuous life, and throughout his eighty-four years he had lived beyond the reproach of any, performing well his part in the world, known ever as an upright and honorable man, trusted implicitly by all who knew him. He was a Republican in politics at his death, although prior to his Beaver Falls residence the Democratic party had been his choice. While in Kansas he served the county in the capacity of road commissioner. Both he and his wife were loyal and devout members of the Roman Catholic Church.

He married, in 1855, Johanna Nunnink, born in Gruenlow, Holland, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1906, coming to the United States with her parents in 1854. Both he and she are buried in St. Mary's Cemetery lying side by side. Johanna was the daughter of Jacob and Alyda (Hofsteh) Nunnink, both born in Holland, where they lived until 1854, the year of their immigration to this country. They first settled near Milwaukee, Wisconsin, there living for several years, he engaged as a wagon-maker and carpenter, later becoming a farmer, his death occurring in Dawson, Pennsylvania, at the home of James M. Wertz. In his native land he had been a soldier, and with his wife was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, her death occurring in 1889, he surviving her one year. Jacob and Alyda (Hofsteh) Nunnink were the parents of: 1. John, a carpenter and wagon-maker, died in St. Paul, Kansas. 2. Johanna, of previous mention, married Reinhart Wertz. 3. Ricka, married Joseph Ebeck, and lives in Shawnee, Kansas. 4. Anthony, a carpenter and farmer, died in Kansas City, Kansas. Children of Reinhart and Johanna (Nunnink) Wertz: 1. Alyda, died in childhood. 2. James M., of whom further. 3. Alyda, married Alexander Hagg, and died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, in June, 1912. 4. Anna, died in infancy. 5. John H., an employee of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. 6. Christina, died in Minnesota in 1880, aged twelve years. 7. Charles Reinhart, a member of the fire department of Tyrone, Pennsylvania. 8. Mary Henrika, married John G. Sakraida, an employee of the Federal Title and Trust Company, lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

(II) Rev. James M. Wertz, son of Reinhart and Johanna (Nunnink) Wertz, was born in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, November 10, 1856. He was educated at a Jesuit College, St. Mary's, Kansas, and after completing studies of exceptionally wide scope on subjects not entirely classical, he was for two years a teacher in the public schools, during the terms of 1876 and 1877. He then took up more advanced collegiate work at St. Lawrence

College, at Calvary, Wisconsin, entering that institution in September, 1877, and continuing his studies from the point at which they had been abandoned when he left St. Mary's. After his graduation from St. Lawrence College he was adopted by Bishop Twigg, of Pittsburgh, entering St. Vincent's Seminary, where his course included two years of philosophy and three of theology, and whence he was graduated April 21, 1886. On the day of his graduation he was regularly ordained a priest of the Roman Catholic Church, his first ecclesiastical duties being as assistant at St. Mary's Church, at Connellsville, Pennsylvania, where he served for two years and eight months. His first pastorate was at St. Joseph's Church, in Braddock, Pennsylvania, a parish he left to establish a church, school and parochial residence at Dawson, where previous to that time there had been but a mission. He accomplished this in a manner that brought a large measure of satisfaction to the heads of the church in that region and was commissioned to perform the same task at West Newton, where he was situated for four years after completing the organization of the parish. From 1892 until 1900 he was pastor of St. Joseph's parish at Carnegie, Pennsylvania, in the latter year coming to Beaver Falls, where he has ever since remained as the pastor of St. Mary's. His stay in that place has been productive of great good to the parish, which, numbering about seven hundred and fifty souls when he was installed, now has a membership of double that number. St. Mary's Church had been built four years before he became pastor and since then he has improved both the appearance and value of the entire church property by installing many conveniences and necessities, adding, as well, a handsome new pastorate. The sanctuary is an edifice of graceful and pleasing design, an interior view revealing decorations tastefully and beautifully arranged.

In educational work Rev. Wertz has found a field for which he is not only admirably fitted by his own wide studies, but in which he takes especial pleasure because of the association with young people which it entails, the society of those of fewer years than his always giving him enjoyment. He has introduced into the high school shorthand, bookkeeping, telegraphy, Latin, also a course in wireless telegraphy, and so practical is the system and so embracing the curriculum that it is his pride that between the ages of six and fourteen years a child of unimpaired faculties may be fitted for a life-work. He is the instructor in Latin and telegraphy, gifted with the power of the true teacher, that of holding the interest of his classes, and obtains excellent results, forming in the class-room many friendships that continue after the pupil has left the confines of the school and has entered the university of life.

Rev. Wertz's parish is one of the most flourishing in the state, all of its varied works prospering in plentiful degree. He is the pastor ideal, indefatigable in his labors for his people, solicitously anxious for them in times of trouble or distress and actively helpful in the emergencies of life

in which his aid is required. He holds the merited honor and respect of those who know him and his works, regardless of difference in religious convictions, and is a popular member of the community. His political action is independent of party dictates and he is a member of the Knights of Columbus and the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association.

Michael Bernhardt, who was born in Germany, came to the United States with his wife in 1842, and settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Later he removed to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he lived retired until his death in 1899, at the age of eighty years. He married, in Germany, Magdalena Veiock, a native of that country, who died in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1893, at the age of seventy-two years. They had three sons and three daughters, of whom two sons and two daughters are now living.

(II) Henry A. Bernhardt, son of Michael and Magdalena (Veiock) Bernhardt, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 18, 1860. He was educated in the public schools. He had charge of the Tie Plate Department for Dilworth & Porter, South Pittsburgh, until 1897, when he resigned in order to establish himself in the mercantile business, from which he retired in 1912. He has always supported the Republican party. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Mr. Bernhardt married Anna Louise Walper, born in Pittsburgh, September 9, 1859, daughter of Augustus and Marie (Miller) Walper. Augustus Walper came to East Liverpool, Ohio, with his wife, and later removed to Pittsburgh, where he was a blacksmith, and from which city he enlisted to take part in the civil war. He died in Pittsburgh in 1904, at the age of seventy-three years, and she died in the same city in 1893, at the age of sixty-five years. They had one son and three daughters, all of whom are living at the present time.

(III) Dr. Harry Walper Bernhardt, son of Henry A. and Anna Louise (Walper) Bernhardt, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, December 16, 1885. The public schools of both Pittsburgh and Rochester furnished his elementary and preparatory education, and he then became a student in the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in the class of 1909, the degree of Doctor of Medicine being conferred upon him. One-half year was then spent as an interne in Mercy Hospital, and one year at St. John's Hospital, after which he established himself in the practice of his profession in Rochester, Beaver county, where he has been exceptionally successful. He is a member of the County, State and National Medical associations; member of Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, No. 167,

Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Falls Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar; New Castle Lodge of Perfection, thirty-second degree. Dr. Bernhardt is an attendant at the services of the Presbyterian Church.

That the Merricks of America are descendants of the purest Celtic stock is established and ably confirmed by that admirable authority, Burke's "Peerage," which says, in

part:

The Meyricks are of the purest and noblest Cambrian blood and have possessed the same ancestral estate and residence at Bodorgan, Anglesey, Wales, without interruption above a thousand years. They have the rare distinction of being lineally descended both from the sovereign Princes of Wales, of the Welsh Royal family, and from King Edward I., whose eldest son was the first Prince of Wales of the English Royal family.

The descent and the unpronounceable Welsh names are too lengthy and difficult to be here reproduced, it being sufficient to here record that the line is traced through many generations and centuries to the Rev. John Merrick, rector of Llandachya, Wales, from whom all obtainable evidence claims descent for the four brothers, William, James, John, Thomas, who settled in Massachusetts, in 1636.

(I) James Merrick, the ancestor of the line following, was born in Wales in 1612, and was one of the four brothers previously mentioned who reached Charlestown in the ship "James" in the spring of 1636. He was a fish packer and cooper by trade, and owned his place of business on the water front in Charlestown. If the supposition that he was born in Saint Davids, Pembrokeshire, Wales, is correct, his choice of occupation is easily accounted for, as Saint Davids depended entirely upon its fishing for the support of its population. In 1657 he moved to Newbury and became a farmer, the records of Charlestown showing that "James Merrick, the cooper, and Margaret, his wife, sold house and lot in Charlestown to John Andrews." The same records state that in 1676 "James Mirrick, aged fifty-two years in 1664, deeded to his son James, in Newbury, lands situated in Newbury." The date of his death is not found in the records, but he died prior to the death of his wife, which occurred in Newbury, Massachusetts, April 2, 1708. Children of James and Margaret Merrick: 1. James, born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, about 1654. 2. John, born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, 1656, died there February 15, 1657, the victim of an attack of small-pox. 3. Hannah, born at Newbury, Massachusetts, February 6, 1657, married, in 1676, Benjamin Knowlton, of Springfield, Massachusetts. 4. Abigail, born in Newbury, Massachusetts, September 5, 1658. 5. Joseph, born in Newbury, Massachusetts, April 27, 1661. 6. Isaac, born in Newbury, Massachusetts, January 6, 1665. 7. Timothy, of whom further. 8. Susanna, born in Newbury, Massachusetts, August 20, 1670.

(II) Timothy Merrick, fifth son and seventh child of James and Margaret Merrick, was born at Newbury, Massachusetts, September 28, 1666,

died there March 15, 1719. He married, May 9, 1696, Mary, daughter of Joseph Lancaster, of Amesbury, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Ezra, born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, March 31, 1697. 2. Abigail, born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, November 26, 1698; married, July 10, 1718, Stephen Ordway, of Newbury, Massachusetts. 3. Mary, born at Newbury, Massachusetts, July 10, 1701; married, July 14, 1726, Samuel Huse, of Newbury. 4. Anne, born in Newbury, Massachusetts, June 24, 1702. 5. Timothy, of whom further. 6. Jacob, born in Newbury, Massachusetts, May 30, 1707. 7. Joseph, born prior to 1719.

(III) Timothy (2) Merrick, eldest son and fifth child of Timothy (1) and Mary (Lancaster) Merrick, was born at Newbury, Massachusetts, February 22, 1704, died in 1784. From the notes of Alfred Poore, of Salem, who in 1861 made a pedestrian trip through portions of Massachusetts and New Hampshire, taking notes among the oldest people, for the purpose of writing a history of Essex county, the following is taken:

Mrs. Webster (Mr. Webster's mother) says that her grandfather was Timothy Merrick, who, with his brother Ezra (and they had a brother Jacob in Newbury), came up Methuen from Newbury and moved into their new house when her Aunt Elizabeth, who married William Emerson, was fourteen years old; they lived about one-fourth of a mile from the Salem line, in New Hampshire, and one half mile from the mills at the Falls. The place was afterwards owned by Daniel Huse. He died the day she was twelve years old and the day he was eighty. This was her grandfather, Timothy Merrick. His wife was Mary Bodwell, of Methuen, who died March, 1805, aged ninety-three years. Captain Eliphalet Bodwell was taken by the French at Fort William Henry, but by running fourteen miles he got to the American lines at Fort Edward, but lost all his clothes, taking off one garment at a time as he was running, until he was naked. He was a nephew of Mrs. Webster's grandmother, Mary.

Timothy (2) Merrick married, at Methuen, Massachusetts, December 5, 1728, Mary Bodwell, who died in March, 1805, aged ninety-three years. Children of Timothy (2) and Mary (Bodwell) Merrick: 1. Timothy, born January 10, 1738, died at Methuen, Massachusetts, November 29, 1738. 2. Timothy, born November 17, 1739, was taken prisoner at Fort William Henry in August, 1757, never returned from captivity. 3. James, born July 1, 1742, was taken prisoner at the same time as his brother Timothy, and never returned to his home. 4. Mary, born April 27, 1744, married Stephen Gates; they lived for a time at Bridgston, Maine, later moving westward to Ohio. 5. Jacob, born September 2, 1746. 6. Sarah, born November 19, 1748, married James Hibbard, and settled in Methuen, Massachusetts; they had children, Esther and Marianna. 7. Joseph, of whom further. 8. Elizabeth, born February 8, 1751, married William Emerson.

(IV) Joseph Merrick, seventh child and fifth son of Timothy (2) and Mary (Bodwell) Merrick, was born at Hampstead, New Hampshire, December 30, 1749, died there December 29, 1823. He was a farmer in the town of his birth, and served in the Revolutionary War, having been a sergeant in Captain Joseph Illsley's company, Colonel Cogswell's regi-

ment, Massachusetts Volunteers, from September 30, 1776, to November 16, 1776. He married, at Hampstead, New Hampshire, in 1770, Judith, daughter of Stephen and Judith (Bailey) Little, born November 17, 1753. She was descended from George Little, born in London, England, immigrant at Newbury, Massachusetts, in 1640; married (first) Alice Poore, who died December 1, 1680, (second) July 19, 1681, Eleanor, widow of Thomas Barnard, of Amesbury, Massachusetts. His son, Moses Little, born March 11, 1657, married Lydia, daughter of Tristram and Judith (Somerby) Coffin. Moses Little served as a soldier in King Philip's War, and was town collector for several terms; his son, Moses (2) Little, born February 26, 1691, married Sarah, daughter of Sergeant Stephen and Deborah (Plumer) Jaques. His son, Stephen Little, born at Newburyport, Massachusetts, May 19, 1719, married Judith, daughter of Joshua and Sarah (Coffin) Bailey, of Newbury, Massachusetts, born February 15, 1724, died August 19, 1764. He lived on Turkey Hill for twenty years after his marriage, afterwards on a farm which he owned in Sandy Lane. In 1763 he was one of the grantees of Newbury, Vermont, and also owned lands in Bath and Hampstead, New Hampshire, and in Cumberland and Lincoln counties, Maine. He was a representative to the legislature in 1776, and held many town offices. He was for many years a member and deacon of Dr. Spring's Church, in Newburyport, and through the marriage of his daughter and Joseph Merrick the Little and Merrick lines were united. Children of Joseph and Judith (Little) Merrick: 1. Judith, born January 22, 1771, married Rufus Harriman. 2. Joseph, of whom further. 3. Temperance, born September 8, 1775, married James Noyes. 4. Mary, born March 16, 1778, married, in 1793, Samuel Dalton, and among her numerous children was Eldridge. 5. Hannah, born May 17, 1780, married John Grimes. 6. Abner Little, born June 22, 1782, married Martha Corliss. 7. Sarah, born July 3, 1784, married Edward Noyes. 8. Nathaniel, born December 26, 1786, married Sarah Corliss. 9. Abigail, born October 28, 1789, married Bartholomew Heath. 10. Ann, born August 28, 1791, married Paul Gardner. 11. Joshua, born May 20, 1793, married Eliza Emery, and resided at New Hampton, New Hampshire. 12. Lydia, born December 28, 1796, married Oliver Lake, and lived at New Hampton, New Hampshire.

(V) Joseph (2) Merrick, son of Joseph (1) and Judith (Little) Merrick, was born at Hampstead, New Hampshire, June 22, 1772, died in Adrian, Michigan, March 2, 1870. He became a shipwright and for a time was employed in the United States navy yard at Charlestown, Massachusetts, afterward working in the shipyard at Newburyport, of which he was part owner. In 1816 he left Salisbury, Massachusetts, in a two horse team and sleigh, with his wife and eight children, the oldest a girl of eighteen years, the youngest less than three years of age, with New York state as his destination. He traveled as far as Brutus, New York, which place he reached in March, 1816. An old and abandoned log house stood by

the road-side, of which he took possession, and remained for several days, until he could secure more comfortable quarters. Favorably impressed by the country and fertility of the soil, he purchased a large farm and began gardening on an extensive scale aided by his six boys, whose ages were included between eight and sixteen years. Syracuse, twelve miles away, was the market for his garden products, and every week day morning he rose before daylight and drove to that place with a two horse load. The work of each day was planned the night before and the boys were required to accomplish all that was laid out, his share being commensurate with his greater strength. His home was in Brutus until 1834, when he sold the property and moved to Michigan, settling in Adrian, where he bought eighty acres of land, all of which is now within the city limits, lying west of Main and South Merrick streets, the latter named in his honor. In this locality he followed the business which had engaged his labors in Brutus, the raising of garden produce for the local market, and there he died. He was a powerful man, over six feet in height, and erect as an Indian; brave, fearing only his God. It is said of him that he avoided quarrel, but never turned his back to any man, a trait which he transmitted to his sons, who were all brave men and cool in the face of danger.

He married at Hampstead, New Hampshire, April 11, 1797, Sarah Harriman, born at Chester, New Hampshire, July 17, 1781, died at Adrian, Michigan, March 2, 1870, daughter of Laban Harriman. She was descended from one of two brothers, John and Leonard Harriman, of Yorkshire, England, who came to America about 1640, settling at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Joseph Harriman, a grandson of the immigrant, married Lydia Eaton; their son Reuben, born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, November 5, 1725, married Mehitable Putnam, a niece of General Israel Putnam, of Revolutionary fame. Reuben and Mehitable (Putnam) Harriman, with their negro servant, are buried at Hampstead, New Hampshire. He saw service of some kind during the Revolutionary War and his grave is decorated each Memorial Day by the Civil War veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic. There is on file in the war department a receipt (partially torn) showing that Lieutenant Moses Little, of Captain Page's company, Colonel Gale's regiment, New Hampshire Militia, received one hundred dollars for Reuben Harriman (receipt torn) and another soldier who were enlisted in the company to go "on an expedition to the State of Rhode Island." His son, Laban, was the father of Sarah, who married Joseph Merrick. Children of Joseph and Sarah (Harriman) Merrick: 1. Eliza, born at Hampstead, New Hampshire, April 23, 1798. 2. Rufus, born at Corinth, Vermont, April 15, 1800. 3. Laban Harriman, born at Corinth, Vermont, February 23, 1802. 4. Joseph, born at Newbury, Massachusetts, June 2, 1804. 5. Silas, of whom further. 6. George Washington, born at Salisbury, Massachusetts, July 22, 1808. 7. Sarah, born at Salisbury, Massachusetts, September 14, 1810. 8. Abigail, born at Salisbury, Massachusetts, May 25, 1813. 9. Mary L., born in Brutus, New York,

September 8, 1818, died unmarried aged twenty years. 10. Judith Little, born in Brutus, New York, November 26, 1820. 11. Byron Lafayette, born in Brutus, New York, there married, his wife's death occurring within six months after their marriage, his own following within the next half year, at Adrian, Michigan, August 5, 1848.

(VI) Silas Merrick, fifth child and fourth son of Joseph (2) Merrick, was born at Salisbury, Massachusetts, August 16, 1806, died at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1887. After his marriage he moved from Jordan, New York, to Fallston, Pennsylvania, coming to the latter place in 1837, and there formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, engaging in the manufacture of buckets, tubs and keelers with machinery invented by his father-in-law, Amos Miner, and patented from 1826 to 1828. The partnership of Miner & Merrick continued for nearly half a century, during which time Silas Merrick took out several patents, among which were several on iron passenger and freight cars, the manufacture of which he conducted from 1859 to 1861, his limited capital necessitating its abandonment. Some of the products of his shops are in use at the present time, showing the soundness of their construction and their fitness for the purpose intended. He indulged his inventive genius further and was granted patents on improvements on wash boards, a device to attach to the tops of chimneys to regulate drafts, and a splice bar to join the ends of rails on railways, a lock-nut device. In conjunction with his partner, Mr. Miner, he bought an unfinished hotel in New Brighton, which they finished and furnished, naming it the "Merrick House," opened in 1852, destroyed by fire in 1855. His political association was originally with the Democratic party, but he afterward cast his vote in favor of Republican candidates. He was a man of industrious habits, unyielding integrity, and as shown by the previous recital of considerable inventive talent. The rigorous training of his youth under the stern discipline of his father developed and strengthened the best of his character, making him reliant, independent and ambitious.

He married, at Jordan, New York, September 22, 1828, Fanny Miner, born July 14, 1811, died at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1891, daughter of Amos and Phoebe (Hamlin) Miner, a descendant of an old New England family, her ancestors having landed at Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1630. Her mother died September 20, 1838, her father June 2, 1842. Children of Silas and Fanny (Miner) Merrick: 1. John Miner, born in Jordan, New York, January 14, 1831, died at Fallston, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1837. 2. Edward Dempster, born in Jordan, New York, August 24, 1832. 3. Charles Morris, born in Jordan, New York, April 14, 1834. 4. Mary Malvin, born in Jordan, New York, July 25, 1836, died in Fallston, Pennsylvania, July 9, 1838. 5. Franklin Angelo, born in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, January 17, 1845. 6. Frederick Silas, of whom further.

(VII) Frederick Silas Merrick, youngest of the six children of Silas

and Fanny (Miner) Merrick, was born at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1853. "Merrick House," of which his father was proprietor, was his birth-place, and until he was eighteen years of age he was a student in the public schools. In 1871, in company with his father, he opened a book-store, with which was connected a wall paper and window shade business, in which line he continued for about ten years. He, his brother, Charles M., and a third associate, Mr. Pierce, in January, 1881, inaugurated a business that later was incorporated as the Standard Horse Nail Company, with works at New Brighton, for the manufacture of hot forged horse nails. Three years after the birth of the industry the works were flooded, entailing damaging loss, and in February, 1886, the plant was burned to the ground. Undismayed by these evidences of fortune's disfavor, the partners reared a new factory, installed machinery, and started the company upon an era of prosperity that has continued to the present time, its present working force numbering hundreds, its monthly payroll mounting into the thousands, its products covering a world area. From the time of the organization of the Standard Horse Nail Company, Mr. Merrick has been secretary, a position he now holds, and during that time has also managed the sales department. His best effort has ever been directed for the good of the company; he has been as faithful in adversity as in fortune, and has ever striven to place the business in its present prominent place. In the past he has been connected in official capacity with the Kenwood Oil Company, and has been interested in Porto Rico sugar lands and factories. He is a musician of proficient talent, the violin being the instrument of which he is most thoroughly master, and in his youth he was for ten years leader of a theatre orchestra. His wife is also a musician of merit, having been a concert singer prior to her marriage, and since that event has been soprano in the choir of the Presbyterian Church of New Brighton. Their children have inherited their parents' love of music as well as their aptness and ability, the eldest and youngest playing the piano in an extraordinarily artistic and able manner. Mr. Merrick is a Presbyterian in religion, politically a Democrat.

Mr. Merrick married, at Massillon, Ohio, September 16, 1875, Clara Asenath Ickes, daughter of Isaiah and Emeline (Wertzaugher) Ickes, born at Patterson, Ohio, March 13, 1855. Children: 1. Frederick Ickes, born July 2, 1876, a graduate of the New Brighton high school, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, S. B., June, 1901, taking the course in architecture in the latter institution; he was employed in New York for a time, now an architect of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 2. Silas Clarence, born June 17, 1879, a graduate of the New Brighton high school, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in June, 1903, from the mechanical engineering course, now superintendent of the Standard Horse Nail Company. 3. Marguerite Livingston, born June 25, 1891, a graduate of the New Brighton High School.

The activity and enterprise of any growing center of population is perhaps as clearly indicated in the class of professional men who look after its legal interests as in any other respect, and it is with pleasure that we refer to the career of Charles Hugh Kennedy. He was the popular and efficient incumbent of the office of burgess of New Brighton from March 1, 1909, to January 5, 1914, and has gained a position of distinctive priority as one of the representative members of the bar of this section of the state, where he had a large legal practice and where he is financially interested in a number of important business enterprises.

Charles Hugh Kennedy was born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, September 8, 1882, son of George F. and Ella B. (White) Kennedy, both of whom were born in Beaver county, this state, and both of whom are living, their home being at New Brighton. George F. Kennedy is of Scotch-Irish descent and he is associated with his brother, Thomas L., of whom further, in the cooperage manufacturing business, being a member of the well known M. T. & S. Kennedy Company, which concern was organized by Samuel Kennedy, a father of George F. and Thomas L. Kennedy. He is a Republican in politics and takes an active part in community affairs, having served for twenty years in the borough council and for twelve years as a member of the local school board. He and his family are zealous workers in the United Presbyterian Church and Sunday school, of which they are devout members.

To the public schools of New Brighton, Charles Hugh Kennedy is indebted for his preliminary educational training. He was graduated from high school in 1900 and then entered Geneva College, at Beaver Falls, in which excellent institution he was a student for three years. In 1903 he entered the office of Judge Hice at Beaver and there began to study law. He made rapid progress in his legal studies and was admitted to the Pennsylvania state bar in September, 1906. During the year 1907-08 he attended the University of Pennsylvania. He initiated the active practice of his profession at New Brighton in the fall of 1908 and he now has a large and lucrative clientage. He has figured prominently in a number of important litigations in the state and federal courts and he ranks as one of the most skilled attorneys in this part of the state. In connection with his professional work he is a member of the Beaver County Bar Association and in politics he is an uncompromising Republican. In the fall of 1908 he was elected burgess of New Brighton for a term of five years and he acquitted himself with all honor and distinction in discharging the duties of that position. Mr. Kennedy is interested in several business enterprises.

Mr. Kennedy has passed through the circle of York and Scottish Rite Masonry, being a member of the lodge, chapter, council and commandery of that organization, and he is likewise affiliated with the Knights of Pythias. He is connected with the Beaver Valley Country Club, and is

an advocate of good healthy athletics. He was reared in the faith of the United Presbyterian Church and is a member thereof.

Thomas L. Kennedy, actively identified with industrial and manufacturing interests in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, makes his home at New Brighton. He is deeply interested in community affairs and his efforts have also been a potent element in the business progress of this section of the state. He has with ready recognition of opportunity directed his labors into various fields wherein he has achieved success, and at the same time has promoted a business enterprise that has proved of more than local value, largely promoting the commercial activity of the state. Most of his attention is devoted to the cooperage manufacturing business and in that connection he is vice-president of the M. T. and S. Kennedy Company at New Brighton.

At Fallston, Pennsylvania, May 22, 1849, occurred the birth of Thomas L. Kennedy, a son of Samuel and Catherine (Livingston) Kennedy, the former of whom was born in Beaver county and the latter in Washington county, this state. Both parents were of Scotch-Irish descent. Samuel Kennedy was a manufacturer by occupation and as a young man learned the trade of wheelwright. He was engaged in various manufacturing enterprises during the period of his active career, but he devoted special attention to developing the M. T. and S. Kennedy Company, the output of which concern was chiefly kegs and half barrels. He was a staunch Republican in his political allegiance and he participated actively in public affairs, having held various borough offices. In religious matter he was a United Presbyterian and both he and his wife were active church workers. He died February 22, 1886, and his wife passed away March 19, 1905. Samuel Kennedy was possessed of a strong character and he was a man of mark in all the relations of life.

Mr. Kennedy, of this notice, was reared to maturity at New Brighton, where he received his education in the public schools. As a youth he became interested, with his father, in the cooperage business and he and his brother, George F., still carry on the enterprise originally begun by the father. The M. T. and S. Kennedy Company is incorporated and its official corps is as follows: W. A. Kennedy, president; Thomas L. Kennedy, vice-president; Thomas Kennedy, secretary and treasurer, and G. F. Kennedy, general manager. This concern ranks as the largest plant of its kind in this section of the state and kegs and half barrels of all kinds are manufactured. Mr. Kennedy is also president of the Home Protective Loan & Savings Association, and was president of the Fallston Fire Clay Company from 1891 to 1913, when the plant was sold, and is financially interested in a number of other business enterprises of local prominence. In his political convictions Mr. Kennedy is a stalwart Republican and he has been active in party affairs since his boyhood days. In 1900 he was elected to the state legislature from Beaver county and he served as a representative in the house for three consecutive terms,

during which time he had membership on a number of important committees and was chairman of the committee on forestry.

On June 17, 1874, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Kennedy to Annie Caldwell, daughter of William and Rose M. Caldwell, of Farmington, Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy are the parents of three children: William, married, and connected with the Crucible Steel Company of America at Pittsburgh; Samuel, in the newspaper business in the city of Pittsburgh; Katherine, supervisor of drawing in the public schools of New Brighton, remains at the paternal home. The Kennedy family are devout and liberal contributors to a number of charitable organizations. Mr. Kennedy is a man of prominence in his home community where he is ever ready to give his aid and influence in support of all measures and enterprises projected for progress and improvement. He is a man of unusual intelligence, is well read and is possessed of that innate kindness of spirit which makes him friends amongst all classes of people.

When the first petroleum discoveries were made around
SHUGERT Titusville, Pennsylvania, Dr. William B. Shugert was one of the early operators and producers of what was indeed a golden flow, enriching those fortunate enough to obtain leases in the oil belt.

(I) Dr. William B. Shugert was born in 1828. He obtained his professional education at the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania. Later he located in Titusville, where he was for many years a well known and highly regarded physician. He married and had children: Andrew; Richard; Ninian Irwin, of whom further; Jennie, married W. A. Harron, of Los Angeles, California, where they reside.

(II) Ninian Irwin Shugert, son of Dr. William B. Shugert, was born in 1850, died December 21, 1902. After suitable preparation in the schools of Titusville, he entered Allegheny College, whence he was graduated class of 1871. He became an oil producer of Titusville, controlling some valuable wells. He was associated with the Standard Oil Company in Titusville until 1884, when he came to Beaver county as representative of the Standard Oil Company and manager of the Bridgewater Gas Company, a position he held until 1898. He was a member of the Lutheran Church, and in politics a Republican. Mr. Shugert married (first) in 1872, Lydia A. Scofield, born 1850, died 1879, daughter of Rev. John C. and Maria L. (Hartwell) Scofield. Rev. John C. Scofield was an eminent minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and presiding elder of the Erie, Newcastle and Meadville districts, of the Erie Conference. By this marriage he had a son, Guy Scofield, of whom further. Mr. Shugert married (second) Mrs. Caroline A. D. Scott, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, who survives him without issue.

(III) Dr. Guy Scofield Shugert, only son of Ninian Irwin and Lydia



Guy S. Shugart

A. (Scofield) Shugert, was born in Covington, Kentucky, June 27, 1876. He obtained his primary and preparatory education in the public schools, being a graduate of West Middlesex High School in 1890; Newcastle High School, 1892, and Erie High School in 1894. After the death of his mother in 1879, he being then but three years of age, he was taken by his grandfather, Rev. John C. Scofield, who, himself a scholarly man, gave the lad the best advantages the district afforded, chances that were well improved, as the foregoing graduations attest. He chose the profession of medicine, preparing therefor at the medical school of Western University of Pennsylvania, from whence he was graduated M. D., class of 1897. After one year spent as interne at Western Pennsylvania Hospital in Pittsburgh, he established a private practice in Rochester, Pennsylvania, where he is now located in successful and lucrative practice. He was a member of the board of directors of the Rochester General Hospital, and secretary of the board; is now chief of staff of the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester; surgeon to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Rochester, and in both private and public practice a thoroughly capable and skillful physician and surgeon. He is a fellow of the American Medical Association, a member of Pennsylvania State Medical Society, ex-president of the Beaver County Medical Society, and held in high esteem by his professional brethren. Dr. Shugert is a director of the Rochester Trust Company, a successful and stable financial institution; president of the Rochester Improvement Company, and has other varied interests. He is a Republican in politics, an attendant of the Congregational Church, and prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, No. 167, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar. He also affiliates with the Knights of Pythias and Knights of the Golden Eagle. In these orders Dr. Shugert takes active interest, and in all matters affecting the welfare of Rochester he displays a public spirit and interest that is helpful and valuable. He is not only the skillful physician, successful business man and fraternal member, but a good citizen and neighbor, ever ready to lend a hand toward furthering any good cause.

Dr. Shugert married, in 1904, Margaret C., born 1884, daughter of Frank and Georgianna (Lindsay) Cunningham. Children: Margaret Louise, born October 8, 1905; Elizabeth Cunningham, August 7, 1907; Guy Scofield (2), June 21, 1911; N. Irwin, May 20, 1913.

Other men's services to the people and the state can be measured by definite deeds, by dangers averted, by legislation secured, by institutions built, by commerce prompted. All these things effect the general welfare of mankind, but the work of a priest lies along entirely different channels and is devoted to the spiritual betterment of the universe. The Rev. Michael J. Ryan, whose career is set

forth in this review, is pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he has resided since 1903 and where he has accomplished wonders in the way of advancing the doctrine of Catholicism.

Rev. Michael J. Ryan was born in county Tipperary, Ireland, the date of his nativity being September 22, 1871. He is a son of Patrick and Catherine (Brophy) Ryan, both of whom are now deceased. Father Ryan passed his boyhood and early youth in Ireland, where he completed his preliminary educational training with a course of study in Carlow College, in which he made preparations for the priesthood. He immigrated to America in the year 1895, at the age of twenty-four years, and was ordained a priest in St. Paul's Cathedral, in Pittsburgh, March 25, 1896, by Bishop Phelan. His first charge was as assistant to the Very Rev. Bush in St. Peter's Church at Allegheny, Pennsylvania. He remained incumbent of the above position for the ensuing seven years, at the expiration of which time, in November, 1903, he was called to assume the pastorate of St. Joseph's Church in New Brighton, where he has since maintained his home.

St. Joseph's Church, at New Brighton, was organized in the year 1862 by the Rev. E. J. Burnes, who was succeeded four years later by Rev. M. J. Michell, then by the Rev. J. C. Bigham, when his place was taken by Rev. John Burns, who was succeeded by Rev. F. P. Brady. The next pastor was Rev. E. P. Griffin, who assumed charge of St. Joseph's Church in 1898. He was succeeded by Father M. J. Ryan, of this notice, in 1903. The church was destroyed by fire in the fall of 1911, but was rebuilt in 1912, the present edifice being a beautiful brick structure of most impressive proportions. Parochial schools are maintained in connection with the church and some one hundred and thirty children are enrolled as pupils.

Father Ryan is a man of fine education and most liberal ideas. His influence is not confined to the congregation of his church alone, but extends to every corner of the community in which he resides and where he is honored for his sterling integrity of character and high moral worth. He exercises his franchise in favor of the Republican party, and his support is readily and generously given to many measures projected for the general progress and improvement. In every sense of the term he is a God-fearing man and he never hesitates to do the right as he interprets it. His citizenship is a valuable adjunct to New Brighton, where his innate kindness of spirit and broad human sympathy have made an indelible impression on the hearts of his fellowmen.

Of the third generation of his family in the United States,
BEITSCH Dr. William F. Beitsch, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania,
is of the first American born. He descends from George

Beitsch, born in German, who on coming to Pennsylvania settled at Chambersburg.

(II) George F. Beitsch, son of George Beitsch, was born in Germany, coming to the United States with his father when quite a young man. He resided for a time in Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, then moved to Pittsburgh, finally settling in New Brighton, Beaver county, where he maintained a merchant tailoring establishment until his death. He married Catherine Klüh, also of German descent, who bore him seven children: Mollie, married Samuel Ruhe; William H.; George E.; Catherine, married Frank Kennedy; Albert H., deceased; Bertha, married Robert Braden; William F., of whom further.

(III) Dr. William F. Beitsch, youngest child of George F. and Catherine (Klüh) Beitsch, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 16, 1880. He obtained his early and preparatory education in the public schools, later entering the medical department of the University of Pittsburgh, whence he was graduated M. D., class of 1904. He then spent two years in Saint John's Hospital, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and Marshalsea Hospital, Pittsburgh, locating in New Brighton in 1908, where he is well established as a skillful, reliable and honorable physician. He is a member of the American Medical, Pennsylvania State Medical and Beaver County Medical societies, taking active interest in all, and thereby keeping in closest touch with all that is best in modern medical or surgical discovery, remedy or practice. He is a member of New Brighton Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Newcastle Lodge of Perfection, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of the Knights of Pythias, Knights of the Maccabees and the Royal Arcanum. In religious faith he is a Lutheran, and in politics an Independent. Dr. Beitsch married, June 15, 1910, Mabel, daughter of Charles M. and Ida (Buckley) McDanel, of New Brighton.

The earliest record found in Pennsylvania of this branch of GREEN the Green family is in Fayette county, where resided William Green and sons, James, John and Samuel. In 1787 they settled in the southern part of Manor township, Armstrong county, taking up land above the mouth of Crooked Creek on what is now the site of Rosston. Food was very scarce, and for six months the flesh of wild animals was their main article of diet.

In 1789 William Green erected a small tub mill about sixty rods from the river on the stream still called Tub Mill Run. This was the only mill for grinding grain in that region until the erection of Alexander Walker's mill. The Indians were very numerous and after 1791 became troublesome and dangerous, so much so that Colonel Charles Campbell wrote Mr. Green to remain there ten days longer, assuring him that he would then send some soldiers to protect the settlement. This was done

according to promise and a small fort erected, that on the historical map of Pennsylvania is marked "Fort Green." There was patented to William and Samuel Green in 1794 about four hundred and fifty acres on which they settled, William on the lower tract along Glade Run, where in 1802 he laid out the village of Williamsburg. He set aside about fifteen acres for the village, dividing it into half acre lots. This was prior to the establishment of the county seat at Kittanning, and it is said ground was staked out for the erection of county buildings at the new village of Williamsburg by the county commissioner who afterward listened to General Armstrong's offers and chose Kittanning as the county seat. William Green in 1804 or 1805 erected a log grist mill, with one run of stone, on Glade Run about three-quarters of a mile above its mouth. In 1806 he was assessed on this mill, one horse and one cow \$150. Later he built a saw mill. The grist mill, primitive as it was, served well its purpose, settlers bringing grain there from a distance of twenty miles. He operated the mill and worked his farm until July 2, 1816, when for a consideration of \$1.00 he conveyed his farm of two hundred and twenty-four acres to John Green, but reserved the mill and the house in which he lived. The old mill changed hands in 1822, being assessed in that year to William Boney and William Kelly. The "Green Settlement," as it later came to be known, originally consisted of five tracts taken up by William Green and his sons, of whom he had five. William and Samuel Green conveyed two hundred and twenty-six acres of his tract on July 2, 1816, to James Green, son of William, who retained ownership during his lifetime. By his will, dated August 31, 1842, probated April 30, 1853, he gave eighty acres to his son Levi, one-quarter acre for a public school house site, and one hundred and twenty acres to his son, Robert, who dying intestate, this part passed out of the family name. Levi Green, by his will, probated October 24, 1874, devised the land willed him by his father to his sons, Miles J. and James Robert Green, the latter the father of Professor Clyde C. Green, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. In a few years after the settlement of the Greens in Armstrong county there was a sufficient number of children to demand the erection of a school house. This was built of logs on the James Green tract and was the first school house built within the bounds of what is now North Buffalo township, Armstrong county. Benjamin Briggs was the first teacher, the text books being Dillworth's spelling book and the Bible. The life of the Green Settlement constitutes an important item of the early history of Armstrong county, all the family having settled on their tracts and assisted in the development of the section.

(1) The ancestor of William Green came to Armstrong from Fayette county, Pennsylvania, having been a farmer of Whitely township, now Greene county. Whether he was a descendant of the Greens of Eastern Pennsylvania who date from the time of Penn, or came from the New England family of Greene cannot be definitely stated, as authorities differ. William Green married Rebecca La Rue and had five sons and three daugh-

ters; one son Matthew remained in Greene county, the others are named as going with their father to Armstrong county, as did the fifth son, Daniel.

(II) James Green, son of William and Rebecca (La Rue) Green, was born in Lafayette county, Pennsylvania, and was one of the pioneers with his father in Armstrong county. He resided at the Green Settlement, five miles south of Kittanning, on the tract of two hundred and twenty-six acres conveyed to him July 2, 1816, by Samuel and William Green. This was his home from 1827 to 1830, the years he was a commissioner to Armstrong county and for many years thereafter. His home was a favorite gathering place for the militia of the county on their "training days," especially of the battalion of which Andrew Arnold was major. He devised his farm by will probated April 30, 1853, to his sons, Levi and Robert; the latter dying intestate his share was later sold out of the family name, but that part devised to Levi Green is yet owned by his descendants. James Green was twice married and was the father of thirteen children.

(III) Levi Green, son of James Green, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, about 1810, his will probated October 24, 1874, showing the near date of his death. He was a farmer all his life and at his death devised the lands he had received from his father to his sons, Miles J. and James Robert.

(IV) James Robert Green, son of Levi Green, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. He is now a merchant of Ford City, Pennsylvania, residing at his farm nearby, a part of the original "Green Settlement." He married Sarah Jane, daughter of James Morrison, a blacksmith, born in Armstrong county, as was his wife, a Miss Shrader; children: Clyde C., of whom further; Miles, died in infancy; Maud E.; Levi M.; Charles N. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church, and James R. Green, the father, a past noble grand of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

(V) Professor Clyde C. Green, eldest son of James Robert and Sarah Jane (Morrison) Green, was born on the homestead farm in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, part of the original "Green Settlement," June 4, 1877. He attended the public schools of his township and of Allegheny City, Slate Lick Academy of Armstrong county and Slippery Rock State Normal School, being a graduate of the latter institution, class of 1896. He further prepared for the profession of an instructor by a course at Grove City College, whence he was graduated, class of 1902, subsequently pursuing a post-graduate course at Grove City College and Columbia University, obtaining the degree of A. M. from Grove City College. His career as an instructor has been one of continued success and advancement. He taught in South Buffalo township schools of Armstrong county, the Butler township schools of Butler county, in Parker City and Kittanning in Armstrong county. He was then chosen principal of the high school of Irwin, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, following this by filling the important position of supervising principal of the Irwin school system. In August,

1906, he was elected superintendent of the public school system of New Brighton, Beaver county. He occupied that position for five years, resigning in 1911, having been elected superintendent of the schools in Beaver Falls, which position he now most acceptably fills. During the summers of 1903-04-05-06 Professor Green conducted a summer normal for the instruction of teachers. He has risen to a prominent position among the educators of his state and is an important figure in county, state and national educational associations, of which he is a member, being president of the Department of City Superintendents of the State Educational Association, an office to which he was elected at the annual convention held in Philadelphia in 1912. For several years he has been a member of the board of examiners for state normal schools; is trustee of Slippery Rock State Normal School and is a well known popular lecturer before college associations and teachers' institutes.

Occupying so prominent a place in the educational system of Pennsylvania, Professor Green has not allowed the pursuits of a pedagogue to absorb the requirements of good citizenship. He is a veteran of the Spanish-American War, enlisting in Company E, Fifteenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, serving as company clerk and post quartermaster clerk at Fort Washington, Maryland; was an elder of the Presbyterian Church, at New Brighton, and teacher of a Bible class in the Sunday school; is past master of Union Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of New Brighton; a companion of Greensburg Chapter, No. 92, Royal Arch Masons; a Cryptic Mason of Olivet Council, Royal and Select Masters, of Greensburg; a Sir Knight of Beaver Valley Commandery, Knights Templar, and a member of Newcastle Lodge of Perfection, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. In addition to his Masonic affiliations, he holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. In political faith he is a Republican. In his professional, fraternal and church associations, Professor Green is of greatest value to his brethren and is held in highest esteem by those most familiar with his work and activity. He is devoted to his profession and while his success is patent to all and his worth fully recognized, his youth and talents are guarantees that the years to come will bring him further successes and still greater responsibilities.

Professor Green married, August 24, 1902, Edith Nesbit, daughter of W. R. and Laura (White) Nesbit, of Butler, Pennsylvania; children: Dorothy, Lois, James.

Transplanted from Ireland only two generations back, the
GASTON Gaston family of Pennsylvania is a comparatively new one
to the United States. Grandfather Gaston, the emigrant ancestor, was a miller in his native land and followed the same occupation at Beaver Falls, where he made his home. He was prominent in the affairs

of the town, then in the first stages of growth, and belonged to the Episcopal Church. Children: John, Jemima, Daniel, of whom further; Anna, George A., Ella, Robert.

(II) Daniel Gaston was born in Ireland, and was brought to the United States by his parents when an infant. He attended the public schools of Beaver Falls and there received his entire education. He learned the trade of file maker and for thirty-three years was employed by one concern. When this firm discontinued business he became a die-sinker, an occupation he still follows. While past the prime of life he nevertheless continues in active labor, and is proud of the fact that he can stand more hard work than many of his associates many years his junior. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and also belongs to the Royal Arcanum. He married Janet, daughter of David Campbell, who was a native of Scotland, a stone contractor, and one of the first settlers of Beaver Falls. Children of David Campbell: Myrtle, John, Elizabeth, Robert Samuel, Ella, Janet, of previous mention, married Daniel Gaston; Jane, died young. Children of Daniel and Janet (Campbell) Gaston: John C., of whom further; Mabel, married H. A. Riddle; David.

(III) Dr. John C. Gaston, son of Daniel and Janet (Campbell) Gaston, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 29, 1880. He attended the public schools of Beaver Falls, completing the high school course and later entered the University of Pittsburg. Here he took a special course in engineering, but after finishing the same he swerved from his decision to be an engineer and decided upon a medical career. He entered Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, and in 1907 was graduated M. D. He began in Beaver Falls and has there ever since continued. He has acquired a most desirable practice, has gained prestige among his brethren of the profession and is well regarded as a physician of merit, talent and ability. The professional cheerfulness a physician is traditionally supposed to radiate is entirely lacking in his personality, and is replaced by a warm, sympathetic friendliness that includes all in his presence. He is a member of the Pennsylvania State and the Beaver County Homoeopathic societies; also of Beaver Falls Lodge, No. 478, Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arcanum, and the Home Guards of America. His religious connection is with the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Gaston married, December 11, 1913, Helen Louise Donaldson, native of Beaver Falls.

John A. Elliott, a popular and prominent lawyer of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, is a descendant on his father's side, of a family which for many generations was associated with Hancock county, West Virginia, and on his mother's side from an equally old family of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. The representative of the Elliott family, three generations back of John A. Elliott, was William Elliott, who with his wife Jane, was born, lived and died in the West Virginia county, his death occurring while he was still a young man, and his

wife surviving him until she had attained the venerable age of eighty-one years and more. They had seven children in all, of whom John, the second, continued the line of descent we are following.

(II) John Elliott, son of William Elliott, was born in Hancock county, West Virginia, 1798. He continued to live there during his manhood, followed the occupation of river pilot, until he had reached the age of sixty-six years, 1864, when he removed with his family to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there engaged in the business of brick merchant in Shippingport. He still later in life removed to Raccoon Creek in the same county, where in 1875 he died. While still a young man, and living in West Virginia, he had married into another old family of that state, the Farnsworths, his wife being Rachel Farnsworth, daughter of Henry and Ruth Farnsworth, who were born, lived and died in that region and were staunch members of the Presbyterian Church. They had five children, of whom Mrs. Elliott was the eldest. Mr. Elliott was a Democrat in politics. To him and Mrs. Elliott were born five children, as follows: Adaline, who became Mrs. Daniel Freeman, of Rochester, Indiana; Caroline, married (first) James Stock, (second) a Mr. Smith, of Toronto, Ohio; William, of whom further; Esther Jane, later Mrs. Wooster Fickes, of Shippingport, Pennsylvania; Rebecca, who remained single.

(III) William (2) Elliott, son of John Elliott, was born in Hancock county, West Virginia, July 17, 1835. In 1864 he accompanied his father to Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He received his education in his native county, attending the local and subscription schools and an academy or high school. He engaged for a time in the brick business with his father after their removal to Pennsylvania. He gave up this business eventually and made his home on the south side of the Beaver river, in the rural district there, and in this location farmed for upwards of seven years. His next home was in Beaver, where he engaged in a wholesale lumber business, making a specialty of hard woods. When he finally removed to Beaver Falls, he continued this business in the new location until about seven years ago, when he retired from active business life. He was a Republican in politics. He and Mrs. Elliott were at first members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but later joined the Presbyterian Church, in which Mr. Elliott was a prominent figure, and held the position of elder. They became members of the United Presbyterian Church. His marriage to Miss Braden took place in the year 1856 and to them were born seven children, as follows: 1. Rebecca, who became Mrs. George Bispham, of Monterey, Mexico, and who died in Beaver Falls. 2. Arabell, who became Mrs. James Ridell, of Beaver Falls, where they both died. 3. John A., of whom further. 4. Charles M., a resident of La Porte, Indiana, where he is engaged in the business of manufacturing mats. 5. Idonia Clifton, engaged in the hardware business in Beaver. 6. Addie M., a school teacher, residing at home. 7. Jessie D., second wife of George Bispham, and now residing in San Antonio, Texas.

No less interesting than his paternal genealogy is the account of the family of Mr. Elliott's mother. John Braden, the first of the family to settle in Beaver county, came there from Carlisle, in the early days. He was one of the pioneers of the region and supported all the hardships incident to the settler's life in that day. Among these, and by no means the least, were the depredations of the Indians, with whom Mr. Braden waged war. His son, John Anderson Braden, married Arabell Elliott, daughter of William and Margaret (Patterson) Elliott, natives of Ireland and pioneers in Beaver county. It was their daughter, Margaret P. Braden, that William Elliott, mentioned above, married.

(IV) John A. Elliott, son of William (2) Elliott, was born in Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 26, 1862. He was educated in the public schools of his native place, and later at Geneva College, from which he graduated with the class of 1886. He had formed a strong desire for a professional life, and deciding on the law as his career, he entered the office of John M. Buchanan for the purpose of reading his subject. He was admitted to the Pennsylvania bar, May 31, 1889, and established himself in practice at Beaver Falls, and has successfully continued the same ever since. He has been admitted to practice before the superior and the supreme courts, and carries on a lucrative general practice. He is affiliated with the Masonic order, being a member of Beaver Valley Lodge, No. 478; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Beaver Valley Commandery, No. 84, and the Syria Temple, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Elliott married, October 12, 1893, Jennie M. Mitchell, daughter of James S. (now deceased), of Beaver county. Children: Gladys, now a student at Wellesley College, and Kathleen. Mr. Elliott and his family are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The first member of the Douds family in America was Robert Douds, a native of England, who came to this country just previous to the Revolutionary War. Although he had been in the colonies but a short time before the outbreak of hostilities, he had nevertheless become so hearty a sympathizer with the Colonial cause, and so thoroughly convinced of the justice of their protests that he lost no time in joining the American forces. He was killed in this service. He married Elizabeth Dawson, of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, of German descent.

(II) John Douds, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Dawson) Douds, was born on Yellow Beeches Creek, about six miles from Carlisle, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1778. When a lad of two years he was adopted by James Braden, retaining his own name, and lived with him until he attained his majority. For a time they lived in Pittsburgh, later moving to a farm on Raccoon Creek, Beaver county. Their first dwelling was a log hut, twelve feet square, so low that none but a child could stand erect within. Here

they lived for three years, Mr. Braden being so busily occupied in clearing this land and in supporting his family that he had no time to improve his abode. At length a more spacious house became necessary and this was erected in the manner so popular in that period, by a "house raising," to which all the male members of the neighborhood were invited as assistants, and their wives to provide dinner for the crowd of workmen. Here in the midst of the forest, John Douds grew to manhood. Scenes of savage violence, perpetrated by hostile Indians, were of daily occurrence and so familiar did he become with those of the race of more friendly instincts that he learned their language remarkably well, and was able to speak it with ease and fluency.

When he was twenty-one years of age, John Douds married Mary, daughter of James and Elizabeth Hutchinson, the ceremony being performed on October 18, 1799, by Rev. Reno, of Beaver. The courage of this young couple in starting life with no more preparation than was theirs would to-day be considered almost a crime, in those days it was quite usual. Their household utensils were few in number and cheap in quality, he had insufficient farm equipment, most of it being home manufactured and all things considered, their outlook on life was gloomy in the extreme. Gloomy, perhaps, to the spectator, but to the two most vitally interested, their home was a castle and the world their kingdom. Which was the truer viewpoint is shown by the fact that not only did they live happily together and prosper, but that they became the parents of eleven children, all of whom were given the benefits and advantages of a comfortable Christian home. Mary Hutchinson was born at Kibrea, county Derry, Ireland, and came to the United States with her parents in June, 1789. James and Elizabeth Hutchinson located first at Brandywine, later at Middletown, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and finally in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. She was a member of the White Oak Flats Presbyterian Church, and by her gentle Christian example and influence, won her husband into the same church, of which under its later name of Mount Carmel Church, he became an honored member.

Children of John and Mary (Hutchinson) Douds: 1. Agnes, born July 25, 1800, married, August 28, 1817, Mahlon T. Stokes. 2. Robert, died in infancy. 3. James H., born January 15, 1805; married, August 16, 1827, Margaret Caldwell; died September 7, 1856. 4. John, born March 17, 1807; married, in December, 1832, Mary McDonald. 5. Benoni D., born August 23, 1809; married, in March, 1833, Mary Irons. 6. Eliza, born January 30, 1813; married, November 7, 1833, James Moore. 7. Mary Ann, born November 6, 1815. 8. William McC., born February 19, 1818; married, May 6, 1841, Rebecca Wyant. 9. Edward Hill, of whom further. 10. Margaret H., born October 11, 1822; married, April 8, 1841, Joseph Irons. 11. Mahlon S., born December 9, 1824; married, April 23, 1850, Rebecca Brotherton.

(III) Edward Hill Douds, ninth child and sixth son of John and

Mary (Hutchinson) Douds, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 27, 1820. He was a farmer all his life, inheriting all of his father's energy and diligence of application and wrought from the soil a comfortable living. He was a member of the Mount Carmel Presbyterian Church, to which his parents belonged, and for over sixty years served as an elder, a wonderful record of faithful devotion to the work of the church. He married, April 29, 1845, Maria Fronk, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children: Mary, married William Holmes; Rebecca, deceased; John M., of whom further below; Augustus; George F.; and two others who died in infancy.

(IV) Dr. John M. Douds, son of Edward Hill and Maria (Fronk) Douds, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died at Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1903, aged fifty-four years. He was educated for the medical profession and immediately after receiving his degree began practice, spending the last ten years of his life in Beaver Falls. Descending from a family of prominence, he was well known throughout the region and added to the pioneer fame of the name the honor of a successful exponent of a difficult profession. To obtain a medical diploma is no unusual feat, but to prove one's self worthy of the parchment, to meet unflinchingly the crises of practice, is the true test of professional fitness. This Dr. Douds did, and the unspoken inspiration of his presence was often as strengthening a tonic to his patients as the curatives he administered. He was a member of the various medical societies, well informed as to the movements of each. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and affiliated with the Masonic order. He married Sarah E., daughter of Thomas and Melinda (Alcorn) Jackson, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children of Thomas Jackson: James, John, Sarah E., of previous mention, married Dr. John M. Douds. Children of Dr. John M. and Sarah E. (Jackson) Douds: Thomas C.; Edward H., of whom further.

(V) Dr. Edward H. Douds, youngest of the two sons of Dr. John M. and Sarah E. (Jackson) Douds, was born in Mercer, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, July 17, 1882. He attended the grammar and high schools of Beaver Falls and afterward Geneva College for one year. After teaching school for one term, he chose the profession of his father as his life work and entered Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, whence he was graduated M. D. in 1907. The second of his family to espouse the healer's art he has met with enviable success in its practice, and has already made a name for himself among medical men. Youthful, learned and earnest, he is completely absorbed in his profession and devotes himself to it with untiring zeal. He belongs to County, State and National Homœopathic Medical societies, and affiliates with the Masonic order, holding Knights Templar degree. Dr. Douds married, in 1905, Mary E., daughter of Thomas R. Edwards of Beaver county, Pennsylvania; child, Harry Eugene.

For by far the greater part of the history of the Pinters it is necessary to go beyond the confines of the United States, the family originating in Austria-Hungary, or at least all available records beginning in that country. This narrative starts with Morris Pinter, who in that country was the owner of a factory manufacturing pipes and other smokers' supplies. He was a member of the Jewish Church, devout in its worship and strictly obedient to its code of laws. He died at the good old age of eighty years, his wife, Fannie (Biller) Pinter, attaining the wonderful age of one hundred and three years. She, too, was a believer in the Jewish religion. Among his children were two sons, Alexander, of whom further, and Jacob, a resident of Budapest, Austria-Hungary, where he is agent for and inspector in charge of a large office building. A son of Jacob, Louis, came to the United States, and at the present time is a merchant in Midland, Pennsylvania.

(II) Alexander Pinter, son of Morris and Fannie (Biller) Pinter, was born in Körmend, county of Eisenburg, Austria-Hungary, in 1833, died in Krapina in Croatia, in 1899. During his entire active life he was a merchant in the town in which he died, engaging in the mercantile business with good success. He married Elizabeth Kohen, born in Körmend, Austria-Hungary, in 1833, now living in Agram, province of Croatia, Austria-Hungary, aged eighty years. She is the daughter of Jacob, a merchant near Ratkalak, died aged sixty-five years, and Theresa Kohen, died aged one hundred and two years. Jacob and Theresa Kohen were the parents of a large family. Children of Alexander and Elizabeth (Kohen) Pinter: 1. Emmanuel, a resident of Austria-Hungary, holds the office of cashier in a bank in that country. 2. Betta, married, and lives in the province of Croatia, Austria-Hungary. 3. Etta, a resident of that land, married, her husband now deceased. 4. Leopold, of whom further. 5. Johanna, lives in her native land, Austria-Hungary.

(III) Leopold Pinter, son of Alexander and Elizabeth (Kohen) Pinter, was born in Ratkalak, Austria-Hungary, March 8, 1869. When he was seven years of age his parents moved to Körmend, county of Eisenburg, in his native land, and in that place he obtained the major part of his education, both by attendance at the public schools and through instruction by a private tutor at his home. He then entered the mercantile business with his father, remaining in that line until he was twenty-three years of age and becoming thoroughly familiar with all its details and the management of its different departments, in all of which he worked in the course of his continuance in the business. He then established in business independently as an importer of liquor and merchandise, abandoning this after two years and engaging in the contracting business in the province of Croatia, leasing from the state, in connection with his contracting, the liquor interests, and collecting therefrom the rental for those privileges. From 1902 until 1906 he made this locality the scene of his activities, in the latter year coming to the United States, coming immediately to Beaver

county. After a close inspection of the different places offering opportunity for the establishment of a business and after carefully considering their comparative advantages, in 1907, he located in Beaver Falls, opening a notion store, and in connection with this, a foreign exchange. Both were popular institutions from the start, those wishing foreign drafts or desirous of other accommodations that would facilitate travel or business transactions abroad appreciating the conveniences provided and patronizing him who made them possible. In five years both of these ventures had outgrown their original quarters, and in 1912 Mr. Pinter erected a store building at No. 1406 Seventh avenue, where he is now located in business in a much larger and more convenient store, the location also being superior to his former place of business. His line of goods is varied and well chosen, including drygoods, notions, clothing, and shoes. The small foreign exchange dealings which he conducted at first have grown into a private banking business, with much more extensive accommodations for foreign exchange than he offered at first. He is also the accredited agent for a number of steamship lines, selling passage both to and from the continent on many foreign transatlantic lines, so that a large part of the foreign population of the region are enabled to purchase their tickets from their homeland before beginning their journey, a procedure that gives a comfortable feeling of security to one unaccustomed to travel and unused to the regulations of steamship lines. Besides these departments of his business, Mr. Pinter conducts a bath-house, spacious, clean, and convenient, for all of his nationality, an innovation that has received generous and steady patronage. He and his family are members of the Jewish Church.

He married, April 10, 1894, Sidonia Fleischhacker, born in Kutina, province of Croatia, Austria-Hungary, September 4, 1872, daughter of Bernhard and Julia Fleischhacker, both deceased. Bernhard Fleischhacker was a priest of the Jewish Church, and died in 1882. He and his wife were the parents of: 1. Adolph, a banker of Aliquippa, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 2. Gustav V., a banker of Rochester, in the same county. 3. Helen, married Edward Friedfeldt, and lives in Ambridge, Pennsylvania. 4. Sidonia, married Leopold Pinter, both of previous mention. Children of Leopold and Sidonia (Fleischhacker) Pinter: Alexander S., born December 18, 1907; Alwin, born August 25, 1911.

There is much that can be said in honest praise of the course that has been followed by Mr. Pinter during his residence in the United States. Industry and close attention to, not only the needs, but the wants, of the public to whom he caters has made him popular as one who takes unusual pains to insure the satisfaction of those with whom he has business dealings. Nothing has been a source of too great inconvenience for him if the result were for the benefit of his patrons, and these qualities, together with the reputation for honor in business and an unimpeachable name for probity and integrity, have gained him the confidence of the numerous patrons of his store, bank, and exchange. To the needs of the foreign

element of the city he has been especially attentive, and is rewarded by possessing their almost exclusive trade, which amounts to many hundreds of dollars yearly. There is an old aphorism to the effect that two heads are better than one in the formation of plans and the laying of a campaign. In the case of Mr. Pinter the value, at least, of two heads in consultation has been amply proved, for in all of his business ventures his wife, who is as able a business woman as she is a loving mother and devoted wife, has been his constant advisor, and it has been she who has suggested several of the features of his operations that have been the sources of handsome profits. She is his constant confidant, worthy of such consideration, and to her Mr. Pinter unhesitatingly attributes much of the success that has come in his name.

From the beginning of the history of the family of Zeller in ZELLER the United States the members of the branch herein written have been residents of Schuylkill county, Peter Zeller, the emigrant, who came to this country from Germany, settling in Pennsylvania, finally making his home in Schuylkill county, in that state. He was a farmer and spent his life in tilling his acres. He married and among his children was a son, Peter (2), who also followed agriculture in Schuylkill county, where he died prior to 1860. He married and had children: 1. Michael, moved to Michigan, where owned a farm in Branch county, near Coldwater, where he died. 2. William, accompanied his elder brother to the west, and owned a farm in the same county. 3. Peter (3), of whom further. 4. Kittie, married Samuel Henninger. Their home was in Schuylkill county. 5. Anna, died unmarried. 6. Henry, died in young manhood.

(III) Peter (3) Zeller, son of Peter (2) Zeller, was born near Grattstown, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, August 11, 1830, died in Lowellville, Mahoning county, Ohio, October 11, 1865. His boyhood was spent on the home farm and after leaving school he apprenticed himself to the carpenter's trade, moving to Grattstown, Pennsylvania, where he was employed at his trade until his death, a fatal accident being sustained while thus engaged. He had not been long a journeyman when a falling piece of timber struck him on the head, death following in a short time. He held membership in the Lutheran church. He married, October 7, 1855, at Donaldson, Pennsylvania, Melinda, born in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, January 8, 1834, died October 3, 1884, eldest child of Jonathan and Mary (Reedy) Schreiber. Her parents were both natives of Grattstown, Pennsylvania, his death occurring in Lowellville, Mahoning county, Ohio, hers in Corning, Perry county, Ohio, aged eighty-seven years. Jonathan Schreiber was a watchmaker and jeweler, living in Grattstown until his children grew to maturity, after which he and his wife moved to Donaldson, Pennsylvania, where he was a justice of the peace, moving to Lowellville, Ohio, his last home, in old age. He and his wife were members of the German Reformed



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church. Children of Jonathan and Mary (Reedy) Schreiber: 1. Melinda, of previous mention, married Peter (3) Zeller. 2. Mary, married Fred Miller, and resides in Corning, Ohio. 3. Emma, married Thomas Quinn, and lives in Corning, Ohio. 4. Elizabeth, deceased, married David Otto, and they lived in Higgins, Pennsylvania. Children of Peter (3) and Melinda (Schreiber) Zeller: 1. Henry William, of whom further. 2. Samuel, born April 11, 1860, a roofer, lives in New London, Ohio; married (first) Olive Reble, (second) Anna Shroeder. 3. Mary, born October 4, 1862, died September 18, 1894, married Seth Wilson, deceased. 4. Ada, born September 20, 1864, married John Smith, a farmer owning land near Bessemer, Pennsylvania, where they reside.

(IV) Henry William Zeller, eldest of the four children of Peter (3) and Melinda (Schreiber) Zeller, was born in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1856. He attended the public school at Donaldson, Pennsylvania, until he was nine years of age, when his father's death made his assistance necessary in the support of the family. His first employment was as a slate picker, after which he entered the mines, his first employment being the turning of a fan, and as soon as he gained sufficient strength he began digging coal. Appreciating the desirability of some line of employment offering greater chances and opportunities for advancement than this, he went to Shamokin, Pennsylvania, entering a machine shop, where he learned the trade of machinist and was afterward employed there for four years. A skilled workman, he left the place of his apprenticeship and started upon a limited tour of the country, working at his trade in each place in which he tarried. In this manner he covered a wide extent of territory, and in 1876 located in Lowellville, Ohio, where for two years he was employed in the lime-stone quarries. The next seven years were spent in Youngstown, Ohio, in the employ of Dalzell Brothers, slate roofers, a business he learned thoroughly and well, becoming so competent therein that he was made the head of their construction work, for several years directing their operations. In 1888 he came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and in partnership with his brother, Samuel, was engaged in slate and tile roofing, the association being dissolved after a relation covering a period of ten years, Henry W. Zeller continuing in business independently. His business is a flourishing one, whose growth has been proportionate with that of Beaver Falls, his share of the work in roofing the homes covered with the materials in which he deals having suffered no ill effects through the competition that has been established. Nor does his career in Beaver Falls end with the recital of his business life, for he has ever taken the interest required of good citizenship in matters of public importance, while his abilities have been recognized by his fellows, whom he represented for six years as a member of council, two years of that time being spent as chairman of that body. His political aid has always been at the disposal of the Republican party, and he and his wife are member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His fraternal societies are the Masonic order and the

Knights of Pythias, he holding the Knights Templar degree in the former order, also being a member of Newcastle Lodge of Perfection. In 1889 he purchased his present home at No. 1414 Ninth avenue, and has since that time resided there.

Mr. Zeller married, October 20, 1881, Elizabeth, born in Prussia, Germany, May 30, 1860, daughter of Peter and Lena (Youngblood) Hoffman. Her parents were born in the same part of Germany, not far from Saxenburg, her father in 1821, her mother in the same year, the former dying, May 16, 1905, the latter, in August, 1899. Peter Hoffman was a shepherd in Germany, that having been the family occupation for several generations, and in 1872 he and his family came to Lowellville, Mahoning county, Ohio, where he was employed in the limestone quarry until his death. They were members of the German Reformed Church. Children of Peter and Lena (Youngblood) Hoffman: 1. Caroline, married Charles Smith, their home being in Lowellville, Ohio. 2. Kate, married Henry Boland, and resides in Lowellville, Ohio. 3. Peter, a quarryman, married Anna Boland, and is a resident of Lowellville, Ohio. 4. Jacob, a quarryman of Lowellville, Ohio, married Mary Wriggle. 5. Lena, married Frank Moore. Their home is in Struthers, Ohio. 6. Elizabeth, of previous mention, married Henry William Zeller. Children of Henry William and Elizabeth (Hoffman) Zeller: 1. Peter William, born November 5, 1883, died April 18, 1911 (see below); married Grace Gasgill, whose death followed his in six weeks. 2. George, born January 21, 1886, married Mabel Thatcher. He is associated in business with his father, and has a home in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 3. Arthur, born February 20, 1888, died July 16, 1889. 4. Elda Mabel, born March 18, 1890, died June 4, 1891. 5. Ethel May, born January 24 1893, married George Miksch, and resides in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 6. Howard Everett, born March 30, 1895, a student in High School. 7. Martha Malinda, born October 27, 1897.

Peter William Zeller, son of Henry William and Elizabeth Zeller, was educated in Beaver College, while in that institution winning his college letter and gaining a collegiate reputation as a pitcher. His record in contests with other colleges brought him to the notice of league scouts, and he received an attractive offer from Atlanta, from the Southern League, after he had received a two years' training in professional ball with the Rochester, Washington, and Homestead teams. He played in this locality for two years, and had started the season of 1905 with the last named organization when he was sold to Atlanta, Georgia, the sale taking place in July. He finished that season with the Atlanta team, and was with them in 1906, 1907 and 1908, speedily establishing himself in favor with the enthusiasts in that city by his splendid pitching, proving a tower of strength to his team. His local sobriquet, seized upon with avidity by the sporting writers of the daily papers was "Rube" Zeller, the "Wizard of Atlanta," and he justified the latter title by some performances of merit in league games, as, for example, in the season of 1906, April 13, when he pitched

a game against Montgomery, Alabama, in which he was credited with nineteen strike-outs, a record made at the first of the season, when a pitcher is scarcely expected to give a creditable exhibition. In the following year he attained the pinnacle of success in his line in pitching a no-hit game, and in the same year he twice held his opponents to one hit. The great promise he had earlier shown having been thus realized, he was drafted for the major leagues by Clark Griffith, the manager of the New York team of the American League, who had heard favorable reports of his work with special reference to an unusually baffling underhand delivery, and went into spring training with that team. He speedily rounded into condition, and was about prepared to make his debut into major league circles when he was taken seriously ill, and after a lingering illness of two years, died at his home. That he did not attain prestige in the majors is to be regretted by all lovers of the national game, for he was a magnificent figure, more than six feet in height, blessed with a build that would have withstood the rigors of many hard seasons of work, and with no harmful habits to weaken his strong physique. He had learned from the game in which he was so proficient at least one lesson, that of fair play, and among his associates he was known to possess all the other qualities of good sportsmanship.

The race of Mead is assured of more permanent remembrance in Pennsylvania than is many another whose achievements may have been quite as great or whose deeds just as glorious, it having been the fortune of the former to give its name to a locality that has since become a prosperous city, firmly established and numerous inhabited. In the city of Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, is a permanent monument to the Mead family, which came originally from Devonshire to the county of Essex, England, during the reign of Henry VI., in 1422, and which was first settled in Elmdon. There appears to have been eight distinguished families of the name in England, known by their respective coats-of-arms, four bearing the pelican and four the trefoil as their heraldic designs.

Of the noted individuals who appeared among these English families were Rev. Matthew Mead, a celebrated divine famous in the reign of Charles I., and his son, Dr. Richard Mead, appointed physician in ordinary by King George II., and who first practiced inoculation in England. The name is spelled with and without the final "e", although the descendants of the Irish branch of the family, from whom the Meads of Virginia are derived, always used the final "e".

The first record of any of the name in this country is the following, found among the town papers of Stamford, Connecticut: "December 7th, 1641, William Mayd received from the town of Stamford a house lot and five acres of land." This William Mead, in company with his

brother John emigrated from England about 1640, and settled in Stamford, where he died about 1670. His brother, John, in 1650 moved to Greenwich, Fairfield county, Connecticut. William Mead married Ruth Hardy, who died September 19, 1657.

(II) John Mead, son of William and Ruth (Hardy) Mead, was born about 1616, died in 1696. He married Hannah, daughter of William Potter, of Stamford, Connecticut. Children: John, Joseph, Hannah, Ebenezer, Jonathan, David, of whom further; Benjamin, Samuel, Abigail, Elizabeth, Mary.

(III) David Mead son of John and Hannah (Potter) Mead, was born in 1666, and settled in Bedford, Westminster county, colony of New York. He married and among his children were William, David, Ebenezer, of whom further.

(IV) Ebenezer Mead, son of David Mead, was born in 1702, married, and had children, one of whom was David.

(V) David (2) Mead, son of Ebenezer Mead, married and had Darius, of whom further; Ebenezer, John, William, Eli, born in 1740.

(VI) Darius Mead, son of David (2) Mead, was born in Stamford, Connecticut, March 28, 1728. In 1750 he settled in Hudson, New York, and about 1770 moved with his children to the Wyoming Valley, in Pennsylvania, subsequently following his two sons, David and John, to the new lands on the Venango river, where he was killed by Indians in 1791. He married Ruth Curtis, born in Connecticut, May 27, 1734, died in Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, in 1794, hers being the first death recorded from natural causes in that county. Some of the numerous children of Darius and Ruth (Curtis) Mead: David, of whom further; Jeanette Finney; Agnes Wilson; Asahel, born August 9, 1754, was killed in the Wyoming Massacre, July 3, 1778; John, born July 22, 1756, married Katharine Forster; Ruth, born April 16, 1761; Darius, born December 9, 1764; Elizabeth, born June 1, 1769.

(VII) David (3) Mead, son of Darius and Ruth (Curtis) Mead, was born at Hudson, New York, January 17, 1752, died in Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, August 23, 1816. In 1770 he moved to the Wyoming Valley and obtained a tract of land under the Pennsylvania title from which he was subsequently forced by the "Connecticut Intruders," moving thence to Sunbury, Pennsylvania, where he became a tavern-keeper, also erecting and operating a distillery. In 1787 he and his family settled on French Creek, where in 1789-90 he erected a saw-mill and not long afterwards a grist-mill. In 1793 he laid out the present town of Meadville, commencing the sale of lots on February 20 of that year. Prior to his coming to French Creek he had enjoyed the office of justice of the peace, and on March 31, 1796, he and Thomas Reese, of Erie, were appointed justices of the peace by Governor Mifflin for the district consisting of "the Township of Mead in the county of Allegheny," the official terms stating "so long as he shall live and behave himself well." Upon the organization of

Crawford county, March 12, 1800, he was appointed one of the associate judges, but resigned the following December. He was again appointed in September, 1803, and served on the bench continuously until his death. He had a military record of length and honor, being appointed major-general of the Fourteenth and afterward of the Sixteenth Division Pennsylvania Militia by Governor Snyder. In the War of 1812 he rendered important and saving services to Commodore Perry, in his prompt defense of Erie, in 1813, when the fleet then being constructed in Presque Isle Bay was threatened with destruction by the enemy. He continued in his position until the passage of the law annulling all militia commissions.

In his youth David Mead had been deprived of the means and the opportunity of securing any but the most meagre kind of an education, and throughout his life he constantly felt the handicap of his lack of learning, although it never caused him to lower his head before the most august and erudite of personages, and he used every implement and means in his power to secure and propagate greater educational advantages for the part of the country in which he was a pioneer. He equipped and supplied the ground for the first public schools opened in the county, and presented the property to the board of directors of the Meadville Female Seminary upon which that institution was later built. In 1800 he was mainly instrumental in raising the sum of \$4,000 necessary to build and establish the Meadville Academy, and was one of the founders of Allegheny College, being known as one of its most generous benefactors.

He married (first) about 1774, Agnes, who died in 1795, daughter of John and Janet Wilson; (second) Jeanette, daughter of Robert Finney. Children of his first marriage who grew to maturity: William, Darius, Elizabeth, Sarah, Margaret. Children of his second marriage who attained mature age: Robert, Alexander, Catherine, Jane, Maria. It is of one of the four sons of the two marriages of David Mead that John Mead, with whom this record continues, is a son.

(IX) John Mead was born in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, and in manhood became a farmer of Crawford county, there spending his latter years. Although an industrious and successful farmer, he was imbued with the spirit of trade, and on one occasion he loaded a raft with his products and floated it down the Allegheny river to its confluence with the Ohio at Pittsburgh, where he disposed of his cargo and the raft and walked back to his starting place. He married Eliza Moore, born in Venango county, Pennsylvania, and had two sons, Wilson, of whom further; Hiram.

(X) Wilson Mead, son of John and Eliza (Moore) Mead, was born in Venango county, Pennsylvania, and died on the home farm. He was educated in the public schools, and for some years was a teacher in the district schools, later entering business as proprietor of a hotel. After a season spent in that line he became an oil hauler, an industry profitable at that time before the completion of the modern methods of transporting oil to the market. Retiring from this business he became a farmer and so

continued for the remainder of his life. He was prominent in local affairs, public and political, holding all of the township offices, for many years being justice of the peace. His church was the Presbyterian, to which he belonged for thirty-five years, thirty of that time as an elder. He married Nancy Boughner, her father, William, and her mother, both being natives of Center county, Pennsylvania, where he was justice of the peace for twenty years. Children: Clinton E., a resident of Venango county; William J., prosecuting attorney of Sandusky county, Ohio; Mary, died in childhood; Harry Burton, of whom further.

(XI) Dr. Harry Burton Mead, son of Wilson and Nancy (Boughner) Mead, was born in Venango county, Pennsylvania, October 10, 1873. He obtained an excellent education in the public schools of his birthplace, the academy at Utica, Pennsylvania, Grove City College, and the Ohio Normal University, now the Ohio Northern University, preparing him for his later specialized studies. Having completed his preliminary education, he entered Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, whence he was graduated in the class of 1902. He immediately established in active practice, Coopers-town, Venango county, Pennsylvania, being his first field, later Stoneboro, Mercer county. In April, 1909, he came to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and has since that time been a physician there, practicing continuously. His growth into public favor has kept pace with his ever-widening acquaintance, and the limits of his activities have been gradually extended. He is a young and able champion of his profession and well fitted to hold his place among his brethren of the medical world in New Brighton, suffering by no comparison. He belongs to the County, State, and American Medical societies, the Woodmen of the World and the Masonic order.

Dr. Mead married, December 25, 1902, Anna Madge Scowden, born in Venango county, Pennsylvania, and has one child, Winifred; an elder child, Harold, being deceased. Mrs. Mead is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

This branch of the Bradens begins its American history about
BRADEN 1789, when James Braden and his large family of children arrived in Philadelphia. He had been born in county Fermanagh, Ireland, and there married Margaret Howe, of English parentage, his wife dying in that county after the birth of many children. James Braden, with a father's desire that his children should have the best advantages obtainable, decided to bring them to the United States, whither many of his countrymen had preceded him, not a few participating in the American Revolution, and whence came wonderful accounts of the prosperity and happiness that rewarded industry and right-doing. After landing in Philadelphia the family remained in that vicinity for a few months, then moved to Greene county, Pennsylvania, settling near Ten Mile Creek, still later moving to the neighborhood of Youngstown, Ohio, where James

Braden died. Among his numerous children was John, of whom further.

(II) John Braden, son of James and Margaret (Howe) Braden, was born in Enniskillen, the capital of the county of Fermanagh, Ireland, April 25, 1780, died in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 25, 1864, at the advanced age of eighty-four years. When he was nine years of age his father brought the family to the United States, and he attained man's estate on the farm near Youngstown, Ohio. The farm that his father had purchased in this locality was free from the remotest suggestion of a clearing, and the combined efforts of father and sons were directed toward removing the timber and toward beginning the cultivation of the land thus won from the forest. He enlisted in the American army in the War of 1812, became an officer, and was engaged in several conflicts with the British and their redskin allies in the vicinity of Lakes Erie and Huron. He was attached to the army commanded by William Henry Harrison, the sword that he used in that war being one of the prized and cherished possessions of his grandson, David C. Braden. The summer following the close of the war, 1815, he was married, he and his wife locating in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he farmed for the remainder of his active years. His farm was productive and fertile, well improved with sightly buildings, the farm house being spacious and comfortable, the large rooms of the old fashioned house providing ample space for the entertainment he and his wife loved so well. If one characteristic can be said to dominate a man's life and actions, hospitality can be mentioned as the one that was the controlling force of John Braden's nature. A gathering of their friends in their home was a delight unsurpassed, and their sincere, cordial welcome to any who chanced to stop in at their house made of the guest one who was anxious to repeat his visit. The same spirit that prompted his hearty reception of a friend or acquaintance led him to extend the same friendly greeting and welcome to a stranger or traveler who stopped at his gate, a guest room being at the disposal of such as readily as for a lifelong friend. Throughout his entire life John Braden lived on terms of peace and harmony with his fellowmen, no local disturbances or agitations marring the quiet tranquility of his daily walk, and to his many virtues he added the attribute of a godly, upright life, passed in the fast harbor of Christian service.

He married Catherine McEntyre, born in Hagerstown, Maryland, in September, 1791, died at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, August 13, 1879, youngest daughter of William and Margaret (Herce) McEntyre. William McEntyre came to the United States as a boy and lived on his father's farm near Hagerstown, Maryland, where he grew to maturity and where he married. When his daughter Catherine was a child, he moved to Washington county, and was in that region for about eight years, then purchasing the old Stratton farm in Chippewa township, Beaver county. About a year later, Catherine, while visiting a married sister whose home was in Washington county, joined the Methodist Episcopal Church, and for the

seventy remaining years of her life was a member of that church, devoting much of her time to its works, giving freely and unselfishly of her best to its service, and becoming known for the purity, sweetness and beauty of her life, spent ever in the service of others. Children of John and Catherine (McEntyre) Braden: 1. John D., born November 21, 1826, died in 1894; was a graduate of Washington College, class of 1851, located at Washington, Pennsylvania, and became an attorney of power and reputation in southwestern Pennsylvania; married Anna C. Ruple. 2. Alfred B., of whom further. 3. Jane, married David Mackey, and lived at Youngstown, Ohio, both deceased. 4. Elvira, married David Magaw, a prominent hotel proprietor of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, both deceased. 5. Margaret, married Ira Ransom, Sr., and lived in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, both deceased. 6. Mary, died unmarried in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, aged seventy years. 7. Nancy, married Isaiah Rhodes, a farmer, and lived in Chippewa township, later in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 8. Mahala, died unmarried in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

(III) Alfred B. Braden, son of John and Catherine (McEntyre) Braden, was born on the old homestead in what was then Chippewa township, now College Hill borough, in 1829, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1902. He passed the early part of his life on the homestead, which after his father's death was sold by the heirs of the estate to the Harmony Society, when Mr. Braden purchased a portion of the old Brittain farm in Chippewa township, where he and his family lived until 1880. In that year he came to Beaver Falls, and in partnership with his son, David C., established in the grocery business at the corner of Fourteenth street and Seventh avenue, retiring from business after two years. He was a Democrat in political faith, and with his wife was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Celina R. Boyle, born at Moravia, Pennsylvania, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of David and Rhoda (Hendrickson) Boyle. David Boyle settled early in Beaver county, purchasing a farm adjoining the Braden property in Chippewa township, the land formerly the property of the Bell family. He was a master of the blacksmith's trade, for many years maintaining a shop on the road bordering his farm. Children of David and Rhoda (Hendrickson) Boyle: 1. John, was postmaster of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, during the Civil War. 2. Andrew Jackson, for twenty-five years superintendent of a section of the Erie Canal. 3. Mary, married Crate Beal and resided in Memphis, Tennessee. 4. Henry, married a Miss Nowling and lived on a part of the homestead. 5. Sarah, married Hugh White, and her present home is in Cleveland, Ohio. 6 and 7. Daniel and Christopher, went to California at the time of the gold discoveries and made their homes in that state. 8. Eliza, married John Edwards, and lived near Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he owned a farm. 9. Celina R., of previous mention, married Alfred B. Braden. Children of Alfred B. and Celina R. (Boyle) Braden: 1. Walter Scott, born in 1851, resided in

New Brighton, where he was postmaster from 1885 until 1889; married Edith Goddard, deceased, and had four children. 2. John W., born in 1853, deceased, was a contracting painter and decorator of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; married Ella Crawford. 3. David Crockett, of whom further. 4. Elvira, died aged seventeen years. 5. Alfred Jackson, a conductor in the employ of the Nickel Plate Railroad; lives unmarried in Buffalo, New York. 6. Alfred B., Jr., died young. 7. George Washington, a roller in the mills of the American Steel Company, in Cleveland, Ohio; has been twice married; by his first marriage he has two sons, Grover C., in business in Mexico, and Charles, a resident of Duquesne, Pennsylvania; he has one son by his second wife, George Washington, Jr. 8. Emma Jane, married William T. Taylor, a farmer, and resides in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; children: Joseph R. and David C., both firemen in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad. 9. Darwin Ransom, a roller in the Colona Steel Mills. 10, 11, and 12. May, Weltha and Catherine, all died as victims of typhoid fever within the space of three months, the same disease causing the death of the brother, Alfred B.

(IV) David Crockett Braden, third son and child of Alfred B. and Celina R. (Boyle) Braden, was born on the Braden homestead, Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in the stone house now occupied by Frank Partington, March 6, 1855. He first attended the Harbison school-house, later taking up his studies in other schools in Chippewa township, and when he was twenty-one years of age traveled to southwestern Kansas, in that region taking up a claim of two hundred and sixty acres. He had been in that state but thirty days when he met with an accident that while it has to a certain extent disabled him, only put him more on his mettle to prove his worth and to succeed in life despite the handicap thus incurred. When the accident took place he and a cousin were riding upon a wagon heavily loaded with lumber, near Kinsley, Edwards county, Kansas, both carrying shot-guns. The horses drawing the load started suddenly, the jar shifted the lumber, a piece of which struck the hammer of one of the guns and discharged it, the charge lodging in Mr. Braden's arm, amputation of the wounded member following soon afterward. Mr. Braden disposed of his claim after this event and for three years, from 1876 to 1879, hunted in Kansas, New Mexico, and Indian Territory, becoming an expert shot and for a number of years holding the championship of the United States at one armed shooting. Among the game that fell before him in that time were numerous buffalo, while he was equally successful in hunting other wild game, and since that time each hunting season has found him in the field, his skill having mastered revolver, shot-gun, and rifle shooting, in all of which he is adept. For many years he was a well-known figure and his a well-known name in trap-shooting circles, his average being 93%, a degree of consistency seldom attained. While a resident of Kansas he was appointed deputy sheriff and later deputy United States marshal, positions he held for several years and to which he was appointed because of

his reputation for quickness with a weapon and for accuracy of aim, qualities essential in what the language of that locality and day called "gun play." As the incumbent of these offices he assisted in the capture of many of the law-breaking desperadoes that infested that part of the country in earlier days, menacing the life and property of travelers along the trails and roads, and when so inclined, can relate many exciting and thrilling experiences through which he passed in the performance of the duties of his offices.

Returning to his native county, during Cleveland's second administration of the office of chief executive of the United States, he was for two years a mail carrier in Beaver Falls, and for three years served as jury commissioner of Beaver county, 1903-04-05, and at the expiration of his term of office was appointed tipstaff by Judge Holt for three years. He was then appointed county detective for a like number of years. He is a Democrat in affairs of national political moment, but in local matters promises allegiance to no party or faction, taking, nevertheless, an active part and interest in the politics of his city, which he served for nineteen successive years as precinct committeeman. Mr. Braden's career has combined much of the unusual with a large degree of the spectacular, and he has conducted himself through his varied experiences with the straightforwardness of self reliant manhood, and the uprightness of a true gentleman.

This branch of the Raymer family has no American history extending further into the past than to Henry Raymer, RAYMER born in Saxony, Germany, in 1825, the first of his line to come to the American shores and to the United States, although in the Fatherland the family history is an ancient and honorable one, comprising the lives of men who held high position in the busy industrial world of that greatest of continental countries and responsible place in the service of the Emperor. The name was introduced into American life by the arrival in the United States of Henry Raymer and his two sisters, Barbara and Christina, in 1845, Henry Raymer being at that time twenty years of age. They came at once to Pittsburgh, Barbara subsequently marrying Charles Seeley, Christina, Henry Henry, both remaining in the city of Pittsburgh, where they resided at their deaths. After his marriage, Henry Raymer moved to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, settling there about 1854, and in that locality operated a cigar store and factory combined, there manufacturing the cigars that he sold in the store. He had learned the cigar-maker's trade in his native land, and while in Pittsburgh had made that his occupation. In 1861 the family residence was changed to East Liverpool, Ohio, later to Illinois for about a year, when Henry Raymer returned to Beaver county, opening a general store in Beaver Falls, which he conducted successfully until 1880, when he became a traveling salesman in



Eng. by H. G. Williams & Bro. N.Y.

Dr. Wm. Paymer

From "National Club" N.Y.

the employ of a Pittsburgh tobacco house, a business in which he continued until his death. He was a member of the Lutheran Church, his wife a communicant of the Episcopalian religion.

He married Elizabeth Clark, daughter of William Clark and widow of a Mr. Burns, a steamboat captain, operating on the Ohio river, who met his death when the boiler of a ship of which he was in command exploded. By this first marriage Elizabeth Clark was the mother of one daughter, Mary, who married W. C. Hale, of Chicago. They were residents of that city at the time of the terribly destructive fire that laid so heavy a hand upon the life and property of Chicago, and, as a volunteer nurse on the relief corps, performed such valiant and sacrificial service that she permanently impaired her health and died a year later, the victim of her own heroic spirit. Elizabeth Clark was, as has been stated, a daughter of William Clark, a descendant of an old English family among the earliest in the Virginia colony. He was a physician by profession, his practice being in the vicinity of Morefield, Virginia, and in the Revolutionary War he fought with the courage and determination of a true American for the side whose cause he believed just, and was with General Washington at Valley Forge. His plantation was a large one, and in its cultivation he employed many slaves, Elizabeth, mother of William Raymer, of this chronicle, having as her childhood nurse a colored "Mammy," than whom none was more skilled in the care of children, and whose devotion for her young mistress was as devoted and sincere as was the childish love and regard she received in return. The nearest town of any considerable size was Winchester, and it was there that the family procured their provisions and did their general marketing. William Clark, through his own generous, obliging nature, which would unhesitatingly prompt him to accept the word of a friend, in his later years lost much of his valuable property. The direct cause was the fact of his complying with the formality of going bond for a friend as a personal favor, by which procedure he was the loser by a large sum, the bill, because of the abscondence of the debtor, coming to him for settlement. William Clark was the father of but one child, Elizabeth, although by a later marriage with a Mr. Keady his widow was the mother of: 1. William, engaged in newspaper work in Kankakee, Illinois. 2. Samuel, lived in the state of New York. 3. George, a printer, in business in Kankakee, Illinois. 4. Ellen, married John K. Gardener, and lived in Washington, Pennsylvania. 5. Belle, married a Mr. Jones, and resided in Washington, Pennsylvania.

(II) William Raymer, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Clark-Burns) Raymer, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 29, 1856. His general education was obtained in the public schools of Beaver Falls, and, after his decision in favor of a medical career, he entered the Cleveland Homoeopathic Medical College, graduating in the class of 1878. In the year of his graduation he began practice in Beaver Falls, making his home with his mother, and has there been ever since engaged

in active and continuous practice. At the conclusion of thirty-five years of practice in Beaver Falls he is the possessor of a reputation of which any professional man might well be proud, for not only has he proven himself the able and competent master of the healer's art, but has become so endeared to the hearts of those whose bodily ills he treats that without the charm of his cheering presence, his remedies would lose much of their potency. Nor has it been sufficient for him to hold a place among the foremost of the county's physicians, for in the public life of the town he has dutifully borne his share of whatever of labor there was to be accomplished and for three years, from 1896 to 1898 inclusive, he served as commissioner's clerk of the county. His presence in the business world of the town is also felt, and as treasurer of the Beaver Falls Building and Loan Association he has capably guarded the finances of that organization for the past ten years. He also served as burgess for three years and gave excellent satisfaction during his term of office. Thus in no department of civic or professional life has Dr. Raymer been found wanting, and in his citizenship Beaver Falls is the possessor of a resident who reflects honor upon her in every walk of life. Dr. Raymer's political views are in sympathy with the Democratic party.

In the marriage of Dr. Raymer there was a touch of the romantic that one would not look for in the professional man of parts that he is today, his connubial relations being established by his elopement with Carrie A. Douthitt, on January 3, 1884, a native of Chippewa township, Beaver county, daughter of Shipman and Sarah C. (Power) Douthitt. Shipman Douthitt was a farmer of Chippewa township, his wife, a daughter of Major Power, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Dr. Raymer and his wife, Carrie A., are the parents of one son, Earl, born in 1885, married Leila Pretherow. Earl Raymer is an electrician of Beaver Falls, where he resides.

To trace the Jamison family even for one generation takes JAMISON the searcher from American shores to Ireland, whence came Robert J. Jamison of this sketch. Continuing the search for generations beyond, and the course of the family is followed to Scotland, where it originated, although Ireland has been its home for many years.

(I) William Jamison, born in county Armagh, is the first of this line whom this record mentions. He was a linen manufacturer, not on the wide scale that the name implies, but one who raised his own flax in the fields, cut it, put it through the processes that the Irish know so well, and finally made it into the finest, sheerest linen imaginable, all of the labor performed by hand and the aid of hand-made implements. In county Down, where they moved from county Armagh, they lived to an advanced age, both he and his wife being lifelong members of the Presbyterian

Church, strictly observing the tenets of that faith. He married, in county Armagh, Elizabeth Drake, a native of that county, who died in county Down. Children of William and Elizabeth (Drake) Jamison: 1. James, a boot and shoe manufacturer, employed a force of several men in his shop, and conducted an extensive business. 2. William, of whom further. 3. Eliza, married Andrew Cunningham, and lived in county Down, where she died. 4. John, a linen manufacturer.

(II) William (2) Jamison, son of William (1) and Elizabeth (Drake) Jamison, was born in county Down, Ireland, May 13, 1813, died there in March, 1893. He was reared in his native county and as a boy learned, with his lessons, the trade of linen making from his father, so that in his youth he was ready to take a man's place in that art, having absorbed eagerly the immense store of knowledge of the craft that his parent was only too willing to impart. He industriously followed his business, and became the proprietor of a large factory given over to the manufacture of fine linens, the delight of those able to own them, and the admiring despair of those whose reach they are beyond. His enjoyment in his prosperity was only in the increased opportunity it brought him for recreative study, a pursuit in which he found the greatest pleasure and by which he added vastly to an education that, while sound and firm, had never assumed proportions that gave him satisfaction or pleasure. His reading, while it carried him into classic realms, did not ignore contemporary writers, and there was little that transpired in his day, whether within or without literary circles, upon which he was not fully and exactly informed. His home life was admirable in the affection and devotion of each member of his family for the others, and into this circle he brought none of the vices and intemperances whose place, if such they have, is anywhere but in a home, never indulging in tobacco or narcotic stimulants of any kind. His religious faith was the Presbyterian, as it was that of his wife, and he scrupulously fulfilled all of his church duties.

He married Sarah M'Combs, born near Market Hill, county Armagh, Ireland, in 1822, died in that country in June, 1868, he surviving her a quarter of a century, daughter of Robert and Isabella (Holland) M'Combs. Both of her parents were born in county Armagh, Ireland, their deaths occurring in Banbridge, county Down, where he was the proprietor of a linen factory of size and considerable output. They were members of the Presbyterian Church; he for a time being in the military service of the land. Children of Robert and Isabella (Holland) M'Combs: 1. Agnes, married James Jamison, son of William (1) and brother of William (2) Jamison, which latter married her sister, Sarah. 2. Sarah, of previous mention, married William (2) Jamison. 3. Eliza, married Joseph Lyons, a tailor, and lived in Banbridge, county Down, Ireland. 4. Mary Jane, married a member of the Burns family, a farmer of county Down, where they lived. 5. Isabella, married John, son of William (1), brother of William (2) Jamison, the third of the Jamisons to marry a M'Combs. 6. James, a linen

weaver, lived in Banbridge, county Down. Children of William (2) and Sarah (M'Combs) Jamison: 1. William John, immigrated to the United States, and since 1878 his whereabouts have been unknown. 2. Robert James, of whom further. 3. Thomas Henry, deceased, lived in Ireland, died aged twenty-five years. 4. David, married Olive McFarland, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 5. Edwin, an employee of the Armstrong Cork Works, married Essie Cox, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 6. Mary Jane, died aged three years. 7. Sarah, married William Vandevort, deceased, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

(III) Robert James Jamison, son of William (2) and Sarah (M'Combs) Jamison, was born between Newry and Banbridge, county Down, Ireland, June 18, 1848. In his native county he attended the national schools until he was fifteen years of age. Leaving school he apprenticed himself to the bread baker's trade, serving in this capacity for five years, at the end of which time he was adjudged sufficiently skillful at his trade to work thereat independently, which he did in Banbridge, county Down, Ireland, until 1873. In that year he came to the United States, arriving in New York on May 13, proceeding immediately to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he was employed at his trade in the Hugh Ward Bakeries for two years, then going to Allegheny City, where he held a position as clerk in a grocery store until February, 1880. The following May he came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and in partnership with Joseph McFerron opened a grocery store on Second avenue, trading for four years as McFerron & Jamison until he purchased his partner's interest and moved his store to the corner of Third and Sixth avenues. In that place he continued in business until 1911, in that year rounding out twenty-seven years of continuous dealing at that place, being at the time of his retirement from the field the oldest established grocer in Beaver Falls. He did not retire at once, but accepted a position as superintendent of dormitories in Geneva College, resigning therefrom in July, 1913, since which time he has contracted no business obligations of any kind. Mr. Jamison has been a lifelong Republican, and has served on the Beaver Falls council, also two terms as a member of the school board of that place. His church is the United Presbyterian, which he has ever served faithfully, for three years officiating as superintendent of the Sunday school and for eighteen years as trustee of the church organization. Mr. Jamison well deserves the years of rest that should reward his industrious activity, and the approval that his straightforward and upright manner of life has won among his associates should bring him great satisfaction in the contemplation.

He married, February 26, 1886, Lida McFarland, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Amanda (Bryson) McFarland, both of her parents deceased. Both were of Scotch-Irish descent, he the owner of a farm. Children of Robert James and Lida (McFarland) Jamison: 1. William Alexander, married Florence Torrence, and lives in West Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 2. Lida, lives at home. 3. Alvaretta, lives at home.

4. Minnie, died in infancy.
5. Josephine, now (1914) attending high school.
6. A twin sister of Josephine, died when but a few weeks old.
7. Robert Jay, attending school.

Too ardent patriotism and too active participation in the Revolutionary disturbances in Ireland in 1798 are in all probability, the explanation of the immigration at that time to the United States of James Taylor, who was accompanied to this land by his wife, Margaret. He became a druggist in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and died while following that calling in August, 1827. He and his wife were the parents of nine sons and three daughters, and it was his desire that one of his sons, William Graham, should follow his business, and the training of the youth began at an early age. After the death of James Taylor, his widow married a second time, one of her sons by her second marriage, James B., becoming a minister of the Presbyterian faith. Two of the sons of James and Margaret Taylor, James R. and John R., were engaged in wire manufacturing and weaving in Pittsburgh, first as James R. Taylor & Company and later as Taylor & Dean, while six of their sons died in infancy.

(II) William Graham Taylor, son of James and Margaret Taylor, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1820, died September 6, 1903. He attended the common schools of the locality, later entering Jefferson Academy, at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, and in 1847 was graduated from Jefferson College, whence he enrolled in the Western Theological Seminary, graduating from the last named place in 1849. He was of an active, energetic temperament and enforced idleness between school terms had no appeal for him, in consequence of which he found employment in business houses, working in vacation time until the end of his college course. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Pittsburgh in April, 1848, and the following year was ordained as an evangelist, designing to devote himself to missionary work among feeble churches. Prior to his graduation from the Seminary the excellence of his work had attracted favorable comment and he was offered a position as assistant editor of the *Prairie Herald Publishing Company*, an offer he declined, giving as his reason the need of finishing his education. He later accepted the post and rose steadily in the organization until he was editor-in-chief. The company published two religious weeklies, and from their presses went out two dailies, one monthly and two quarterly journals, in connection with which there was maintained a book store. In addition to directing the work of these varied departments and to writing nearly all of the editorials, Mr. Taylor assisted the pastor of the Third Church, who was in exceedingly ill health. The labor involved would well have occupied several men, but Mr. Taylor, his constitution gradually weakening, bore up bravely under his myriad responsibilities until an attack of fever precipitated a general collapse, to recover from which he went to New England, there seeking rest and strength,

obtaining mental exercise by preaching in a small church. It was found, however, that the northern atmosphere and climate were unbeneficial, and had in fact an aggravating effect, and he returned to Pittsburgh, where he recovered from his malady.

Soon after his arrival in his native city he began work on church organization at Mount Washington, there establishing a strong Sunday school and laying the foundation for a vigorous and prosperous church. The membership of the Presbyterian Church at Beaver Falls had fallen to less than a third of its former figure, and Rev. Taylor was asked to take charge thereof until such time as its condition would permit of his departure. He accepted this task, indeed a grave one, and so stimulated the spiritual life of those members who had remained faithful and furnished them with so glowing an inspiration that under his leadership they were incited to fresh efforts with renewed strength, and where had been only weakness and decay a spirit of faith and growth was apparent. This work completed he was given another and, if possible, a more difficult mission, the upbuilding of the church at Tarentum. The fault here had been that jealousy, bitterness and discord had crept into the heart of the organization, nullifying the most devoted work of the pastor and so weakening the church that at length it was unable to pay for the services of a regular minister. Into such a troubled atmosphere Rev. Taylor entered. He at once discovered the real trouble, the impediment to service, and began work in enrolling the aid of the greatest malcontents, winning some by a frank accusation of their fault, shaming others by his own beautiful spirit of unselfishness into a confession of their delinquency and a plea for advice. The result of his sojourn in this place was that an unknown era of prosperity and progress appeared, and that, not only independent itself, the church supported a mission in the outlying country.

In May, 1861, he went to the Mount Carmel Church, Beaver county, a church that for twenty years had been unable to support a minister even on half time, and there accomplished the same miracle of rejuvenation. His methods would probably have failed had they been adopted by one of less strong personality, less spiritual strength, or less faith in the sustaining power that comes from above. As an organizer in church work he stood without a peer, his efficiency being not only in his own limitless capacity for hard and strenuous effort, but in his ability to enlist the interest, sympathy and support of those in a position to grant him needed aid.

He was called to a noble work in the organization of the Phillipsburg Soldiers' Orphans School, of which he was appointed president, manager and superintendent. The difficulty in getting a work of this kind under way will be vaguely realized when it is stated that the organization, such as it was, possessed neither site nor buildings, finances nor support. Despite these almost unsurmountable obstacles Mr. Taylor set himself resolutely to the task, secured a location, erected suitable buildings, and established a temporary routine, donating to the project fifty thousand dollars from his

private purse. This much accomplished, the next difficulty was the scarcity of teachers and matrons competent to be placed in positions where they would have in their power the sacred trust of shaping and moulding the young lives all about them so that the product of the school might be Christian men and women. The great undertaking was at last achieved and Mr. Taylor was connected with this school, enjoying the benefits of his labor until it was destroyed by fire in 1876, when, for reasons known only to the trustees, it was decided to discontinue its existence.

Mr. Taylor had deep feelings on the subjects of slavery and Civil War, and during the terrible conflict between the North and South was an indefatigable worker in "The Christian Commission," both at home and at the front. Twice during the war he went to the scene of action for service, the first time being taken ill after a few months, the last time remaining with the army for a longer period. He was in charge of the work of the commission in Beaver county, and turned over to the central organization sums so large that the statistics of Dr. Boardman, United States secretary, showed that Beaver was the banner county of the United States in the amount raised in proportion to the population. To any project possessing possibilities of real benefit to his locality he lent his sturdy support, many an enterprise being accorded a generous welcome because his name was mentioned as one of its backers. He was one of the seven organizers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society, and was prominently identified with the establishment of the Beaver Female Seminary (now college), and was, with Professor Bliss, the first to publicly advocate the necessity for a county superintendent of public schools, conducting the first Teachers' Institute for the Hon. Thomas Nicholson, county superintendent. When the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad proposed passing their line through that vicinity he was energetic in disseminating knowledge and information concerning its benefits, and in securing right-of-way and stock subscriptions. He was also one of the promoters of the street railway from Freedom to Beaver, and at the time of the Beaver County Centennial Celebration was one of the vice-presidents of the celebration committee.

When relieved of his duties in connection with the Orphans' School Mr. Taylor engaged in the real estate business in Beaver county, also investing in property in other sections of the country, being particularly successful in both. In 1897 he moved to Beaver, Pennsylvania, and there lived until his death. The words of Dr. O. S. Fowler, a close personal friend of Mr. Taylor, well voice the opinion of many who knew him as a minister, a friend, and a man:

He had one of the best organizations, heads, and temperaments that come under hand; his intellectual faculties were uncommonly clear, cogent, forcible and powerful, reasoning clearly and right to the point, making deep thought so plain that even the unlettered think them simple truths. He was preeminently adapted to reason on moral and religious subjects; he was a natural theologian, minister, Sabbath school and Bible class teacher, and expounder of moral truth, and is peculiarly happy in illustration, and a natural teacher of the young. His strongest sentiments were

justice, benevolence and the controlling power of conscience; he was not a natural bargain driver, but capable of prompt and instant comprehension and action in business matters of any kind, and it was natural for him to succeed. He was a good judge of human nature and knew just how to take men; he could lay plans and think for others, could attend to a great variety of business at one time, in short order and without confusion. He valued money for its use and not for its wealth, and he succeeded in any missionary or benevolent enterprise.

Mr. Taylor married Charlotte Thompson, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in 1823, died in 1906, daughter of Hugh Thompson. Their children: 1. Margaret, married Nathaniel C. Martin, deceased; lives at St. Paul, Minnesota. 2. Charlotte Elizabeth, married, in 1893, Thomas L. Kerr. 3. James W., unmarried, lives retired in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 4. Ellen S., married W. J. Stewart; resides in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 5. John Thompson, of whom further. 6. Harvey Jones, married Esther L. Potter; resides in Monaca, where he follows his trade of carpenter.

(III) John Thompson Taylor, son of William Graham and Charlotte (Thompson) Taylor, was born at Tarentum, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1858, his parents moving to Beaver in his infancy. The family home was later in Monaca, where he attended the public schools, later becoming a student in Elder's Ridge Academy and then Jefferson Academy at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania. Completing his studies he returned to Monaca and entered the real estate business with his father, gradually having placed upon him additional responsibility until he was in practical management of all of their affairs, a business he continued until 1900. In the latter year he organized the Beaver Valley Water Company, purchasing the mains and equipment of the different independent companies supplying the towns of the lower Beaver River Valley, merging all into the one organization with the following officers: James F. Grimes, president, R. R. Quay, vice-president, John T. Taylor, secretary, treasurer and general manager. This organization continues in flourishing and successful operation until the present time, the offices of the company being in the Masonic Building in Beaver Falls. Mr. Taylor is one of the leading business men of the locality, and is president of the Citizens' National Bank of Monaca, holding the same position in the Cammar Building and Loan Association of that place. His worth as a man of general affairs has been recognized by his associates, and in 1903 he was the successful Republican candidate for state legislature from his district. Mr. Taylor was a member of the centennial celebration committee at Beaver county's one hundredth birthday, and had charge of the great parade that ended the four days of festivity in which Beaver county honored her founders and those who had contributed to her greatness. Mr. Taylor's fraternal affiliations are with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, and the Masonic Order, in which he belongs to Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Rochester Chapter, No. 167, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar; Pittsburgh Consistory, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the

Mystic Shrine. Mr. Taylor is a member of the Manufacturers' Association of Beaver county.

Mr. Taylor married, November 17, 1881, Ida M. McDonald, born at Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, daughter of David A. and Mary McDonald, both deceased, her father captain of a river steamer. John Thompson and Ida M. (McDonald) Taylor are the parents of: 1. Jean, married James H. Duff, an attorney of Pittsburgh, and lives in Carnegie, Pennsylvania. 2. Vera, married George B. Galey, an oil and gas operator and producer, and resides in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 3. William G., associated in business with his father, lives at home. 4. Ida M., married Daniel M. Reissinger, teller of the First National Bank of Beaver, Pennsylvania. Mr. Taylor and family are members of the First Presbyterian Church, and he is a member of the board of trustees of that body.

Like so many Pennsylvania families, that of Lutton traces
LUTTON its ancestry to Ireland, the garden spot of the British Isles,
where for generations those of the name have lived, follow-
ing, in the main, agricultural pursuits.

(I) From this country, where he was born, came William Lutton, the American ancestor of the Pennsylvania branch of the name, settling at Moravia, Pennsylvania, becoming the owner of a vast tract of land in which is included the present site of the above mentioned town, although at that time the nearest settlement was New Castle. He cleared a part of this, enough to comprise a fair sized farm, and cultivated it, opening a hotel on the place, and also operating a small distillery. Soon after the completion of the canal he retired from business and moved to New Castle, Pennsylvania, where he died. He was a soldier in the American army and was at Erie when Commodore Perry was constructing and equipping the fleet with which he afterward won the battle of Lake Erie. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church. By the first of his two marriages he was the father of: Hannah, died in Illinois, unmarried; Jacob, a farmer, died in Illinois; Charles, a farmer of Illinois, where he died; Rachel, married Oliver Hazen, and died near Big Meadow, Pennsylvania; Mary, married Levi Hazen, and died in the same locality as her sister; John P., of whom further; William, a contractor, died in New Castle, Pennsylvania.

(II) John P. Lutton, son of William Lutton, was born in what was then Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, and died there about 1886. In his boyhood he attended school in that locality, and as a young man learned the plasterer's trade, giving this up in a short time in favor of farming. He bought one hundred acres of the homestead, and cultivated this until his death, meeting with a goodly share of success in his agricultural operations. At the time of the Civil War he presented himself at the recruiting office in the neighborhood to enlist in the Union army, his services being

refused because of the weakness of his frame, so that he was unable to play his part at the front in the four terrible years that followed. Deprived of this dangerous privilege he performed well that which remained for him to do, and in contributing generously to the support and maintenance of the families of those who left their homes to take active part in the war. Mr. Lutton was a Republican in politics, and on the several occasions that he was elected to township offices by the votes of his many friends he proved a highly acceptable officer, each detail of his duties receiving his serious and undivided attention. With his wife he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He married Nancy, daughter of James and Mary (Gaston) Warnock, born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, where she died. James Warnock was born in Ireland, and when he had but attained his majority crossed the ocean from his native land, settling in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there marrying, the parents of his bride having moved to that region several years previous, although her birthplace was in Washington county, Pennsylvania. He owned a farm near Big Meadows, on which he died, aged sixty years; his wife died in the same place, having survived him and lived to the age of eighty-six years. So well had he prospered that in addition to the land on which he lived and where his family was reared, he held title to three other valuable farms, which his wife and children inherited at his death. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church, and for a long time he officiated in that district as justice of the peace. Children of James and Mary (Gaston) Warnock: John, a farmer, died at Dayton, Ohio; William, a plumber, died in New Castle, Pennsylvania; Sarah, married James Baldwin, and died on the old homestead; Margaret, married Lyle Miller and died in Big Meadows, Pennsylvania; Anna, married William White, and died at Mercer, Pennsylvania; Mary, married William Echols, and died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Nancy, of previous mention, married John P. Lutton; a daughter, married William Karnes, and died in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania; Jane, married John Mains, and died in Mercer county, Pennsylvania. Children of John P. and Nancy (Warnock) Lutton: Leander W., died at New Castle, Pennsylvania, December 13, 1913; Edward, a plasterer, died on the old homestead; Lyle S., of whom further; Oscar, a brick-layer, lives at Walla Walla, Washington; Mary, died aged eight years; Frank, died aged five years; Aaron, of whom further; Elizabeth, married William Graham, and lives in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

(III) Lyle S. Lutton, son of John P. and Nancy (Warnock) Lutton, was born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, November 2, 1851. In the schools of that county he obtained his early education, and when a young man learned the plasterer's trade. He did not long continue as a journeyman at that trade, but soon began contracting, continuing in this line in New Castle for about five years. In 1885 he moved his scene of operations to Beaver Falls, his field extending throughout the Beaver and Ohio valleys



L. D. Luntton

and to the districts beyond Pittsburgh, quite eclipsing anything in that line that he had before attempted. He employed numerous gangs of men, owned many teams, and continued in successful and lucrative business until 1897. In that year, having first completed an undertaking course in Pittsburgh, he opened an undertaking and livery establishment at No. 714 Eleventh street, where he continues in business at the present time (1914). There are from twenty to thirty horses constantly housed in his stables, one of the most important departments of his business being the rental of cabs for funerals. His equipages are modern, well-kept, and of good appearance, while his horses are of the best, the excellence of his service having earned him a reputation in that region that competitors might well envy. His only other business association is as director of the Columbia Building and Loan Association, a position he has held for the eighteen years that have elapsed since the organization of that company. His political sympathies are strongly Republican, and for three terms he was a member of the Beaver Falls council. His memberships are in the Woodmen of the World, the Protected Home Circle, the American Insurance Union, the Royal Arcanum, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and he belongs to the Tamaqua Club. Both he and his wife are communicants of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Lutton married (first) in 1881, Kate E. McCready, born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Samuel McCready; she died in November, 1900. He married (second) Edith E. Merriman, born in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, daughter of William Merriman, his second marriage being solemnized in 1906. Children, both of first marriage: George, associated in business with his father, married Anna Strub, and has one son, Lyle S.; Ruth, died in infancy.

(III) Aaron Lutton, son of John P. and Nancy (Warnock) Lutton, was born on the homestead farm in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1863. He pursued his studies in the public schools, and as soon as he had finished apprenticed himself to the plasterer's trade, serving the time required to become master of that art, and in 1885 came to Beaver Falls. Here he was admitted to a partnership in his brothers contracting business, the firm dealing as Lutton Brothers, the association continuing until 1900, when the senior partner of the firm withdrew therefrom and entered the undertaking and livery business. Mr. Lutton has since conducted the business independently, and under his judicious management the name Lutton has lost none of its prestige in contracting circles, dependability and fair-dealing being still the distinguishing features of all of his transactions. His business extends through the entire Pittsburgh district, gaining especially large volume in Wilmerding and Homestead, Pennsylvania. Mr. Lutton is a Republican in politics, and with his wife holds membership in the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married, in 1897, Martha Charlotta Lawrence, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Andrew Johnston and Catharine (Huffman) Lawrence.

(The Lawrence Line.)

(I) The first of the Lawrence line in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, was Samuel and his wife, Mary. Both lived and died in that region, he being the cashier of the first bank opened in the county, the ancestors of the family claiming Irish descent.

(II) Joseph Lawrence, son of Samuel and Mary Lawrence, was born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, in 1803, died in South Beaver township, same county, April 20, 1874. Just prior to his marriage he purchased a farm three miles south of Darlington, in South Beaver township, one hundred acres in extent, cleared the greater part of this tract, and erected thereon temporary buildings so that he might have a home to which to bring his bride, later replacing these structures with substantial frame buildings. In this place both he and his wife died, members of the Presbyterian Church. He married (first) Martha, born in South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died there May 11, 1844, daughter of Andrew Johnston. Andrew Johnston and his wife were born in Ireland, and early in their married life immigrated to the United States, settling in South Beaver township, in which place he became the owner of considerable land and was known as one of the wealthy members of the community. His death occurred about 1843, his sons and daughters who survived him inheriting his possessions. He and his wife were the parents of nine children, six sons and three daughters. After the death of his first wife, Joseph Lawrence married (second) Nancy Glass, who survived him. Children of first marriage of Joseph Lawrence: Samuel, died aged sixteen years; Mary, married Thomas Crofts, and died near East Liverpool, Columbiana county, Ohio; Andrew Johnston, of whom further; Sarah Maria, married John G. Hunter, and lives in Beaver Falls. Children of second marriage of Joseph Lawrence: Louisa, married Scott Groscross, and died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Martha, married J. Wilson McMiller, and lives on the old homestead.

(III) Andrew Johnston Lawrence, son of Joseph and Martha (Johnston) Lawrence, was born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1837, died August 26, 1898. His early life was spent as a farmer, the home acres being the scene of his activities for several years before his entrance into public life, Beaver becoming his home when he was elected to the office of clerk of courts, which he held for six years. His political party had ever been the Republican, and it was the support of this party, whose candidate he was, that placed him in a seat in the state legislature in 1896. He had held this position for only two years when his death left his place vacant and cut short his career as a public servant, which had given full promise of being a long and useful one. As a law-maker he had shown himself to be decisively and immovably fixed in support of the right, and he backed no bills or measures that he did not believe had the power of benefiting the state and its people. He familiarized himself with all proposed legislation, lest ignorance might lead him into a false step, and strove in every way to

fulfill the expectations of those who had placed him in that deliberative assembly. He was secretary of the Beaver County Mutual Insurance Company, a member of Masonic Lodge, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Knights of Pythias. With his wife he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, she being one of the foremost workers in the various ladies' organizations of that church. Although he was of suitable age for enlistment in the army at the time of the Civil War, he was refused admission to the ranks because of his poor health, which would have given way under the strain and stress of active campaigning.

He married Catharine Huffman, born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1836, died May 11, 1912, daughter of George and Charlotta (Fulks) Huffman. George Huffman was born on the high seas en route to the United States from Germany, and until he was ten years of age lived in Washington county, Pennsylvania, being then brought to Beaver county by his parents, where he grew to maturity. He became in later life a prosperous farmer, owning three farms, including the one on which he resided. He married Charlotta, daughter of George Fulks, who as a boy was kidnapped by the Indians, being at the time with his parents in a sugar camp, gathering the sap from the trees and preparing it at the camp. Fortunately, he was of sufficient age to retain clear ideas of his home and people, and ever cherished hopes and thoughts of escape. A favorable opportunity did not come until he had become a young man, when he eluded his savage captors and made his way to his own people, settling near Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, becoming the owner of about four hundred acres of land. This he cleared, cultivated and improved, marrying and rearing a family of several children. Children of George and Charlotta (Fulks) Huffman: 1. Presley, moved to Missouri, became a farmer, and there died. 2. Henry, a farmer, died at Clarkson, Ohio. 3. Alfred, a farmer of Homewood, Pennsylvania, where he died. 4. Adeline, married Dr. A. D. Myers, deceased, and lives in Davenport, Iowa, the only surviving member of her generation of the direct Huffman line. 5. Catharine, of previous mention, married Andrew Johnston Lawrence. 6. Lycurgus, a farmer, lived until he had reached an advanced age in East Palestine, Ohio, died in Beaver, Pennsylvania. Children of Andrew Johnston and Catharine (Huffman) Lawrence: 1. William E., formerly a druggist of Beaver, now lives on a farm near Wampum, Pennsylvania; married Myra E. McCaslin, of New Castle, Pennsylvania, and has two children, George V. and Martha Esther. 2. Joseph W., a tinner and contractor of Beaver, Pennsylvania; married Nettie Reed, of the same place, and has two daughters, Kathryne Reed and Ruth Alene. 3. Martha Charlotta, of previous mention, married Aaron Lutton.

MOORE This name is common in the United States, in Pennsylvania as well as in other parts of the country. Both in America and abroad, many of this name have attained distinction. The

present family is of the Scotch stock, so important an element in the population of this state. Several of the counties of Pennsylvania were largely settled by this people, and Ohio received many of the same race.

(I) James Moore, born in Scotland, was a young child when he came to this country with his parents, who settled in Ohio, where he grew up. He was a cabinetmaker by trade, and some of the tools he used are still in the possession of his grandchildren. He lived in Martin's Ferry, Belmont county, Ohio, and in his early life he was part owner of a woolen mill. He was also a stairbuilder, but his main occupation was cabinet-making. He and his wife were devout Methodists, and very active in church work. Both died in Martin's Ferry after they had reared five sons and two daughters. He married Rachel Turner, who was born in England.

(II) William Henry Moore, son of James and Rachel (Turner) Moore, was born in Martin's Ferry, Belmont county, Ohio, April 23, 1839, and early learned the carpenter's trade under the able supervision and tuition of his father. It was not many years before he had risen to an enviable position as a building contractor, and many of the most imposing buildings in Martin's Ferry are of his construction. He is an ardent and very consistent supporter of the Republican party, has taken an active part in local politics, and has held office as city marshal and as deputy sheriff. He was brought up in the Methodist faith, but later joined the Baptist Church, in whose interests he is still active. Physically he is of frail build, but his mentality is as vigorous as ever. Mr. Moore married Genevieve Clark, born in Martin's Ferry, Ohio, December 29, 1842. She was the only child of — and — (West) Clark, both born in Martin's Ferry, where her father was a stone mason. By a previous marriage Mrs. Clark had two sons: F. Henry West, a self-made man, who went to the South as a poor boy, was for many years president of the Southern Lumbermen's Exchange at New Orleans, Louisiana, was an officer in the Civil War in the Southern Army, and died at Natchez, Mississippi; John West, known as "Bud," was a cooper by trade and lived in Bellaire, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Moore had children: Howard A., see forward; Nettie, married W. D. Reed, a photographer, and lives in Martin's Ferry, Ohio; Jessie, married John Holbrook, manager of a glass factory at Byesville, Ohio; Annie, married John M. Crisswell, a Baptist minister, and lives at Philippi, West Virginia; Margaret, married Edgar Fell, a heater at a sheet mill, and lives at Martin's Ferry, Ohio; James A., a sewing machine agent, lives at Patterson Heights, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Homer, has a grocery store in Martin's Ferry, Ohio.

(III) Howard A. Moore, son of William Henry and Genevieve (Clark) Moore, was born in Martin's Ferry, Belmont county, Ohio, December 2, 1863. He acquired his education in the Central public school in his native town, and was but a young lad when he commenced to work in a rolling mill, later becoming a steel sheet roller in the mills. In 1886 he came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and when the mills were destroyed

by fire in 1888, Mr. Moore was severely burned, being obliged to remain in bed for four months. He then entered the employment of the Globe Printing Company as a traveling salesman, continued in this position three years, and for the next three years was in the employ of T. L. Hanly, a produce dealer. Four years were then spent as a traveling salesman for Norton & Co., a spring wheat flour company of Chicago, and in 1902 he established the Premier Extract Company, which has its headquarters at No. 816 Tenth street, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. While a very young man he worked for two years as a drug clerk, and during this time had commenced experimenting in the manufacture of a vanilla extract, which took him some time to bring to the point of excellence which he desired. He has now built up an extensive business, resting upon a strong and solid financial basis. He is also manager of the Premier Cider & Vinegar Company of Beaver Falls. He has taken an active part in the interests of the Republican party, and has held the following public offices: A member of the common council of Beaver Falls; member of the school board six years; member of the Carnegie Library Board three years. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. His fraternal affiliations are as follows: Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Woodmen of the World, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Modern Woodmen of America, Knights of Malta, and charter member of Tamaqua Club and Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Moore married, October 2, 1886, Margaret E., born in Martin's Ferry, Ohio, a daughter of James Dorsey, a stone mason, and who was very young when she lost her father and mother. Child: Mayme G., born April 23, 1888; married July 5, 1913, Edwin R. Boots, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

As agriculturists, soldiers, manufacturers, and dental surgeons,
COOK the Cook family has been connected with Beaver county life and affairs in three generations.

(I) James Cook was the first of the line herein recorded to come to America, leaving his home-land when a young man to set sail for the United States. Arriving on what were to him alien shores, he made his way inland, locating at Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. A descendant of a family of farmers, that was his natural choice of occupation, and the remainder of his life was spent in its pursuits on land he purchased soon after coming to the locality. He married and was the parent of several children.

(II) Thomas Cook, son of James Cook, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1845. His early life was spent in that county and it was here that he obtained his education. At the outbreak of the Civil War he made haste to enlist in the Union forces in Company D, One Hundredth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, known to the rest of the

army as the "Round Head" regiment, although he was obliged to conceal his real age from the recruiting officer. His regiment saw hard service throughout the entire war and he was in its engagement up to the battle of Chantilly, Virginia. In this battle, in which General "Phil" Kearny was killed, he was severely wounded and was in the hospital at Point Lookout, Maryland, until he received his honorable discharge. Returning from the front he apprenticed himself to the blacksmith's trade, and in 1865 had mastered all of its departments. He then established a shop at Darlington and there worked at his trade and manufactured carriages until 1889, when he changed his place of business to Beaver Falls and there continued in the same line of business. Mr. Cook is a Republican and an ardent supporter of all his party's principles. He is a member of Beaver Falls Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons, of Beaver Falls. He also holds membership in the Union Veteran Legion, No. 4, of Beaver Falls, of which he is past colonel. He married Margaret Duff, by which marriage he had the following children: William S., Frank N., Lillie D.

(III) Dr. William S. Cook, son of Thomas and Margaret (Duff) Cook, was born in Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 31, 1868. In his youth he attended the Greensburg Academy, one of the oldest institutions of learning in the county, established in Darlington in 1802, whence he was graduated June 11, 1886. After his graduation he taught school for a period of three years, and then decided to engage in the study of dentistry. Accordingly, in 1889, he entered the Philadelphia Dental College and after completing his course in a brilliant manner was graduated D. D. S., February 26, 1891. He made Beaver Falls the scene of his first practice and there his efforts have met with such favorable reception that he still continues in that place, constantly employed in meeting the requirements of his large practice. He is a member of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio, one of the most influential of that organization. A writer of talent, his deep study of various phases of his profession has provided him with the material for scientific papers of great instructive merit, while his carefully worded phrases and well turned sentences lend to his treatises no small literary value. Several of these he has read before the Odontological Society, among them "The Cleft Palate," and "The Repair of the Cleft Palate by Means of the Obturator." Because of his father's active service in the Union cause, he is eligible to and holds membership in the Sons of Veterans, of which he was vice-commander in 1912, and is at present past commander, a position to which he was elevated by vote of the society on January 1, 1913. An ardent automobilist, Dr. Cook is president of the Beaver Valley Motor Club and the promoter of many of the enterprises of that organization. He is a strong believer in Republican principles, and as representative of that party has served six years on the Beaver Falls council, officiating for three years of that time as president of that body, now serving on the good roads com-

mittee as chairman. He married, December 27, 1893, Jane E. Anderson, and he and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian Church.

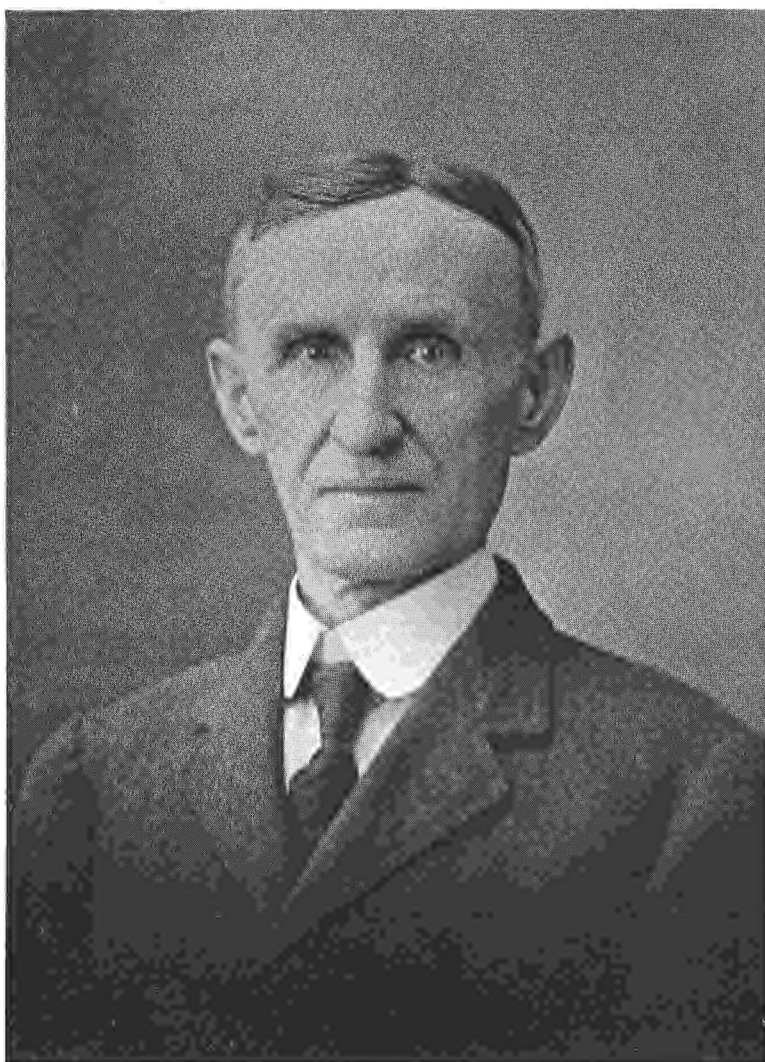
Although it is not the pleasantest of tasks to even partially review one period of Scottish history, perhaps one of the most unfortunate and unhappy in the history of that land, which is replete with tales of bloodshed and strife, to get one of the first connections between the Hamiltons of Pennsylvania and the old Scotch stock, such mention is necessary. When, in 1542, John Knox, a priest of the Roman Catholic Church, threw off allegiance to the Pope and declared himself a Protestant, he found but few sympathizers in his countrymen. Few, indeed, but among that few were several, who in faith, courage and fortitude were the equals of their bold leader. Such an one was Robert Hamilton, from whom descends the family herein chronicled, and although John Knox suffered the miseries of imprisonment in French galleys, the humiliation of ostracism, and the persecution of his former associates, his fate was kind in comparison to that found by Robert Hamilton, who was bound to a stake, and, bravely and heroically, with a courage seldom equalled in mortals, held true to the course he had mapped out for himself, while the flames of fire crept up around his tortured body, and he was burned to death. In that dreadful deed there was added another to the list of Christian martyrs, already over-long and in his death there was much of the sublime holiness that had attended the last hours of many who had died in the cause of Christianity, beginning with Him who had suffered in the shadows of Golgotha.

(I) In direct descent from the Robert Hamilton mentioned above was another Robert, born in county Down, Ireland, whither the Hamiltons had fled to escape the fate of Robert. When Robert Hamilton was but a young man he came to Scotts Valley, Blair county, Pennsylvania, and in 1801 he purchased land in Pleasant Valley, prospered, and at his death was a farmer and land-owner of means. Throughout his entire life he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, dying in that faith in 1849. He married Nancy Smith, of Scotch descent, a native of Scotts Valley, Blair county, Pennsylvania. Children of Robert and Nancy (Smith) Hamilton: 1. Polly, married James Hutchinson, a farmer, and died in Altoona, Pennsylvania. 2. Robert, met an accidental death in infancy; the family was going to church on the Sabbath, riding horse-back, as was the custom, for the church was some distance from the homestead, and Mrs. Hamilton was holding her youngest child in her arms; the horse, suddenly terrified by an unusual sound, gave a quick spring to one side, throwing the mother and her precious burden to the ground; although the mother's physical injuries were slight, the fall killed the infant. 3. James, of whom further. 4. Jonathan, married and spent his entire life on the old homestead, rearing a large family. 5. John, a farmer and coal operator, lived in Altoona, and there died. 6. Robert, died on a farm near Duncansville, Pennsylvania. 7. Sarah Ann, died unmarried.

8. James S., a farmer all of his active life, died in Youngstown, Ohio, 1912, having attained the advanced age of ninety-six years. 9. Nancy Jane, married Gabriel Thomas, said to have been the first physician located in Altoona, Pennsylvania. Robert and Nancy Hamilton were also the parents of two children who died in infancy, unnamed.

(II) James Hamilton, third child and second son of Robert and Nancy (Smith) Hamilton, was born in Scotts Valley, Blair county, Pennsylvania, November 7, 1807, died November 11, 1893. He spent his youthful life in that locality, attending the common schools, and when he had attained his majority took up the management of one of his father's numerous farms, of which he became the possessor, finally selling that property and buying a farm five hundred acres in extent in Stone Valley, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. This he later disposed of during the Civil War, purchasing as his home land on Shavers Creek. His political affiliation was first with the Whig, later the "Know-Nothing," and finally the Republican party. His religious faith was that of his father, Presbyterian, and of this church he was for a long term of years an elder, contributing generously to the fund for the erection of a church of that denomination at Unity, Pennsylvania. Nor did he confine his services to the church to his subscriptions, but in all of its varied activities took an actively interested part, well deserving the title of "pillar."

He married Ann Elizabeth Cadwallader, born in Birmingham, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1810, died March 19, 1885, daughter of Joseph and Mary Jane (Law) Cadwallader. The Cadwallader family has an interesting history, the line herein mentioned descending in a direct line from Welsh royalty of the name, ruling prior to the Norman invasion in 1066 A. D. The American representative of the family who took part in the Revolutionary War was General John Cadwallader, who, according to history, was one of the principals in a duel in which General Conway was the other combatant. His grandson, Joseph Cadwallader, came to Birmingham, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, from his home in Bucks county, to assist his two older brothers, John and Charles Cadwallader, in making an original survey of that region for the state, in whose employ they were surveyors, all the records of that nature of that time containing their names as representatives of the state. Joseph Cadwallader was a member of the Society of Friends, as was his wife, and they were married according to the ceremony of that sect at Bristol, Bucks county, Pennsylvania. After the execution of his brothers' commission in regard to the surveying of that locality he became a tavern-keeper on Allegheny mountain, near the present site of the city of Altoona, later moving to Clearfield county, where he was the proprietor of a flour mill and where he died. Joseph and Mary Jane (Law) Cadwallader were buried in Sinking Valley, Blair county, Pennsylvania: Their children: 1. Ann Elizabeth, of previous mention, married James Hamilton. 2. Emily, died unmarried. 3. Mary, twin of Emily, married Valentine Gerhart, and died in Clearfield county,



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Pennsylvania. 4. Maxwell, a miller in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania. 5. Deborah, died unmarried. 6. Margaret, married David Nelson, and lived in Phillipsburg, Pennsylvania. 7. Thomas Mifflin, for a long time a resident of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died in Akron, Ohio. 8. Maria, still living at the present time (1913) aged ninety years. Children of James and Ann Elizabeth (Cadwallader) Hamilton: 1. Nancy Catherine, died in February, 1912; married (first) John Brown, (second) Thompson Hardy, and at the time of her death was residing in El Paso, Illinois. 2. Joseph Newton, a farmer of Mifflin county, Pennsylvania, at the time of his death, in 1910, living retired in Lewistown. 3. Robert M., a mill employee, met an accidental death in January, 1860. 4. A son, died in infancy. 5. Anna Mary, died in 1879; married William Thompson, and lived on Warrior's Ridge, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. 6. John Calvin, a retired real estate dealer and stock broker, lives in Indianapolis, Indiana. 7. James Crawford McKinney, of whom further. 8. Sarah Matilda, married Franklin Johnson, deceased; lives in Omaha, Nebraska. 9. Margaret, died in infancy. 10. Thomas C., died in boyhood.

(III) Dr. James Crawford McKinney Hamilton, seventh child and fifth son of James and Ann Elizabeth (Cadwallader) Hamilton, was born where the city of Altoona now stands, in Huntingdon (now Blair) county, Pennsylvania, March 26, 1845. He began his education when he was but four years of age, attending a school at Bear Furnace, later when he was seven years of age, enrolling in the Hamilton district school, near Altoona. When he was eight years old the family moved to the Stone Valley farm, making the trip in wagons, James C. M. helping to drive the stock. Although he was but eight years of age at the time, he recalls the journey vividly and in detail, his own boyish part remaining particularly fresh in his memory. In this new locality he completed his studies, attending the West school in Stone Valley until 1858, from that time until the outbreak of active hostilities between the north and the south assisting his father in the many farm duties. When the Civil War began he enlisted in Captain S. S. Hewitt's independent company of cavalry, his enlistment beginning September 21, 1861, the company, when it reported for duty at Camp Curtin, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, being transferred from the cavalry to the infantry, becoming Company D, One Hundred and Tenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers. On January 1, 1862, the company was ordered to proceed to Hagerstown, Maryland, and in that place was caught in the midst of a troublesome riot, later reporting to General Lander and under his command was engaged in the battle of Hancock, Virginia. That began his active service and from that time until the close of the war he was always present at the roll-call of his company, with the exception of a period of time spent in the hospital, recovering from wounds received in battle. On his seventeenth birthday he received his first promotion, being made seventh corporal, not, to be sure, a very elevated position, but still one that brought a large share of joy to his youthful heart. In the second battle of Bull

Run he was twice wounded on the night of August 30, 1862, in the cheek by a rifle shot and in the body by a cannon ball. These injuries made it impossible for him to leave the hospital before November 7th, of that year, when he rejoined his regiment in the field. At the battle of Boydon's Plank Road his courage and gallant conduct was so conspicuous that he was promoted on the field, receiving his commission and captain's stripes on December 18, 1864, being placed in command of Company C, One Hundred and Tenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. In the campaign of 1862 he was with the army in Virginia, and from August 18 to August 30, 1863, his company was in action every day, under the command of General Pope. In the historical charge of Pickett's men at the battle of Gettysburg he was wounded in the side. He was also hit at the battle of Fort Hell (Sedgwick), and still has the bullet that made the wound. The force of the ball had been almost spent, and when it struck him on the shoulder hurled him to the ground. In all the battles of the Wilderness he was engaged, most of the time being under fire that it was exceedingly difficult to return. In the grand review of the army at Washington at the close of the war he commanded the first platoon in his division, and was mustered out of the United States service on June 29, 1865. In all of his military record there was nothing but what could bring to his mind anything but pride at the remembrance. Proven under fire in the sight of his men, he bore their hearty good-will and respect. It has been said of the famous general, Hannibal, of Carthage, one of the greatest military geniuses that the ancient time produced, that he never said to his men, "Go," his command always being "Come." This is a soldierly trait that also characterized the conduct of Captain Hamilton. If there was a position dangerously exposed, if the opportunities for a speedy retreat if the battle went unfavorably were few, if the artillery support was poor or lacking, there was no place of security for him that could not be shared by his men, and in the thickest of the fight he was ever at their side, reassuring them and exhorting them to fresh efforts. He found no safety for himself in his rank and for this manly trait was accorded the sincerest admiration of the regiment, to whom his gallant conduct was best known.

At the close of the war he returned to his father's farm, but after a year spent thereon found that the rigors of military life had so sapped his vitality that he was quite unfitted for any strenuous physical exertion. His succession to his father's estate had been his only plan of life work, but finding labor of that kind impossible he began to plan for a profession and accordingly began to study dentistry under the preceptorship of Dr. E. J. Green, with whom he remained for several years. After mastering this profession, in 1871, he began practice in Tyrone, Pennsylvania, in partnership with Dr. Logan, a connection that continued with mutual benefit, satisfaction and pleasure until 1873, when on account of illness Dr. Logan retired and Dr. Hamilton established alone. From that year until 1895 he was active in his profession, enjoying a lucrative practice of wide dimen-

sions, and he made permanent patrons by the excellence of his work and the capable, careful manner in which it was performed. While a resident of Tyrone, Dr. Hamilton did not confine his relation to the life of the town to his office hours and the practice of his profession, but is remembered as one of the organizers of the electric light company which at the present time supplies the local electric illumination, and also as a member of the council was instrumental in securing the passage of many ordinances that have proved their worth in directing and inducing the growth of the town along beneficial lines. In 1904 Dr. Hamilton located in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there began the practice of the profession he had previously followed for nearly a quarter of a century, and since that time has gained a large share of popularity, his office always being the busy scene of those who require his ministering attentions in either preventative or curative capacity.

Aside from the many and varied pursuits that at different times have claimed liberal shares of his time and attention, he has been able to devote himself in a small degree to literary work, an art in which he has shown much native talent. Ever an absorbed student, he has read all of the best classic models of the language, and with this master-key to the works of the writers of fame has produced several works of merit. He is at his best in the short story field, said to be one of the most difficult forms of literary composition, poetry not excepted, and in 1911 he published a volume called the "Golden Key," many of which would compare favorably with the products of the pens of contemporary writers of note. Another of his books, "The New School Mistress," is soon to be published. In addition to his longer works, he has written the words for many songs, and in some cases has composed both the words and the music, musical ability being another of his many distinguished accomplishments. His literary work is characterized by the purity of its diction, the sympathy of expression, the smoothness of its structure, and an excellent choice of words. Mechanically, it would be difficult to improve upon, and in all his stories Mr. Hamilton has so intricately woven a deep knowledge of human nature, men and men's motives, that each makes an individual appeal, his compositions being free from the curse of sameness. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Post No. 164, and belongs to the Presbyterian Church, the religion of his family for generations. At first a Republican in politics, he now allies himself with the recently formed Washington party, in whose principles he is a sturdy believer.

Dr. Hamilton married, December 17, 1867, Anna Elizabeth Wilson, born at Shavers Creek, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John C. and Margaret Wilson, the former named having been a farmer of that county. Children of Dr. and Mrs. Hamilton: 1. Walter C., engaged in newspaper work in Beaver Falls; married Louise Metzgar. 2. Effie C., lives at home. 3. Paul W., a photographer of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; married Jessie Merriman. 4. Philip Earl, an attor-

ney of Beaver Falls, lives at home. 5. Inez, died in infancy. 6. A daughter, died in infancy, unnamed.

The approach of the Shanors of Germany into Pennsylvania
 SHANOR was from the south, the first of that name in this country making their home in Maryland and Virginia, whence it was an easy step into the land of Penn.

(I) Henry Shanor, born in Maryland, 1758, is the member of the family of whom the earliest record is found, and in the place of his birth he remained until maturity, when, leaving his home and family to enter upon the old, old quest, he came to Butler county, Pennsylvania. He became the owner of two hundred acres of land in Muddy Creek township, building his cabin and living there until his death in 1838. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran Church and both are buried in the graveyard of the old Stone Church, in Lancaster township. Henry Shanor married Elizabeth Buttonbarger, a native of Westmoreland county, who survived him four years, her death occurring in 1842. Children: Henry, Daniel, Elizabeth, married Thomas Johnson; Susan, Abraham, Michael, Solomon, Christina, Margaret, married Abraham Zerley; Lydia, married Jacob Moyer.

(II) Abraham Shanor, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Buttonbarger) Shanor, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where his father had resided for a short time after his arrival in Pennsylvania, died in Lancaster township, Butler county, Pennsylvania. His farm in Lancaster township was two hundred acres in extent and there he followed agricultural pursuits throughout his entire life. He was an adherent to the family faith, as was his wife, both being members of the Lutheran Church, regular in their attendance, simple and faithful in their worship. Abraham Shanor married Susan Fox, born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of: 1. Susan, married William Boston, and lived in Newcastle, Pennsylvania. 2. Lydia, married Joseph Beighley, and lived on a farm near Franklin, Venango county, Pennsylvania. 3. Abraham, a farmer of California, died in that state. 4. Polly, married Jacob Seckler, and lived on a farm in Venango county. 5. Elias, of whom further.

(III) Elias Shanor, son of Abraham and Susan (Fox) Shanor, was born in Lancaster township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, in July, 1830, there attending school and growing to manhood, later purchasing one hundred and fifty acres of land in Conoquenessing township, that county. He resided in this locality until 1876, when he and his family moved to Clark county, Iowa, settling on a farm of considerable size near Osceola. In his agricultural operations he has prospered, and with a comfortable competence he lives retired in Ashland, Nebraska, he and his wife spending their latter years in ease and comfort, both having lived active, useful lives, the parents of nine children, all of whom attained maturity, proof that Elias and Susan Shanor did not shirk their duty in the scheme of

life. Both in their earlier years were members of the Lutheran Church, although they afterward became regular attendants at the Methodist Episcopal Church. His political sympathies incline toward the Republican party, to which he has ever given his support. He married Susan Myers, born near the old Stone Church in Lancaster township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, April 29, 1830, daughter of John and Catherine (Beighley) Myers. The Myers family was planted in this country in the early days of the colonies, the southland being the region in which its members were most numerous, Virginia being the place of birth of Solomon Myers, of German descent, who settled in Butler county in later life. He was a farmer in occupation, leaving his land to take an active part in the American Revolution, and was twice married, John Myers being a son by his first wife. A son by his second wife, David, inherited the homestead in Lancaster township, Butler county, and the place is now occupied by Samuel, son of David Myers. In his early life John Myers was confirmed in the Lutheran Church, but his father's second wife being a Baptist of decided convictions, her children were reared in that faith. Children of John and Catherine (Beighley) Myers: 1. George, deceased; moved from Pennsylvania to Kansas, cultivating a farm near Leavenworth. 2. Solomon (2), a carpenter, lived for several years in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, now lives retired in Woodville, Pennsylvania. 3. Lydia, married (first) George Neice, (second) Harvey Thompson, a veteran of the Civil War and ex-sheriff of Butler county, and lives on a farm near Butler, Pennsylvania. 4. Samuel, a soldier in the Union army in the Civil War, was killed in action at the battle of Fair Oaks. 5. Elizabeth, married Martin Hayes, deceased; lives on a farm near Lawrence, Kansas. 6. William, unmarried; lives on the old homestead. 7. Susan, of previous mention, married Elias Shanor. Children of Elias and Susan (Myers) Shanor: 1. William Addison, of whom further. 2. Ada, married Winfield Cratty, and lives on a farm near Warren, Ohio. 3. John, proprietor of a cattle ranch, lives at Dayton, Wyoming. 4. Abraham, a farmer of Iowa, owns land near the town of Emerson. 5. Elizabeth, married John Piper, deceased, a stock dealer, and lives at Ashland, Nebraska. 6. Agnes, married William Wilson, deceased, and lives in Ashland, Nebraska. 7. Minnie, married a Mr. McCormick, and lives in Iowa. 8. Maud, married Joseph Kessler, and lives in Iowa. 9. Elsie, unmarried, a school teacher in Great Falls, Montana.

(IV) William Addison Shanor, eldest of the nine children of Elias and Susan (Myers) Shanor, was born near Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania, December 25, 1853. For several causes, none of which could be overcome, he was unable to attend school until he was nine years of age, his first schooling being obtained in the Martin District School near his boyhood home, built of logs, which he attended for six years, making rapid progress and at length overcoming the great handicap of years with which he had started school. When he was sixteen years of age he came to Beaver Falls and began to learn the carpenter's trade under the instruc-

tion of his uncle, Solomon Myers, his wages at the beginning of his service being small but still much higher than those paid to apprentices during the years of their apprenticeships. After two years with his uncle he was sufficiently well versed in what he intended to make his life trade to hold his own in a force of workmen of much longer experience and of more advanced age, and accepted a position in Venango county in the employ of the Standard Oil Company, erecting standards and rigging about the oil wells for that concern, later performing the same kind of work in Butler county. After two years of this work, he left the Standard Oil Company and for one year lived on his grandfather's farm, then returned to Beaver Falls, where he was married. In 1880 he followed the westward course of his brothers and sisters and went to Osceola, Iowa, where for three years he followed his trade, at the end of that time returning to Beaver Falls, where he has ever since lived and which place he has made the scene of his successful business activities. His eastern residence is peculiar in that he was the only one of a family of nine children, all of whom were eastern-born, who has found a field in the part of the country in which he was born fitted to his qualifications, all the others making western localities their scenes of endeavor. For a time after his return east Mr. Shanor was employed as foreman for Mr. Harold, a builder of Beaver Falls, but since 1900 he has engaged in independent contracting operations, with success and profit, and is known by all who have had business relations with him as a man of strict probity, whose conduct in the business world has been above reproach, and who makes the satisfaction of his patrons an important factor in all his work. Among the buildings which he has erected at Beaver Falls are the Carnegie Library, the Lyceum Theatre, and the plant of the Pittsburgh Seamless Rubber Company. In private life, as in the business world, Mr. Shanor is the object of the high regard of his fellows, and is the center of a wide circle of friends who esteem him for his many likeable traits and admirable principles. He is a Republican in politics, and with his wife a member of the (English) Lutheran Church, of which he has been a deacon ever since the organization of the congregation, in which he played no small part. Mr. Shanor's residence, built by him in 1897, is at No. 231 Tenth street.

He married, September 15, 1880, Susan M. Sheiver, born in Zelienople, Butler county, Pennsylvania, October 5, 1858, daughter of Henry and Sebina (Gross) Sheiver. Henry Sheiver was a native of Germany, coming to the United States when eleven years of age, settling at Brownsdale, Butler county, later moving to Zelienople, in the same county, Pennsylvania, where he died when Susan M. Sheiver was but two years old, her mother's death leaving her an orphan. After the deaths of her parents, Susan M. Sheiver was reared in the family of Conrad and Catherine Shanor, living with them until her marriage, and ever after her entrance into their home was known by the name of Shanor. By a former marriage of her father she had a half-sister, Sarah Fenstmacher, deceased. Children of Henry

and Sebina (Gross) Sheiver: 1. Lavina, married Andrew Whiteside, and lives in Burlington, New Jersey. 2. Mary, married Burgoyne Rayton, and lives at Doylestown, Pennsylvania. 3. George W., deceased, lived in Butler, Pennsylvania. 4. Susan M., of previous mention, married William Addison Shanor. Children of William Addison and Susan M. (Sheiver) Shanor: 1. Imbra Olen, born in Osceola, Iowa, November 15, 1881; a carpenter; married Ursula Wesner. 2. Harold W., born March 3, 1884; a carpenter; married Mayme Dinsmore; lives at Patterson Heights, Pennsylvania. 3. Pearl, born December 3, 1886; married Edward Morris; lives at Beaver Falls. 4. Irvin Vincent, born September 12, 1889, died March 8, 1895. 5. Algie Victor, born December 25, 1891; a carpenter; lives at home. 6. Verna A., born June 26, 1893; lives at home. 7. Herbert, born March 4, 1896. 8. Bertram, born February 26, 1898. 9. Wilbert, born December 22, 1900. 10. Wilda, born October 29, 1904.

The trail left by the forbears of Leroy B. Miller leads, as do MILLER many others of prominent personages of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, to Germany, where all but the most recent generations of the name were born and where their lives were lived.

(I) The emigrant ancestor of this branch of the old Miller family, members whereof are so numerous in the homeland and on this side of the Atlantic, was George Godfreid Miller, who came to the United States in 1845, locating near Pittsburgh, a skilled worker in wood. He was actively engaged at his trade all his life and died in that city. His wife, Ernestine, accompanied him to the United States and died in Pittsburgh. They had several children, among their sons being John Ernest, of whom further.

(II) John Ernest Miller, son of George Godfreid and Ernestine Miller, was born in Germany, and when a lad of few years was brought to the United States by his parents, the family making the voyage in 1845. As a boy he attended the schools maintained in connection with the Lutheran Church of Pittsburgh, and at an early age learned the machinist's trade. This he later abandoned to become a glass-worker, and remained in the service of the one company continuously, his faithful service and ambitious endeavors bearing such worthy fruit that he is at the present time part owner of the concern with which he served his apprenticeship. Time, though it has made slight inroad upon his physical being, has left him mentally unimpaired, and in him one sees the unusual sight of a man of nearly fourscore years going daily to his desk and attending to the multifarious tasks that constantly arise in the management of a large business. The firm now transacts business as the Duncan Miller Glass Company, and in everything that pertains to its welfare and advancement Mr. Miller is an active force, planning, executing, advising, watching, ever on the alert, despite his years, for opportunities to outwit competitors. His church is

the Episcopalian, and he is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons. At the time of the war between the states, he enlisted in the Northern army and fought in the ranks until the final triumph of the Union cause.

He married Elizabeth L. Bair, born in Steubenville, Jefferson county, Ohio, daughter of Charles and Margaret Bair, early settlers of Steubenville, Ohio, her mother's death occurring in that place when she had attained the wonderful age of ninety-five years. Children of John Ernest and Elizabeth L. (Bair) Miller: Emma, died in infancy; Edna, died aged twelve years; Clarence M., of Washington, Pennsylvania; Loretta D.; Thomas, lives in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Carl, died in infancy; Zulema, married George B. McCutchen, deceased; Leroy B., of whom further; John E., lives in Washington, Pennsylvania; Victor D., a resident of Texas; Margaret E., died in infancy; Catherine, lives at home; Lora E., lives at home.

(III) Dr. Leroy B. Miller, son of John Ernest and Elizabeth L. (Bair) Miller, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, February 23, 1881. His preliminary education was obtained in the public schools of Pittsburgh and Washington, and after completing his elementary studies and two years in the Washington and Jefferson Preparatory School he entered Washington and Jefferson College, matriculating in 1898 and receiving his diploma from the classical course in the class of 1902. His next four years were spent in the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia in preparation for a physician's career, and from the latter institution he was graduated in 1906. He performed one year of hospital service in St. Joseph's Hospital, in Pittsburgh, and made that city the scene of his first general practice, there remaining for two years. At the end of that time he came to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and has since been there established. He is a member of the County, State, and National Medical societies, and is held in respected esteem by his professional brethren. In the five years of his Beaver county residence he has firmly established himself in public favor and ministers to a generous patronage in a competent manner, his every action in the sick room or before an operating table betraying the confident, learned physician. He and his wife are communicants of Christ's Episcopal Church, and he holds membership in the Masonic order, the Royal Arcanum, the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Dr. Miller married, January 22, 1908, Florence Huxley. Children: John E., Catherine, Elizabeth.

Winfield Scott Moore is of Irish descent on his father's side
 MOORE of the house and Scotch-Irish and German on his mother's.
 His great-grandfather, Dr. Henry Moore, was born March 17, 1742, in or near the town of Boyle, Ireland, one hundred and eight miles northwest from Dublin. He was a physician, a freeholder, and a member of the Church of England. He married Mary Dodd, December 10, 1762,



Winfield E. Moore

and immigrated to America, landing in Baltimore in the spring of 1773. He settled on a farm four miles west of Washington, Pennsylvania, in November of the same year, and began the practice of medicine. Seven children were born of their marriage, as follows: Daniel, Nancy, Henry, Elizabeth, Robert, Mary, William.

Robert Moore, grandfather of Winfield Scott Moore, was born March 30, 1778, on the farm aforesaid, and was educated at Washington College. After graduating he studied law. In 1803 he was sworn in as a member of the Beaver county bar at the organization of the court. He was a man of prominence in his day, a general of militia, and represented his district in congress for two terms, from 1817 to 1821, and also served in the state legislature. He was married to Mary Stibbs, a daughter of Joseph and Henrietta Stibbs, October 18, 1804, of which union eight children were born, namely: Joseph, Henrietta Maria, Elizabeth (wife of Daniel Agnew), Henry C., Amanda Z., Alfred Robert (the father of Winfield S.), Dr. Franklin, Caroline L.

Alfred Robert Moore, father of Winfield Scott Moore, was born March 2, 1819, died November 18, 1902. He was educated in the common schools and at Washington College. He was a civil engineer and laid out part of the Erie Canal, known as the Hartstown division; afterwards engaged in the canal boat and steamboat business for many years; retired from said business about 1857. He was county treasurer, clerk of commissioners and register and recorder of Beaver county, closing his term as register and recorder in 1866, and afterwards engaging in various occupations. He was United States store-keeper and gauger, justice of the peace of the borough of Beaver, and also in Warren county, where he removed after the death of his first wife. He married (first) Jane Small, daughter of Colonel Henry and Martha (McIlhaney) Small. The children of Alfred R. and wife were: Henry Robert, Alfred Stibbs, Edwin Hamlin, Winfield Scott, Isaac Harter, Annie Jane, Thomas, Philip L. In 1892 he married (second) Mrs. Elizabeth Richardson, a widow, and from that time until his death he resided at Tidioute, Warren county, Pennsylvania, where he died at the age of almost eighty-four years.

Winfield Scott Moore, fourth child of Alfred R. Moore, was born June 14, 1852. He was educated in the common schools, Beaver Seminary, Beaver Academy and Millersville State Normal School, where he graduated in 1873. After graduating he became a teacher and taught in the public schools of New Galilee for two years, and while teaching he registered as a law student with Wilson & Moore, the latter being his brother, Henry R. Moore, and was admitted to the bar of Beaver county on the 15th day of March, 1876. After practicing a short time he formed a partnership with his brother, Hon. Alfred S. Moore, under the name of A. S. & W. S. Moore, which partnership continued until 1902, when Alfred S. Moore was appointed United States district judge at Nome, Alaska, since which time he has been practicing alone. He is a charter member of the Pennsylvania

Bar Association and has been an active member since its organization, serving on various committees of the same. He is a member of the supreme and superior courts of the state, and of the United States district and circuit courts, and practises in all of them. In politics he has been until the past three years a Republican, but is now a Progressive. He has never held any political positions other than those bestowed upon him by his party. He has frequently been a delegate to the state conventions, and in 1908 was a delegate to the National convention. He supported Hon. P. C. Knox for president. He is a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Beaver, and has held official positions in the church for many years. He was superintendent of its Sunday school for twenty years continuously. He has been and is a trustee of Beaver College, and also a director of the Beaver Trust Company. He is a charter member of the Bar Association of Beaver county and has been active in its management.

On June 12, 1879, he was married to Mary Atkins, daughter of Isaac N. and Anna M. Atkins, of Beaver. Of this union two sons and three daughters were born: Daniel Agnew, Mary Olive, Maud Atkins, Josephine, Winfield Scott, Jr.

It has often been a matter of comment that talents have GORDON been transmitted in some families through numbers of generations, and with each succeeding generation the value of this talent has increased. This appears to have been the case with the Gordon family, of which a well known representative is to be found in the person of Morris Gordon, general merchant, of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. A foreigner by birth, Mr. Gordon has bravely overcome the numerous obstacles which he found in the path which led to success, and may be called a self made man in the purest sense of the word.

(I) Isaac Gordon, born in Russia, spent his entire life in his native land. He was a distiller in the town of Kroke, and was very successfully engaged in business. He married, and his children were: Leibe, of further mention; Louis, came to America when he was already advanced in years, and died here, after raising a large family, all his sons being wealthy merchants of Pittsburgh; Shem and Harry spent their lives in Russia.

(II) Leibe Gordon, son of Isaac Gordon, was born in Kroke, province of Kovno, Russia, and was in charge of the government post office there for more than a quarter of a century. He is now living in retirement in that town, having acquired a considerable fortune. He married Rachel Butzer, born in the same town and still living there. She is a daughter of Harry Butzer, who inherited his father's brewery, and a granddaughter of Mayer Butzer, who was the proprietor of a large brewery in the town of Kroke. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon had children: Morris, of further mention;

Jacob, proprietor of a fine grocery store at New Brighton, Beaver county; Aaron, lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; Nathan, lives in Africa, where he is the owner of a brewery; Mayer, lives in Russia; Anna and Sarah, married, and live in Russia.

(III) Morris Gordon, son of Leibe and Rachel (Butzer) Gordon, was born in the town of Kroke, province of Kovno, Russia. Until the age of fifteen years he was a pupil in the public schools of his native town, and there acquired a sound, practical education. At the age of seventeen years he left the parental roof in order to make his fortune independently, and finding that good opportunities were not to be met with in Europe, he determined to make his way in America. He accordingly emigrated to the United States in 1878, making his way to the city of Pittsburgh, of which he had had favorable reports. When he commenced his business career in this country he was without means, a foreigner, and without knowledge of the language of the land in which it was his fixed determination to succeed. Undeniable facts amply prove that he has successfully carried out this determination. He commenced his business career as a peddler of general merchandise, and being apt, energetic and enterprising, it was not long before he had acquired an excellent working knowledge of English, and he rose rapidly. The beginning, it is true, offered many difficulties; many times Mr. Gordon was obliged to go without food and often his fare was of the poorest quality. But he was possessed of that species of bravery which enables the soldier to forget his wounds on the field of battle, having only in his mind the success which must inevitably come when a man does all that it is in his power to do. In 1884 Mr. Gordon came to Beaver Falls, and there established a home for himself, and since that time his residence has been in that town. He continued in his career of a merchant peddler until 1888, at which time he started a dry goods store in a modest way at the corner of Sixth street and Seventh avenue, then the center of the business section of Beaver Falls. Under his able management his business venture prospered, and it was soon necessary to enlarge the store. In 1893 he purchased his present large store building at No. 1113 Seventh avenue, and, in association with A. Fisher, opened a dry goods and ladies' furnishing emporium on a large scale, under the firm name of Gordon & Fisher. This partnership was dissolved in 1897, when Mr. Gordon bought out the interest of his partner, and since that time he has conducted the business alone under the name of M. Gordon. In point of years he is now the second oldest merchant in Beaver Falls, who has conducted his business uninterruptedly. The building in which the business is carried on is a two-story brick structure, and is the longest store in the town, having a floor depth of one hundred and sixty-five feet, and a frontage of twenty feet. There is an immense plate glass window, and the display in this is always of the most attractive character and is very frequently changed. There is always a complete line of dry goods, coats and suits for women and children, and all kinds of ready-to-wear

garments, and the line of millinery carried is one which would do credit to a store situated in one of the largest cities of the Union. The staff of clerks employed there is amply sufficient to attend to the large custom which the efficient methods of Mr. Gordon have attracted to the store, and the wants of the customers are attended to with the utmost despatch. The attendants, also, are provided with many comforts not to be met with in other stores of like character, and they regard Mr. Gordon in the light of a friend as well as their employer.

Mr. Gordon married, August 12, 1890, Kate, a daughter of Harry Fisher; she was born in Russia, and came to New Castle, Pennsylvania, with her parents when she was a young child. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon have children: Isaac, born July 23, 1891, assists his father in the latter's store; Harry, born December 7, 1892, same employment as his brother; Esther, born May 15, 1899; Ruth, September 10, 1903. Mr. Gordon may enjoy the proud satisfaction of having so far successfully acted his part that his life affords an example and encouragement to others. By diligent application of his powers he has become one of the representative men of the town in which he resides. In his relations to the community—commercial, civil and social—he has exhibited those qualities which mark the true citizen, exerting his influence and employing his energy, not for individual ends only, but also for the general good. While American trade annals contain records of many men who have been the architects of their own fortunes, there has been none more creditable by reason of undaunted energy, well formulated plans and straightforward dealing, than that of Mr. Gordon. Mr. Gordon is of the Jewish faith, and while he conforms to the tenets of his faith, he is generous in his support of other religious denominations. In his donations to charity, which are extensive and numerous, he carries out the same principles.

The Suttons of western Pennsylvania came thither from the eastern regions of the state and from the adjoining territory of New Jersey, that being the course followed by the early ancestors of the branch herein chronicled, which begins with Jeremiah Sutton, whose parents were early settlers of Butler county, Pennsylvania.

(I) Jeremiah Sutton was born in Fairview township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1808, died July 14, 1852. He was a shoemaker and when not busied at his trade was accustomed to devote his time to agricultural pursuits, owning a farm of fair size. He married, in 1835, Mrs. Margaret (Shryock) Harper, of Butler county, Pennsylvania, one of his sons being John H., of whom further.

(II) John H. Sutton, son of Jeremiah and Margaret (Shryock-Harper) Sutton, was born in Clay township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1838. He attended the district schools as a youth, and in 1853 became a clerk in the store of Harper Brothers, in North Wash-

ington, remaining in their employ until 1858, when he went west, and spent three years in Iowa and Colorado. Soon after his return to Butler county the peace of the country was broken by the long-dreaded outbreak of war, and he enlisted in Company C, Eleventh Regiment Pennsylvania Reserves, being sworn into the Union service at Camp Wright, June 10, 1861, his regiment being attached to the Army of the Potomac. His regiment participated and he was actively engaged in the battles of Gaines Mill, Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam and Fredericksburg. In the first mentioned conflict he was captured and taken to Belle Isle, where he was imprisoned for forty days before exchange negotiations were completed. He rejoined his regiment in September, 1862, and was soon after promoted to the rank of second lieutenant. He was a second time taken prisoner at Fredericksburg, having been wounded in the fight, and for two months was confined in Libby Prison, being paroled February 14, 1863, being sent immediately to the Annapolis Hospital, at the place of that name, in Maryland. Being dismissed from the hospital he was granted an honorable discharge and returned to his native county, becoming a member of the firm of Harper Brothers, of North Washington, until 1864, when he settled on a farm until his election to the office of clerk of court in 1872. At the expiration of his term of office he did not return to his agricultural pursuits, but embarked in the oil business, with which he was prominently connected in the different fields of the state until his retirement, since when he has lived quietly in Butler, Pennsylvania. With his wife he is an adherent to the Methodist Episcopal Church, and is a loyal member of the Republican party. Mr. Sutton married, March 1, 1864, Maria M., daughter of Joseph and Nancy Mechling, of Washington township, Butler county, Pennsylvania. Children: Emma L., married H. W. Christie, of Butler; Frank M.; Agnes E., married W. E. McClung, of Butler, Pennsylvania; Maude H., married James N. Moore, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; William D.; Angie A.; John C., of whom further.

(III) John C. Sutton, son of John H. and Maria M. (Mechling) Sutton, was born in Butler, Butler county, Pennsylvania, October 26, 1878. After a public school education he entered Hahnemann Medical College, in Philadelphia, having early decided upon a doctor's career, whence he was graduated in the class of 1902. He came at once to New Brighton and has since confined his practice exclusively to that locality. He is one of the younger generation of physicians, a disciple of new ideas and modern methods, and has forged steadily toward the front rank of his profession in New Brighton, where he is well and favorably known. His ability in his profession is undoubted and he possesses many of the agreeable personal attributes that make him a welcome visitor even though his mission may not be of the most pleasant. He holds membership in the County, State and American Institute of Homeopathy, and is with his wife a member of the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Sutton married, October 17, 1906, Eunice E. Chandler. Children: Margaret and John.

To trace the family of Whiteside from its source to a representative of the present generation in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, takes one from Scotland to the north of Ireland, from that country to the eastern part of the United States, around Cape Horn to the western coast, eastward to Iowa, and finally to Pennsylvania, where Robert Andrew Whiteside, of this chronicle, lives. His grandfather was a native of Scotland, as were the earlier progenitors of the name, and was a Seceder in religion, a preacher of the doctrines of that sect. After the death of Mary, Queen of Scots, he took his family to the north of Ireland, he and his wife dying soon after their immigration to that land, leaving their five children, none of whom had attained maturity, orphans. After remaining about eighteen months in Ireland the four boys and their sister came to the United States, the boys obtaining employment and taking the best of care of their sister. The children of Grandfather Whiteside were: 1. James, a farmer of Iowa, died retired at Los Angeles, California. 2. Alexander, a contractor and builder of Butte, Montana, prominent both industrially and politically in that region, a leader in a reform movement in the political life of the state. 3. Robert, of whom further. 4. William, enlisted in the Union army at the outbreak of the war between the states, after which time all trace of him was lost. 5. Barbara, married a Mr. Robbins, and lived at Cedar Rapids, Iowa; both deceased.

(II) Robert Whiteside, father of Robert Andrew Whiteside, was born in Scotland in 1817, died near Des Moines, Iowa, the victim of a railroad accident, in 1875. As has been previously stated, he was taken from Scotland to Ireland by his parents, and, after their death, came to Philadelphia with his brothers and sister. Although but a youth when he arrived in the United States, he had already had experience as a wage-earner in his native land and in Ireland, during the year and a half that he had resided in that latter country, as a farmer, but in Philadelphia he obtained employment in the shop of a cabinet-maker. In 1849 he and two of his brothers, James and Alexander, joined the throng of gold-seekers that was moving westward, choosing the longer, but in reality safer route around Cape Horn. Their voyage consumed eighteen months, during which time the young men chafed with impatience at the delay in attaining their goal, and cost them each the sum of six hundred dollars. Arriving in California, they purchased miner's outfits and began prospecting, their search covering a period of eight years, all three being fairly successful. All had been attracted by the life and atmosphere of the west, although when they gave up prospecting their paths parted, one leading to Montana, another to Iowa, and a third settling in the territory he had covered in his search for the precious metal. In 1857 Robert Whiteside moved to Oak county, Iowa, and there purchased a section of land one mile distant from Altoona, where he lived until his death. Not only did he farm this land, but also purchased large numbers of western horses, which he fattened for the Chicago



R. A. Whiteside

market, a transaction most profitable. He met his death in a railroad accident near Des Moines, that state, which resulted in numerous injuries and several fatalities.

He married Rachel Reed, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1839, now (1914) living in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, daughter of David and Barbara (Steen) Reed. After his death she married (second), in 1893, John Wilcox, who died in 1901. Rachel Reed was the daughter of parents of Scotch ancestry, Barbara Steen coming to Philadelphia from the land of her birth with her brother, David. She remained in Philadelphia when he proceeded to Pittsburgh, in which city he laid the foundation of the great fortune that he afterward amassed in coal operations in Allegheny county, where he became a power in the industrial and financial world. David Reed came to the United States when a young man in company with two brothers, settling in Philadelphia, where he followed the trade that he had learned in his birth-place, weaving. He owned a shop and a loom designed for the weaving of ingrain carpet and in this line he continued until the strain upon his eyes, from the bright colors woven into the carpet, almost caused blindness. After his marriage he abandoned this occupation and moved to Pittsburgh, establishing a store at Camp Hill, a site now occupied by the town of Carnegie, where David Steen was the owner of a mine. The location was a fortunate one and Mr. Reed prospered in his business. Here he lived until his death, aged seventy-eight years, his wife attaining the age of eighty-four years. Children of David and Barbara (Steen) Reed: 1. George, died aged eight years. 2. Jane, died in 1907, unmarried, lived with her mother and with her sister, Rachel. 3. Rachel, of previous mention, married Robert Whiteside. 4. David R., died in 1908, was in business with his father. 5. William, died in infancy.

Children of Robert and Rachel (Reed) Whiteside: 1. Emma, died in young womanhood in 1887. 2. Ella B., died two years after her sister Emma. 3. Elizabeth L., died three years later than sister Ella B. 4. Robert Andrew, of whom further. 5. Margaret May, lives with her mother in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, unmarried.

(III) Robert Andrew Whiteside, only son and fourth child of Robert and Rachel (Reed) Whiteside, was born near Altoona, Oak county, Iowa, October 24, 1871. He was but four years of age when his father was killed and in the following year his mother returned to her old home, Philadelphia, her children accompanying her. In that city he attended the public schools and after the family home was changed to Beaver Falls, began to work in the grocery store of Robert J. Cunningham, being at that time but twelve years of age, his first employment being in the capacity of errand boy and later as clerk. He held the latter position for six years and then became a salesman for a firm manufacturing bicycles, one of the makes that he sold being the "Eclipse, made in Beaver Falls. In 1894 he was one of the reorganizers of the Duquesne Bicycle Company,

of Pittsburgh, and for a year and a half was general manager of the concern. After the business of this company was once more in a flourishing condition, he sold coal in car-load lots for his uncle, who was in business at Idlewood, Pennsylvania, his selling territory being western Pennsylvania and his field confined mostly to local dealers. In 1896 he returned to Beaver Falls, and, in partnership with C. A. Carter, established in the real estate business, under the firm name Carter and Company. This connection was dissolved after two years and until 1901 Mr. Whiteside engaged in independent operations, in that year forming the Real Estate and Mortgage Company which still continues, the present officers being Robert A. Whiteside, president; A. N. Neepser, of Pittsburgh, secretary and treasurer. The offices of this firm are in Pittsburgh and Beaver Falls, their business being wide in extent and yearly involving many acres of land, numerous buildings, and hundreds of thousands of dollars. One of the most notable enterprises of this company was the planning and promotion of College Hill, the beautifully attractive suburb of Beaver Falls, a most desirable residence section and an example of city-building that reflects due credit upon the firm that directed its development and fostered its growth, and which increased from 376 population to 2,984, an increase of 800%. Also the old Beaver County Fair Grounds, which were converted into what is known as the R. A. Whiteside Centennial Place, one of the finest residential section of Beaver, Pennsylvania. An illustration of the rise that Mr. Whiteside has made in life is well afforded by the following instance. His first position, as errand boy, was in a grocery store that stood on the corner of Seventh avenue and Eleventh street. Twenty-six years later he purchased the south half of that corner property, on which now stands the Federal Title and Trust Bank Building, the largest and most modern office building in Beaver Falls. The contrast between the penniless lad, employed at that location for a few dollars per week, and the financier who purchased the property after the lapse of a quarter of a century is sharply and clearly defined, and that the difference exists shows the manner of material used in the molding of the man who accomplished the change. From the time of his entrance into independent operations Mr. Whiteside has come into contact with men who have made their mark in the world of industry and finance, and from each has learned some lesson that has been used in the forging of his own fortune. In salesmanship he found the best field for his talents and was most successful in that calling. Direct and forceful in his address, his speech is always logical and convincing, and so ably does he present his arguments that seldom indeed does he fail in interesting a prospective investor. His business connections are many and varied, and his material prosperity full proof of his ability in each. His energy is untiring, and in busy action he finds the most pleasure, thirty years having passed without his having taken a vacation. Such enthusiastic love of active labor could have met with no other reward than that which has come to Mr. Whiteside, and all who have

watched his career are frank in their praise of the man who has achieved such a large share of worldly roldly wealth while still young in years.

He is a Republican in all political issues of national importance, but in local affairs allies with no party, his action at the polls depending entirely upon the merits of the candidates and the casting of his ballot predicated solely upon his own judgment. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association. He married, June 1, 1899, Emma Matilda Lichau, daughter of Philip and Anna E. Lichau, both deceased. Her father, Philip, came to Beaver Falls in 1868, and was foreman of the ivory department of the Cutlery Manufactory. Children of Robert Andrew and Emma Matilda Whiteside: 1. Lenore Elizabeth, born October 29, 1901. 2. Ruth Annabelle, born November 3, 1910.

The story of the McPhersons, who for three generations have been residents of the state of Pennsylvania, begins with Nathan McPherson, who early in life was brought from his home in his native land, Scotland, to New Jersey. This was, in all probability, just subsequent to the Revolutionary War, and in New Jersey Nathan grew to manhood, married Elizabeth J. Mannon, and made his home for a short time before moving to Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He purchased land on a rise of ground near Leetsdale, which he and his sons cleared. Settlers were few at that time and their life held all the elements of pioneer simplicity. Simple in a way, and yet in a thousand ways much more thrilling and exciting than the existences led by the most feverish followers of pleasure in this day, for while danger may now be courted by a trial trip in a new aeroplane, it is of necessity artificial and manufactured; but when those hardy settlers, the vanguard of progress, performed even so ordinary an act as retiring for the night they did not know but that they would be awakened by heat from their blazing home or the cry of their baby snatched from its cradle by savage intruders. If we of the present day could but fully realize the horrors suffered and the privations endured by our forefathers of those days, our thanks for the security, safety and peace of the twentieth century would be multiplied many times. Nathan McPherson lived on his farm until his death in 1848, several years after that of his wife. During this period he had become the owner of large tracts of land in that neighborhood, and was counted one of the most prosperous men of the locality.

He was the father of the following children: 1. John, a farmer, died at Sewickley. 2. Samuel, a farmer, died in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. 3. Zachariah, a farmer of Beaver county, where he died. 4. Wright, a farmer, died in Illinois. 5. Reuben, of whom further. 6. Nathan, early in life made his home in Kentucky and there died. 7. James, moved to the western part of the country, and died while journeying to California. 8. Elizabeth, married John Lowermore, and died at Sewickley. 9. Susan,

married Westbrook Gunsaulus, and died at Pittsburgh, their home. 10. Jane, married John McPherson, a relative through another branch of the family, and died in Beaver county.

(II) Reuben McPherson, son of Nathan and Elizabeth J. (Mannon) McPherson, was born on the farm cleared by his father, near Leetsdale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, 1809, died in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1897. He spent his youth on his father's farm, and upon the death of the latter received a portion of the homestead by the terms of his father's will. His share of the estate included the original buildings, and here he and his wife lived for several years. As he was slowly seized by the infirmities and weaknesses of old age he moved to New Brighton, Beaver county, where he spent his declining years, his death occurring when he was eighty-eight years of age, a quarter of a century after that of his wife, although he had never remarried. Both were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, earnest and devout in their worship, regular in their attendance.

He married, in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, Elizabeth Jane Greer, born there in 1816, died 1872, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Hunt) Greer. The father of Robert Greer, also a Robert, came to America and died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, on a farm adjoining that of his son, at the wonderful age of one hundred and three years. Robert and Elizabeth Greer were both born in Ireland, and were there married. He was a farmer by occupation and after their marriage they came to this country, settling first in Allegheny county, moving, after a few years residence, to Beaver county, their farm being on the Conoquenessing creek. This Robert Greer sold later, and purchased land in Trumbull county, Ohio, on which he lived until his death at the greatly advanced age of ninety-seven years. It can easily be seen from the foregoing that longevity was a family trait of the Greers, father and son dying at the ages of one hundred and three and ninety-seven years, respectively. Robert and Elizabeth (Hunt) Greer were the parents of: 1. Hall, died in Trumbull county, Ohio. 2. George, a merchant of Bloomington, Illinois, where he died. 3. James, a farmer of Illinois. 4. John, a contractor, died at Fort Wayne, Indiana. 5. Thomas, a farmer and extensive land owner, died on the homestead in Lawrence county. 6. Elizabeth Jane, of previous mention, married Reuben McPherson. 7. Mary Ann, married Robert Redpath, and died in Illinois. 8. Sarah, married Wilson Brewer, and died in Trumbull county, Ohio. 9. Nancy, married William Ebbert, and died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 10. Isabel, married Henry Young, and is a resident of Illinois, the only one of the children of Robert and Elizabeth Greer alive at the present time (1913). 11. Jane, died young.

Children of Reuben and Elizabeth Jane (Greer) McPherson: 1. Mary Jane, died unmarried, aged seventy-five years. 2. Robert, died aged fourteen years. 3. Thomas Greer, of whom further. 4. Reuben Henderson, a retired contractor, lives at New Brighton. 5. Mannon, a merchant, died in

New Brighton, Beaver county. 6. Sarah Ann, married Thomas Thomson, and lives in Chicago, Illinois.

(III) Dr. Thomas Greer McPherson, third child and second son of Reuben and Elizabeth Jane (Greer) McPherson, was born in Economy township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 16, 1838. He attended the public schools of the locality and completed his general education at Mt. Union College, from which, however, he never obtained a degree, leaving that institution after three years' attendance to begin the study of medicine. His preceptor was Dr. Robert McCready, of Sewickley, and under his able and interested instruction Mr. McPherson studied for four years. The field of his first practice was Eynon Valley, where he continued for three years, gaining experience in the many phases of his profession and confidence in himself as a master of medical lore. At the expiration of that time he moved to what was then Patterson township, now Beaver Falls, and continued his practice there. Patterson township was then but sparsely inhabited, and at the present time there are few who remember the coming of Dr. McPherson to that neighborhood. His practice here continued for thirty-three years, and embraces a record of faithful service, often with neither expectation or hope of remuneration. In that length of time it was his privilege and pleasure to lessen the pain of many an invalid, to restore to some the use of members long despaired of, and in short, to introduce much of light and cheer and happiness where, without the blessing of his healing touch, naught but despair and misery and darkness could reign. After thirty-six years as a physician, Dr. McPherson retired and at the present time lives with his son, Frank, at the latter's home on the corner of Sixth avenue and Ninth street. He devotes nearly all his time to scholarly pursuits, being a tireless reader and a versatile writer in both prose and verse, and in 1911 composed a poem of which the changes of life, manners and custom during his lifetime is the subject. This poem and others would do credit to many a writer of reputation, and is proudly preserved by his children. Aside from the interest that is attached to it because of the age of the author and the regularity and beauty of the rhythm, it is unusual to find such a subject, covering so long a period of time, dealt with in metrical form. Dr. McPherson has been a lifelong Republican, and for many years affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal Church. He has also held membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Good Templars, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

He married, March 24, 1869, Jane, a native of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Jane Riley. Children of Thomas Greer and Jane (Riley) McPherson: 1. Robert, for many years was connected with railroad work, later a miner, now lives retired on a farm in Oregon. 2. Luella, married George W. Miller, both deceased. 3. Hattie Jane, married William G. McClure, and lives in Beaver Falls. 4. Viola, died in childhood. 5. Orville, a resident of the state of Arizona. 6. Thomas C., of

whom further. 7. Frank G., of whom further. 8. Mabel, married Howard Perrott, and lives in Beaver Falls.

(IV) Thomas Channing McPherson, sixth child and third son of Dr. Thomas Greer and Jane (Riley) McPherson, was born at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1872. He attended the public schools, and after completing his studies prepared himself for work as a draughtsman, and for a time was employed in that capacity. About 1890 he began the manufacture of wire matting in an unpretentious establishment at Rochester, employing but a few men, and to a great extent experimenting to test the popularity of his product. He was the first manufacturer to make wire matting out of flat stock, and himself invented all the machines used in the process. Finding that his proposition was a paying one, he, in partnership with George W. Miller, deceased, organized the Keystone Wire Matting Company in 1898, with their plant at Pittsburgh. After a few years the seat of the business was moved to a rented building in Beaver Falls, which afterward burned down. The conflagration making their business homeless, in 1904 a two-story building, designed especially for their purpose, was erected at 607-609 Seventh street. In the same year the company was incorporated, the officers being G. W. Miller, president, and T. C. McPherson, secretary. John A. Miller was also mentioned in the incorporation papers, although not an officer of the company. The present officers are T. C. McPherson, president, and F. G. McPherson, secretary and treasurer. The company's products consist of wire mats and matting as well as wooden and steel matting. Both the machines and the articles they manufacture are patented, although Mr. McPherson has sold some of his foreign rights, among them those relating to English and German manufacture. As founder of a new industry and the inventor of the appliances necessary in the making of his products, Mr. McPherson has fathered a notable achievement in the industrial world, one which brings to him due credit for the genius that directed his steps. The company that he founded has flourished in the years since its formation, and is now one of the most substantial of businesses. Mr. McPherson is progressively independent in political action. With his wife he is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and is also a director of the Brighton Young Men's Christian Association.

He married, in 1897, Elizabeth B. Blount, daughter of James Blount, a native of New Brighton. They are the parents of one daughter, Hazel, born April 13, 1902.

(IV) Frank Garfield McPherson, seventh child and fourth son of Dr. Thomas Greer and Jane (Riley) McPherson, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1876. He attended the public schools and for some time after finishing his studies was a teacher of music, being himself an accomplished and talented musician. He was then for some time engaged in the postal service of Beaver Falls as letter-carrier, in January, 1909, becoming secretary and treasurer of the Key-

stone Wire Matting Company, a position he still most capably fills. Although this is the first experience in industrial or financial matters he has ever received, he soon became thoroughly acquainted with all the customs and methods of procedure and has displayed much innate ability as administrator of the finances of the Keystone Company. He allies himself with no party in political action, but always casts his vote independently. He holds membership in the Masonic order.

Mr. McPherson married, May 12, 1909, Madeline E., daughter of Reuben A. and Elizabeth (Ribling) Strayer, a native of Clearfield county, Pennsylvania. Children: Jane Elizabeth, born July 29, 1910; Frank Reuben, born November 12, 1912.

THOMPSON This is one of the most common of English names, frequently spelled Thomson, and is very naturally to be taken as meaning the son of Thomas, although in some instances it may be of local origin. It is to be found in many sections of the United States. Several families of this name were very conspicuous in the Provincial and Revolutionary periods of the history of Pennsylvania, more particularly in Cumberland and Lancaster counties. From the last mentioned, there were no less than three colonels of this name in the War of the Revolution. From the more easterly portion of the state, they gradually made their way to the western section, as the tide of emigration traveled in that direction, and assisted in developing new regions.

(I) Samuel Thompson was one of the early settlers in Florence, Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in business as a general merchant. He served bravely during the War of 1812. At an advanced age he retired from business activities, making his home with his son Samuel, at Shippingport, where his death occurred. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church, in which he had been an elder for many years. He married Sarah Patterson, and they had children: Samuel P., of whom further; Margaretta, died young.

(II) Samuel P. Thompson, only child of Samuel and Sarah (Patterson) Thompson, was born at Florence, 1828, was a blacksmith by trade, and died 1901. After his marriage he resided in various places, and finally, in 1880, removed to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he also followed his calling. He had been retired from it for some time prior to his death. During the Civil War he was in the employ of the government in Tennessee as a mechanic. He was a Republican in politics, and an elder of Bethlehem Church, his wife also being a member of the Presbyterian Church. He married Lavenia Gormly, born on the Gormly homestead, at Holt, Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1831, died 1910, daughter of John Gormly, a farmer of Holt, where he owned several farms, and spent his entire life. He and his wife were members of the Bethlehem Presbyterian Church, and he was for many years a member of the choir. He married Betsey Davis, and they had

children, all of whom lived to be more than seventy-five years of age: 1. Samuel C., died at the age of eighty-two years; was a mail carrier at a time when this work was carried on on horseback, and was at one time a burgess of Beaver Falls. 2. Thomas F., a farmer in Brighton township, Beaver county. 3. Lavenia, mentioned above. 4. David Davis, retired from business at the age of eighty years; now lives near Shippingport. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson had children: 1. Isabel, married Jonathan Thoms; died at Beaver Falls, December, 1911. 2. Ida M., married H. L. Gamble; lives in Beaver Falls. 3. John Patterson, of further mention. 4. Retta, married Socrates Dickey; lives at Salem, Ohio. 5. Carrie, married a Mr. Schuler; lives at Beaver Falls, Beaver county.

(III) John Patterson Thompson, son of Samuel P. and Lavenia (Gormly) Thompson, was born in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 5, 1861. His earlier years were spent in the ordinary manner of a boy in a country town. He attended the public schools, where he obtained a good, practical education, and then learned the blacksmith's trade under the supervision of his father, remaining thus occupied until he was eighteen years of age. He was then employed in a variety of occupations for some time, after which he accepted a clerkship in a clothing store in Pittsburgh, and held similar positions in that city and at Beaver Falls for a period of about twenty years. In July, 1907, he associated himself in a partnership with George C. Veon, the firm name being Thompson & Veon. They bought out the business of Bernard Berkman, and conducted it very successfully until January, 1914, when the firm dissolved, Mr. Thompson continuing under his own name. His stock consists of up-to-date clothing of all kinds and men's furnishing goods, and this is displayed in the most novel and attractive manner. Everything possible is done to ensure the comfort and convenience of his patrons, and his customers are among the best in Beaver county. Mr. Thompson and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church, and he is a Republican in political opinion. He is a member of Parian Lodge, No. 662, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Beaver Falls Lodge, No. 348, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Thompson married (first) November 23, 1892, Zelia, a native of Beaver county, who died November 29, 1911, daughter of George Teets. They had no children. He married (second) February 12, 1913, Mrs. Freda (Hagerman) Corcoran, who had by a previous marriage one son, Edward.

To write of the Copes of Wiltshire, England, and their American COPE descendants, as well as the noble records of the families with whom they are connected, is a task that might well give the historian pause, for Oliver Cope founded a family that has become very numerous in the United States, and the English ancestors allied them-

selves with at least two lines of the most noted Norman families. At a very remote period the Cope family held, according to Sir Bernard Burke, in his "Peerage, Baronetage, and Knightage," "considerable estates" in Northamptonshire, England, but their early history is unwritten, or lost. "Cope in Domesday signifies a hill," says Mr. M. A. Lower, in his "Patronymica Britannica," and the name is of Anglo-Saxon origin, perhaps that of some sturdy Thane's house, which had weathered the repeated storms of Norman oppression. Thanes they certainly were and not churls, in the remotest period of their written history, "noble and gentle men," "time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary."

The first definite record of those of the name is of John Cope, esquire, of Denshanger, county Northants, England, born in the time of Edward III. He was twice high sheriff of the county and was five times knight of the shire in Parliament. He espoused the cause of King Henry IV., and died in 1417. His wife, Joan, died in 1435. He was the father of three sons, John, Stephen, and William, the latter marrying a daughter of William Gossage, esquire, of Spratton.

Alexander Cope, son of William Cope, had a son, Sir William Cope, who married (first) Agnes, co-heir of her father, Sir Robert Harcourt, through whom the Copes trace to a most honored, brave and valiant Norman line, the mainstay of their ruler in councils of peace and a tower of strength in his powerful army, which lineally descends from Bernard, a nobleman of the blood of Saxony, who came to Normandy with Rollo, the Viking. Sir William Cope, of Hanwell, county Oxon, Knight, married (second) Jane, daughter of Sir J. Spencer, of Hodnell, Knight.

Stephen Cope, son of Sir William Cope, was esquire of Bedhampton, county Hants, and Sergeant of the Poultry to Henry VIII. and Edward VI. He married Anne, daughter and co-heir of William Saunders, esquire, of Banbury, county Oxon.

Sir Anthony Cope, son of Stephen Cope, of Bedhampton, county Hants, Knight, married Anne, daughter of Sir Humphry Stafford, of Blatherwyke, county Northants, Knight, and here the Copes ally with another ancient line, descended from Malahulc, uncle of Rollo. An early member of the family was Roger de Toeni, who invaded Spain about the year 1010, married a daughter of the Countess of Barcelona, and was killed in battle against William, Duke of Normandy, afterwards King of England, his family being taken captive. His son fought with William, the Conqueror, at Senlac, and was made Baron of Stafford, a hereditary title.

Edward Cope, son of Sir Anthony Cope, was the father of John, who died at Marden, county Wiltshire, England, in 1656. John married Margaret and was the father of John, of Chisledon, county Wiltshire, died in 1649. They were the parents of John and Oliver, the latter the American emigrant, with whom the American history of the family begins.

(I) Oliver Cope, the ninth generation of the name of whom there

is record, but the first on American soil, purchased a tract of land two hundred and fifty acres in extent from William Penn in 1681, and in all probability made settlement with his wife, Rebecca, the following year. His home was on Naaman's creek, near its confluence with the Delaware river, and there he died in 1697. Four of his children survived him: 1. William, born about 1672; married Mary —, and presumably had several children, among them Oliver and Rebecca. 2. Elizabeth, married (first) — Foulk, (second) Hugh Blackwell, of Bethel, and by her first marriage was the mother of several children. 3. Ruth, married Thomas Buffington, of Bradford, and died about 1728. 4. John, of whom further.

(II) John Cope, son of Oliver and Rebecca Cope, was born about 1691, died 2nd month 14, 1773. In the year that he attained his majority, 1712, he purchased two hundred acres of land in East Bradford, erecting thereon a log house which for one hundred and fifty years withstood the attacks of the elements, an unusual age for a structure of that nature. It is about this time that he is said to have first married, but his wife died soon after the marriage and all record of her is lost, even to her name. He was again married, 9th month 30, 1721, to Charity, widow of John Evans and daughter of Robert and Jane (Chandler) Jefferis, of East Bradford. She was born 4th month 11, 1695, died about 1743, after which John Cope married a third time, this time his bride being Elizabeth Fisher, widow of Thomas Fisher, of East Caln. His third marriage was solemnized 12th month 23, 1748. After his second marriage he united with the Society of Friends and from the time of the establishment of Bradford Monthly Meeting, 1737, until his death, he was an active member. Although farming was the occupation in which he engaged most extensively, he appears to have also manufactured malt. His children, all of his second marriage: 1. Hannah, born 4th month 25, 1724, died 10th month 10, 1817; married John Carter. 2. Samuel, born 1726, died 9th month 15, 1817. 3. Mary, born 1728, died 2nd month 6, 1813, unmarried. 4. John, of whom further. 5. Nathan, born 1733, died 12th month 3, 1820; married Amy Bane. 6. Caleb, born 11th month 4, 1736, died 5th month 30, 1824; married Mary Mendenhall. From him are descended the Philadelphia shipping merchants of the name. 7. Joshua, twin of Caleb, died 1818; married Jane Brown. 8. Joseph, born 6th month 1, 1740, died 12th month 11, 1820; married Ann Taylor.

(III) John (2) Cope, fourth child and second son of John (1) and Charity (Jefferis-Evans) Cope, was born in 1730, died 7th month 31, 1812. Throughout his entire life he followed the occupation of his ancestors, and was a sturdy, industrious tiller of the soil, unpretentious in his manner of life, and a member of the Society of Friends. He married (first) Grace Cloud, (second) Mary Dickinson. He was the father of fifteen children, among whom was Jesse, of whom further.

(IV) Jesse Cope, son of John (2) and Mary (Dickinson) Cope, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, 9th month 28, 1774. Until he

was ten years old he lived in the county of his birth, but in 1784 he was brought to Fayette county, where he grew to manhood. Throughout the summer season he followed farming, in winter conducting a district school. He had never had any special training for the pedagogical profession, but in those days students were few and far between and most of the pupils discontinued their studies before reaching very advanced stages. Strength of character and tact were more essential to a school-master of the olden time than depth of scientific knowledge, while in some cases strength of arm was more desirable than either. His marriage took place in 1801 and five years later, he, with his family, moved to Ohio, in company with his brother, Caleb, and purchased land near Leetonia in the Steubenville district, Columbiana county. After arriving on the site of his future home his first duty was the erection of a shelter for his family, the material used in the construction thereof being the trees felled to make room for the cabin. No material was wasted or time lost in removing the fallen trees, for no sooner had the crash of the fall ceased to re-echo through the forest than it was followed by a new sound, the sharp ring of the axe hewing out suitable lengths for the little home. The log cabin built on his arrival in the locality was used until 1819, when a larger edifice became necessary. By this time the fortunes of Jesse Cope had so prospered that he was well able to afford the spacious, substantial brick building that rose beside his former home, and which is in use at the present time. Like his parents and ancestors, he was a member of the Society of Friends. At his death he was the possessor of two hundred and eighty acres of fertile farm land, although his original tract had contained forty acres more, which he had disposed of at various times.

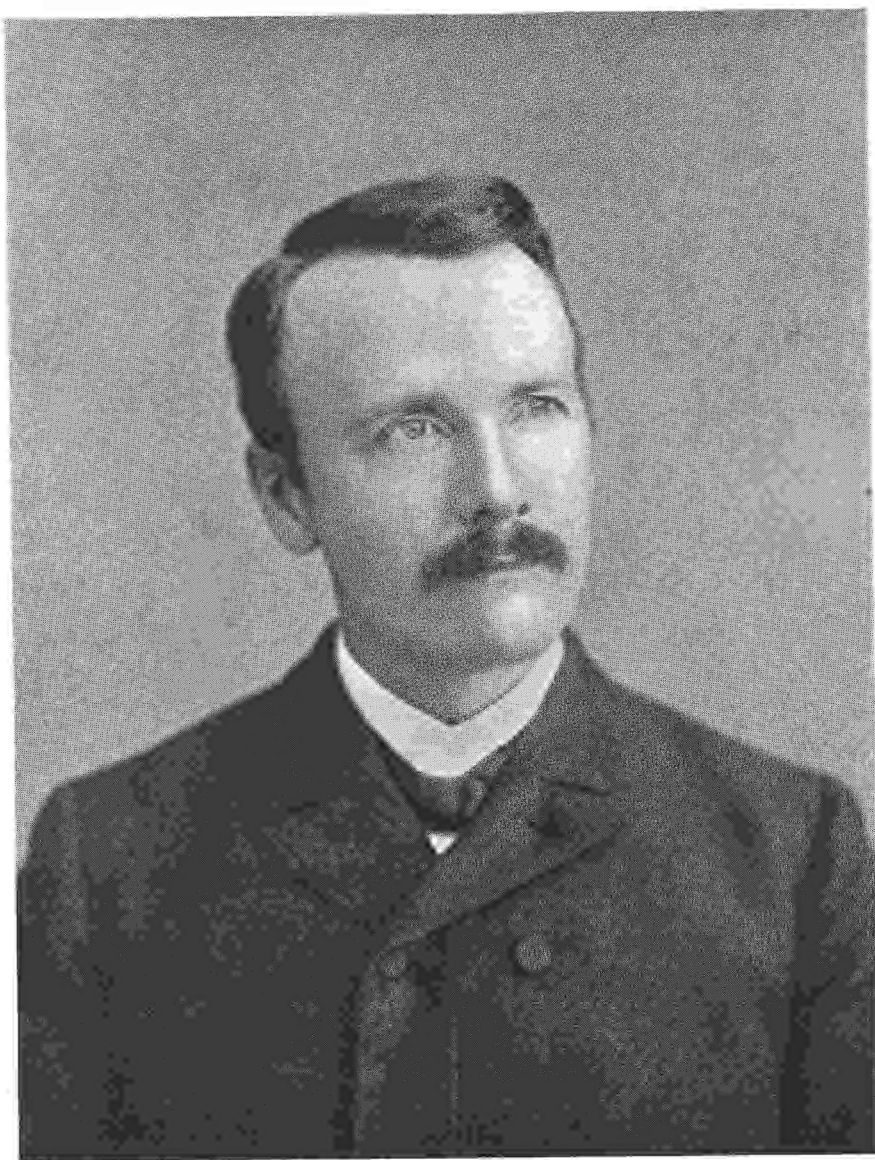
He married, in 1801, Margaret, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Dixon, of Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio, born 5th month 3, 1738, died 7th month 12, 1852. Children of Jesse and Margaret (Dixon) Cope: 1. Elizabeth, born 8th month 4, 1802, died in Ohio, 11th month 26, 1847; married Mahlon Erwin. 2. Mary, born 10th month 3, 1805, died near Waterford, Ohio, 1879; married Joseph Taylor. 3. Hannah, born 1st month 3, 1809, died 7th month 24, 1824, unmarried. 4. Ellis, born first month 19, 1812, died in Columbiana county, Ohio, 1872; married Amy Stratton. 5. Samuel D., of whom further. 6. Ann, born 5th month 10, 1818, died 3rd month 30, 1853, unmarried. 7. Hiram, born 12th month 11, 1821, died in Indiana, where he owned a farm, 1903; married Mary J. Way. 8. Lucinda, born 10th month 4, 1829, died in infancy.

(V) Samuel D. Cope, fifth child and second son of Jesse and Margaret (Dixon) Cope, was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, May 5, 1815, there died June 24, 1901. He spent his early life on his father's farm, attending the public schools, and when he attained his majority began farming operations independently. Upon the death of his father he received a share of the old homestead of which Jesse Cope had been the

original farmer, and by purchasing the interest of a brother became the owner of two hundred and fourteen acres, of which he still held one hundred and forty-five acres at his death. Sheep raising was the business in which he engaged most extensively and with the greatest success, his large flocks bringing him profitable returns. Not only did he sell the wool that he obtained from his own sheep, but he performed the duties of a middleman between many of his neighbors, whose flocks were not large enough to warrant direct dealings with manufacturers and owners of woolen mills. He was a Republican in politics and an implacable foe of slavery, and hiding places on his farm were often the asylum of terror-stricken negroes flying to the Canadian borders. The family religion was continued in him; his wife belonged to the Methodist denomination.

He married (first) Alice Rogers (of whom further), born in Columbiana county, Ohio, July 27, 1815, died there February 22, 1864. He married (second) Mary Kridler, whom he also survived. Children of Samuel D. and Alice (Rogers) Cope: 1. Rufus, born January 4, 1843, died in Chicago, Illinois, June 28, 1910; was a lawyer. 2. Mary Etta, born December 11, 1844, died 1884; married James K. Peirsol, a lawyer, now of Fort Bragg, California. 3. Eliza Cyrena, born July 27, 1846; married Ervin Rogers, who died November 9, 1913, and at the time of his death was living in the state of Washington. 4. Udora, born October 7, 1848; lives, unmarried, in Ohio. 5. Roger, of whom further. 6. Emma, born October 4, 1852, died December 12, 1872. 7. Jeannette, born July 17, 1855, died unmarried in 1885. 8. Amanda, born November 18, 1857; married ——— McNeil, and lives in Lomond, California. 9. Alice Florence, born October 13, 1862; lives unmarried in Leetonia, Ohio.

Alice (Rogers) Cope was a daughter of John and Phoebe (Kimbel) Rogers. John Rogers was a son of George R. Rogers, who was born in Clogher, Ireland, June 17, 1736, died in Columbiana county, Ohio, 1828, at the advanced age of ninety-two years. He was a soldier in the British army and was sent to America in command of a detachment of soldiers to take part in the French and Indian war. For his services in this conflict he was offered either a cash or land reward. He accepted the money, and returning to his homeland lost it all in an ill-starred business venture. He once more came to America, this time on more peaceful pursuits bent than on the occasion of his first visit, and settled in what later was set up as Fairfield township, Columbiana county, Ohio, where he became the owner of considerable land other than that which he farmed. He married Alice Fife, born December 17, 1751. Children of George R. and Alice (Fife) Rogers: George A., Thomas, Alexander, Mary, Ann, Rachel, John, of whom further; Elizabeth, Hester. John, son of George R. and Alice (Fife) Rogers, was born in Fairfield township, Columbiana county, Ohio, and there grew to maturity, inheriting at his father's death one hundred and eighty acres of the home farm. He here lived until his death, 1851, with his wife, a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Children of



Roger Cope

John and Phoebe (Kimbel) Rogers: 1. Alice, of previous mention, married Samuel D. Cope. 2. Samuel, died unmarried, aged twenty-six years. 3. Eliza, died unmarried, aged thirty years. 4. Susan, married Solomon Switzer, and died in Ohio, aged about eighty-four. 5. George, died in Salem, Ohio, aged eighty-two years. 6. Rufus, died young. 7. Hester, lives unmarried in Leetonia, Columbiana county, Ohio.

(VI) Roger Cope, fifth child and second son of Samuel D. and Alice (Rogers) Cope, was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, December 8, 1850. He obtained his preliminary education in the public schools and for two years attended Mount Union College. Upon reaching a decision to make the law his life work he began to study for the same with his brother Rufus, later entering the law department of the University of Michigan, whence he was graduated in the class of 1881. He immediately came to Beaver county and for one year was in the law office of Chamberlain & Peirsol, in New Brighton, being admitted to the bar of the county, December 5, 1881. On March 10 of the following year he opened his own office in Beaver Falls and has there practiced continuously since that time. His practice is general in character, cases of all kinds finding their way to his desk, and in the thirty-two years of his residence in Beaver Falls he has gained an admirable reputation as an able lawyer, a citizen of unsurpassed public spirit, and a gentleman of refinement. When to these attributes is added the virtue of his integrity, unimpeachable in all respects, it is plain that in him is found one of the best representatives of the legal profession in the state. For two years he served as solicitor for the council. He is a member of the Beaver County Bar Association, the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Americans.

Mr. Cope married, June 28, 1894, Mary C. Mercer, a native of Worthington, Greene county, Indiana. Children of Roger and Mary C. Cope: Rue Alice, born in June, 1895, a student in the Beaver Falls High School, and Elizabeth Cyrena, born in September, 1900.

TODD The Todd family in America originated with Robert Todd, a native of Brittany, France, and a captain in the Home Guards, who at the overthrow of the government at the time of the insurrection, hastened from his native land and found a haven in America. He lived and died in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Robert (2) Todd, only son of Robert (1) Todd, the immigrant, removed from Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, to Rostraver, Westmoreland county, in the same state, 1779. He settled on a farm located one and a half miles east of Rostraver postoffice and this is now owned by his grandson, also Robert Todd. When he took possession of this property it was a wild tract of land, but he carefully improved it and brought it to a high state of cultivation. He followed agricultural pursuits in connection with the conduct of a tannery during all the active years of his

life, and achieved a most gratifying success. He was an industrious citizen and a man of influence in the community. He was a member of the Society of Friends. His death occurred in 1821, at the age of fifty-eight years. He married Hannah Hammond, born in France, and they had children as follows: Hannah; Polly, married Peter Van Meter, a Frenchman; Margaret, married John Foot, a descendant of an old Connecticut family; Ann, married John Hasson; Robert, was a farmer of Rostraver township; Daniel, married Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Harold) Merritt; Samuel, a farmer of Rostraver township; James, of further mention.

(III) James Todd, son of Robert (2) and Hannah (Hammond) Todd, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 13, 1885. He grew to manhood in his native county, and for many years was captain of a steamboat plying between Pittsburgh and New Orleans. He then removed his home to Brownsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, where he established himself in the general merchandise business. Still later he removed to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in the stove foundry business in 1870, with which he was identified until his death. He was a Republican, and a member of the Presbyterian Church, as was his wife also. He married Elizabeth P. Smith, born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, a granddaughter of Bela Smith, who was the first white man to cross the Allegheny mountains. He settled with his family in Westmoreland county. His son, Bela B. Smith, father of Mrs. Todd, was a farmer in Westmoreland county, and an influential member of the community. He was a man of fine education, a large land owner, and served many years as a justice of the peace. He was one of the active supporters of the Whig party. He married Nancy Plummer and they had three children who lived to maturity: Bela B., died on the homestead in Westmoreland county; Elizabeth P., who became the wife of Mr. Todd, as above stated; Margaret, married J. Wesley Douglas, a school teacher, and died in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Todd had children: Emma, widow of Captain W. H. Barclay, now lives in Carlisle, Pennsylvania; Bela B., of further mention; James, died at the age of thirteen years.

(IV) Bela B. Todd, son of James and Elizabeth P. (Smith) Todd, was born at Brownsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, October 27, 1849. He acquired his education in the public schools, from which he was graduated with honor, and then accepted a position as clerk in a drug store. After his marriage he removed to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and established himself in business there independently, being very successfully engaged in this until 1900, when he abandoned it in order to engage in his present line of business. This is the fire insurance and real estate business, and he represents a number of important companies, among them being the following: The Fidelity Phoenix, Fidelity Under-

writers, Law, Union & Rock, London Assurance Corporation, Keystone Underwriters, and a number of others. His business interests keep him too fully occupied to permit him to accept public office, but he gives his staunch support to the Republican party. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church, and his fraternal affiliations are with the Royal Arcanum and with the Woodmen of the World.

Mr. Todd married, November 19, 1873, Lida A. Morlan, born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they have children: James, hospital steward at Fort Bliss, Texas, in the service of the United States army; William, connected with the offices of the Union Drawn Steel Company, and lives in Beaver Falls; married, October 14, 1908, Juliet P. Hutchinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Hutchinson, of Beaver Falls; they have one child, Lucile H.

John Benjamin Barratt, a prominent real estate man of BARRATT Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, is a member of an English family on his father's side, and of old Pennsylvanian Quaker stock on his mother's. His paternal grandparents were ——— and Elizabeth (Hewitt) Barratt, both natives of Lancaster, England, where he was engaged in the manufacture of cotton, and where they were married. They came to America when their children were still young, upon the representation of their eldest son, who had preceded them. They settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on the north side of the city, and there resided during the remainder of their lives. To them were born four children, as follows: Ezra, of whom further; Annie, who later became Mrs. John Nevergold, of Pittsburgh, where she died; Elizabeth, who married Charles Fox, of Pittsburgh, and there died; Emma, married (first) ——— Coates, (second) Ezra Cozad, of Sharon, Pennsylvania, where she now resides, his widow.

(II) Ezra Barratt was born in Lancaster, England, and there spent his childhood until he was about twelve or fifteen years of age. He then, in spite of his great youth, sailed for the New World to seek his fortune. Coming to the United States, he settled in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he found employment in the Pennsylvania Cotton Company. In this concern he did his work so successfully and gave such eminent satisfaction to his employers, that before a great while he was given the position of manager of the company. His own success being so phenomenal, he naturally desired his family to partake of it also, and so persuasive were the accounts which he sent home to England that his entire family, including his grandmother and a number of his uncles and aunts, joined him in America. The expenses of their passages were all borne by him, and he personally made two trips to England and return, on each occasion bringing over a number of his relatives with him on the return voyage. These and his original voyage made three times in all that he crossed and

recrossed the Atlantic Ocean. Nor were his travels uneventful. Twice were his ships wrecked off the coast of Newfoundland, and on one occasion he was delayed many days until another vessel could be secured. On this occasion he was obliged to carry his grandmother ashore. Finally, after many hardships and expenses, they all settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and here another difficulty presented itself. The cotton mills, in which he had been so lucratively employed, closed down and he was obliged to seek elsewhere for a means of livelihood for his so greatly enlarged family. His resources were adequate to the situation, however, and he opened a grocery business on the south side of the city, an enterprise in which he prospered greatly and in which he continued for twenty-five years, only leaving it toward the latter end of his life when he removed to a new home on the east side of Pittsburgh, where he passed the few remaining years of his life. He was a very energetic man and one of wide and varied interests. He was a prominent figure in his community and took an active part in politics. He was one of the organizers of the Republican party in 1856 and was an ardent supporter of its policies.

He married Sophia Bamford, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Enick) Bamford. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bamford were of old Quaker stock and both were early settlers in Allegheny county, where they grew up from childhood, and finally met and were married. Mr. Bamford was one of the early blacksmiths of Pittsburgh, and had a shop on Fourth avenue between Wood and Smithfield streets, and there carried on his business for many years, dying finally, about the year 1883, when between ninety and one hundred years old. He was a Republican, and both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. To them were born four children, as follows: John, who served the Union during the Civil War, and died shortly afterwards from the effects; Sophia, mentioned above; Rebecca, who became Mrs. Joseph Adams, of Pittsburgh; Margaret, now Mrs. John Price, of Columbus, Ohio. Mr. Barratt died, and is survived by Mrs. Barratt, who still resides in Pittsburgh, at the age of eighty years. To them were born four children, as follows: William, who lives with his mother in Pittsburgh, a retired steel melter and twice a widower; John Benjamin, of further mention; Elizabeth, now Mrs. William Cooper, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania; Alice, who lives with her mother.

(III) John Benjamin Barratt was born June 4, 1859, in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. At the age of nine years he began to work in the glass factory there, and later secured a position in the Black Diamond Steel Works, where he remained six years. In the year 1879 he moved to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and there found employment in the Beaver Falls Steel Works, with whom he remained twenty-five years, or until the absorption of the concern by the Steel Trust in 1904. When this occurred he was superintendent of the melting and hammer department. In 1904, following the closing of his concern, he engaged in a grocery business in which he continued for five years, abandoning it in



Oliver P. Molten

1909 to enter the real estate and insurance field, in which he is still engaged. He now represents the Palatine Insurance Company of London, England, and the Camden Fire Insurance Association of Camden, New Jersey. The principal real estate operations of the firm of Barratt & Close, as the company is called, are in Beaver county farms, but they also do a business in Louisiana and Florida properties. Mr. Barratt is also the president of the Beaver Falls Cemetery Company, which, with Mr. C. B. McCarter, he organized. Mr. Barratt is a Progressive in politics and is active in the affairs of the community, serving at present as a member of the council of College Hill borough, where his home is situated. He has been a member of the Royal Arcanum for thirty-five years.

Mr. Barratt married, August 10, 1882, Ida J. Rea, a native of Butler county, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Jacob and Carolina Rea. To them have been born three children, as follows: Blanche May, now Mrs. D. K. Shupe, of Monessen, Pennsylvania, and the mother of one son, Rea Barratt Shupe; Eleanor, now Mrs. Herbert Hendrickson, of College Hill, Pennsylvania, and the mother of one daughter, Ida Hendrickson; William, who is now a student in Duff's Business College, and resides at home. Mr. Barratt and his family are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The history of the Molters of Beaver county takes the historian back over the often-trod and well-beaten path to Germany, whence have come the ancestors of many of the most influential members of that county, as well as the forbears of those whose actions have an important part in controlling the destinies of the state and nation.

(I) Jonas Christopher Molter was the emigrant ancestor of his line of the family, and came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, from his birthplace at an early day in the development of that county, his home being first in Beaver and later in Bridgewater. In his early life he was a coal miner, his later years being spent in coal operations, less strenuous physically and more lucrative financially. He was prominent among his fellows and for many years filled the office of justice of the peace, his death occurring in Bridgewater in 1880, two years after that of his wife, both having been lifelong members of the Lutheran Church. He married, in Germany, Fannie Camp, a native of that country. Children: Christopher, Peter John, Henry, Martin, Oliver P., of whom further; Mary Eliza, Margaret, Fannie, the first five and the last deceased.

(II) Oliver P. Molter, son of Jonas Christopher and Fannie (Camp) Molter, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1841. His school days were spent in the public schools, his education being completed in Beaver Academy, and early in life he was a coal miner, coming to New Brighton, Pennsylvania, about 1872. During the Civil War he enlisted and served with distinction during that struggle and was active

in the ranks of the Grand Army of the Republic, being a member of the post of that society from New Brighton. He established in the livery business in New Brighton, his activities in this line being interrupted by his election to the office of sheriff of Beaver county, in which capacity he served with marked competence and satisfaction for six years, part of that time as deputy sheriff. Not long after descending from office he was elected sergeant-at-arms of the Pennsylvania state senate, and after two years as the incumbent of that place he retired, living so until his death. During his career in public life his business had been under the management of his son, Ralph Howard, and founded firmly by the father, it increased and prospered under the judicious administration of the son, bringing to Mr. Molter a generous competence. Politics and political matters had always been a subject of the greatest interest to Mr. Molter, who was a Republican, and besides his relation with the county and state governments he was connected with local affairs as a member of the council and as school director, his wide experience and aptness for such affairs making him a valuable addition to the body of men who made and administered the laws of the borough. He held the Knights Templar degree in the Masonic order, his lodge being the Union, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons, his commandery, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Molter married, October 3, 1871, Ada Laney, born in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 28, 1847, daughter of Joseph and Eliza (Hobble) Laney. Joseph Laney was a native of Ireland coming thence to the United States when a young man, settling in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was there married, his death occurring from accidental drowning when his youngest child was but an infant. He was a Democrat in politics. His wife, Eliza, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, May 4, 1809, died in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 17, 1903, aged ninety-four years, having been for more than half a century a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Bridgewater. Children of Joseph and Eliza (Hobble) Molter: Samuel, James, deceased, Melinda, William, Mary, Ada, of previous mention, married Oliver P. Molter, and nine others died in infancy. Children of Oliver P. and Ada (Laney) Molter: 1. James, born June 2, 1872, died January 7, 1901; was engaged in the livery business in partnership with his father; married Christine Herr, of New Brighton, and had two children, Harry and Adda. 2. Grace H., born November 10, 1874; married Harry Lockhart, and has children, Wilbur, Oliver, Harvey, Elizabeth. 3. Bertha, born October 20, 1876; married Harvey Merriman, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, who died in 1913; they had one child, Dorothy Duss. 4. Herbert, born March 28, 1880; a civil engineer employed in Pittsburgh; lives at home, unmarried. 5. Ralph Howard, of whom further.

(III) Ralph Howard Molter, son of Oliver P. and Ada (Laney) Molter, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1882. He obtained an elementary education in the public schools of that place, later entering Beaver College, whence he was graduated from the commercial

course in 1900. Immediately after graduation he entered the livery business of his father, which had been established by the latter and a partner in 1879. Oliver P. Molter became sole owner in 1884 and from that time until 1913 the business was conducted under his name, although after the admission of his son, Ralph H., to an interest, it was extended to Oliver Molter & Company. Since the death of the founder all the transactions of the firm have been conducted under the name of its present proprietor, Ralph Howard Molter. He is an able successor of his worthy father, and under his experienced guidance still greater development of the business may be expected, for it is not the nature of Mr. Molter to be content with a degree of success lacking in any way. He is a Republican in politics, and is at the present time serving a term as member of the borough council, another position in which he succeeds his honored sire. His fraternal relations are with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Pythias, and the Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Mr. Molter married, March 10, 1911, Eva L. Tower, daughter of James W. and Malinda (Banta) Tower.

The historical documents of the state of Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, if searched for mention of the name Bloom, would supply a much more complete narrative than any that might be found on American soil, for the reason that those of the name are but newly arrived in the United States, the family record in this country covering the birth of but one generation, that to which Henry Bloom, herein mentioned, belongs.

(1) Nicholas Bloom was born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, and attended school in that country, coming to Pennsylvania soon after attaining legal age and settling in Cambria county. He became the owner of lands vast in extent, clearing the farm on which he lived of its hearty growth of timber, and there lived until his death. His method of procedure in his new home was that of most of the pioneers of that and of earlier days, log cabins being erected as temporary homes for men and beasts, and farming being begun on a small area hurriedly cleared the former later to give way to frame dwellings and barns of more durable type, the latter to widen into a farm of many acres, for from the last named it was necessary to derive the support of a family. The farm on which he died in 1892 was one of two hundred acres near Johnstown. At the time of the Civil War he was drafted for service in the Union army, but never went to the front because of the fact that he was above the age limit for such military duty, his age at his death being more than seventy-three years, his wife's more than eighty-two years. As his fortunes prospered and it was no longer imperative that he toil ceaselessly, he began to take greater interest in public affairs and the management of public institutions, the majority of which were unknown to him, coming, as he did, from a monarch-governed land, and

chose as the party that he would support the Democratic. He and his wife were communicants of the Lutheran Church. He married, in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, Catharine Lutz, a native of the same part of Germany as he. In her immigration to the United States there entered in an element of uncertainty that, while it ended happily, must have caused her some anxiety at the time. She had expected to be met at the Hollidaysburg station by a brother, but owing to some misunderstanding, while she was journeying across the Atlantic, he had departed for Illinois, and brother and sister were not reunited until forty years later. Fortunately for the young girl, for she was little more than that at the time, kind friends offered her sheltering care, which in a strange land three thousand miles from home, she was glad to accept, and her marriage a few years later furnished her with a protector and provider for life. Children of Nicholas and Catharine (Lutz) Bloom: 1. Leonard, a farmer of Cambria county. 2. Jacob, died unmarried, aged twenty-seven years. 3. Catharine, married Michael Hack, deceased, lived in Johnstown, Pennsylvania. 4. John, a farmer, lives in Cambria county, Pennsylvania. 5. George, a farmer, met an accidental death when aged fifty years, the cause being the kick of a vicious horse. 6. Henry, of whom further. 7. Mary, married Samuel Myers, and lives in Cambria county, Pennsylvania. 8. William, a farmer, lives on the homestead.

(II) Henry Bloom, son of Nicholas and Catharine (Lutz) Bloom, was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, February 28, 1859. While living on the home farm he attended the nearby public school, the combination of home duties and school studies making his youthful days ones busy and well-occupied. After leaving the home farm he learned steel heating processes in the plant of the Cambria Steel Company, at Johnstown, in 1884, coming to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and entering the employ of the Hartman Steel Company, remaining in that service for five and a half years, at the expiration of that time giving his final farewell to the steel manufacturing industry. He immediately began work at the carpenter's trade, and having learned his business thoroughly, entered the contracting field. His business is general in character, the field of his operations extending from Pittsburgh to Newcastle. One of his contracts was for the building of the Pittsburgh plant of the Edwin Bell Company, barrel and keg manufacturers, the home of the industry covering two acres, and for four and a half years after the completion of his work he was employed by this firm in the capacity of outside superintendent, his territory extending from South Sharon to Monessen. Since that time he has confined his business interests entirely to contracting with pleasing financial results, continuing therein to the present time. Mr. Bloom allows no false pride or erroneous impression to govern his actions in his business, but when occasion demands, as it frequently does, is glad to don working clothes and labor at the side of those whom he employs, realizing full well that the greatest dignity of man is in worthy toil and that work is one's most price-

less inheritance. Mr. Bloom and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church, to which his parents belonged, serving as trustee for twenty years, while his political views dictate allegiance to the Republican party. It was as the representative of this party that he was for seven years a member of the Beaver Falls council, in which body his strong and sound judgment, and practical and pertinent suggestions were often the means of offering a solution to a bothersome problem or of deciding a weighty question in debate.

He married, in 1886, Mrs. Margaret E. (Douglass) Myers, daughter of Andrew Douglass, her father, deceased, having been a long-time resident of Butler county, Pennsylvania. Children: Margaret, lives at home, and Kate, who died in infancy, aged fifteen months. The present home of Mr. Bloom and his family is at No. 1120 Ninth avenue, where he has remodeled the home of his wife into an attractive and comfortable residence.

There is a custom prevalent in many foreign lands that has never gained the popularity in the United States that it has attained elsewhere, the making of one trade or occupation the business of one family for generations following. In the British Isles and the continental countries the son of a tailor is taught the tailor's trade, the offspring of a watchmaker, the art of making time-pieces, a mechanic's boy, his father's trade. It is plainly because such a system, while producing workmen skilled to the last degree, nevertheless renders them, in a large measure, useless for any other trade or business, that it has never found favor in our land, where every principle of national and municipal government and all of our institutions tend toward the development of all the faculties and the exercise of the same. It was in pursuance of this policy that the White family of Ireland for many generations were manufacturers of fine linen and bleachers, not to be duplicated by any other of the exponents of that great Irish art, the head of the industry passing to his descendants the secret processes of the trade, which were as carefully guarded as the most sacred point of honor. The bleaching was done on what was known as Bleaching Greens which were large fields of grass and the linen was sun bleached of chemicals.

(I) It was in this business that Thomas White, with whom this chronicle begins, amassed the fortune that in those days was considered vast in proportions, although in our present day of multi-millionaires it would suffer severely from comparison. Thomas White was a Covenanter in religion, and died in Ireland in 1797. He and his wife were the parents of five sons and one daughter. The daughter married in Ireland and there died. All five of the sons were active in the terrible rebellions that have shaken Ireland from its foundations from the twelfth century and that have kept its people from occupying the high position for which they are

fitted among the civilized nations of the world. Suffering under oppression, ground into the dust by the hard-pressing heel of poverty and debt, the Irish nation has been indeed deprived of her birthright, a fact to which her leaders are now fully awake, and cognizant of their wrongs, seek and demand reparation. Hugh, one of the sons of Thomas White, possessed a remarkably good education and had written many pamphlets dealing with the injustices done the land by its English oppressors. One of his writings, and the one that made him an exile from the land of his birth, was a draft of a declaration of independence for Ireland. Because of his writings, treasonous in the extreme, from an alien point of view, he was under close surveillance, and when it was found that he had prepared such a document a party of soldiers was sent to search his home. The paper was found hidden in the thatch roof of his cottage and the detachment of troops then set out upon a new hunt for its author. Hugh White, hiding in a blacksmith's shop, saw his would-be captors approaching and persuaded the smith, a loyal patriot, to change clothes with him, and busied himself at the forge, the proprietor of the shop being led away as the person in demand. After this narrow escape he made his way to a seaport town, was placed in a crate in the midst of the cargo by friends, carried on board a vessel under the watchful and unsuspecting eyes of a soldier guard, and was brought to the United States. Safely arrived in this country he came at once to Economy township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer for the remainder of his life, never marrying. Two of his brothers, for participation in the same rebellion, were transported to Van Diemen's Land, from which time nothing was ever heard from them, while a third, whose offences as a ringleader had been more serious, was hanged as soon as taken prisoner.

(II) John White, son of Thomas White, through whom the present line continues, had made and saved a considerable sum of money in linen manufacturing in his native land, county Antrim having been the place of his birth in 1760. In consequence, at the time of his immigration to the United States in 1794, he was not penniless, but possessed sufficient money to give him an advantageous start in business. His departure from his native land was entirely voluntary, unattended by any of the thrilling circumstances that had marked the leave-taking of his brother, Hugh, for while he had been active in the ranks of those who advocated rebellion, that strife had not yet reached its culmination. Contracting was the line in which he established after his arrival in the United States, and he was the builder of one mile of the turnpike connecting Philadelphia and Baltimore. He then moved to the western part of the state, purchasing from the Pennsylvania Improvement Company one square mile of land on the west bank of the Beaver river just above the present site of the city of Beaver Falls, a tract now included in Beaver county, although then the county had not yet been erected. He here built a cabin and began the stupendous task of clearing that vast area of its wealth of forest. In 1801

he returned to Ireland, one of his purposes being to endeavor to recover some of the rich estate that had been his father's fortune, the other to wed a certain maid who, seven years before, had promised to wait for his return. As far as achieving desired results may be called success, his journey was a dismal failure, for not only did he find all of the family belongings confiscated by the government and beyond recovery, but his amorous advances were likewise repulsed, his betrothed dreading a life in the American wilderness. He was just as determined not to remain in Ireland, after a glimpse of the New World possibilities, and selling one of the first class passage tickets he, in his confidence, had purchased, he traded the other for steerage passage, bringing with him to the United States John Murphy, whose daughter married John Reeves, a banker of Beaver Falls, and John McMillan. The three came to John White's home in 1804 and there lived until the other two were able to provide houses of their own. Five years later John White married and a more pretentious house took the place of the early log cabin. He and his family were members of the Covenanters Church, traveling seven miles on horseback every Sunday to attend the services of that faith and remaining at the church all day, the trip being made whatever the conditions of weather. He was a man of strong moral convictions, gentle and mild in nature, but stern and unyielding in a question involving a principle. On no occasion or under no circumstances could he be prevailed upon to carry a gun, nor was there ever one in his possession, it being a rule of his never to deprive any living creature of something which he could not return, the disposal of a life being far beyond his power.

He married Elizabeth Kelso, born on Wallace's Run, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John Kelso. Her parents were among the earliest of the county's settlers, John Kelso owning a flour mill on Wallace's Run, which he operated nine months in the year. He did not witness with pleasure the quick gathering of families in that locality, and moved, in 1810, to Kentucky, where there were not enough residents to remove the charm of pioneer simplicity, which in many cases was synonymous with discomfort. Children of John and Elizabeth (Kelso) White: 1. Thomas, whose sketch follows. 2. John, a school teacher and doctor, died while practicing in Parkersburg, West Virginia. 3. David, a farmer and nurseryman, died in Venango county, Pennsylvania. 4. Robert, of whom further. 5. James, a farmer, lived in Wert county, West Virginia. 6. Sallie, married Thomas Ramsey, the victim of a railroad accident, in 1876, and lived in Beaver Falls. 7. Elizabeth, married D. C. McCann, and lived on a farm in Wert county, West Virginia. 8. Anne, married Samuel Lee, a farmer of Wert county, West Virginia. 9. Mary, married William Johnson, and lived in West Liverpool, Ohio. 10. Hugh, a millwright, owned a farm and several canal boats; his home was in Beaver Falls, and although he had never performed any military or naval service, he was universally known as "Captain White."

(III) Thomas White, son of John and Elizabeth (Kelso) White, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1810, and there died, aged seventy-six years. He received from his father, as a gift, a farm which is now the site of the Penn Bridge Works. He was a farmer throughout his entire life, his home being the large stone house which is still standing at College Hill. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to which all his family belonged. He married Elizabeth Bannon, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, the daughter of Irish parents, she dying in that county, aged seventy-four years. Children of Thomas and Elizabeth (Bannon) White: 1. Chamberlain, of whom further. 2. Jeremiah, deceased, was a stone mason of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 3. Thomas, a contractor, specializing in concrete work; lives at Vandergrift, Pennsylvania. 4. Ella, married John Young; lives on the old homestead. 5. Margaret, married George Smith; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Chamberlain White, eldest of the children of Thomas and Elizabeth (Bannon) White, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, near the present site of Geneva College, February 13, 1836, died there September 14, 1888. As a lad he was his father's helper in all farm duties, attending the common schools as the opportunity presented itself, later finishing his studies at the Greensburg Academy. When but a young man he entered the field of local politics and was ever the incumbent of some position in the public service. From 1872 until 1874 he was sheriff of Beaver county, exercising the powers of that office in a thoroughly capable and efficient manner. In 1879 he became chief of the Beaver Falls police force, continuing so until 1886, from that latter year to the time of his death being engaged in detective work. During his term of office as head of the police department of Beaver Falls that city was guarded from burglarious depredations in a manner that gave a secure feeling of safety even to the timid, and internal disturbances were few and far between. What was true of his work in his town applied also to his administration of the county office of sheriff, and his reputation for pursuing legal offenders with zealous energy made law-abiding citizens of many who, had their natural inclinations been given full sway, would have stood far beyond the pale of respectable society. He affiliated with the Knights of Pythias and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

He married, October 30, 1862, Sarah M. Elliott, born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 26, 1846, daughter of John M. and Narcissa S. (Crail) Elliott. John M. was a son of William and Margaret Elliott both natives of Ireland, who on immigrating to the United States settled in Hubbard, Ohio, and later when their children were small moved to Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. John M. Elliott was born in Hubbard, Ohio, came to Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, with his parents, in childhood, and there spent the greater part of his life, first on his father's farm and then on land of his own. In his later years he sold his farm property and moved to Beaver Falls, living



Wm E White

there until the time of his death. For many years his was a well-known and familiar figure in the court of common pleas of Beaver county, where he officiated as crier. He and his wife, Narcissa S. (Crail) Elliott, daughter of James and Susan (Stoops) Crail, were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, her parents both being natives of eastern Pennsylvania who settled in Raccoon township, Beaver county. Children of John M. and Narcissa S. (Crail) Elliott: 1. Sarah M., of previous mention, married Chamberlain White. 2. James W., lives in Barnett county, Wisconsin. 3. William O., deceased. 4. Daniel B., deceased. 5. Medora, married Dr. S. P. Eckie, and lives in Mansfield, Ohio. 6. Luella, deceased. 7. Addison D., a resident of Duquesne, Pennsylvania. 8. John B., deceased. Children of Chamberlain and Sarah M. (Elliott) White: 1. Minnie, born May 2, 1866; married Joseph Akin, and lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania; one child, John Mc. 2. Thomas Howard, born August 17, 1873; lieutenant of police in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; married Blanche Devine; four children living: Medora, William, Minnie and Janet. 3. Anna L., born August 20, 1874; married William Mitchell; both are deceased; left three children: Margaret, Norma and Ray. 4. William Elliott, of whom further. 5. Mary Iva, born December 25, 1877; married Barclay Campbell, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; one child, Samuel.

(V) William Elliott White, fourth child and second son of Chamberlain and Sarah M. (Elliott) White, was born in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, May 24, 1876. Until he was fifteen years of age his life experience was confined to the school room, after which he was employed as driver of an express delivery, in which capacity he worked until the outbreak of the Spanish-American War. Enlisting in Company B, Tenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, he was transported to the Philippine Islands and there served for sixteen months, holding the rank of corporal. Upon his return from the islands he became relief agent in the employ of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, remaining with that road for eight years. In 1911 he leased and remodeled the building at No. 1123 Seventh avenue, and there established a moving picture show, the capacity of his house being three hundred, and has since continued in business. His theatre, named the Colonial, has been a success from the start, is maintained upon a high plane, and is patronized by the city's most desirable element. In addition to the censorship exercised by the commission governing such productions, Mr. White personally makes an inspection of the nature of the films shown at his theatre, and nothing of an immoral or suggestive nature appears upon his screen. Such care in the management of the theatre is appreciated by a public loving untainted amusement, and its appreciation is shown by a steady attendance that has marked his venture with the sign of success. As a Republican he has been elected a member of the council of Beaver Falls. He is identified with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Modern Woodmen of

the World, the Loyal Order of Moose, the Order of Reindeer, and the Independent Volunteer Fire Company.

Mr. White married, October 16, 1902, Elizabeth Patience Houlette, born at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Hugh and Lillian (Preble) Houlette. Hugh Houlette is a contractor, born in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, his wife a native of West Virginia. Children of Hugh and Lillian (Preble) Houlette: 1. Elizabeth Patience, married William Elliott White, both of previous mention. 2. Ellen M., married Stanley L. Gemmill, and lives in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, where her husband is a farmer; one child, Jane. 3. William O., a resident of Rochester, Pennsylvania. 4. Lucile, lives at home. 5. Joseph, lives at home. 6. Lillian, deceased. Child of William Elliott and Elizabeth Patience (Houlette) White, Hugh Chamberlain.

(III) Robert White, son of John and Elizabeth (Kelso) White, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 8, 1816, died on the homestead where he was born, January 10, 1898. He grew to manhood in White township, Beaver county, attending a school conducted by Sampson McDaniel and standing in a clearing in his property. The building was constructed of logs, light being admitted through greased paper windows, rough slabs serving as desks and rude benches, without backs, as seats. The materials for study were as primitive as those for comfort, the only text-books being a speller and the Bible, mathematics and other branches being brought on demand from the cavernous recesses of the instructor's brain, his simple word making rules immovable, laws absolute. One of Robert's brothers, John, afterward taught in this building. Here it was that Robert White obtained most of his education, and the fact that never in his later life did he find cause for embarrassment in the meagreness of his learning reflects credit both upon the teacher and the youth who imbibed the teachings so eagerly. He lived on his father's farm until he had reached man's estate, engaged in farming, later learning the stone mason's trade and being employed in the building of the dams for the Beaver Canal. He then turned his attention and talents to railroad contracting, and had charge of the construction of a division of the Pan Handle Railroad. In 1854 he journeyed to Panama to assist in the building of the railroad across the isthmus, but after only a month in that region the climate and its concomitant ills caused him to abandon his work as not only unhealthful, but dangerous to life. The change that the engineers of the United States have effected during the occupation of that zone by our citizens in the building of the Panama Canal is strikingly shown by the fact that, in direct contrast to the experience of Mr. White, thousands of natives of the United States live in that country the year round, suffering no more ill effects than if they were in their own homes for the same length of time. Health and cleanliness have followed sickness and squalor, the myriad hosts of contagion and disease retreating before the trained forces of scientific sanitation. Leaving Panama he

spent two years gold prospecting in California, meeting with good success, and in 1856 returned to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, acquiring title to one hundred and six acres of the homestead farm and there living until his death. He was a strong supporter of Democratic policies, ever active in the party organization, holding numerous township and county offices, from 1872 to 1874, inclusive, serving as jury commissioner.

He married Margaret A. Walker, born at Walker's Mills, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, November 30, 1836, now living on the old homestead in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Isabelle (Walker) Walker, both natives of Robinson township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. The Walkers were of Scotch-Irish descent, having been residents in the United States for several generations. John Walker's grandfather, together with two brothers and two sisters, were taken captive by Indian allies of the British and taken to Canada, where they were detained until the close of the war. Disturbing as this was to their relatives and friends, their fate was a happy one in comparison to those of hundreds who met death as their portion at the hands of the savages. John Walker was a farmer all his life and a member of the Presbyterian Church. The old family home was in Pittsburgh, the street now known as Butler. Children of John and Isabelle (Walker) Walker: 1. Margaret A., of previous mention, married Robert White. 2. William, a veteran of the Civil War, a farmer, lives retired in Missouri. 3. Sarah, married Daniel Rice, an undertaker, and lives in Indiana. 4. Anna, married and lives in the west. 5. Alice, married a Mr. Greer, and lives in Illinois. 6. Georgia, married a brother of the husband of her sister, Alice, and lives on a farm in Iowa. 7. Addison J., a contractor of Lakeland, Florida. Children of Robert and Margaret A. (Walker) White: 1. John, of whom further. 2. Elizabeth, married Daniel Cuning, a contractor, and lives in Los Angeles, California. 3. Isabelle, married D. C. Wallace, a retired real estate dealer of Los Angeles, California, where he resides. 4. Mary J., married T. E. Morgan, a contractor of Morado, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where they live on the old homestead. 5. Margaret, died aged twenty-two years. 6. Anna, married Glene Wallace, a real estate dealer, and lives in College Hill, Pennsylvania. 7. Sarah, married Howard Littell, and lives on the White homestead. 8. Robert Jr., a contractor and builder of Parkersburg, West Virginia.

(IV) John (2) White, eldest of the children of Robert and Margaret A. (Walker) White, was born in what was then Chippewa, now White township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 9, 1858. He attended the public schools of Chippewa township, the school being named the White Schoolhouse. Until he attained his majority he was employed on the home farm, then accepted a position as clerk in the Five and Ten Cent Store of D. C. McCann, after one year purchasing another establishment of the same nature, which he conducted for twelve years with excellent success. Since that time he has lived in retirement because of

ill-health. He has acquired real estate holdings of value, and is president of the Grand View Cemetery Association. His fraternities are the Modern Woodmen of America, the Royal Arcanum, and the National Union.

Mr. White married, June 2, 1885, Anna Williams, a native of Covington, Kentucky, daughter of William Williams, who was until his death engaged in steel manufacturing. John and Anna (Williams) White are the parents of one child, Verna, born in July, 1888, lives at home.

The pioneers of the Couch family in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, were Nathan and Emily (Light) Couch, who settled in that locality at an early date and there spent their entire lives, with the exception of a short residence in Allegheny county, whence they came. They were the parents of: Orlando H., of whom further; William Addison, Edward, Sophia, Catherine.

(II) Orlando H. Couch, son of Nathan and Emily (Light) Couch, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1829, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was reared in his native county, and was educated in the common schools, as a boy obtaining a position in a woolen manufacturing establishment. During the Civil War he was employed as a railroad engineer, and for ten years afterward successfully engaged in the mercantile business, in 1884, coming to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he became the proprietor of a furniture store, also conducting an undertaking business. He was a Democrat in political affiliation. He married Charlotte Dunbar, born near Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1830, daughter of David and Esther (Duey) Dunbar. David Dunbar died in Philadelphia and his widow married (second) John Squires, a native of England, one of the first residents of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he died August 15, 1859, her death occurring in the same place, March 9, 1884, when she was eighty years of age. Esther was a daughter of Jacob and Anna (Myers) Duey, who settled at Darby, Chester county, Pennsylvania. Jacob Duey was one hundred and four years of age when he died, and his wife had performed domestic services for the British soldiers quartered in that locality at the time of the Revolutionary War. Children of Jacob and Anna (Myers) Duey: William, Adam, Albert, Richard, Eliza, Anna, Esther, of previous mention, married David Dunbar, and Charlotte. Children of Orlando H. and Charlotte (Dunbar) Couch: Esther Emily, born December 9, 1850; John S., January 14, 1853; Nathan A., of whom further; David D., July 10, 1857, died June 24, 1895; Charlotte Ann, December 9, 1859; Eliza S., May 2, 1862, died March 29, 1909; Mary A., October 11, 1864, died February 26 1894; Orlando R. March 25, 1867.

(III) Nathan A. Couch, second son and third child of Orlando H. and Charlotte (Dunbar) Couch, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 19, 1855, died in New Brighton, that county, December 27, 1911.

The public schools of the county were the institutions in which he received his school training, and soon after completing his studies he learned the cabinet-maker's trade under the instruction of a Mr. Algoe, of Beaver Falls, and at once came to New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he opened a furniture store and an undertaking establishment. In this place he continued in business until his death, prospering and becoming well-known and liked. He was a Democrat in politics, never entering public life, and held membership in the Methodist Episcopal Church, that also being the faith of his wife. He belonged to New Brighton Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was treasurer from December 27, 1896, until his death, and also was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Woodmen of the World, and the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Couch married Matilda Catherine Smith, born near Hamburg, Pennsylvania, October 31, 1854, daughter of Samuel C. and Matilda Catherine (Page) Smith, both born near Hamburg, Pennsylvania, he in 1816, she the following year. Her parents moved to Pittsburgh after the close of the Civil War, in 1867 moving to Beaver county, and after a two years residence in that locality went to Illinois, returning later to Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Samuel C. Smith died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, in 1907, his wife dying in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in 1892. Children of Samuel C. and Matilda Catherine (Page) Smith: Elizabeth, born August 23, 1838; William Hanson, March 18, 1840; George Washington, June 25, 1843; Mary Ann, March 2, 1845; Samuel K., June 18, 1848; Matilda Catherine, of previous mention, married Nathan A. Couch; Hezekiah, February 8, 1857; Rebecca J., January 25, 1864. Children of Nathan A. and Matilda Catherine (Smith) Couch: Addie E.; Charles C., of whom further; Alfred S., of Beaver Falls; Beaumont, lives at home.

(IV) Charles C. Couch, eldest son and second child of Nathan A. and Matilda Catherine (Smith) Couch, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 11, 1882. He was a student in the public schools of that place, and when he reached his majority entered the railroad employ and was so associated for nearly five years, at the end of which time he entered business with his father. At the death of the elder Couch, Charles C. Couch succeeded in control of the business and has since been sole proprietor, ably continuing the business established by his father and in every way maintaining the high standards of service erected at the time of its founding. His business ranks well up among those of like nature in New Brighton, and holds the patronage of a class of trade desirable in the extreme. He is a loyal Democrat, and is prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of Union Lodge, No. 259, Pittsburgh Chapter, Lodge of Perfection of New Castle, Pennsylvania, holding the thirty-second degree. His other memberships are in the Knights of Pythias, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Royal Arcanum, and the American Insurance Union.

Mr. Couch married, February 18, 1913, Mabel E. Knowles, born in Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, December 23, 1888, daughter of John Knowles, born in England, who came to Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, in 1888, later moving to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he resides at the present time.

The name of Bestwick, although not at all common, appears to be borne by a number of distinct families in various parts of the country, and even these are not of common national origin.

(I) Henry Bestwick was born in Derbyshire, England, in 1808, died in 1876. He emigrated to the United States about the year 1840, locating at what is now New Brighton, Pennsylvania. He brought his tin shop to this locality in a canal boat, and was engaged in this business many years. He owned the ground on which the Western Union Telegraph building is now located, and almost all of his children were born there. He was a very successful business man, and he and his wife were members of the Methodist Protestant Church. Mr. Bestwick married Mary Kaye, born in Derbyshire, England, in 1810, died in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in 1884. Children: Isaac, Rachel, Jacob, Reuben, Sarah, Abraham, of further mention.

(II) Abraham Bestwick son of Henry and Mary (Kaye) Bestwick, was born in Derbyshire, England, in 1835, died July 8, 1889. He was a tinner by trade, and all the active years of his life was engaged in this business and that of house furnishing, in later years also adding hardware to his stock. After his death his eldest son continued the business for a time, after which it was taken up by his son, George A. Mr. Bestwick was a Democrat and a Prohibitionist, and for a number of years lectured in the cause of temperance. He was grand worthy chief of Good Templars of Pennsylvania. During the Civil War he was in active service for a time. Mr. Bestwick married Sarah Boswell, born in Nottinghamshire, England, in 1833, died July 1, 1887, daughter of George and Millicent Boswell. They had children: John, deceased; Mary; Edward, deceased; David; Eva; Olivia, deceased; George A., of further mention; Ella, deceased; Percy, deceased; Abraham.

(III) George A. Bestwick, son of Abraham and Sarah (Boswell) Bestwick, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1869. The public schools of his township furnished him with a suitable education, and when he had completed this he took up the trade of tinning under the supervision of his father. Some time after the death of his father he assumed charge of the business in which the latter had been interested, and now owns the stores at Nos. 900 and 902 Third avenue. His private residence at No. 816 Sixth avenue is also his own property. He is Republican in politics, was a member of the fire depart-

ment for a period of twenty years, and is a member of the Independent Order of Americans and the Senior Order of United American Mechanics. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Protestant Church. Mr. Bestwick married, in October, 1891, Nora Garber, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 31, 1872, daughter of James S. and Sarah (Main) Garber, a sketch of whose ancestry is subjoined. Children: Erma Grace, born June 24, 1892; Willard Francis, born December 16, 1894, died February, 1903; Wayne Frederick, born November 26, 1903.

(The Garber Line.)

(I) Leonard Garber was born east of the mountains, and settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, at an early date. There he spent the remainder of his life. He married, and had children: William, James, Emanuel, Aaron, Samuel, of further mention; Hannah.

(II) Samuel Garber, son of Leonard Garber, was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, died in 1896. He was a farmer by occupation, a Republican in politics, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Mary Ann Black, who also died in 1896, and they had children: William, James S., of further mention; Henry, John, Theodore, Rebecca, Sarah, Mary, Alice.

(III) James S. Garber, son of Samuel and Mary Ann (Black) Garber, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1844, was a quarryman, and followed this calling twenty-eight years, in the employ of Thomas Ritchie, of Homewood. He was a Democrat politically, and he and his wife were members of the Church of God. He married, October, 1872, Sarah Main, born near Elwood, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 8, 1851, daughter of Jordan and Rosanna (Deems) Main, and granddaughter of Nicholas Main, a pioneer settler of Beaver county; sister of Nicholas, Mahala Jane, Andrew J., Cecelia, Adam, Joseph, Nancy, Mary, Theodore. Mr. and Mrs. Garber had children: Nora, who married George A. Bestwick (see Bestwick III.); William H., of further mention; Alice, married Clyde Lynn, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania; Florence, deceased; Maggie and Nettie, deceased. The Mains came originally from Germany.

(IV) William H. Garber, son of James S. and Sarah (Main) Garber, was born in North Sewickley township, Pennsylvania, on a farm, October 20, 1873. He was six years of age when he was brought to New Brighton, and was educated in the public schools. He worked at various occupations, being for some years in the employ of J. D. Martsolf, and then obtained a position on the police force of the town. In 1903 he was appointed chief of police, and filled this position for almost eight years. Since that time he has served as constable. In political matters he is a Republican, and he is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Order of Moose, Police Association and the Protective Home Circle. Mr. Garber married, October 23, 1895, Hannah Nye, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they had one daughter, Leota, born in 1896, died at the age of six years.

Samuel Mecklem, born in the eastern part of Pennsylvania, came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, with his young wife, and located at Brush Creek about the year 1800. They cleared the land and converted it into a farm. His wife was Rachel (McDaniel) Mecklem, also born in the eastern part of Pennsylvania, and of Scotch-Irish descent. They had children: William, see forward; Gideon, Jethram, Smith, Archibald, Rachel, Sarah, Eliza.

(II) William Mecklem, son of Samuel and Rachel (McDaniel) Mecklem, was a farmer at Brush Creek, Pennsylvania. He married Nancy Strock, daughter of Matthias and Lydia Strock, of Brush Creek, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where the former was also engaged in farming. Mr. and Mrs. Strock had children: George, David, John, Lillian, Nancy, mentioned above, Catherine. William and Nancy (Strock) Mecklem had children: Matthias, see forward; Samuel, Rachel, Joseph, Lydia, John.

(III) Matthias Mecklem, son of William and Nancy (Strock) Mecklem, received his education in the public schools of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and at the age of seventeen years went to Pittsburgh, where he was at first a clerk and later a merchant. In 1854 or 1855 he went to Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he established a general store and conducted this until 1869. He then removed to North Sewickley, Beaver county, where he continued in the same line of business until his death in 1874. He was a staunch Republican and cast his first vote for Fremont. Strongly in favor of the Abolition party, he lent material assistance to the various "underground railways." A firm believer in the tenets of the Baptist denomination, he held undeviatingly to his faith in a community where he was the only one of this sect. Mr. Mecklem married Mary Hunter. John Hunter, father of Mrs. Mecklem, was born near Unionville, Pennsylvania, and married Ella Wines, born near Little Washington. Enoch Hunter, grandfather of Mrs. Mecklem, was of Irish descent, and married Mary Musser, who had German ancestors. He settled near Unionville at an early date and there reared his family. William, a brother of Enoch Hunter, was active during the Civil War, was confined in Andersonville Prison, and was liberated when almost dead. Another brother, Abraham Hunter, lost a leg at the battle of the Wilderness. Children of Matthias and Mary (Hunter) Mecklem: Nancy; Eliza, deceased; Addison; a twin of Addison who died in infancy; William J.; Joseph, see forward; Sarah, twin of Joseph; Rachel; Samuel, deceased; Lester O., see forward.

(IV) Joseph Mecklem, son of Matthias and Mary (Hunter) Mecklem, was born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 17, 1872. He was educated in his native city, and from early years became familiar with the details of the contracting business. For a number of years he was associated with his father, and in 1903 established himself in business independently, and conducted it alone until February 1, 1913. The firm of Mecklem Brothers was then organized, this including his two brothers,

William J. and Lester O. They are general contractors and dealers in builders' supplies, and they have the most prosperous lumber yard and mill in that section. Their place is located in North Rochester, and they have done much of the city construction work, among the buildings erected by them being the Wahl and Doyle Building, the Eagle Building, the City Building, and the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Mecklem is a Democrat, and while he gives earnest attention to all question of public import, he has never desired to hold public office. He is a member of the United Presbyterian Church, and of the following fraternal organizations: Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Patrons of the Home Circle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, and Workmen of the World. Mr. Mecklem married, March 1, 1891, Lily F., daughter of Jackson Brewer, and they have had children: Hazel A., Arthur J., Charles C., Helen A., all of whom attend school.

(IV) Lester O. Mecklem, youngest child of Matthias and Mary (Hunter) Mecklem, was born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He received his education in Rochester, and learned the carpenter's trade with his brother Joseph. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church and also of the Workmen of the World. For some time he has been a member of the firm of Mecklem Brothers, mentioned above. Mr. Mecklem married, January 6, 1904, Bessie, born near Alton, Illinois, daughter of P. Henry Young, whose calling is that of glass blowing. They have one child, Paul.

The Welsh family of Porter, represented in Pennsylvania PORTER by Enos Hadsell Porter, descends from the stock claimed by John Balfour Porter, of England, as his ancestral line, the first of the name in the United States being Grandfather Porter, who was a participant in the second war with Great Britain. He was a resident of Indiana, enlisting in a regiment recruited in that state. At the time of the Civil War he was too old for service, his death occurring while that conflict was in progress, that of his wife taking place soon after its close. Both were members of the sect that was afterward known as the Disciples of Christ. They were the parents of seven children: Thomas, lives retired in Wauseon, Ohio; William, died in Fulton county, Ohio; Sarah, married John Dakon, and died in Michigan; Benjamin F., of whom further; Enoch, lives in Wauseon, Ohio, retired; Joseph, a resident of Toledo, Ohio; John, lives near Cripple Creek, Colorado.

(II) Benjamin F. Porter was born in Indiana, June 6, 1835, died near Wauseon, Ohio, August 24, 1902. In his early childhood his parents brought him to Richland county, Ohio, where his youth was spent. After his marriage he lived in Wauseon, Ohio, where he followed his trade, that of carpenter, until the outbreak of war between the north and the south, when he left for the front. His first enlistment was for three months, his regiment being the Tenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, from which he was

later transferred to the Fifteenth Regiment Ohio Volunteer Infantry. At the expiration of his first term he re-enlisted, his organization being the Third Regiment of Ohio Cavalry and was an aide under General Judson Kilpatrick. This rank he held during the remainder of his service, and he was often the custodian and carrier of important messages between the commanders of the various armies. While bent upon a mission of this nature he was taken captive by a company of Texas Rangers, and brought before the Confederate commander. Here every pressure was brought to compel him to divulge the nature of his message, which was from General William T. Sherman to General Kilpatrick, recalling the latter from his southern raid and ordering him to concentrate his forces in the rear of Atlanta, which city fell the following day. Because of his immovable determination not to reveal his message, which had been entrusted to him, he was ordered to be hanged. Every preparation was made for the execution of this threat and as he stood upon the scaffold with the rope around his neck he was asked if he wished to make a dying statement. His only answer was that if it was his time to enter into the presence of his Maker, it would not be as a traitor to the cause he had sworn to defend. The strength of his purpose and the loyalty of his devotion deeply impressed the Confederate general, who, with the admiration of one brave and gallant gentleman for another, countermanded his first order, and placed him in charge of the authorities at Andersonville prison, over which place of confinement Captain Werz was in command. Subsequently he was sent to Salisbury, North Carolina, and from that place paroled at the close of the war.

During his confinement at Andersonville he was the witness of many of the cruel atrocities committed in that place, helpless prisoners being the victims, and at the close of the war he testified against Captain Werz, on trial for inhuman treatment of Union soldiers, stating that he had seen a northern soldier cast into a pack of ravenous bloodhounds. The depth of the Confederate general's respect for his prisoner at the time of his first capture, when he made his choice between death and the odium of a traitor's reputation, is shown by the words of that gentleman, spoken as he ordered the noose to be removed from the neck of his captive: "If I had a regiment of such men I could lick Hell out of the Yankees." This was not coarse profanity, nor was his remark made in derogation of the bravery of his own men, but the manner of strong men not used to the niceties of speech in expressing emotion, and no higher nor truer tribute could be made. Under General Kilpatrick he participated in many decisive battles, not the least of which was that of Shiloh, or Pittsburgh Landing, the wounds he received in active service being a bayonet thrust in the right shoulder, and a rifle shot in the knee. He was honorably discharged at the close of the war, and lived the remainder of his years on a farm near Wauseon, Ohio, enjoying the peace that followed the four years of such deadly struggle, in which his part had revealed the nobility of his

spirit and the loftiness of his character. He was ever a Republican in politics, and held membership in the Grand Army of the Republic and the Union Veterans Legion. With his wife he was a member of the Disciples of Christ Church.

He married, in Ohio, Jerusha Ann Taylor, born at Hartford, Connecticut, October 15, 1845, who survives him, living in Wauseon, Fulton county, Ohio. She is a daughter of James and ——— (Wells) Taylor, both natives of Hartford, Connecticut. James Taylor, in his young manhood, was a minister of the Church of the Disciples of Christ, and a devoted member of that sect all his life, although he did not continue in the ministry. About 1872 he moved to Nebraska, in which state he was a large real estate dealer and the promoter of many towns, one of those in which he played an especially prominent part being Wayne, the county-seat of Wayne county. Not only did he install the improvements necessary to make the towns in which he owned property attractive to prospective purchasers, but in many cases he established public institutions tending toward the future welfare of the inhabitants, being especially interested in the founding of religious organizations, particularly of the faith in which he had at one time been a preacher. In many towns he also founded banks, assuming entire responsibility and control until a class of residents capable of undertaking its management had settled there. In 1885 he disposed of all his Nebraska land and moved to California, having performed a great and useful service in the rural districts of that state in the development of the land, the incorporation of boroughs and towns, the introduction of modern institutions, and in bringing to that region a class of inhabitants, thrifty, energetic and ambitious, who caused, as did their descendants, that country to blossom like a garden. In California he was one of the first residents and the promoter of the town of South Riverside, known today as Corona, one of the most flourishing and prosperous towns in the orange belt. He was at one time owner of the Sorrento ranch, now one of the heaviest producing orange groves in the state, the trees of which he planted. In the now common practice of irrigation he was a pioneer and led the water that gave life to his orange trees from a distance of seventy miles, an undertaking that converted land almost worthless into soil fertile beyond comprehension. Behind all of his business transactions there was a fineness of discernment that rarely led him into an unprofitable investment, a shrewd, calculating and financial sense that brought him returns in abundant wealth, besides gaining for him the reputation of being the most progressive and most uniformly successful promoters of western land. To the type of people with whom he had dealings his propositions made strong appeal, based as they ever were on solid and logical reasoning, straightforward and founded on fact, points decidedly in his favor when negotiating with men who required substantial proofs. His death occurred in 1893, that of his wife having taken place in 1847, after which he married a second time. James Taylor and his first wife were the

parents of Jerusha Ann, of previous mention, who married Benjamin F. Porter. Children of the second marriage of James Taylor: Robert, a placer miner of California, residing in Los Angeles; Mary, married a Mr. Mates, and lives in Los Angeles, California; James, died in young manhood, was associated in business with his father. Children of Benjamin F. and Jerusha Ann (Taylor) Porter: Rosetta, married David Eberly, and died in Fulton county, Ohio; Lucy Ellen, married Judson Todd, and lives in Fulton county, Ohio; Leonard L., a stationary engineer, lives in Fulton county, Ohio; Enos Hadsell, of whom further; J. Farnum, a preacher in the Christian Union, at Fayette, Ohio.

(III) Enos Hadsell Porter, son of Benjamin F. and Jerusha Ann (Taylor) Porter, was born in Wauseon, Fulton county, Ohio, October 31, 1875. As a boy he attended the public schools of the town of his birth, and in 1892 received the degree A. B. from the Northwestern Collegiate Institute, at Wauseon, Ohio, after having completed the prescribed course. Three years later he was awarded the same degree by Hiram College, having been a student in the theological course. Although prepared in such a splendid manner for the ministry he was never ordained, and after his marriage in the year of his graduation from Hiram College he established in the general merchandise business in Tedrow, Ohio. Here he remained for but a year and a half, in March, 1897, coming to Beaver Falls, on the first of the following month opening a wholesale produce house at No. 335 Seventh avenue, which from the start was a decided financial success, in 1914 moving into his property at the corner of Eighth avenue and Fifth street. Into its management he put the best of his talented ability along business lines, and as a result it has grown into sizeable proportions, seven men being employed to accommodate the demands of customers whose residence covers all of Beaver and Lawrence counties. Besides his produce business, Mr. Porter's only other business connection is with the Federal Oil Company, of Oklahoma, the headquarters of which are at Bartlesville. He is a member of the Disciples of Christ Church, as is his wife, and he is a member of the Tamaqua Club, Lodge No. 348, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, of Pittsburgh.

As a Republican he has been very active in political affairs, during Mr. McKinley's campaign taking the stump for that candidate in Ohio and Michigan. Since his residence in Beaver county he has been appointed on numerous county and local committees, where his political experience and sound judgment have made him a figure of prominence. On January 24, 1910, he received an appointment from President Taft as United States Marshal for the western district of Pennsylvania, his term of office expiring on October 1, 1913. In 1910 he was a delegate to the state Republican convention, and in 1912 attended the national convention at Chicago which nominated William Howard Taft for the presidency of the United States. While holding the office of marshal under the Federal gov-



E. Nadell Porter

ernment he was made a member of the Panama-Pacific commission for the state of Pennsylvania by Governor Tener, and represented the commonwealth on that commission. While Mr. Porter has never appeared before his fellows as a candidate for political preference or as a seeker for office, prominence and distinction in political matters has come to him unsought, due to his innate and remarkable ease in dealing with men and in obtaining the end for which he strives. His easy and graceful forensic powers have been of inestimable benefit to him in his public life, both when campaigning for a personal or political friend, or when addressing a gathering of which he is a member or to which he is a delegate.

Mr. Porter married, August 28, 1895, Esther M. Hintz, of Cleveland, Ohio, daughter of Henry and Caroline Hintz. Child, Esther Gladys, born May 28, 1899.

HOWE This is a very common name among those of British descent, and there have been men of distinction as bearers of it both in England and in the United States.

(I) John Howe, born in England, emigrated to America with his family when his children were still young. He made his home in Old Brighton, now Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he followed his trade of brick laying. He married in England, Margaret Mansel, and they had children: Joseph, Ellis, Richard, of further mention, Margaret, Ann, Jane.

(II) Richard Howe, son of John and Margaret (Mansel) Howe, was born in Wales, July 10, 1830. He came to the United States with his parents in 1832 and was educated in the public schools of Old Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Like his father he took up the trade of brick laying, but later branched out into the contracting business, in which he was very successful. During the greater part of his life he lived in New Brighton, and while he was a staunch supporter of the Republican party, he never desired to hold public office. His religious affiliations were with the Radical Methodist Church. During the Civil War he volunteered his services, but was not accepted because of a broken ankle. Mr. Howe married, February 7, 1849, Sarah Peatling, of Corby, Lincolnshire, England, daughter of William and Ann (Carrington) Peatling. Mrs. Howe did not like the life on a farm, and came to New Brighton in her girlhood and worked there before her marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Howe had children: John, Sarah D., Grace, Richard Harris, of further mention; Jessie, Mary, Florence.

Mrs. Ann (Carrington) Peatling was born in Scotland, came to America in 1848, and made her home in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. John Peatling, grandfather of Sarah (Peatling) Howe, was a jeweler in Boston, England, where his entire life was spent. He married Mary Gibbon. They had children: William, of further mention; John, who ran away from home, went to sea and was lost in a November storm;

Thomas, was a wholesale liquor dealer in England seventy-five years, and was active in church work; his son, Frederick, was also active in religious and civic affairs, and was at one time mayor of his home town. William, son of John and Mary (Gibbon) Peatling, and father of Mrs. Howe, finally settled in Scioto Valley, Ohio, where he carried on his business as a jeweler and clock and watch maker. After the death of his son Edward, he removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and spent his life there. Mr. Peatling married (first) Susan Booker, a Quakeress, who died in England; he married (second) Ann Carrington; he married (third) Charlotte Tuke, whose brother was a celebrated portrait painter. Only child of the first marriage: William. Children of the second marriage: One, died in infancy; Mary Ann; Sarah, married Mr. Howe, as above stated; Thomas; Edward, who was killed at the battle of Perrysville, during the Civil War; Susanna; Betsey.

(III) Richard Harris Howe, son of Richard and Sarah (Peatling) Howe, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 25, 1856. His education was acquired in the public schools of New Brighton, and at an early age he was obliged to take up the serious business of life. He commenced his business career as a young lad, by carrying papers, when only nine papers were taken in Beaver Falls. When he commenced assisting his father at his brick laying work, he was still so small that his hand could not reach across the width of the brick, and at the age of fourteen or fifteen years, his ambition and energy enabled him to do a man's work. Later he established himself in business as a contractor, and in 1886 he commenced to manufacture brick, an industry he carried on in connection with his general contracting business. He has now for many years been closely identified with both of these lines of industry, and has been very successful in his undertakings. In political matters Mr. Howe is a Republican with Socialistic tendencies, and has served as a member of the board of elections. He was reared in the Protestant Methodist faith.

Mr. Howe married, in 1876, Rachel, daughter of Jonathan and Ruth (Snowberger) Cook, and granddaughter of Reuben and Ann Cook. Jonathan Cook was born in Wales, and located for a time at Bridgewater, but later removed to North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he followed the occupation of farming. Still later he and his wife, who was born in Shousetown, Pennsylvania, of Pennsylvania Dutch ancestry, made their home in West Virginia, where they died. Mr. and Mrs. Howe had children: William, of New Brighton; John, of New Brighton; Sallie, married David Sutherland; Hazel, married George Estep, of New Brighton; Nellie, married Albert Stanyard, whose family is of England.

Matthias Shanor, the progenitor of this family in America,
SHANOR was born in Strasburg, now the capital of Alsace-Lorraine,
at that time under French government. He emigrated to

America prior to the Revolution, and settled in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. Upon the outbreak of the Revolutionary War he volunteered his services, and bore his share bravely in that momentous struggle. He escaped without a wound, but during the battle of Brandywine, a sword thrust which was aimed at his head cut off his beard close to the cheek, without injuring him. He became a farmer after the war and in later years combined this occupation with that of charcoal burner. He finally settled in Beaver county, with which section this family has since been identified. When he came from Westmoreland county to Beaver county, the journey had to be made through woods which were then a wilderness infested with wild beasts, especially wolves, and at night it was necessary to keep a fire alight constantly to ward off their attacks. Mr. Shanor purchased two hundred acres of land near Brady's Run. He married Sophronia Poe, whose two brothers, Andrew and George Poe, were men of great prominence in their day in Western Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Shanor had children: Matthias, Jr., settled in Rockland township, Venango county, Pennsylvania; Henry and George, remained in Westmoreland county; David, see forward; several daughters whose names are not on record.

(II) David Shanor, son of Matthias and Sophronia (Poe) Shanor, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1765, and died September 6, 1856. He was a very young lad when he made the journey with his father through the woods to Beaver county, and he lived at Brady's Run until he was twenty years of age. He then assisted Sampson Piersol to build a mill on Brush Creek, hewing timbers, and doing the work of a mature man. After his first marriage he took a lease on a tract of land, built a cabin, and cleared ten acres during the first year. This was located in Sewickley township, and he traded his lease and crop for a farm of one hundred acres on Brush Creek. At intervals he added to this property, until he had at one time one thousand acres. At the time of his death he still had six hundred acres. He was a justice of the peace for twenty-eight years, and was a strong supporter of the Democratic party. His wife was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Unionville. Mr. Shanor was drafted in 1812 and went as far west as Middletown, Pennsylvania, where he procured a substitute for the sum of thirty-six dollars, and returned to his home in order to finish a contract he had at that time to build a furnace. He married (first) Ruth Sampson, a daughter of Sampson Piersol, for whom he had worked. After her death he married (second) Mary Foster, born on the south side of the Ohio river in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in March, 1806, died in July, 1875. She was a daughter of John Foster, who, in company with the Woods, Fosters, Hunters, and others, came in a body from New Jersey, and settled in Beaver county, south of the Ohio river. Later he located near Unionville, in what is now New Sewickley township. They had children: Stephen, a farmer; William, laid out the town of Unionville, Pennsylvania;

John, a farmer; Mary, mentioned above; and several other daughters. Mr. Shanor had eleven children by his first marriage, and by his second he had: 1. David, now deceased, during the Civil War was a soldier from Kentucky serving in the Union army. He was captain of his company and later surgeon, and held the rank of major at the end of the war. 2. Henry, now deceased, was a farmer. 3. George, deceased, was a plasterer. 4. Adaline, died in Dayton, Ohio. 5. Laura, died in Dayton, Ohio. 6. John Marshall Foster, see forward. 7. Stephen, deceased, was a railway engineer. 8. Alva, deceased, was a school teacher. 9. Emeline, deceased, married Benjamin K. Piersol, also deceased, who was a well known attorney in Beaver. Two children died in infancy.

(III) John Marshall Foster Shanor, son of David and Mary (Foster) Shanor, was born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 20, 1840. He became a pupil at the Unionville schoolhouse, which was located on his father's ground, and at a very early age was obliged to assist in the farm labors. He was but sixteen years of age at the time of the death of his father, and for several years he had full charge of two hundred acres which he farmed for his mother. He then went to Oil City, where he was engaged in the oil business, but not very successfully. Returning to the homestead, he remained there until April, 1883, when he sold out and removed to Rochester, Pennsylvania. He opened a grocery store there with which he was identified for several years, then engaged in contract work of various kinds, such as paving, making sidewalks, etc. In 1899 he was street commissioner of Rochester. During the past two years he has been park commissioner of Rochester. He is a member of the Democratic party, but will not allow himself to be bound by party ties, and will give his vote to the candidate whom he considers best fitted for the office, even if he is not the Democratic nominee. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Rochester. Mr. Shanor enlisted in 1862, in Company Y, One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served throughout his period of enlistment, nine months.

Mr. Shanor married, April 14, 1859, Amelia Belinda Cable, born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 25, 1840, a daughter of John Henry and Phoebe (Goehring) Cable. John Henry Cable was a farmer, and was born in Michigan, while his wife was a native of Germany. He died about 1848, and his wife about 1850. He served in the militia, and left a large family. Mrs. Shanor was brought up in the family of her elder brother, Jacob Cable. Mr. and Mrs. Shanor had children: Emma, married Frank White, and lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania; Clara, married William Rousher, an employe on the railroad, and lives in Erie, Pennsylvania; Alva Leonard, married Hanna Brewer, and lives in Daugherty township, New Brighton, Beaver county; Charles L., married Mary Majors, and lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania; David L., married Sarah Mecklem, and resides in Rochester, Pennsylvania; Estella,

married William Darling, and lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania; Ira Cyrus, married Mary Hineman, and lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania; William H., married Margaret Honig; Maud, married Glen Chapman, lives in Allegheny; Grover Cleveland, married Nellie Irvin; Roy A., married Laura Anderson.

Among the many fugitive Scotch Protestants who fled their DOWNIE country in the eighteenth century, finding asylum in the north of Ireland, were several representatives of the Downie family, ever loyal Protestants. From the time of the founding of the name in Ireland there are more complete records of the family than in their Scotland home. The line herein recorded lived near Belfast, Ireland, where the great-grandfather of Robert Magee Downie was born, about 1740. He married a Miss Craig, born near Belfast, Ireland, about 1768, and had children: Patrick; Ann, married David Hackney, of Limerick, Ireland; Catharine, married Hugh Shields and lived in the vicinity of Belfast; Jane, married Alexander Neal, near Dublin, Ireland; John, of whom further.

(II) John Downie was born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1804, died near Auburn, Kansas, in 1888. He was reared to manhood in Ireland, there attending the public school, and became a follower of agricultural occupations. When he was thirty-eight years of age he decided to try his fortunes in the United States, and accordingly arrangements were made and he and his family prepared for their departure, the party including, besides himself, his wife and nine children. They were delayed in starting by a violent storm, which completely destroyed all of their goods, these having been piled on the deck of the channel steamer crossing to Liverpool. In consequence of this mishap they were compelled to provide themselves with an entirely new outfit, and the time consumed in so doing made them miss connections with the boat in which they were to cross the Atlantic, and it sailed without them. The next transatlantic ship did not leave port until two weeks later, so the little band waited in Liverpool until the day of its departure. Just as their vessel was about to leave port their surprise was great to see the boat on which they had first engaged passage being towed into the harbor a total wreck, a sight filling them with a feeling of thankfulness for their minor misfortunes, which had saved them from the terrible experience of a shipwreck on the open seas. Their voyage was a long one even for those days of slow-sailing vessels, requiring one hundred and one days, the party arriving in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on June 20, 1842, having come directly to that city from their port of entry. John Downie and his family later moved to Kansas, where he followed his original business, farming. He and his wife were members of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. He married Mary Niblock, born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1805, died near Winchester, Kansas, in 1868. About 1826 her parents moved to Liverpool, England, where their son, James, eldest of their four

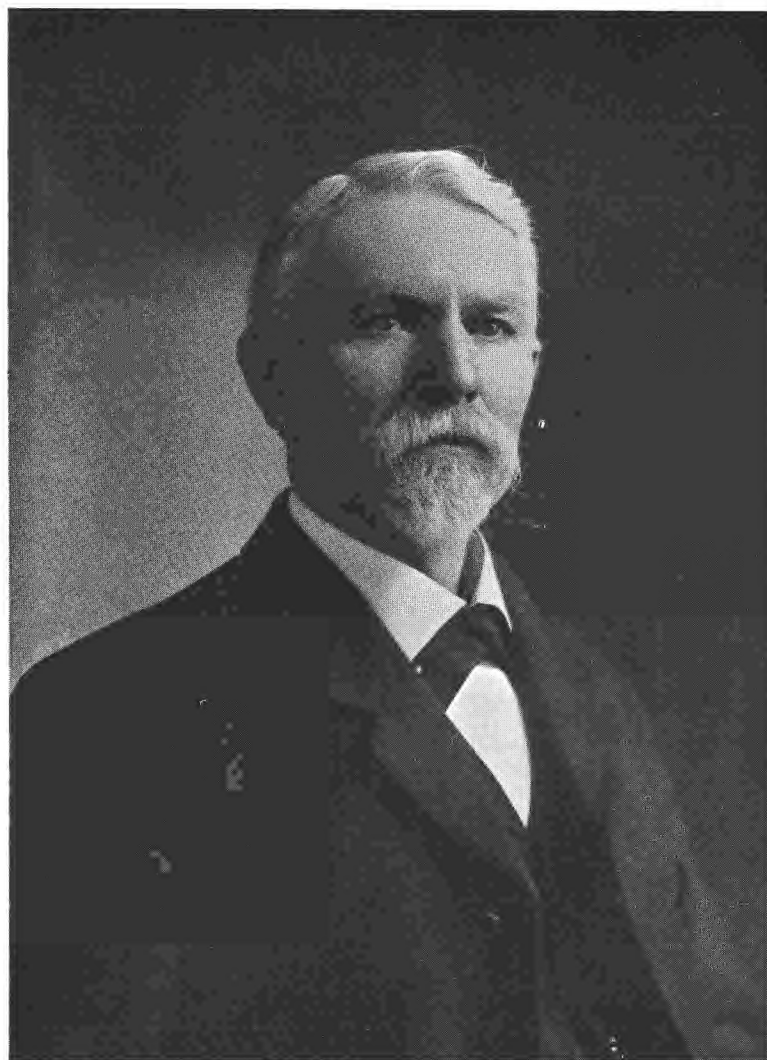
children, became an engineer and machinist, being foreman in charge of the construction of the first railroad engine used in England, exhibited at the Chicago World's Fair. Their other children were: John, Mary, of previous mention, married John Downie, and another son who was afflicted with deafness and dumbness. John and Mary (Niblock) Downie were the parents of: 1. James N., of whom further. 2. Annie, born near Belfast, Ireland (as were the seven following children), December 15, 1826, married, January 22, 1852, James Glasgow, and lived near Bakers-town, Pennsylvania. 3. Susanna, born November 2, 1828, married July 4, 1856, James Shields, and lived near Tionesta, Pennsylvania. 4. John, Jr., born September 22, 1830, married (first) December 20, 1857, Mary A. Young, and lived near Portersville, Pennsylvania, (second) November 3, 1869, Mary A. Thorp, and lived thereafter near Winchester, Kansas. 5. Robert, born March 6, 1832, married, December 3, 1866, Sarah Henley, and lived near Winchester, Kansas, where he was a farmer. 6. Henry, born May 7, 1834, a carpenter, married, October 30, 1856, Elizabeth Kerr, and is living at the present time (1914) in Seattle, Washington. 7. Thomas H., born July 29, 1836, married, April 30, 1876, Florence Bishop, and lived near Sonora, California. 8. Mary, born February 27, 1838, married, July 18, 1860, J. S. Herring, and lived near Winchester, Kansas. 9. Martin, born September 7, 1840, died in 1868, having been an invalid all of his life. 10. Alexander, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1842, a carpenter, married, December 24, 1883, Maggie Duncan. 11. Edward B., born near Glade Mill, Pennsylvania, August 17, 1845, a farmer, was twice married, (first) March 2, 1876, Mary Thornburgh, (second) April 15, 1886, Lola Kincaid. 12. Elizabeth J., born near Evans City, Pennsylvania, April 18, 1847, married, October 11, 1866, T. B. Pitcher, and lived near Winchester, Kansas.

(III) James Niblock Downie, eldest of the twelve children of John and Mary (Niblock) Downie, was born near Belfast, county Down, Ireland, May 25, 1825, died in November, 1907. He was a lad of seventeen years when the trip to the United States was undertaken, having been educated in Ireland. After the family settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, he did not tarry long in that locality, but went to Butler county, in the same state, engaging in farm labor wherever his assistance was needed. He saved enough from his earnings to purchase a farm, now the site of the village of Downieville, and there lived until his death, agriculture being his life-long calling. He was a strong advocate of abolition, and in the ante-bellum days his farm was a loyal stopping place on the famous "underground railroad," that for a time offered a refuge to many runaway slaves. At the time of Lee's desperate northern invasion he enlisted in the "Home Guards," but was never called into active service. He was a member of the Reformed Presbyterian church, prominent in all its affairs and abiding strictly to the rules that it laid down for the observance of its members, having as much regard for the spirit as for the letter of its precepts.

Public questions also claimed a generous part of his attention and he was besides, a tireless reader, possessing a keen, well-informed mind that was stored with interesting and useful information on a variety of topics. He married, October 13, 1852, Jane Boyle Magee, daughter of Robert and Sarah (Douthett) Magee, her father, born September 4, 1800, died September 24, 1844, her mother dying July 26, 1850, aged fifty-three years. Robert was a son of James Magee, born in county Down, Ireland, in 1769, who, upon immigrating to this country, settled in Delaware, later moving to Pennsylvania, settling in the Conoquenessing valley in Butler county, in 1797. He spent eleven weeks on the ocean when coming to this land, and in Butler did his first farming with a mattock. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, fighting in the American army, and was a member of the Covenanter Church, to which all of his family belonged. Their pastor was the Rev. Matthew Williams, and of his church Mr. Magee was an elder, his death occurring in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1846. He married Jane Boyle and had a family of thirteen children, five boys and eight girls, all of whom grew to maturity, all but one marrying. Jane, daughter of William Boyle, was born in Ireland in 1769 and in 1793 came to the United States with her parents, one brother, William, and four sisters, Susan, Elizabeth, Sarah, and Mary, the voyage extending over a period of thirteen weeks. Her sisters afterward married in this manner: Sarah, Philip Mowrie; Mary, John Fleming; Elizabeth, Captain Woods; and Sarah, Mr. Graham. Until her marriage she lived in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and was, until her death, on a Sunday morning, June 11, 1854, a member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. In her native land she had been connected with the Presbyterian Church in the Synod of Ulster. At the time of her death, aged eighty-five years, she had, through her thirteen children, all of whom grew to maturity, eighty-six grandchildren, twenty-five great-grandchildren, and twelve great-great-grandchildren. Children of James and Jane (Boyle) Magee: 1. Isabel, born December 17, 1797, died in April, 1877, married Rogers Miller. Children: James, Isaac, Benjamin, William, Robert, Thomas, John, Jane Boyle, Elizabeth, Margaret, Mary, Rebecca, Lucinda, and Isabel. 2. Mary Ann, born February 2, 1799, died in 1875, married John Fleming, died aged sixty-eight years, and lived at Mount Pleasant, Pennsylvania. Children, ten in number, all of whom grew to maturity, the four eldest being Hugh, James, John, and Catherine; Hugh at one time was mayor of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 3. Robert, of whom further. 4. Elizabeth, born February 3, 1802, died March 13, 1880, married, near Harmony, Pennsylvania, Thomas McCaw, a native of Ireland, the Rev. Matthew Williams performing the ceremony. Children: Jane Boyle, John Magee, Mary Ann, Susanna, William, Rebecca, Margaret, George, and David. 5. Rebecca, born September 4, 1803, married Joseph Douthett, born October 6, 1807. Children: Benjamin Smith, James Magee, Jane Smith, John H., Robert M., David Black, and Joseph Alexander. 6. William, born November 4, 1805, died in Oil

City, Pennsylvania, May 7, 1891, married Letitia Ann Hamilton, born February 29, 1808, died in Oil City, Pennsylvania, May 6, 1891, daughter of William and Margaret Hamilton, natives of Ireland, where she was born, having come to the United States when twelve years of age, her marriage occurring May 4, 1830. She and her husband were buried in the same grave on the same day, their deaths taking place in Oil City within twenty-four hours. 7. George Hamilton, born near Pine Creek, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1806, died June 18, 1889, married March 17, 1832. 8. Susannah, born December 25, 1807, died January 2, 1877, never married, living at home and caring for her father and mother until their deaths, her own being caused by a cancerous growth. 9. Jane B., born August 29, 1809, died February 6, 1872, married Harmon De Haven, and had five children. 10. Lucinda, died November 9, 1893; married, in 1844, James Boggs. 11. Margaret, born October 20, 1813, died October 4, 1873; married, in 1836, James Anderson. Children: A son, deceased; Ellen Jane; Mary Ann; a son, deceased; Elizabeth Susan; Rebecca, deceased; Letitia, deceased; Sarah, deceased; James Blackwood, deceased; Lucinda. 12. James, born August 17, 1815, died September 10, 1864, married Mary Smith Douthett. Children: William Boyle, deceased; Jane Elizabeth, lives in Allegheny (Pittsburgh, North Side), Pennsylvania; Sarah Margaret, married Dr. Thomas John Blackwood, and lives in Newcastle, Pennsylvania; Martha, deceased; Rosannah, deceased; Rebecca, deceased, married Thomson McKinney, and lived in New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

Robert Magee, third child and eldest son of James and Jane (Boyle) Magee, was born September 4, 1800, died September 24, 1844. He spent his life on a farm near Harmony, Butler county, where his children grew to maturity. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church, his pastor being the Rev. Galbraith, belonging to what is now the South Union Branch. He married, March 14, 1825, Martha Douthett, died July 25, 1850. Children: 1. Jane Boyle, of previous mention, married James Niblock Downie. 2. Rosannah Douthett, born October 22, 1827, died May 11, 1911, married Matthew Williams, and had two children, a son, who died young, and a daughter, Martha Susan, who died in young womanhood and was the first person buried in Mars Cemetery. 3. Mary Ann, born December 28, 1829, died July 17, 1850, an attack of typhoid fever causing her death. 4. Lucinda Bell, born January 7, 1832, married James Magee Douthett. Children: John Allison, married Letitia Crow, and had four sons, all of whom attained manhood; Martha Lorena, married Frank Kelly, and had two children, both graduates of the Zelienople High School; Rebecca, died in young womanhood. 5. Martha D., born January 15, 1834, married John Sproull, and had ten children, but one, a boy, failing to reach maturity; a daughter, Rosy, dying in young womanhood. The mother and father of the family, with two of their children, are buried at New Alexandria, the survivors of the family living in different localities in the west. 6. Susannah, born April 28, 1836; married, in 1862, Rev. R. M. C. Thompson, born August 20,



R. M. Doome

1828, died March 5, 1890, a graduate, in 1856, of Westminster College, later of Allegheny Seminary, and in 1885 was honored with the degree of D. D. from Grove City College. They were the parents of six children. 7. James Renwick, born December 28, 1838; married, October 30, 1860, Martha Sproull, who died April 23, 1905. Mr. Magee married (second) Juliette Louisa McClurkin, the ceremony being solemnized November 16, 1906. Mr. Magee is now living in Topeka, Kansas. 8. Elizabeth, born March 24, 1842, married William Dean, and had: Maggie, Robert, William, Lucinda, Renwick, Alexander, Nellie, Myrtle, and Gertrude.

Children of James Niblock and Jane Boyle (Magee) Downie: 1. Robert Magee, of whom further. 2. John Galbraith, born February 4, 1855, married, August 12, 1884, Ada Louise Neal, and has one adopted daughter, Vetta Neely, who married Alvin Hostettler and has one daughter, Eva Louise Arabel. 3. Martha Jane, married, October 11, 1894, Edward T. Hays, a moulder, and lives in Downieville, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of three daughters: Jean Eleanor, attending Mars High School; Martha Evadna and Mary Gladys, students in the Downieville, Pennsylvania, schools. 4. James Livingston, born March 25, 1860, married, November 26, 1884, Elizabeth Simpson Kennedy. Children: Robert Forbes, a draughtsman; James Kennedy, a well driller, married Jennie May Zeller, of Wisconsin, and lives in Somerset, Pennsylvania; Margaret Jane, lives at home; Jennie Marie, a graduate of the Mars High School, lives at home; Martha Louise, a student in Mars High School; John Sterrett and Charles Alexander, twins, and Ruby Minerva Wood, all living at home attending school. 5. Mary Ann Elizabeth, married, April 17, 1895, William Cook, a salesman of the Keystone Driller Company, and had three children, two daughters and one son, two of whom died young. Their one daughter, Isabel Jane, is a student in high school, the family home being at College Hill, Beaver county.

(IV) Robert Magee Downie, eldest of the five children of James Niblock and Jane Boyle (Magee) Downie, was born near Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania, August 21, 1853. When he was about six years of age the family home was changed to near Downieville, Pennsylvania, and here he attended the public schools, teaching school in Butler county for one year after completing his preliminary education. He then matriculated at Geneva College and in 1881 received his diploma of graduation from that institution, having completed the classical course. In February following his leaving college he invented and patented a portable drilling machine, for drilling oil wells and similar work, the first machine of its kind ever made. Placing his invention before some of the most influential men of the locality, it received the hearty and enthusiastic approval and their promises of assistance in placing the article upon the market. Soon after the Keystone Driller Company was formed, the original members of the company being Rev. H. H. George, at that time president of Geneva College; Robert Patterson, of Beaver, Pennsylvania; J. D. McAnlis, of Beaver

Falls, Pennsylvania; Dr. R. J. George, and Mr. Downie. A plant was erected in Fallston, Beaver county, in 1882, being moved five years later to its present site in Beaver Falls; the entire manufactory burned to the ground in 1902. In order that their production might not cease altogether from the results of this disastrous conflagration, they immediately commenced to rebuild their former home. This was done upon a greatly enlarged scale, but even those generous provisions for the growth of the business have proven inadequate, and the company purchased the adjoining factory of the United States Steel Corporation, there continuing business, the steady increase in the company's volume of business requiring additions to the buildings almost constantly. In 1892 the company was incorporated under its former title, the present officers being: J. D. McAnlis, president; H. H. George, vice-president; J. R. Wylie, second vice-president; Robert Magee Downie, secretary and general manager; R. G. Forbes, treasurer and purchasing agent, and F. W. Ransom, assistant general manager. The Keystone Driller Company occupies a tract extending from Seventeenth to Twenty-second street and between Eighth and Tenth avenues; their buildings, constructed of concrete and steel, include foundry, machine shops, ware-houses, sheds, and offices. Three hundred men are employed, some of the principal articles manufactured being drilling and fishing tools, pumping jacks, sand pumps, portable well drilling and prospecting machines, brass tubing, sucker rods, and the well-known "Downie" Deep Well Driller. The field for their products is world-wide, wherever oil and gas are produced, and the interests of the company are advanced in every civilized country by agencies. This is the manner of business that Mr. Downie made possible, and while from the first he realized the sterling worth of his invention, for which the company is especially noted, its popular favor and immense demand have exceeded even his sanguine views and expectations. In all of the plans for the extension and development of the company's possibilities he plays a prominent part, and as general manager of the entire works is responsible for the quality of its products, which have never fallen below the high standard originally set up. The concern, whose business amounts to approximately one million dollars annually, grows daily stronger under its able management by a corps of capable executives and reflects worthy credit upon those connected with it in official capacity and adds to the prestige of Beaver Falls as a manufacturing center of importance. Mr. Downie is connected with the Pittsburgh Wire Company, of Downieville, Pennsylvania, and is interested in many other local enterprises in different positions. Originator of the vitrified paving brick, in 1889, with George F. and T. L. Kennedy, he organized the Fallston Fire Clay Company, which still is in active and profitable operation, although Mr. Downie has severed his relations therewith. Preeminently a business man, and one of unusual prowess, Mr. Downie is nevertheless deeply interested in subjects less mundane, chiefly educational and religious. He is a manager of his alma mater and is an elder in the Reformed Presbyterian Church;

also being a member of the executive committee of the National Reform Association, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, and in these positions renders service as valuable in its way as those performed in the name of the company he founded.

Mr. Downie married, November 23, 1883, Martha Margaret, born in Van Buren county, Iowa, died at College Hill, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 13, 1908, daughter of Jacob G. Vale, for several terms state senator in Iowa and at one time Republican candidate for governor of that state. He was descended from Quaker stock, his father being Robert Vale, of Pennsylvania. It was Jacob G. Vale's privilege and honor to hold the close friendship of Abraham Lincoln and his family. Mrs. Downie's accidental death, sincerely and deeply regretted by her many friends, occurred in a most unusual manner, and one which revealed true heroism in her eldest son. She and her husband were returning from a college function on the early morning of April 1, 1908, when they fell into a deep excavation near their home on College Hill, whither they had lately moved. Gas contained therein ignited and both were terribly burned, Mrs. Downie fatally, before they were rescued, James Vale Downie being lowered by his feet into the furnace of burning gas to bring them to the surface, but despite his valiant behavior, his mother had been injured beyond recovery and died within two weeks. She was buried in the Beaver Cemetery, by the side of her daughter, Anne Jane. Mr. Downie married a second time in 1909, Margaret Greer, daughter of John N. Dick, D. D., of Greensburg, Pennsylvania, her mother being a descendant, through Dr. Robinson, of Pilgrim ancestors who came to America in the "Mayflower." Children of Robert Magee Downie by his first marriage: 1. James Vale, born August 12, 1884, married Janet Theodore Metheny; Mrs. Downie is a graduate of Geneva College. 2. Anne Jane, died February 14, 1903, age seventeen years. 3. Regina Martha, born April 22, 1886; was graduated from Geneva College in 1910, and is now attending the Women's Medical College, of Philadelphia. 4. Robert Rex, born August 13, 1894, a student at Geneva College. 5. and 6. Mary Lydia and John Lincoln, twins, born November 8, 1895, both attending Geneva College. By his second marriage Robert Magee Downie is the father of one daughter, Elizabeth Jane Dick, born September 8, 1911.

This is an old and honored family of Ireland, and is McCANDLESS now in its fifth generation in this country. The first generation came to the United States when their children were small, and settled in Butler county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Robert McCandless was born in Ireland, and was a very young child when he came to this country with his parents. He was educated and grew to maturity in Butler county, Pennsylvania, and followed the occupation of farming. After his marriage he settled on a farm in Center

township, where both he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives. Both were members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. McCandless married Mary, a daughter of Joseph Jack, of Butler county, and had children: George J., of further mention; Jane, married Samuel Irwin, and died in Butler county; Mary, married Eli Eagle, and lives in Unionville, Butler county; Elizabeth, married Frank Fligger, and died in Butler county; one child which died unnamed.

(III) George J. McCandless, son of Robert and Mary (Jack) McCandless, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, November 15, 1838, and died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1898. Like his father, he engaged in farming, and after his marriage bought about one hundred and fifteen acres of land in Butler county, on which he lived many years. He then purchased an old grist mill in Conoquenessing township, and operated this about ten years. In 1888 he removed to Beaver Falls, where he lived a retired life until his death. During the Civil War he was a soldier in Company B, Tenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, served for a period of seven months, during which time he was an active participant in several skirmishes, and was then honorably discharged by reason of ill health. He was a Democrat in politics and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He had been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for a number of years. Mr. McCandless married, September 30, 1862, Samantha Young, born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1843, now living in Beaver Falls, where she is a member of the United Presbyterian Church. They had children: Addison Young, a grocer of Beaver Falls, married Annie Heaven; Joanna, married Wesley Raisley, and lives in College Hill; Marcus William, of further mention; Robert Presley, a grocer in Beaver Falls; Beriah Nelson, superintendent of a nail mill at Struthers, Ohio; Oren Leonidas, a grocer in Beaver Falls; Joseph Couvert, a resident of Beaver Falls, married Mary Jane Snyder; James, died at the age of fourteen years; Samantha Jane, died at the age of nineteen months; Edith Lena, died at the age of seven weeks; child, died unnamed; Sylvester Merle, a plumber, resides with his mother.

Robert Young, paternal grandfather of Mrs. Samantha (Young) McCandless, was born in Ireland, and came to America in his early youth. He settled in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, where he became an extensive land owner and farmer. He married and had children.

Matthew Young, son of Robert Young, and father of Mrs. McCandless, was born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, and learned the trade of tanning. He became the owner of a tannery in Wolf Creek township, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and in addition to this he had a farm of seventy-five acres, which he cultivated. He died there at the early age of thirty-seven years. He was a Democrat in political matters, and a member of the Covenanters Church. He married Joanna Couvert, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, who resided on the farm in Mercer county until one year

prior to her death at the age of seventy-eight years, at which time she was living with her daughter Samantha, in Butler county, having never re-married. She, also, was a member of the Covenanters Church. She was a daughter of Colonel John and ——— (Bennett) Couvert. Colonel John Couvert was a veteran of the War of 1812. He lived about four miles from Centerville, on a large farm which he owned and cultivated, and where he died when above ninety-four years of age. He was a Presbyterian. Mr. and Mrs. Young had children: Sylvester M., a merchant, died at New Castle, Pennsylvania; Caroline, married James Vogand, and died in Mercer county; Matilda, married William McKee, and died in Mercer county; Amanda, died unmarried at the age of twenty-six years; Sarah Jane, married James Johnson, and died at Oil City, Venango county, Pennsylvania; Samantha, who married Mr. McCandless, as above mentioned; Marcus C., a carpenter and contractor, who lives at Youngstown, Ohio; Professor William H., an instructor in music, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Marcus William McCandless, son of George J. and Samantha (Young) McCandless, was born in Center township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, April 13, 1869. After completing the course at the public schools of Center township, he was a student at the Prospect Academy for two terms. He then entered the employ of the Hartman Steel Company, in Beaver Falls, commencing this occupation in 1889. He worked as a roller in these mills for a period of two years, then bought out the grocery store of Edward Shaeffer at No. 2413 Eighth avenue, Beaver Falls, and continued there for two years. Removing to Twenty-fourth street and Eighth avenue, he carried on the business there for about two years and then, in 1895, built a warehouse and feed store combined with a grocery store at No. 2406 Eighth avenue. He has continued business there uninterruptedly along the most modern and approved lines since that time, and carries an enormous stock of goods in all departments. He has many customers who come from great distances. Deeply interested in whatever concerns the welfare of the community, he has been active in the interests of the Republican party, and has served as member of the school board of Beaver Falls for a period of six years. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and he and his wife are members of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Beaver Falls, of which he is also one of the trustees. Mr. McCandless is connected as a member with the following organizations: Beaver Valley Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, Knights Templar; Lodge of Perfection, at New Castle, Pennsylvania; the Consistory, at Pittsburgh; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Knights of Pythias. He is a man of remarkable financial ability, and is one of the directors of the Federal Title & Trust Company. The family residence is at No. 23 Twenty-ninth avenue, where Mr. McCandless erected a beautiful home in 1908.

Mr. McCandless married Mary Fox, born in Wurtemberg, Lawrence

county, Pennsylvania, who lost her parents when she was a very young child. They have had children: Samantha, married Lysle Blanford, and lives in Beaver Falls; Elsie, now attending high school; Ethel, also in high school; Earl; Joy; Edith, at home.

It is not yet a century since the first member of the Ageman family came to America, but their influence has been felt in the business and industrial worlds. John Ageman was born in Germany, and brought to this country those habits of thrift and industry which distinguish the citizens of that land. He made his home in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where for many years he followed his trade as a shoemaker, and met with well deserved success. He lived there until about 1900. He was a Democrat in political opinion. He was of a quiet and retiring disposition and took no part in the public affairs of the community. Mr. Ageman married Mrs. Elizabeth (Farmory) Fox, a widow, who was born in Pittsburgh, and died prior to 1900. They had a number of children, those growing to maturity being: John, of further mention; Catherine, married Frank Dawson, and lives in Pittsburgh; Annie, married John Brawn, and lives in Pittsburgh; Joseph, who died in young manhood.

(II) John (2) Ageman, son of John (1) and Elizabeth (Farmory Fox) Ageman, was born on South Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, February 7, 1858. He received a good public school education, and at the age of thirteen years commenced working in a glass factory, and has been identified with the glass industry in various capacities since that time. He has seen many changes in this line of manufacture, and the introduction of many inventions, which have been the means of saving both time and labor. In 1878, in association with a few other men, the Beaver Falls Co-operative Glass Company was organized, in which Mr. Ageman has been a director and held other official positions. When this project was first discussed, a committee was chosen to go to Beaver Falls and select a suitable site for the proposed plant. This was decided upon close to the tracks of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, as offering the best facilities for the transportation of the manufactured goods, and the necessary buildings were constructed there. Mr. Ageman was a leading spirit throughout these proceedings, as indeed he has remained throughout his connection with the enterprise. Since it was first established the plant has more than doubled in size and working capacity, and has proved a most profitable investment. Mr. Ageman has very little time to devote to public matters, but he gives his staunch support to the Republican party. His fraternal affiliation is with the Knights of Pythias. He married (first) in 1883, Sadie Wright, of Wall Rose, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, who died in 1895; his children by his first wife were: Catherine, Seaburn, John E., who died September 29, 1911, and an infant deceased. He married (second) in 1900, Mrs. Fannie M. (Criswell) Sechler, a member of the Metho-

dist Episcopal church. By her first marriage to Wesley W. Sechler, of Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, who died in 1894, she had a son, J. Edward.

John Criswell, paternal grandfather of Mrs. Ageman, was born in Ireland and came to this country when he was young. He amassed considerable wealth and lived retired from business responsibilities for many years prior to his death. He married, in America, Margaret McClure, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

James Criswell, son of John and Margaret (McClure) Criswell, and father of Mrs. Ageman, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. After his marriage he settled on a large farm in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, and his last years were passed with his daughter, Mrs. L. M. Roth, in Butler county, Pennsylvania. He married Jennie Henry, born in Lawrence county, daughter of Judge James Henry, a circuit judge of Beaver county, before the division of Lawrence and Beaver counties. He resided in the part set aside for Lawrence county, and there his death occurred. James and Jennie (Henry) Criswell had children: Margaret, who died in infancy; Fannie M., who became the wife of Mr. Ageman, as mentioned above; Elizabeth, married Dr. L. M. Roth, and lives in Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania; Eva Irene, married Charles P. Craig, and died in New Castle, 1904.

EACHEL The name of Eachel, Eachline and Achline, as the original forms of the name were, is one that is well known in the state of Pennsylvania, where the family has been domiciled for a number of generations.

(I) Andrew Eachel was born east of the mountains and from thence came to Hopewell township. There he engaged in farming on the present site of the summer home of Mr. Hoovler. The spot was called Locust Grove, and the farm was kept in a fine state of cultivation. Mr. Eachel purchased this property in 1810. He married Catherine Ardlemoore, and resided on the farm until his death.

(II) Samuel Eachel, son of Andrew and Catherine (Ardlemoore) Eachel, was born 1809, died 1886. He purchased the farm which had been owned by his father, and in addition to managing this he was occupied with the weaving of coverlids. He was very successful in both enterprises, and was highly esteemed in the community. He married Isabella Johnston, born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died at the age of sixty-six years.

(III) Charles Eachel, son of Samuel and Isabella (Johnston) Eachel, was born in Clinton, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, October 23, 1844. His education was the limited one which the district schools of that time afforded, but he has amply supplemented it by keen powers of observation, and by keeping himself well posted as to current events. He followed the occupation of farming until he was thirty years of age, at which time he became identified with oil enterprises. He drilled the first well which was

on his farm and ran the first tank (Hoovler's) from Murdocksville. He also operated oil wells at Marietta, Ohio, and elsewhere, and is still connected extensively with this line of industry. He gives his political support to the Democratic party, and he and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian church. Mr. Eachel married (first) Sarah Jane Brunton, born in Greene township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, by whom he had children: Vinnie; Emerson C., see forward; Lillian and Laura, twins; Gertrude. He married (second) 1911, Salina J. (Campbell) Boyd, of Butler county, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Emerson C. Eachel, son of Charles and Sarah Jane (Brunton) Eachel, received his earlier education in the public schools of Beaver county, after which he took an extended course at the Commercial College of Beaver under Professor Pollock. His entire business career has been identified with the typewriter industry. His first position was with the old Caligraph Company, in 1891, when he was seventeen years of age. Two years later he was in the employ of the United Typewriter and Supply Company which was organized at that time, and he remained with them until 1900. For a time he was with the Hammond Typewriter Company, then with the Wagner Typewriter Company, after which he formed a connection with the Underwood Typewriter Company, opening an office in Pittsburgh for them. In 1905 he went to London as assistant general manager of the company and took charge of the foreign department, returning to New York City in 1907. In 1911 he became associated with the Underwood Standard Adding Machine Company, of which he is vice-president, as general manager, a position he is holding at the present time.

The ancestry of the Ransom family traces to Ireland, from RANSOM which country came the pioneer American of the line herein chronicled, Ira Ransom. He was born in Ireland, and there grew to manhood, coming to the United States soon after attaining his majority. His first permanent abode in this country was in Beaver Falls, which he left for a short time to live in Coitsville, Ohio, later returning to the former place. Contracting was the line of business in which he engaged, and he was responsible for much of the work performed in the construction of the railroad on the east side of the Beaver river. He was a Democrat, ardent and active, and with his wife, belonged to the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Margaret Braden, and had: 1. Mary, died unmarried. 2. Darwin, died in young manhood. 3. Willard, was educated for the ministry and died before being ordained. 4. John, died in young manhood. 5. Alfred, for many years a hardware merchant in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 6. A child, who died in infancy. 7. Ira, of whom further.

(II) Ira (2), son of Ira (1) and Margaret (Braden) Ransom, was born in Old Brighton (now Beaver Falls), Beaver county, Pennsylvania,

in 1842, died there in February, 1891. As a boy he attended the public schools of the locality in which he lived, early in life apprenticing himself to the tinner's trade, learning that occupation under the tuition of Henry Hubbard, his first work having been as his father's assistant on the farm in Ohio. After moving to Beaver Falls he continued in the pursuit of his trade in partnership with his brother Alfred, who also conducted a hardware store. He married Harriet Celestia, daughter of Henry and Eliza Anne (Robinson) Hubbard, born in Poland, Ohio, October 8, 1844. She is a member of the old Hubbard family of New England, her great-grandfather, Abijah Hubbard, being born at Meriden, Connecticut, October 15, 1741, married Achsa Beckley, born February 5, 1743. Children: Abijah J., born April 23, 1765; John, of whom further; James, born June 25, 1776; Sarah, born February 22, 1780; Harvey, born March 18, 1782; Polly, born November 3, 1785.

John Hubbard, son of Abijah and Achsa (Beckley) Hubbard, was born in Meriden, Connecticut, and there lived his entire life. He married Katie King. Children: Katie, born March 11, 1800; Henry, of whom further; John, Jr., born May 24, 1807; Mary, born February 19, 1810; Harriet, born April 25, 1813, married a member of the Porter family, of New England, and died December 4, 1851.

Henry Hubbard, son of John and Katie (King) Hubbard, was born in Meriden, Connecticut, May 26, 1805, died in May, 1894. He spent his early life in that locality, learned the tinner's trade, and there married. He then moved to Poland, Ohio, where he conducted a hardware store. He prospered in business, employing several novel devices for securing trade, not the least successful of which was his practice of keeping a wagon stocked with his wares constantly on the road, so that the farmers of the countryside should not be overlooked in his list of customers. He married Eliza Anne Robinson, born in Meriden, Connecticut, July 31, 1806, died in Poland, Ohio, October 14, 1860. Children: 1. John, born March 19, 1829, died January 18, 1835. 2. George, born October 6, 1830, died February 7, 1833. 3. George Edwin, born October 31, 1833, an officer in an Ohio regiment during the Civil War, later went to Omaha, engaging in the real estate business and there died. 4. Thalia Maria, born March 8, 1836, died February 25, 1839. 5. John Henry, born August 11, 1838, a tinner, engaged in business in Poland, Ohio, with his father, died about 1893, unmarried. 6. Cyrus Hayden, born February 22, 1841, a school-mate of William McKinley, served in an Ohio regiment with that martyr in the Civil War, and after the conflict moved to Sacramento, California, where he became manager of the hardware business of Baker and Hamilton. He married (first) Pauline Smith, (second) Blanche Cushman, and died in 1906. Children, both of second marriage, Muriel and Hazel. 7. Harriet Celestia, of previous mention, married Ira (2) Ransom. 8. Charles Wesley, born August 10, 1848, died March 27, 1850, the victim of an attack of scarlet fever.

Eliza Anne Robinson was a daughter of David Robinson, born in 1749, died November 15, 1826. He was twice married, his second wife being Naomi Pease, born in Glastonbury, Connecticut, in 1767, died June 20, 1856. Children of the first marriage of David Robinson: 1. Mary Ann, born February 5, 1770. 2. Lydia, born May 25, 1772, died December 15, 1793. 3. James, born March 8, 1774. 4. David, Jr., born in 1778. 5. Chadwick, born January 13, 1781, died June 12, 1821. He married and had one son: Lester, born December 9, 1810, married, May 26, 1833, Mary Twitchell, of Oxford, Connecticut; children: George Conder, born July 7, 1834; Mark, born September 24, 1835, died March 15, 1836; Nancy, born October 12, 1836; Richard; Bernard, twin of Richard; Martha Jane, born March 16, 1842.

Children of Ira (2) and Harriet Celestia (Hubbard) Ransom: 1. Frank H., a tinner, married Mary E. Ferguson, and lives in Moundsville, West Virginia. 2. Frederick W., of whom further. 3. Nancy, married J. E. Nevin, cashier of the Avalon Bank, Avalon, Pennsylvania. 4. Lucy May, married John Renwick Metheny, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

(III) Frederick W., son of Ira (2) and Harriet Celestia (Hubbard) Ransom, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 27, 1872. As a youth he attended the public schools of that place, being graduated from the high school. His first business experience was as clerk for the Hartman Manufacturing Company in the capacity of clerk, his next service being with the Peerless Wire Matting Company, with which concern he remained for one year. In September, 1894, he began a lasting association with the Keystone Driller Company, as book-keeper, now rounding out two decades of employment with that firm. During that time the size of the plant has been increased ten-fold, and as the fortunes of his firm have prospered, so have those of Mr. Ransom, his present position, that of assistant general manager, having been offered him because of his extensive acquaintance with all of the departments of the works and the loyal fidelity that his twenty years of service have shown. His business policy is an aggressive one, always following the lines of progress, and the Keystone Driller Company has reaped a plentiful reward for the trust and confidence placed in his capable hands. The firm manufactures portable well drilling and prospecting machines and Downie deep well pumps. The general offices and shops are at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, with branch offices in New York City, Chicago, and Carthage, Missouri. They are affiliated with the National Association of Manufacturers.

Mr. Ransom's home is at No. 3233 Sixth avenue, where he and his wife receive their many friends with gracious hospitality. Both are members of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

He married, September 13, 1894, Margaret Elizabeth George, born at Cedarville, Ohio (see George). Children of Frederick W. and Margaret Elizabeth (George) Ransom: 1. Frederick Brown, born July 23, 1897.

2. George Edward, born July 29, 1899. 3. Lynn Hubbard, born June 19, 1903. 4. Robert Willard, born April 28, 1905.

(The George Line.)

Of Scotch-Irish ancestry, the George family is an old one in Pennsylvania, the two generations of which full record is given below having lived lives of activity and usefulness, the influence thereof having a telling effect upon the day and generation in which they were placed. Alexander George, grandfather of Henry Hosic George, was a native of Pennsylvania, a farmer, and was twice married. Children of his first marriage: Robert, Thomas, and Michael, all farmers of Jefferson county, Ohio, where they died. Children of his second marriage: William, a merchant of Adams county, Pennsylvania; Polly, married William Story; and Henry Hosic, of whom further.

(II) Henry H., son of Alexander George, was born near Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in September, 1800, died in March, 1875. He grew to manhood on the paternal farm in Allegheny county, attending the district schools as the opportunity presented itself, and upon attaining mature age moved to Jefferson county, Ohio. He there became the owner of a farm, later opening a general store in Cumberland, Muskingum county, Ohio, and in 1840 moving to Locust Grove, Adams county, Ohio, where he established another store of the same nature, likewise purchasing a farm in that locality, which his sons cultivated. He remained in this district for fifteen years, at the end of that time moving to Bellefontaine, Logan county, Ohio, his death occurring in the town of Rushsylvania. Disregarding his lack of early educational advantages, throughout his entire life he was a deep student, and at his death was better informed on general subjects and possessed a better education, in the true sense of the word, than many a man who today carries the diploma of a reputable college. Like most men who are wide readers and earnest thinkers, there were two or three subjects upon which he held strong opinions, and, if the occasion offered, he was not averse to hold forth upon these topics, provided that among his auditors there were some whose views were opposed to his and who would contend his points. He would inveigh with eloquence against the evils of secret organizations, against the holding of slaves and their traffic, or would defend as righteous the existing laws of capital punishment. Being a man of strong likes and dislikes, he was naturally deeply attached to his religion, the Covenanters, and as an elder of that church, was for many years a leader in all of its works, writing many articles for church periodicals, through them becoming known throughout the whole church organization. He married Maria Dolman, a native of Pennsylvania, born in 1802, died in 1849. Children: 1. Mary, died in young womanhood. 2. Michael, deceased, a farmer of Mansfield, Ohio. 3. Alexander, died in boyhood, in Adams county, Ohio. 4. Margaret, deceased, married William Copeland, and lived in Adams county, Ohio. 5. Joanna, died unmarried, aged seventy years, having been for many years an invalid. 6. William,

deceased, a merchant, for some time was his father's partner in the mercantile business at Rushsylvania, Ohio. 7. Elizabeth, died young. 8. John, a farmer, lived in Cedarville, Ohio, died aged eighty-two years. 9. Sarah, married Joseph A. Torrens. Two of her children, one a daughter, Jennie, became missionaries, both offering their services in China. 10. Henry Hosic, of whom further. 11. Maria, married a Mr. Gabel, and lives in Connersville, Fayette county, Indiana. Henry and Maria (Dolman) George were the parents of three other children, who died in infancy.

(III) Henry Hosic, son of Henry H., and Maria (Dolman) George, was born near Zanesville, Muskingum county, Ohio, February 20, 1833. He began acquiring his excellent education in the public schools of the county of his birth, also attending those of Adams county, Ohio, later entering Geneva College, at Northwood, Ohio, whence he was graduated in the class of 1853. After receiving his diploma from this institution he was offered the chair of languages, a tribute to the success with which his studies there had been pursued, and for two years taught in that college. In 1858 he entered the ministry of the Covenanters Church, becoming pastor of a church on Clinton street, Cincinnati, Ohio, the synod of the church calling him to the presidency of his alma mater in 1872. That their choice was well made was amply proved by his record as head of the college. After he had gathered about him a talented and able faculty and had started the mechanism of the college at full speed under the new administration, he turned his attention to a matter that had impressed him when he was first connected with the school in an official capacity—the advisability of moving the college to another place. To this project he gave careful and long consideration, finally deciding upon College Hill, a suburb of Beaver Falls, as an ideal site. The change was begun in 1879 and completed in 1880, the new conditions being much more advantageous than the old, more effective work resulting therefrom. At this time the enrollment of the college was one hundred, a fifty per cent. increase having been recorded since the institution was housed in its new surroundings. Another of Mr. George's achievements was the endowing of the college, \$200,000 being devoted to this purpose, by means of which the equipment of the college has been vastly improved, a point benefiting both pupils and instructors, since with the handicap of insufficient materials neither could obtain the best results, even from the most honest labor. In 1890 he paid the penalty that Nature exacts from all who disregard physical limitations, and was compelled to resign from the presidency of Geneva College, the fruits of his eighteen years continuance in that position being rich and bountiful. Two years of rest followed, in which the abused nerves, muscles, and tissues, remarshaled their defeated forces, and when he was once more restored to health and strength he entered the lecture field, his engagements carrying him to nearly every state in the Union. This he continued for fifteen years, at the end of that time identifying himself with the National Reform Movement, in which he remained until 1906. In the latter year

he retired, as he has since lived, although on rare occasions he may be prevailed upon to deliver a lecture or an address. During his active career he was a contributor to several periodicals, his written work carrying the same tone of conviction that characterized his addresses. Now, at the age of eighty-one years, Mr. George retains all of his old freshness of mentality, strength of spirit and voice, his age and the wearing nature of his past occupations having left their only impress upon his physique.

He married (first) in 1865, Sarah Brown, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who died in 1893; (second) Ella M. Martin, a native of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. McCleod Melville, a practicing physician of Denver, Colorado. 2. Nettie M., married Frank Agnew. 3. Mary Jane, married Walter McCarrol, a missionary on the island of Cyprus, in the Mediterranean Sea. 4. Margaret E., married Frederick W. Ransom, both of previous mention. 5. William Henry, the incumbent of the position formerly filled by his father, that of president of Geneva College.

It is one of the proudest boasts of the family of Geer, which GEER came to Beaver county, from Butler county, Pennsylvania, that in the conflict between the north and the south, in 1861-65, there were nineteen members of the family in the Union army. All were not, of course, of one line, but all traced to the common ancestor. It was the fortune of war that out of this large number there was not one who escaped the payment of some tribute to the god of battle, the lives of some being exacted, the toll of others being a limb, while still others paid with the blood of wounds.

(I) The first of this line of whom records are extant is Samuel Geer, who settled in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, being granted a claim of government land fifty acres in extent, which he later increased as he became more independent. The first cabin that he erected, a rude and unsubstantial affair, defied the attacks of the elements until about eighteen years ago, when it succumbed to the furies of a winter storm, and once fallen quickly decayed and disappeared. He and his wife, Barbara, whose birthplace was the same as his, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, were the parents of several children, one of their daughters marrying a Mr. Mercer. She was the mother of two sons, Harry and George, both of whom enlisted in the Union army at the outbreak of the Civil war, the first named meeting his death at the first battle of Bull Run, the latter having a leg shot away in a subsequent battle, although he was taken from the field and sent in safety to his home, living to a good old age. Another of the children of Samuel and Barbara Geer was Samuel (2), of whom further.

(II) Samuel (2) Geer, son of Samuel (1) and Barbara Geer, was born in Scott township, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, died in Suffolk, Virginia, where he is buried. After completing his public school studies in the county of his birth, he came to Butler county, Pennsylvania, and there established in the live-stock business, owning, buying and selling. He

prospered amazingly, and at an early age was counted as one of the largest and most influential dealers in his line in the county. To leave his business even for a short time meant comparative ruin, for competition was keen and summary methods were the rule, so that none would hesitate to seize his customers if the opportunity presented. With a full realization of what the result would be, with a patriotism so lofty as to overlook material profit, he enlisted in a Butler county regiment at the first call for volunteers, and was immediately forwarded to the front, his company being Company H, One Hundred and First Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, in which he was enrolled on September 15, 1861, his first enlistment calling for three months service. When that expired he renewed it for three years, but on September 9, 1862, almost exactly a year after joining the army, he was taken prisoner by the Confederate forces, and was confined in Andersonville Prison, the military place of custody that held so many Union soldiers during the four years of that struggle. His health was not able to withstand the abuses of prison life, the lack of light and air, the unnourishing food, the ill treatment of the inhuman guards, and soon after his parolement he died in Suffolk, Virginia, where he was buried. It would seem that one with a spirit such as his, so unselfish, so full of love of country, should have been granted the privilege of a soldier's death in action, that it would have been more fitting for him to have fallen with martial music ringing in his ears and the sting of a bullet in his vitals, rather than to languish and waste away behind prison walls, the defenceless prey of brutish keepers.

He married Sarah Wolf, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1842, daughter of John and Catherine (Shelly) Wolf. John Wolf was born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, and came to the United States in 1832, locating in Butler county, Pennsylvania, his father, Henry Wolf, accompanying him upon the voyage, his mother, Mary, having died in the homeland. They were the joint owners of a farm in Butler county, Henry Wolf falling dead while performing his regular duties in connection with the farm work. John Wolf prospered in his business, retiring about twenty-five years before his death, spending the last quarter of a century of his life in ease and comfort on the acres from which he had wrought a competence. John Wolf had a son, Abraham, who fought in the Union army throughout the Civil War, receiving a wound in the leg at the battle of Fredericksburg. Children of Samuel (2) and Sarah (Wolf) Geer: J. Henry, of whom further; Samuel, died in infancy.

(III) J. Henry Geer, elder of the two sons of Samuel (2) and Sarah (Wolf) Geer, was born in Lancaster township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, June 6, 1860. As a boy he attended the New Brighton public schools, in Beaver county, and for a life trade he decided upon that of steel roller, and for twenty-three years served the Beaver Falls Steel Company in that capacity. Since coming to New Brighton from Butler county with his mother in 1868 that place has been his residence, with the exception



Henry Mear

of three years when official duties necessitated his living in Beaver. In 1899 he was elected sheriff of Beaver county, taking the oath of office on January 1, 1900, the representative of the Republican party, upon whose ticket his name had appeared. Since that time he has been much in the public eye, serving as a member of the New Brighton council for two terms, one year in the state office of inspector of state highways, besides filling the unexpired term of John G. Hillman as county treasurer, the latter having died while in his office. On May 21, 1912, Mr. Geer received the governor's appointment as superintendent of state highways of the thirteenth district, and as such serves at the present time. He is a director of the Beaver County Building and Loan Association, and belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Royal Arcanum, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the American Road Builders' Association. He has attained a position of prominence in the public and political life of the county and of the state, and his service in the various positions to which he has been called has been of a high order, his efforts redounding to the benefit and credit of the district which he represents. His actions have been such as to gain the confidence of his people, the final test of a man whose entire career is open to those among whom he lives.

Mr. Geer married, April 1, 1880, Julia B. Mitchell, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Ida M., married John F. Weller, and lives in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the mother of two children, Frances E. and John Francis. 2. Sarah M., lives at home. 3. John Henry Jr., lives at home. 4. Frederick S., married Elithia Hewlett, of New Brighton, and has one child, Sarah Mildred. 5. Mary J., lives at home. 6. Charles Allen, lives at home. 7. Juliet M., lives at home. 8. Evelyn, lives at home.

HUTCHINSON For over three-quarters of a century members of this branch of the Hutchinson family have been residents of Pennsylvania, while in New England those of the name have been in that region since the earliest days of its settlement. William Hutchinson, the first of whom record is herein given, was born in Ireland and in that country became a follower of the cabinet-maker's trade, in which he had served a regular apprenticeship and in which he was a skilled workman. About 1830 he and his family emigrated, coming to the United States and settling in the city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where William Hutchinson learned and followed the pattern-maker's trade, the demand for work of that nature being greater than for that in the line of which he was master. His mechanical genius was innately strong, and he was able to earn journeyman's wages in his new craft soon after engaging in it, without enduring the dreary and profitless years of an apprenticeship. Pattern-making remained his business throughout his active years, his death occurring when he had reached an advanced age. He was a member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, in which faith

his children were all reared, his wife also being of that persuasion. He was thrice married, all of his issue being by his first wife, Margaret. Children of William and Margaret Hutchinson: 1. William, of whom further. 2. Samuel, a follower of the trade of his father, lived all his life in Pittsburgh. 3. Robert, a machinist, Pittsburgh being his residence and place of business. 4. Eliza, married Edward Armstrong, and lived in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 5. James, a resident of Allegheny City, a machinist.

(II) William, son of William and Margaret Hutchinson, was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1820, died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1855. When he was a boy he was brought by his parents from the land of his birth to the United States, the family home being in the city of Pittsburgh. In that place he grew to manhood, obtaining his education in the public schools, and learned the pattern-maker's trade under the able instruction of his father, much of whose aptitude for mechanics he inherited. He later branched out from this business and became a proficient engine builder, for many years serving in the employ of Reese and Company. He, his father, and his father's brother-in-law, Joseph L. Lowry, are credited with having constructed the first steam fire-engine, of any model, in the United States. His death was sudden and premature, he being at the time but thirty-five years of age. It is probable that had his term of life been longer, he would have fathered inventions of merit and usefulness in a mechanical way, for his studious mind was always exploring new and hitherto untraversed channels, testing the practicality of the various unusual ideas that occurred to him. Many of the plans for the fire engine he and his relatives constructed were his individual work, and he would in all likelihood have perfected that machine beyond the first model had not he received his final summons so early in the day of life. Both he and his wife were communicants of the Presbyterian faith.

He married Sarah Lowry, born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1822, died in St. Louis, Missouri, in 1862, who, after the death of her parents in the homeland, came to the United States with a party of relatives and friends from the same part of the country in which she lived. After the death of William Hutchinson, she and her family moved to St. Louis, Missouri, where she married William Lowry, and there died. William and Sarah (Lowry) Hutchinson were the parents of: 1. William, died aged twenty-seven years, unmarried. 2. Edward Lowry, of whom further. 3. Frank, died aged forty years, being, at the time of his death, cashier of the Allegheny National Bank, of Pittsburgh.

(III) Edward Lowry, second of the three sons of William and Sarah (Lowry) Hutchinson, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, August 28, 1852. His father died when he was a child of three years, and he first attended school in St. Louis, whither his mother had gone upon the death of her husband. When his mother's death left him an orphan he returned to Pittsburgh and entered the home of his Aunt

Eliza Armstrong, his two brothers making their home with Grandfather William Hutchinson. The dependency of his position filled him with a desire to make his own way in the world, and in gratification of this feeling he obtained a position as messenger boy in a hatter's store in that city, where he worked for six years, then spending eight years more in the city of Pittsburgh, his employment being of different natures. In 1878 he came to Beaver county, where he has since resided, and accepted a position in the office of Emerson, Ford and Company, of Beaver Falls, manufacturers of saws. The company, when he began relations therewith, was but four years old, organization having been effected in 1874. Ten years after its formation and six years after he had entered its service, a reorganization was made, the name being changed to Emerson, Smith and Company, Limited, Mr. Hutchinson being placed upon the officary as secretary and becoming owner of some of the company's stock. In 1913, through the death of Julius Kurtz, Mr. Hutchinson was elected chairman and treasurer, Thomas Carroll succeeding to his former position. He affiliates with the Masonic order, is a trustee of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics is a Republican, having served for six years as a member of the school board of Beaver Falls.

He married, November 3, 1881, Clara B. Perrott, born in Fallston, Pennsylvania, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Edgar) Perrott. Thomas Perrott was born in county Antrim, Ireland, and came to the United States with his parents when he was but twelve years of age, the family locating at Elder's Mills, on Little Beaver Creek, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his mother died, aged ninety-five years. Thomas Perrott was the youngest of three children, having one brother, Richard, who was identified with him in business, and a sister Sarah, who married Moses Sharp, and lived in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, for a half a century. When Thomas grew to manhood he operated the old Elder's woolen mills for many years in partnership with his brother, Richard, later, about 1850, moving to Fallston, where his death occurred. Mary Edgar, his wife, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 30, 1816, died March 4, 1903, and was the eldest of a family of eight, the others all of whom are deceased, being: 1. James, proprietor of a livery in New Brighton, Beaver County, Pennsylvania. 2. John, a miller of Fallston, Pennsylvania. 3. Robert, a merchant of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. 4. Nancy, married James Duncan, and lived in New Brighton. 5. Margaret, married William Reed, proprietor of a grocery store in New Brighton. 6. Louisa, married S. S. McFarren, for many years postmaster of Beaver Falls. 7. Adeline, married George Fields, an instructor in the Brighton High School. Children of Thomas and Mary (Edgar) Perrott: 1. John, a resident of Bucyrus, Ohio. 2. Nancy, married Jacob Parkinson, both deceased, and lived in Beaver Falls. 3. Sarah, married Jacob Ecki, deceased, and lives in Beaver Falls. 4. James P., a merchant of Beaver Falls. 5. Edgar, died aged eight years. 6. Thomas, died aged seven years. 7. Richard, an

employe in the Howard Stove Works, of Beaver Falls. 8. Mary, unmarried lives with her sister, Mrs. Edward L. Hutchinson. 9. Clara B., of previous mention, married Edward Lowry Hutchinson. 10. Jennie, married Israel Bollinger, and lives in Pittsburgh. Children of Edward L. and Clara B. (Perrott) Hutchinson: 1. Juliet, born November 12, 1884, married W. B. Todd, and has one daughter, Lucile, born February 24, 1912. They live with Mr. Hutchinson in his home at No. 1005 Fifth avenue, Beaver Falls. 2. Mary Lucile, born March 7, 1890, married Charles C. Martin, and lives at No. 611 Ninth street, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

LOGAN The quest for the emigrant ancestor of the Logans of Beaver county carries one back no further than the second generation, to John Logan, who was born in county Derry, Ireland, where he grew to manhood. He was married in that country and there several of his children were born, the family coming to the United States in 1836, settling in Clarion county. He was a farmer by occupation and his property was located about five miles from Parker's Landing, where he spent his entire American life, and where he died. In Ireland the family religion had been the Episcopal, but in this country they were strict adherents to the Presbyterian faith. He had not long been a resident of Clarion county before he began to learn the political methods and the manner of government of his adopted land, and from the casting of his first ballot he was an ardent sympathizer with the cause of Democracy. The children of John Logan and his wife, Susanna Rogers, who was also born in county Derry, Ireland, and died in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, at the extraordinary age of one hundred and two years, were: 1. George, deceased, lived in Clarion county, and for a time employed on boats plying the Allegheny river. 2. James, deceased, owned and cultivated a farm in Clarion county. 3. Elizabeth, deceased, married John Harshaw, and lived in Clarion county, Pennsylvania. 4. Samuel, a farmer of Clarion county, deceased. 5. Mary Jane, married Houston Gibson, and lived in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. 6. John, deceased, farmed in both Clarion and Beaver counties. 7. Margaret, married Samuel Banks, deceased, and for a time lived in Butler county, now in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 8. Matthew, of whom further.

(II) Matthew, youngest of the eight children of John and Susanna (Rogers) Logan, was born in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, March 6, 1843, died in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1907. He grew to maturity on his father's farm in Clarion county and in boyhood attended the sessions of the public schools. He remained on his father's farm, assuming most of the actual operation, until his marriage, when his father made him a gift of a ninety acre tract in Clarion county, on which he lived until 1876. In that year he sold the property he had received at his marriage, and purchased land one hundred and thirty-seven acres

in extent in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, there engaging in general operations until his death, aged sixty-four years. A Republican in politics, he held numerous township offices, but despite the fact of his public service he was not a lover of public or political life, discharging the duties laid upon him from a strong sense of the requirements of good citizenship. Although the companionship of his many friends was agreeable to him, he found a much keener enjoyment and a far deeper pleasure in his home circle, surrounded by those whom he loved and who returned his affection measure for measure. To the very hour of his death there was none privileged to know him who could with justice aim a blow at the fair reputation for uprightness, honor, and integrity that he had acquired in the three decades of his residence in that locality, and in the innermost depths of his life naught could be found to make him fearful to stand before his final Judge.

He married Eliza J. Banks, born in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, May 13, 1843, who has been a member of the Presbyterian Church for a period of time lacking but one year (in 1914) of half a century. She is a daughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (Rogers) Banks, both natives of county Derry, Ireland. Matthew Banks immigrated to the United States about 1836, when but a young man, making Clarion county, Pennsylvania, his place of settlement, and after his marriage to Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel and Margaret Rogers, who had brought her from Ireland to Perry township, Clarion county, Pennsylvania, moved to Butler county, where he purchased a farm. During the oil excitement he sold this property at a figure greatly in advance of that which he had originally paid for it, both oil and gas having been struck thereon, and came to Brighton township, Beaver county, where he lived until his death in 1894, seven years after that of his wife. Children of Matthew and Elizabeth (Rogers) Banks: 1. Samuel Rogers, deceased, a farmer of Brighton township, Beaver county. 2. Eliza J., of previous mention, married Matthew Logan, and, after her husband's death, remained on the farm until 1912, when she rented the property and moved to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, where she now lives at the home of her daughter, Margaret, No. 1307 Fourth avenue. 3. Matthew, lives retired in Beaver Falls. 4. Margaret, married Robert Gaily, an oil operator of Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 5. Rebecca, deceased, married Alexander Blair. 6. Mary, married William Barkley, and lives in Oklahoma. 7. William, deceased. 8. Robert, proprietor of a laundry in Portland, Oregon. 9. Rosetta, married John Long, and lives at College Hill, Pennsylvania. Children of Matthew and Eliza J. (Banks) Logan: 1. Elizabeth, married Edward Haley, and died aged thirty-seven years. 2. Martha, married Jonathan Failor, and lives in East Palestine, Ohio. 3. John, an attorney and real estate dealer of Long Beach, California, married Ella Foster. 4. Nora, died unmarried, aged thirty-nine years. 5. Iva, married C. E. Blackburn, and lives in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 6. Weltha, married William Rowan, and died aged twenty-four years. 7. Emma,

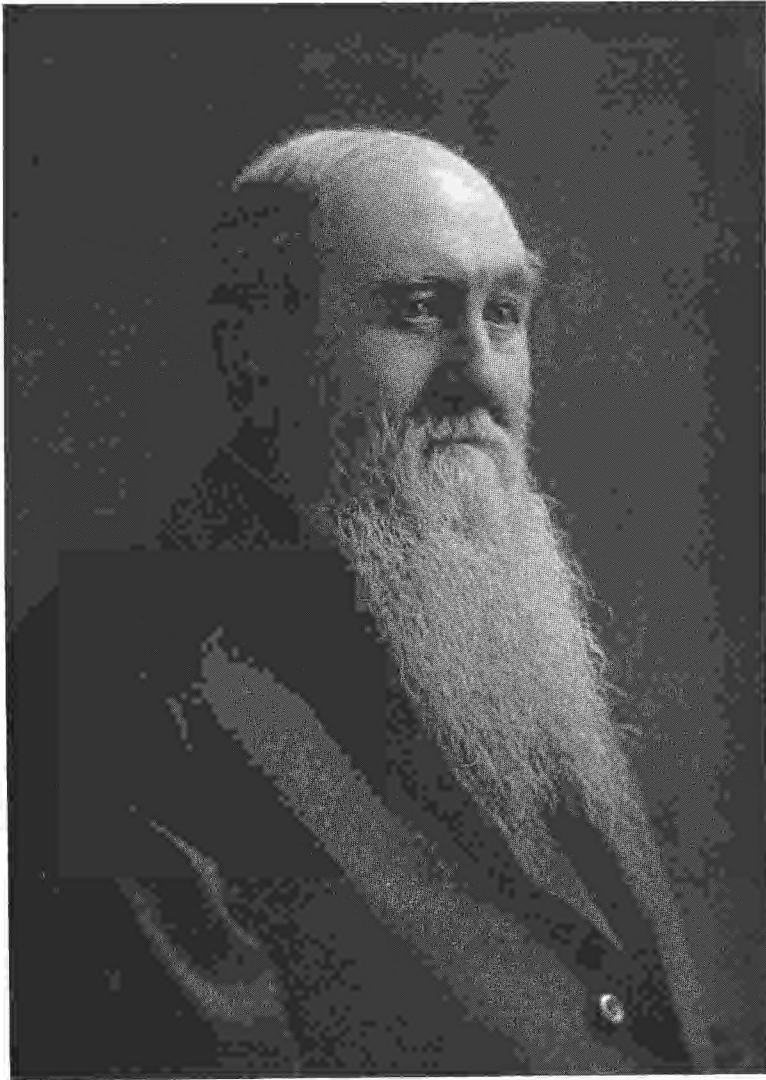
married George McBride, and lives in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 8. Minnie, married Richard Marlatt, and lives in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. 9. Clara, married Fred Morris, and lives in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 10. Wilber, married Sylvia Russell, and lives in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 11. Margaret, married Charles K. Miller, and lives in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 12. Samuel, died aged twelve years.

The first Davidson resident in Pennsylvania was also
DAVIDSON a resident of Beaver county, that being the part of the state to which John Davidson, the emigrant ancestor of the family herein recorded, came immediately after his arrival in this country from Ireland, the land of his birth. He cultivated a farm in Rochester township, prospered and acquired a great deal of real estate in that locality. He married and was the father of: William, of whom further; John, Samuel, Alexander, Jane, married a Mr. Mitchell; Nancy, married a Mr. Heinz.

(II) William Davidson, son of John Davidson, was born in Rochester township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1805, died in that county about 1871. He grew to manhood on his father's farm, working thereon in the time not devoted to the obtaining of an education, and after his marriage settled at Bridgewater. He was a skilled, competent miller, and erected three mills on the Beaver river, a grist, saw and planing-mill, over all of which he maintained active supervision, being master of all branches and operating all the mills with equal facility. He also conducted an extensive business in the building of boats. He remained in business until about two years before his death. His home was a large brick edifice on an eminence that commanded a view of the country-side traversed by the Beaver for many miles, an outlook of charming beauty. This building was erected about 1835, was the scene of the family home life, and is standing to the present day. He laid out that part of West Bridgewater known as North Bridgewater, about 1831. Both he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics he was an ardent supporter of the Democratic party. He married (first) Margaret Wolf, born in Brighton, Pennsylvania, daughter of John Wolf, a native of eastern Pennsylvania, he and his wife being among the pioneers of Beaver county, where both lie buried. He married (second) Mary Wilson. He married (third) Nancy Ann Elliott, who survived him, dying in Beaver, Pennsylvania. By his first marriage he was the father of eleven children, of whom four died in infancy, and by his second and third marriages he had three, none of whom attained maturity age. The children of his first marriage who grew to manhood and womanhood: 1. Thomas Jefferson, of whom further. 2. William, a dealer in coal, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 3. John, married, and died aged twenty-seven years. 4.



Addison Davidson



Thos. J. Davidson

Samuel, died unmarried in Bridgewater, Pennsylvania. 5. Sarah Jane, married Walter C. Dunlap. 6. James, died at the home of Addison Davidson, his brother, unmarried. 7. Addison, of whom further.

(III) Thomas Jefferson Davidson, son of William Davidson, was born in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1836. He was educated in the public schools of Beaver and in Beaver Academy. Upon completing his education, he engaged in the lumber and oil business in which he met with great success. He has also been a large investor in real estate and at one time owned over seven hundred acres. He still has large holdings in and about West Bridgewater besides a two hundred acre farm in King George county, Virginia. Mr. Davidson is a man of influence and importance in the community. He is a Democrat as was his father before him, and on that ticket has twice been elected to the council.

Mr. Davidson married (first) in 1864, Caroline Hall, daughter of David Hall, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he is engaged in farming. To Mr. and Mrs. Davidson were born five children of whom two died in infancy. The living are: Lewis H., a railroad engineer, residing in Alabama; Alpha, now Mrs. James H. Wilson, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Herbert, also a railroad engineer, residing in Alabama. Mrs. Davidson died in 1878. A year later Mr. Davidson married (second) Anna Bell, a native of Columbiana, Ohio. Of this second union there is no issue.

(III) Addison Davidson, youngest child of William and Margaret (Wolf) Davidson, was born at Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 25, 1847, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 27, 1910. His education was obtained in the public schools of Bridgewater and Tidioute, and for a time after completing his studies he worked in his father's mills. In 1868 he and his brother, William, formed a partnership under the name of Davidson Brothers to engage in the coal business, their field being not simply confined to operating or dealing but embracing both, the coal which they sold at retail being mined in property owned by them and all transactions between miner and consumer being conducted by them. The death of William, about 1872, broke up a prosperous working combination, harmony and strict accord, inspired by the respect of each for the other's ability, marking all of their business career as a firm. Addison Davidson then purchased his brother's interest in the business from the beneficiaries of William Davidson's will and until his death conducted it independently, being at that time one of the few first residents of the place still living in Beaver Falls, the town being then known as Old Brighton. Mr. Davidson was a Democrat in politics, a strong supporter of all the principles of that party's platform, and at one time held membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Knights of Pythias. As Mr. Davidson's material prosperity increased, so likewise did his opportunities for helping his fellow men, and his charities and benevolences, mostly conducted in private, were widely and wisely dis-

tributed, and in the raising of the fallen or in the assisting of the afflicted he found the true joy of service. His gifts were not heralded in glaring headlines, nor was public acclaim made in his honor, but in the joy and gratitude of those who were strengthened by him to make a new fight or whose lives were brightened by his deeds, he received an abundant reward. Among his fellows, in social, business or public life, he was the courteous and kindly gentleman, holding the true regard of his many friends, as well as their sincere respect. To all things that led to the public benefit he gave his ready and willing support, and the weight of his influence was frequently felt in opposition to anything he felt would lower the high social and moral standard of the town.

He married, January 1, 1876, Anna Rebecca Springer (see Springer line), born in New Sheffield, Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 3, 1857, daughter of John and Catherine (Kronk) Springer. Children of Addison and Anna Rebecca (Springer) Davidson: 1. Margaret, a graduate of Indiana State Normal School, of Indiana, Pennsylvania; married James Arbuthnot; lives in Buffalo, New York; they are the parents of one daughter, Margaret. 2. William, a graduate of Ohio Northern University; a civil engineer; lives at Mount Washington, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 3. Sarah, died unmarried, aged twenty-seven years. 4. Addison Jr., manages the coal business established by his father and uncle; married Mildred Carson; lives at College Hill; they have two children, Addison, third, and Marion Elizabeth. 5. Lettie, a graduate of the Indiana State Normal School; a school teacher; lives at home. 6. John, lives at home; a member of the city fire department. 7. Elizabeth, a graduate of Indiana State Normal School; a teacher in the public schools. 8. Ethel, died November 17, 1912. 9. Charles, engaged in the coal business in partnership with his brother, Addison Jr. 10. Harold.

(The Springer Line.)

Although the history of the Springer family is a very ancient and honorable record, this line is traced no further than to Daniel, son of John, son of Michael Springer. Daniel Springer settled on a farm of several hundred acres on Raccoon creek, in Beaver county, about 1811, partially cleared the same, and there died in the log buildings that he had erected, his wife, Rebecca (Manor) Springer, dying in the same place. Both are buried near New Sheffield. They were the parents of Samuel, Michael, John, of whom further; William, James, Rebecca, Susan, Daniel, died young; the only survivor is James, who resides on the old homestead and at whose home an annual family reunion is held, a worthy celebration of the descendants of a worthy race. James Springer is a veteran of the Civil War.

John Springer, son of Daniel and Rebecca (Manor) Springer, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there grew to maturity. He was a farmer all his life, his home being first near New Sheffield, later near Vanport, where both he and his wife died. He was a Democrat in

politics but very liberal in all his views and in the selection of a candidate for his favor gave party ties little consideration. He and his wife belonged to the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Catharine Kronk, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where she died, daughter of Joseph and Mary Ann (Marker) Kronk. Joseph was a son of John Kronk, a native of Holland, who on immigrating to this country settled first in the state of Ohio, later moving to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, making his home in Moon township. He was a farmer and became the owner of considerable land in that locality, living there until his death. His brother, Hiram, was a soldier in the War of 1812, and one of the last survivors of that conflict. Joseph, son of John Kronk, grew to manhood in Beaver county, farming for a time in Washington county, later returning to Beaver county, buying a farm in Raccoon township, a part of which had been cleared. This he made free of all timber and underbrush and erected thereon buildings. Joseph and Mary Ann (Marker) Kronk were the parents of: 1. Joseph, lives in Parker, Virginia, aged eighty-four years. 2. Jane, deceased; married William Irwin. 3. Barbara, deceased; married John Stewart. 4. Catharine, of previous mention, married John Springer. 5. John, died in young manhood. 6. Mary, lives unmarried in Beaver county, aged eighty-two years. 7. Rachel, died in girlhood. 8. Matilda, deceased; married John Truax. 9. Lavina, deceased; married Jacob Morrow. 10. Louis, a resident of Parker, Virginia. 11. Amanda, married John Springer, and lives in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children of John and Catharine (Kronk) Springer: 1. Joseph, a carpenter of Wellsville, Ohio. 2. Amanda, married S. C. Todd; died at West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania. 3. Anna Rebecca, of previous mention, married Addison Davidson. 4. Melinda, married McGuire Scott; lives in Raccoon township, Pennsylvania. 5. Ella, lives unmarried in Raccoon township, Pennsylvania. 6. Murray, a butcher, died in Monaca, Pennsylvania. 7. Daniel, a farmer of Midland, Pennsylvania. 8. Elizabeth, unmarried, lives with her sister, Ella.

There is none of the old Beaver county families that boasts of a longer residence in the neighborhood than that of Rayl, the Scotch-Irish ancestors of the present generation having been among the first to settle that region, and in their honor was named the little village of Rayltown, South Beaver township. William Rayl, great-grandfather of John W. Rayl, of further mention, was born in that county and was a life-long resident of Ohio township, his farm being near Smiths Ferry. Although his death occurred when he was a young man he had already risen to a position of notice among his fellowmen and had served the county of his birth as commissioner. With his wife he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics upheld the doctrines of the Whig party. He married Susannah Bradshaw, a native of Beaver county,

Pennsylvania. Children: 1. John, of whom further. 2. Sarah, married Alfred McFall, and passed her life in Ohio township, Beaver county. 3. Robert, lived in South Beaver township, Beaver county. 4. William, lived on the old homestead, met an accidental death in the burning of an oil well about which he was working. 5. Mary Ann, married D. C. Thompson. 6. Noble, a farmer of Ohio and South Beaver townships, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 7. Nancy, married Samuel Goehring, a farmer of Ohio township, and in 1855 moved to Meigs county, Ohio, where he was the proprietor of a sawmill.

(II) John Rayl, eldest of the seven children of William and Susanah (Bradshaw) Rayl, was born near Smiths Ferry, Ohio township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in December, 1805, died July 12, 1883. He was reared on the home farm, educated in the local schools, and as a youth apprenticed himself to the blacksmith's trade, soon after his marriage locating on a farm in South Beaver county, building a shop in which to ply his trade on land of his father. He afterward purchased more land and had his shop on his own property, dividing his attention between work at his trade and the cultivation of his acres. He was for a time engaged in the oil business and acquired a local reputation for his successful locating of oil wells, discovering good producers in apparently hopeless territory, and amassed a considerable fortune in that way. Strenuous work at his trade and the open-air life of a farmer had given him a constitution of remarkable strength, vitality and vigor, and labor was his delight, his capacity for work being commensurate with his physical prowess. His family had all been members of the Covenanters Church and to this he had given his allegiance until the formation of the Free Presbyterian sect, with a crusade against slavery as their object. After the war he became a member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and in that, as in the others, he held the position of elder, his sincere piety and upright manner of life being characteristic attributes known to all.

He married Jane Wells, born March 14, 1805, died January 15, 1883. Her parents were early settlers of Beaver county, Presbyterians in religion, and lived on a farm below Beaver Falls, now known as the Wissener place. They were the parents of: 1. Thomas, lived on the old homestead, for a long time proprietor of a tavern. 2. Samuel, lived near his birthplace on a farm until 1857, when he moved to Wooster, Ohio, dying in that place. 3. Jane, died young. 4. Anna, married a Mr. Davids, and lived in Butler, Pennsylvania. 5. Belle, died unmarried. 6. Sarah, died unmarried. 7. Jane, of previous mention, married John Rayl. 8. Martha, married Rev. William Hughes, a minister of the Presbyterian Church, and lived in Loudonville, Ashland county, Ohio. Children of John and Jane (Wells) Rayl: 1. Belinda, married John Kerr, and lived for most of her life in Smiths Ferry, her death taking place in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, aged eighty-three years. 2. Matilda, married Josiah Long, a retired farmer, and lives in College Hill, Pennsylvania. 3. William, a resident of Ohio, his home

being near East Liverpool. 4. Wells, in 1861 went to Canal, Fulton county, Ohio, to teach school and remained in that place until his death in 1910, when he was engaged in the mercantile business. 5. John B., of whom further. 6. Susannah, married John Barclay, both deceased. 7. Walter, a dentist of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

(III) John B. Rayl, son of John and Jane (Wells) Rayl, was born in South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 21, 1841. The district school in the township of his birth was the scene of his early educational training, and from the time of the completion of his studies until the outbreak of the Civil War he was employed upon the home farm. At the call for volunteers he enlisted, in August, 1861, for three years or during the war, his company being Company D, One Hundredth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, familiarly known as the "Round-heads." He saw active duty in the battles of Tilton Head, James Island, Fort Steadman, and in the Wilderness campaign. On May 23, 1862, in the engagement at North Hannah river, he received a dangerous skull wound, which confined him to the hospital for some time. Leaving the hospital, he was still in a too weakened condition to rejoin his company, and in January, 1863, was given an honorable discharge from service in the field. For a year he remained at his home, entirely recovering his impaired strength, and after that time had expired re-enlisted in the army, joining the company of which he had previously been a member, and served with his old comrades, or those of them who were left, until the close of the war. After the final peace settlement he returned to his home, cultivating his father's farm until the latter's death, then purchasing the property and continuing in agricultural pursuits. In 1893 he disposed of the farm property and moved to Beaver Falls, establishing in the grocery business in the North End of the city, where he remained for six years. He was then for one year in the same business at the corner of Seventh avenue and Tenth street, in 1900 purchasing a store and residence at No. 1007 West Eleventh street, in which location he still continues in grocery dealings. His present location is not the only Beaver Falls property that he owns, as he likewise holds title to considerable real estate in other parts of the town. In his two decades of business relations in Beaver Falls, he has become well known among the inhabitants of the town, as has his establishment, and his patronage is regular and generous, fair and courteous dealing impressing chance customers to repeat their visit and holding the favor of old patrons. With his wife Mr. Rayl is a member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and has ever supported the Republican party, in South Beaver township for six years served as constable tax collector and assessor.

He married, August 23, 1867, Rebecca J., born near Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 6, 1843, daughter of James Jr. and Nancy (Strain) Louthan. Children of John B. and Rebecca J. (Louthan) Rayl: 1. Harry B., married Hattie Cowan, and lives in Beaver Falls, Penn-

sylvania. 2. John W., of whom further. 3. Lucy A., married William McFadden, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 4. Mary B., married and lives with her parents; her two children, Harry and Rebecca, are attending high school. 5. Frank S., married Olive Harbison, and lives in Findlay, Ohio.

(IV) John W. Rayl, son of John B. and Rebecca J. (Louthan) Rayl, was born in South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 26, 1872. He attended school in South Beaver township, and until he attained mature age worked on his father's farm, assisting his father in his grocery store for one year after the former's establishment in that line in Beaver Falls. In 1894 he obtained a position with the D. L. Clark Company, wholesale confectioners, for a time driving the delivery wagon which distributed the products of the company and those which it handled for other firms. In that period of the firm's history one wagon was ample accommodation for their trade, but soon after a period of expansion began that is still on the increase. Mr. Rayl was steadily advanced to more important positions as his familiarity with the business and his ability warranted, and in 1902 was appointed manager of the company, his predecessors having been from 1894 to 1900 J. B. Lytle, and from 1900 until 1902 Mr. Lamp. In 1906 the Model Candy Company, composed of D. L. Clark and Mr. Rayl, bought out the former firm, Mr. Rayl directing the welfare of the new concern as general manager. The Model Candy Company controls a large wholesale trade and is the only firm in the Beaver Valley manufacturing confectionery, their salary list containing twenty-five names and their trade extending over a radius of fifty miles. Their products are of uniform high quality, and since their appearance upon the market have come to be in regular demand, the manufacturers carefully fostering the reputation of their confectionery for purity of materials used and absolute cleanliness in preparation, two rigid requirements for candy in modern days. Mr. Rayl is a strong Republican sympathizer, and belongs to the New Side Covenant Church. He is a member of the Commercial Travelers' Association, and holds the thirty-second degree in the Masonic order.

Mr. Rayl married, November 22, 1898, Martha S. Smith, born in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, daughter of David F. and Mary C. Smith, residents of Morado, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Rayl are the parents of one child, Fairman Wells, born June 4, 1904.

The name of Bell was borne by many of the inhabitants of the BELL provinces of New England as early as 1643, while in New York before 1680 and in the county of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, about 1682, it was not uncommon. The greatest number of the name who came to America were from Edinburgh, Linlithgow, Jedburg, Paisley, and Glasgow, in Scotland, some from northern England and southern Ireland,

many from the counties of Londonderry and Antrim, in northern Ireland, where they resided probably less than a generation after leaving Scotland. A member of that family, in the north of Ireland, who left among his descendants the Maryland Bells, immigrated to New York and settled, about 1710, in Chester county, Pennsylvania, at which time Philadelphia, Bucks, and Chester were the only counties in the province until the establishment of Lancaster from part of Chester in 1729. It is likely that he was the ancestor of the branch found in Northumberland county, of which Charles S. Bell was a member. He was the eldest of three children, the other two being Allen S., who lived in Philadelphia, where he was at one time a cabinet-maker, later a furniture dealer and undertaker; and Ada, who married a Mr. Jones and lived in Philadelphia. Charles S. Bell was born in Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, about 1834, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1911. His boyhood was spent in the county of his birth, and while attending school he devoted his spare time to learning the cabinetmaker's trade, discontinuing both at the time of the California gold discoveries to join a band journeying thither across the plains. Under such conditions and at such a time one could not so travel without undergoing many thrilling experiences, and those of Mr. Bell were no exception. Despite a careful and continuous search that extended over a period of about two years, fortune did not reward his seeking, and he returned to Pennsylvania, convinced as were many others, that such arduous labor with so uncertain compensation was not worth while, and that the same degree of energy expended in regular and legitimate business would, in the majority of cases, bring far greater returns. That the rule of right by might prevailed in that locality in which Mr. Bell prospected is eloquently spoken by an ancient Smith and Wesson revolver, now in the possession of Mr. William F. Bell, that his father carried on his western trip. He was still little more than a boy in years when he returned to Pennsylvania, and when a young man he moved to Lewisburg, Union county, Pennsylvania, where he was married and in which place he remained until 1876. In that year he and his family made their home in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he lived until his death, being proprietor of a retail furniture store. His political inclination was Republican, and in Union county he and his wife had been members of the Lutheran Church, in Beaver county associating with the Presbyterian Church. He married Mary Ellen, born in Lewisburg, Union county, Pennsylvania, in 1842, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in August, 1913, daughter of Jacob and Susan (Boone) De Frain. She was a descendant of an ancient French family of honorable lineage, the name, variously written De Frain, Du Frain, Du Fresne, occurring in many localities in France, one branch belonging to the nobility of Normandy. Members of the family were largely Protestant and must have suffered exceedingly from religious persecutions, as refugee families of this name are found in the Palatinate, Switzerland, England, South

Carolina, and Pennsylvania. The passenger list of the ship "Louthier," which arrived in Philadelphia in 1731 contains the name "Maria Forrain," whose husband may have perished at sea, circumstances pointing to her being the mother of the De Frain family of Montgomery. Her children: 1. Martin, who married prior to 1743. 2. John, who married prior to 1746. 3. Jacob, born 1730, confirmed in 1748. 4. Peter, married in 1753. 5. Elizabeth, who prior to 1747 married Adam Heilman. Muehlenburg, the founder of the Lutheran Church in America, in reporting the confirmation of the above-mentioned Elizabeth Du Frain, says her parents were Huguenots, with the inference that she was orphaned in early youth. In 1794 Louis Fontaine De Fresne, of Paris, took the oath of allegiance at Philadelphia. In 1788 Dr. Albert Du Fresne, with his family, arrived from Switzerland, whither his people had fled from persecution. He was a physician and minister, born 1748, died in 1823, and was a prominent citizen of Lancaster until his death. His is the line to which the De Frains of this chronicle belong, Jacob, father of Mary Ellen De Frain, being one of a family of nine children: 1. Isaac, a wagon-maker, lived in Nippenose Valley, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania. 2. George, lived in Lewisburg, Union county, Pennsylvania. 3. Henry, a farmer, lived in Fulton county, Illinois. 4. Samuel, a farmer near Manito, Mason county, Illinois. 5. Rebecca, married and lived in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. 6. Jacob, of whom further. 7. Lydia, died unmarried. 8. and 9. Caroline and Kate, married and lived in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. Jacob De Frain was born in Lancaster, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1822, died in 1894. He was a blacksmith by trade and was the proprietor of a large shop in which he employed several others of his trade, his work in his later years being confined to managerial duties. He received the patronage of the inhabitants of the country-side for miles around, and the fire in his forge was ever blazing brightly, while from the anvils came the constant ring of metal against metal. He and his family adhered to the Lutheran Church, and were earnest, devoted, workers in all of its organizations. His service was rendered the more efficient by his close familiarity with all of the needs and requirements of the church and Sunday School, and for fifty years he was seldom absent from a session of the school. In political affairs he endorsed the attitude and platform of the Republican party. He married Susan, daughter of Benival and Sophia Boone, members of the family to which the famous pioneer, Daniel Boone, belonged, the town of Booneville, Pennsylvania, having been named in the family's honor. Benival and Sophia Boone were residents of Sugar Valley, Logan county, Pennsylvania, and had children. Children of Jacob and Susan (Boone) De Frain: 1. Mary Ellen, of previous mention, married Charles S. Bell. 2. John A., a retired blacksmith, lives in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. 3. Rosetta, died in January, 1912, married George M. Courtney, and lived in Chicago, Illinois. 4. Laura H., married Christopher C. Hazen, and lives in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 5. Anna, married

John E. Taylor, a member of the Maryland legislature, and lives in River-ton, Maryland. Children of Charles S. and Mary Ellen (De Frain) Bell: 1. William F., of whom further. 2. Ella, married Frank S. Lewis, proprietor of a delicatessen store in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, where they live. 3. Bessie B., married Harry C. Phillis, a painting contractor, and lives in Chicago, Illinois.

(II) William F. Bell, son of Charles S. and Mary Ellen (De Frain) Bell, was born in Lewisburg, Union county, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1864. The public schools of Lewisburg and Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, were the scenes in which his student years were passed, his studies being discontinued when he was in his senior year in the high school of the latter place. In 1881 he obtained a position as messenger in the bank of the Harmony Society at Beaver Falls, not long afterward becoming book-keeper, remaining in the employ of that bank under the tutelage of George W. Morrison. He became connected with the First National Bank of Beaver Falls in 1888, and has ever since continued the association, from 1888 until 1893 as teller, being made assistant cashier in the latter year. In 1903 he became cashier of the institution, and at the present time capably fills that office, a life-long experience in the banking business and a quarter of a century in the First National making him a most valuable member of the executive staff of the bank. For about the same length of time that he has been an employee of the First National he has been secretary of the People's Building and Loan Association, showing the same able administration of the complicated reports of that organization as he exercises in his daily business. On state and national issues he is a sympathizer with the Republican principles, but locally has ever held an independent political course, and has served as treasurer of the city of Beaver Falls. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian church, and he holds membership in the Masonic order, having attained the Knights Templar degree, and the Modern Woodmen of the World. His home is at No. 1201 Fifth avenue, Beaver Falls.

Mr. Bell married, November 29, 1894, Nettie, born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, daughter of William J. and Myra McKee, her father deceased, her mother living in St. Louis, Missouri. William J. McKee was one of the first conductors on the Old Fort Wayne railroad. Mr. and Mrs. Bell are the parents of one daughter, Miriam De Frain, born January 25, 1899.

It would be an interesting occupation, if one were so
McHATTIE inclined, to compile statistics showing the proportions of
Americans, descendants of parents and ancestors of
different nationalities, who have, to put it in American phraseology, "made
good" in their respective lines of endeavor. Certain it is that such a bold
comparison would not be to the disadvantage of those who claim parentage

originating in the British Isles, most surely not to the embarrassment of Scotch descendants. Traditionally a race in which acquisitory instincts were strongly developed, the Scot has ever been depicted as anxious to earn and reluctant to part with worldly goods. In various forms of literature, mainly the novel and the drama, this tendency has been exaggerated and distorted until the impression held by the proletariat was that a Scotchman on his native soil represented the height of close-fisted parsimony. In modern days this impression has, of course, been dispelled, and those of that race are known as industrious and diligent laborers in the cause of advancement of any nature, material, spiritual, mental, or moral, and of those of that nationality whom America and the United States have had the opportunity of receiving on their shores, the great majority have brought forth works of benefit to their adopted land and which honor the country that gave them birth.

(III) It is of a family of that race that this chronicle tells, Peter McHattie having been born in Scotland, where he was educated and where he learned and followed the trade of tailor. During a life spent in industrious pursuit of his trade he acquired a comfortable competence, and in the evening of his life he and his wife, Isabella (Frazier) McHattie, came to the United States to live for their remaining days, at the home of their son James, who had preceded them to this country, and in his home, surrounded by all the comforts that could be provided by a loving son, both breathed their last, and are buried in Sewickley Cemetery. Both were devoted members of the Presbyterian church, with which they had affiliated in Scotland. They were the parents of: 1. Isabella, married William Russell; died near Leetsdale, Pennsylvania. 2. Elsie, deceased; married John Probert, and lived in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. 3. Ellen, married Lyman Woodworth, deceased, and lives at McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 4. Jessie, married Thomas Tracy; died at Mount Washington, Pennsylvania. 5. Jean, died in Scotland before attaining maturity. 6. George, of whom further. 7. James, died near New Galilee, Pennsylvania. 8. John, moved to Michigan, after which all trace of him was lost. 9. Peter, a retired farmer, lives near Ellwood City, Pennsylvania. 10. William, lives retired at Aliquippa, Pennsylvania. 11. Adam, a resident of California.

(IV) George McHattie, son of Peter and Isabella (Frazier) McHattie, was born at Banffshire, Scotland, September 28, 1825, died August 2, 1913, aged eighty-eight years. He attended school in Edinburgh, his parents placing him in one of the institutions of the city corresponding to a private school in the United States, where each pupil was charged for his tuition, and as a lad was employed as a sheep herder, also working in the famous botanical gardens of Edinburgh. When he was twenty-five years of age he left home and immigrated to the United States, remaining for a short time in Philadelphia. While he was in this city his early training was the means of obtaining for him a position in a florist's shop, where the close attention he had paid to floriculture in the botanical gardens of his



Eng. by L. G. Williams & Bro. N.Y.

George McHeattie

Ex-Officio (Historical) Club, N.Y.

native land made him a valuable assistant, for while his work in the gardens had not been of a responsible nature, he had nevertheless learned much outside of the dull routine of his own labor. Soon after he moved to Pittsburgh, there continuing in the same business in the employ of Mr. Charles Spang, of the firm of Spang, Chalfant & Company, owners of large rolling mills. He then established as a landscape gardener at Sewickley, subsequently moving to Leetsdale, near where he and his brother James rented land and began to raise garden truck for the adjacent market. The labor was so distributed that James, who had had some experience as a farmer, was in full charge of the farm upon which their produce was raised, while George managed the market at the corner of Diamond and Market streets, in Pittsburgh, which was their main distributing point. In 1867 this arrangement was discontinued and he purchased what is now the Alum Rock farm in Patterson township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, a tract of one hundred acres. On this he continued gardening operations, conducting very little heavy farming, and for some time after buying the property shipped most of his produce to Pittsburgh, later selling nearly all to the residents of the neighboring region, many of whom gave no time nor space to the cultivation of such articles. Constant prosperity rewarded his unflagging zeal and he added sixty-five to his original one hundred acres, making his farm one hundred and sixty-five acres in extent. At the time of the Civil War Mr. McHattie did not go to the front, but was one of the number that elected to provide for the welfare of the women and children left by the vast hordes advancing to fight the foe. Not only did he enlist men and assist in the raising of companies, but as week followed week and month followed month, with no hope of the cessation of hostilities and the return of the male providers, he gave bountifully of his goods and service to keep the cares of want and suffering from the doors of the patriots' homes. Ever after his naturalization and the receipt of his papers of citizenship he gave the Republican party the support of his ballot and influence, and served the township in which he resided as school director. The Presbyterian Church claimed his allegiance, as it did also his wife's, and for many years he held the position of ruling elder in its organization, an office conferred upon him not because of seniority, but because of the exemplary character of his daily life and the active interest he displayed in the different lines of church service.

He married, in 1859, Jane Jelly, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 4, 1827, daughter of Armstrong and Mary (Elliott) Jelly. Both of her parents were of Irish descent and birth, both spending most of their lives in Beaver county, where both died. Children of George and Jane (Jelly) McHattie: 1. Peter Armstrong, a member of the firm, McHattie Brothers. 2. Norman Spang, also a member of the above mentioned firm. 3. Mary Isabella. 4. Lida Shields. 5. Jean Elliott.

Peter Armstrong and Norman Spang McHattie, comprising the firm McHattie Brothers, were both born at Leetsdale, were brought to Patter-

son township with their parents, and in that locality grew to maturity, attending school and assisting their father on the home farm whenever he had need of their services, which was not infrequently. They were, in a way, forced into the business which they now conduct and which has yielded them such gratifying profits, for in the winter of 1894 there was an entire failure of their winter crops and they were left with no occupation. At this time they began a wholesale fruit and commission business in a very humble manner in a building on Twelfth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, their monthly rent being but five dollars. Their plans for this business had been to continue therein for but the one winter, but happy chance conspired in their favor and placed in their grasp the opportunity to reap a large profit. They had procured a large quantity of New England apples rather earlier in the season than such purchases are usually made and had stored them safely away until the time should come to place them on the market. Just at this time a sudden frost created great havoc in the apple orchards, ruining much fine fruit; as the freezing weather continued for several days, the stock that the McHattie Brothers had previously obtained took a decided advance in value. The proceeds from this deal encouraged them to give that line a longer trial and they remained in business, devoting their entire attention to the upbuilding of a strong trade among reliable customers, and conducted their dealings at the same place for eight years. By this time the operations had assumed dimensions that made more spacious quarters an imperative necessity, as their business had already extended into other buildings, and the brothers decided to erect their own building, designed for their especial purposes and representing the acme of convenience in every detail. They accordingly purchased a site on Fourth street, where they erected a brick building, two stories in height and one hundred and twenty by sixty feet in size. Not only is the building admirably planned for their needs, so that the minimum of effort accomplishes the maximum of work, but at the rear a siding of the Pennsylvania Railroad runs the full length of the building, making it possible for five cars to be loaded or unloaded simultaneously. Since engaging themselves in their new quarters the firm has added grocer's specialties to their line of fruit and produce, and employ in both departments eighteen men on an average. In 1911 they added to their building and installed an ice plant with six coolers, so that at present they have a refrigerating plant on the premises, with facilities for keeping perishable goods at any one of six different temperatures, the temperature of one cooler not affecting that of its neighbor. McHattie Brothers are now the owners of one of the most prosperous wholesale commission businesses in the county, and to them is due the credit for its wonderful growth and advancement, their foresight and energetic initiative alone having placed them in the front rank of the business men of Beaver Falls. They have the reputation of having the greatest consideration for their employees, some of whom have been in their employ since the organization of the business.

Besides his interest in his business as above mentioned, Peter Armstrong McHattie is a director of the Beaver County Trust Company; vice-president of the Union National Bank of New Brighton, in which all of the family hold stock; a director in the Federal Title & Trust Company, of Beaver Falls; also a director of the Beaver Refrigerator Manufacturing Company of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of Parian Lodge, No. 662, Free and Accepted Masons, of Beaver Falls, of which he was a charter member; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons, of Beaver Falls; Beaver Valley, Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar; Pittsburgh Consistory, Thirty-second degree; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh; and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias.

Norman Spang McHattie, besides his partnership in the firm of McHattie Brothers, is a director of the First National Bank, of Beaver Falls, a stockholder in the Union National Bank, of New Brighton, a Republican in political action, and a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He succeeded his father on the directorate of the first named institution.

The Nairs, of German descent, came to this country from their NAIR native land toward the end of the seventeenth century, and have but recently made their reappearance in Pennsylvania, in which state they originally settled, later going south to Virginia, with which state they were long identified. John Nair, with whom this record opens, was the owner of a vast plantation in Virginia, where he passed his entire life and where his children were born. The family faith was the German Lutheran. His wife was familiarly known in the neighborhood as "Betty." Children of John and Betty Nair: John, a soldier in the Southern Army, fought for the cause of the Confederacy; Peter; William R., of whom further; Samuel; George; Hugh; Simeon, died in 1859; Martha; Susan; Melinda; and two others, who died young.

(II) William R. Nair, son of John and Betty Nair, was born in Highland county, Virginia, February 28, 1822, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 28, 1878. His youthful years were spent in his native county, and as a young man he moved to Rock Bridge county, Virginia, where he became the owner of a large plantation that rivaled the paternal homestead in size. The work on his land was performed by negro labor, but he was rather in advance of his neighbors in that he paid for the time they were employed. He was the only Whig sympathizer in the locality and because of his opposite views his communion with his neighbors was not of the most enjoyable. In 1859 he sold his Virginia property, in order to escape what he had come to believe was the curse of human slavery, and purchased four hundred acres of land near Mount Victor, Hardin county, Ohio.

His land was nearly entirely covered with timber, the market value of which was high, the plentiful growth induced by the abundant moisture from the Scioto river, which flowed through his property. The same agency that increased the value of his possessions also formed fever breeding swamps, from which the entire family became diseased, their malady being the health-sapping "fever and ague," so well known to those living in the marshy lowlands. To escape this plague they moved after two years residence in that locality, in 1861 coming to Beaver county, renting the Cochran farm at Darlington until 1864, when he acquired one hundred and seventy acres of land in Big Beaver township, the old Imbre farm at the head of Wallace's Run. This was the family home until 1874, when he sold his property to the Harmony Society, settling in Beaver Falls, there becoming the proprietor of a feed store. He had been in this business only a year when he was stricken with paralysis, death resulting from this cause a year later. He and his wife were believers in the United Presbyterian faith. He married Helen Virginia, daughter of Henry M. and Mary Wilkins. Her father was of German descent, her mother of French blood, both dying in Dayton, Rock Bridge county, Virginia. He was a tailor by trade and at the time of the Civil War did not go to the front. When General Sheridan's army was passing through that valley, leaving behind the devastation characteristic of a marching force in hostile territory, Mr. Wilkins met the approaching army at the border of the town and gained an audience with the commander, pleading that the town be left untouched by the soldiers. To such good effect did he speak that Sheridan, a fraternity brother in the Masonic order, ordered his troops to make a wide detour, and the homes of the little town were safe, standing to-day as they did half a century ago, with only the changes that come with time. Children of Henry M. and Mary Wilkins: 1. John T., a printer in Harrisonburg, Virginia. 2. Helen Virginia, of previous mention, married William R. Nair. 3. Josephine, married Harvey Hoffman, a farmer, and lived in Rockingham county, Virginia, where he owned property. 4. Margaret, died unmarried, aged fifty-four years. 5. Thomas, a grocer of Harrisonburg, Virginia. Children of William R. and Helen Virginia (Wilkins) Nair: 1. Harry Wilkins, of whom further. 2. William, a commercial traveler, met an accidental death in Dunkirk, New York, in 1909. 3. Jennetta S., married John W. Mars, both deceased; lived in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 4. Mary Ella lives unmarried in New Wilmington, Pennsylvania. 5. Margaret, for several years a school teacher, married a Mr. Ford, and lives in New York. 6. Atlanta, married John S. Randolph, and lived on a farm in South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 7. Hugh Elmer, a photographer of Warren, Ohio. 8. John T., deceased, a glass worker. 9. Charles, deceased, a dentist of Wooster, Ohio.

(III) Harry Wilkins Nair, eldest son and child of William R. and Helen Virginia (Wilkins) Nair, was born near the "Natural Bridge," Rock Bridge county, Virginia, May 9, 1847. In his boyhood he attended a private

school maintained in a little log school house, afterward becoming a pupil in the common school of Hardin county, Ohio. He next was a pupil in the Greensburg Academy, at Darlington, Pennsylvania, finishing his studies in a private school in New Galilee, Pennsylvania, under the preceptorship of David Moore. Leaving school he was his father's assistant on the home farm, in 1866 coming to Beaver Falls, then in the primary stages of its growth, and was first employed for one year in the brickyard. He then learned the painter's trade under the direction of Barney Milks, and was associated with him in business for two years, after which he established as a contracting painter and so continued for twelve years, for three years of that time in partnership with Benjamin McDonald, the remaining nine independently. The borough had by that time entered upon its most vigorous period of expansion and building operations were numerous, so the demand for his work was great, and he seized the opportunity by employing a force of twelve men, who were constantly engaged in beautifying the homes and other buildings of the place as rapidly as they were erected. In 1879 the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad ran its tracks through the town, and Mr. Nair obtained a position in the road's service as baggage-master, holding that place on the first train that entered Beaver Falls on that line. From baggage-master he was raised to conductor, after nine months duty in the former capacity, and was a railroad employee until 1882, when he accepted a place as bookkeeper in the bank of the Harmony Society at Beaver Falls, at that time the largest institution of its kind in Beaver county, now the John T. Reeves & Company Bank, remaining in the employ of that bank until its liquidation. In 1892 he became assistant cashier of J. T. Reeves & Company, bankers, and was connected with that firm until 1900. He then took a well deserved and needed rest from business activities and spent a year in touring the United States, his wife accompanying him, their trip including all the points of historical and scenic interest between the two oceans and the northern and southern border. Returning from his extended vacation, he made his home in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, purchasing a billiard parlor and cigar store, which he conducted until 1912, in that year selling the business and retiring from an active career. He is a staunch believer in Republican principles, and is a member of the Masonic Order, belonging to Union Lodge No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons; Harmony Chapter No. 206, Royal Arch Masons; Pittsburgh Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, and to Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh. Mr. Nair has had a business career that has delved into many fields, in each of which he has acquitted himself creditably and from which he has derived a comfortable fortune. Under every test of business and manhood he has stood firm, and has an honorable record in his dealings with all men.

He married, October 12, 1869, Ada E., born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died February 7, 1905, daughter of John Reeves (q. v.). Children of Harry Wilkins and Ada E. (Reeves) Nair: 1. Harry

Wilkins, Jr., died aged seven years and nine months. 2. Frank May, of whom further.

(IV) Frank May Nair, younger and only surviving son of Harry Wilkins and Ada E. (Reeves) Nair, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 13, 1874. His education was begun in the public schools of Beaver Falls, and as a youth he discontinued his studies to begin work in the Beaver Falls Steel Works, where for two years he was employed as a "mill helper." He left this business to establish a general news agency, obtaining the exclusive local right of sale of all of the Pittsburgh papers, maintaining his store for three years. His next position was with the Consolidated Steel and Wire Company, in whose service he was for seven years, soon after his entrance being made foreman of the rod department. In 1903 he accepted a position as clerk with the Finished Specialty and Machine Company, now known as plant No. 2 of the Union Drawn Steel Company, beginning as head clerk. In September of the year that marked his initial appearance as an employee of this company he was made superintendent of the plant, and since that time has held that position, the eleven years of his service covering a time of unsurpassed prosperity in the history of the concern, his part in the management of the shops having been no mean feature in this success. There are under his control two hundred and fifty men, his leadership being not merely nominal but in fact, for his confident assurance and able direction bespeak the man of knowledge and authority, both of which one must possess to obtain the most desired results from his employees. With those who are his workmen he deals justly and fairly, and if his sense of justice and fair-dealing is ever influenced it is to his disadvantage, for he never presumes upon the willingness or necessity of his men, so that the prevailing spirit in the shops of the concern is of fidelity and cheerful application. Mr. Nair's only other business connection is as a director of the J. T. Reeves Company, bankers. His church and that of his wife is the Presbyterian, while he affiliates with no party in politics. His fraternal society is the Masonic, and he is a member of Beaver Valley Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, No. 84, Royal Arch Masons; Newcastle Lodge of Perfection, and Pittsburgh Consistory, Sovereign Princes of the Royal Secret. He also holds membership in the Royal Arcanum and is a charter member of the Tamaqua Club, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Nair married, June 10, 1896, Estella E., born in Allegheny City, Pittsburgh, North Side), Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, daughter of James Craig and Augusta (Froelich) Brown. James Craig Brown was born in Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, November 26, 1849, to which county he returned in young manhood, although his parents continued to reside in the place where they had made their home soon after his birth, Beaver county. In 1868 he became identified with the old Fort Wayne railroad as engineer, and was in that service until 1882, when he moved to Beaver Falls to accept a position as engineer with the Hartman

Steel Company, having for the past several years been engaged in the same capacity by the Union Drawn Steel Company, in whose employ he is at the present time. His wife, Augusta, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, August 3, 1856, was a daughter of George and Elizabeth (Sorg) Froelich, the former a native of France, the latter born in Germany. He came to the United States when a young man and was the owner of a stove foundry on Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, in which city they lived. Elizabeth Sorg had come to that locality with a party of relatives and both before and after her marriage lived in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. George Froelich was twice married, Elizabeth being his second wife, the only one who bore him children. James Craig Brown, father of Estella E. (Brown) Nair, was a son of John and Jane (Clark) Brown, John owning a canal boat, which he operated, in Allegheny county, later moving to North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he died on a farm. Children of James Craig and Augusta (Froelich) Brown: 1. Estella E., of previous mention, married Frank May Nair. 2. Lillian, born January 23, 1876, married Ned McDonald, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. Children of Frank May and Estella E. (Brown) Nair: 1. Lillian Elizabeth, born April 9, 1898. 2. Frank Brown, born April 15, 1903.

Edward W. Young, a prominent citizen and business man of Beaver Falls, is despite his birth in faraway Iowa, a member of a Pennsylvania family whose associations are all with that State. His paternal grandparents were residents of Westmoreland, where they apparently owned and operated a farm, and where were born to them seven children, including John G. Young, the father of our subject. These seven children were: Thomas, who lived and died in Iowa; William, who lived near Zanesville, Ohio; George and John G., twins, the former of whom was drowned on his way to Iowa; James; Jane and Martha. John G. Young was born, February 29, 1820, at Youngstown, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and was one of a number of his family who in 1853 migrated to Iowa. His first business venture had been in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where for a number of years he had conducted a livery stable, but in the above year he removed to Iowa and settled on a farm with a brother and sister, near Adel in that State. Here he remained ten years, but eventually sold his farm and returned to Pennsylvania. He now engaged in the bakery business, at first in West Bridgewater for a few years, and then in Beaver Falls for a like period. It was in 1871 that he removed to Beaver Falls, and from that date until the day of his death, he made his home there. After giving up the bakery, he returned to his original business and operated a line of hacks between Beaver Falls and New Brighton, Pennsylvania. In this he continued until the construction of the street car line between those places. He then retired from active business for the remainder of his life.

John G. Young married Anna Brown, a native of the region near Greenville, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and a daughter of Hugh Brown, a resident of that county and of Scotch-Irish descent. Her parents were Seceders in religion and lived on a farm not far from Greenville. To them were born seven children, of whom our subject's mother was the second. To Mr. and Mrs. Young, were born five children, as follows: Georgia, married E. D. Powell, of West Middlesex, Pennsylvania; Charles, a teamster of Beaver Falls; Edward W., of whom further; Perry, a resident of Beaver Falls; and Russel, a rural mail carrier, who died in April, 1913. Mr. and Mrs. Young died in the years 1905 and 1903 respectively.

Edward W. Young was born in Dubuque, Iowa, during his father's residence in that State, but he was still only an infant when he removed with his parents to West Bridgewater, Pennsylvania. He obtained his education at the local public schools and later at the Business College at Beaver Falls. He commenced his business career by accepting a position in a planing mill where he remained for some years. In 1888 he started a grocery store on Patterson Heights. This, however, he abandoned the following year to accept a position with Chandley Brothers, a firm engaged in the heating and plumbing business in Beaver Falls, and here he has remained as their office manager ever since. This position is a lucrative one, and in 1912 Mr. Young was able to build for himself an attractive home at No. 817 Twelfth street, Beaver Falls. Mr. Young is a member of the Republican party and very active in politics and public affairs generally. He has served four terms as school director, has been secretary of the City Council, and at present occupies the positions of president of the Board of Directors of the Carnegie Library, and director of the Beaver Falls Dime Building and Loan Association. He is a member of the Methodist Protestant Church of Beaver Falls and for twenty years has led the choir, an office in which he takes the keenest pleasure, being an enthusiast of vocal music. He personally has a fine tenor voice, and did a great deal of solo work as a young man. He is a member of the Blue Lodge of the Masonic Order, Beaver Valley Commandery.

Mr. Young was married May 6, 1888, to Blanche Townsend, a native of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where she was born, February 28, 1869, a daughter of Charles B. and Mary Townsend. Mr. Townsend was also a native of New Brighton and lived there all his life. To Mr. and Mrs. Young have been born two daughters: Helen, born May 9, 1889, married J. E. Knott, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania; and Madeline, born June 14, 1898, now a pupil in the High School.

Murphy is an ancient and honored name in Ireland, and is no less honored in this country, to which the bearers of it have brought those traits which have so distinguished their ancestors.

(1) Lawrence Murphy was born in Ireland about the commencement

of the nineteenth century, and came to this country in young manhood in the year 1830. He settled in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, where he labored for the city during all the years of his residence there. He built a beautiful house at the corner of Second street and Gerst alley, and there his death occurred about 1866. He and his wife were members of the Catholic Church. Mr. Murphy married Sarah Lynch, born near Londonderry, Ireland, who also came to this country about 1830. They married in Allegheny, and Mrs. Murphy died about 1874. They had children: William T., a soldier during the Civil War, died subsequently in the West; Mary, married James Gallagher, and died in Allegheny; Margaret, died young; John, died about 1886 in Allegheny; Catherine, died young; Lawrence, of further mention.

(II) Lawrence (2) Murphy, son of Lawrence (1) and Sarah (Lynch) Murphy, was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, July 10, 1855, and there grew to manhood. He learned the molder's trade and followed this from 1867 until 1885, in that section, and in the last named year removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he entered the employ of Knott & Harker, with whom he remained for a quarter of a century. In 1910 he formed a partnership with his son, William George, and erected a foundry at Seventeenth street and First avenue, in Beaver Falls. This was fifty by sixty feet, and forty feet in height, the most modern machinery was installed for general foundry work, and it has been in constant operation up to the present time. They employ thirteen men and their business is mostly with the Pittsburgh district. The Republican party has his staunch support, and he and his wife are members of the Catholic Church. Mr. Murphy married, October 13, 1876, Anna Weiss, born in Allegheny, June 4, 1859. They have had children: William George, of further mention; Arthur Thomas, died in infancy; Jessie, married George Garvin, lives in New Brighton, Beaver county; Margaret, at home; Robert, a molder, married Edna Hunter; Lewis, Emma, Lawrence, John, Catherine, residing at home.

George Weiss, father of Mrs. Lawrence Murphy, was born in Alsace-Lorraine, in 1822, at which time those provinces were in the possession of the French. He came to America in his youth and settled in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, from whence he went to Cincinnati, Ohio. In his native land he had been a wagon builder, and his parents were the proprietors of a vineyard. After his arrival in the United States, he found employment in lumber yards, both in Allegheny and Cincinnati. After his marriage he returned to Allegheny, where his death occurred in September, 1879. He was in active service during the Civil War, serving two enlistments, the first for nine months the second for three years, and came through all the battles in which he was engaged, unharmed, with the exception of the loss of one finger. Mr. Weiss married Gezina Ebershoff, born in Westphalia, Germany, April 27, 1833, died in March, 1900. She was but two years of age when her father died, and at the age of eight years she

was deprived by death of her mother. The mayor of the town, who had been a friend of her father, brought up the child, and she remained with him until the marriage of her elder sister, Anna, to a Mr. Bohlen, when the three came to America, at which time Mrs. Weiss was sixteen years of age. After a short stay in Allegheny, Mrs. Weiss went to Cincinnati, where she met the man who later became her husband. They had children: Lewis J., died in Allegheny, about 1903; Anna, who married Lawrence Murphy, as above stated; John, died in infancy; Emma, married George Grimm, and lives in Pittsburgh; Emile, born 1870, died in Allegheny, 1903; Lavina and William Philip, twins, died in infancy.

(III) William George Murphy, son of Lawrence (2) and Anna (Weiss) Murphy, was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, July 3, 1877. His education was a comprehensive one, and was acquired in the public schools of Canton, Ohio, Allegheny and New Brighton, Pennsylvania. Upon its completion he learned the molder's trade, and for a period of eleven years he was in the employ of the Knott & Harker Company. After being superintendent of the Best Manufacturing Company for about four years, he became superintendent of the foundry department of the United States Sanitary Manufacturing Company, at Monaca, Pennsylvania, an office he filled six years. He resigned this position in order to engage in business independently, in which enterprise he has been eminently successful. He is Independent in his political views, and a member of the Catholic Church. He married, in January, 1900, Elzina McKenzie, born in Racine, Ohio, a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. They have had children: Edith and Janice.

Collin McKenzie, paternal grandfather of Mrs. Murphy, was of Scotch descent and born in Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He married, in early life, Rebecca Gordon, also born near Hookstown, and also of Scotch descent, and shortly after their marriage they removed to Meigs county, Ohio, where he was a farmer and land owner, and where both died.

Alexander McKenzie, son of Collin and Rebecca (Gordon) McKenzie, and father of Mrs. Murphy, was born near Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 26, 1830, died in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, 1891. He was eleven years of age when he was taken to Meigs county, Ohio, and there grew up and married. In May, 1891, he removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, but his death followed within a few weeks. He married Filena Aumiller, born in Meigs county, Ohio, January 8, 1842, now living in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. They had children: Mary Elizabeth; John Collin; Sarah Janora; Estella Jane; Kenneth Clarence; Emma Florence; Ella Louisa, Elzina, the wife of Mr. Murphy, as mentioned above; James Nelson; Anna Harriet; George Wilbur; Pearl Albertson. John George and Mary Mahala (Zircle) Aumiller, the maternal grandparents of Mrs. Murphy, were both born in Meigs county, Ohio, and were both of German descent. He was a son of George and Sarah (Yeager) Aumiller, both of whom died on a farm in Kentucky,



Wm G. Murphy.

which they owned. John George Aumiller and his wife lived for many years in Meigs county, Ohio, then removed to Charles county, Missouri, where he purchased a farm, and where his death occurred. They had eight children.

Of Scotch descent, Colonel James Allison, the first of his ALLISON branch of the family to come to Pennsylvania, was of the early settlers of the part of Pennsylvania then known as "The West," whither he came from Maryland in 1773, bringing with him his family and a small band of settlers. His first winter in the new territory was spent at the "Forks of the Yough," as the confluence of the Youghiogheny and Monongahela was called, and in the following spring made his home in what became, in 1781, Washington county. He was familiar with all the hardship, privations, and often sufferings of frontier life and nobly played a man's part in the supporting of his family and the up-building of the institutions of civilization. For several years following the Revolutionary War he represented Washington county in the state legislature and was there a leader in the fight for the abolition of slavery, voting for the final act of 1788, which made human bondage in the state a thing of the past. His family still preserves a certificate of membership in the incorporated society for the abolition of slavery in the state, dated at Philadelphia, 1792, under the seal of the organization. A Presbyterian in religion, he was one of the first ruling elders in Dr. McMillin's church. At his death, which took place at the age of seventy-seven years, he was an associate judge of Washington county, a post he had held for many years. He married a daughter of James Bradford, and had children: James, William, John, George, Thomas, Andrew, Rachel, Mary.

(II) James (2) Allison, eldest son of Colonel James (1) Allison, was born in Cecil county, Maryland, October 4, 1772, died in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 17, 1854, aged eighty-two years. When he was seventeen years of age his father conceived the idea of educating him for the bar, and the lad acquiescing, he became one of the members of the first Latin grammar class formed west of the Alleghenies, under the instruction of David Johnson, of Beaver, whose school was opened in 1788-89. In this school he acquired a thorough education in the lower branches of study, and a fine working knowledge of Latin and Greek. To our modern minds it seems peculiar that one should be called from study to protect life and property, but this was exactly what happened in the case of Mr. Allison, Indian attacks becoming so frequent and so bold that he left school to serve a term in defense of the settlement at the blockhouse opposite Yellow Creek. This service completed, he entered upon the study of law in the office of his uncle, David Bradford, a distinguished lawyer and popular orator of Washington, and was admitted to the bar of Washington county in January, 1796. After practicing for a few years in Wash-

ington, he moved to Beaver county, in 1803, where he engaged in the practice of his profession, admitted February 6, 1804. He also gained admission to the bars of Crawford, Mercer and Butler counties, in whose courts he became a prominent and powerful figure. From 1803 until 1809 he was district attorney, a position in which he displayed ability of a high order. In 1822 he was elected congressman from his district, and although having no liking for political life threw himself into its duties in an abandon of energetic vigor, his deportment in the office so satisfying his constituents that he was swept into office for a second term in 1824. He, however, with a growing distaste for politics, refused to serve, and resigned his seat in congress before the beginning of his second term. A lover of home and family he now gratified his domestic tendencies to the full, and seldom absented himself from the family circle. After his retirement from public life, Jefferson College, at Canonsburg, conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws, an honor well deserved.

With the devotion of one whose affections are deep and sincere, he sustained a severe shock by the death of his son William, who had been his partner in business, an assistant of real value, relieving his father of much of the burdensome detail of their large practice. The death of his wife, four years later, depriving him of the partner who for half a century had shared alike his fortune and misfortune, who had strengthened him in his time of need and rejoiced with him in victory, prostrated him. Separated from his loved ones and in the evening of life, he had not the courage to continue the fight, and withdrew from society, living almost in seclusion except to the members of his family and awaited the hour that would bring the joyful reunion beyond the portals of the sky.

A sound and well versed lawyer, he was, to quote from the *Argus* of July 21, 1854:

Emphatically a gentleman of the old school, and bore himself with great courtesy to his fellow members, and with marked respect to the court. Kind and encouraging to the younger members of the profession, his assistance to their early efforts is remembered with gratitude. But all these personal qualities, as well as those of his intellect, were far surpassed by that higher and nobler trait—his stern, unbending integrity—which shone brightly throughout his life and won for him the title which he bore when the writer first heard him named and before he knew him, the "honest lawyer."

(III) Thomas Allison, son of James (2) Allison, was a merchant of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he resided when his death occurred, aged seventy-two years. He was a personage of considerable importance in the city, and proprietor of a store in Beaver. He married Emily Logan, and became the father of one child, Edward James, of whom further.

(IV) Edward James Allison, son of Thomas and Emily (Logan) Allison, was born in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 8, 1852. He obtained his education in the public schools of Beaver and also attended the Beaver Academy. As a young man he entered the mercantile business with his father at Beaver, leaving this employ to accept a position as assistant cashier of the First National Bank of

Rochester, Pennsylvania. He held his office until 1888, when at the organization of the First National Bank of Beaver, Pennsylvania, he became its cashier, continuing as such until his death, November 11, 1911. Active and energetic, as an organizer he was unequalled in the region, and several financial institutions owe their present firm standing to his capable founding, among these being the National Bank of Midland, Pennsylvania, of which, at its formation, he was made president. He was also interested in the Beaver Sand Company, as well as owning considerable real estate throughout the county. When the Presbyterian Church of Beaver was planned, he was made treasurer of the building fund and was for thirty years a member of the board of trustees. His fraternal affiliation was with Saint James Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. The Republican party received his hearty support, although he never held public office. When Mr. Allison received his final summons on November 11, 1911, his absence from his accustomed place caused a triple loss, to Beaver of a progressive and upright citizen, to the wife of a considerate, affectionate husband, and to his children of a kind and loving father. He died holding the highest gifts in the power of his friends and acquaintances to bestow, their respect and honor.

He married Margaret, daughter of Rev. Alexander and Margaret (Byerly) McGaughey. The Rev. Alexander McGaughey was a native of Belfast, Ireland, was educated in the University of Glasgow, and attained his theological education at Edinburgh, Scotland. On coming to the United States he became the pastor of the Scotch Memorial Presbyterian Church, of Providence, Rhode Island. After two years in the pastorate of this church he was called to a charge in Circleville, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where he remained for eight years. His last pastorate was of the New Salem Presbyterian Church, Beaver county, and two years after coming to that church failing health compelled him to retire from the ministry, and he made his home on a farm in Ohio township, where his death occurred in 1881. Children of Rev. Alexander and Margaret (Byerly) McGaughey: 1. Samuel John, married Sarah Cunningham; lives in Calgary, Alberta, Canada. 2. Margaret, married Edward James Allison. 3. Sarah Agnes, married Agnew Hice, an attorney of Beaver. 4. Elizabeth, lives at home with her mother. Children of Edward James and Margaret (McGaughey) Allison: 1. Dwight Moody, a student in Southern University of California at the time of his father's death, now an employee of the First National Bank, of Beaver. 2. Mary Margaret, born September 12, 1894, a student at Wells College. 3. James, born September 11, 1898. 4. Agnes, born October 16, 1900.

In the personal and ancestral history of Samuel Hamilton, of Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, we find a record of patriotism, bravery and public spirit which it is a pleasure to transcribe. Three generations of this family have been

personally active in the three most important wars which this country has been called upon to pass through, and they have borne their share with a gallantry which is well worthy of imitation.

(I) Thomas Hamilton, the pioneer ancestor of the family in this country, was born in Ireland in 1763, and came to this country in 1784. Like the majority of people at that time, he was engaged in farming. In political matters he was a staunch Whig, and took part in the Revolutionary War. He married (first) 1784, Mary McClellan, who died in 1790, and they had children: William, born January 2, 1787; James, see forward; Robert, November 10, 1790. He married (second) early in 1793, Agnes Mitchell, of Pennsylvania, and by this marriage had children: Hugh, born August 10, 1794; Mary, May 23, 1796; Samuel, May 12, 1799; Martha, December 20, 1801; Thomas, November 16, 1804; Jane, January 20, 1806; John, June 20, 1807; George, March 23, 1809; Mitchell, March 2, 1811; Milo Adams, August 6, 1815.

(II) James Hamilton, son of Thomas and Mary (McClellan) Hamilton, was born February 13, 1789, died September 5, 1843. He was a farmer in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, owning a tract of one hundred acres in Ohio township. During the War of 1812 he was in active service, and upon its conclusion returned to the peaceful avocation with which he had been occupied previously. He affiliated with the Whig party, and was an earnest member of the Presbyterian Church. He married, October 12, 1824, Margaret Sloan, born March 1, 1797. They had children: William Sloan, born August 13, 1825; Thomas, June 20, 1827; Martha Anna, February 23, 1830; Robert, April 20, 1832; James, August 6, 1834; Mary, November 13, 1836; Samuel, see forward. Of these children all are deceased with the exception of Samuel and Mary, the latter, who never married, living in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

(III) Samuel Hamilton, son of James and Margaret (Sloan) Hamilton, was born in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, on the family homestead, February 9, 1839. He was educated in the public schools of his native township and led the usual life of a well-to-do farmer's son, assisting in the cultivation of the home farm during his leisure time. He was about twenty-two years of age at the time of the outbreak of the Civil War, and was one of the earliest in his district to offer his services in behalf of his country. June 29, 1861, he enlisted in the Curtin Rifles, at Camp Wright, Beaver county, the recruiting officer being Charles Hall. He was mustered into the United States service as a member of Company F, Tenth Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps, and was honorably discharged, April 27, 1863, on account of wounds received at the battle of Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862. His record during the war is a most creditable one. He was a participant in the seven days' struggle before Richmond, under McClellan; was in the thickest of the fight at Fredericksburg, at which time he was shot through the body and lost his right arm. Here, also, he was taken prisoner of war, was confined in Libby Prison for a period of

six weeks, when he was paroled and sent to the hospital at Annapolis, Maryland, and there he received his discharge as above stated. Upon returning to his home, after he had recovered his strength, he became a student at Duff's Business College, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and was graduated as a bookkeeper. He then went to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, where for nine years he was engaged in the land department. He then returned to his former home in Beaver county, where he has been one of the leading citizens for many years. His political support is given to the Republican party, in whose cause he has been an active worker. He has served as school director for a period of three years; was county treasurer for three years; and for almost eighteen years served as secretary of the Home Protective Saving and Loan Association at New Brighton, Pennsylvania. He retired from this responsible position about one year ago. He is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Beaver, and has been an elder in this institution for upward of thirty years. He is a member of Post No. 73, Grand Army of the Republic, and has served as commander of this body for many years.

Mr. Hamilton married (first) October 17, 1869, Margaret Ann Bradshaw, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 15, 1844, daughter of Robert and Tamar Bradshaw, who died September 19, 1872. They had one child, May, born August 20, 1871, married Rem A. Johnston, of Ossian, Indiana, where she still resides, has three children: Remington A., Mary, Samuel Hamilton. Mr. Hamilton married (second) September 19, 1876, Margaret Cowden, born September 5, 1842, daughter of John Wallace and Mary (Hatton) Cowden. By this marriage there were children: 1. Windfield Cowden, born June 20, 1878; chief chemist for the American Steel Foundry Company at St. Louis, Missouri, where he resides; he married Mabel Becker, has one child, Margaret E. 2. William Wallace, born July 16, 1879; teller in the Third National Bank of Pittsburgh; resides in Beaver; married Laura Anderson; had one child, Mary Eleanor, now deceased. 3. James E., born September 10, 1886; in the employ of the Stephen-Bird Lumber and Logging Company; resides in Monroe, Washington; married Wilda A. Moore.

ARMSTRONG The name of Armstrong is to be found in the annals of the state of Pennsylvania from the time of the earliest settlements in it. The members of this family have been mainly identified with the agricultural interests, although they are occasionally found in military and professional lists, and the name of John occurs in five generations successively.

(I) John Armstrong, who was a resident of Chester county, Pennsylvania, migrated to Allegheny county in the same state, in the year 1804, and there was one of the pioneer farmers of the section. He served as a soldier in the War of the Revolution. Later he removed to Beaver

county, Pennsylvania. When he came from the eastern part of the state, he made the journey with his family with a four-horse team and a wagon, the only mode of progression those days with the exception of oxen or on horseback. He married Mary — and they had several children.

(II) John (2) Armstrong, son of John (1) and Mary Armstrong, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1800, and when his parents had removed to the western part of the state he was lost for a considerable length of time, and finally found in a cornfield, on the North Side Pittsburgh, between the Federal street depot and Allegheny river, now one of the busiest sections of the city. He was also a farmer. He married Ella, daughter of Matthew Dillon, a pioneer farmer of the section. They had children as follows: Samuel, married Jane Pounds; John, see forward; Ruth, married Daniel Emerich; Esther, married Samuel Russell.

(III) John (3) Armstrong, son of John (2) and Ella (Dillon) Armstrong, was born in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 27, 1831. He was educated in the public schools, but could only attend about three months of every year as he was obliged to assist his father in the farm labors from an early age. When he had attained young manhood, he commenced farming independently, at first on the Allegheny river, opposite Pithole, where he remained for a period of five years. He then went to the vicinity of Oil City, where he had two hundred and twenty-two acres of oil land, which he sold about 1864. At that time he removed to Beaver county, and there bought a farm of one hundred and five acres within one mile of the Court House, and sold it in 1906. He then removed to Beaver where he lived in retirement until his death, March 22, 1914. He had been an extensive breeder of short horn and Jersey cattle and Oxford Down sheep. He bred only the very finest stock and his excellent examples of Minorca and Plymouth Rock poultry also realized the best prices. He took an active part in the local political affairs, affiliating with the Republican party, and was an earnest worker in the interests of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Armstrong married, in 1859, Isabella, born in Forest county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Jeannette (Day) Adams, and they had children as follows: Calantha A., born November 3, 1861, unmarried; Nettie N., born January 5, 1863, married Dr. John J. Allen, of Monaca, Pennsylvania; Anna M., born February 21, 1865, died at the age of twenty-three years; John Burton, see forward; Vienna B., born May 5, 1870.

(IV) Dr. John Burton Armstrong, son of John (3) and Isabella (Adams) Armstrong, was born in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1868. He attended the public schools in Brighton township and the Beaver High School, after which he matriculated at the West Penn Medical College, Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated March 26, 1891. In the same year he established himself in the practice of the medical profession in Allegheny, remaining there one year, and

going from thence to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he also remained for the period of one year. In 1893 he located in Beaver, Beaver county, in which place he has practiced uninterruptedly since that time. He owns a beautiful residence in that town, and is held in high esteem in the community. His political affiliations are with the Republican party, and he is a member of St. James Lodge No. 457, Free and Accepted Masons, Beaver county; the County Medical Association, and the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity of West Penn College, Pittsburgh.

Dr. Armstrong married Anna M., born in Wellsville, Ohio, March 8, 1870, daughter of Alexander and Emma (Hays) Fraser, and they have one child: John Alexander, born January 6, 1895, who was graduated from the Beaver High School in the class of 1913.

John Adams, the maternal grandfather of Dr. Armstrong, was born in 1794, was a blacksmith and a boat builder, and while serving as an apprentice, assisted in building the ship in which Perry fought on Lake Erie. He also shod a horse for Joseph Bonaparte.

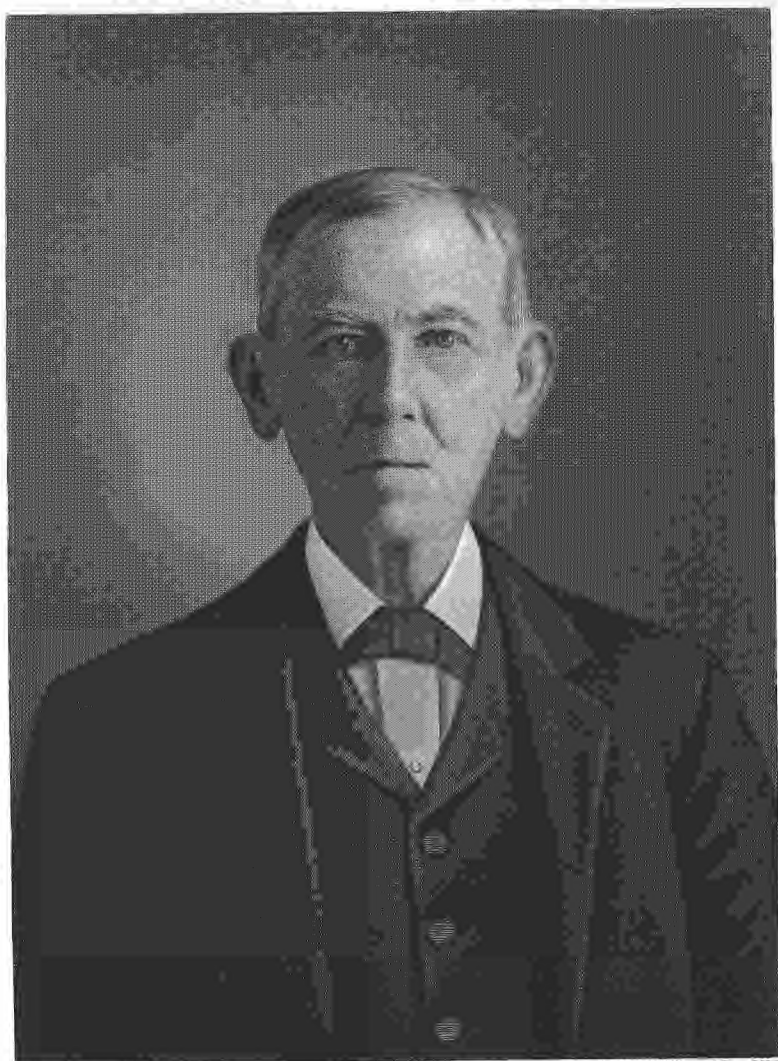
The name of this family was originally Draveau or Drevou, DRAVO the spelling having been changed in the course of time.

(1) Anthony Dravo, the American progenitor of the family, was born in Paris, France, August 16, 1769, died in Lawrenceville, a part of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, October 16, 1851. In 1789 the Marquis de Lussiete owned a beautiful estate in the suburbs of Paris, France, and with him lived a young florist as confidential friend and companion. At the commencement of the French Revolution the Marquis and his young friend, Anthony Draveau, sought refuge in America. The home built by the French Marquis was in the Monongahela Valley, opposite the mouth of Turtle Creek, and is known as Hamilton Hall. This was in 1794, and Anthony Dravo subsequently located in Pittsburgh, his garden occupying one-half of the square which is now the central business portion of the city. He was known as the pioneer florist, and the men of mark who came from France to visit this country always visited him, among them being General Lafayette. Later he purchased larger grounds at East Liberty, on Shady avenue, the present location of the Kenmar Hotel. He was naturalized in Pittsburgh, September 17, 1808. Anthony Dravo married Elizabeth Doussman, born in the Youghiogheny River Valley, Pennsylvania, 1777, died in Pittsburgh, August 28, 1858. Her brother, Michael Doussman, was a trader in furs and was a partner of the first Vanderbilt. They were of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Children: 1. Peter, born April 5, 1795, died April 7, 1849; married Charlotte Gray. 2. Catherine, died young. 3. Michael, see forward. 4. William Butler, born 1801, died May 19, 1876; married Deborah Blackburn. 5. Harriet, born 1803; married John Anderson. 6. A daughter, died in infancy. 7. John Doussman, born May 28, 1806, died August 16, 1877; married Polly Blackburn. 8. Sarah. 9.

Francis Rouad, born October 9, 1809, died July 5, 1863; married Elizabeth Miles Moore. 10. Margaret, born May 5, 1813, died August 10, 1892; married Rev. John Wilkinson. 11. Anthony, Jr., died December 3, 1847; married Anna Belle Rutter.

(II) Michael Dravo, son of Anthony and Elizabeth (Doussman) Dravo, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, August 28, 1798, died in the same city May 28, 1890. He was in business as a coal merchant for many years at McKeesport, Pennsylvania. He married (first) Mary Agnes Fleming (see Fleming III). Children: 1. John Fleming, see forward. 2. Anthony Wayne, married Sarah Black, of Meadville, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary, married James Skillman Cruthers, of West Newton, Pennsylvania. He married (second) Emeline Stewart. Children: 4. Harriet, born 1831, died 1837. 5. William McCray, born April 29, 1834, died October 18, 1904; educated at Allegheny College, Pennsylvania, and was engaged in the coal, oil and gas business at Sewickley, Pennsylvania, where he lived; he married Maria, born February 25, 1836, died February 22, 1907, daughter of Robert and Eleanor (Hurst) McCurdy, and prominent in church and charitable work; they had children: Eleanor Hurst, born October 8, 1866, at Webster, Pennsylvania, lives at Sewickley; William McCray Jr., born August 28, 1868, lives at Sewickley, and is with the Crucible Steel Company of America at Pittsburgh. 6. Annie Belle, born 1839, died 1876; married James Collard. 7. Elizabeth, born November 13, 1846, died July 19, 1913; married William Vankirk; has one child, Annie. 8. Frank, was married and died in Louisville, Kentucky. 9. Adam Clark, married Phoebe McKee, and has children: Christian M. and Stewart. 10. James S., married Margaret McGuire, died October 8, 1913. 11. Margaret, married Joseph D. Long; children: Clark D.; Elizabeth, married Eugene Mesaler.

(III) John Fleming Dravo, son of Michael and Mary Agnes (Fleming) Dravo, was born at West Newton, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1819, died at Beaver, Pennsylvania, September 30, 1905. He received the advantages of a liberal education, attending the Pittsburgh Select School and the Allegheny College at Meadville. Upon the completion of his education he assumed the duties of his father's office, and thus familiarized himself with the details of the coal trade. In 1845 he embarked upon his first independent venture—mining and shipping coal. The success of the next ten years enabled him to lay the foundation for a successful business career. In 1854 he founded the town of Dravosburg, now a flourishing mining borough. To him Connellsville is indebted for her large coke works. In 1868 he organized the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Works, and as general manager and treasurer increased the output of the plant from forty to three hundred ovens in fifteen years. In 1860 he was elected president of the Pittsburgh Coal Exchange, holding the office for ten years. Recognizing the necessity of a Chamber of Commerce for Pittsburgh, he commenced canvassing the question of organization, and the first certificate of membership was issued to him. He was elected vice-president,



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Very Respectfully
John F. Dravo

and appointed chairman of the river and harbor committee, positions he filled until the death of President Morehead in June, 1885, when he was elected to fill the vacancy. He resigned from this office in 1891 to assume his seat in the state legislature, having been sent there from Beaver county. He was continually working in the interests of the improvement of Monongahela and Ohio river navigation, and appeared before congressional committees in Washington, District of Columbia, on numerous occasions. He also addressed many conventions in behalf of the improvement of western waterways. His first address in favor of a free Monongahela river was delivered February 12, 1886, before the committee on rivers and harbors of the National house of representatives, the committee subsequently asking for a copy of the address and publishing it as a congressional document. Following is an extract from this forcible address:

But you are asked for large appropriations for other points; millions for the Mississippi; large sums for the Ohio; I have not one word in opposition. I only beg to suggest the importance and wisdom of first taking care of the waters where the freight originates; the points of development which make the waters of the Ohio and Mississippi necessary.

On October 23, 1895, at Vicksburg, Mississippi, Mr. Dravo addressed the convention assembled there on the improvement of western waterways. The fifty-fourth congress passed an act for the condemnation of the Monongahela Navigation Plant, and the appointment of a board of viewers to fix the valuation of the property. This board finished its work at Pittsburgh, March 25, 1897, and the secretary of war accepted the award of the viewers—approximately three and three-quarters millions, and on July 7, 1897, the United States government had become the owner of this plant, and the Monongahela river was free to commerce. In this magnificent result Mr. Dravo had been the chief factor. On all matters pertaining to navigation and river interests Mr. Dravo was constantly selected by the river men as their advocate, and the obtaining of the desired legislation is the best tribute that could be paid to his untiring efforts. He was one of the life members and an early and earnest advocate of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad and for many years was a member of its board of directors. He was a director in the Tradesman's National Bank and the People's Insurance Company, and identified in official capacity with several other fiduciary corporations. His political career was as noteworthy as his business one. Radically opposed to human slavery, upon the dissolution of the Whig party, he aided in forming the Republican party, and stumped the state for all presidents from Fremont to McKinley. Few men have delivered as many political speeches or addresses on public enterprises as Mr. Dravo. His delivery was peculiar, but pleasant; his style, clear and logical; his reasoning, eloquent and forcible.

On May 23, 1881, Mr. Dravo was appointed by President Garfield, collector of customs and surveyor of the port of Pittsburgh, and served four years. In 1889 he was re-appointed by President Harrison. In 1887

he was elected to the legislature by Beaver county, there served on the committee of ways and means, and that of constitutional reforms and made many speeches throughout the state in favor of the amendment.

From early life he was bitterly opposed to the liquor traffic, and his voice and hand were ever raised against it. His religious affiliations were always with the Methodist Episcopal Church but he did not hold the old orthodox views. He was a believer in Darwin's theory of evolution, and his newspaper articles on Evolution attracted the attention of able writers on this subject, and earned favorable commendation. Tolerant of creeds and opinions differing from his own, he was always an independent thinker, and had the courage of his honest and sincere convictions. In 1869 he erected a church edifice at Vanport, Pennsylvania, which is known as Dravo's Chapel, and is a substantial testimonial of his interest in the good of others. The field of education always had his warmest sympathy and support. At the time of his death he was president of the board of trustees of Beaver College; trustee of Allegheny College, at Meadville, Pennsylvania; for four years he had been president of the State Reform School; and for eight years he was a director at the Allegheny County Home. Generous to a degree, it is estimated that his contributions to church and charity amounted to more than one hundred thousand dollars during his lifetime, and at his death he bequeathed thirty thousand dollars to Beaver College, and twenty-three thousand dollars to the Methodist Episcopal Church at Beaver. In 1888 he was appointed a trustee of the State Normal School at Slippery Rock. At the time of the death of General Grant, Captain Dravo was selected to deliver the funeral oration, and it was a masterpiece of its kind. He was selected for the same office on a number of other notable occasions, and the addresses he made were always the subject of laudatory articles in all papers.

In 1868 Mr. Dravo removed to Beaver, Pennsylvania, where he purchased a home on First street, now Dravo avenue. This was destroyed by fire in 1891, and replaced by a handsome modern house of brick and stone. This home he surrounded with an atmosphere of culture and Christian influence, and the beautifying of its surroundings was a constant source of pleasure. For many years he was superintendent of the Sabbath school, and also acted as a local preacher.

Mr. Dravo married, November 23, 1843, Eliza Jane Clark (see Clark III). Children: 1. Cassius Clay, born November 10, 1844, died January 28, 1845. 2. Margaret Jane, see forward. 3. Josephine Virginia, see forward. 4. Mary Emma, born March 8, 1851, died April 5, 1869. 5. Anna Maria, born August 1, 1854, died October 15, 1854. 6. Elizabeth Bell, born August 30, 1856, died in January, 1858. 7. Ida Clark, born December 16, 1858, lives in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 8. Lida, see forward. 9. John Stevenson, see forward. 10. Ettie Snyder, born March 30, 1865, died April 14, 1888.

(IV) Margaret Jane Dravo, daughter of John Fleming and Eliza Jane

(Clark) Dravo, was born at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, January 20, 1846, and is now living in Beaver, Pennsylvania. She married in that city, December 10, 1867, Robert Adams Wilson, born in Bridgewater, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1843, died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1881. He was engaged in the coal, coke and iron business. He was the son of Samuel Beatty and Julia Ann (Lyons) Wilson; grandson of James and Mary (Adams) Wilson; great-grandson of Dr. Samuel Adams.

(IV) Josephine Virginia Dravo, daughter of John Fleming and Eliza Jane (Clark) Dravo, was born at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, June 5, 1848, and now lives in Beaver. She married, at Beaver, May 9, 1871, James H. McCreery, an attorney, son of Thomas and Emeline (Foster) McCreery, and grandson of James McCreery, all early residents of Beaver county. Children: John Dravo, see forward; Thomas Livingston, see forward; Mary Dravo, born August 16, 1876; Caryl, born September 29, 1878; Elsie Josephine, born November 5, 1880, died December 18, 1885; William Vankirk, born November 9, 1885.

(IV) Lida Dravo, daughter of John Fleming and Eliza Jane (Clark) Dravo, was born March 9, 1861, at Dravosburg, Pennsylvania, and now lives at Beaver.

(IV) John Stevenson Dravo, son of John Fleming and Eliza Jane (Clark) Dravo, was born at Dravosburg, March 9, 1861, and now lives in Beaver. He married, January 9, 1883, Sarah McClurg, of Beaver. Child: Eliza Jane, born September 4, 1884. She married, September 18, 1906, Dr. Clifford Bliss, born May 22, 1883, son of Howard Bliss, of Beaver. Children: John Dravo, born September 18, 1907; Margaret Jane, born at La Belle, Pennsylvania, February 2, 1910, died at Fredericktown, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1913.

(V) John Dravo McCreery, son of James H. and Josephine Virginia (Dravo) McCreery, was born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, March 25, 1872. Since 1890 he has been with the H. C. Frick Coke Company and allied companies, Carnegie Building, Pittsburgh, and is secretary and treasurer of the United States Coal-Coke Company, and other corporations. He was married at Washington, District of Columbia, by the Rev. Alexander Kent, February 14, 1906, to Marie, born in New York City, May 30, 1883, daughter of Maurice and Maria Wahlgren. Children: John Dravo, born April 8, 1907; Elsie Caryl, May 10, 1909; Helen Wahlgren, Nov. 19, 1912.

(V) Thomas Livingston McCreery, son of James H. and Josephine Virginia (Dravo) McCreery, was born in Beaver, October 19, 1874, and still lives there. He is with the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, of Pittsburgh. He married, March 11, 1903, Lu Brylle, born April 16, 1876, daughter of George W. and Matilda R. Dawson. Children: John Fleming Dravo, born August 15, 1905, at Indianapolis, Indiana, died in Beaver, Pennsylvania, September 7, 1906; Matilda Dawson, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, February 24, 1909; Margaret Jane, born at Beaver, September 19, 1912.

(The Fleming Line.)

The Fleming family traces back to Scotland, although some of the branches migrated to Ireland. Wigtown proper was founded in Scotland in 1267, and in 1341 the Earldom of Wigtown was created and bestowed upon Sir Malcolm Fleming, and has been the home of the Flemings for more than five centuries. After their arrival in this country the Flemings intermarried with the Livingstons and the Van Rensselaers, and with others of the most noted families of the colonies. Sir Thomas Fleming, brother of the fifth Lord Fleming, emigrated to Virginia in 1616, and settled in what became New Kent county. His granddaughter, Judith Fleming, married Thomas Randolph, and became the maternal ancestor of the distinguished Randolph family of Virginia. William Fleming, a son of the sixth Lord Fleming, Earl of Wigtown, came to America and made his home in the Virginia mountains. He arrived in America in 1755, and sympathizing with the colonists, he took an active part in the Dunmore War. He held a colonel's commission in this struggle and was ever in the foremost rank of battle. Being severely wounded he was incapacitated for activity in the Revolutionary struggle, but he nobly performed his part in the civil service. He was a member of the committee of safety, and second lieutenant and commander-in-chief of Botetourt county. In 1776 Colonel Fleming was a member of the first state senate of Virginia; in 1780, a member of the council of state; in June, 1781, acting governor of the state. In 1788 he was elected to represent Botetourt county at the convention which ratified the federal constitution. He did much to further the cause of education, and was one of the trustees of Transylvania University, at Lexington, Kentucky. He died August 5, 1795, at the age of sixty-six. Among other prominent members of this family may be mentioned: Hon. Frank P. Fleming, governor of Florida; Hon. Aretas Brooks Fleming, governor of West Virginia; Sanford Fleming, C.M.G., LL.D., C.E., of Ottawa, ex-president of the Royal Society of Canada, an eminent scientist of America.

(I) John Fleming had a bleachery near Belfast, Ireland.

(II) John (2) Fleming, son of John (1) Fleming, was probably in the same line of business as his father. He married ———.

(III) John (3) Fleming, son of John (2) Fleming, was born 1792, died June 2, 1842. He came to this country early in the nineteenth century, settled at first in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, then in the forks of the Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers in Rostraver. He married Nancy Agnes Neal. The Flemings were Covenanters, and the Neals Presbyterians. He was a weaver of fine linen damask. Children: 1. John. 2. George, married a Miss Mills, of Braddock, and has children: Louise, Seraphine, John, George. 3. Margaret, unmarried. 4. Jane, unmarried. 5. Elizabeth, married George Thompson; children: John; Alexander, married Eliza Scott; Jane; James, married Ella Rogers; Elizabeth. 6. James, unmarried,

owned a farm in Zanesville, Ohio, and laid out the city of Indianapolis, Indiana. 7. Mary Agnes, married Michael Dravo (see Dravo II).

(The Clark Line.)

(I) Roger Clark, born in Ireland about 1726, came to America in early manhood. Married (first) ——— Egnew, born about 1730, and settled in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania. Children: Elizabeth; James, see forward; Nancy; Jane. He married (second) ——— and had: Joseph and another child. Roger Clark died about 1765.

(II) James Clark, son of Roger and ——— (Egnew) Clark, was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, 1751, died September 4, 1833. In 1776 he removed with his family to Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and in 1810 to Harrison county, Ohio, where the remainder of his life was spent. He married, about 1775, Jane, daughter of John and Ellen (Stephenson) Jack. She was born in 1753 in Cumberland county, died in Harrison county, Ohio, May 17, 1832. Children: John, Joseph, Samuel, William, Polly, James, Andrew, Thomas, Robert S., see forward; Frances E.

(III) Robert S. Clark, son of James and Jane (Jack) Clark, was born May 7, 1793. He married, September 18, 1817, Margaret, born May 1, 1793, daughter of Alexander and Frances (Armstrong) Moore. Children: 1. Samuel, born July 10, 1819; married Eliza Haney and had seven children. 2. Thomas, born February 24, 1821; married Catherine Irwin and had four children. 3. Eliza Jane, born February 1, 1823, died June 27, 1906; married John Fleming Dravo (see Dravo III). 4. David, born May 9, 1825; married Sarah A. Kerr and had ten children. 5. Oliver, born April 9, 1828, died October 28, 1859; married Matilda Kerr and had two children. 6. Margaret Ann, born June 6, 1830, died August 8, 1902; married Augustus Leonard and had nine children. 7. Sanford, born September 1, 1835; married Harriet D., daughter of William Clark, and granddaughter of James Clark, and had eight children.

Among the earliest settlers of Beaver county, who laid the foundation of that county's prominence first as an agricultural and more recently as an industrial stronghold, was John McDonald, who owned a large farm in Hopewell township, bordering on the Ohio river. Here he passed his entire days living in quiet peace with all men, industriously tilling his acres. He and his wife Rachel were the parents of: William, John, Marshall, of whom further; David, Joseph, Sharp, Elizabeth, married David P. Scott; Anna, married Jack Jones; Martha, married a Mr. Fowler. John and Rachel McDonald were lifelong members of the Presbyterian Church, none more faithful in attendance or more sincere in worship than they.

(II) Marshall McDonald, son of John and Rachel McDonald, was born in Sewickley, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and there died. From

his earliest business days, which began as soon as he had completed his youthful studies, he was engaged in the business of shipping coal, acquiring the reputation of being one of the largest shippers in that section and owning several boats which were constantly in use on the Ohio river. He built up a steady and lucrative business, and at his death was the possessor of a comfortable competence. He married Elizabeth H., daughter of Robert C. and Clementine (Harper) Scott. Children: 1. Clementine, married Seward Murray, and lives in Sewickley, Pennsylvania. 2. Luella, died in infancy. 3. Marshall H., married Rebecca McDonald, a member of another line of the McDonald family, and lives in Bellevue, Pennsylvania. 4. Jennie, died in infancy. 5. Robert W., an attorney of Pasadena, California. 6. Emma V., married Charles Arrott; she died shortly after marriage. 7. Joseph Clyde, of whom further. 8. Ione Florence, single. 9. Edwin N., unmarried, a business partner of his brother, Joseph Clyde. 10. Roy L.

(III) Joseph Clyde McDonald, son of Marshall and Elizabeth (Scott) McDonald, was born in Sewickley, Pennsylvania, December 11, 1872. His education was begun in the public schools of Sewickley, and completed in the University of Western Pennsylvania, at Pittsburgh, an institution that he attended for one year. He then entered the coal shipping business with his father, coming to Beaver, Pennsylvania, in 1909, establishing in the sand business at Baden, Beaver county, transacting business as the Pittsburgh Sand and Supply Company, still continuing in that field, his brother Edin N., having since become a member of the firm. They are the possessors of and lease some of the best sand pits of the state, and supply a large and remunerative trade. Although Mr. McDonald's business centers at Baden, he has his home in Beaver, commuting daily. He is a Democrat in political belief. Religiously the family are members of the First Presbyterian Church of Beaver.

Mr. McDonald married, in December, 1905, Leila, daughter of Andrew C. and Sadie (Smyth) McGowin; her father, born March 19, 1848, having been at one time a shoe merchant of Pittsburgh, now the shoe buyer for John Wanamaker in Philadelphia. Her mother, born July 31, 1848, is deceased. Andrew C. McGowin is a son of Alexander and Margaret McGowin. Children of Andrew C. and Sadie McGowin: Richard S., deceased, lived in Cynwyd, Pennsylvania; Leila, of previous mention, married Joseph Clyde McDonald. Children of Mr. and Mrs. McDonald: Sarah Elizabeth, born October 18, 1906; Alexander Scott, October 19, 1907; Josephine, December 5, 1910.

John Harton, the immigrant ancestor of the Harton family
 HARTON of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, came to America while the Revolutionary War was in progress. He lived in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where his death occurred in 1854. For a period of twenty years he was in office as market master of the city. He married Mary Bennit, born near Philadelphia, and they had one child.

(II) James Harton, only child of John and Mary (Bennit) Harton, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 26, 1804. He was graduated from the Philadelphia Medical College but never practiced medicine. He lived in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, owned a fine farm in Brighton township, and was engaged in the building, brick and stone business. He married Elizabeth, born in county Down, Ireland, December 22, 1808, daughter of John and Elizabeth (McWilliams) Elliot, the former born April 9, 1774, whose other children were: Mary, born August 10, 1803; Sarah, July 5, 1806; Jane, May 7, 1813; Robert, October 22, 1815, died at the age of two years. Mr. and Mrs. Harton had children: 1. John E., see forward. 2. Elizabeth, born December 14, 1833; married David Shumaker; lived in Beaver. 3. Sarah A., born January 8, 1838; she married Lemuel Edgar, who was a member of Company F, Tenth Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, who enlisted at Beaver, April 22, 1861, and was discharged at the termination of his three years' enlistment; re-enlisted, December 18, 1863, in Company I, One Hundred and Ninety-first Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry; was wounded at Five Forks, near Petersburg, Virginia, March 31, 1865, losing left arm as a result of this wound; received his final honorable discharge, July 4, 1865; children: Minnie L., born October 22, 1864, married Whitfield Aughenbaugh and had children: Charles L., born May 26, 1890, married Florence Featherstone; Dorothy N., January 26, 1898; Eliza Elliot, born May 4, 1867. 4. Martius C., born October 2, 1840; married Mary J. Weaver; lives near Beaver. 5. James M., born June 4, 1843; married Mary Whipple; lives in Beaver. 6. Mary M., born April 14, 1846; married Samuel Dinsmore; lives in Beaver. 7. Emma E., born August 5, 1848. 8. Cornelia C., born March 21, 1851; married Simeon Dinsmore; lives at Washington, District of Columbia, where he is employed in the government printing office.

(III) John E. Harton, eldest child of James and Elizabeth (Elliot) Harton, was born November 2, 1830, in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. His occupation was that of contracting and building and he was a pioneer in this field of industry in Beaver county. He was an ardent Republican in his political views, and served for a period of six years on the board of commissioners of Beaver. He was also a member of the city council of Beaver. His religious affiliation was with the Presbyterian Church. During the Civil War he was a member of the One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served from the beginning to the end of this momentous struggle. He was engaged in advance construction for the passage of the army. Fraternally he was associated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Mr. Harton married Mary, daughter of William Moore and a granddaughter of William Moore. William Moore Jr. was a pioneer farmer in Beaver county, owning a fine farm of fifty-one acres. He was a staunch Republican and was actively interested in his party. He married and had children: Zachariah; Madison; Mary, married Mr. Harton; Milton. Mr.

and Mrs. Harton had children: 1. William E., born in March, 1863; a carpenter by trade; married Annie Miller; lives in Beaver. 2. Ella A., born 1866; unmarried, lives in Beaver. 3. Harry M., see forward. 4. Stanford N. born 1870, died January 13, 1901; married Annie Williams; resided in Beaver.

(IV) Harry M. Harton, son of John E. and Mary (Moore) Harton, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 13, 1867. He acquired an excellent education in the public schools of his native town, and at a suitable age entered the contracting business of his father, and later established himself in the same line of business. He has now been an independent contractor for the past fifteen years. For a number of years he was also engaged in the lumber business, and sold his lumber yard in 1913. His business connections extend throughout the valley, and his work is highly appreciated as that of an honorable, conscientious business man. He has never desired to hold public position, as his large business responsibilities would not permit him to devote time to politics, but he casts his vote in the interests of the Republican party. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Harton married, in 1892, Nettie E., born February 16, 1871, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Grove) Waterson. They have children: Anna Marie, born May 25, 1893; Gladys, February 14, 1907; John E., April 12, 1909.

Labor, honorable and well directed, has long since been granted GRINE its proper place in the plan of the world, and it is the busy man who is the leader in all the paths of life. His fidelity to the duties by which his business is carried on is that whereby he is judged by his fellowmen, and the verdict is rendered in accordance with his accomplished purposes. The members of the Grine family, representatives of which are now living in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, are particularly deserving of a favorable verdict in this respect.

(I) John Grine, a native of Germany, was a glass worker in a bottle manufacturing house in Hessen. He married, and had children as follows: Helwig, see forward; Adam, John, Conrad, Elizabeth, William, Henry.

(II) Helwig Grine, son of John Grine, was born in Hessen, Germany, 1826. He came to this country in 1839, at the age of thirteen years, and settled in Birmingham, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. He found employment in glass manufacturing houses in Pittsburgh, and in the course of time became a heater in a rolling mill. About 1861 he abandoned this occupation and removed to a farm, which he had purchased with his savings, and engaged in general farming. He was a member of the Lutheran Church, and gave his political support to the Republican party. He married Catherine, born 1827, daughter of Daniel Kroll, who had children: Daniel, John, Catherine. Children of Helwig Grine and wife were: Cather-

ine, married W. C. Douglass, and resides in Butler county, Pennsylvania; William H., a mail carrier at Slippery Rock, Pennsylvania; Albert F., see forward; Amelia, married George Webber, and lives in Lyndon, Kansas; Melinda, died young; Elizabeth, Dora, Harry, deceased.

(III) Albert F. Grine, son of Helwig and Catherine (Kroll) Grine, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, April 3, 1856. He was educated in the public schools of Butler county, Pennsylvania. He found employment in the rolling mills, advancing in the course of time to the position of heater, which he held until 1896. At this time he purchased a farm of one hundred and twenty-three acres in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and commenced the cultivation of this. He also engaged in the flour and feed business at Beaver, and handles all kinds of seeds at his place of business on Fifth street. His business is both a wholesale and a retail one, and he has been very successful in its conduct. He is an adherent of Republican principles, and is a member of the United Presbyterian Church. Mr. Grine married (first) Jeannette Garland, daughter of Moses Garland, of Alexander, Pennsylvania. He married (second) Margaret Crossen. He has had children: Nellie, deceased; Lillian, resides with her parents; Mabel, married H. K. Schmidt; Paul, unmarried.

John Allen, a wealthy land owner of county Meath, Ireland,
ALLEN married (first) ——— Wickham, and by this marriage had children: Benjamin, Thomas, Peter, Jarvis, Anne and another daughter. He married (second) Nancy Edmanson and had children: John, Alice, Elizabeth, Jane, Anna Maria, Frank, Charles, Robert, see forward; Edwin, who died young.

(II) Robert Allen, son of John and Nancy (Edmanson) Allen, was born in county Meath, Ireland, March 6, 1832, died in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, as the result of an attack of typhoid fever. He was in his early manhood when he emigrated to the United States, and settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Energetic and industrious, he found no difficulty in obtaining employment, and was one of the force of workers on the railroad in Rochester when he died. Mr. Allen married, May 11, 1857, Elizabeth Weiley, born June 20, 1836, daughter of Jarvis and Anne (Parsons) Weiley, of county Meath, Ireland, who had children: Anne, born in county Meath, Ireland, 1834; Elizabeth, mentioned above; Alice, died at the age of fifteen years; John, deceased; Jarvis, died in Australia; Robert, deceased; Emily Kate, deceased; Samuel E.; Margaret, died at the age of one year. Mrs. Weiley married (second) Richard Chandler and had children: William Edward, Richard and two who died young. Robert and Elizabeth (Weiley) Allen had children as follows: 1. John J., born in county Meath, Ireland, February 22, 1859; now a prominent physician of Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; he married Jeannette Armstrong. 2. Robert Henry, see forward. 3. Emily Kate W., born November 5, 1861; married Samuel H. Moore; lives in Beaver, Pennsylvania.

(III) Robert Henry Allen, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Weiley) Allen, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1860. Whether from the fact that his birthday and that of our nation fall on the same date, or whether it is due to some other cause, it is well established that Mr. Allen has always been an intensely patriotic man. He was educated in the public schools of Beaver, and as he was obliged to leave school at the early age of ten years and begin to support himself, it may truly be said of him that he is a self-made man. His first position was on a farm and after a time he found employment in the livery business in Beaver, a position he retained for a period of three years. He then went to Green county, Iowa, where he worked on a cattle ranch for two years, and then returned to Beaver. His next field of industry was the Indian Territory, and he assisted in putting the railroad through from Arkansas City to Texas. The next eleven years were spent in California, where he was connected with the fruit growing industry and other harvest fields, after which he returned to Beaver in 1894. He is the owner of a beautiful house on Market street, and is a man of influence in the community. He is an attendant at the Methodist Church, and his fraternal affiliations are with Washington Lodge, Woodmen of the World. His wife is the owner of a fine business at No. 623 Third street, Beaver.

Mr. Allen married, in 1908, Edna B., born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, 1872, daughter of Simeon N. Dinsmore, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, 1851, and Cornelia C. (Harton) Dinsmore, born in Beaver. Mr. and Mrs. Dinsmore had children: Edna B., mentioned above; Eula, born September 14, 1875, married Thomas McGahan, and lives in Beaver, Pennsylvania; Cornelia Pearl, born February 10, 1878, married George Coonrad, lives in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; George Harton, born August 6, 1880, died unmarried; Ernest D., born May 4, 1885, a resident of Beaver. The maternal grandfather of Mrs. Allen was George Dinsmore, a Baptist minister of Butler county, Pennsylvania. He married Susan Coonrad and raised a large family in Butler county, Pennsylvania.

If tradition be founded on fact, as it so often is, the STURGEON family of Sturgeon originated in Holland, and if information from the same source still be true, Sturgeons were among the first to carry the art of linen weaving from that country to the north of Ireland. In the history of the family that period embraced between the founding of the name in Ireland and 1720, when the American ancestor landed in this country, contains little connected fact, although from one of the two sons of a Widow Sturgeon, a faithful and loyal Protestant, descended Jeremiah Sturgeon, who founded the family in the United States. The first of these sons was killed at the siege of Derry, in the magnificent defense against the hosts of James II.; the other, escaping for a time from the enemy, was so closely pursued that he could obtain no rest, food, or

water, and sank to the ground in utter exhaustion and despair, preferring there to die beneath the swords of the enemy rather than carry the sad news of his brother's death to his widowed mother. While thus awaiting the death that he was sure would come he opened his Bible, his constant companion, at random, his eyes falling upon the following passage: "I had fainted unless I had believed to see the goodness of the Lord in the land of the living. Wait on the Lord, be of good courage, and he shall strengthen thy heart." Inspired by fresh hope, filled with new courage, strengthened for a final effort, he raised his tortured body from what he had believed would be its last resting-place and struggled onward to a place of safety. As has been stated previously, it was from him that Jeremiah Sturgeon, who about 1720 came to America, settling in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, descends. His Irish home was in Londonderry, and upon emigrating he brought to this country his wife, Ellen (Douglass) Sturgeon. They were the parents of three sons, one of whom was Henry, of whom further.

(II) Henry Sturgeon, youngest of the three sons of Jeremiah and Ellen (Douglass) Sturgeon, settled in York county, Pennsylvania, a short distance from Gettysburg, a locality now included in Adams county, and became the founder of the Adams county branch of the Sturgeons. His youth was probably spent in Lancaster county, and after his marriage to Letitia Rice he moved to his York county home. That he saw service in the Revolution is shown by the following extract from the Pennsylvania Archives, 2d Ser., vol. 14, p. 519 (503): "First Lieutenant Henry Sturgeon, Captain Andrew Foreman, 7th Company, 3rd Battalion, Colonel David Jamison, of associators and Militia of York county, April 5th, 1778." Henry Sturgeon was the owner and host of an old tavern upon his farm near Gettysburg, and for many years his cheerful word and cordial smile greeted the traveler passing through that locality who stopped at his house for entertainment. The duties of inn-keeper were not sufficiently pressing to require his constant attention, and he gave much time to agricultural pursuits, both he and his wife living to advanced ages, their deaths occurring near the close of the eighteenth century. For many years he was an elder of the Great Conawago Presbyterian Church, and in the churchyard of that church he and his wife lie in their eternal rest. Henry and Letitia (Rice) Sturgeon had children: Mary, Jeremiah, Henry, Letitia, Samuel, John, Margery, Robert, William.

(III) Henry (2) Sturgeon, third child and second son of Henry (1) and Letitia (Rice) Sturgeon, settled about twelve miles west of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on a four hundred acre tract of land, part of which is the site of the present town of Oakdale. Here he conducted general farming operations, he and his wife, Jane (Dickson) Sturgeon, attaining good old ages. They were the parents of: Robert; Samuel Dickson, of whom further; Mary, married a Mr. Robb; Margery, married a Mr. Little; Jane, died unmarried.

(IV) Samuel Dickson Sturgeon, son of Henry (2) and Jane (Dickson) Sturgeon, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 1781, died 1871. His youth was passed in the city of his birth, and about 1800 he moved to North Fayette township, Allegheny county, becoming the owner of a tract now occupied by the town of Noblestown. This he cleared of the encumbering timber, burned off the underbrush, and cultivated, much of that property remaining in the hands of the Sturgeon family as most desirable real estate. In the War of 1812 he was a soldier. Church affairs ever held his active interest, he taking a prominent part in the organization of the United Presbyterian Church and being made an elder of that faith, an office he held all his life. In his later years he disposed of his Pennsylvania property to his sons and moved to Ashland county, Ohio, where he purchased a farm and where he and his wife lived all their remaining days. He and his wife, Mary Letitia Sturgeon, were the parents of: 1. James, died on the old homestead at Noblestown, Pennsylvania. 2. David, died in Mansfield, Ohio, 1906. 3. Henry Potter, of whom further. 4. Jane, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, unmarried. 5. Martha, married Griffin Gregg; died in Ashland county, Ohio. 6. Ann, married William Wilson; died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 7. Mary, married Robert McCracken, deceased; lives in Ashland county, Ohio, the only survivor of her generation.

(V) Henry Potter Sturgeon, son of Samuel Dickson and Mary Letitia Sturgeon, was born in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, 1827, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 18, 1909. He grew to maturity on the homestead, attending schools as a boy, and becoming trained in all departments of agricultural work, which he adopted as his life occupation. His first operations were conducted on his father's estate, but in 1856 he sold his property and moved to Ashland county, Ohio, there acquiring one hundred and fifty acres of farm land, which he later disposed of, from 1865 until 1867 living on a tract of three hundred acres in Noble county, of the same state. For the two following years he rented farms, first in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, then in Mahoning county, Ohio, at the end of that time becoming owner of a farm in South Beaver township, Beaver county, moving from there to Beaver Falls, where he died. His frequent changes of residence were due to a nomadic instinct that had developed in him alone, his forebears ever having been content to remain in one place, but in spite of his many moves he prospered in his chosen business, and was a farmer whose experience had made him a master of all matters agricultural. As a Republican he held several township offices and was an elder in the United Presbyterian Church.

He married (first) Miriam Letitia Ewing, born in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, died May 3, 1885; (second) Mrs. Mattie Harsha. Miriam Letitia was a daughter of Amos and Mary Ewing, both natives of Allegheny county, where they grew to maturity and married, their deaths occurring in 1855, she following him to the grave in



John H. Sturgeon

three days, his age seventy-six years. He was a farmer and owned considerable land, the farm on which he lived now being the site of the McDonald oil field. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church, and both were identified with the several societies and movements of that organization. Children of Amos and Mary Ewing: 1. Samuel. 2. Amos, a prominent physician, now deceased; lived retired on a farm near Industry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Abner, a farmer, died in Noble county, Pennsylvania. 4. John, a farmer, died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 5. Silas, a farmer, died in Washington county, Pennsylvania. 6. Isabel, married Rufus Cole, a merchant of East Liberty (Pittsburgh), Pennsylvania, and moved to Ohio, where she died. 7. Esther, deceased; married a Mr. Munn. 8. Miriam Letitia, of previous mention, married Henry Potter Sturgeon. 9. A daughter, died in young womanhood. Children of Henry Potter and Miriam Letitia (Ewing) Sturgeon, no issue resulting from the second marriage of Henry Potter Sturgeon: 1. Samuel Dickson, a physician, lives near New Galilee, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 2. Amos Ewing, a carriage builder of Rochester, Pennsylvania. 3. John Henry, of whom further. 4. Mary L., married Columbus May; lives in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 5. Ada Jane, married Henry Slagle; lives in Butler county, Pennsylvania. 6. Isabel C., died unmarried in 1891. 7. Elmira A., died in infancy.

(VI) John Henry Sturgeon, third child and son of Henry Potter and Miriam Letitia (Ewing) Sturgeon, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, April 6, 1855. His education was obtained in the public schools and in the Greensburg Academy at Darlington, Beaver county, and after leaving school he learned the carriage-builder's trade, following this for about five years in Beaver Falls. This he abandoned to accept a position in the Western File Works, for eleven years being employed as a grinder. He was then made a clerk in the register's and recorder's office at Beaver, and from 1890 until 1893 filled the office of deputy register and recorder, in the latter year beginning a ten year association with the Manufacturers' Heat and Light Company, in 1903 being elected for a three year term as clerk of court on the Republican ticket. At the expiration of his term he entered the real estate business, with which he has ever since been identified, carrying to successful conclusions many ventures involving large sums of capital. This received his undivided attention until 1911, when he returned to public life, still keeping his real estate office open and attending to its affairs in connection with his public service. From 1909 to 1911, inclusive, he was deputy clerk of court, being elected in 1911 to the office of justice of the peace, assuming the duties of that position on December 1, 1911, his seven year term expiring on that day in 1918. In politics Mr. Sturgeon has ably discharged the responsibilities of his various offices in a business-like manner that has won the approving comment of his fellows, the same competent, confident, assurance marking his real estate dealings or any other venture which he has cause to undertake. He is a member of

the Tribe of Ben-Hur, (founded by Gen. Lew Wallace), also Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Malta, the Order of Reindeer, the Woodmen of the World.

Mr. Sturgeon married, May 22, 1879, Ada May Sennett, born in Cincinnati, Ohio, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, September 9, 1910. daughter of John C. and Sarah J. Sennett. Child of John Henry and Ada May (Sennett) Sturgeon; Carrie May, born April 11, 1885, married R. B. McDanel, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and is the mother of three children, R. B., 3rd, Ada May, Mildred L.

Claiming Massachusetts as its home since its founding in CURTIS America, the Curtis family was introduced into New York state by the grandfather of Smith Curtis, the well-known editor of Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Grandfather Curtis became a hotel-keeper, making Sherburne, Chenango county, New York, the scene of his activities. He also worked at his trade, that of wheelwright, and with his brother, who accompanied him into New York, founded the branch of the family then resident there. He was twice married, one of his sons, Dwight, becoming a tanner and shoemaker at Sherburne, Chenango county, New York. His sister, Caroline, married Mr. Peet, a farmer and teacher of music in Smyrna township, in the same county. Among the sons by his first wife, was John, of whom further.

(II) John Curtis was born in Sherburne, Chenango county, New York, about 1800, died in California in 1850. He spent his youthful life in the place of his birth and when he attained his majority became the owner of a grist-mill and tannery situated about a mile from Sherburne. His father was the operator of the mill, while John Curtis devoted his attention to the tannery and a boot and shoe factory in the town, of which he was proprietor. John Curtis was the possessor of an amiable, attractive personality that always gained him a great number of friends, particularly among young people, and the shop that was adjacent to his factory was frequently filled by the youth of the town, conversing with the proprietor, telling jokes, relating the most recent news, and in general enjoying themselves as only a gathering of care-free, healthy, and happy young people can. Mr. Curtis was well informed on all the political questions of the day, supporting the Whig party, and held great admiration for the political sentiments of Thurlow Weed, of the *Albany Journal*. He was at one time director of the poor in Chenango county. He was a lover of music and both talented and proficient as a performer upon the bass viol, directing the music in the Methodist Episcopal Church, both he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church. The Sherburne community lost one of its most popular members as well as one of the most dutiful of its citizens, when the gold craze of 1849 led John Curtis to California in a vain search for the precious metal. Deep was the sorrow and sincere the sympathy tendered his wife and family when it was learned that soon after his arrival he had

fallen ill with the fever, the result of the constant exposure on the westward trip and insufficient nourishment, and had died after but a short illness, during which no hope was sustained for his recovery.

He married Elsie Jones, born in Smyrna township, Chenango county, New York, died at the home her son, Smith Curtis, April 11, 1891, aged eighty-five years. She is buried in the Beaver Cemetery. After the death of her husband she made her home in Toledo, Ohio, later with her son, Smith, of whose household she was an honored and loved member until her death. Elsie Jones was a daughter of Elon and Betsey (Merrill) Jones, originally of Barkhamsted, Connecticut, who settled in Smyrna township, Chenango county, New York. The father of Elon Jones was an officer in the Revolutionary War, entering the service from his home state, Connecticut. Children of Elon and Betsey (Merrill) Jones: 1. Miles, a dealer in packed meats, in which business he amassed quite a fortune. 2. Lucius a farmer, of Chautauqua county, New York. 3. William, a physician of Toledo, Ohio, in the public life of which city he played a prominent part, holding the office of mayor for several terms. In his profession he held high rank, as he did in public office. 4. Elon, a resident of Buffalo, was employed by his brother Miles in the meat packing business. 5. Elsie, of previous mention, married John Curtis. 6. Densy, married a Mr. Sexton, and lived in Smyrna township, Chenango county, where he was a farmer. 7. Elizabeth, married a Mr. Boss, and lived in Wisconsin.

Children of John and Elsie (Jones) Curtis: 1. A son, died in infancy, unnamed. 2. Elizabeth, married Lemuel Robinson. 3. De Loss B., a merchant of Toledo, who went to the gold fields of Montana, finally settling in Cheyenne, Wyoming, later went to the Black Hills; he is deceased. 4. George, a dry goods merchant of Toledo, Ohio. 5. Smith, of whom further. 6. Helen, married a Mr. Bronson, and for a time lived in Wisconsin, later moving to Iowa. 7. Maria, married a Mr. French, and lived in Toledo, Ohio. 8. Densy, married Doctor Ellis, of Zanesville, Ohio. 9. Elsie, died young. 10. Theodore J., enlisted at the age of sixteen years in the Zouave Cadets, of Toledo, being awarded the rank of sergeant at the formation of that company, and at the close of the war bore the title of brevet-major, a remarkable military record for one of such youthful years.

(III) Smith, fifth child and fourth son of John and Elsie (Jones) Curtis, was born in Sherburne, Chenango county, New York, December 21, 1833. Until he was sixteen years of age he attended the public schools of his birthplace, and after a short term of employment in his father's grist mill and tannery, went to New York City. For two years he filled a clerkship in that city, returning home at the end of that time to prepare for college. He attended an academy in Franklin for one term and then entered Hamilton College, remaining in that institution for three years, withdrawing therefrom to take up study at Union College, in Schenectady, New York, whence he was graduated with honor in the class of 1858. His literary courses were the ones from which he derived the most

pleasure and in which he excelled, being several times the choice of his college to contend in inter-collegiate contests, and was frequently successful. In his junior year at Hamilton College he entered an essay contest and was awarded the first prize, the subject of his paper being "The Relation of Thought and Style." He then began the study of theology to prepare himself for the ministry, attending the Princeton Theological Seminary one year, and that of Union College, in New York City, graduating from there in 1861. In that same year he was ordained into the ministry of the Congregational Church, at Columbus, Ohio, and received an appointment as chaplain of the Sixty-second Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, but never joined the regiment because of the objections of the German colonel. He was then pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Fostoria, Ohio, for three years, at the expiration of that time opening an academy and conducting it for two years. While he was principal of this institution he once more was appointed chaplain of a regiment in active service in General Butler's command, but the close of the war made it unnecessary for him to accept the post. In 1865 he came to Pennsylvania, locating in Georgetown, and was there engaged in the oil business for three years, abandoning this to accept the principalship of the Beaver public schools. He served Beaver in this capacity for two years, in 1872 succeeding the late Senator Matthew S. Quay as editor of the *Beaver Radical*, directing the policy of that paper in an able manner until its consolidation with the *Beaver Argus* in 1873. He moved to Harrisburg after the consummation of that deal and there resided until 1879, in which year he was appointed to a clerkship in the State Insurance Department. In the same year he returned to Beaver and purchased a half interest from the Hon. James S. Rutan, in the paper that had succeeded the one of which he had formerly been editor, and has since continued as editor and publisher, having for several years been sole owner and manager. The large circulation of his paper and its wide popularity are ample proofs of his ability as an editor, the many pleasing features and departments of the periodical attracting patronage from all classes. Mr. Curtis is a Congregationalist; his political beliefs are Progressive-Republican, and personally and through the agency of his newspaper he does his utmost to further the good of that party. As a representative of the Republican party he served one term as burgess of Beaver, and for the six years from 1866 to 1872 he was a member of the county committee. The many fields into which Mr. Curtis' wide experience has called him wakens unconscious admiration at the exceptional versatility of the man, and respect for the personality that could command leading positions in each. Finely educated and a gentleman of pleasing address, in his long and useful career he has gathered to him many friends in whose minds the memory of his refreshing friendship will long live.

He married, March 1, 1865, Isidore M. Calhoon, born in August, 1842, in Georgetown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died February 29, 1904,

daughter of Captain Richard and Elizabeth (McCurdy) Calhoon. The Calhoon family was planted in Pennsylvania by the grandfather of Richard, who settled in Green township, Beaver county. Many of the family have commanded craft on the tributaries of the Mississippi, Captain Richard Calhoon, being master of several boats plying between Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, and Louisville. He was in command of the "Horizon," a vessel that ran the blockade at Vicksburg in the Civil War. The grandfather of Elizabeth McCurdy was a soldier in the Revolution, enlisting in the continental service from Pennsylvania, and for his services received a patent covering the land on which the city of Easton, Pennsylvania, now stands. The family is of Scotch descent and by the marriage of an early member of the family with one of the family of Mary Stuart, became allied with the nobility of that land. The Rev. Elisha McCurdy, the famous Presbyterian divine of early days, was a member of the family, a second cousin of Elizabeth McCurdy. Children of Captain Richard and Elizabeth (McCurdy) Calhoon: 1. Doctor J. N., of Lisbon, Ohio. 2. Elderado, married John A. Cogley, of Springfield, Missouri. 3. Susan, married John R. Peters, at one time a resident of New York City, later of Georgetown, Pennsylvania. 4. Isidore M., married Mr. Curtis. Children of Smith and Isidore M. (Calhoon) Curtis: 1. Cossette, died in infancy. 2. John Richard, a printer in the office of the paper edited by his father, died in 1905; married Josephine Kallon, of Beaver, Pennsylvania and had one child, Dora. 3. Dora E., died, aged eleven years. 4. Elizabeth, unmarried, lives with her father. 5. De Loss, died young.

The history of the Irish family of Bovard in America carries the searcher to the last quarter of the eighteenth century, and the record of the birth of the American progenitor leads to county Donegal, Ireland. That the pioneer family of the name in the state of Pennsylvania was not without influence and prestige among those with whom its lot was cast is proved by the fact that a band of settlers in Butler county named the village which they founded in honor of one of the family, no light tribute when it is considered that the names of places are not easily changed when once established by usage. 1786 was the year in which the Bovards came to the United States, John Bovard, a native of Donegal, Ireland, settling in Westmoreland county. He had married in Ireland, and was the father of: John, Charles, James, of whom further; Fanny, married William Chambers; Mary, married Robert Foster.

(II) James Bovard, son of John Bovard, was born in Ireland, 1776, died in Cherry township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, 1853. In his youth his educational opportunities were limited and he never received broad scholastic training, but the passing years brought him a knowledge of men and affairs that was more valuable to him in his environment and

in the positions to which he was called than a student's acquaintance with Latin and Greek. He was twenty years old when the family moved to the United States, and was the only one of his father's sons to make his home in Butler county, purchasing two hundred acres of land in what is now Fairview township, a part of the site of Karns City, and there lived until the spring of 1824. He had previously acquired title to two hundred and fifty acres in what is now Cherry township, and in 1825 moved thither, clearing the tract, erecting suitable buildings, and there living until his death. He was a Democrat in political belief, and as such filled all of the various township offices, was for one term county commissioner, and held position as associate judge of Butler county for thirty-six years. He was a man of prominence throughout the county, and was known by all who had professional relations with him, either as culprit or advocate, plaintiff or defendant, as an equitable judge, one who tempered his decisions with a fine shade of sympathy and practicality, and one who based his opinions with strict impartiality upon evidence submitted. In his early life he was associated with the Associate Reformed Church, known as the Unity Church, but upon the organization of the Centerville United Presbyterian Church he joined the same and contributed liberally to the fund necessary for the erection of a house of worship, holding in that body the office of elder until his death. He married, in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, Jane, daughter of James Chambers. Children: William, John, Jane, married Thomas Floyd; James C., Fanny, Johnston, Hutchison, Charles, George, of whom further; Washington.

(III) George Bovard, son of James and Jane (Chambers) Bovard, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, 1816, died in that state. In 1844 he was one of the founders of Maple Furnace, in Butler county, where in partnership with Henry Graff he was a proprietor of an iron and steel foundry, which was later abandoned, as was the town. In 1851 he moved to Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, living in Manorville until 1870, and until his retirement in 1880 was actively connected with the oil business, buying and selling oil producing land, operating wells, and organizing companies to develop territory. From 1880 until his death he lived retired. Mr. Bovard was a Republican in all political action, and affiliated with the United Presbyterian Church. He married Mary Ann Robinson, of Parker, Pennsylvania. Children: Elizabeth, married Rev. J. N. Dick; James C., of whom further; Robert, Charles S., Frances, married Dr. C. F. McBride, of Youngstown, Ohio.

(IV) James C. Bovard, son of George and Mary Ann (Robinson) Bovard, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, 1837, died January 12, 1913. As a young man he entered the mercantile business, first as clerk and subsequently as proprietor, owning establishments at different times in Manorville, Armstrong county, and in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county. His political party was the Republican, and he was a member of the Presbyterian Church. He was a man of unerring business judgment, and in

his mercantile dealings realized a comfortable competence. He married, in 1865, Mary W., born October 9, 1843, daughter of Chambers and Hannah Orr. Children: 1. Orr B., married Katherine P. Pinkerton, and lives in Toledo, Ohio. 2. George Robinson, of whom further. 3. Grier C., married Alice Thomilson, and lives in Ithaca, New York. 4. Harry W., married Laird Leason, and lives in Kittanning, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. Mary W. (Orr) Bovard is a descendant of Captain Chambers Orr, one of the earliest pioneers of Armstrong county, who was captured by Indians at the burning of Hannastown and for two years was held prisoner by them, at the end of that time escaping and returning to his people.

(V) George Robinson Bovard, son of James C. and Mary W. (Orr) Bovard, was born in Manorville, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, May 13, 1870. His education was obtained through courses of study in the public schools of Kittanning and Pittsburgh, and his first business experience was gained as proprietor of a grocery store in Beaver, Pennsylvania, where he was situated from 1893 until 1904. Although he found this a lucrative business, it was not one in which he cared to pass his lifetime and in the latter year the partnership of Bovard & Anderson was formed for dealing in real estate. In this line Mr. Bovard has found a field for which his capabilities are admirably modeled and has met with decided success. In contact with prospective customers and in interesting them in his propositions he is at his best, and the volume of business that has been transacted in and about Beaver is ample proof that both of the partners are aggressively alert, keen and active in their dealings. Mr. Bovard is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and in political questions allies himself with the Republican party. He married, May 10, 1893, Carrie A. Anderson, a sister of William S. Anderson, Mr. Bovard's partner.

William Charles Fisher, the first of the name to come to the FISHER United States, was born in Wuerttemberg, Germany, and served in the cavalry under Napoleon. By trade he was a butcher, and upon his arrival in this country with his family he went to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and there established himself in his calling. He was not yet past middle age when he was thrown from his horse and, falling into a canal, was drowned. He and his family were members of the Lutheran church. He married in his native land, and had children: Frederick, a shovel manufacturer, who lived in Pittsburgh; Catherine, married Henry Brown, a lumberman, and they lived in Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania; William Charles, see forward; John, who died unmarried in Evansville, Indiana, where he was engaged in the tobacco business.

(II) William Charles (2), so of William Charles (1) Fisher, was born in Wuerttemberg, Germany, in 1825, and died March 30, 1896. He

came to this country with his parents in 1833, and learned the butcher's trade under the supervision of his father, in Pittsburgh, remaining there until he was twenty-two years of age. He then removed to Beaver county, purchasing a farm in Moon township, which he cultivated, and conducted his butchering business at the same time, until 1866, when he removed to Vanport, Pennsylvania, in Borough township, and opened a butcher shop in Beaver. He conducted this very successfully until his death. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church, in which he was a trustee. During the Civil War he was a member of the recruiting committee in his township, and he was an ardent Republican. He married Elizabeth W. Reed, born in either Beaver or Allegheny county, in 1822, died in 1907. She was a daughter of John and Elizabeth (Littell) Reed, both born in Beaver county. The Reeds came originally from Scotland, while the Littells came from Ireland, the grandparents on both sides being born there. John Reed was a farmer and served during the War of 1812. He lost his health as a result of the Battle of Lake Erie, and remained an invalid for the remainder of his life. He lived on a farm near Hanover, Beaver county, and later removed to Pittsburgh, where his death occurred. He and his family belonged to the Seceders' church. He had children: Nancy, married J. B. Poor, and lived in Pittsburgh; Elizabeth W., mentioned above; Joseph, was a lumberman, and lived in Pittsburgh. William Charles and Elizabeth W. (Reed) Fisher had children: Joseph, who died unmarried at the age of thirty-one years; Catherine, died in girlhood; William Charles, see forward; Alice and Amanda, twins, died at the age of six years; Mary, unmarried, lives with her brother, William Charles Fisher.

(III) William Charles (3), son of William Charles (2) and Elizabeth W. (Reed) Fisher, was born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, near the North Branch Church, December 16, 1854. He attended the public schools in Moon township and at Vanport, and learned the butcher's trade with his father. They were associated together in business until the death of the elder man. Mr. Fisher then continued the business alone until about 1898, when he sold his interest in it. He was the owner of a farm in Brighton township, and conducted this as a dairy farm until 1909, and now lives retired from business responsibilities. He approves of the principles of the Republican party, but casts his vote for the man he thinks best fitted for the office in question. He and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian church. He erected his present home between Beaver and Vanport, about 1882, a large and commodious brick structure surrounded by fine and well-kept grounds.

Mr. Fisher married, July 13, 1881, Eliza Jane McElhose, born near Wellsville, Ohio, January 1, 1858. She is a daughter of Benjamin and Jane (Harrah) McElhose. The former was born May 13, 1835, and died April 29, 1860; the latter was born April 11, 1831, died December 26, 1874; she married (second) Jefferson Saltsman. Benjamin McElhose was

a native of Ireland, county Antrim, and came to America with his parents when he was about eleven years of age. He was the owner of a farm in Canton, Ohio, which he cultivated. Jane (Harrah) McElhose was the daughter of William and Eliza (Fleming) Harrah, both born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, who came to Vanport, Beaver county, where William Harrah was a miller and had a store at Vanport. He and his wife reared Mrs. Fisher; he died at the age of ninety-six years. Mrs. Fisher had one brother, William C., born in 1854, who married, September 6, 1877, Anna Neal, and lives in Belleview, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Fisher have had children: Charles R., born June 6, 1883, is in the fruit business at Lodi, California, married Gwendolyn Daugherty; William M., born November 7, 1886, is unmarried, lives with his parents, and is a crane director in the Treadwell Construction Company of Midland, Pennsylvania; Ralph Harrah, born April 12, 1890, at home.

METHENY The story of the Methenys herein written is an honorable one and one the reading of which should give pride and pleasure to any of the name who have not a family record. This chronicle covers but three of the American generations of the name, but all herein mentioned have played well their part in the game of life, and have contracted unions that bring them into relation with other families whose histories are no less worthy. Of Dutch descent, Moses Metheny was a pioneer settler near Rock Point, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, becoming the holder of titles to a vast acreage of land in that region. His wife, Hannah (Nye) Metheny, was likewise of Dutch descent. They were the parents of: Joseph, of whom further, Aaron, Elijah, George, Parker, John, Rachel, Hannah, Mahala.

(II) Joseph Metheny, son of Moses and Hannah (Nye) Metheny, was born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, in 1808, died near Wurtemberg, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, April 18, 1838. He lived on the paternal farm in his youth, attended the public schools, and soon after his marriage in 1835, bought a farm near Wurtemberg, Lawrence county, which he cultivated until his death. He married (first) Mary McGregor; (second) Jane, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Wright) Sterrett, whose death occurred on April 30, 1838, fever cutting short both of their lives. She was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, where her parents settled after coming to the United States from Ireland, their birthplace. Among the children of Samuel and Elizabeth (Wright) Sterrett were: Samuel A., a physician; John; William, a physician; James, Jane, Margaret, married a Mr. Dodds. By his first marriage, Joseph Metheny had a son, Alpin, who fought in the Civil War and is now a resident of Missouri. By his second marriage he had two children: David, of whom further; Elizabeth, married (first) Theodore Sherrard, deceased, and

(second) a Mr. Myers, now living in Iowa. Mr. Metheny was a member of the Covenanter Church, to which his family also belonged.

(III) David Metheny, only son of Joseph and Jane (Sterrett) Metheny, was born near Wurtemberg, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, October 16, 1836, died in Mersine, Asia Minor, June 4, 1897. His early education was obtained under the direction of Professor John Newell, principal of a preparatory academy in Pittsburgh, after which he entered Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, and immediately after his graduation therefrom volunteered for hospital service in the south, where physicians and surgeons were badly needed because of the many casualties of the Civil War, being stationed at Whitehouse Landing. The severe drain upon his strength and vitality, together with the unhealthful climate was more than he could endure, and he contracted a dangerous fever, which compelled him to return to the more bracing northern climate. From the age of fifteen years his training had been the responsibility of an uncle, Samuel A. Sterrett, a famous oculist and aurist of No. 907 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, and to that city he returned at the close of his service in the south, establishing in practice there, being made physician to the Pennsylvania Railroad. He was married in 1862 and soon after, in 1864, was appointed missionary physician to Latakia, Syria, and was there stationed for eighteen years, serving for that length of time as consular agent of the United States, receiving no remuneration for discharging the duties of that office. In 1873 he returned to the United States and was ordained a minister of the Covenanter Church, the first and only one to enter the ministry of that church without a theological education, his studies in Arabic being substituted for the Hebrew requirements. He moved to Adana, Asia Minor, in 1882, and was later stationed in Tarsus for two years, his last years as a missionary being spent at Mersine, where his death occurred. During his years spent in foreign lands, Dr. Metheny was the projector of a great and wonderful work among the natives of the countries in which he labored, and gave unsparingly of his time, strength and knowledge to their spiritual uplift and the curing of their physical ailments. In the organization of churches and Sunday schools he met with the most favorable success, and the converts he won to Christianity were many, a large number of whom carry on the work he so nobly began and reach more of their people than he could ever have hoped to touch through his own efforts. His share of the great missionary task with which humanity has been charged by Divine command has been a glorious one, the effects of which will be felt for long years to come, for by him has come the message that has called his fellow beings out of the darkness "into His wonderful light."

He married (first), in 1862, Emma Gregg, who died in 1876. He married (second), Mary E. Dodds, born near New Alexandria, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1849, daughter of Rev. Robert James and Amanda (Cannon) Dodds (see Dodds line). She was educated in the public



David Metheny

schools and in Dayton Academy, Armstrong county, in 1869, beginning to teach school in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where she remained for two years. In 1871 she went to Latakia, Syria, as a teacher in the missionary schools, and there married Dr. Metheny, after his death returning to the United States. For a time she lived in Baltimore, Maryland, but in 1900 moved to Beaver Falls, where she has since resided. Children of David and Emma (Gregg) Metheny: 1. Emma Matilda Mizpah, married Dr. A. J. Dodds; died in Latakia, Syria, in 1885. 2. Elma Gregg Sterrett, died aged six years. 3. Samuel Alexander Sterrett, a graduate of Geneva College, University of Michigan, Jefferson Medical College, Edinburgh (Scotland) University; was from 1896 to 1899 missionary physician at Mersine, Asia Minor; now a practicing physician of Philadelphia; he married, while attending Jefferson Medical College, Margaret Slater. 4. David Gregg, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College; obtained his classical education in Geneva College, Wooster University, and at Ann Arbor, Michigan, and is now professor of anatomy at Jefferson Medical College; he married Ida Patterson. Children of David and Mary E. (Dodds) Metheny: 5. Mary Evangeline, a graduate of the Girls' Latin School, of Baltimore, is now principal of the British mission school at Alexandretta, Syria; she is the fluent master of nine languages, in all of which she possesses both reading and conversational ability. 6. John Renwick, lives at home. 7. Janet Theodora, a graduate of Geneva College; married J. Vale Downie, an author of short stories, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 8. Robert Livingstone, born at Tarsus, Asia Minor; educated at Geneva College and Drexel Institute, the latter of Philadelphia; a printer of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 9. Carey Wyckliffe, died in infancy. 10. Coligny Brainerd, a graduate of Geneva College, now physical director of that institution.

(The Dodds Line.)

(I) The route of arrival of the emigrant ancestors of the Dodds family is rather different from that taken by most immigrants coming to this country from European lands. Archibald and Margaret (Davison) Dodds, both natives of Ireland, there grew to maturity and there married, coming to America after the birth of six children, landing in Halifax, Nova Scotia. From that place they came to Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, through Buffalo, New York, settling on a farm near Kiskiminetas Junction, their circuitous path having led them to the goal usually gained in a much more direct line. In that place they lived and died, Archibald Dodds being a man of more than ordinary accomplishments, for he was able to support his family by work at any one of four occupations, farming, carpentering, stone masonry and shoe-making, being adept at all four arts. Children: 1. Joseph, died in Iowa. 2. Mary, married Isaac Cope-land, and died in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. 3. Jane, died aged thirteen years. 4. Ann, died young. 5. Eliza, died in girlhood. 6. George,

died on the homestead farm. 7. Robert James, of whom further. 8. Ann Eliza, died unmarried near Le Junta, Colorado. 9. Thomas Davison, died in La Junta, Colorado.

(II) Robert James Dodds, son of Archibald and Margaret (Davison) Dodds, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, in 1824, died in Aleppo, Asiatic Turkey, in 1870. His early life was spent in Westmoreland county, where he obtained an excellent education, although he never received a college diploma, and was an exceptionally brilliant Hebrew scholar. For fourteen years he was a missionary in Latakia, Syria, whither his wife, whom he had married in Butler county, Pennsylvania, accompanied him, and later moved to Aleppo, where he died. His life was consecrated to service in his Master's vineyard, and from the purity and perfect self sacrifice of his life, his son-in-law, Dr. Metheny, who followed him into foreign fields, drew much of the inspiration for the career he made for himself in Oriental lands. Mr. Dodds married (first) Amanda, daughter of Rev. John and Martha (Brown) Cannon, who died in Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, in 1852. Her father, a minister of the Covenant-er Church, was born in Ireland and came to the United States in his youth, in later life becoming pastor of the church of his faith at New Alexandria, Pennsylvania. His wife, Martha, was born in Greensburg, Pennsylvania, daughter of William Brown, a prominent man of that place, and there Rev. Cannon died. They were the parents of eight children, and in 1854 she and one of her children moved to Louisa county, Iowa, where she died. Three of their children survive, Renwick, Martha and Elizabeth, the latter the widow of a Mr. Nesbit. Mr. Dodds married (second) Margaret Letitia Dodds, a third cousin, whom he married in 1856. Children of his first marriage: 1. Mary Ellen, married David Metheny, deceased. 2. John Cannon, a farmer of La Junta, Colorado. Children of his second marriage: 3. Archibald Johnston, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College; from 1881 to 1885 was medical missionary at Latakia, Syria; in 1885 he returned to the United States for a short visit and while once more going to the foreign field he was drowned at sea, aged twenty-eight years. 4. Margaret Elizabeth, died aged nineteen years. 5. Rev. Robert James (2), a graduate of Geneva College; attended Princeton University, and for sixteen years was a missionary in Mersine, Asia Minor; he is now pastor of a church in Coldenham, New York; he married Jennie Garrett. 6. Amanda Jane, a school teacher, died in La Junta, Colorado, aged forty years. 7. Joseph Beattie, a graduate from the medical department of the University of Western Pennsylvania; was a civil engineer on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, died of yellow fever in Central America, whither the latter profession had called him. 8. Josiah Chrysostom Rowan, a farmer and later a contractor and builder of La Junta, Colorado, in which place he died; married Alice Hill. 9. Rev. Calvin Augustin, a graduate of Geneva College; for ten years a missionary in Mersine, Asia Minor, now in Iowa; married Anna Belle Campbell.

The Twiford family who, as the name indicates, are of TWIFORD English origin, have been identified with the interests of the state of Pennsylvania for many generations. The first of whom we have definite record was Thomas Twiford, who lived in Washington county.

(II) Emanuel Twiford, son of Thomas Twiford, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, died in Beaver county, in the same state, at the age of about ninety years. He lived in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, for a time, then took up his permanent residence in Beaver county. He was an active participant in the War of 1812. He married Nancy Cain and had a family of sixteen children, of whom the thirteen here named attained maturity: Bartholomew, lacked one week of eighty years at the time of his death; Elizabeth, attained the age of eighty-nine years; Jane, was over eighty when she died; Margaret, was also over eighty at the time of her death; John; Henry, lived to more than eighty years; Charles and Thomas also lived to be over eighty years of age; Isaac, went west at the age of fourteen years and has not been heard from for many years; Letitia; Milo, see forward; Agnes, lived to be eighty-four years old; Rebecca.

(III) Milo Twiford, son of Emanuel and Nancy (Cain) Twiford, was born in Moon township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 6, 1826, died May 25, 1913, in his eighty-seventh year. For the long period of sixty years he was engaged in farming in Beaver county, owning one farm in Independence township, and another in Hopewell township. He was a staunch Democrat in political matters, and his religious allegiance was given to the United Presbyterian Church. He married, December, 1852, Eleanor, born in November, 1826, died April 10, 1898, daughter of Daniel and Esther (Cain) McCallister, and a granddaughter of David and Ellen McCallister. Daniel and Esther (Cain) McCallister had children: Mary, married Leander Holmes; Eleanor, mentioned above; Jane, married Alexander McConnell; Henrietta, married John Hineman. Daniel McCallister was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 20, 1799, died September 3, 1886. Children of Milo and Eleanor (McCallister) Twiford: Daniel McCallister, see forward; Martin Agnew, died young; Mary Lucinda, died young; Thomas Newton, died young; James Albert, unmarried and lives on the old homestead; Rebecca Jane, unmarried; Emma; Agnes, twin of Emma, married John Davidson and lives in Hopewell township, Beaver county; George P., married Esmerelda Kent and lives in Hopewell township; Margaret, married George Ingram and lives in Independence township.

(IV) Daniel McCallister Twiford, son of Milo and Eleanor (McCallister) Twiford, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 10, 1853. His early education was obtained in the public schools of his native county, from whence he went to Beaver College, and completed it by attendance at the New Sheffield Academy. He commenced teaching in the public schools in 1871, and was thus occupied

in Beaver and Allegheny counties until 1884. He then commenced reading law and was admitted to the bar in Beaver county in 1889. He served as district attorney of the county from 1895 to 1899, served as deputy in the register and recorder's office under James S. Mitchell from 1903 to 1906, and under Frank D. Hart from 1909 up to the present time (1913). He is a Progressive in his political views, and a member of the Independent Americans and the Order of Patriotic Sons of America.

Mr. Twiford married (first) Theresa, daughter of Robert W. and Ann P. Scott. Mrs. Twiford died November 1, 1907. He married (second) Sarah, daughter of David and Elizabeth Crain. By the first marriage he had three children: Anna W., born 1884, married Edwin E. Slick and lives in Johnstown, Pennsylvania; Roscoe Scott, died at the age of ten months; Philip Carleton, born 1896. By the second marriage Mr. Twiford has one child: Jane Elizabeth, born September 25, 1912.

Louis L. Bentley, elder of the two sons of Abraham and
BENTLEY Alice (Platt) Bentley, was born at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 12, 1868. Completing his elementary studies in the public institutions of New Brighton, he entered Cornell University, at Ithaca, New York, enrolling in a course combining liberal arts and mechanical engineering. From this college, where he was chosen a member of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, he was graduated in 1890, immediately beginning active work in the profession for which he had studied at Cornell, mechanical engineering, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad being his first employer. During the six years that he was associated with this road he was located at Baltimore, Maryland, and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. In 1896 he entered the service of the United States Navy department as inspector of armor plate supplied for use in the building of war vessels, Bethlehem and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, being the cities in which he was busied the greater part of the time. He resigned from the government service in 1901, and for the five following years was employed by different railroads, in the capacity of inspector and mechanical engineer, among them the Lehigh Valley; also being for one year general manager of a boiler factory in Oswego, New York. In 1907 he accepted a position as superintendent of the Beaver Falls plant of the Armstrong Cork Company, one of the largest and most prominent manufacturing interests of Beaver Falls, and has since so continued. The plant of which he has active charge is a group of large, modern buildings, covering more than ten acres of ground, and is equipped with the most improved machinery and appliances for the manufacture of the firm's products, namely, corkboard insulation, cork floor tiling, granulated cork, composition cork, and cork paving-brick. Corkboard, the principal output of the plant, is used for lining cold storage warehouses, abattoirs, breweries, ice plants, dairies,

freezing tanks, refrigerators, and the like, being the most efficient non-conductor of heat and cold known. The facilities at hand for placing the products of the company on the main lines of transportation are excellent, sidings connecting the yard with the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad and the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the entire concern, including the hundred and fifty skilled and unskilled workmen, is under the management of Mr. Bentley. Experienced foremen have charge of the different departments of the plant, but to none does Mr. Bentley assign complete authority, his personal attention extending to each process, his knowledge of the practical working of the business making him a capable adviser in whatever section of the factory he may be. His energy is dynamic and is reflected in the atmosphere of busy industry that pervades the plant, his capacity for hard and tedious work enabling him to direct in person the details of this prosperous enterprise, firmly established as one of the leading industries of the town in which it was founded and yet but an infant in years. Since the beginning of his relations with the Armstrong Company, Mr. Bentley has resided in Beaver Falls, and has taken a place in the social, business, and religious life of the community that his station and capabilities warrant. He is a director of the Farmers' National Bank, of Beaver Falls; belongs to the Tamaqua Club; holds the Knights Templar degree in the Masonic order, and, with his wife, affiliates with the Presbyterian Church. It is but due recognition of the excellent judgment, sound business policy, wise foresight, and wise administrative capacity that Mr. Bentley has displayed in the position that he now holds to say that under his rule the amount of business transacted by the Armstrong Company through the Beaver Falls plant has shown a great increase and that the outlook for continued prosperity has never been brighter.

He married, September 12, 1903, Helen Elizabeth, born in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, daughter of Alan J. Lawall, a retired resident of that place. Children: 1. Elizabeth, born June 29, 1904. 2. Alan, born December 14, 1905. 3. Louis L., Jr., born March 16, 1908. 4. Jeanne, born June 16, 1911. 5. David, born September 1, 1913.

This is a record of a Maryland family that has been of OATMAN comparatively short residence in Pennsylvania, the greater part of the American family history being associated with the former state. John A. Oatman, Sr., was the first who introduced his branch of the family into its present home, his half-brother, Joseph, a contracting painter, and a sister, Anna, both living in New York state, the former in Brooklyn, the latter at Nyack. John A. Oatman, Sr., was born in Maryland in 1830, died in Pennsylvania in 1875. He spent his youth in Maryland and was there educated, enlisting in a regiment composed almost solely of Pittsburghians at the outbreak of the Civil War, and for three

years was in active service. He participated in the Wilderness campaign and in one of the fights of that series of conflicts was wounded so seriously that he was in the hospital for four months. After recovering his strength he rejoined his regiment in the field and fought until receiving his honorable discharge. At the time of his enlistment his home was in Pittsburgh, and he had previously lived in Lancaster, for many years being a clerk in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Resigning from the service of this road he became manager of the Duquesne Coal Company, holding that position until his death. He placed his political trust in the Democratic party, and was ever allied therewith, and was, with his wife, a communicant of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in March, 1832, daughter of German parthe Roman Catholic Church. He married Elizabeth Patterson, born in ents who, upon coming to Pennsylvania, made their home in Elizabethtown, Lancaster county. Her father was for many years a driver of coaches on the old pike between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. Mrs. Oatman married a second time after her husband's death, and now, aged eighty-one years, lives with her children, having survived her second husband. Children of John A. and Elizabeth (Patterson) Oatman: 1. Mary, died aged sixteen years. 2. Alice, died in infancy. 3. John A. (2), of whom further.

John A. (2) Oatman, son of John A. (1) and Elizabeth (Patterson) Oatman, was born at Lancaster, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1857, and when he was a child his parents moved to Turtle Creek, a suburb of Pittsburgh, and here he attended a country school, later completing his education in a business college. He obtained a position on the Pittsburgh and Altoona division of the Pennsylvania Railroad as fireman, and was so employed for nine years, at the end of that time being promoted to engineer and serving in that capacity for six years. In 1881 he made Homewood his residence, and while there left the railroad and became proprietor of the St. Cloud Hotel, being manager and owner of that house for several years. He came to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in June, 1901, and purchased a home at No. 1103 Fifth avenue, for four years conducting, with uniform success, a gentlemen's clothing store. Since selling this establishment Mr. Oatman has devoted his time to his private business affairs and participates in no regular channel of business or trade, having amassed a generous fortune in his previous callings and ventures. His political party is the Democratic, and he and his wife are members of the Roman Catholic Church, while he is a charter member of Lodge No. 604, K. C.

Mr. Oatman married, in May, 1880, Sara, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, daughter of Henry and Emeline Fryberg, both deceased, her father having been a hotel proprietor in Pittsburgh and Homewood, Pennsylvania, all of his life. Children of John A. and Sara (Fryberg) Oatman: Catherine, lives at home; Henry, lives in Charleroi, Pennsylvania; Mary, married Francis Osterley, and is a resident of Charleroi, Pennsylvania; Agnes, died in infancy.

To say that this history of the Orr family begins with the arrival of the first emigrant of the name would be to intimate that a volume were to be written, for a work of that size would be required to contain the history of the Orrs in this country, so numerous have they been and are, so manifold their pursuits and accomplishments. The task is narrowed considerably when it is added that this is a chronicle of the line of Hugh Orr, for the history of that branch covers but a century and a quarter of American life.

(I) Hugh Orr was a son of Irish parents, his ancestors all having been of that nationality, and was born on a ship sailing the high seas between Ireland and the United States. His parents settled in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and there Hugh grew to manhood. He married Jane McConnell. He was a soldier in the War of 1812-14, a young man at the time, the date of his birth being 1790, and later in life he received a pension from the government in recognition of services rendered. When his oldest children were young he moved to Green Garden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania and there purchased a farm. He died in Beaver, Pennsylvania, at the age of seventy years; his wife died in Beaver Falls, at the age of eighty-two years. The family were all Seceders in religion. Children of Hugh and Jane (McConnell) Orr: 1. Martha, married John Kerr; lives in Cleveland, Ohio, she and her sister Elvira being the only surviving members of the family. 2. William, of whom further. 3. Isabel, deceased; married Henry Kennedy, and lived in Beaver county, South Side, Pennsylvania. 4. John, deceased; was a carpenter, builder and owner of a planing mill, lived in Hopkinsville, Kentucky. 5. James, deceased; lived on the old farm; his son John is now a merchant of New Sheffield, Pennsylvania. 6. Eliza, married Robert Cooper, of the old Cooper family, and is now deceased. 7. Molly, married Alexander White, and is now deceased. 8. Elvira, married John C. Reid; lives in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, aged seventy-six years.

(II) William Orr, son of Hugh and Jane (McConnell) Orr, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, 1822, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, September 18, 1902. He was but a child when his parents moved from their home in Washington county to Green Garden, Beaver county, and in the latter place he grew to maturity, as a youth learning the trade of shoemaker. Becoming a mercantile dealer, he opened a store at Old Independence, Beaver county, also holding the office of postmaster, the government office occupying a part of his store. Here he remained until 1863, when in partnership with Mr. R. H. Cooper he entered the general merchandise business in Beaver, the firm trading as Orr & Cooper. From 1878 until 1881 he was manager of the store of D. E. McCallister, in New Sheffield, after which position he came to Beaver Falls in 1884, establishing in the grocery business. Two years later he dissolved partnership with the man who was then associated with him in business, and received his son, William James, as partner, the firm being known as William Orr &

Son from 1886 until 1895. In the latter year his son withdrew from the firm, the father selling his business two years later and retiring from active life. During his business life as a merchant he dealt extensively in buying and selling wool, for many years being the largest distributor of the wool output of the region. His life was characterized by his habits of industry, and reluctance to accept a commission unless he was confident that he could execute it competently. In all things he was reliable, and besides the qualities that brought him success in business dealings, he was the possessor of a pleasing personality which gained him popularity among his wide circle of acquaintances, and enhanced his attractiveness to those who granted him regard, because of their knowledge of his irreproachable life and character. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Orr married Eleanor, born in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1837, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1913, daughter of William and Eleanor (McCleaster) McCallister. Her father was a surveyor of West Bridgewater, and as a Republican held many county offices, among them county surveyor, register, recorder and clerk of courts. He and his wife were Presbyterians in religion. He died aged sixty-six years, and his wife's death occurred at the age of thirty-nine years. Children of William and Eleanor (McCleaster) McCallister: 1. Nancy, married W. A. Laird, of Beaver, Pennsylvania. 2. William, deceased. 3. David, deceased, was a merchant and limestone quarryman near Wampum, Pennsylvania; his death occurred in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in 1907. 4. Eleanor, of previous mention, married William Orr. Children of William and Eleanor (McCallister) Orr: 1. H. Anderson, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 2. William James, of whom further. 3. David, died in Seattle, Washington, 1909. 4. Robert Lindsay, twin of David, died aged six years. 5. John H., unmarried; lives in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; is assistant superintendent of the Pittsburgh Terminal Warehouse. 6. Thomas P., lives in Akron, Ohio. 7. Edith E., a nurse in the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

(III) William James Orr, son of William and Eleanor (McCallister) Orr, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 9, 1865. When he was thirteen years of age he left school, obtaining, when his family moved to Beaver Falls, a position with J. D. Strock, a grocer, later becoming the junior member of the firm of William Orr & Son, his father being the head of this firm. In 1895 he left this business and for three years was employed as salesman by McHattie Brothers, wholesale fruit and produce dealers, of Beaver Falls, later being promoted to the position of manager of the plant, in which capacity he still serves his employers. Personal participation in this line of business as a responsible head makes him an employee of unusual value, and he directs the labors of the fifteen men over whom he has supervision to the best benefit of the firm. McHattie Brothers are acknowledged one of the leading wholesale produce concerns of the region and the responsibility of managing their large business as the

representative of the heads of the firm is no idle task, nor one for any but a trained and experienced man of ability, specifications to which Mr. Orr has been found to correspond in his almost two decades of service. In fraternal and religious circles he is also prominent, being, with his wife, a member of St. Mary's Episcopal Church, and for twelve years he has been vestryman of this organization, and the same length of time head of the Sunday school as superintendent, to the duties of which he gives the best of his time and attention. He is a Republican in politics, and is a Mason, being a member of Beaver Valley Lodge, No. 478; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar. He is also associated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Royal Arcanum. He is a director in the Dime Building & Loan Association; vice-president and director in the Federal Title & Trust Company, and holds stock in other business institutions.

Mr. Orr married, December 17, 1890, Eleanor, born in Ireland, daughter of Daniel Gaston. They are the parents of one son, George R., born July 4, 1892, a graduate of the Beaver Falls High School.

The principality of Schaumburg-Lippe, Germany, is the ROHRKASTE locality from which came the emigrant ancestor of the Rohrkaste family of Pennsylvania, that being the birth-place of Frederick Gottlieb Rohrkaste, father of Charles William Rohrkaste, of this chronicle.

(1) Frederick Gottlieb Rohrkaste was born October 31, 1831, died November 26, 1909. He was educated in his native country, and when a young man came to the United States, going immediately to Pittsburgh, where he entered the employ of his brother, Ernest, the proprietor of a grocery business in that city. After a short time spent in this service he had added a sufficient amount to his possessions to establish in independent operations along the same line, first at Mt. Oliver and next at Mt. Washington, Pennsylvania. His next venture in the grocery business was on the south side of Pittsburgh, his store being situated at Nineteenth and Carson streets, where he remained until November, 1869, when he moved to Beaver Falls, where he made his final venture in that line, locating at the corner of Third and Sixth avenues. About 1882 he sold his property and stock to McFerron & Jamison, then purchasing the Central Hotel, of which he was proprietor for about ten years, during which time that house became known as a home of cordial entertainment and hospitable welcome to the traveling public. While he had been in business in Beaver Falls he had erected a handsome house in New Brighton, where, after selling the Central Hotel to David Magaw, he resided for a short time. Not wishing to retire from the hotel business, he began a search for a profitable location in which to build. This he found in Huntingdon, West Virginia, and after obtaining suitable plans he awarded the contract for its building, moving

to that place as the house neared completion and directing the installation of numerous conveniences that added considerably to the attractiveness and comfort of the hotel. The hostelry had not been long in use when it was almost totally destroyed by a most destructive fire, but was immediately rebuilt, Mr. Rohrkaste continuing as its successful proprietor until the death of his wife, when he retired from active business, the property becoming the possession of his daughter Anna, wife of Henry Snyder. At the time of his death he was seventy-eight years of age, and during the greater part of that time had been a member of the German Lutheran Church, to which his wife also belonged. His political action was independent, and he affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was drafted for service in the Civil War, but finding it impossible to go to the front he procured the services of a substitute. He is buried, with his wife, at Saint Paul's Cemetery, on the south side of Pittsburgh.

He married, in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Ernestina Stolte, born in Schaumburg-Lippe, Germany, October 23, 1832, died October 8, 1902. She came to America in the same year as did Frederick Gottlieb Rohrkaste, 1855, with her mother, her father having died in Germany, and settled in Pittsburgh. Children of Frederick Gottlieb and Ernestina (Stolte) Rohrkaste: 1. Charles William, of whom further. 2. Mary, died in childhood. 3. Emma, died unmarried. 4. Anna, married Henry Snyder, and lives in Huntingdon, West Virginia. 5. Henry, died in childhood. 6. Albert, a mould-maker, died at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1903. 7. Otto, a machinist, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, May 28, 1913. 8. Frederick, died in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in 1908. 9. Dora, died unmarried in 1896.

(II) Charles William Rohrkaste, eldest of the nine children of Frederick Gottlieb and Ernestina (Stolte) Rohrkaste, was born on the south side of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, December 1, 1856. His education was obtained in several institutions, among them the German schools and the public schools of Pittsburgh, the Western University of Pennsylvania, which he attended for the term of 1872, and the Iron City Business College, where he took a course in bookkeeping, graduating in 1874. After completing his studies he was employed in his father's store until he was twenty-five years of age, in 1891 purchasing an interest in the Anderton Brewery, being until August 1, 1906, brewmaster, in that year selling his share of the business to the Independent Brewing Company. He was then employed for two and a half years in the Union Drawn Steel Works, and has since lived retired, residing since 1906 in the house he built at the corner of Twelfth street and Fifth avenue. Mr. Rohrkaste is the owner of considerable property in New Brighton and Beaver Falls, and is a stockholder in the Federal Title and Trust Company and the Penn Bridge Company. His fraternal connections are with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and the Masonic order, in which latter society he is a member of Beaver Falls Lodge, No.



C. W. Rohrkaste

478, Free and Accepted Masons; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Falls Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templars. His political attitude has always been independent, and in 1913, when the commission form of government was introduced in Beaver Falls, he was elected one of the four commissioners who took over the government of the city.

He married, in 1883, Mary G. Anderton, born in Fallston, Pennsylvania, daughter of James Anderton, the founder of the Anderton Brewery in Beaver Falls. They are the parents of three children: 1. James A., a bookkeeper, married Emma Goll, and has one daughter, Janet. 2. Mary A., lives at home. 3. Florence E., lives at home.

It is said that all of the family in the United States who spell GRAY their name "Gray" are descended from thirteen brothers who came to this country from Scotland, settling in different parts of the eastern section of the continent, all marrying, and all having families, whose lines have spread to all parts of the United States. One of these was the grandfather of Cassius M. Gray, of this record, who located on a farm near Waterford, Erie county, Pennsylvania, farming there until his death. He was twice married, his first wife having been born in Ireland, whence she came with her parents in childhood. The family were members of the Presbyterian Church, conducting their lives in strict accord with its tenets. He was the father of: 1. Benjamin, a farmer, owned land near Titusville, Pennsylvania. 2. David, architect by profession, became an oil producer, was fortunate in his operations, amassed a fortune, moved to Denver, Colorado, and there died. 3. Joseph, a resident of New York, a newspaper correspondent, was the owner of several racehorses whose registered time was exceedingly fast. 4. Emily, engaged in educational pursuits as her life work, and attained high position in that field of endeavor, becoming principal of the Detroit High Schools and also was the incumbent of a responsible office in connection with the Chicago public school system. She was a woman of exceptional mental power, was the possessor of a broad education, an authority upon educational topics, and during her lifetime performed a noble work in the circle in which she moved. Her death was caused by being run over by an automobile in Detroit, in 1909. 5. Samuel, of whom further.

(II) Samuel Gray (2), youngest of the children of his father, who had attained a great age when Samuel was born, was born near Waterford, Erie county, Pennsylvania, in 1826, died in Titusville, Pennsylvania, in 1882. He grew to manhood in the place of his birth, and learned the trade of shoemaker, following that as his business, and marrying in that locality. In 1868, when the excitement over the oil discoveries throughout the western part of the state was at its height, he moved to Titusville, Pennsylvania, and for a time engaged in the manufacture of "seed bags" for the men in the fields, later entering mercantile lines as a retail shoe merchant. He prospered in this line, having displayed rare good judgment in realizing that at the

time of such a boom, when speculators and prospectors were flocking toward the wealth-concealing region, there was a sure and safe opportunity for profit in staple lines, inasmuch as everyone must be clothed and shod. He later met with reverses on account of his partner. He remained in Titusville until his death, a Republican in politics, with his wife a member of the Universalist church. At the first call for volunteers for the Union army at the beginning of the Civil War, he was the first man in his section to offer his services to the government, and he was then not allowed to enlist because of the large family dependent upon him for sustenance and support. Toward the close of the war he was drafted for service, but before the company of which he became a member reached the front peace had been declared. Mr. Gray was a man of commanding appearance and athletic build, being six feet two inches in height, and was a skillful boxer, a sport from which he derived both exercise and enjoyment. He married Calista Kendall, born near Waterford, Erie county, Pennsylvania, in 1828, died in 1893, surviving her husband eleven years. Her father was of French descent, and was an early settler on French Creek, Erie county, Pennsylvania. He was a millwright by trade and in early life followed this occupation, later becoming proprietor of a cheese factory near Waterford, in the same county. His wife was a native of Cambridge, Pennsylvania. They had, besides Calista, another child, Thomas Jefferson, who was at one time an oil producer and later a farmer near Union, Pennsylvania, both he and his sister living with their Grandfather and Grandmother Kendall in their youth. Children of Samuel and Calista (Kendall) Gray: 1. Harry, proprietor of a store in Titusville, deals in art decorations. 2. Cina, a school teacher, died unmarried. 3. Charles, deceased, telegraph operator of the Associated Press, assigned to the New York Sun. 4. Emma, a school teacher, died unmarried. 5. Addie, died unmarried, taught school. 6. Cassius M., of whom further. 7. Blanche, deceased. 8. Tully, superintendent of a chemical manufacturing plant in Jacksonville, Florida. 9. Margaret, deceased, a school teacher.

(III) Cassius M. Gray, son of Samuel and Calista (Kendall) Gray, was born near Waterford, Erie county, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1864, and when he was four years old was brought to Titusville by his parents, attending school in that place until he was sixteen years of age. His first position was as fireman in a planing mill, after which he worked in a bottling works for two years, then taking up telegraphy. He mastered this art and was employed by the telegraph company, becoming a bookkeeper, and in 1884 entered the employ of the Boughton Acid Works, whose plant was four miles south of Titusville. This factory is the property of the Grasselli Chemical Company, who are also the owners of similar manufactories covering several states. After a term of service in the first named plant, Mr. Gray was transferred to the one at Olean, New York, in 1909 becoming superintendent of the Beaver Falls plant, formerly operating under the title of the Beaver Falls Chemical Company, all three of the branches now doing business under the common name, the Grasselli Chemical Company, main offices

at Cleveland, Ohio. There are about fifty men employed in the factory at Beaver Falls, the product of the factory being sulphuric acid. Mr. Gray is a competent chemist in his line, and has been placed at the head of the Beaver Falls branch of the company because of his known dependability and trustworthiness, which have been tried and tested under many conditions during the thirty years of his service in the company's employ. He holds membership in Titusville Lodge, No. 463, Free and Accepted Masons, of Titusville, Pennsylvania; Aaron Chapter, No. 207, Royal Arch Masons; Occidental Council, No. 41, Royal and Select Masters, all of Titusville. He also affiliates with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to both lodge and encampment.

Mr. Gray married, September 24, 1889, Elizabeth M., born in Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Adam and Catherine Gundaker, her father a carpenter, both residents of Titusville, Pennsylvania. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Gray: 1. Clarence, died aged eighteen months. 2. Margaret, a student in High School.

The record following is of a German family whose years LINDEMAN in this country are but few in number. At the time of writing (1914) there are but two members of the name in this line whose years are mature who claim birth on this side of the Atlantic Ocean. The name was originally spelled Lindemann.

(I) The ancestor with whom this record opens is Christ Lindeman, a native of Prussia, a farmer and believer in the Lutheran faith. He married a member of the Von Mund family, a race wealthy and influential in that country, her father, George Von Mund, marrying into the renowned Friedland family. The father of George Von Mund was in the German army in the Seven Years War and in that conflict met his death, the family fortunes never being quite so prosperous afterward. George Von Mund is buried in Brandenburg, Prussia. Christ Lindeman was the father of two sons, Christ, Karl, of whom further.

(II) Karl Lindeman, son of Christ Lindeman, was born in Brandenburg, Prussia, Germany, October 6, 1833. His early life was spent in that country and there he attended school, for some years being employed in a hotel at Angermünde, on Lake Munde, Prussia. In 1872 he immigrated to the United States, settling in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania (Pittsburgh North Side), and for four years held employment as a laborer. He then moved to Beaver Falls, obtaining a position in the Co-operative Glass Works, which he held until his disabling accident in 1902. On October 29 of that year he was returning to his home from his place of business at the regular hour, and was crossing the tracks of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, when he was struck by a yard engine and so severely injured that the amputation of both legs was necessary to save his life, but he finally succumbed to the injury, January 10, 1914. He was eighty-one years of age, and despite

his terrible affliction, which had so handicapped his declining years, he found comfort from the ordered misery of his trouble and had learned the secret of happiness in adversity, the enjoyment of the pleasure of others. At the time of his accident he was a stockholder in the company which employed him. He married, in Germany, Amelia, born in Brandenburg, Prussia, Germany, September 10, 1838, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Von Mund) Groth. Samuel Groth was a shepherd, tending his flocks in the meadows of his native land, Prussia, born in 1800, died 1850, his wife born 1801, died 1880, surviving her husband thirty years. Mrs. Lindeman was a loving and faithful wife to her stricken husband, his capable helpmate in the days of his youth and strength, and she brightened his hours and diverted his mind from the misfortune that had befallen him, tender in attendance, diligent in service, constant in ministration. Both were members of the Lutheran church, a faith to which all generations of the name have adhered since the founding of the church. Children of Samuel and Mary (Von Mund) Groth: 1. Fredericka, married Martin Hasse; died in Germany. 2. Wilhelm, came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, from his native land, died 1884. 3. Amelia, of previous mention, married Karl Lindemann. Karl and Amelia (Groth) Lindeman are the parents of but one child, Frank C. W., of whom further.

(III) Frank C. W. Lindeman, only child of Karl and Amelia (Groth) Lindeman, was born in Fleith, Brandenburg, Prussia, Germany, May 27, 1862. That country was his home until he was ten years of age, five years of that time being spent in attendance at the public schools, a pursuit which was continued in institutions of a like nature in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, whither his parents came. His education, as far as that which is obtained from organized institutions is concerned, was completed by a course in the Iron City College, of Pittsburgh, whence he was graduated. His first business experience was as glass blower in a Beaver Falls factory, where he was employed from 1878 until 1900, his next position being in the service of the Bell Telephone Company of America. Since that time he has been actively connected with the manufacture of medicines, being so engaged at the present time. For twenty years he has been a sympathizer with the Socialist cause, and for that length of time has been a leader in Socialistic movements in that locality, having served as a member of the Beaver Falls council, his candidacy appearing through the Citizens' ticket. His church is the Lutheran, and he affiliates with the Knights of the Maccabees and the Knights of Pythias. Until 1910 his parents occupied the house in which he now resides, at No. 1610 Third avenue, the former having built a new house not far distant, at No. 1604 Third avenue.

Mr. Lindeman married, July 11, 1889, Lucy, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, September 9, 1864, daughter of Philip and Louisa (Arnold) Grunnagle. Philip Grunnagle was born in 1834, coming to Allegheny City with his parents in 1850, there becoming a practical machinist and engine builder, in which line he was engaged until his death in 1912. His wife

was born in Allegheny City, February 14, 1844, and is living at the present time. She is a daughter of Carl and Christina (Gerhart) Arnold. Carl Arnold was a native of Germany, there educating himself for the ministry, later becoming a teacher in that land. About 1840 he came to the United States, making his home in Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, a few years later moving to Allegheny City, where his death occurred, his wife also dying in that place. Children of Frank C. W. and Lucy (Grunnagle) Lindeman: 1. Ivan P., born October 8, 1890; assistant engineer of the city of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 2. Edith, born December 10, 1891; lives at home. 3. Roy G., born July 18, 1895. 4. Thelma, born June 22, 1902.

The Rosenkeimer family has only been represented ROSENKEIMER in this country by two generations, but it has made its mark in the industrial world. The grandparents of the present adult generation lived and died in Germany, where they were honored citizens of their respective communities. ——— Rosenkeimer died in his ninety-sixth year. Among his children were Charles, of further mention, and another son who was in the furniture business in Germany.

(II) Charles Rosenkeimer, son of the above mentioned, was born in Duesseldorf, Germany, May 30, 1834, and died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1908. He was educated in the public schools of his native land, and at a suitable age was apprenticed to learn the locksmith's trade. Being strong and able-bodied, he was called upon to serve for some years in the German army. When he was twenty years of age he obtained a furlough, and by means of bribes and the use of a disguise, made his escape to a sailing vessel on which he came to America, the voyage lasting five months. He arrived at the city of New York, and there worked at his trade until 1865. Removing to Pittsburgh in that year, he entered the employ of the Pittsburgh Novelty Works, and remained with them several years. He then entered the service of the Howe Scale Company, and these relations were uninterrupted until within one year of the death of Mr. Rosenkeimer, when heart disease compelled him to resign his position. In political matters he was a Republican, and an active worker in the interests of that party. For some time he served as a member of the common council, and also as a member of the school board of Pittsburgh. In stature he was of medium height, slight of build, but strong and wiry. A few months after his arrival in New York Mr. Rosenkeimer married Lena Howard, born in Bavaria, Germany, in 1838, who came to the United States with friends at about the same time as Mr. Rosenkeimer did, and is now living in Pittsburgh. They had children: Charles, a scale builder, died in 1890; Lena, married Adam Kemler, resides in Pittsburgh; Kate, married Clarence Thompson, a pipe fitter, lives in Pittsburgh; Hulda, is unmarried and lives with her mother in Pittsburgh; Max, of further mention; Richard Thomas,

who was captain of the Thirteenth Ward Fire Department, in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, died while undergoing an operation for appendicitis; Lucy, married Harry Lamb, engaged in the real estate business, and they live in Norfolk, Virginia; Emma, married Otto Sues, a molder, and resides in Pittsburgh; Robert, married, is a pipe fitter, and lives in Pittsburgh; Harry, unmarried, a furniture packer by trade, lives in Pittsburgh; Walter, a pipe fitter, lives in Pittsburgh; Oscar, a scale builder, lives in Pittsburgh.

(III) Max Rosenkeimer, son of Charles and Lena (Howard) Rosenkeimer, was born on Liberty avenue, the sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, July 16, 1866. Until the age of fifteen years he attended the public schools of his native city, and was then apprenticed to learn the trade of scale making with the Howe Scale Works, and in the nine years he remained there worked in every department of this plant and became practically and thoroughly familiar with every detail of this line of industry. He then entered the employ of the Pittsburgh Scale Company, with whom he remained as a foreman for a period of five years; in 1889 he established himself in business independently. He opened a repair shop in Pittsburgh, which he conducted about six years. Having had a very advantageous offer from the Standard Scale and Supply Company, he went with them as manager of their repair shop in Pittsburgh and filled this position for some years. During 1902-03 he was superintendent of a scale plant for them at Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, and in the latter year, the new plant of the Standard Scale and Supply Company was opened at Morado, a suburb of Beaver Falls, and Mr. Rosenkeimer was made general manager, a responsible position he has filled with credit since that time. They manufacture scales and concrete mixers, and they have increased their production about two hundred per cent., and now employ about two hundred men. Mr. Rosenkeimer is a natural mechanic, and has made many improvements on the scales which are constructed under his supervision. He built a comfortable home for himself and family at No. 4712 Fourth avenue, Morado, in 1905, and still resides in it. He is a staunch Republican, but his numerous and responsible affairs leave him no time for political activity. Mr. Rosenkeimer married, in August, 1898, Christina Weiler, born in Pittsburgh, a daughter of John and Christina (Ferner) Weiler; the former is a shoemaker and was born in Germany, the latter died in October, 1913. Mr. and Mrs. Rosenkeimer have children: Anna, born February 7, 1902; William and Margaret, twins, born July 26, 1905.

Of Irish origin, the McClures of Pennsylvania have made a notable record to be placed to the honor of the name, and one of which its many members may well be proud.

(I) County Down is the part of Ireland from which the emigrant came, William McClure having been born in that division not far from Banbridge. He was a millwright, hard-working, simple in his manner of

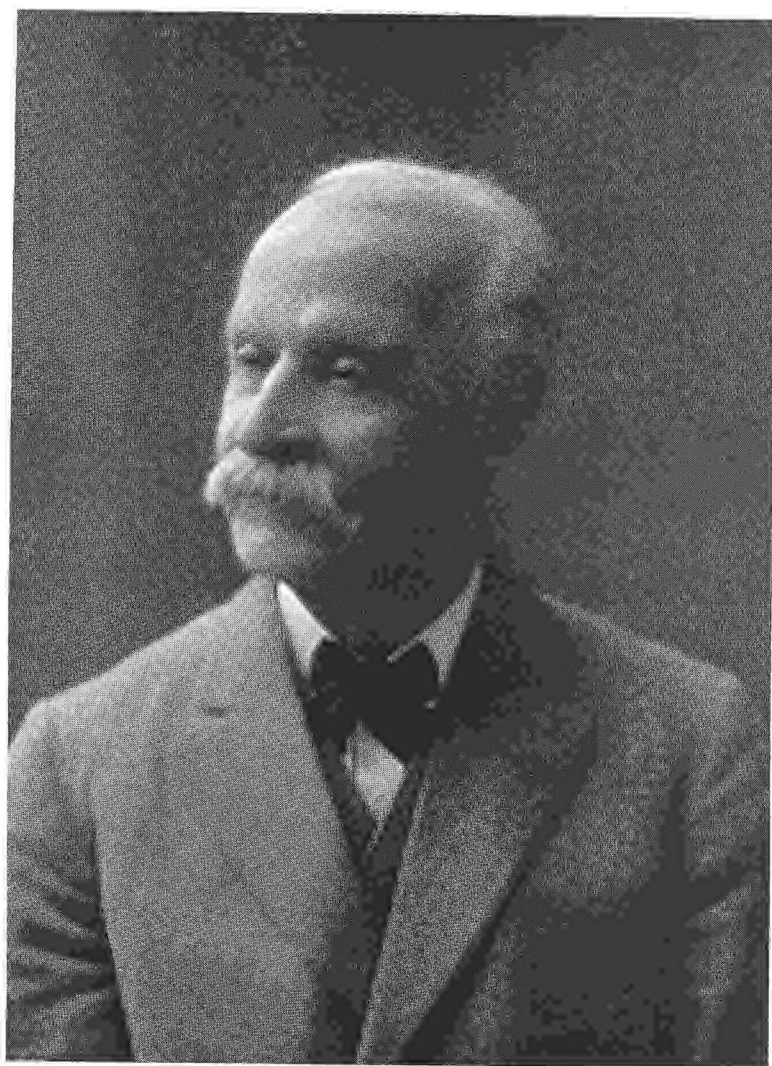
life, a member of the peasantry that constitutes the real strength of a nation, and had it not been for his choice of a wife his branch of the family would in all probability still be resident in Ireland. He fixed his affections upon a maiden of higher birth and caste than he, she returning his devotion, and because her family could not be reconciled to the match, the young couple came to the United States soon after their marriage, there to live their lives free from false standards and the well-intentioned interferences of relatives. They first made their home in Greensburg, later going to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in order to take advantage of the more lucrative business opportunities offering in his line. He there followed his trade until his death. Children: 1. James T., of whom further. 2. Frances, died at an advanced age, unmarried. 3. Eliza, died unmarried in old age. 4. Knox, a boot and shoe maker of Pittsburgh, where he and his wife, Caroline, lived.

(II) James T. McClure, son of William McClure, was born in Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, in 1800, died in West Middlesex, Pennsylvania, in 1881. Soon after leaving school he began to learn the shoemaker's trade, and opened a shop in Greensburg. He was of a slender, sinewy build, and it is said that he would frequently walk from Greensburg to Pittsburgh and back in a single day, on the return trip loaded down with huge pieces of leather for use in his trade. As a young man he came to Pittsburgh, opening a store on Borough street, later purchasing a lot at the corner of Butler and Chestnut streets, erecting thereon a workshop and a pretty, tastefully designed cottage, adorned with a front portico. His business was steady and profitable, and in his older days he retired from business and accepted an appointment as tax collector of Pittsburgh, later being commissioned sewer inspector of the city. That he did not retire with a fortune of enviable proportions was due to his tendency to allow his kindly feelings to influence his better judgment, for by the endorsement of a note for about \$90,000, which the debtor failed to meet, he lost all of his available goods, his property being sold at a great sacrifice to obtain funds to cancel his rashly incurred obligation. Nor was he alone in his disaster, as the panic of 1873, that had stripped him of his possessions, had caught hundreds of others in its greedy maw, and bankruptcy was familiar to many, a state he barely escaped. He was a Republican in politics and was long a leader in his party councils, working ceaselessly for its advancement with telling result. For many years he was a vestryman of St. James' Episcopal Church on Penn avenue, also being one of the founders and a charter member and vestryman of St. John's Episcopal Church. In 1874 he moved to Middlesex, Pennsylvania, living with his daughter and son-in-law until his death, being buried in the Allegheny Cemetery.

He married Margaret (McKean) Stewart, born in county Down, Ireland, in 1811, died in 1873, daughter of John McKean. She was a widow, her first husband having been a Mr. Stewart, who died soon after their union. Margaret McKean's parents were both natives of county Down,

Ireland, coming to the United States from a district about four miles from Banbridge, whence also came the emigrant ancestor of the McClures. They settled in Pittsburgh about 1818, and there lived the remainder of their lives. Children of John McKean: 1. A daughter, married Henry Snowden, at one time an inn-keeper of Pittsburgh, who later was a gardener and fruit-raiser in Lawrenceville, a suburb of Pittsburgh. 2. Margaret, of previous mention, married (first) a Mr. Stewart, (second) James T. McClure. 3. James, a contractor, was for many years postmaster at Mercer, Pennsylvania. 4. John, a stonemason, lived in Mercer, Pennsylvania. 5. William, a scientist, specializing in astronomy, lived in Meadville, Pennsylvania. Children of James T. and Margaret (McKean-Stewart) McClure: 1. Eliza, married a Mr. Park, a hardware merchant of Pittsburgh. 2. Sarah, married R. B. McLean, a farmer and school teacher of West Middlesex, Pennsylvania, with whom her father was living at the time of his death. 3. Rebecca H., deceased, married Samuel Burd, and lived in Mercer, Pennsylvania, his home now being in Mount Pleasant, Iowa. 4. James Ellis, of whom further. 5. Emma, married Rev. D. C. Howard, who was an Episcopalian clergyman, rector of St. John's Church, at Pittsburgh; he died in Mount Pleasant, Iowa; Mrs. Howard now lives at Mount Pleasant, Iowa. 6. Warren Fisk, lives in Philadelphia, was until his retirement shipping clerk of the Pencoid Bridge Works.

(III) James Ellis McClure, son of James T. and Margaret (McKean-Stewart) McClure, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, July 7, 1844. He attended the public schools of Pittsburgh and completed his studies in Duff's Business College. On July 7, 1863, while working in the Pittsburgh arsenal, he enlisted in Knapp's Independent Battery, becoming first corporal, and for months previous was stationed in Maryland, immediately after the battle of Gettysburg. He was an employee in the Pittsburgh arsenal at the time of the explosion, but fortunately escaped unhurt, a fate denied to many. At the expiration of his term of service he returned to Pittsburgh, again enlisting for one hundred days service in 1864, being attached to a regiment of light artillery in the fortifications before the city of Washington. After his second return to his home he accepted a position in the employ of the Union Railroad Transportation Company, and was connected with the auditing department of that road until 1871. He and his brother-in-law, Samuel Burd, then established a banking business in Mercer, Pennsylvania, conducting transactions as Burd & McClure. A large amount of business was transacted through their institution, but the death of Mr. Burd in 1872 and the panic effectually broke up the firm and its business, the financial stress of 1873 carrying away its every support. Mr. McClure stood by the bank until its obligations had been discharged and then merged its unstable remains with the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank, accepting a position as assistant cashier, which he filled for two years. He then moved to Ebensburg, Clarion county, Pennsylvania, becoming a bookkeeper in the employ of Beardsley & Herron, hardware supply dealers, a year later ac-



J. E. McClure

cepting a like position with the Brazil and Chicago Coal Company, in Chicago, Illinois, and a year afterward serving A. R. Wilson in the same capacity for seven months. Returning to Mercer county, Pennsylvania, he spent one summer on the McLean farm, in the fall of 1880 going to Hazleton, Ohio, where he operated a steam riveter in a bridge works. The following year the superintendent under whom he had been employed accepted a position in Beaver Falls, inducing Mr. McClure to do likewise in the employ of the Penn Bridge Company. He had not been long in that place before he became identified with journalism, and was a member of the reportorial staffs of several periodicals, his career in that line including several years with the *Tribune*, his initial engagement, eight years with the *Beaver Valley News*, of Brighton, two years more on the *Tribune*, eleven years with the *Beaver Star*, and two years with the *Times*, also with Pittsburgh and Cleveland papers.

Since 1881 his home has been in Beaver Falls, his residence, which he owns, being at No. 606 Ninth street. While a reporter and journalist Mr. McClure was in a position to gain a thorough and impartial view and acquaintance with local politics, requirements and tendencies, and through the columns of his papers was enabled to present a concise and clear account and opinion of the various subjects of public interest which made his articles widely read, enlightening and instructive. He supported all movements to improve and raise the moral tone of Beaver Falls and attracted universal attention by the fearless manner in which he stated truths, disclosed civic dangers, and advocated reforms. His allegiance was ever loyally Republican, and upon the entrance of Beaver Falls into the rank of cities of the third class there was unusual unanimity in advancing his name as candidate for mayor. His platform was one that drew the commendation of all whose motives held no thought of personal benefit and he was granted the support of many who stood without his party, being returned from the polls the first mayor of Beaver Falls after it received its city charter. The growth and expansion of Beaver Falls that has entitled it to membership in the list of municipalities of that size has brought with it increased responsibility, new problems, different and more difficult situations, and has made the office of chief executive one that carries with it more than mere honor, a vast amount of perplexing and hard work falling to him who is placed therein. Strong in his ability, backed by the hearty confidence of a host of friends, surrounded by a circle of willing and capable advisors, Mr. McClure has assumed the reins of authority and the direction of the city government. That he will solve his problems in a creditable fashion, that the best of his talents will be devoted to the municipal service, and that the results of his administration will meet the expectations of the most sanguine, are the only prognostications that can be made in the face of his coming term by those who know with what efficient equipment he enters upon his duties and the spirit that he will manifest in his office. Mr. McClure's military career includes two years membership in the state militia subsequent to the Centennial Exhibition

at Philadelphia, which he attended with his regiment. Mr. McClure is a member of Beaver Falls Post, No. 164, Grand Army of the Republic, and the Tamaqua Club of Beaver Falls.

He married, February 7, 1869, Jane Frances Copeland, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, daughter of Samuel Copeland, he for many years a master mechanic in the shops of the Pennsylvania railroad, in Pittsburgh. Both of her parents are deceased. Children of James Ellis and Jane Frances (Copeland) McClure: 1. James T., an employee of the railway postal service; married Alice Ott; lives in Beaver Falls. 2. Frederick Copeland, a printer employed by the *Pittsburgh Leader*. 3. Lucy O., married Charles C. Reed, and lives in Clarksburg, West Virginia. 4. Clara W., married Walter D. Green, proprietor of a men's furnishing store in Pittsburgh; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

The name of Piper has been identified with numerous business interests, as well as the agricultural life of the state for a number of generations. The name was originally Peiffer, but this combination of letters proved difficult for Americans to pronounce, so it was anglicized as Piper.

(I) Adam Piper, the American progenitor of the family, was born in Germany, and emigrated to America at an early date. He settled in the eastern part of Pennsylvania.

(II) Jacob Piper, son of Adam Piper, was born in Eastern Pennsylvania, and later removed to a place near Upper Sandusky, Ohio. There he became the owner of a farm but subsequently removed to Saltsburg, Indiana county, Pennsylvania.

(III) Joseph Piper, son of Jacob Piper, was born near Cedar Point, Ohio, 1802, died in Conemaugh township, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, February 6, 1895. He became very prosperous in Saltsburg, and was the owner of a large flour mill. He married (first) Mary McDowell, born in Saltsburg, whose ancestors were among the early settlers of that section, and they had five children: Lewis and Nancy, both died young; Wilson M., of further mention; John, who located at Leechburg, Pennsylvania, and now resides in Beechview, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania; a daughter who married and is living in Homer City, Pennsylvania. Mr. Piper married (second) Margaret Rhea and had one child, Mary, who married Weston McClintock, and died at the age of twenty-eight years. Mr. Piper married (third) Catherine Lamar, and had ten children, of whom three died young, the surviving members being: Milton J., lives in Ambridge, Pennsylvania; Frank, lives in Zanesville, Ohio; Howard, resides near Atlantic City, New Jersey; Charles, a resident of Liverpool, Ohio; Samuel, lives in Buffalo, New York; Edith, married James Trees and lives in West Virginia; Bessie, married Edward Robinson, and has her home in Nowrytown, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Wilson M. Piper, son of Joseph and Mary (McDowell) Piper, was born in Conemaugh township, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, August

15, 1845, and there grew to manhood. He made an exhaustive study of agriculture, and in 1897 his value as an expert in this line was recognized by appointment as superintendent of the State Farm at Polk, Pennsylvania, an office in which he rendered efficient service twelve years. He afterward was appointed superintendent of County Home in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, and is superintendent and manager of the farm there. At this time Mr. Piper is a Republican in politics, and he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Piper married Maria J. Kaney, born at Tarentum, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, February 14, 1850, a daughter of Seraphim and Hannah Jackson Kaney, the former born in Germany, the latter in England. She was between two and three years when she emigrated to this country. In after years she became acquainted with Mr. Kaney, married and located at Tarentum. Mr. Kaney accepted a position in Peterson's Salt Works, rising to the position of foreman, an office he filled many years. In 1867 he bought a farm near Alexandria, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where his death occurred. He was thrown from a horse at the age of sixty-six years, and died from the effects of the shock. His wife died in 1911 at the age of ninety-four years. They were members of the Baptist church. Their children, in addition to Maria J., were: William, living, retired from business at Saltsburg; James, lives in Toledo, Ohio, where he has been assistant city engineer for many years; Thomas, was a grocer in Mount Washington, Pennsylvania, and was killed by the notorious Biddle Brothers, in his own home on Mount Washington; Harry, in the employ of the Watson Coal Company at Saltsburg; George, deceased, lived at Tarentum, Pennsylvania; John, also lived in Tarentum, was killed by lightning; Ursilla, unmarried, lives at Saltsburg; Margaret, also unmarried, lives at Saltsburg; Theresa, died in 1912, married William Serene; Melissa, died young. Mr. and Mrs. Piper had children: William W., of whom further; Joseph, a member of the firm of J. C. Moore Hardware Company, retail hardware dealers, in Saltsburg; Kaney, who died in 1908, had been in the laundry business; Roy, employed in a steel mill, lives at Indiana Harbor, Indiana; Mable, married Dr. Charles Snyder, lives at Polk, Pennsylvania.

(V) William W. Piper, son of Wilson M. and Maria J. (Kaney) Piper, was born at Saltsburg, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1871. He attended the public schools of Conemaugh township, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, until he was fourteen years of age, and during the next two years assisted his father in the cultivation of the farm. He then went to the city of Pittsburgh, and for five years was general utility man in the Union Station. In 1895 he entered the employ, at Wilkinsburg, of Brace Brothers, laundrymen of Pittsburgh, and learned this business thoroughly. In 1905 Mr. Piper, in association with S. W. Fullerton, his friend and co-worker at the laundry, organized the firm of Piper & Fullerton, at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, buying out the plant of Thomas Wallace. Two months later they decided that Beaver Falls offered a better field for the class of work

they delivered, in pursuance of which idea they bought the laundry plant of McLean Brothers, and located at the corner of Seventh street and Eighth avenue. They commenced on a small scale, employing but five women, and in the eight years they have been located there have increased their working force to more than fifty men and women, and enlarged their plant several times, and now have the largest laundry and dry cleaning plant between Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and Youngstown, Ohio. Their trade is drawn from throughout Beaver Valley. They are progressive and up-to-date in their methods, and their work is accomplished with a thoroughness which recommends itself.

Mr. Piper married, August 5, 1896, Frances M. Jones, born in Staffordshire, England, daughter of John Jones, a molder by trade, who came to America with his wife and daughter when the latter was a very young child, and located in Pittsburgh. Mr. Piper is a Republican, and has been an active worker in the interests of the political party with which he is affiliated. He served as a member of the city council of Beaver Falls for a period of four years, and was elected as a member of the new commission for city government, serving on this two years. He is a member of Stuckrath Lodge, No. 430, Free and Accepted Masons, of Allegheny county, and he and his wife are members of the Methodist Protestant church of Beaver Falls. They have no children.

The Fullerton family has long been identified with the FULLERTON history of Pennsylvania, and the name is to be found in many parts of the state and in connection with many lines of industry. The earlier generations as far as there is definite information, are as follows: Hugh Fullerton, who was killed in battle in Ireland. He married and had a son Henry, mentioned below.

(II) Henry Fullerton married Eliza McCrory and came to America from Ireland, settling in Washington county, Pennsylvania. The exact date is unknown.

(III) Henry Fullerton, son of Henry Fullerton, was probably born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, where he had a farm of one hundred and ten acres in North Buffalo township. He was a Republican, and he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church. He married Mary Wilson, a native of Washington county, Pennsylvania, and they had children, the first two born in Washington county, the last six in Armstrong county: Wilson; Henry; John, deceased; Findley; Samuel, deceased, was a farmer in Livingston county, Missouri; Elizabeth; James, a farmer in Livingston county, Missouri; Miles, mentioned below. Mary (Wilson) Fullerton, the mother of these children, was a daughter of Edward Wilson, who married Susan Findley. They were married in Pennsylvania, east of the Allegheny mountains, on the day of the funeral of General George Washington. They settled in Washington county, where Mary Wilson was born.

(IV) Miles Fullerton, son of Henry and Mary (Wilson) Fullerton, was born in North Buffalo township, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, in 1840, and died in 1909. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in the Sixty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, serving two years, then after a severe attack of fever and ague, and long confinement in the hospital, he was honorably discharged by reason of disability. Upon the completion of his education he had learned the carpenter's trade, and followed that to a greater or lesser extent throughout his life, although he also cultivated the farm of which he was the owner. In 1893 he removed to Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, and died of a stroke of apoplexy while working at his trade. He married Mary Shields, born in Armstrong county, in August, 1842, and they had children: Rush, an attorney at Kittanning, Pennsylvania, died in 1910; Harry, a carpenter in Wilkinsburg; Margaret, deceased, married Dr. A. E. Stonecipher; David, a carpenter, is unmarried, and lives in Wilkinsburg; Scott Wilson, of further mention; John S., a civil engineer in Wilkinsburg; Walter, has his place of residence in Wilkinsburg, but is a traveling salesman for a hardware firm; Retta married Edgar Hadden, and lives in Wilkinsburg. David Shields, father of Mrs. Fullerton, was of Scotch-Irish descent, his parents being early settlers in North Buffalo township, Armstrong county. He was a farmer in Armstrong county, but in 1870 removed to a farm in Livingston county, Missouri, where he died. He was of the Presbyterian faith. He married, and had children: John, born in 1833, died in Armstrong county, in 1913; Boyd, James and Robert, living in Missouri; Margaret, married John Y. Mateer, of Wilkinsburg; Nancy, married Thomas Fair, lives in Missouri; Ellen, married Morrison Blaine, lives in Missouri; Martha, married Abner Orrey, lives in the state of Washington; Mary, who married Mr. Fullerton.

(V) Scott Wilson Fullerton, son of Miles and Mary (Shields) Fullerton, was born in North Buffalo township, a little west of Kittanning, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, February 2, 1876. For a time he attended the public schools in his native township, then lived with his sister Margaret, at Marionville, Forest county, Pennsylvania, and attended the schools there during that time. This was followed by one year at the academy, and one year in the Wilkinsburg schools, when he removed to that city with his parents. In 1894 he became a clerk in a grocery store in Wilkinsburg, and held this position four years, after which he entered the employ of Brace Brothers in their laundry in Pittsburgh. He remained with this concern nine years, learning the work of this industry in every detail. While there he formed a deep and lasting friendship with a fellow worker, W. W. Piper, and in 1905, these two young men removed to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, and there established themselves in the laundry and dry cleaning business, which they carried on successfully under the firm name of Piper & Fullerton. In July, 1905, they removed to New Brighton, but in October, of the same year, returned to Beaver Falls, where they have been since that time. They are the leading firm in this line in the Valley, and their trade

is drawn from a large territory. Their business is ten times the size it was when first established, they employ almost fifty people regularly, and at times more. In 1909 the concern was incorporated, Mr. Fullerton becoming president of the company, and Mr. Piper, secretary and treasurer. They are located at Eighth avenue and Seventh street. The plant is equipped with the most up-to-date machinery and first-class work is guaranteed. Mr. Fullerton is Republican on national political questions, but independent in local politics. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian church, and he is a member of the Royal Arcanum, and of Beaver Valley Lodge, No. 476, Free and Accepted Masons. Mr. Fullerton married, October 5, 1899, Emma, born in Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Edward and Elizabeth Hulme, the former an employee of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. They have had children: Leonard, born November 23, 1901; Elizabeth, born June 20, 1903; Sarah, born December 7, 1910.

For many years Germany has been the home of the Klein family, herein recorded, and indeed of all of the name, its derivation being plainly seen by one familiar with the language of that land. The name was in all probability applied to one of the early members of the family, conspicuous for his small stature, and it has clung to his descendants even though the aptness of its application has been lost.

(I) C. G. Klein was the first of this line to tread on American soil, coming to the United States when he was eighteen years of age. Well educated in his native land before his emigration, on his arrival in Philadelphia he at once obtained employment which enabled him to defray his immediate expenses. He then continued westward, and apprenticed himself to learn the blacksmith's trade which he later forsook in favor of stove mounting. A few years of employment as a blacksmith had convinced him of two things: Firstly its uncongeniality, and secondly its lack of lucrative possibilities. After completely mastering the details of stove mounting he obtained employment at his trade in De Haven, Pennsylvania; subsequently in 1869 removing to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, he entered the service of A. Wolf & Company. When this firm was succeeded by the Howard Stove Company, Mr. Klein remained with the latter concern in his old capacity until removed from life's labors by death. He died in 1905. He was a member of the Lutheran church. Mr. Klein married Catherine Kirsch and had children: Catherine, died in infancy; Charles W., general manager of the Co-operative Flint Glass Company, of Beaver Falls, who married Margaret McClelland; Lewis F.; Elizabeth, married Joseph M. Vandevote; Walter G.; Lillian M.; all residing in Beaver Falls.

The Pott or Potts family was established in Great Britain at a very early period, and seems to have originated, under this distinctive family name, in the North of England. The name is said to have been derived from a locality, or a topographical term signi-

lying deep circular hollows, hence a dweller at such a place, and had become established in the thirteenth century and possibly much earlier, but it was not until the reign of Queen Elizabeth that there is found any family of this name who seem to have been of sufficient importance to be officially recorded by the Herald in his Visitations. The name was originally spelled Pott, but has for more than two centuries been almost uniformly Potts.

This record opens with Jonas Potts who, according to one family tradition, came to Pennsylvania from England in the seventeenth century. Another tradition, equally as well substantiated, claims that the first American member of the family came to Pennsylvania with William Penn, while a third alleges that the first Potts settlers in Pennsylvania came from Wales, emigrating thence because of religious persecution. All agree that the first settlers were members of the Society of Friends, and Jonas Potts is first noticed in Pennsylvania as a witness to a marriage certificate, that of John Austin and Jane Potts, 9th month 11, 1686. He was a resident of Germantown, Philadelphia county, and vicinity for a number of years, where he sometimes held local offices under the government. He was ranger for the county of Philadelphia, his term of office expiring in 1702, and he also held the office of court sheriff for Germantown at one time. He seems to have been a man of determination, and perhaps of an impetuous temperament, as upon one occasion, in making arrest, it is said that he handled the man so roughly as almost to have killed him. His name appears as a party to several transactions in the purchase and sale of lands in Philadelphia county. It is believed that Jonas Potts was twice married, and that he had children by both marriages, a belief given rise to by David Potts, one of his children, calling Jonas, another child, in a deed, his half brother. Both wives were named Mary, and Jonas Potts may have gone with some of his children to Virginia, and there died. Children of the first marriage of Jonas Potts: 1. David, died in 1768, had two wives (first) Elizabeth Jane, (second) Ann R. 2. Rachel, married in 1719, Joseph Burson. 3. Elizabeth, married in 1719, William Heald. 4. Hannah. Children of his second marriage: 5. Deborah, died 7th month 24, 1718. 6. Jonathan. 7. Jonas, of whom further.

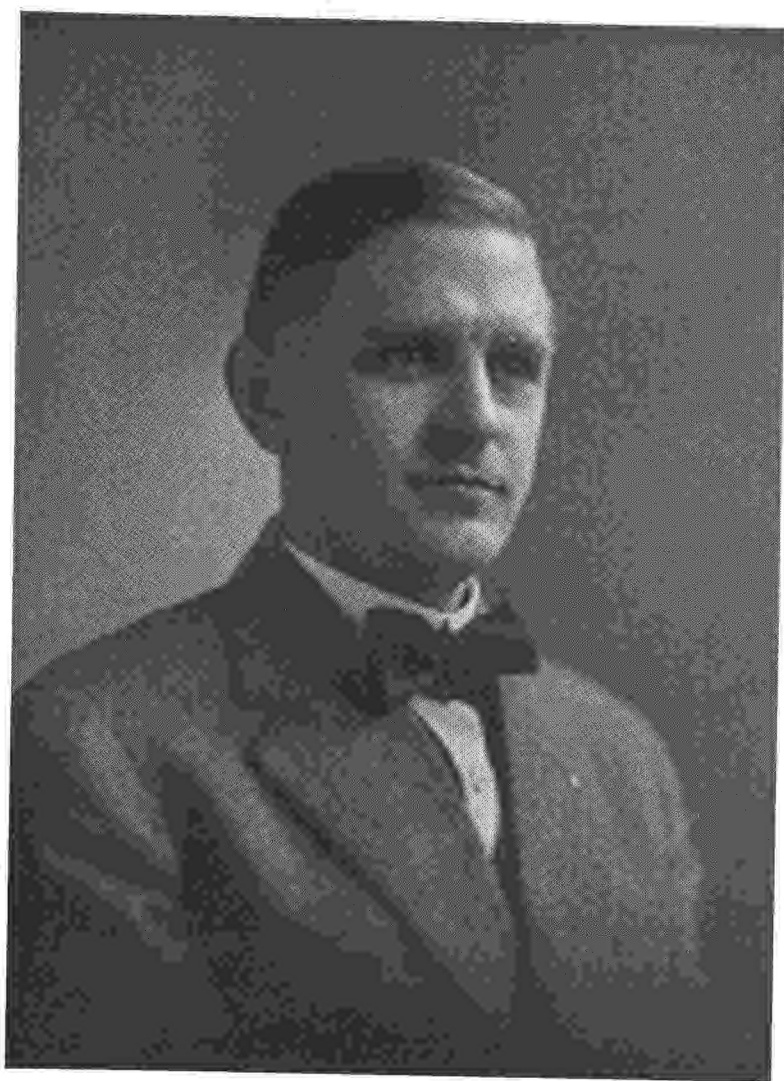
(II) Jonas (2) Potts, son of Jonas (1) and Mary Potts, was born in Pennsylvania, died at Georgetown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, about 1814, at a greatly advanced age. He was a blacksmith by trade and moved to Loudoun county, Virginia, where he purchased 270 acres from David Potts, his half-brother, as appears by deed dated May 8, 1759, and his name appears in connection with many other transfers of land and property. He and all of his children moved to Western Pennsylvania or Eastern Ohio at about the beginning of the nineteenth century, where he and his wife died, he as above stated, she about 1812, and both are buried on Phillips Island, in the Ohio river. He was twice married, his second wife being Mary Heckathorn. Children: 1. Jonathan, of whom further. 2. John,

born in 1752, married, his wife's given name being Susan. 3. David, born in 1757, married Milly Adams. 4. Jonas, died in 1833, had a wife, Hannah. 5. Nathan, born in 1764, married Mary Chamberlin. 6. Joshua, born in 1769, died in 1850, married Milly Suver. 7. Thomas, married Mary Martin. 8. Noah, born in 1772, died in 1856, married Barbara Heckathorn. 9. A daughter, married Richard Hart.

(III) Jonathan Potts, son of Jonas (2) Potts, was born probably in Pennsylvania, about 1744, died in Jefferson county, Ohio. He went with his parents to Virginia, and was a soldier in the Virginia Continental Line in the Revolutionary War. He was a blacksmith by trade, and as he was a landowner, probably supplemented his income by farming. Because of his patriotic service in the revolution he was granted a pension, dated March 17, 1819. He moved from Loudoun county, Virginia, to Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he resided for several years, in 1800 his name appearing in the assessment list for Hanover township, when he is designated as "blacksmith." He married, about 1788, Elizabeth English, who died January 14, 1814. Children of Jonathan and Elizabeth (English) Potts: 1. Joshua, born April 12, 1789, married Catherine Chayser. 2. Thomas, born February 12, 1791, married (first) Rosanna Jackson, (second) Elizabeth Wallace. 3. David, born February 11, 1793, married (first) Susannah Jackson, (second) Margaret Penny. 4. John, born March 6, 1795, married Rebecca Harris. 5. Nathan, born August 6, 1797, met an accidental death by burning. 6. Anna, born June 28, 1799, married John Goodwin. 7. Jonas, born June 15, 1801, married, in 1822, Elizabeth Johnson. 8. Samuel L., of whom further. 9. Mary, born August 1, 1805, married Osmond Ryan. 10. Lydia, born September 28, 1807, married (first) Thomas Rowland, (second) John Cain. 11. William, born February 11, 1810, married (first) Cecelia Hurd, (second) Mary H. Morris. 12. Sarah, born April 13, 1813, died young.

(IV) Samuel L. Potts, seventh son and eighth child of Jonathan and Elizabeth (English) Potts, was born May 2, 1803, died August 31, 1867. He was a merchant and inn-keeper, following these lines in Jefferson and Harrison counties, Ohio. He married, March 29, 1825, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Nancy Barnes. Children of Samuel L. and Elizabeth (Barnes) Potts: 1. Nancy, born September 21, 1826, married Dr. A. H. Taylor; children: Orville, Samuel, Robert, William, Lizzie, Margaret. 2. Jonathan Smith, born May 1, 182—, married Nancy Vandegrift. 3. Elizabeth, born February 9, 1830, died November 8, 1877, married (first) Dr. A. W. Guthrie, (second) John A. Croskey; children, all of first marriage: James D., Elizabeth J., William Potts, Ettie. 4. Dilliann, born October 24, 1831, died March 15, 1856, married Ross J. Roberts; children: Elizabeth E., Samuel R. and Richard. 5. William O., of whom further. 6. Sarah C., born May 16, 1839, died March 1, 1840.

(V) William O. Potts, fifth child and second son of Samuel L. and Elizabeth (Barnes) Potts, was born September 19, 1836. When a young



W. W. Jones.

man, having completed his studies, he became a clerk in his father's store, subsequently leaving this service and becoming a school teacher, an occupation for which his studious nature well prepared him. In 1862 he enlisted in the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment Ohio Volunteers and was made orderly sergeant of Company A, serving in the campaign of Virginia. Just prior to the battle of Gettysburg, he was sent to a hospital on account of disabilities. The rigors of the service and the insufficient nourishment that frequently fell to the lot of the soldiers broke down his constitution, and in November, 1863, he was sent to the Columbian Hospital in Washington, where he was confined by illness until April of the following year, when he was discharged as unfit for service. Returning to his home he rested for a time, recovering his wasted strength and regaining his depleted energies, then obtained a position as clerk in the office of the provost-marshal of his district. Subsequently, from 1865 until 1873, he served Harrison county, Ohio, as deputy auditor and later as auditor, each for a four-year term. Mr. Potts married, June 27, 1871, Ella F., daughter of George L. and Rebecca Wharton. Children of William O. and Ella F. (Wharton) Potts: William Walter, of whom further; Howard Hathaway, born January 18, 1875; Margaret Reed, born October 22, 1879.

(VI) William Walter Potts, eldest child of William O. and Ella F. (Wharton) Potts, was born in Cadiz, Harrison county, Ohio, January 25, 1873. He attended school until he was sixteen years old, and at that age entered the employ of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad, in the Cadiz (Ohio) office, remaining with that road until 1892. In that year he became identified with the First National Bank of Cadiz in the capacity of clerk, a relation existing until 1903, the years from 1897 to 1903 being passed as assistant cashier. The latter year witnessed his introduction to the business world of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, when he assumed the duties of secretary and treasurer of the Federal Title and Trust Company of that place, also taking a place upon its directorate. This is not Mr. Potts' first experience with the methods and transactions of corporations, for during his Ohio residence he assisted in the introducing of independent telephone companies into the region in which he lived, being one of the moving spirits in the organization of the Harrison County Telephone Company, of Cadiz, Ohio, of which he was secretary. He also played an important part in the reorganization of the Cadiz Gas Company, now operating as the Harrison Light and Fuel Company, and remained close to the directors of that company until it was firmly established upon a lucrative basis. Since taking up his residence in Beaver Falls he has become a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and holds membership in the Tamaqua Club; is also a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Parian Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a charter member; Cadiz Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Beaver Valley Commandery, Knights Templar, being a charter member in last three bodies. He and his wife are communicants of the Presby-

terian church and he is a trustee of the church of that denomination at College Hill. Mr. Potts, with an ease and grace that are never lacking in the man who has consorted much with his fellows in responsible capacities, has assumed a place in the business, social, religious, and fraternal life of his city that is unusual for one of comparatively recent residence, and all doors of the city's life are open to him in welcome. He is a Christian gentleman, competent in every way to be adjudged a representative citizen of Beaver Falls.

He married at Cadiz, Ohio, February 17, 1904, Maisie G., daughter of H. B. and Mary Jane (Simmons) Law, her father a druggist of Cadiz, Ohio. Children: William Law, born March 25, 1907; Richard Bradshaw, born May 29, 1909.

The history of the German family of Miller in the United States is confined to two generations whose active lives have been lived with that country as the scene of their endeavors, although three generations have made their home upon its soil, the grandfather of Albert Miller having come thither to spend his latter days among his children, his wife having passed to her rest while they were residents of Wurtemberg, Germany. He was a farmer, had saved a comfortable competence in his home land, and to relieve the loneliness and dreariness of his life in the years when his mind could no longer be diverted from his cares by strenuous labor, he sought the homes of his children in the United States, dying in Wooster, Ohio, at the advanced age of ninety-four years. Although he survived his wife so many years, each was made happy for him by the loving attendance of his children, who eased for him the descending plane of life, lavishing upon him the tender, thoughtful care so craved by those of many years. He was the father of: 1. George, the first of the family to come to the United States, a farmer near Kittanning, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, where he died. 2. Catherine Rough, who lived in Wooster, Ohio, in whose home her father spent his last years. 3. John F., of whom further.

(II) John F. Miller was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, in 1824, died in Smiths Ferry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1861. His home was in his native land until he was fifteen years of age, and it was in the schools of that country that he received a sound, thorough elementary education, his studies being discontinued when he came to the United States in 1839. Pennsylvania was the objective point of his voyage, and he settled in Beaver, Beaver county. The necessity of making a living compelled a hurried choice of a vocation and he decided upon the trade of shoemaker, arranging terms for serving an apprenticeship with Robert Tallon, a boot and shoe maker of that place, with him learning the trade. He then established a shop of his own, and so carefully and skillfully was all of his work performed that he was deluged with custom, being forced

to employ first one, then two, and finally eight men to supply the needs of the locality both in repairing and in making footwear. In 1851 the home of the family was made at Smith's Ferry, his residence and place of business until his death, a decade later. Both he and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. He married Mary Camp, born on the ocean, her parents being en route to the United States from Germany, in 1831, died in May, 1910. She was a daughter of Michael Camp, a native of Germany, a shoemaker by trade, who in 1831 settled in Philadelphia. The pursuit of his trade took him to Beaver, Pennsylvania, where the death of his wife occurred, when she was seventy years of age, he dying in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, aged seventy-five years. Michael Camp was the father of: 1. Michael, proprietor of the Pavilion Hotel in Rochester, Pennsylvania, where he died. 2. Mary, of previous mention, married John F. Miller. 3. Margaret, married Joshua Dawson; lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania. 4. Catherine, married Joseph Frick; lived in Salem, Ohio, both deceased. 4. Barbara, married James Robinson, deceased; lived in Bridgewater, Pennsylvania. 6. Martin, a bricklayer, lives in Chicago, Illinois. 7. Christ, twin of Martin, lived and died in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. 8. Henry, a grocer and shoemaker; lived in Smith's Ferry, Pennsylvania. 9. John, a soldier in the Union army during the Civil War, was killed in action. Children of John F. and Mary (Camp) Miller: 1. Albert, of whom further. 2. Margaret, married John Fisher; lives in West Bridgewater, Pennsylvania. 3. Matilda, married Schuyler Frazier; lives in Philadelphia, where he is superintendent of a chemical manufactory. 4. George, died aged five years, the victim of an attack of diphtheria. 5. William, died of the same disease as his brother George, aged three years. 6. John F., a brush manufacturer; lives in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

(III) Albert Miller, eldest of the six children of John F. and Mary (Camp) Miller, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 21, 1851. When he was ten years of age the death of his father made him the male head of the family, and thus early in life he began to prove his mettle by assuming his share of the responsibility of the support of the family, procuring a job driving horses engaged in drilling oil wells. Thus early in life did he become a bread winner and his labors for his mother and younger brothers and sisters was never relaxed until death claimed the former and the latter became self-supporting. In 1869 he started to learn the machinist's trade in the machine-shop of Robert White & Brother, remaining in their employ for two years, finishing his term of apprenticeship with Maxwell & Porter, both being Allegheny City (Pittsburgh North Side) firms. An accredited journeyman of his trade, he sought and obtained employment in a chain factory at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he remained for two years, the five following years being spent in the employ of the Harmony Society in the Beaver Falls Power Works, where he was foreman machinist. He then traced a wide triangle across the country, going to Marshall, Texas, for a year working in the shops of the Texas Pacific railroad, then to Chi-

cago, Illinois, where he was located for two years, and finally, in 1882 to Beaver Falls, there becoming associated with the Love Sewing Machine Company, of Rochester. The next eighteen years of his life were spent as foreman for Knott, Harker & Company, the Keystone Driller Company obtaining his services at the end of that time as foreman of the machine department, a position he holds to the present time. While in years Mr. Miller has just passed the prime of life, measured by events he is a patriarch indeed. Called from his studies at an early age, he accepted with manly courage the duties imposed upon him, gave of his earnings to the needs of the family, and as a boy began upon a life of activity and toil that has fully shown his worth. He wasted no precious time in railing at adverse fortune, but marshaled his forces and stormed the ramparts of the world, and in the half century that he has been one of the men who "do things" has gathered, besides a comfortable competence, a wealth of experience closed to those whose way in life is sheltered and a knowledge of the manners and natures of his fellows inaccessible but to those who meet men in the busy life of the industrial world. He has been measured by the standard of those who are the life of that world, and has not been found waiting. Mr. Miller is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to lodge and chapter, and also affiliates with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Knights of Pythias. His political convictions are formed independent of party ties, and with his wife he is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

He married (first) in 1875, Sarah Powers, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, died 1880; (second) January 25, 1882, Mary, born at Darlington, Pennsylvania, daughter of Nathan and Ann McCowin, of that place. By his first marriage Albert Miller was the father of one child, Nellie, who died aged nine months. By his second marriage he has one child, Jean.

Nathan McCowin was a son of Samuel McCowin, whose parents were natives of Ireland. They came to the United States about 1795 and settled in the territory that was later incorporated as a part of Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. They cleared a farm from the woods that grew upon their tract and there passed the remainder of their lives. They were the parents of: 1. John, a farmer of Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 2. James, lived in Newcastle, Pennsylvania. 3. Josiah, a farmer of Darlington township, Beaver county. 4. William, lived on the homestead in Lawrence county. 5. Samuel, of whom further. 6. Thompson, lived in Enon Valley, Pennsylvania. 7. Harvey, also lived on the homestead. 8. Allen, a farmer of Lawrence county. 9. Margaret, married a Mr. Gibson.

Samuel McCowin was born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, 1802, died June 1, 1879. He grew to manhood on his father's farm and in early life was there employed. For one year he lived in Mercer county, but returned to Lawrence county as soon as possible, not being attracted by the first named place. In 1841 he came to Darlington township, Beaver county, entering into negotiations for the purchase of the land of the Canal Coal Company, finding, after one payment had been made on the purchase price,

that a clear title could not be obtained. He then bought one hundred and fifteen acres in the same township from Mr. Hughes, making payment by working for him at exceedingly low rates, and lived there the remainder of his years. He here raised sheep in large quantities, besides his farming operations, and became a prominent man in the community, as a Whig and Republican holding all of the local offices, with his wife holding membership in the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife, Margaret, was a daughter of John Corry, of German descent, who was a farmer in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children of John Corry: 1. Washington, inherited and lived on the homestead. 2. Nathan, lived in Darlington township, Beaver county. 3. Mattie, married a Mr. Duggan. 4. Betsey. 5. Polly. 6. Belinda. 7. Barbara. 8. Sallie. 9. Margaret, of previous mention, married Samuel McCowin. 10. Rebecca, married John Mahon. Children of Samuel and Margaret (Corry) McCowin. 1. Polly, married Dickson Minor; lived in Darlington township, Beaver county, both deceased. 2. John, a riverman, died in New Orleans, Louisiana, just prior to the Civil War, the victim of an attack of cholera. 3. James, deceased, was a farmer. 4. Josiah, deceased; was a laborer. 5. Nathan, of previous mention, a railway engineer and later a contracting painter of Beaver Falls; married Ann — and was the father of Mary McCowin, wife of Albert Miller by his second marriage. 6. William, deceased; was a farmer of Montana, where he died. 7. Allen, deceased; was a farmer of Darlington township, prosperous in his business. 8. Thompson, deceased; was a railroad employee of New Jersey, his death occurring in that state. 9, 10 and 11. Washington, Dixon and Samuel, all died in infancy, death caused by a contagious disease. 12. Martha, married William Aikens; lives in Darlington township, Beaver county. 13. Harvey, born April 24, 1839; lives on a farm in Darlington township, Beaver county. 14. Elizabeth, married Alexander Anderson, both deceased. 15. Anna, married Joseph Davis, both deceased. 16. Margaret, married William Sykes; lives in St. Louis, Missouri. 17. Rebecca, died aged three years, death resulting from scarlet fever.

John Goll is a member of a family typical of the strong German GOLL stock which forms so large and so substantial a factor in the population of Pennsylvania. His parents were both natives of Germany and came separately to the United States where they met and were eventually married.

(I) John Goll, Sr., was born in the "Fatherland," October 5, 1841, and came to this country, an orphan, when only fourteen years of age. With him came two brothers, Jacob and William, both now deceased, and a half-sister, Rosa. They settled in Economy, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. John Goll soon engaged in the meat business and was butcher for the Economite Society for a time. On January 1, 1870, he married Margaret Shallenberger, daughter of Michael and Barbara (Keener) Shallenberger, who had come

from Germany, where their daughter Margaret was born April 26, 1851, and settled first in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, finally removing to a farm in Beaver county, near New Gallilee, where they both died. The wedding of Mr. Goll to Miss Shallenberger took place in New Gallilee, after which they went to West Bridgewater, Beaver county, which they made their residence and where Mr. Goll continued his business of butcher for forty years, and which is still carried on under the name of Goll & Sons. Mr. Goll Sr. was a Democrat in politics. He and his family were members of the German Lutheran church. To them were born twelve children, ten of whom are living, as follows: 1. William, of West Bridgewater, Beaver county, engaged in the business of hauling and transporting merchandise; married Minnie Smith; children: Mabel, Thelma, Anna. 2. Albert, now with the Phoenix Glass Company; married Ella Bradley; child, Margaret. 3. Frank, a member of the firm of Goll & Sons; married Lovetta McKee; children: Laura, Edith, Bertha, Helen R. 4. Charles, a farmer in Big Beaver township; married Mary Campbell; children: Catherine, Dorothy, Charlotte. 5. Walter, employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad; resides at West Bridgewater; unmarried. 6. John, see forward. 7. George, a member of the firm of Goll & Sons; unmarried. 8. Edward, now head butcher with Boyle & Patterson, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; unmarried. 9. Harry, a butcher at Woodlawn, Beaver county; married Blanche Baker; child, John Edward. 10. Elsie Blanche, married S. C. Holland; resides in Bridgewater, Pennsylvania.

(II) John (2) Goll, son of John (1) Goll, was born in West Bridgewater, Pennsylvania, February 18, 1879. He obtained his education in the public schools of his native town, and upon the completion of his studies entered the employ of his father in his butcher's business and eventually engaged in the grocery business which he has followed for the past seventeen years, which now has its home on Market street, West Bridgewater, the same street upon which Mr. Goll's residence is situated. Mr. Goll is much interested in public affairs and is active in politics. He is a member of the Democratic party, and has three times been elected a member of the council. He is prominent in fraternal circles and is a member of Knights of Pythias, No. 265, of West Bridgewater, and of Beaver Lodge, No. 366, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of West Bridgewater.

Mr. Goll married, January 17, 1900, Dora Anderson, daughter of John O. and Charlotte (Johnson) Anderson, of Warren county, Pennsylvania, where she was born March 2, 1879. To Mr. and Mrs. Goll have been born two children, Laura Charlotte, December 7, 1900, Mildred Eleanor, November 19, 1906. Mr. Goll and the members of his family are communicants of the Presbyterian church.

Since the time when Prussia acknowledged the sovereignty of the King of Poland, the Balzers have been residents of that region, and have played well their part, whether it called them to high or low degree, in the history of that land. This record

has its genesis with Conrad and Margaretta (Fisher) Balzer, who spent their entire lives in Fulda, province of Hesse-Nassau, Germany. They were, as have been all the members of the family, strict adherents to the Roman Catholic faith. Children: 1. Andrew Henry, of whom further. 2. Nicholas, married in his native land, came to the United States with his wife, settled in Baltimore, Maryland, and there died. 3. Margaretta, came to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to join her brother, Henry, accompanied by her fiance, John Baptiste Balzer (not a relative), and they were married soon after, her husband becoming a glass worker. In 1879 John Baptiste Balzer and his family moved to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he was one of the founders of the Co-operative Glass Works and one of the stockholders. He died in Beaver Falls, August 27, 1905, his wife dying in the same place, June 27, 1903. Their children, all married and living in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania: John, Charles, a member of the police force, Andrew, and Tina Meyer.

(II) Andrew Henry Balzer, son of Conrad and Margaretta (Fisher) Balzer, was born in Fulda, province of Hesse-Nassau, Prussia, Germany, died in Crawford county, Pennsylvania. He grew to manhood in his native land and became a farmer on one of the large estates in the region where he lived, and there married. His was the most adventurous spirit of the family and, being convinced that in seeking a new home he could lose nothing, for there was little opportunity for advancement in his native land, and that he might improve his condition, about 1845 he and his family immigrated to the United States. They settled in Pittsburgh, and Henry Balzer obtained employment in a brickyard, at wages so greatly in advance of any paid in the homeland that the rest of his near relatives decided to try their fortunes in the United States, and came thither as before described, landing in this country April 27, 1852. Henry Balzer left Pittsburgh about 1860 and returned to the occupation to which he had been reared, farming, purchasing land in Crawford county, where he died. His agricultural pursuits were richly rewarded, as he was a farmer whose operations had been conducted at first on a tract of land that was little more than a large garden, and the bountiful returns the soil yielded him astounded his neighbors, who planted and reaped in a manner that, in comparison with his, was prodigal. He and his family were Roman Catholics, regular and devout in their devotions. His wife was a native of Germany, in which country they were married; among his children was Henry (2), of whom further.

(III) Henry (2) Balzer, son of Henry (1) Balzer, was born in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, died near Erie, Erie county, Pennsylvania. His early life was spent on the home farm in Crawford county, and after attaining maturity he married, he and his wife starting their married life on a small farm in Erie county, Pennsylvania, near the city of Erie, and there remained all of their lives. His wife's name was Barbara Beam. One of their children was Henry, the third of the line to bear the name.

(IV) Henry (3) Balzer, son of Henry (2) and Barbara (Beam) Balzer, was born in Erie, Erie county, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1883.

His youth was passed in that place and his education obtained in St. Michael's parochial school, which institution he left when he was sixteen years of age to learn the carpenter's trade, and after mastering that occupation he was employed in numerous places. In 1906 he and his family came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and after being employed for a time as a journeyman he branched out into contracting, in which line of business he continues at the present time. He is a graduate of the right school to be successful in his work, that of practical experience and hard labor, and he possesses the proper proportions of courage and initiative to make it certain that those who compete with him in the arena of business will find an opponent well worthy of their most highly tempered steel. He is alert, energetic, and active, always looking for opportunities to work with profit and finding many such. His political judgment favors the Democratic party, and with this organization he casts his vote, affiliating with the church of his fathers, the Roman Catholic. His home is at No. 412 East Sixteenth street, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Balzer married, November 28, 1906, Christina, born near Sim-
 eratz, Germany, July 23, 1887, daughter of William and Gertrude (Tates)
 Huppertz, her father born near the town of her birth December 4, 1854,
 her mother born in the same place May 29, 1857. William Huppertz was
 a shoemaker in his native land, and after his immigration to the United
 States in 1888 was employed in a pottery in Tarentum, Pennsylvania, for
 six months, later moving to Beaver Falls. For the ten following years he
 was connected with the Beaver Falls Chemical Works, and he then pur-
 chased seventy-two acres of land in Brighton township, farming for two
 years. For some reason this occupation was distasteful to him and he sold his
 property, returning to Beaver Falls and obtaining a position in the shovel
 factory, where he is employed at the present time. Children of William and
 Gertrude (Tates) Huppertz: 1. Joseph, died aged ten weeks. 2. Joseph,
 died in infancy. 3. Mary, lives at home, unmarried. 4. Christina, of pre-
 vious mention, married Henry (3) Balzer. 5. Charles, married Christina
 Mallick, and is employed in the pottery at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 6.
 Gertrude, died in infancy. 7. Joseph, died aged seven months. 8. August,
 a carpenter, unmarried. 9. Theresa, aged eighteen years, lives at home.
 10. William, aged fourteen years. 11. Elizabeth, aged thirteen years. 12.
 Cecelia, died aged ten months, the victim of an attack of whooping cough.
 Children of Henry (3) and Christina (Huppertz) Balzer: 1. Frederick
 William, born February 12, 1908, was drowned by falling into a tub full of
 water on June 7, 1909. 2. Carl Joseph, born January 9, 1910. 3. Gertrude,
 born August 12, 1911. 4. Girard Henry, born August 5, 1913.

The name of Patterson is one of the noted ones in the
 PATTERSON annals of our country, were it only for the patriotism
 displayed by William Patterson, during the trying times
 of the American Revolution. His deeds at that time are a matter of his-

torical record and need not be entered into in detail at this point. His beautiful daughter became known the world over for her romantic marriage with a member of the house of Bonaparte. William Patterson was a great-uncle of Harry Clay Patterson, now residing in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(I) Gawin Patterson, the American ancestor of the branch of the Patterson family here under consideration, was born in county Antrim, Ireland, and sailed for America in 1799, leaving Belfast, Ireland, May 4, and arriving at Albany, New York, July 4, of that year. He had one sister, Sallie, who died in Ireland, and eleven brothers, the greatest number of whom were sea captains and finally were lost at sea. Gawin Patterson remained in Albany some five or six years, then removed to Philadelphia, where he built himself a home on Arch street. He was a builder by trade and very comfortable in his circumstances. He established the first mill in Philadelphia which manufactured the tanks provided to carry fresh water in sea-going vessels. He married Jane McCann, born in county Down, Ireland, who was of the Presbyterian faith; they are both buried in Philadelphia. They had children: James, see forward; Sallie, who came to Beaver Falls with her brother James, there married William Harrison, and died, March 10, 1888; Samuel, who died of yellow fever in the South at the age of sixteen years.

(II) James, son of Gawin and Jane (McCann) Patterson, was born in county Down, Ireland, March 4, 1799, died September 18, 1876. He was just two months old when his parents emigrated with him to America. He grew up to be a self-willed little lad, and one day, when he was about five years of age, while shooting at a target, he jumped across a ditch. In doing this he tripped, fell, and broke his ankle. He returned to his home but hid under the table for the remainder of the day, bearing the pain bravely and silently, as he feared if the accident were discovered he would be sent to bed, a proceeding he intensely disliked. When he was finally discovered and the doctor summoned, the ankle had swollen to such an extent that it could not be properly set, and the result was a slight lameness with which he was affected throughout his life. With this exception, he was a vigorous, robust man, of untiring energy and ambition. It was about 1805 that the family removed to Philadelphia, where Mr. Patterson attended the common schools for a time, but he was mainly a self-educated man. His reading was of a wide and diversified character, and by the time he had reached middle age, his wonderful memory caused him to be considered a man of an unusually fine education. In his early manhood in Philadelphia he had learned the cotton milling business, and at the age of twenty-five years he made a trip to Europe for his health and to broaden his education. After his return to the United States he removed to Beaver county about 1827, and there purchased one thousand three hundred acres of land at the falls of the Beaver river, taking in the ground on which the main part of Beaver Falls is now located; also owned the ground on which the New Brighton

Cemetery is now located, and by this means controlled the water power. He had the machinery for a cotton mill installed, and erected a flour mill, shipping his products by way of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and the Gulf of Mexico. The following year his family came, the mode of travel being by means of two carriages and a sufficient number of Conestoga wagons, across the mountains. Mr. Patterson operated his cotton mill continuously until 1856, at which time he sold it to a New York firm. At the time of the great famine in Ireland, Mr. Patterson bought large quantities of corn which he kiln dried and ground in his mills, and shipped to Ireland, solely at his own expense. He had considerable trouble in proving his title to the land he had purchased, and on which Beaver Falls now stands, but finally won. His attorney was former Secretary of State Stanton. He was connected with all the important business enterprises of the time in Beaver county, and he was associated with ex-Governor Todd, of Ohio, in the ownership and management of the cannel coal mines in Darlington township and built a railroad in order to have better transportation facilities. During the Civil War he held the office of assessor for the Draft Commission. He was a Whig and Abolitionist, and later took a prominent part in the deliberations of the Republican party. He and his family were members of the Presbyterian church, and he was one of the leading spirits in forwarding the educational movement, built the first school in Beaver Falls, and personally defrayed the cost of teaching.

Mr. Patterson married Eliza Large, born in Lancashire, England, June 4, 1804, died April 17, 1878. She was the daughter of Daniel and Mary (Morehouse) Large, both born in Lancashire, England, and married there. He was a machinist by trade, which had been the calling of the male members of his family for many generations. In 1809 they emigrated to America, landing at Philadelphia, in which city they were residents all their lives. He was considered one of the best machinists in the city, and they were members of the Episcopal church. They had children: William, a machinist, lived in Fallston, Pennsylvania; Daniel, died young; Christian, lived in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; Horatio, was a contracting builder, and one of the buildings constructed by him was the schoolhouse on Eleventh street; Eliza, mentioned above as the wife of Mr. Patterson; several other children whose names are not on record. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson had children: Mary, who died in 1911, married Daniel H. Stone, of Beaver, Pennsylvania; Conrad, born September 9, 1832, is a retired farmer and canal constructor, and lives in Patterson Heights, Pennsylvania; Charles, deceased, lived in Beaver Falls; James, died young; Sallie H., unmarried, lives with her brother, Harry Clay; Elizabeth, died in infancy; Jane, died in infancy; Harry Clay, see forward; Samuel, deceased, was a prominent merchant, and associated with his brother Harry Clay for many years in Beaver Falls.

(III) Harry Clay Patterson, son of James and Eliza (Large) Patterson, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 16, 1838. His early education was acquired partly in the public schools of

Beaver Falls, partly under the home tuition of his father and mother, and he then become a student at the Beaver Academy, under Prof. Coulter, and later at Sewickley, under the direction of Joseph Trevila. Until he entered the army he was for the most part engaged in farming. In July, 1862, he became a member of Company E, Captain Vera, One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, Colonel Quay commanding, and served nine months. Later his brother Samuel became captain of Company E. Mr. Patterson re-enlisted and was sent to Cumberland, Maryland, with the Fifty-sixth Pennsylvania Militia. Upon the re-organization of the regiment of his first enlistment, he was elected quartermaster sergeant, but he soon did full duty as quartermaster. When he enlisted a second time, he was commissioned second lieutenant. Following is a partial list of the battles in which he was an active participant: Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville. He was mustered out in the fall of 1863. In association with his brother Samuel he had started a general store in Beaver Falls in 1860, under the firm name of H. C. & S. R. Patterson, and this was located in a brick building opposite the First National Bank. At the close of the war they resumed these business operations, this time where the "Tribune" office is now located, and for many years carried on the largest and most profitable mercantile business in the town. Subsequently they erected a block at the corner of Seventh avenue and Ninth street, having one store devoted exclusively to the sale of footwear, and the adjoining store for the sale of groceries. The death of Samuel Patterson was a great shock to his brother, whose health commenced to fail, and he sold out his business in 1897. Since that time he has retired from active business life. He makes his home at No. 910 Eighth avenue, Beaver Falls, where his sister Sallie, who is also unmarried, presides over his household. Their winters are usually spent in Florida. They attend the Episcopal church, and Mr. Patterson is a Republican, giving his ardent support to the Quay party. He is a member of the blue lodge, chapter and commandery of the Masonic fraternity. He and his father were largely interested in real estate, the latter owning at one time, as before stated, practically the entire ground on which Beaver Falls is now located. During the great fire in Pittsburgh, he lost about thirty-seven thousand dollars worth of cotton goods, and for that reason was obliged to part with a quantity of his real property. They were also the owners of the four hundred acres which formed the nucleus of Patterson Heights, which fashionable suburb of Beaver Falls was named after the Patterson family. The present residence was erected by Mr. Patterson in 1888.

In the gathering of nationalities which is to be found in the BEISEL United States, the German element has always exerted a beneficial and wide-spread influence. The sturdy men of that nationality, who came to the shores of this country, were imbued with a stern

sense of right and a deep patriotism, qualities which they have transmitted to their descendants, greatly to the advantage of the land of their adoption. The Beisel family is no exception to this rule. This family has been resident in the United States for a number of generations, and its branches are now to be found throughout the Union. David Beisel, a resident of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, for many years, had two sons: Frederick and Henry Bearer.

Henry Bearer Beisel was born in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, August 19, 1813, died in Rochester, 1886. He was educated in the public schools of Harrisburg, and at a suitable age was apprenticed to learn the tinner's trade, with which he was identified throughout his life. He removed to Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, from there to Clearfield, then to New Brighton, and finally to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, coming to the latter town in 1868. In all of these places he followed his trade successfully. His thorough and practical understanding of his business enabled him to manage it on economic principles, and as time passed he found himself in possession of a comfortable competence as the result of his well directed efforts. In all his business transactions his reputation was unassailable, and in every relation of life his character was above reproach. He was a great temperance advocate, being one of the pioneer workers in this field. His political support was given to the Democratic party, and he served as a justice of the peace in New Brighton. Wherever he lived his influence was felt for the good of the community. Upon the outbreak of the Civil War he was commissioned a colonel in the regular army, but by reason of ill health was unable to go to the front. He was a member of the Methodist church. In the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he had been a member for many years, he had passed three chairs. Public-spirited to a degree, he often neglected his own interests to serve those of the community.

Mr. Beisel married (first) September 18, 1833, Jane Eliza McKee, born in Bellefonte, Center county, Pennsylvania, who died March 29, 1844. He married (second) February 16, 1846, Mary Stephenson Irvin, born at Clearfield, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, 1828, died May 28, 1861. He married (third) January 16, 1868, Margaret (Lehmer) Donnelly, born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, November 9, 1830, widow of Robert L. Donnelly, and daughter of George and Rachel (Shea) Lehmer. George Lehmer was a farmer and hotel keeper in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and about the year 1840 removed to Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he also engaged in the hotel business with which he was identified until obliged to abandon it by reason of advancing age. He retired and settled in Rochester, Beaver county, where in 1858 he moved into a house now at the corner of Madison street and Delaware avenue, in which his death occurred. By his first marriage Mr. Beisel had children: 1. Jonathan Kearsley, who died in New Brighton in 1858 at the age of twenty-four years. 2. Elizabeth Ann, born in Clearfield, June 4, 1836; married Thomas J. Cooper. 3. Alphonso Blake, born January 13, 1838, died in Carlisle, Penn-

sylvania. 4. Catherine Susannah, died August 28, 1846, at the age of six years. By the second marriage he had: 5. Frederick Valentine, born April 29, 1847, died in June, 1890. 6. Harry Venemon, born September 19, 1849, died December 10, 1864, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, from the effects of exposure while a drummer in the Union army during the Civil War. 7. Charles Miller, born July 2, 1852, died March 17, 1912, at Haysville, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. 8. Cora Ada, born August 27, 1855, died October 8, 1860. 9. Anna Bertha, born January 28, 1858, died September 28, 1881; married Avery Graham, and left three sons. 10. Carrie Emma, born December 9, 1860; married Thomas P. Toynbee, and lives in Haysville, Pennsylvania. Children of third marriage: 11. Luella, born in Rochester, February 12, 1869, died in the same town, March 25, 1875. 12. Margaretta, born December 17, 1870; married Harry C. Foerstige, lives in West Bridgewater, and has two children: Virginia Margaret and Joseph Lehmer. 13. Mary Eva, born March 4, 1874; married John Walter Hunter, an insurance agent, lives in Rochester, and has children: James Lehmer, Margaret Elizabeth, Mary Ruth. Mrs. Beisel, widow of Henry Beader Beisel, is now eighty-three years of age and is of a vigorous mentality which would do credit to a woman her junior by twenty years. She is of a charitable nature and her kindly disposition makes her the center of a large circle of friends.

The pride of America is in her selfmade men; the possibilities which she offers to her citizens is one of her greatest sources of growth and strength, and in return for the advantages which she extends she receives the loyal devotion of those who find homes and protection under the starry emblem of the republic. John H. Bishop, of Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, is among those of foreign birth who have advanced to a position of local prominence and achieved a competence.

John H. Bishop was born in England. Becoming early orphaned, he came to America at the age of nineteen years. Since that time he has resided in Beaver county or its vicinity. While still in England he had learned to become an engineer, both for stationary and steamboat purposes, and upon coming to this country he was fully able to accept a position as steamboat engineer on the Ohio river. He was occupied in this capacity until a very few years prior to his death, when by reason of ill health he was obliged to abandon this occupation. He then established himself in the furniture business, but this not being to his liking he became a boiler inspector, in which capacity he was active until very shortly before his death. This occurred January 8, 1883. His church affiliations were with the Baptist denomination, and he was a member of the order of Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. During the Civil War he had many thrilling experiences while in the discharge of his engineering

duties. He was obliged to run his boat past the Confederate lines in order to get goods to Memphis and other southern points.

Mr. Bishop married (first) a Miss Bell and had two sons, both now deceased, and both of whom grew to manhood and married. He married (second) 1876, Mrs. Electa A. (Johnson) Hart, daughter of William and Harriet Johnson and widow of John Wolf Hart, who was a son of John and Esther (Wolf) Hart, born on Stones Point, now within the borough limits of Rochester, Pennsylvania. When a young man he took up ship carpentering, having learned the trade with his father; this he followed for several years and was also a clerk on the Ohio river boats for several years; in company with a Mr. John Whistler they operated the first shipyard in this section of Pennsylvania; their yard was located at Bowlesville and they built many of the canal boats that plied on the Ohio and Beaver rivers. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Hart: John W., a plumber, who lives in McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania; Edward P., overseer of the Carey Furnace, who lives in East Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Bishop had children: 1. Bertha B., married Harry Myers, and lives in Wellsville, Ohio. 2. Sylvia Electa, married Charles Myers, and lives in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Hallie Johnson (Mrs. St. Clair), lives with her mother and has her two children with her, Charles and Herbert. Mrs. Bishop was born in East Liberty, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1844, and was but two or three years of age when her parents removed to Rochester, Beaver county, and has resided in Rochester since that time. Upon coming to Rochester, her father was at first overseer of a starch factory, then the proprietor of Johnson's Hotel for a period of ten years, and finally took up landscape gardening.

This is a name which has borne an honorable part in the development of the state of Pennsylvania, as well as of other states of the Union, and is still borne untarnished by its representatives in present generations. While not occurring as frequently as some others, it has borne its full share in the spread of civilization. By marriage it has become allied to several other leading families. The family traces its descent to Welsh ancestry, and the hardihood, endurance and other sterling qualities of the Welsh race have been inherited in rich measure by the descendants in the United States.

(I) Joseph Reeves, who was of Welsh extraction, was a resident of Mount Holly, New Jersey, where his father lies buried in the Episcopal Cemetery.

(II) Joseph (2) Reeves, son of Joseph (1) Reeves, was born in Mount Holly, New Jersey, July 5, 1758. He married Elizabeth Toy, born in Mount Holly, New Jersey, July 5, 1758. She was the daughter of Daniel and Sarah (Bennett) Toy, residents of Mount Holly, whose other children were: Frederick, born November 16, 1759; John, January 25, 1764; Daniel, February 15, 1766; Mary, February 9, 1769. Mr. and Mrs. Reeves had chil-

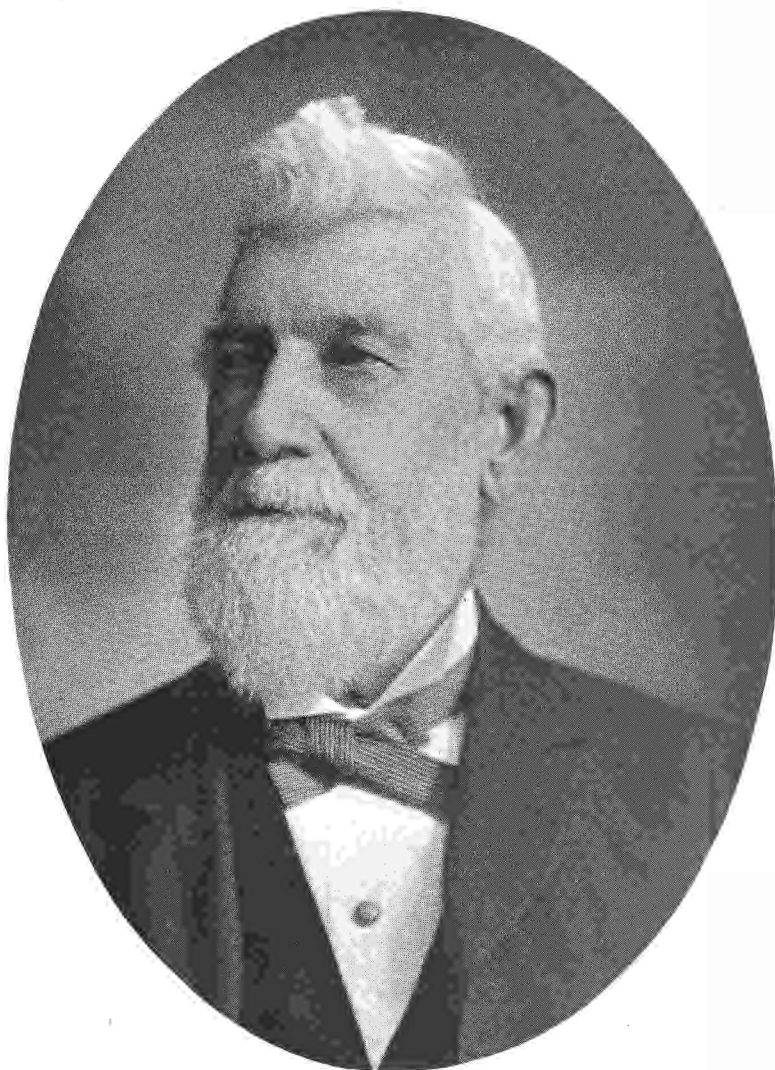
dren: Daniel, of further mention; John, unmarried, who was drowned in the Beaver river while helping to float a raft over the Beaver Falls; Mary, Jane, Hannah, Martha and Sarah, married, and lived in New Jersey.

(III) Daniel Reeves, eldest son of Joseph (2) and Elizabeth (Toy) Reeves, was born at Mount Holly, New Jersey, 1783, and was drowned in the Beaver river, November 30, 1837. He was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade at Mount Holly, his master being Billy Atkins. Mr. Reeves did not like his position, and at the age of nineteen years ran away to Pittsburgh, where he worked for a time as carpenter and cabinetmaker. While working here he met Henry Sims, who had known both Mr. Reeves and his master east of the Allegheny mountains, and Mr. Sims promised not to report his abiding place to the latter, if Mr. Reeves would come with him to Beaver county and there work for him. Mr. Reeves consented to this proposition, and in this manner came to Old Brighton, now Beaver Falls, Beaver county, where he worked in the shop of Mr. Sims, which was located on the bank of the Beaver river. He remained with Mr. Sims until his marriage at the age of twenty-two years, at which time he established himself in business independently. He assisted in the building of the first court house in Beaver county, at Beaver, receiving for this sixty-two and a half cents per day, walking to and from his work, a daily walk of eight miles, so that he could board at home. He erected a large number of houses and barns in Beaver county, one, the house on the old Hugh Marshall farm, which is still standing. He and his family were Episcopalians, and while he never joined the church, he was an earnest and devout Christian man. Like all of his family he was patriotic and enthusiastic in behalf of the adopted land of his family, and enlisted for service during the War of 1812. His gun and other accoutrements were ready, and he was on the point of leaving in order to join his regiment when his daughter Jane was taken ill and was supposedly on her deathbed. Under these circumstances, Benoni Wilkinson, a young man in the employ of Daniel Reeves, volunteered to go as a substitute for Mr. Reeves, and this service was accepted.

Mr. Reeves married, in 1808, Margaret Steen (see Steen II). She was the recipient of an excellent education, having been graduated from Jefferson College, could read Latin, Hebrew and Greek with ease, and would frequently quote from the Catechism. She was by far the best educated woman in the valley in her day. She was a Seceder in religious faith, very strict in the observance of her religion, and so well informed on theological matters that she was able to overcome in argument the preachers who frequently came to discuss religious affairs with her, and obtain the benefit of her profound studies. It is to her that her son, John Reeves, is mainly indebted for his fine and thorough education. Mrs. Reeves was born in Canonsburg, Washington county, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1782, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 3, 1844. She removed with her parents to Beaver county in 1804, and they located on what was then known as the Platt farm, near the present site of Beaver Falls. At that time this section was almost

a wilderness. The season after their arrival there Margaret Steen met Daniel Reeves, and the acquaintance then formed ripened into a sincere and lasting affection which culminated in their marriage. They were blessed with children as follows: 1. Eliza, born March 9, 1809, died March 14, 1892; she married, January 1, 1828, Samuel Corbus, a resident of New Brighton, Beaver county, who worked in a wire mill and also in a tool factory. Children: Mary Jane, Thankful, John, Margaret, Daniel, Jesse, Elizabeth. 2. Mary Jane, born May 20, 1811, died April 25, 1884; she married, October 7, 1834, David Whitla, who lived in Old Brighton, removed to a farm near Alliance, Ohio, came to New Brighton, in 1859, and there his death occurred; children: William H., Joseph, Elizabeth, Amanda, Esther, Margaret Ann, Daniel R., John, Henry Reeves. 3. Valeria, born March 27, 1814, died February 18, 1867; she married, October 8, 1834, William Carter, and lived in New Brighton, where he was a paper manufacturer until he retired from business; children: Charles, Adelaide, Margaret, Elizabeth, John. 4. Joseph, born February 16, 1818, died July 2, 1876; he lived in New Brighton, and was a conductor on the old Fort Wayne railroad; he married, July 4, 1843, Sarah McGahey; children: Mary Jane, Eliza, Margaret, John B., James J. 5. Esther, born September 29, 1820, died 1853; she married, July 8, 1841, Henry Hipple, a carpenter, and lived in New Brighton; children: James, deceased; William; Margaret, deceased; Thankful, deceased. 6. Matthew, born February 14, 1823, died March 31, of the same year. 7. John, of further mention. 8. Henry Taylor, born October 14, 1827, died November 16, 1889, in Jacksonville, Florida, whither he had gone in search of health; he was a prominent and successful man of business in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, for many years; from 1856 until 1865 he was associated with his brother John in the mercantile business in New Brighton, Pennsylvania; he was a devout Christian and a member of the Methodist Protestant church; he married, October 27, 1857, Sarah Jane Haines; children: Harry W., born April 21, 1860; Martha Jane, April 27, 1862; Walter, March 8, 1864, died February 24, 1885; Romulus L. B., January 1, 1866; Albert, June 21, 1868, died July 30, 1877.

(IV) John Reeves, third son and seventh child of Daniel and Margaret (Steen) Reeves, was born February 9, 1825, at Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, the town at that time being known as Old Brighton. His parents' house was located between what was then the Newcastle road and Walnut street, about where Eighth street now meets the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad right of way. Mr. Reeves deserves more than ordinary credit for the fine education he now possesses, as his opportunities for attending school in his early youth were very limited. He was but twelve years of age at the time of the death of his father, and for two months he had attended a private school in charge of the Quaker meeting, and under the direct supervision of a Mr. Consort. For a period of a few months he also attended a private school on what is now Patterson Heights. But his main and most beneficial instruction was obtained at the hands of his mother,



John Reeves

a very gifted and well-read woman, and this he has supplemented in the course of his long and active life by well chosen reading and study along lines which most appealed to him. From the time he was eleven years of age he was actively engaged in work of various kinds. At that time he worked during the farm seasons—spring, summer and fall—three years being spent on the farm of David Coup, 1836-38. During these years he slept in a loft, rose at daybreak each day, and was obliged to chop wood during each meal hour, so that he would lose no time. After leaving Mr. Coup he entered the employ of Robinson & Company, who had the paper mills, was a fireman for this concern, and in the discharge of his duties had to shovel one hundred bushels of coal into the furnaces daily, and clean all the grates. For this service he received eleven dollars per month and remained with them two years. His next position was in James Patterson's cotton factory, where he worked as a picker and had charge of the carding room at the time he left. There he received one dollar and fifty cents per week, and was obliged to board himself. However, he worked there until 1841, then obtained a position on the large keel boats which were used in shipping grain for the Patterson Flour Mills. During the winters of 1841-42 Mr. Reeves wheeled staves in Patterson's cooper shops, and he then learned the trade of coopering with James Alexander. In the summer of 1843 he worked on the government "snag boat" cleaning out the Beaver and Ohio rivers. Until 1846 he was engaged in boating operations in summer and in coopering in winter. By this time, having been frugal and economical, he had amassed a considerable capital, and proceeded to invest this in lots in New Brighton. He also built himself a shop there in which he could follow his trade, and made flour barrels until 1852. His boating operations also had not been neglected, and he was the owner of two boats. The railroad having just reached New Brighton, Mr. Reeves saw better possibilities in that direction, and accordingly sold his boats, and became one of the first conductors on the old Fort Wayne railroad, then running between Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and Alliance, Ohio. He followed this occupation three years, and then became station agent at New Brighton. About 1857 he abandoned this occupation and associated himself with his brother, Henry T., in the mercantile business in New Brighton. They opened a general store in New Brighton, which they conducted very successfully until 1865, at which time they sold it, having in the meantime realized fifty thousand dollars. After selling this business Mr. Reeves removed to Beaver Falls. He and his brother then became the agents for the sale of the land where Beaver Falls is now located, which was then owned by the Economites. Their business was transacted under the firm name of H. T. & J. Reeves. They sold the entire city in lots, and in all paid over to the Economites two million dollars. In 1869 Mr. Reeves built the large brick house at No. 1207 Seventh avenue, which he still uses as a winter home, the front of the building being used for the business of the Bank of J. T. Reeves & Company, and he also has a fine summer home on Patterson Heights.

The Economites started the Economy Savings Institution in 1868, and Mr. Reeves was made cashier, a position he held until the bank liquidated in 1893 and paid off all its depositors. The firm of John T. Reeves & Company, Bankers, was established in 1893, the senior member being the son of Mr. Reeves, and is in a very flourishing condition at the present time. Mr. Reeves has been connected with a number of manufacturing enterprises in Beaver Falls, one of them being the manufacture of cutlery, in which he has taken a leading part. Mr. Reeves took matters in hand at a time when the employees of the company were striking and the company was losing money because of the numerous thefts of the employees. He brought four hundred Chinese under contract to Beaver Falls, and reduced the payroll from thirteen thousand to five thousand dollars per month, at the same time producing more goods. Because of the cheaper manner in which these goods were produced they forced several eastern companies out of business, and finally eastern capital made a suitable offer and bought out Mr. Reeves' company. During the Civil War Mr. Reeves enlisted under Captain George Barker to go to Antietam, and enlisted again for state service along the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. He is a devout church member, and has long been on the board of trustees in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Reeves married, March 25, 1847, Cynthia, born December 18, 1821, died September 11, 1907, daughter of John and Mary (Stratton) Murphy, the former born in Ireland about 1785. Children: Daniel F., born May 6, 1848, died March 7, 1867, married Mary E. Smith; Mary A., born November 22, 1849, married James F. Merriman; Ada E., born May 17, 1852, died February 7, 1905, married H. W. Nair; William H., born July 19, 1854, died June 3, 1860; John Charles Fremont, born October 20, 1856, died June 16, 1860; Hannah, born December 20, 1858, married James M. May; Jessie Benton, born August 13, 1861, married W. J. Asdale; John Toy, born November 11, 1863, married Lulu N. Knight; Grace, born September 11, 1866, married George W. Coates; Jacob Henrici, born June 16, 1869, died December 18, 1876.

(The Steen Line.)

The name is of Scandinavian origin, and members of this family figure in early Norse history. In Holland we find the noted artist, Jan Steen. In the sixteenth century the family migrated from Holland to Scotland, and later they went to Ireland. The family have always been orthodox Presbyterians and have suffered greatly while upholding their faith.

(I) Richard Steen was born near Coleraine, Ireland, about 1710, and raised a large family, among whom were: Robert, who came to America; Matthew, of further mention; James and William, who settled in South Carolina. It is probable that Richard came with his sons. James and William Steen served in the Colonial army during the War of the Revolution.

(II) Matthew Steen, son of Richard Steen, was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, 1755, and at an early age came to America. At first he lived in Philadelphia, but removed with his family to Washington county, Pennsylv-

vania, 1780, and died there, April 23, 1835. He purchased one hundred and sixty acres and was a farmer all his life. In religion he was a Seceder. He married, in Philadelphia, about 1774, Jane Taylor, born 1756, died January 4, 1842. Her brother, Henry Taylor, surveyed and laid out Washington county for the state. Matthew and Jane (Taylor) Steen had children: 1. Esther, born June 11, 1775; married ——— Wood. 2. Matthew Taylor, born November 6, 1776, died at New Castle, Pennsylvania, 1851; married Mary (Polly) Mitchell and had seven children. 3. John Steen, born December 30, 1778; married Ann C. McDole; was captain of artillery in Biddle's corps during the War of 1812; died in New Castle, Pennsylvania. 4. Joseph, born at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1871; was a farmer in Harrison county, Ohio, later removed to Darlington township, Beaver county; married Elizabeth Steen, a second cousin. 5. Margaret, married Daniel Reeves (see Reeves III).

This name in olden times was written De La Haye and De La HAYS Haya, later Hay and Hays. The family was originally from Scotland, where various members of it held high office, and from there some of the family migrated to Ireland.

(I) John Hays, born in Ireland, emigrated to this country when he was but fifteen years of age, in company with his brother Thomas, and they both took an active part in the war of the Revolution. For a time he was in the employ of the government as a surveyor. He took up some land at first at New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, but as the neighbors made matters very unpleasant for the newcomer, he left and located at Block House Run, between Rochester and New Brighton. He soon retired from active work as his health had become impaired owing to the exposure he was called upon to endure while acting as a surveyor. Mr. Hays married a lady of Welsh descent by whom he had children: John, Thomas, see forward; Marshall, Katie, Jennie. He was of the Protestant faith.

(II) Thomas Hays, son of John Hays, was born in Greensburg, now Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 22, 1811, died in the same county at the age of eighty-nine years. He had practically no school education, and learned the trade of stone mason, probably with Robert Anderson. After working at this for some time, he engaged in the contracting business, in which he achieved a decided success. He had an honest countryman of his who kept his accounts for him. Mr. Hays married Amelia Eisenhour, born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, of German descent, who had two brothers and one sister as follows: Arthur, Joseph, Eliza. Mr. and Mrs. Hays had children: Elizabeth, born October 5, 1831; Joseph (q. v.); Mary, August 24, 1835; Marshall, September 5, 1837; James Monroe, see forward; Catherine, born November 7, 1844; William H., February 7, 1846; Francis, August 9, 1848, enlisted at the same time and in the same regiment as his brother, James Monroe, and was killed

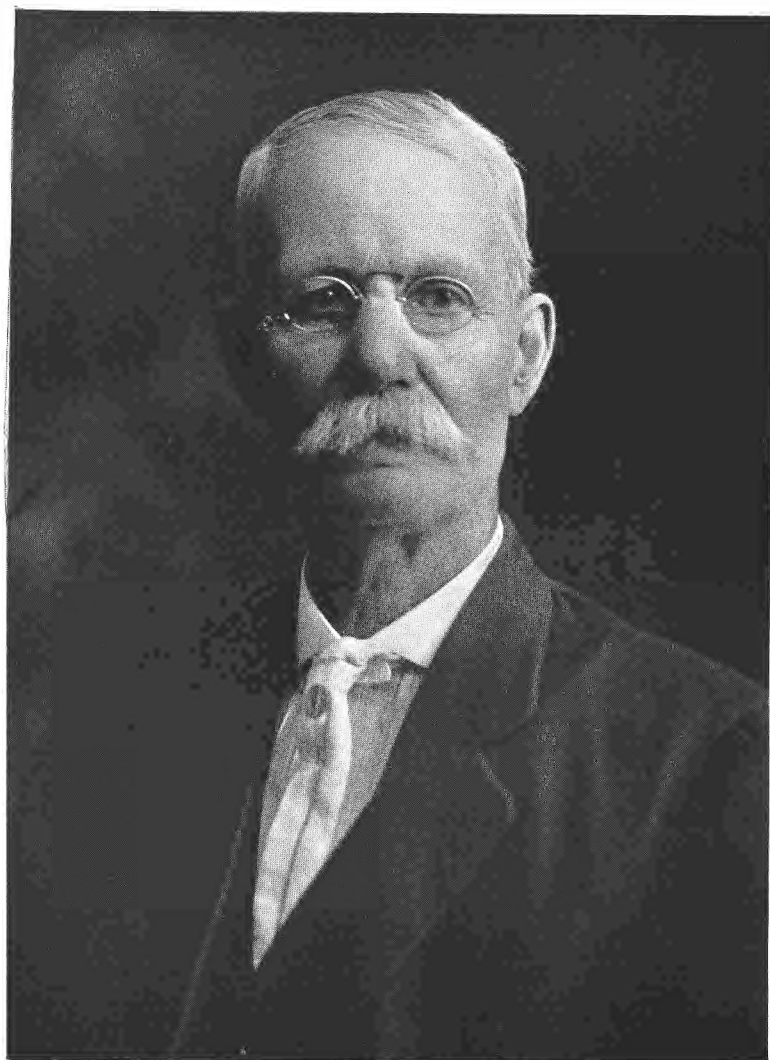
at the battle of Spottsylvania Court House; Anne E., January 10, 1853; Thomas, April 3, 1855.

(III) James Monroe Hays, son of Thomas and Amelia (Eisenhour) Hays, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 3, 1842. He had not yet attained his majority when the Civil War broke out, but he offered his services in defense of the rights of his country and enlisted in Company H, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, June 30, 1862, and served until the close of the war. When this event occurred he was in Andersonville Prison, having been confined there eleven months and fifteen days. When his country no longer had need of his services he returned to Beaver county, and learned the plasterer's trade in 1866. He followed this for some time, then established himself in the hotel business in Pittsburgh, East Liverpool and Rochester. He has now been the proprietor of the St. James Hotel at Rochester for the past seventeen years. He is a member of the Episcopal church, and his fraternal affiliations are as follows: Post No. 88, Grand Army of the Republic, of Allegheny; Veteran League, Beaver Falls; Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Rochester Chapter, No. 167, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Falls Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar.

Mr. Hays married, in 1867, Ella Bell, daughter of Josiah Bell, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and has had children: Robert M.; George M., born February 6, 1870; Maude S.

(III) Joseph Hays, son of Thomas (q. v.) and Amelia (Eisenhour) Hays, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 26, 1833. He was the proprietor of a livery stable and a dealer in horses, and during the Civil War purchased horses for the government. For forty-seven years he had a barn near the Doncaster Hotel. For fifty years, with the exception of one year, there has been a Hays livery stable in Rochester. He was a Republican and served as a member of the town council. He had been a member of the Masonic fraternity for a half century, and was made an honorary member. Mr. Hays married Sarah Murphy, born near Canonsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and they had children: Frank E.; Ephraim M., see forward; Carry M.

(IV) Ephraim M. Hays, son of Joseph and Sarah (Murphy) Hays, was born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 14, 1861. He was educated in the public schools, and as soon he was fit for the work he was an assistant to his father in the livery business. He commenced in 1886 and with the exception of two years has been continuously in the business of horse dealing. He is a staunch supporter of Republican principles, but has never desired to hold public office. Mr. Hays is a member of the Workmen of the World. He married, in June, 1886, Effie C. Moore,



James Monroe Hays

of Rochester (see Moore, III). They had children: Joseph, deceased; George, Sarah, Dorothy. Mrs. Hays is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

(The Moore Line.)

(I) James Moore and his wife came to the western part of the state of Pennsylvania in the first train which ran from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh. They located at the mouth of Chartier's Creek at a time when the Juniata Valley was still a wilderness, and there was a block house at New Brighton, in which all the settlers passed the nights to ensure them safety from the depredations of the hostile Indians. James Moore was a keel builder by trade, and later he established and conducted a store in the community. He enlisted in the Continental army, probably from Washington county, Pennsylvania, and held the rank of first lieutenant in the company of Captain Barnes. He served during the springs of 1775 and 1776, the summer of 1777, until January, 1778, and the fall of 1780, and was an active participant in the battles of the Brandywine, Stillwater and Saratoga. He and his son Samuel were also in the war of 1812. He was born in Londonderry, forty miles from Boston, and died in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 21, 1833, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. James Moore married Isabella Stewart, a relative of Mary, Queen of Scots. Children: James, David, Sarah, Samuel, see forward; Isabella, Mary, David, William, John, Jesse.

(II) Samuel Moore, son of James and Isabella (Stewart) Moore, was born at the mouth of Chartier's Creek, Pennsylvania, 1792. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity, and at the age of twenty-one years walked from Pittsburgh to Philadelphia in order to obtain his degree. He took an active part in the war of 1812. He married (first) Nancy Reno, by whom he had four children: Harry, Alfred, Frank, Nancy. He married (second) Hannah McCarrher, who was born in Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1807. Children: Hiram, Mary A., Caroline, Harriet M., Sophia, George W., Emma. Mrs. Hannah Moore was of Irish descent, her ancestor being Caleb North, who married Lady Jannette, emigrated to America, arriving here July 20, 1729. They had eight children, the eldest of whom, Roger North, married, October 13, 1733, at Port Deposit, near Baltimore, Anna Rambo. Sophia, daughter of Roger and Anna (Rambo) North, was born 1734; she married (first) Dr. ——— Davis, (second) James McCarrher, probably in 1766. By her second marriage she had children: Elizabeth, Sophia, Hannah, married Samuel Moore, as above mentioned; North, George. Roger and Anna (Rambo) North had other children: Caleb, see forward; Samuel, John, Josiah, William, Roger, George, Thomas. Six of these sons served in the Revolution. Caleb, son of Roger and Anna (Rambo) North, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1753, died in Philadelphia, November 7, 1840. At the commencement of the war of the Revolution, he hired a British soldier to teach him the manual of arms. He was a captain in the Fourth Battalion and served

in the Canadian Camp. Later he became a major in the Tenth Battalion. He rendered important service at Paoli. He was detailed by Anthony Wayne to direct a retreat, and he saved a troop. At the battle of Germantown he became lieutenant-colonel of the Eleventh Battalion. At the battle of Monmouth, July, 1778, he was transferred to the Ninth Pennsylvania; in January, 1781, to the Second Pennsylvania; and took part in the southern campaign. He had charge of the prisoners to be transported to York and Lancaster, and conducted Tarleton's Legion to Philadelphia. He removed to Philadelphia in 1819, and served as high sheriff of the county. He was president of the Order of the Cincinnati of Pennsylvania, being the last of the field officers. He was assistant marshal at the celebration ratifying the Constitution.

(III) George W. Moore, son of Samuel and Hannah (McCarrher) Moore, was born on Water street, Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1845. He was an active participant in the Civil War, being present at some of the most important battles as a member of the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. At the close of the war he returned to Rochester, where he resided for several years and now lives in Canton, Ohio. He married (first) Gertrude Cox, (second) Emma A. Geer, of Chester, West Virginia. The only child of first marriage was Effie C., who married Ephraim M. Hays (see Hays IV). By the second marriage he had: Frances E., George E., Walter B.

The record of the Barnard family in America is summed BARNARD and totaled in the life history of Daniel C. Barnard, he being the only one of his line, with the exception of his children, to live on American soil. Could the annals of the name in France be produced, a vastly different story would be told, for that country has been the seat of the Barnards for generations, and for the life of that country many bearing the name have given theirs, both in time of peace and in war.

Daniel C. Barnard, oldest son of Daniel and Christina Barnard, was born in France, August 31, 1820, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1886. His parents spent their entire lives in France and when he was but a child he was brought by some relatives to the United States, one of his brothers, who accompanied him, dying on the voyage. His first home in this country was in Philadelphia, where he learned the tailor's trade, following that occupation in Philadelphia for a time before moving to Pittsburgh, in 1846. He established a shop on Liberty street, conducting a clothing store in connection therewith, and while residing in that city married. Five years after his arrival in Pittsburgh he purchased a farm of one hundred acres in what is now the north end of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, and made his home on this tract. For one year he was the proprietor of the Keystone Hotel in New Brighton, soon after selling his shop in Pittsburgh and giving his entire time and attention to the cultiva-

tion of his farm. It was about this time that the possibilities of Beaver Falls as a manufacturing town became apparent and steady growth began, factories and residents encroaching upon his acres. Opportunity coming in such a friendly guise could not be disregarded, and he disposed of his land in building lots to excellent advantage, the entire one hundred acres being bought in a comparatively short time. Mr. Barnard was the first station agent at Barnard's Crossing, now Geneva Hill, erecting the station at that place, later selling the building to the Pennsylvania Railroad, retiring from his position because of failing health. He was a Democrat in politics, and affiliated with the Baptist church, his wife being a member of the Presbyterian. His fraternal orders were the Knights of Pythias, the Sons of Malta, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Among his fellows Mr. Barnard was ever well regarded, his cheerful, genial nature making him a welcome addition to any gathering, his energy and industry commanding the wondering admiration of those more indolently inclined and the respect of those whose ambition and thrift was as great as his own.

He married, in 1846, Mary C., born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, June 19, 1827, daughter of John and Elizabeth Belle (Walsh) Patterson, the Rev. Lemmon performing the ceremony. Her father was a native of Ireland and came to the United States the year after attaining his majority, settling in Pittsburgh and there marrying. He became a pilot on the Mississippi river and its tributaries, his death occurring in New Orleans, Louisiana, caused by an attack of cholera, in 1833. His skill as a pilot was unsurpassed by any who guided river craft, and his knowledge of the channels and shallows of the navigable rivers of the Mississippi system was remarkable. His wife was a daughter of Andrew Patterson, a wealthy land owner of Sharon, Pennsylvania, where she was born. She died at the home of her daughter, Mary C., aged eighty-nine years.

Children of Daniel C. and Mary C. (Patterson) Barnard: 1. William A., a tinner, died at the home of his mother in 1909, unmarried. 2. Virginia Roselma, married Morris Hickey; died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 3. Silas A., died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, aged nineteen years. 4. James T., was a riverman; died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, about 1903. 5. John B., proprietor of a hotel in San Francisco, California. 6. Nettie Lee, married William Sheldrake; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 7. Mary C., married William Holton; lives in Beaver Falls. 8. Daniel, died aged thirteen years. 9. Edward, died in Erie, Pennsylvania. 10. Christina Belle, married Richard Mumford; lives in Beaver Falls. 11. Harry, died in infancy. 12 and 13. Charles and Theodore, twins, both died in infancy. 14. Elizabeth Edna, now Mrs. Whitfield.

Since the death of her husband Mrs. Barnard has lived in the community that was the scene of his later life. Eighty-six years of age, she is still active in mind and body, the same cheerful, uncomplaining spirit that made her such an admirable helpmeet, giving her power to enjoy the closing years of a life spent in the showering of maternal love and uxorial devotion.

There is no country of whose nature the United States partakes so strongly as of England. It is not strange that this resemblance should exist, in view of the fact that it was from that country that the greater part of our earlier settlers came, establishing customs and institutions that they had known in their homeland, and living for years under the rule of the sovereigns of England. Some of the oldest families of our country are proud to trace their ancestry to those pioneers, who in frail sailing vessels braved the danger of the deep and the terror of the forest to found the glorious nation of which we are a part. While the Sheldrake line recorded below finds an honorable record in the history of England, it was not its privilege to leave her shores in the gallant bands that sailed for America in the seventeenth century, those of the family finding their duty at home, and deriving pleasure and happiness from doing their daily tasks.

(I) Joshua Sheldrake was the first of his line to seek a home in another land than that of his birth, coming to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he worked as engineer in the cutlery plant at Beaver Falls. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in the Union army, serving for the entire four years of that conflict, and from its close until his death drew a pension from the government in recognition of his service. His death occurred in the home in which all of his family grew to maturity, his death occurring in April, 1893, when he was seventy-three years of age. Both he and his wife were of the United Presbyterian faith. He married Eliza Ann Shoemaker, born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1822, died in May, 1898. Children: 1. Sarah, deceased; married Henry Cook, of Beaver, Pennsylvania. 2. Delilah, married Benjamin Oswald; lives in Ford City, Pennsylvania. 3. Margaret, married Obadiah Snyder; lives in Keohoka, Missouri. 4. Alfred, deceased; was a file cutter, lived in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 5. John, deceased; was an axe-maker, lived in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 6. William, of whom further.

(II) William Sheldrake, son of Joshua and Eliza Ann (Shoemaker) Sheldrake, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 6, 1855. In the public schools of that place he obtained his early education, later supplementing this with a course in night school. Learning the printer's trade, he was at different times employed by the *Argus* and *Radical*, periodicals of Beaver, both at his trade and as a member of the reportorial staff. Abandoning newspaper work, he was for eight years a file maker in the file factory, for the seven following years being an axe beveler. He then entered the employ of the Myers Shovel Works, in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, holding one position for twenty-five years. So skilled did he become at his work that gradually the making of all of the samples of the firm's products was delegated to him, as well as any hand work of more than ordinarily intricate design. Rounding out a quarter century of service, in 1905 he accepted a position as time keeper and pay-roll clerk with the Armstrong Cork Company, of Beaver Falls, and while in the employ of

this concern his death occurred, January 12, 1912. The fidelity with which he performed his daily tasks was his characterizing attribute, his energy and industry making him an employee of the greatest value, both as regarded his personal accomplishments and the moral effect of his example upon his fellows. His home life was beautiful in the affection and devotion there manifested, and the heart-rending grief that his death caused can only be conceived by one who has passed through the Valley of the Shadow at the death of a loved father and husband. Mr. Sheldrake was a member of the Masonic order and the Fraternal Mystic Circle. At his death he was the owner of considerable real estate in Beaver Falls, and in 1910 had purchased a butcher shop, his son, J. Frank, managing the same. The support of his vote and influence was accorded the Democratic party.

He married, November 11, 1875, Nettie Lee, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, July 5, 1855, daughter of Daniel C. and Mary C. (Patterson) Barnard. Children of William and Nettie Lee (Barnard) Sheldrake: 1. Agnes, born October 30, 1876; lives at home, unmarried. 2. Elizabeth Gay, born January 26, 1878; married Gilbert Bowser, and lives at Charleroi, Pennsylvania; has five children: Thelma, Irma, Benjamin, Gilbert, Jean. 3. William Barnard, born February 28, 1881; attended the public schools of Beaver Falls, and when fifteen years of age discontinued his studies, for one year being employed in the Myers Shovel Works, leaving there to accept a position in a cork factory, returning to his previous employers after six months association with the cork manufacturing business. In 1907, after six years employment in the Shovel works, he entered the service of the Armstrong Cork Company, there remaining until 1911, when he entered the butcher shop that his father had purchased the year before from Charles Figley. He has ever since been connected with this establishment, now the property of his brother, J. Frank, and mother; William B. Sheldrake is a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Protective Home Circle. 4. Edna M., born February 12, 1883; married John Robinson, and lives on Twelfth street, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; two children: Virginia and Cathline. 5. Estella, born February 16, 1885; married Edward Sittler, and lives in Uniontown, Pennsylvania; two children: Edward and Ruth. 6. J. Frank, born October 11, 1888; married Catherine Gall, and lives in Beaver Falls, where he is proprietor of a butcher shop formerly owned by his father; one child, Thelma. 7. Helen, born February 11, 1891; married Daniel Thomas, and lives at Conway, Pennsylvania; no children. 8. Mary O., born August 20, 1894; lives at home.

MORRISON The Morrison family of whom record is herein contained have, ever since the United States has been the seat of the family, resided in Pennsylvania, the emigrant, James, being connected with the early life and development of that greatest of Pennsylvania manufacturing centers, Pittsburgh. James Morrison was

born in Ireland, spending his early boyhood in the country of his birth, and when he was a lad of twelve years was brought to the United States by his parents. The time of their landing in this country was shortly after the close of the Revolutionary War, and the head of the family at once brought his little flock westward to Pittsburgh. Here, upon attaining suitable age, James Morrison established in the mercantile business, his name appearing in the first business directory published in that city, the location of his store being given as the "w side of Wood between 2nd and 3rd," which is easily translated as meaning the west side of Wood street, between Second and Third streets. This directory was published in 1815, and a copy of it is in the possession of George W. Morrison, grandson of the Morrison named in the guide-book. Needless to say, in the little book mentioned, there is not represented the incomputable total of capital nor the thousands of business houses that would grace a similar edition today, but to have been of the number that gave the first impetus to the greatness of the present city, and to have first demonstrated the possibilities of that region, is an honor not lightly to be esteemed. James Morrison was one of the organizers and a member of the first board of directors of the old Bank of Pittsburgh, and was one of the executive staff whose opinions and suggestions shaped, to a marked extent, the policy and investments of the institution. In the latter years of his life he moved from the scene of his youthful and manly labors, making his home on a farm in Knox county, Ohio, near Mount Vernon, where, in peaceful seclusion, grateful after the strivings and contentions of the business world, he lived out the remainder of his allotted years, enjoying to the full a rest well-earned. He was twice married, and was the father of a numerous family. The present line continues through his marriage to Mary Bracken, a native of Pennsylvania, one of the children of this union being James (2), of whom further.

(II) James (2) Morrison, son of James (1) and Mary (Bracken) Morrison, was born on Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, about 1801. In this city he grew to manhood, the course of his youthful life being that of most boys, mainly occupied with attendance at school, and upon attaining his majority he moved to Frankfort Springs, Beaver county, where he married and ever after remained. As clerk in his father's store he had gained a practical and comprehensive knowledge of the mercantile business, having served in all its departments in order that his experience might be the more thorough, and in his new home that was the business he followed, being rewarded with the same success that in an earlier day and in another place had attended his father's efforts. He continued in this line until his death, which occurred at a good old age, and supplied the wants of a generous patronage that had steadily grown as the locality received new settlers. With his wife he was a member of the Presbyterian church, and in his political sympathies he was first a Whig and later a Republican. He was at one time auditor of the county, and for

many years was known to the country-side as the postmaster of Frankfort Springs, the post-office occupying a portion of his store.

He married Mary, daughter of James and Mary (Holland) Dungan, both natives of Philadelphia. Mary Holland was a descendant of a family of Quakers and she held membership in the Society of Friends. Upon her marriage to James Dungan, not a member of the society, and consequently a "heretic," she was "read out of Meeting," and deprived of her birth-right in the society. She thereupon united with the Presbyterian church rather than accept the only alternative open to her, the expression of regret for her marriage to one not of the faith. In 1806 James and Mary Dungan moved to Frankfort Springs, where James purchased a farm, later becoming proprietor of a hotel. In this region both remained until their deaths, and are there buried. Children of James (2) and Mary (Dungan) Morrison: 1. Jane, married Robert Shannon; died in Crafton, Pennsylvania. 2. Nancy, married Robert Mercer; died in Washington, District of Columbia. 3. Joanna H., married William Mercer; died in Mansfield, Ohio, 1913. 4. James D., a banker of Mercer, Pennsylvania, there died. 5. George W., of whom further. 6. Mary R., died unmarried in Frankfort Springs. 7. Alexander, was an employee in the post-office at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; died in that city. 8. Lavinia M., lives in Frankfort Springs, unmarried.

(III) George W. Morrison, fifth child and second son of James (2) and Mary (Dungan) Morrison, was born at Frankfort Springs, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 24, 1838. His education was obtained in the public schools of Frankfort Springs and the Iron City Business College, and after completing his studies he was employed as clerk in his father's store until 1869. In that year he moved to Beaver Falls, and soon after his arrival in that place was employed in the Economy Savings Institution, first holding official position as teller and later as assistant cashier. In 1893 the Economy Bank closed its doors and Mr. Morrison was associated in the organization of the Farmers' National Bank, the original officers of that institution being Frank F. Brierly, president; Dr. T. P. Simpson, vice-president, and George W. Morrison, cashier. This bank opened its doors at the corner of Eleventh street and Seventh avenue in the same year that it received its charter, 1893, and is still there located. It is capitalized at \$100,000 and since its formation has enjoyed the confidence and patronage of a long list of customers. Mr. Morrison has been its cashier during the twenty years of its life, the present officary reading: Frank F. Brierly, president; J. Rankin Martin, vice-president; George W. Morrison, cashier, and Walter G. Bert, assistant cashier. Mr. Morrison's service during this time has been of the highest order and such as to win the commendation of his fellow-officers. In his long experience as a financier he has kept well in the foreground his qualities of sterling integrity and straightforward business dealing, with the result that no security handled by his bank would rank in acceptability above his word.

To his wisdom born of his experience he has added that caution and sagacity that come only with ripened maturity, being the oldest banker in Beaver county and among the oldest in the western part of the state, and is frequently consulted by his friends on matters of private financial dealing, his dependability in counsel being recognized by all. Aside from his connection with the Farmers' National Bank, his only other official relation in the financial world has been as a director of the Home Protective Loan Association. Mr. Morrison supports the Republican party in all important issues and for twenty-one years served on the board of school directors. In the Presbyterian church, to which both he and his wife belong, he has served as both trustee and deacon.

Mr. Morrison married, in 1865, Mary E., a native of Washington county, Pennsylvania, daughter of William Sturgeon. Children of George W. and Mary E. Morrison: 1. William S., a member of the law firm of Hice, Morrison, Reader & May, of Beaver; married Alice Brown. 2. Mary R., married John H. Mitchell; lives in Evanston, Illinois; they are the parents of one son, H. Morrison.

The period of revolution and unrest in Ireland, about contemporaneous with the American Revolution, was the cause of the immigration to the American shore of John McKee, who was brought into disfavor with the imperial authorities in his native land by participation in a demonstration directed against the misuse of power in that country. To save his life, exile was necessary, and he chose America as his future home, coming to New England. He found there the turmoil that he had left in Ireland, and, a hater of tyranny from the very foundations of his nature, he joined himself in sympathy and in action with the colonists, being one of the "Indians" who assisted in the destruction of the odious tax-ridden tea in the history-famed "Boston Tea Party." In the long and tragic struggle that followed between the colonies and the mother country, when the life of a nation hung in the balance and the lives of so many were placed in the scales to bear it up, he fought in the American army, and lived to see liberty triumphant and the birth of the United States of America. He married in the eastern part of the country and about 1800 moved to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, settling on a farm about four miles from Freedom, New Sewickley township, where he cleared and cultivated his land. He was, as was his wife, a member of the United Presbyterian Church. He married and had but one child, Thomas, of whom further.

(II) Thomas McKee, son of John McKee, was born in the eastern part of Pennsylvania, died in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He came to Beaver county with his parents when he was eighteen years of age, and lived on the paternal farm all of his life, inheriting the land from his father. He prospered in his business, and became well to do, his fortune assuming dimensions deemed quite considerable for



Robert J. McKee

that day. He married and had children: 1. Robert, of whom further. 2. Thomas, a carpenter, lived and died in Riverview, a suburb of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. He also had two daughters, who died young.

(III) Robert McKee, son of Thomas McKee, was born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1822, died at Monaca, same county, in 1893. He grew to maturity in New Sewickley township, there attending school, and for several years worked on his father's farm, and after discontinuing agricultural operations engaged in boat building on the Ohio river for several years. He was a Republican in politics and a member of the United Presbyterian church, in his younger days taking an active part in all departments of church work. He married Eliza Dunlap, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1828, died in 1865, daughter of parents of Scotch-Irish descent, who were early settlers of New Sewickley township, the homestead at the headwaters of Crow's Run being rich in oil. Her father was a member of the United Presbyterian church, and donated the land for the Rehoboth church of that denomination. His children: 1. Margaret, married Hugh Downie and resided in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 2. Eliza, of previous mention, married Robert McKee. 3. William, a boat builder and later a farmer, died in Unionville, Pennsylvania. 4. John, a farmer. 5. Robert, moved to Kentucky about 1860. 6. Henry M., proprietor of a livery, lived in Freedom, Pennsylvania. 7. Graham, a farmer of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 8. Joseph, a farmer, owns land near Lansing, Michigan. 9. Presley, died in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, when a young man. 10. James, was a prosperous business man of Tarentum, Pennsylvania. Children of Robert and Eliza (Dunlap) McKee: 1. William A., a structural iron contractor, lives in Riverview, Pennsylvania. 2. Annie, married Alexander Johnson, formerly a brick manufacturer, a farmer of Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Robert J., of whom further.

(IV) Robert J. McKee, youngest of the three children of Robert and Eliza (Dunlap) McKee, was born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 5, 1862, attending the district schools of New Sewickley and Economy townships until he was seventeen years of age. At that age he came to Beaver Falls, obtaining employment in various establishments, and in 1884 he began working for the Penn Bridge Company at Morado, becoming proficient in all departments of structural iron work and bridge building. From 1894 until 1899 he was general labor foreman for the Lorain Steel Company, at Lorain, Ohio, in the latter year returning to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he was made assistant superintendent of the Penn Bridge Company. This position he held until 1910, when he received an appointment as superintendent of the entire plant of the company, still serving the Penn Bridge Company in that capacity. This concern employs two hundred and seventy-five men, and in the direction of the work of this force he uses the vast knowledge that he has gathered by practical experience in his line, the perfect system and expertly organized mechanism

of the company in the shops testifying to his skill as an organizer and his thorough understanding of his work. The business in which he has gained such high place is one in which there is no room for incompetents or weaklings, power and stability being required in men and material alike, and in difficult situations and trying complications of affairs Mr. McKee has been resolute, determined, and resourceful, qualities that may be computed in terms of dollars and cents in benefit to his firm. With his wife he affiliates with the Covenanter church, of which he is a trustee, and in political issues of national import he upholds the Republican party, voting independent of party ties in local matters.

Mr. McKee married, in 1884, Jennie, born in Ohio, daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Mary McGown. Children of Mr. and Mrs. McKee: 1. Verner C., married Pearl Chapman, and resides in Morado, Pennsylvania, an employee of the Standard Scale and Supply Company. 2. Ralph, married Pearl May. He is a farmer of Chippewa township, Beaver county. 3. Robert Clair, married Bernice Jones, and lives in Morado, Pennsylvania. He is a machinist in the employ of the Penn Bridge Company. 4. Edgar Alton, a resident of Youngstown, Ohio, where he is employed. 5. Eva. 6. Thomas. 7. Alice. 8. Wilber. 9. Orman, died aged two years. Mr. McKee is the owner of a farm in Brighton township, and there lives.

The name of Campbell has been celebrated in song and CAMPBELL story for many generations, and their records in the history of the countries in which they have resided have been of the most honorable and creditable nature. The name is most closely identified in olden times with Scotland, where the family appears to have originated. From there some of the members of the family migrated to Ireland, and in course of time came to America from both countries.

(1) Daniel Campbell, the first of the family here under review of whom we have information, was born in Ireland, and came to America at the age of eighteen years. He made his home in Belmont county, Ohio, and there followed his trade of linen weaving and was a farmer, and died there at the advanced age of ninety-four years. He was a Democrat politically, and he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church. He married Barbara Hoover, born in Eastern Pennsylvania, and of Dutch descent. She died in Belmont county, Ohio, at the age of eighty-four years. She was a daughter of General Christopher Hoover, who had charge of the militia of Ohio, when that state was still overrun by hostile Indians. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell had children: James, a physician, who died in Middletown, Ohio; Hoover, a merchant tailor, died in Guernsey county, Ohio; Isabel, married Dr. Joseph Brady, and died in Missouri; Betsey Ann, married James Riggs, and died in Illinois; David, who served as a soldier in the Confederate army, was a contractor in Nashville, Tennessee, where he died; Samuel R., of whom further; Martha, married Thomas Arkle, and lives in the state of Ohio.

(II) Samuel R. Campbell, son of Daniel and Barbara (Hoover) Campbell, was born in Belmont county, Ohio, July 10, 1835. His school education was obtained in schools in Wheeling, West Virginia, and in Ohio, and he was then apprenticed to learn the machinist's trade. After he had served his time at this, he learned engineering, and holds his license as chief engineer and also as captain. Upon the completion of this course he had no difficulty in obtaining a position as engineer on the Ohio river steamboats. During the years of the Civil War he was employed on boats carrying arms to the Union forces. He was in a number of dangerous places, one of his narrowest escapes being when he was on board the "Parthenia" when it was captured. He was also aboard the "Commodore Perry" when that ship was captured at Memphis. Although under fire on a number of occasions, he always escaped without a wound. Later he also served as captain, and alternated between these two offices until his retirement in 1911, being at that time one of the oldest men in river service, this having commenced in 1856. He would not have retired even then, had it not been for a serious accident he met with in which he was immersed in icy water for an hour in February, 1911, and was almost drowned. During the last thirty years of his career on the river he was on the boats "The Hornet," "Dick Fulton," and the "Tom Reese." In political matters he always affiliated with the Republican party, and for a period of four years was assistant boiler inspector at Pittsburgh. He is a member of the American Mechanics. For the past forty-two years his home has been at Beaver Falls, where he and his wife are members of the Methodist Protestant church.

Mr. Campbell married Amanda Eleanor Brown, born in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1843, daughter of Captain Perry and Mary (McCombs) Brown, both born in Beaver county, where they also married and settled at Freedom. He was captain of the "Commodore Perry," later the "Parthenia," and also of the "Hard Times." He was a well-known character from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, and during the Civil War he was aboard the "Parthenia," when it was captured on the Cumberland river. After a long and active life he retired to Rochester, Beaver county, where his death occurred. Besides Mrs. Campbell, he had another child: Hartford P., who, while a member of the state legislature of Pennsylvania in 1888, was the author of the Flag Bill for the public schools, and now resides in Rhode Island. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell had children: Scott, who died at the age of two years; Fannie, at home with her parents, unmarried; Samuel Bartlett, a machinist, pilot and captain, lives in Detroit, Michigan; H. Clem, of further mention.

(III) H. Clem Campbell, son of Samuel R. and Amanda Eleanor (Brown) Campbell, was born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 1, 1867. He was educated in the public schools of Beaver Falls, and during the last four years of his attendance at them his spare time was given to a position he had obtained in a drug store. Upon the com-

pletion of his education, and when he had attained man's estate, he commenced the manufacture of wire nails and was the first to ply that trade. After a time he returned to the drug trade, and was identified with this for a further eight years. In 1902 he established himself in the wholesale liquor business at No. 713 Seventh avenue, and has since that time been successfully engaged in this business. He is connected officially with a number of other enterprises, being a director of the Howard Stove Company, and of the Chicago Specialty Company, of Chicago, Ohio. A Republican in politics, he has served two terms, 1900 to 1906, in the borough council. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, the Moose, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Fraternal Order of Eagles and the T. M. A.

Mr. Campbell married (first) Lida, born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died in March, 1900, daughter of Charles Hayes, well known in newspaper circles. They had one child, Fern, born September 23, 1890, who married A. B. Barnes, and lives in Brownsville, Pennsylvania. Mr. Campbell married (second) in 1902, Jennie Belle McCabe, daughter of William and Sarah (Phillips) McCabe. One daughter, Frances, resides at home.

This is one of the numerous prominent names of Welsh origin, which are found largely represented in the United States, and has been identified with progress along all lines of human endeavor from a very early period in the settlement of the American Colonies. It is one of those names which originated in the Welsh system of making the possessive form of the father's name a surname and is equivalent to Richard's son. The name as a Christian name is very ancient and is found in the early annals of the present English nation, and so developed into a surname along with others in very common usage. Books of heraldry give no less than seventeen distinct coats-of-arms connected with the name of Richards, enough of which point back to Wales to justify the general belief that here was the original hive from which issued the founders of illustrious families of that name in different counties in England. There are at the present time many clergymen of the name in England and Wales.

(I) Sylvanus Richards was born on a farm near Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, and there the earlier years of his life were spent in the usual occupations of a farmer's son of that period. After his marriage he commenced work as an oil driller, and has followed this occupation (also operator) continuously since that time, being now one of the oldest men in that field of industry in Pennsylvania. For a period of fifteen years he lived at Bradford, and now lives at Oakdale, Pennsylvania. Politically he is a Democrat, and he is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. He married Christina Wettling, whose parents were residents of Indiana, Indiana county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Wettling was a farmer and extensive land

owner for about thirty years in Indiana, and he and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. They had children in addition to Mrs. Richards, as follows: Manuel, deceased; John, deceased; Jacob, engaged in the real estate business at Indiana, Pennsylvania; Martin, deceased; Louis, a jeweler, in business at Newtown, Pennsylvania; Frederick, a manufacturer, lives in Indiana, Pennsylvania; Lydia, married Alexander Taylor, lives in Indiana, Pennsylvania; Emma, married Edward Rowe, lives in Indiana, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Richards have had children: One died in infancy; Linnie; John M., of further mention; Emma, Edna, Bertha, Effie. None of the daughters married, but have continued to live with their parents, the three youngest being occupied as school teachers. Sylvanus Richards had a brother Frank who served in the Civil War, Sylvanus being too young to enlist.

(II) John M. Richards, son of Sylvanus and Christina (Wettling) Richards, was born in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, January 21, 1874. He received his education in the public schools of Bradford, Pennsylvania, and at the age of fifteen years was apprenticed to learn the machinist's trade. When he was eighteen years old he commenced to work as a journeyman, and was thus employed for a period of twelve years. In 1891 he had come to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he entered the employ of the Eclipse Bicycle Company, and later worked for the American Steel and Wire Company. His next field of activity was as superintendent of the Keystone Driller Company for a short time, and when the Standard Connecting Rod Company was organized he became superintendent for that concern. When it became merged into the Standard Gauge Steel Company in 1909, Mr. Richards became general superintendent of the entire plant, having the supervision of upward of six hundred men. At the same time he became one of the directors of the corporation. In national political matters he gives his support to the Republican party, but in local matters he votes irrespective of partisan ties. He has never had any desire to hold public office, and he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. His fraternal affiliations are as follows: Parian Lodge, No. 662, Free and Accepted Masons; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar; New Castle Lodge of Perfection; Pittsburgh Consistory, Scottish Rite; and the Knights of Malta. He is past master in the Masonic fraternity. Mr. Richards married, June 28, 1892, Flora Ada Kirker, born in New Castle, Pennsylvania, daughter of Lorenzo C. and Jennie C. Kirker (see Kirker III). Children: Paul Vincent, now a student at the Indiana State Normal School; Jeannette Flora, Miriam Beatrice.

(The Kirker Line.)

(I) James Kirker, great-grandfather of Mrs. Richards, was born in the eastern part of Pennsylvania, of German parents, and, upon arriving at maturity he married ———, born in Germany, and after marriage settled on a farm in Butler county, Pennsylvania, on which they died at a ripe old

age. They had children: James, John S., of further mention; Susan, William, Robert.

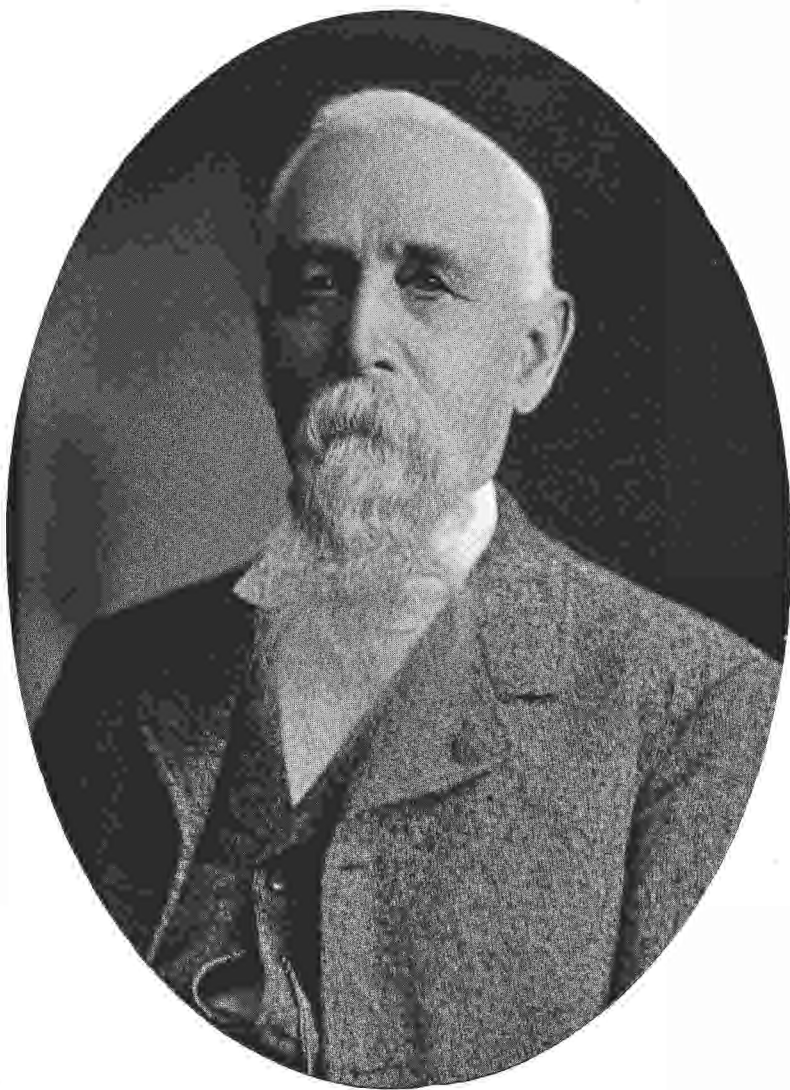
(II) John S. Kirker, son of James Kirker, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, died in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, December 8, 1889. After his marriage he removed from Butler to Lawrence county, where he was both a farmer and a shoemaker. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Elizabeth Rutter, a native of Butler county, who died in Lawrence county in the early eighties. They had children: Margaret, deceased; William J., deceased; Nancy, deceased; J. Emma; Albert Mc., deceased; Lorenzo C., of further mention; Silas Monroe; John N.; Tirzah; Lawrence C., deceased; Olney A.; Adeline L.

(III) Lorenzo C. Kirker, son of John S. and Elizabeth (Rutter) Kirker, was born in what was then Beaver county, now Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, August 21, 1843, and was there educated in the public schools.

He was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, but abandoned this occupation upon the outbreak of the Civil War, and enlisted in Company H, Ninth Pennsylvania Reserves, serving three years. Among the more important engagements in which he participated were: Gettysburg, Antietam, South Mountain, Battles of the Wilderness, Peninsular Campaign, Gaines Mill and Mechanicsville. September 17, 1862, he was wounded in the right thigh, and was compelled to be out of the regiment for a period of six months. At the close of the war he went to New Castle, where he followed the carpenter's trade until 1880, at which time he came to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was successfully engaged in business as a carpenter and general contractor until stricken with paralysis in May, 1913, since when he has lived retired from business responsibilities. The firm of which he was the senior member was known as L. C. Kirker & Son, and their reputation was an excellent and widespread one.

Mr. Kirker is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and was commander of the local post for four terms, the last three being in succession, just prior to his stroke of paralysis. He and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Kirker married, February 15, 1865, Janetta, born in North Sewickley township, daughter of Robert and Jane (Allison) Cunningham, the former a son of Irish parents, the later a daughter of James and Ella Allison, both born in Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. Kirker have had children: Evelyn, widow of McClellan Jolley, lives in Los Angeles, California; Cecelia Beatrice, married Charles D. Garrett, lives in Beaver Falls, Beaver county; Harry Vincent, member of the firm of L. C. Kirker & Son, married Jeannette Craig; Flora Ada, who married John M. Richards (see Richards II); Edward L., married Lizzie Bowers, and lives in Beaver Falls; Rosalie, married Albert C. Belles, and lives in Beaver Falls.



John G. Lowry

John Giesey Lowry, who during his life was a prominent citizen of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, was a member of the LOWRY Lowry family, which has for many years been identified with the life of Somerset and Westmoreland counties, in that state. He was born August 15, 1832, in Berlin, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, and died in Beaver Falls, April 7, 1906.

His father, Jacob Lowry, was probably also a native of Somerset county, and certainly lived there during his youth, and up to the time when his son, John G., was four years old. While still a resident there, he married Elizabeth Giesey, and later moved to a farm in Westmoreland county, where he lived until the time of his death. To him and his wife were born nine children, of whom, all but the youngest, are dead. They were: Henry, a farmer of Kansas; William, who lived on the old Lowry homestead in Westmoreland county; Jacob, who had a farm near Ligonier, Pennsylvania; Susan; Mary; Harriet; Priscilla; John Giesey, of whom further; Jane, now Mrs. Daniel Nicewonger, residing on a farm in Whiteside county, Illinois.

John Giesey Lowry spent his childhood on his father's farm near Ligonier, and there grew up to young manhood. He then went to the near-by town of Ligonier and apprenticed himself to his brother-in-law, Samuel Slater, a carpenter, and under him learned that trade. The Civil War breaking out at this time, Mr. Lowry enlisted in Company K, Fifty-third Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served for three years, during which time he took part in a number of the most fiercely contested engagements of the war, among them Gettysburg. In the battle of Fair Oaks or Seven Pines, he was severely wounded by a bullet which narrowly missed cutting the femoral vein in his thigh. At the battle of Fredericksburg, his hearing was permanently affected by the noise of the cannonading, an affection which grew with his years, until toward the latter end of his life he became totally deaf. His last year of service was with the signal service corps, after which he returned to Ligonier, Pennsylvania. Here he was married in the year 1865, and then removed with his wife to Latrobe, Pennsylvania, where he worked as a contracting carpenter for three years. This was at a time when a great tide of migration was setting westward and a wonderful development taking place in parts of our western states. Mr. Lowry joined the movement west, and settled in Emporia, Kansas, remaining for about a year. The boom, however, had come and gone in that section and there was but little demand for his trade, so he returned east to Pennsylvania, this time taking up his abode in Wilksburg, where he remained for eight years, following his occupation as carpenter. He made one more venture in the west, this time to Whiteside county, Illinois, where he farmed for a year, finally returning to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in which place he made his home until the time of his death. In Beaver Falls he became a contracting carpenter, and did a large and lucrative business. In 1883, three years after his arrival there, he built a fine house for himself at No. 1514 Eighth avenue. Mr. Lowry

was a staunch Republican in politics, and active in public affairs, serving for a time on the Beaver county jury commission. He was a member of the Masonic Blue Lodge, the Grand Army of the Republic and the Union Veteran Legion.

Mr. Lowry married, June 29, 1865, Mary W. Elder, a native of Westmoreland county, where she was born May 2, 1841, about two miles from Ligonier. The Elder family is an old and distinguished one, and Mrs. Lowry traces her ancestry in this country back to the Rev. John Elder, the founder of the family in America. There is a tradition that the Elder family was driven out of Scotland into the north of Ireland by religious persecution, though whether it was this reverend gentleman or his father is uncertain. John Elder was a clergyman of the Presbyterian church, and coming to Path Valley, Pennsylvania, when that part of the state was a wilderness, and churches few and far between, he preached to congregations in all the country between Harrisburg and Chambersburg, congregations often formed of Indians. His son, Robert Elder, was a colonel in the Revolutionary War, and served at the head of his Pennsylvania regiment throughout the whole seven years of that historic struggle. The son of Colonel Robert Elder, Joseph Elder, was born in Franklin county and lived there up to the period of his marriage, after which he removed to Westmoreland county, in which the family has since resided. His son, Joseph Elder, Jr., was Mrs. Lowry's father. He came to Westmoreland county with his parents as a boy, and there grew up, acquiring a farm of one hundred and sixty acres. He and his family were members of the Presbyterian church, and he was a staunch Republican. He married Elizabeth Penrose, a native of his adopted county, and to them were born five children, as follows: Mary W., now Mrs. Lowry, the widow of John G. Lowry; John, served for nine months in the Civil War and then went to Nevada where he owned and operated a stage coach line, and where he finally died unmarried at the age of thirty-one; Margaret, now Mrs. Thomas Smith, residing near Ligonier, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, now Mrs. Henry Shoup, also residing near Ligonier; William A., who resides retired at Ligonier; he married Lettie McKelvey.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lowry were born four children, all deceased. They were, Josephine, who died at the age of five years; Mary Edna, Howard, John Rush, all of whom died when but a few months of age.

Mr. Lowry is survived by his widow, who continues to reside at Beaver Falls in the summer, but spends her winters in Florida. She is a member of the Presbyterian church, as was Mr. Lowry, and a member of the Daughters of the Revolution in virtue of her ancestor, Colonel Robert Elder's participation in the Revolutionary War, of his record in which Mrs. Lowry is very proud. It is her belief that patriotism is a quality of the blood that may be, and in the case of her own family, is inherited. It is a quality of which she, herself, is possessed of a large measure, and she believes in fostering it.

The name of Hice is one which has been connected with professional work of various kinds in the states of New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Originally this name was written Van Hise, the first bearers of it in this country having come to America from Holland, where they settled near Trenton, in the state of New Jersey.

(I) Henry Hice was a well known attorney in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He married Ruth A. Ralston, and they were the parents of four children.

(II) Richard Robert Hice, son of Henry and Ruth A. (Ralston) Hice, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 19, 1865. He acquired his education at Beaver Falls and Beaver, and was graduated from Geneva College in the class of 1886. During the next three years he read law in the office and under the preceptorship of his father, then abandoned this line of study in order to accept the office of secretary and treasurer of the Fallston Fire Clay Company, of Fallston, Beaver county. He remained in this position until 1909. For some years he was the geological commissioner of the state of Pennsylvania, prior to the time that the state government department was organized. After its organization in 1910, Mr. Hice was appointed state geologist by the government. He had prepared for the responsible work which this entailed not alone in college, but in actual practical labors on the field. His religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian church, and he is an ardent supporter of the Republican party. He is a fellow in the American Association for the Advancement of Science; the Geological Society of America; the American Geographical Society; a member of the American Ceramic Society; the National Geographical Society; the Academy of Arts and Sciences of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania. He was awarded a degree of Bachelor of Science upon his graduation from Geneva College, and the degree of Doctor of Science was conferred upon him by the same institution, June 1, 1913, the first time this degree was conferred by this college. Mr. Hice married, in 1893, May Kells, of Citra, Florida, and they have one child, Eva.

The name Hart was a familiar one in Butler county before HART members of the family took their places in the life and activities of the adjacent county of Beaver.

(I) The first of this branch in either county was John Hart, born in Germany, who came to the United States about 1838, locating near Whites-town, where his death occurred. He was probably a tiller of the soil. He married Nancy Nixon, a native of Ireland, who had left her native land with her brothers, making their home in Butler county, Pennsylvania, one of her brothers, Robert, later moving to Beaver county. John and Nancy (Nixon) Hart were the parents of two sons, John C., of whom further; Henry M., of whom further.

(II) John C. Hart, son of John and Nancy (Nixon) Hart, was born

in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1840, died in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 26, 1900. He lived on the home farm until he was eight years of age, starting his studies in the schools of his native county, and then came to Beaver county with his mother. The first battles of the Civil War found him a soldier in the ranks, his term of service lasting for three years and eleven months, during which time he was raised to the rank of lieutenant. He enlisted August 28, 1861, in Company D, One Hundredth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, the "Roundheads," and was in active duty in the following engagements: Secessionville, Second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, siege of Vicksburg, Blue Springs, Campbell's Station, siege of Knoxville, Wilderness campaign, Spottsylvania Court House, North Anna River, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, July 17, July 30 (mine explosion), August 19, August 21, and October 27, the general siege of Petersburg, and Fort Steadman, in 1865. Returning from the war, having suffered no other casualty than the loss of part of his right hand, shot away at the battle of Petersburg, he entered the oil producing business, enjoying a prosperous career in the oil fields, where his ventures met with excellent success. In 1869 he was elected clerk of the court of Beaver county, serving for three successive terms, his last expiring in 1879. Real estate and insurance then claimed his attention until 1883, from which year until 1893 he dealt in furniture in New Brighton, living retired from the latter date until his death.

He was a business man of sound principles, and his upright actions in the field of trade showed the strength and sincerity of his manhood as plainly as it had ever been displayed under scathing fire on the field of battle. He was exacting and precise in discharging public duty, giving of his best in whatever position he was placed, never betraying the slightest confidence placed in him. His political preferences were Republican, his church, to which his wife also belonged, the Presbyterian. He affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Grand Army of the Republic, and the Union Veteran Legion. He married, May 24, 1870, Sarah J., daughter of William Johnson, a native of Mahoning county, Ohio. Their son, Frank D., of whom further.

(II) Henry M. Hart, son of John and Nancy (Nixon) Hart, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, March 20, 1842. When he was two weeks of age he was brought to Beaver county, living in Ohio township with his uncle, John Nixon, attending in his boyhood the public schools of that township. Like his brother he was a soldier in the Union army, enlisting in September, 1864, in Company H, Fifth Regiment Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, and served until the close of the war, receiving an honorable discharge from the ranks without having sustained an injury of any kind. After leaving the army he became an oil producer, operating on Island Run, Beaver county, for eight years, for the two following years following the oil fields in different parts of the country. On April 14,

1877, he established in the insurance business in New Brighton, and for fifteen years was identified with that line, since when he has lived retired. His wide acquaintance in the region was an important factor in the uniform success of his insurance selling, his reputation for integrity being an added security for the company he represented, his many friends realizing that he would consider no proposition that was to flourish to the loss of its investors.

He married (first) in August, 1867, Angeline, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John Kerr. They were the parents of three children, Blanche, John, Nellie, all of whom are deceased, the deaths of his wife and three children occurring within a period of three weeks. He married (second) January 1, 1885, Mrs. Elizabeth (Jackson) Bradbury, daughter of Robert and Sarah (Wooley) Jackson. Her parents were both natives of Lancashire, England, and came to the United States about 1862, making their home in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. They brought with them on their voyage six children, John, David, Joseph, James, William, Elizabeth, of previous mention, married Henry M. Hart. Robert Jackson was an employee in a woolen mill, he and his wife spending their last years in the home of their daughter, Elizabeth, Mrs. Jackson dying aged eighty-three years, attended with loving devotion until her death.

(III) Frank D. Hart, son of John C. and Sarah J. (Johnson) Hart, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1877. He obtained an excellent practical education in the public schools of New Brighton, Peirsol's Academy, and Rand's Commercial College. His first position was in the employ of the Penn Bridge Company, later events causing him to identify himself with the Pressed Steel Car Company, both of his positions having been in the capacity of clerk, and he became foreman of the yard of the latter company at McKees Rocks. He efficiently performed the duties of this office until 1908, when he was elected register and recorder of Beaver county as the candidate of the Republican party, and at the expiration of his term was re-elected, now serving his second term. In addition to the responsibilities of his office, of which he is punctiliously observant, he has recently erected a theatre in New Brighton, which has just entered upon what promises to be a most prosperous career. Mr. Hart is a member of the Presbyterian church, as is his wife, and holds membership in the Knights of Pythias, the Knights of the Golden Eagle, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and the Order of Independent Americans.

Mr. Hart married, September 24, 1900, Blanche, daughter of Lamer-tine Le Goullon, of Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of one child, Sarah, born in 1906.

GARRETT The Garrett family now resident in Beaver county, Penn-
sylvania, has been in this country but a few generations,
but they have identified themselves thoroughly with its

interests and have on all occasions shown a deep and sincere patriotism.

(I) Edward Garrett, the American progenitor of this branch of the Garrett family, was born in county Down, Ireland, and came to this country in early manhood. He at once went to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he followed his trade as a stone mason, with which he was connected throughout his life in various sections of the country. After a time he removed to Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, from there to Crows Run, Sewickley township, Pennsylvania, and was an industrious citizen wherever he located. He married Rose ——— and had children.

(II) Robert D. Garrett, son of Edward and Rose Garrett, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the schools of that city. For many years he was occupied as a brick mason, then engaged in farming operations, with which he is associated at the present time. He has a finely cultivated farm of seventy-five acres, and is able to make the most of its possibilities. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Margaret, born in New Sewickley township, daughter of John Smith and granddaughter of John Smith. John Smith, the elder, was born in England and came to this country as a young lad. He acquired some government land in New Sewickley township, cleared it, and farmed it until his death. John Smith, Jr., went into the quarry business, followed it for many years, and died as a result of the exposure to which he was subjected. He had three brothers in the Civil War, of whom two were killed, the third returned to his home, but died later from the effects of the strenuous life he had led while in the army. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Garrett: Mamie, died at the age of twenty-one years; John, Charles, Perry Alonzo, Edith, Laura, Veda.

(III) Perry Alonzo Garrett, son of Robert D. and Margaret (Smith) Garrett, was born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 24, 1888. He was educated in the schools of his native county. His first step in his business life was as an employee on the railroad, after which he learned the barber's trade, which he has followed between six and seven years. He is also engaged in the real estate business, in which he has met with well deserved success and with which he is still identified. Most of his transactions are connected with town property. He takes a deep and sincere interest in whatever concerns the welfare of the township, and spares neither time nor labor where the interests of the community are concerned. He affiliates with the Republican party. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and of the Woodmen of the World. Mr. Garrett married, in December, 1911, Grace, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, a resident of Rochester at the time of her marriage, and a daughter of ——— and Julia Richardson. They have one child, Fern.

SHERWOOD

The pottery industry in the state of Pennsylvania is one which has been of great importance in developing the prosperity of that section of the country, and among

those who have been foremost in this line was William Sherwood. He was a son of John Sherwood, and was born in the state of West Virginia, November 28, 1848. He was very young when his parents removed to East Liverpool, Ohio, and it was in that town that he received his education. His business career was a varied one until he was twenty-four years of age, when in association with his brother George he organized the Sherwood Brothers Pottery Works, on a rather small but safe scale, and in the course of time this grew to such proportions that after the death of William Sherwood it was incorporated. Mr. Sherwood not only thoroughly understood the technical workings of the plant of which he was the head, but he possessed business ability of a high order, and managed this end of affairs with consummate ability. He was a Republican in his political opinions, and a member of the Knights of Pythias, Ancient Order of United Workmen, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Sherwood married, December 11, 1870, Esther Emeline, born in New Brighton, daughter of Orlando and Charlotte (Dunbar) Couch, the former born in Central Pennsylvania, the latter in Philadelphia. Nathan and Emilie Couch, the paternal grandparents of Mrs. Sherwood, came from Central Pennsylvania to New Brighton in the early days, and he at first had charge of the lock for the Canal Company. Later he became baggage master at the station for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, retaining this position until he retired, and he died at Greensboro. The maternal grandparents of Mrs. Sherwood were David and Esther (Dewey) Dunbar, the Dunbars being an old Philadelphia family. After the death of her first husband, Esther (Dewey) Dunbar married (second) in 1839, John Squires, of an old English family. Soon afterward they removed to New Brighton, where he was a farmer, and cleared land and made a home back of New Brighton. Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood had children: Orlena, John S., May Olive, all living.

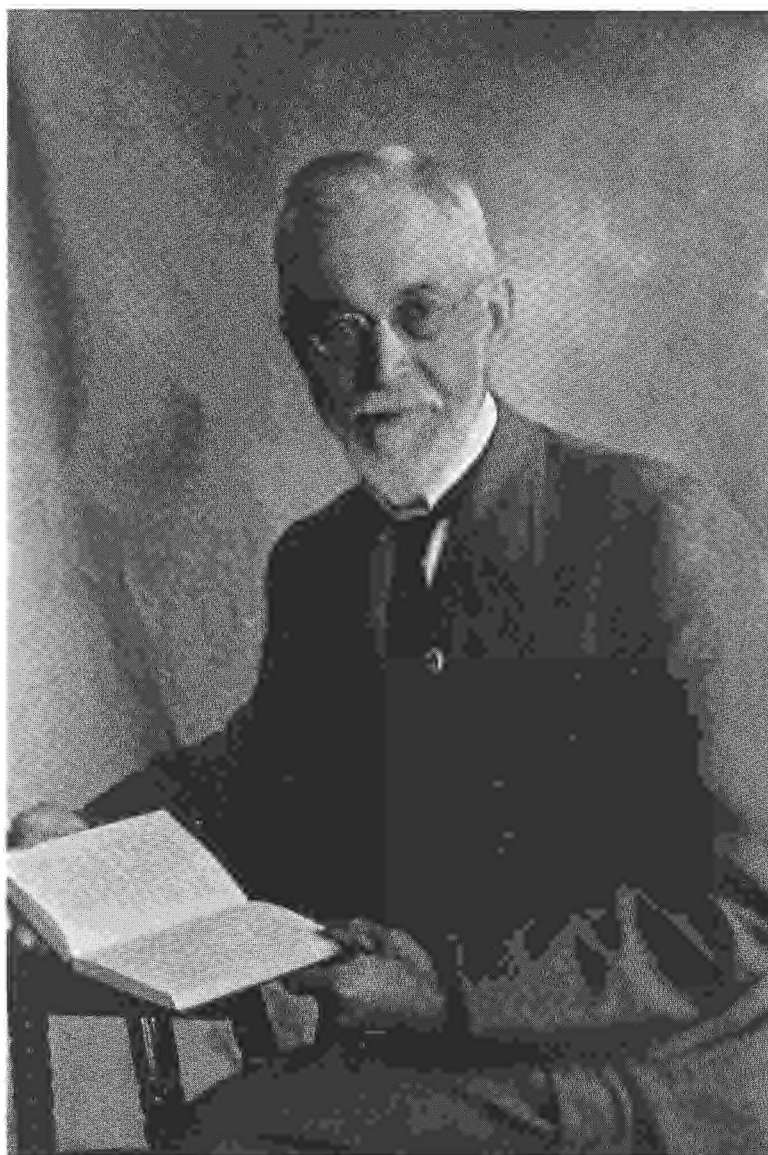
SULLIVAN The closing years of the seventeenth or the opening decade of the eighteenth century saw the arrival in Northumberland county, Virginia, of Peter O. Sullivan, emigrant ancestor of those of that name recorded in this line, who came thither from Ireland, his birthplace and the home of generations of his race. He married and was the father of a numerous family, including several sons, from one of whom Charles C. Sullivan, of this narrative, traces his descent, his grandfather, Charles Sullivan, being a grandson of the emigrant, Peter O. Sullivan.

(III) Charles Sullivan, of the third American generation of the Sullivan family, was born in Virginia, March 27, 1760, died in Franklin township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1813. He was a soldier in the American army throughout the Revolutionary War, and while passing the winter of 1777-78 at Valley Forge, met the young lady who afterward became his wife, Margaret Johnston, a resident of Chester county. He

served until the close of the war in Washington's command, and married, in Chester county, 1785, soon after moving to Allegheny county, and settling a few miles from Pittsburgh, later making his home in the vicinity of Noblestown. In 1797 he came with his wife and six children to Butler county, settling in what is now Franklin township, purchasing a large tract of land, which by careful cultivation he developed into an exceedingly valuable property. He was survived by his wife, Margaret (Johnston) Sullivan, and eleven children, the six eldest having been born in Allegheny county, the remaining five owning Butler county, Pennsylvania, as their birthplace. Children: 1. Moses. 2. Aaron. 3. Thomas. 4. John. 5. James, of whom further. 6. Margaret, married William Stewart, of Butler; died May 20, 1884, the mother of two daughters. 7. Jemima, married John McCandless, of Centre township, Butler county; had numerous children; died in Butler county, September, 1881. 8. Elizabeth, married (first) Edward White, of Whitestown, had eight children; married (second) William C. Martin; died in 1876. 9. William. 10. Charles Craven. 11. Susannah, married Rev. H. Bradshaw, a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church; moved to Iowa, and there died.

(IV) James Sullivan, son of Charles and Margaret (Johnston) Sullivan, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, March 8, 1795, died 1848. When he was two years of age his parents brought him to Butler county, where he obtained his education and grew to manhood. He engaged in farming as his life occupation, prospering and becoming the owner of three farms. He married late in life and retired, making his home in Prospect, Butler county, until his death retaining possession of his Butler county property and giving its management his personal supervision. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, attending its services regularly. He married Dorcas McGowan, born in Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania, 1805, died there in September, 1885. Children: 1. John, an attorney of Pittsburgh, deceased. 2. Charles C., of whom further. 3. Iantha, married Dr. N. N. Richardson, and lives in New York City.

(V) Charles C. Sullivan, son of James and Dorcas (McGowan) Sullivan, was born in Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1842, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1911. His opportunities for graded instruction were few, and although he attended the common schools, the greater part of his sound and thorough education was the result of solitary study in paths where he found no direction other than that of his own judgment and taste. To such good effect did he direct his efforts that when he was seventeen years of age he was competent to fill a schoolteacher's position, which he did for five years. It had been his father's intention to have him follow the occupation of farmer, but with this proposition the son found severe fault, the father wisely allowing him to engage in the occupations more to his liking and into which he might put the best of his labors, which he would have been unable to do had he been compelled to become an agriculturist. When he was twenty-two years of age



C. C. Sullivan

he went to the oil fields of West Virginia and was there located for six years, contracting for the sinking of oil wells. In 1870 he associated with William Riddle in the establishment of a general store at Prospect, a partnership that continued for five years, dissolved to be renewed four years later. During these four years Mr. Sullivan was proprietor of a shoe store in Greece City, Pennsylvania, his new connection with Mr. Riddle extending over a period of three years. He was then engaged in the mercantile business independently in Prospect for eight years, in 1887 coming to Beaver Falls, conducting real estate dealings for three years, that term representing the only time since his departure from the oil fields, in 1870, until his death, when he was not actively engaged in the mercantile business. His place of business in Beaver Falls was in a double store building that he erected at No. 1830-32 Seventh avenue, his line being general dry goods and gentlemen's furnishings. His success as a merchant was due in great measure to his genial and agreeable nature, those meeting him in business channels receiving a pleasant impression from the first. To this was added his unquestioned uprightness, and his irreproachable moral character, that fully justified the confidence universally placed in him. His death removed from the circle of Beaver Falls business men one whose popularity was a byword, and whose firm friends were many, while from his family was taken the most loving and considerate of husbands and fathers. His political creed was Republican, and he belonged to the Masonic order, his wife affiliating with the Methodist Protestant church.

Mr. Sullivan married, May 16, 1874, Sophia Margaret, born on Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, daughter of George B. and Anna Margaret (Klinger) Warren. Children of Charles C. and Sophia Margaret (Warren) Sullivan: 1. Della, married E. H. Pyle, and lives in Butler county, Pennsylvania. 2. Donald E., died aged twenty-one years. 3. Charles Howard, died aged fifteen years. 4. Anna M., died aged ten months. 5. James, died in infancy. 6. A son, died in infancy. 7. Clara Louise, died aged nineteen years. 8. Kenneth Warren, born July 21, 1888, lives at home with his mother. Since her husband's death Mrs. Sullivan has lived in their old home at 1832 Seventh avenue, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

The Warrens are an old family of Shropshire, England, the grandfather of Sophia Margaret having been Sir Joseph Warren, a member of the English knightage, the owner of a large estate in Shropshire. He was twice married, Henry and Harriet being the children of his first union, his second wife, Eliza (Brown) Warren, bearing him six children. At his death the eldest son, Henry, usurped the entire estate, making the lives of his step-mother, sister and half-brothers and sisters so miserable that they counted it a privilege to leave his roof and to immigrate to the United States. Children of Sir Joseph and Eliza (Brown) Warren: 1. Joseph, located in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, and died in young manhood. 2. George B., of whom further. 3. Eliza, married Edward Kyes, and lived in Albany, New York. 4. Clara, married Charles Pearson, a large planta-

tion owner, and lived in Grandgulf, Mississippi. 5. Sophia, a schoolteacher, died unmarried at the home of her sister, Clara, the victim of an attack of yellow fever. 6. Alfred, a merchant of Rymersburg, Clarion county, Pennsylvania. George B. Warren was eighteen years of age when the family came to Clarion county, Pennsylvania, having been born in Shropshire, England, in June, 1822. A few years after their arrival in this country he went to Pittsburgh and learned to manufacture pianos, subsequently engaging in this occupation under the firm name of Goodall & Warren. He continued in this line in partnership with Mr. Goodall until failing health compelled him to seek other fields of endeavor. He moved to Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania, became an undertaker and coffin-maker, his death occurring in that place. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. He married Anna Margaret, born in Germany, August 13, 1838, died in Pennsylvania, June 29, 1880, daughter of Peter and Mary Klinger, both born in Germany, in 1850 immigrating to the United States and coming to Butler county, Pennsylvania, whither the father of Peter Klinger had preceded him. Children of George B. and Anna Margaret (Klinger) Warren: 1. Charles P., a sawmill operator and carpenter of Butler county, Pennsylvania, died August 10, 1874. 2. Eliza K., married Dr. B. F. Lepley, and lived in Prospect, Pennsylvania, both deceased. 3. Sophia Margaret, of previous mention, married Charles C. Sullivan. 4. Mary, died in infancy. 5. George A., an oil well driller, deceased.

The members of the Brobeck family, now so ably represented in various sections of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, may be justified in looking back to their ancestry in this country and in the Old World with a certain amount of pride. Not only were they capable men of business, but a number of them have made their mark in the professions, and they have earned distinction as well in the military field.

(I) John George Brobeck was born in Wittenberg, Saxony, Germany, 1768, died 1830. He became an honored business man. He married Susan Matilda ———, born August 4, 1768, died November 10, 1822.

(II) Philip Brobeck, son of John George and Susan Matilda Brobeck, was born January 11, 1788. His entire life was spent at Bakers Landing, where for a time he operated a distillery, but later turned his attention to farming interests. He married Katherine Ann Baker, born at Bakers Landing, October 9, 1787, and they had children: Harrison, born April 16, 1813; Matilda, March 4, 1815; Katherine Ann, December 2, 1817; Henry Jackson, see forward.

(III) Henry Jackson Brobeck, son of Philip and Katherine Ann (Baker) Brobeck, was born at Bakers Landing, back of Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1819. His education, which would be considered a limited one at the present day, was acquired in the district schools near his birthplace, and in later life he obtained a valuable fund

of knowledge by means of his keen powers of observation. He found occupation on the river, making trips from the Upper Ohio river as far south as New Orleans, Louisiana. He was also a molder by trade, and for a long time was in the employ of the Campbell Foundry. He was a deeply religious man and served many years as an elder in the North Branch Presbyterian Church. He married Pauline Frederica Schwarz, born in Wittenberg, Germany, August 7, 1826, daughter of Rev. Andrew Schwarz, a minister of the German Reformed Church, who had a pastorate in Wheeling, West Virginia, for several years, and also at Pomeroy, Ohio. He had children as follows: Hannah, Alexander, Theodore, Charles, and Pauline Frederica, who became the wife of Mr. Brobeck. Mr. and Mrs. Brobeck had children: Matilda Frederica; Charles P., see forward; Harry.

(IV) Charles P. Brobeck, son of Henry Jackson and Pauline Frederica (Schwarz) Brobeck, was born at Monaca (then Philipsburg), Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 24, 1850. He attended the public schools of his native township, going from them to the Beaver Academy, from which he was graduated with honor. Having qualified for entrance into the drug business, he established himself in this in Rochester, Pennsylvania, in 1873, and was successfully identified with it until his retirement from this line in 1905. He was closely connected with several other important business enterprises, and was regarded as a man of remarkable business acumen and sound judgment. He was one of the organizers of the People's National Bank of Rochester, and has served as one of the board of directors of this institution since its organization. He and his family are members of the First Presbyterian Church, and his political allegiance is given to the Democratic party. He is a member of Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons. He married, 1884, Matilda L. C. Brehm, of West Bridgewater; children: Amalia A. and Frederick Henry.

(The Brehm Line.)

(I) Louis Frederick Brehm, whose entire life was spent in Germany, was a celebrated physician, living in Frankford-on-the-Main. He was twice married, the children of first marriage being: Carl, Matilda, August, see forward; Lena, Louisa. Children of second marriage: Eliza, Lewis, Otilie, Frederica, Pauline.

(II) August Brehm, son of Dr. Louis Frederick Brehm, was born at Swartzenfelts, and came to the United States on his wedding trip, shortly before the outbreak of the Civil War. He located at West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1860, and there followed his trade of watch making, in which enterprise he was very successful. His death occurred in 1900, and that of his wife in 1901. Both were at first members of the Lutheran Reformed denomination and later became members of the First Presbyterian Church. He married, in 1860, Augusta, born in Germany, daughter of Conrad Mascher, of Bridgewater.

Conrad Mascher came to America and served as a soldier during the Civil War, and was killed in South Carolina while serving on his sec-

ond enlistment. August and Augusta (Mascher) Brehm had children: Albert L.; Matilda L. C., married Charles P. Brobeck (see Brobeck IV); Louis C.; Caroline L. F.; William F., see forward; Louisa P.

(III) William F. Brehm, son of August and Augusta (Mascher) Brehm, was born at West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of West Bridgewater, and at Pearsall's Academy, from which institution he was graduated. He then learned the trade of watch making under the capable supervision of his father, and established a business independently in 1887, at the same location, No. 136 Brighton avenue. Later he bought a valuable piece of property, and in 1901 built a brick block, in one part of which he carries on a general jewelry business and a watch factory. He has attained high rank in the Masonic order, having passed through the various bodies, and achieved the dignity of a thirty-second degree Mason. Mr. Brehm married, 1893, Mary M. Flint, of Rochester, and has children: Margaret Irvine, Mary Dorothy, William F. Jr.

The United States, and prior to the existence of that political body, the American Colonies, have received upon their shores many immigrants bearing the name Young, representatives of many branches of the family, and in some cases members of entirely distinct lines. Those that came from the Continent are probably of more ancient origin than those whose homes were in the British Isles, and it is to the former class that those of this chronicle belong. Jacob and Catherine Young were both natives of Germany, and upon coming to the United States settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, Albert, their grandson, now occupying the land on which they lived. They were the parents of several children, among them Jacob Jr., of whom further.

(II) Jacob (2) Young, son of Jacob (1) and Catherine Young, was born in Deichweiler, Rhinefalz Baerer, Germany, February 20, 1838. He was nine years old when he came to this country, settling in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and all of his life has followed the calling of a farmer, owning a farm of one hundred and fifty acres. He has prospered in his undertakings, is well regarded in the locality in which he lives, and holds membership in the German Evangelical Church. He married, September 13, 1863, Sophia, born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 10, 1842, daughter of John and Margaret Goehring, both natives of Germany, who left their native land when young. They were married in Lawrence county and afterwards came to Beaver county. Children of Jacob (2) and Sophia (Goehring) Young: Katie M., Lizzie M., Emma V., Anna S., Bertha, Charles, Albert D., Mollie G., Walter, Amanda R., John W., of whom further.

(III) John W. Young, son of Jacob (2) and Sophia (Goehring) Young, was born near Unionville, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1884. His education, begun in the local public schools, was completed in

Butcher's Business College, and after leaving school he was apprenticed to Joseph Barker to learn the tinner's trade, and later he obtained a position in the employ of F. F. Brierly, with whom he remained for two years. The National Hardware Company, of McKeesport, was then his employer for two years, after which he went to Economy, thence to New Brighton, in 1906 opening a tinning establishment in the latter place on Eighth avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets. His modest accommodations in this place were sufficient to house his business until 1908, when he constructed a brick building at No. 1000 Allegheny street, where he has since conducted a general tinning and hardware business. Ever since beginning in New Brighton he has catered to a steadily increasing trade, constantly adding to his reputation for reliability and expert workmanship, and at the present time his custom and its many demands keep him constantly busy, a gratifying condition to any business man. Mr. Young is a Republican in politics, well liked by his neighbors and friends for his many substantial qualities, and is serving a term in the council as member from the second ward of the borough. His fraternal relations are numerous, his memberships being in the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, the Knights of the Golden Eagle, the Modern Woodmen of America, and he is also a member of the Business Men's Association of New Brighton. Mr. Young married, in 1907, Nora Herron, a native of New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

The intense patriotism which is so characteristic of the PATTON Scottish people has been brought to this country by the early immigrants, and has benefited to the fullest extent the land of their adoption. David Patton was no exception to this rule. Born in Scotland, he married soon after the American Revolution. He emigrated to America, and upon his arrival here he entered the ranks of the Continental army and fought bravely throughout the momentous struggle of those days. After the war was ended he made his home in Westmoreland, Pennsylvania, and he died in Pittsburgh, his wife also dying in Allegheny county.

(II) David (2) Patton, son of David (1) Patton, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, died in Portsmouth, Ohio, although his home was in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. His business occupation was that of a mill worker. He married Jane Gilbreth, a native of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

(III) Hugh Gilbreth Patton, son of David (2) and Jane (Gilbreth) Patton, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, February 9, 1825. He was educated in the schools of his native city. He lived in Butler county, Pennsylvania, for a time, then removed to Cambria county, in the same state, where his death occurred, September 5, 1866. In political matters he gave his unvarying support to the Republican party. He had been reared in the faith of the Presbyterian church, but in latter years joined the Methodist

church. Mr. Patton married, October 8, 1846, Mary Lloyd (see Lloyd III). They had no children.

(The Lloyd Line.)

(I) Griffith Lloyd was born in Wales, from which country he emigrated to America with his wife and children. Both he and his wife died in Cambria county, Pennsylvania. He married Eleanor Theopholis, and they had children: Nellie, John, Griffith, Rollin, see forward; Mary.

(II) Rollin Lloyd, son of Griffith and Eleanor (Theopholis) Lloyd, was born in Wales, and came to this country with his parents. He died in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in August, 1856, at the age of fifty-nine years. He married, in Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, in 1820, the year after his arrival in this country, Jane Evans, also a native of Wales, who died in 1863 at the age of sixty-eight years. She was the daughter of John and Jane (Watkins) Evans, who came to this country from Wales in 1819, and settled in Cambria county, Pennsylvania. They had children: Evan, John, Jane, mentioned above as the wife of Rollin Lloyd; Margaret, David, Ann, Richard and Edward (twins), Isaac. Rollin and Jane (Evans) Lloyd had children: Jane, born May, 1821, died 1854; Mary, see forward; Eleanor, born October 31, 1824, living at the age of eighty-nine years; John, born 1826, died 1863; Griffith, born 1828, died 1845; David, born in July, 1833; Rollin, born 1836.

(III) Mary Lloyd, daughter of Rollin and Jane (Evans) Lloyd, was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1822. She married Hugh G. Patton (see Patton III) and after the death of her husband she removed to Rochester, Pennsylvania, where she settled on property which she had purchased a short time previously, on what was then Pennsylvania street, and is now Pennsylvania avenue. She is the owner of three houses on this avenue, and resides in one of them, No. 184. Since her earliest childhood she has been an active worker in the cause of temperance. She has been a member of the Women's Christian Temperance Union for the past twenty-eight years, and has held office as superintendent of franchise and president of the local union of Rochester, and as corresponding secretary and treasurer. Her religious affiliations at the present time are with the Free Methodist Church, in whose interests she is also an active worker.

Adam Kemmer was a worthy representative of that hardy
KEMMER German stock which forms so substantial an element in the complex population of the United States, that great welcomer of the races wherein, as in a crucible, fused by the exigencies of the modern industrial struggle, the racial differences seem destined to be merged and welded into a new and national character.

Mr. Kemmer was born in Germany, February 5, 1850, a son of Romans and Kathrine (Hartman) Kemmer, both natives of that country, where they passed their entire lives. He was one of a family of six children born to his parents, all of whom but one brother, David, came to America, and

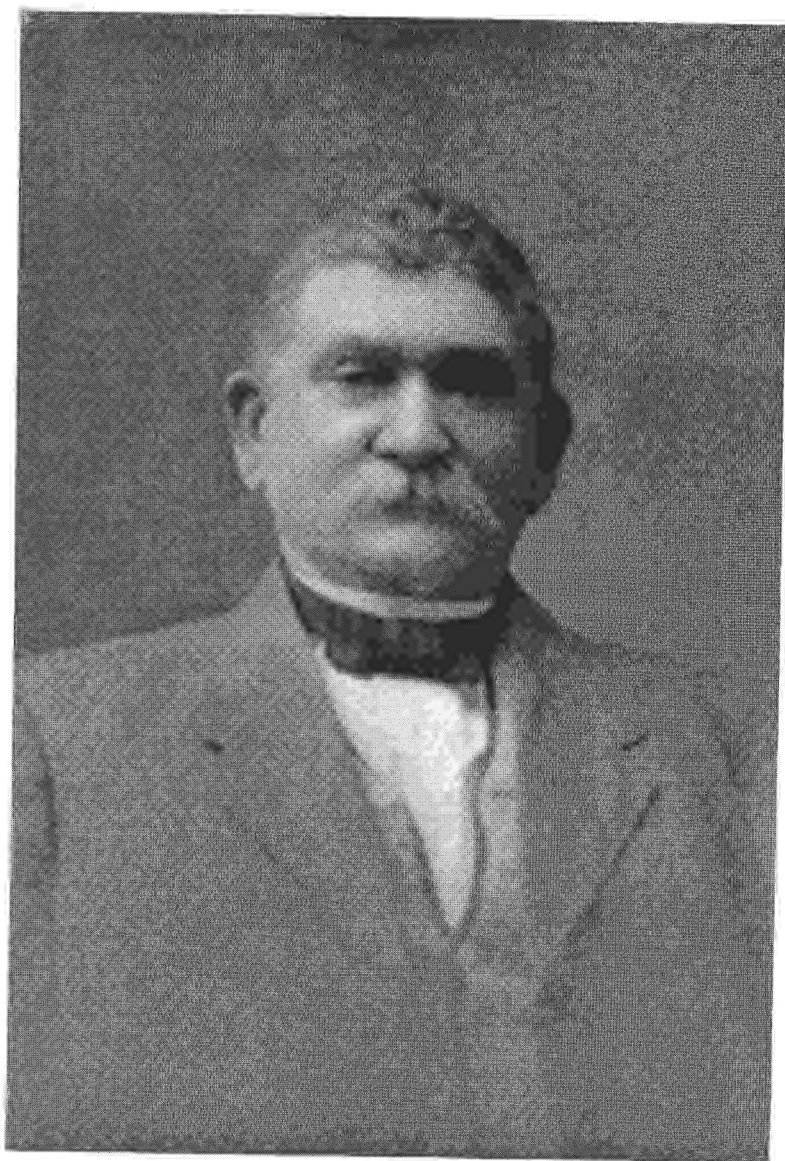
all of whom, but the same brother, are deceased. Their names were as follows: Christopher, David, Elizabeth, Jacob, Caroline, Adam. The brothers were all tanners by trade. Adam Kemmer spent the first sixteen years of his life in Germany and obtained his education there. In 1866, however, he came to America and settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he learned and plied his trade of tinner. In 1883 he went to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and here he was very successful in business, owning and operating a hardware store on Pennsylvania avenue, and owning at the time of his death considerable property along that thoroughfare. In politics Mr. Kemmer was a Republican, and he was a member of the German Protestant Church. His death occurred March 12, 1893.

Mr. Kemmer married, 1874, Elizabeth Littinger, of Old Manchester, near Pittsburgh. She was the daughter of Christopher and Julianna (Fie) Littinger, both natives of Germany. Mr. Littinger had come to America with his wife in 1847 and engaged in the grocery business in Pittsburgh. His death and that of his wife occurred in the same year, 1872; hers on March 18, and his April 1. Their children were Elizabeth and Christina, twins; Philip, deceased; Henry, now a resident of Cincinnati, Ohio. To Mr. and Mrs. Kemmer was born in Pittsburgh, February 18, 1876, a daughter, Christina. She was educated in the Monaca public schools, and on November 10, 1898, was married to Christopher H. Lindsay, of Beaver county. Mr. Lindsay was a son of Gustav and Elizabeth (Kugel) Lindsay, of Monaca. He is a carpenter by trade and a professional base-ball player. To Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay was born a daughter, Elizabeth Margaret, August 30, 1899, who is now a student in the high school at Monaca. Mrs. Kemmer resides at present with Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay at 1101 Indiana avenue, Monaca, where they own one of the finest houses in Beaver county.

The family herein recorded, that of Bryer, has long been BRYER native to Pennsylvania, and it was of that state that he of the name with whom this record begins, John, was a son. Pittsburgh was his birthplace and there he spent his boyhood as a student in the public schools. Upon attaining man's estate, he married and settled on a large farm of which he was the owner, on the outskirts of the city of Pittsburgh (Dutchtown being the local name of the locality in which his land was situated). Here he resided until his death, which took place about 1848, his wife surviving him and dying in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, aged seventy-eight years, never having married a second time. He married Susan Gailey, and was the father of six children: 1. Mary, married Peter Finney; died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 2. William, a farmer of Salineville, Columbiana county, Ohio. 3. Julia Ann, married John Smith, deceased; lives in Knoxville, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 4. James, a glass blower, died in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. 5. John E., of whom further. 6. Ormsby G., a glass manufacturer of Pleasureville, Ohio.

(II) John E. Bryer, son of John and Susan (Gailey) Bryer, was born on Pittsburgh's South Side, Pennsylvania, May 11, 1844. Until he was eight years of age his life was confined to the school room, but at that age he began a connection with the glass industry that has embraced well over half a century of active service, during which exceedingly long period of service he has witnessed the many radical and startling changes that have so revolutionized that business and have made it into one of the fields in which there is abundant opportunity for the invention of time and labor-saving devices and appliances, many of which have come to the front. Mr. Bryer first came to Beaver county in 1864, for seven years working at his trade, that of glass-blower, in Bridgewater, subsequently returning to the city of his birth and there remaining until 1878. In that year an opportunity for the establishment of a glass business requiring small capital presented itself and was taken advantage of by Mr. Bryer and a few associates, plans for the new organization being discussed and perfected at meetings held in the home of Mr. Bryer, and the selection of officers being made. A committee of those promoting the enterprise visited Beaver Falls and selected a site close to the tracks of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad as the best available in the locality for the factory of the proposed company and here the plant was erected. Mr. Bryer was instrumental in all the processes of organization, and through his agency the selected spot was secured, his financial interest in the company continuing to the present time. The plant has doubled in size and output since its establishment and has proved to be a venture of unusual stability and exceptional profit. In Mr. Bryer's department of glass work there have been the most decided changes, and in many glass-blowing processes compressed air has taken the place of the human blower, although in the finer pieces of work a skilled workman cannot be displaced by a machine of metal. Mr. Bryer has the honor of being one of the oldest glass workers engaged in active business in western Pennsylvania, his every faculty obedient at instant command, each muscle doing its work with a firmness and precision that belie his sixty-nine years, sixty-one spent in ceaseless application to business.

After this long period of time passed in making provision for himself and his family, he takes great enjoyment in a little relaxation from the cares and perplexities that creep even into well-regulated businesses, realizing this in the breeding of fast horses. Among the best of those that have come from his stables are: Mattie, whose time was 2.14 $\frac{1}{4}$; Lady Russ, 2.16 $\frac{1}{4}$; Ollie B., 2.21 $\frac{1}{2}$; Lilly B., 2.29 $\frac{1}{4}$, and several others equaling the above in speed. Nor do the pride, pleasure, and delight that these excellent horses give him justify the conclusion that his interests are self-centered and selfish, for in the promotion of projects for the benefit of his fellows and his community he finds a satisfaction just as wholesome and an interest fully as attractive. His ideas are progressive and in their advancement he is in no way timid, a fact shown true by his pioneer advocacy of the substitution of an electric street railway in Beaver Falls for the old horse-drawn



John C. Fryer



O. J. Bryer

system that had formerly accommodated the inhabitants of the town, an innovation that, owing to his tireless efforts in its behalf, was installed long before it would have been accepted had his position been one of passivity. He was also one of the early stockholders in the Citizens' Gas Company. He is a Republican in politics, a member of the Methodist Protestant church, and belongs to the Knights of Pythias.

He married, in 1862, Kate Fossett, born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of: 1. William, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 2. Oliver J., of further mention. 3. Ella, died unmarried. 4. Lily, married Herbert J. Peirsol; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; they are the parents of two children, Florence and Jennie.

(III) Oliver James Bryer, son of John E. and Kate (Fossett) Bryer, was born in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1867. All of his graded school instruction was received in the Humbolt school in Pittsburgh, although his studies were discontinued when he was nine years of age to allow him to accept employment in the glass factory where his father was engaged. Here he was employed until his father's family moved to Beaver Falls, whither he also came, entering the service of the Co-operative Glass Works in 1897. He specialized in no one branch of this industry, but worked in all of the various departments, this generalization tending toward a knowledge of the whole not superficial in character but wide and all embracing, such as would have fitted him for the management of such a plant had he made that his life work. From 1897 until 1903 he was engaged in the liquor business, in the latter year purchasing Mr. Akin's shoe store at 1601 Seventh avenue, and after conducting the same with excellent success and prosperity for eight years he placed it in the hands of his son, Oliver James, Jr., who has since continued it. Since March, 1912, Mr. Bryer has been the proprietor of a wholesale liquor store at 1524 Seventh avenue. He is a Republican in politics, and fraternizes with the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. His home is at No. 1835 Fourth avenue.

Mr. Bryer married, May 14, 1893, Catherine Elizabeth Sheridan, born in New York City, August 31, 1870, daughter of Bartholomew and Anna (Brady) Sheridan. Children: 1. Oliver James, Jr., born March 8, 1894, a retail shoe dealer. 2. Helen May, born August 3, 1898.

Bartholomew Sheridan was the son of Thomas and Catherine Sheridan, both natives of county Cavan, Ireland, where they died. Thomas and Catherine Sheridan were the parents of: 1. Bartholomew. 2. John, deceased; was superintendent in charge of Fleetwood Park, New York City. 3. James, deceased; was a painter. 4. Mary, deceased; married Patrick Carroll, and lived in Tuckahoe, New York. Bartholomew Sheridan was born in county Cavan, Ireland, and there spent his youth, as a young man attending Monouth College in that country. After coming to the United States he made his home with an uncle, and upon entering business chose contracting as the field to which he would devote his future efforts. Rail-

road work was the branch of his business to which he gave most of his personal attention, New York and New England being the scene of much of his railroad construction. His business partner was Daniel Hickey, who realized a vast fortune from their contracting dealings, possessing at his death property valued at more than one million dollars. Mr. Sheridan actively supervised much of the work of the firm of a more important nature, and his death was due to this laudable desire to ascertain that the promises and contracts made were fulfilled. His was not the type that avoids responsibility by thrusting it upon subordinates, but for all work contracted for by his firm he was willing to receive whatever of censure or praise might result therefrom. Hickey and Sheridan were constructing a division of the New York and New England Railroad in 1881, and Mr. Sheridan had journeyed to Tarrytown to direct a rather difficult piece of work involving the making of a cut through a solid wall of rock, a procedure necessitating the use of many charges of dynamite. He was in the middle of the operation, directing the placing of the charges so that the explosion would have the greatest effect, when a current was sent through the wires connected with the dynamite, the following hail of dirt and boulders causing his death. Through this most lamentable accident his life was ended in his thirty-fifth year, when he was enjoying the full vigor of youthful manhood and watching, with pleasurable pride, the maturing of his business plans. Throughout his entire life he was a member of the Roman Catholic church, devout and regular in his devotions. He married Anna Brady, born in Phillipsburg, New Jersey, 1853, who after his death moved to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where she married a second time, her husband being Thomas Coyle, a blacksmith of Beaver Falls, where she now resides. She is a daughter of Thomas and Margaret Brady, both natives of Ireland, who came to the United States with their parents. When the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad was in the course of construction Thomas Brady came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and was there employed in the file factory until his death. Thomas and Margaret Brady were the parents of: 1. Thomas, a resident of Allegheny City (Pittsburgh North Side), Pennsylvania. 2. Robert, deceased; was proprietor of a hotel in Texas. 3. James, deceased; was a member of a traveling opera troupe. 4. Anna, of previous mention, married Bartholomew Sheridan. 5. Elizabeth, married George Harrison; lives at McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania. Children of Bartholomew and Anna Sheridan: 1. Catherine Elizabeth, of previous mention, married Oliver James Bryer. 2. Thomas, an employee in the glass factory in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 3. Hugh, a conductor on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad. 4. John, an employee of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad. 5. Robert, a resident of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 6. Bartholomew, lives in Youngstown, Ohio. Anna (Brady) Sheridan, by her marriage with Thomas Coyle, is the mother of one daughter, Margaret, who married M. J. Convolinka, and lives in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

The blood of the ancestors of the American Frazier family is of the purest Scotch descent, and in the third American generation alliance was made with another of the oldest and first families of that land. Besides these two ancient Scotch lines, English and Irish strains have entered into the family, so that for generations it is unnecessary to search beyond the British Isles for the origin of the Fraziers of the twentieth century.

(I) The American ancestor of the direct Frazier line came to America from his native land when a young man, settling in Philadelphia and there learning the trade of ship carpenter, later moving to Steubenville, where he died. He married and was the father of a large family, one of his sons being William, of whom further.

(II) William Frazier was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, there spending his youth, coming in young manhood to Steubenville, Ohio, whither his parents moved at the same time. He became the owner of a good sized farm in the vicinity of Steubenville, a water-course traversing the land, and on this stream he erected a grist mill, an accident occurring in the operation of this mill causing his death. He married Elizabeth Hanlon, born at Pomeroy, Meigs county, Ohio. Children of William and Elizabeth (Hanlon) Frazier: 1. Elizabeth, died unmarried. 2. William, of whom further. 3. James, twin of William, a soldier in the Union Army, held the rank of sergeant in an Ohio company, was captured at the battle of Chickamauga, and died in Andersonville prison.

(III) William (2) Frazier, son of William (1) and Elizabeth (Hanlon) Frazier, was born in Steubenville, Jefferson county, Ohio, March 12, 1828, died in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, August 12, 1900. His boyhood was passed in the place of his birth, where he attended school, and being possessed of unusual natural mechanical ability, he learned the trade of millwright. The serving of his apprenticeship was in reality little more than a formality, for since his childhood he had been adept in the use of tools, and when he began his term of instruction was the equal of some of the mechanics with whom he worked. After a few years passed in the pursuit of his trade he became a paper manufacturer at Bridgeport, Ohio, continuing in this line for four years, the burning of his mill with a total loss forcing him from business. He then went to Winona, Minnesota, his family remaining in Steubenville, Ohio, and became the proprietor of a paint factory, in 1857 moving to Old Brighton, later named Beaver Falls, and assumed charge of a paper mill owned by his uncle, Archibald Robertson. He then served in a similar capacity in a paper mill at Monongahela City, Pennsylvania, later returning to New Brighton, as manager of the Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company. In 1865 he formed the firm of Frazier, Metzgar & Company, purchasing the plant of the company previously mentioned, and for several years the new concern continued in successful operation. Although the panic of 1873 did not force them from business immediately it so weakened their financial standing that the plant

was closed in 1875. In 1866 his family joined him in Beaver Falls, that place being the home of the family ever after. Mr. Frazier was an active, interested worker in church organizations, and was instrumental in securing the charter for the Presbyterian church at Beaver Falls from the Pittsburgh Synod. He and his wife were charter members of this congregation, of which he was an elder, and for several years he was leader of the choir, having a baritone voice of more than ordinary sweetness, range and power. His political sympathies were with the Republican party. One of the subjects upon which he held the strongest views and of which he could speak with fervent feeling was that of temperance, his course in life being ever that of the total abstainer.

He married Anna Elizabeth Robertson, born in Steubenville, Ohio, May 12, 1832, daughter of William and Anna (McFetridge) Robertson (see Robertson IV). She was a woman of refinement and excellent education, having attended the Female Seminary at Steubenville, Ohio, at that time the only institution planned exclusively for the instruction of girls west of the Allegheny mountains. She took pleasurable pride in the ability to teach her children, and indeed performed that service quite as well as an experienced teacher and with infinitely greater benefit to her little pupils. Children of William (2) and Anna Elizabeth (Robertson) Frazier: 1. Anna, married Fred Hosmer; died in August, 1884. 2. Louise, married James B. Donaldson; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 3. William Matthew, of whom further. 4. John, died aged two years. 5. Jennie, a schoolteacher, unmarried. 6. James B., of whom further.

(IV) William Matthew Frazier, son of William (2) and Anna Elizabeth (Robertson) Frazier, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 10, 1859. His education was obtained in the public schools of New Brighton and Beaver Falls, and after leaving school he spent one year in the capacity of clerk in Pangburn's Clothing Store. He then learned file cutting in the file factory at Beaver Falls, following this occupation for four years, after which he engaged in the real estate business for one year. For the three following years he was employed in the office of Chandley Brothers as bookkeeper and in 1888 he entered the United States postal service in the Beaver Falls office as letter carrier, a position he has since held. He is at the present time (1914) the oldest letter carrier, both in point of years and in length of service, on the Beaver Falls force. He has been a member of the civil service examining board, is a Presbyterian in religion, and is president of the choir of that church. His home is at No. 1312 Third avenue, in a comfortable residence erected for him in 1898. Mr. Frazier is well regarded by all of his many friends in his native city, his straightforward uprightness meriting the approbation of all.

He married, May 4, 1882, Sarah Florence, born in Taunton, Massachusetts, March 6, 1861, daughter of Henry and Susannah (Keeling) Hill. Her parents were both born in Sheffield, England, he in 1825, she in 1826,

their deaths occurring in 1875 and on December 24, 1907. They were married in the land of their birth, and in 1849 Henry Hill, his wife, parents, and family, immigrated to the United States, settling in Matteawan, New York, later moving to Taunton, Massachusetts, where they established a file factory, all of the family holding interest in the business. In 1871 the family residence was changed to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where they all obtained employment in the Great Western File Works. All were members of the Episcopal church. Children of Henry and Susannah (Keeling) Hill: 1. William, deceased. 2. Anna, married William Almond. 3. Lucy, married George Chandley; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 4. Eliza, lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, unmarried. 5. Susan, lives in Beaver Falls, unmarried. 6. Sarah Florence, of previous mention, married William Matthew Frazier. 7. William, died in Taunton, Massachusetts. 8. Belle, married Thomas H. Barber; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. Children of William Matthew and Sarah Florence (Hill) Frazier: 1. William H., born May 8, 1889; a plumber, lives in Beaver Falls, unmarried. 2. Clarence Donaldson, born September 23, 1890, a student at Pennsylvania State College.

(IV) James B. Frazier, son of William (2) and Anna Elizabeth (Robertson) Frazier, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 3, 1866. In his youth he attended the public schools of Beaver Falls, when nineteen years of age entering railroad service, in which he has ever since remained. His first position was with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Confluence, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, where he studied and learned telegraphy, for seven years being employed by that road as telegraph operator at various stations along their lines. In 1891 he accepted a similar position with the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, serving in that capacity for eight years, for the four following years being stationed in the ticket office of the company in Pittsburgh. He was appointed to his present position in 1903 as ticket and station agent at Beaver Falls, "New Brighton Station," also ticket agent at the "Beaver Falls Station," which he fills in a competent manner, his long experience in railroad work eminently qualifying him for the responsibility of his present situation. Mr. Frazier is a Republican in politics, a member of the Beaver Falls Presbyterian Church, and belongs to the Masonic order, lodge, chapter and commandery. His home is at No. 619 Ninth street, Beaver Falls.

(The Robertson Line.)

The Robertson family, allied with that of Frazier by the marriage of William (2) Frazier and Anna Elizabeth Robertson, descends from Donnachadh Reamhair (Donnachadh, the red-haired), who about 1260 founded the family of Robertson. He was a descendant of the ancient earls of Atholl, to which line Malcolm II., of Scotland, the gracious King Duncan, whom Shakespeare employs in his wonderful "Macbeth," belonged. Other lines belonging to the clan of Donnachadh were the Robertsons of Inches, Kindeace, Auchleeks, Trinafour, Tulliebelton, Kindrochet, Edradynate,

Ladykirk, Glencalvie and Quay. Donnachadh, the chief of the clan, was twice married and had four sons, the many lines of Robertsons descending through them.

(I) This record begins with John Robertson, born in Perthshire, Scotland, about 1710, who, under "Prince Charlie," took a prominent part in the uprising of 1745, and after the battle of Culloden was compelled to flee the country, taking refuge in county Tyrone, Ireland. His habitual garb was a dress coat, with silver buttons, some of his descendants cherishing what are said to be the buttons from this coat. He married and had a son, William, through whom this line continues.

important business enterprises, and was regarded as a man of remarkable

(II) William Robertson, son of John Robertson, was born at Tivaney county Tyrone, Ireland, 1753. He married Margaret Denny, and had children: 1. Matthew, of whom further. 2. John, born 1778, came to the United States, died in Ohio, 1836. 3. Robert, born 1779. 4. James, born 1781, died in Ohio, 1855. 5. Denny, born 1784, died in Ohio, 1829. 6. Alexander, born 1785, died in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, 1811. 7. David, born 1787, died in Gloucester county, Virginia.

(III) Matthew Robertson, son of William and Margaret (Denny) Robertson, was born at Tivaney, county Tyrone, Ireland. His share of the paternal estate in Ireland made him independently wealthy, and when in 1812 he and his family decided to come to the United States, he secured transportation for ten other families of their neighborhood, their indebtedness to be paid by their services after reaching the United States. He never reached his destination, the ship in which they were making the passage being stopped on the high seas by a British man-of-war, the commander of the English vessel impressing every able-bodied man on the ship to enlist in the English service. His family never saw him after that time, his death occurring in Halifax, Nova Scotia, 1815, the result of a malignant fever. His widow, with her children, awaited news of his fate in the eastern part of the country and after his death moved west, locating near Steubenville, Ohio. Matthew Robertson married Rebecca Shaw. Children: 1. Margaret, married James Johnson; lived in Rock Island, Illinois. 2. William, of whom further. 3. Archibald, born 1805, died in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, 1871; was a prominent paper manufacturer of Beaver county, Pennsylvania; married Ann Baker. 4. Mary Ann, died in St. John's, New Brunswick, about 1814, when a small child. 5. Rebecca, died in Halifax, Nova Scotia, in childhood. 6. James, born 1808, died in Coshocton, Coshocton county, Ohio; owned a large farm near that place and acquired a considerable fortune; married Eliza McFetridge. 7. Jane, married Hugh Sterling, a merchant of Steubenville, and there resided. 8. Rebecca, married Lowry Shaw; lived in Iowa.

(IV) William (2) Robertson, son of Matthew and Rebecca (Shaw) Robertson, was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, 1800, died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 1892. He came to the United States with his family when he

was twelve years of age, having passed his previous life in acquiring an education, and was brought by his mother to Steubenville, Ohio, where he grew to maturity, later becoming a merchant in that place and the proprietor of one of the best appointed stores in the city, devoted to the dry goods business. He amassed a comfortable fortune, was prominent in all the activities of the city, and a devoted member of the United Presbyterian Church. He married Anna McFetridge. Children: 1. Elizabeth, died in infancy. 2. Lavinia, died in infancy. 3. Louisa, married James D. Layton; lives in Steubenville, Ohio. 4. Anna Elizabeth, of previous mention, married William (2) Frazier (see Frazier III). 5. John Lloyd, for thirty-five years general superintendent of the Span-Chalfant Company, of Pittsburgh; married Bella Cochran; lives in Etna, Pennsylvania. 6. Rebecca, lives unmarried in Canton, Ohio. 7. Rev. James Lovejoy, a minister of the Presbyterian church; married Margaret Johnson; lives in Bronxville, New York. 8. William Matthew, died aged twenty-one years. 9. Mary Jane, married James Blair; lived in Steubenville, Ohio. 10. Amelia, married Charles Spaulding. 11. George A., a merchant, married and died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 12. Hugh Sterling, married, and died in Steubenville, Ohio.

The name of McKinley has been a well known one for many years, not alone in this country, but also in England, Scotland and Ireland.

(I) John McKinley was born in Ireland, November 5, 1845. While still a young man he emigrated to America, arriving in Philadelphia in 1874. In 1876 he removed to Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and after he entered the employ of a railroad company he removed to Butler, Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1886, where he now resides. He is a conductor on the Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad, and is very efficient in the discharge of his responsible duties. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the United Presbyterian Church. Mr. McKinley married Elizabeth Stewart, born in Scotland, May 12, 1850, and they have children: Catherine L., Mary I., Andrew Stewart, see forward; Robert J., Elizabeth S., all of whom are now living.

(II) Dr. Andrew Stewart McKinley, son of John and Elizabeth (Stewart) McKinley, was born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, December 23, 1881. His elementary education was acquired in the public schools of Butler, Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he was graduated from the high school. He was also graduated with honor from the Butler Business College, after which he matriculated at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in the class of June, 1906, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. One year was spent as interne at the Chenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, and he then came to Beaver county and practiced one year at Aliquippa. In 1908 he removed to Monaca, Beaver county, where he has already secured an extensive practice,

owing to the successes he has achieved. He is painstaking and thorough, and has won the affection as well as the confidence of his numerous patients. Dr. McKinley is a member of the Presbyterian church. He is unmarried.

We are told by the economists that the opportunities to rise financially are no longer so great as they were once upon a time, that it requires a higher degree of ability and that we consequently see fewer examples of conspicuous success on the part of men who started poor than formerly. That this is true should be readily admitted, but the full force of the fact is only to be noted in the metropolitan districts, in regions of great concentration of wealth and population. In the rural sections of the country, where great wealth with its irretrievable handicap is not so often in the race, we may see many cases of the rise of poor men to positions of prominence in their communities, and observe that here at least industry and consistency of purpose meet with their full reward. The life of Andrew Hughes is a case in point. Coming from West Virginia to a region strange to him, he performed at first the most humble tasks, but through faithful performance of his duties and careful thrift, he gradually wrought a place for himself in the region of his adoption and is now the owner of a thriving business of his own and prominent in the social life of the place.

Andrew Hughes was born September 30, 1860, near Ravenswood, Jackson county, West Virginia, a son of Judson and Caroline (Stanley) Hughes, natives of that state. Indeed, his paternal grandparents were pioneers in the Jackson county region, and their son, Judson Hughes, was a farmer there. He was a staunch Republican in his politics, and with the breaking out of the Civil War, sided with the Federal government and enlisted in the army. He was a member of a troop of Union Cavalry, in which he held the honorable but perilous office of color sergeant, and was wounded on the field of action. To him and his wife were born twelve children: Andrew, see forward; Roseline; Averel, deceased; Matthew; Reta; Leonard; William; Orville; Cora, deceased; Clara, deceased; Edward; Nora.

Andrew Hughes obtained his education in the local public schools, and passed his childhood and youth on his father's farm, becoming a practical farmer while still in his teens. As he approached the age of twenty, the desire so common to that age of seeking abroad the fortune seemingly denied at home, possessed him, and in 1880 he journeyed north to Pennsylvania and settled in the town of Monaca, Beaver county. Upon his arrival he was obliged to accept any work that offered and accordingly took a position in a brick yard which he held for three years. He then was able to find employment in the Phoenix Glass Company of Monaca, remaining there for eight years, giving satisfaction to his employers, and gradually laying up enough money for his great desire to engage in business for himself. In 1901 he was at length able to realize his ambition and opened a grocery

business at No. 1416 Pennsylvania avenue, Monaca, building his own store in which the enterprise has since flourished mightily. But Mr. Hughes has not contented himself with success in business only, but takes an active part in the political and social life of Monaca and is prominent in fraternal circles in the neighborhood. He is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Presbyterian church at Monaca and is very active in church work, having been the treasurer of the church for a number of years. To him belongs the distinction of having put in the first open installation in Beaver county of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of Monaca Lodge, No. 1115, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, of the Phillipsburg Council of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, of the Woodmen of the World, of Rochester, and of the Daughters of Rebecca, of West Bridgewater.

Mr. Hughes married, November 23, 1887, Ida Radcliffe, the youngest of the six children of Stephen and Marsh (Sayre) Radcliffe, of Meigs county, Ohio, where she was born December 4, 1865. Mr. Radcliffe was a native of Wood county, West Virginia, having been born there in 1820, but had married his wife in Ohio and settled there. His death occurred in October, 1906, and that of Mrs. Radcliffe in March, 1908. Mrs. Hughes is related through her maternal grandmother, who had been a Miss Wetzel, to the Indian scout, Louis Wetzel, well known to West Virginia in the old days. To Mr. and Mrs. Hughes have been born two children, as follows: Eric, born March 3, 1889, died in infancy; Reva Jane, born March 20, 1899, who is now a student in the high school of Monaca, Pennsylvania.

The recognized center of this line of the American family McNUTT of McNutt is Kentucky, although those bearing the name may be found in many other localities in the United States.

(I) Beginning with William McNutt, the earliest member of the family of whom reliable record remains, the home of the family has been in Lewis county, Kentucky, where Otto Robert McNutt, of this chronicle, was born. He married Dullie Ann, daughter of Humphry Marshall and his wife, who was a member of the Kentucky family of Brayfield, generations of her line having lived and died in that state. They were the parents of Obed Winfield, of whom further, who was one of a numerous family.

(II) Obed Winfield McNutt, son of William McNutt, was born in Lewis county, Kentucky, October 14, 1852. In his boyhood he attended the public schools, and when the time came for making a choice of a life occupation he decided upon the trade of cabinet-maker, and accordingly learned the same. He was a proficient workman in this art, but after following it for some time he wearied of its ceaseless grind and began farming. This he has since continued, and at the present time is one of the most successful agriculturists of Lewis county, Kentucky. He is a farmer of the modern school, with a mind open and receptive, not scorning innovations nor condemning new theories without a thorough trial. From the

revolutions that have occurred in his business he has found that the most radical changes are often productive of the greatest good, and that from apparent folly comes the richest benefit. At the time of the organization of the Bank of Tolesboro, Kentucky, he was elected its first president by the board of directors. The Republican party is that which receives his political support, while his church is the Christian. He married Margaret Rachel Dunbar, born May 22, 1852, daughter of David McQuisten and Susan L. (Jack) Dunbar. David McQuisten Dunbar, son of Samuel Dunbar, one of the first settlers of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, was born in Beaver county, September 15, 1813, died in Lewis county, Kentucky, March 10, 1898, his wife born in Lewis county, Kentucky, in 1815, died there August 4, 1893. The progenitors of the McNutt family had ever been tillers of the soil, while David McQuisten Dunbar was an artisan, his trade being that of plasterer. Obed Winfield and Margaret Rachel (Dunbar) McNutt were the parents of: Oran Winfield; Otto Robert, of whom further; David William; James Lewis; Metta Wave, deceased; Obed Clifford.

(III) Otto Robert McNutt, son of Obed Winfield and Margaret Rachel (Dunbar) McNutt, was born in Lewis county, Kentucky, February 5, 1878. His early studies were pursued in the public schools of his birthplace and in the Tolesboro Normal School, his education being completed in Berea College, of Madison county, Kentucky, from which institution he was graduated in 1901. His youthful labors had been on the home farm, but in the year of his graduation from college he came to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and until 1908 was employed by the firm of Mart-solf Brothers, contractors and builders. In 1908 he established in the contracting business independently, and has also conducted extensive building operations. Success has attended his efforts and he is a worthy competitor of firms whose records cover a much longer period of time. Nor has it been only in the line of his business that Mr. McNutt has advanced during his residence in New Brighton, but likewise in favor and popularity with his fellow-citizens, who demonstrated their confidence in his ability by returning him a member of the borough council at the last election; he is at present (1914) president of that body, for which office he was the Republican candidate. He is prominent in Masonic circles, belonging to Union Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons; Beaver Falls Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons, and Beaver Falls Commandery, No. 84, Knights Templar, also being a member of the Lodge of Perfection, of New Castle. His only other fraternal relation is with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he belongs to Lodge No. 450, of New Brighton. He is a member of the board of trustees of New Brighton Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. McNutt married, October 28, 1907, Jessie May Rogers, born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 14, 1883, daughter of John Raphael and Clara Ardelia (Saxon) Rogers, her parents being residents of Brooklyn, New York. Mr. Rogers has received the degree of Master of Arts from both



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Oberlin and Berea Colleges. Mrs. McNutt is a graduate of Pratt Institute, of Brooklyn, having previously attended Oberlin and Berea Colleges, the former in Ohio, the latter of Kentucky. They are the parents of two children: Clara Margaret, born August 16, 1908; Robert Allen, born December 7, 1910.

Mr. McNutt and wife are members of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. The McNutt home is at No. 1537 Fourth avenue. Mr. McNutt's steady rise in the estimation of his fellows, the capable manner in which he manages his business, and his public-spirited devotion to the duties of his public office, mark him as one of the foremost of the borough's citizens, and one of whom much may be expected.

The name of Dickey is one which has been on record in the UNITED STATES for many years, and some of the earliest records are to be found in the state of New Jersey, from whence the family migrated to Pennsylvania, and representatives are now to be found throughout the Union.

(I) Dr. John Dickey, a native of New Jersey, came from New Jersey at an early date, and settled at New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. He was a noted surgeon in his day, and rendered excellent service during the War of 1812, his death occurring before the termination of this struggle. He married, in New Jersey, Anna Hart, granddaughter of John Hart, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. She married (second) Samuel McClure, and died at Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. John and Anna (Hart) Dickey had children: Newton; John Scudder, see forward.

(II) John Scudder Dickey, son of Dr. John and Anna (Hart) Dickey, was born in New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, 1807, died in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 7, 1884. He attended the public schools of his native town, and from his earliest years proved that he had great mental ability. He found employment on a steamboat line, and was identified with this line of work until later years when he established a grocery store which he conducted until his death. He was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, and during the administration of President Buchanan held the office of steamboat inspector. His religious affiliations were with the Presbyterian church. Mr. Dickey married Sarah Allison, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in September, 1814, died 1892, daughter of James Allison, born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, who settled in Beaver county, in the same state, in 1800, and became an extensive land owner there. He was an able attorney, a member of the United States congress several terms, and one of his relatives was Senator Allison, of Iowa. He married, in Beaver county, Jane Shannon, and they had children: Samuel; Jane; Margaret; William; John, who served as a member of congress and registrar of the United States treasury; Mary, who married a Mr. Thornly, of Brighton; Julia; Sarah,

mentioned above; Thomas. John Scudder and Sarah (Allison) Dickey had children: James; Samuel; Jane; Jesse, drowned in Beaver river while skating; John Scudder, Jr.; Anna; Jesse; William Allison, see forward.

(III) William Allison Dickey, son of John Scudder and Sarah (Allison) Dickey, was born in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in the house in which he now lives, July 26, 1858. Most of his brothers and sisters had died of cholera during the epidemic of 1854. He was educated in the public schools of his section of the country, and at a suitable age was apprenticed to learn the trade of saw cutting, with which he has been mainly identified throughout his life. He has become the owner of the old homestead on Otter street. During the course of his life Mr. Dickey has been associated with various occupations, and was for a time in practice as a civil engineer, but his attention has been mainly engaged with the manufacture of saws. He has taken an active part in local politics as a supporter of Democratic principles, and during the first administration of President Cleveland served as postmaster. His religious connection is with the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Dickey married, December 25, 1893, Ida Monnier, born in Switzerland, September 28, 1867, daughter of Charles and Catherine (Kretchmen) Monnier, the former born in a French town in Switzerland, the latter a native of Germany, who came to Monaca in 1878. He was a tinner by trade, and in pursuit of his calling went to Pittsburgh, where he died in 1891, at the age of forty-nine years. His wife died in 1904, aged fifty-six years. They had children: Alfred, died at the age of seventeen; Caroline; Ida, mentioned above. Mr. and Mrs. Dickey have had one child, Raymond, born July 11, 1896. His education was completed by a course in Duff's Business College, and he is now bookkeeper at the First National Bank at Rochester, Pennsylvania.

The Duey family has been resident in Pennsylvania for a number of generations, but very little definite information is to be obtained about it, as very many of the early records were destroyed by fire and other causes.

(I) John A. Duey was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1817, died at New Kingston, Cumberland county, in 1905. He spent about forty years of his life at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He married Elizabeth Eckles, and they had children: George, deceased; John, deceased; Kate; Marie; James Albert, of further mention.

(II) James Albert Duey, son of John A. and Elizabeth (Eckles) Duey, was born in New Kingston, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1853, died in December, 1913. He came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, at the age of twenty-seven years, settling at Beaver Falls, and was in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for a number of years. In 1882 he removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, and in 1887 engaged in mercantile business there, with which he was successfully identified until his

death. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Protestant church, and he gave his political allegiance to the Democratic party, taking a deep interest in whatever concerned the welfare of the community. Mr. Duey married Sarah Germyer, born in Middlesex, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, March 9, 1858, daughter of George Germyer, who was unmarried when he came to this country, settled at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, where he died December 13, 1904, at the age of seventy-eight years. He married Lucretia von Kleist, who was born in Fuerstenau, Hanover, Germany, January 30, 1826. She was a daughter of Frederick von Kleist, a member of the royal family of Germany, and chancellor and secretary to Frederick, King of Prussia. Mr. and Mrs. Germyer had children: William S., born August 19, 1853; Margaret Catherine, November 22, 1854; George, December 3, 1855; John C., February 9, 1857; Sarah, who married Mr. Duey, as above mentioned; Edward Henry, March 16, 1869; Anna Augusta, August 29, 1870; and several who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Duey had children: Elizabeth Eckles, married Charles C. Herzog, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and has one son, John Richard; Gerhardt Kleist, deceased; Helen, who was educated in New Brighton and at the Western College for Women, is a well known writer for magazines; Homer George, of further mention; Adeline Belle, married Dr. John W. Shuman, of Sioux City, Iowa; Mervin Eckles, deceased.

(III) Homer George Duey, son of James Albert and Sarah (Germyer) Duey, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1884. He acquired his education in the public schools of New Brighton, and at a suitable age entered the business of his father as an assistant, becoming a partner in the firm in 1908. Since the death of his father he has assumed the sole responsibility, and is carrying on the business very successfully. He is progressive and up-to-date in his business methods, and has the faculty of retaining customers to a remarkable degree. He is independent in his political opinions, preferring to act without being influenced by party ties of any kind. He has numerous fraternal affiliations, among them being the following: Union Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons, of New Brighton; Lodge of Perfection, of New Castle; Knights of Pythias, of New Brighton. Mr. Duey married, in June, 1910, Elizabeth Stuber, daughter of Henry L. Stuber, of New Brighton. They have one child, William Henry, born October 26, 1912.

There is no ancient American ancestry to be claimed by this McCOMB branch of the McComb family, as only one generation thereof are of American birth, but in Ireland and Scotland public and historical annals make frequent use of the name, for those bearing it have ever deported themselves well in whatever circumstances they were placed, a boast borne out by fact.

(I) Andrew McComb is the first of this record, whose birthplace was Ireland, where his ancestors had sought refuge upon being driven from

their native land by oppression, persecution and strife. He was an employee in the woolen mills, and married in Ireland, he and his wife subsequently coming to Manchester, New Hampshire, where he followed the same business, attaining a prominent position in that line of endeavor because of his previous vast experience in the home of the industry. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church. Both died in Manchester, New Hampshire, he in 1893, she five years later. He and his wife Agnes were the parents of the following children, all living in New Hampshire with the exception of Margaret: David, deceased; James, deceased; Thomas, deceased; Andrew; John; Alexander, deceased; William; Mary, deceased; Agnes; Margaret, married William Cuthbert, and lives in East Liverpool, Ohio; Susan; Anna.

(II) David McComb, son of Andrew and Agnes McComb, was born in Belfast, Ireland, September 8, 1844. He was educated and grew to maturity in that country. After his marriage he and his wife came to the United States, settling in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in farming and was for more than twenty years an employee of the Bentley Twine Works, until the time of his death, May 10, 1900. He was a Republican in politics and was active in the councils of his party, working with tireless energy to increase its strength and influence in his locality. He had been a member, in Ireland, of the Presbyterian church, his wife of the Church of England, both attending in New Brighton the Methodist Protestant church. He was a man of generosity of nature, unusual force of character, and of such jovial and genial nature that his friends were many, his society being most enjoyable. There was a side of his life that reflected even more credit upon the nobility of his character than his upright and manly conduct, that was the tender, loving and thoughtful care with which he showered his family, and the devotion shown in his attention to their every want. It was here that he drew his inspiration for daily work and achievement, here that he derived his strength to bestow cheer and kindness about him, and here that he found the greatest reward in duty well performed.

Mr. McComb married, October 18, 1867, Mary, daughter of Edward and Mary (Howard) McLaughlin, born in Colderin, county Antrim, Ireland, October 18, 1849, her parents both being of Scotch-Irish descent, who came to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, about 1875, both dying there, he in July, 1878, she in July, 1898. Children of Edward and Mary (Howard) McLaughlin: Elizabeth; Margaret, twin of Elizabeth; James, deceased; Mary, of previous mention, married David McComb; Samuel, Annie, Robert. Children of David and Mary (McLaughlin) McComb: 1. Agnes, married Charles Ferguson, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and has one son, Earl Vincent. 2. Mary, lives at home. 3. Margaret, a school-teacher, lives at home. 4. Annie, married Lewis Glaser, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and has one daughter, Lulu. 5. Edward Thompson, married Margaret Hughes, of Beaver, Pennsylvania, and has: Charles Hughes,

Richard Colbath, Edward Hughes, Robert Hughes. 6. Eva Howard, twin of Edward Thompson, married Howard Irwin, of Rochester, Pennsylvania. 6. David Jones, died October 8, 1906, aged twenty-seven years.

This is a Swiss family, the American ancestor a native of that land, which in proportion to its size has fewer emigrants leaving it yearly than perhaps any other European country. This is due in a great degree to the fact that this little mountain republic has through centuries of tempestuous history learned well the secret of government, and that under the rule of the Swiss congress the people of the country may prosper to whatever degree their capabilities warrant, the very feature that has made the United States such an attractive goal for thousands of Europeans held down by an overwhelming caste system and the demands of an extravagant royalty.

(I) This line begins with John and Nancy (Yakey) Burry, both born in Switzerland, who came to the United States in 1823, finally locating near Zelienople, Butler county, Pennsylvania, purchasing a farm in that locality, where his death occurred in 1861, when he was seventy-two years of age, hers in 1869, aged about seventy-two years. He did not limit his activities to farming but was also a cattle dealer, driving desirable stock from Indiana and Ohio to the eastern market at Philadelphia. He had been a weaver in his native land, but was in very moderate circumstances upon arriving in this country, but by successful dealings he accumulated a considerable fortune, owning at his death a farm in Butler county and real estate in Harmony and Zelienople, Pennsylvania. Children: Jacob, Gottlieb, Frederick, Mary, Nancy, John, of whom further, all deceased.

(II) John (2) Burry, son of John (1) and Nancy (Yakey) Burry, was born in Switzerland, in 1821, died in Franklin township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1895. He was reared on his father's farm and was for a time his father's assistant in his various business transactions, subsequently devoting his attention to farming, cultivating land in Butler county given him from a part of the paternal estate. He later left this locality in favor of a Beaver county residence, coming to Franklin township in 1842. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Reformed church. He married Catharine Sechler, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1822, died in Franklin township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1897, daughter of Abraham Sechler and wife, both natives of Pennsylvania, who came from Northumberland county to Butler county. Mr. Sechler owned a farm near Harmony, on which he erected and operated a grist mill, his death occurring near that place when he was seventy-three years of age. His wife died in early life and he was twice married thereafter, his second wife being a Miss Boyer, his third a widow, Mrs. David Syce. Children of the first marriage of Abraham Sechler: John, deceased; Jacob, lives in Franklin, Venango county, Pennsylvania; Abraham, a resident of Princeton, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania; Catharine, of previous

mention, married John (2) Burry; Susan, deceased. Children of his second marriage: Sarah, Mary, Nancy, Elizabeth, deceased; Michael, deceased; Samuel, deceased. There were no children by his third marriage. Children of John (2) and Catharine (Sechler) Burry: Nancy, Abraham, of whom further; Sarah, Elizabeth, William, Cyrus, deceased; Emma.

(III) Abraham Burry, son of John (2) and Catharine (Sechler) Burry, was born in Franklin township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 13, 1845. He was reared on the homestead, learning, after his school days, the trade of carpenter with his uncle, Michael Sechler, becoming a skilled workman and continuing at his trade with profitable results until 1909, when failing health compelled his retirement. His home has been in New Brighton for the past thirty years, during which time he and his family have occupied the house in which they now reside, No. 545 Eleventh avenue. His political support has ever been accorded the Republican party, but he now favors the principles of the Progressive platform. He is a member of the Carpenters' Union, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, and the Woodmen of the World. His church is the Reformed, his wife and family attending the Methodist Episcopal, to which his wife belongs.

Mr. Burry married (first) in 1872, Mary A. Stann, who died in 1875; (second) Mary E. Ferguson, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Child by his first wife, Cora A., lives at home. Children of second marriage: Ada Clare; Grace Etta, married Jesse McClain, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and has one son, Richard.

The maternal and paternal ancestry of the Grahams of the GRAHAM present generation has been native to the British Isles for many generations, the paternal side of Irish birth and residence, the maternal line originating in Scotland, following generations making their homes in Scotland, England and Ireland.

(I) The paternal line of the record begins with Adam Rutherford Graham, born in county Down, Ireland, March 4, 1804, one of a family of four, having one sister, Nellie, and two brothers, Rev. William and Richard. In his youth he gratified a desire, probably felt by every normal boy, the longing to go to sea, to explore the lands beyond the horizon, and shipped as a sailor. His disillusionment was soon complete, and he sailed on a vessel bound for the United States, arranging his papers with the captain of the ship so that he would be free to leave the crew when the boat reached port. The voyage consumed nine weeks, the vessel entering New York harbor without serious accident, and he soon after came to Philadelphia, where he married and engaged in dealing in marble. A joint will of his aunt and uncle, John and Peggy Rutherford, bequeathed to him a tract of three hundred acres of land in Hardin county, Kentucky. He and his wife determined to make their home thereon and they accordingly journeyed southward, establishing upon their newly acquired possessions, Mr. Graham beginning agricultural operations. At his death he had invested



V. J. F. F. F.

so wisely that his large farm of three hundred acres had grown to the vast extent of one thousand and one hundred acres, and his farming operations had attained mammoth dimensions, requiring a numerous force of assistants for the proper cultivation of the land. Kentucky has ever been famous the world over for the excellence of its horseflesh and Kentuckians for their love of high-spirited blooded animals. Although not belonging to that state by birth, Mr. Graham was not long in becoming as enthusiastic as the most ardent admirer of horses, and began breeding blooded stock, in time owning the finest stables in his section of the state. His death occurred as the result of a stroke of apoplexy, in Hardin county, Kentucky, September 19, 1876, and he is buried in the White Mills Cemetery.

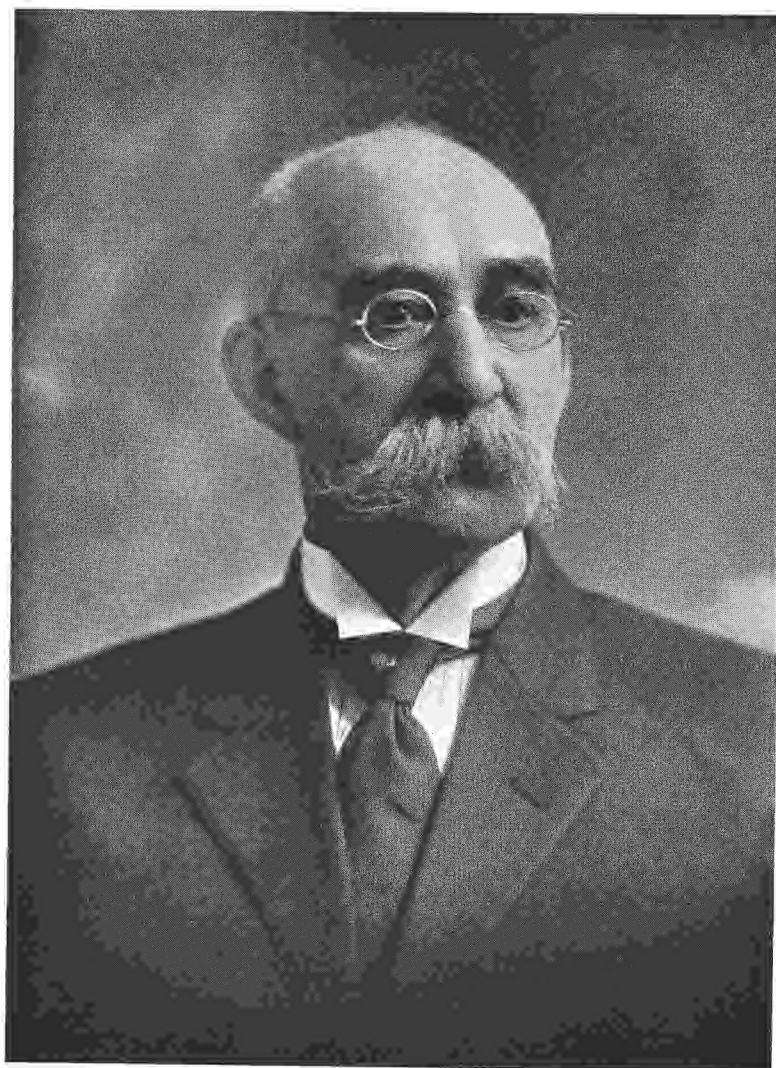
He married, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, May 31, 1841, Susan Moore Wilson, born in county Down, Ireland, May 4, 1820, died in Hardin county, Kentucky, in 1890, and is buried near her husband in the White Mills Cemetery. She was a daughter of Ezekiel Frier and Jane (Grier) Wilson, her descent being from James Wilson, born in Scotland in 1597; John, born in Scotland in 1630; Thomas, born in England in 1667; William, born in Ireland in 1704; Ezekiel, born in Ireland in 1731; Thomas, born in Ireland in 1760, married, in 1782, Mary Ann Frier; to Ezekiel Frier Wilson, born in Ireland, December 14, 1790, and there educated for the medical and surgical profession. His wife died in that land and he came to the United States when his youngest daughter was but a child. He gained eminence in his profession, became attending surgeon of the Louisville Hospital, Kentucky, and there died, being buried in the Cave Hill Cemetery, of Louisville. He married, October 26, 1812, Jane Grier, who died in Ireland; children: 1. Jane Mary Ann, born September 16, 1813, died in infancy. 2. Mary Ann, born December 14, 1814, became a trained nurse, was connected with a Louisville hospital, and died unmarried. 3. Margaret, born July 13, 1816, married and moved to California, where she died at the age of 83 years. 4. Susan Moore, of previous mention, married Adam Rutherford Graham. Children of Adam Rutherford and Susan Moore (Wilson) Graham: 1. John Wilson, born December 10, 1842, died on the homestead in Kentucky, buried in the White Mills Cemetery. 2. Ezekiel Frier Wilson, born June 27, 1845, died August 9, 1850, buried at Cave Hill Cemetery, Louisville, Kentucky. 3. James W., born April 21, 1849, a resident of Louisville, Kentucky. 4. Jane G., born July 6, 1852, married Franklin Kincaid, and resides in Louisville, Kentucky. 5. William Frier, of whom further. 6. Thomas A., born September 26, 1858, a grocer of Elizabethtown, Kentucky; married Fanny, daughter of Elijah Lewis, of Hardin county, Kentucky; children: Susan, Gladys, Lewis, William.

(II) William Frier Graham, fifth child and fourth son of Adam Rutherford and Susan Moore (Wilson) Graham, was born in Hardin county, Kentucky, August 8, 1855, and in that locality was a student in the public schools. In 1872 he moved to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and

was there engaged in the wholesale and retail hat business with the firm of McCord & Company, continuing his association with that organization for ten years. He then, in partnership with Mr. Wagstaff, established an independent hat store, conducting transactions as Wagstaff & Graham, a connection lasting until the death of Mr. Wagstaff in 1887. Changing the name of the business to W. F. Graham, Mr. Graham traded alone for one year, then accepted a position with the firm of Edwin H. George & Company, manufacturers of furs, as traveling salesman, his district including the states of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky, and was with this company for ten years. After his resignation from their employ he opened a retail hat and millinery store in Rochester, Pennsylvania, and retired after three years. Since 1882 his home has been in Rochester, and in 1885 he purchased the Marcellus Cicero Gould property, to which he still retains title. On April 1, 1907, Mr. Graham re-entered business life by buying the furniture of the Hotel Rochester, continuing in that hostelry until January 29, 1914, when he sold it, and February 3, 1914, leased the Hotel Lincoln for a term of years. The Hotel Rochester was a successful enterprise and a profitable investment, and it is but awarding just credit to say that it was to that end that Mr. Graham's tireless efforts and calculating innovations were directed. Attractiveness and the highest achievement in service induced many patrons, and the fame of the hotel spread abroad. Mr. Graham is a stockholder in the Rochester Trust Company, but is unconnected with any other business enterprises. He is a member of Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons, to which he has belonged since July 13, 1886, he is a member of the Episcopal Church, but his wife and he are communicants of the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Graham married (first) December 27, 1876, Kate A. Parsons, born June 25, 1860, the Rev. J. W. Witherspoon conducting the services. She died July 20, 1888. He married (second) November 5, 1889, Ella G. Scott, daughter of Benjamin F. and Ellen T. Scott, of Rochester, Pennsylvania. Children, all of first marriage: 1. Susan Wilson, born October 28, 1877; married, August 24, 1897, Walter Alexander Kaser, born in Rochester, Pennsylvania, March 26, 1876, and lives in Coraopolis, Pennsylvania; children: John William, born in Morgantown, West Virginia, September 1, 1898; George Graham, born in Morgantown, West Virginia, September 20, 1900. 2. Harry Wagstaff, born March 29, 1880, lives at home. 3. Samuel Kilgare, born February 16, 1882, lives at home. 4. Jane Parsons, born July 19, 1883; married, in July, 1912, Benjamin Patrick Mellon, and resides in Seattle, Washington. 5. Kate Ambert, born June 1, 1888; married, in June, 1912, Edwin B. Chilton; they live in Little Hocking, Ohio, he being employed by the government on the Ohio river.

The emigrant of this line of the Nippert family, George
 NIPPERT Michael Nippert, became noted in his adopted country both
 as the pioneer manufacturer of a delicacy now most com-



John W. Nippert

mon, ice cream, and as one of the earliest doctors of the homoeopathic school in Beaver county. Upon coming from Germany to the United States when he was thirteen years of age, he learned the confectionery business and settling in Cincinnati, Ohio, there made the first ice cream manufactured in this country. To him is also given the credit for the invention of the favorite flavor, sarsaparilla, and he made the first ice cream ever manufactured in Beaver county. He was born in Georstoff, Germany, May 2, 1825. After leaving the confectionery business he entered the Cleveland Homoeopathic College in 1865 and in 1867 was graduated from the Homoeopathic College of St. Louis, Missouri. After a post-graduate course he became one of the first physicians of his school in Beaver county, where he died, January 28, 1896. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Church of God.

He married Mary Magdalena, born in Germany, February 17, 1827, died March 10, 1906, daughter of John and Elizabeth Dorothy (Long) Herr. The mother of Elizabeth Dorothy (Long) Herr was a sister of George Rapp, the leader and president of the Harmony Society. John Herr and his wife passed their closing years in Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania. Herr's Island, Pennsylvania, was at one time the property of the family of Herr, and was named in their honor. His children: Henry Herr, born in 1848, died young; Emma Jane, died December 6, 1906, aged fifty-seven years; John Wesley, of whom further; Mary Ellen, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth Dorothy, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

(II) John Wesley Nippert, son of George Michael and Mary Magdalena (Herr) Nippert, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 13, 1850. After obtaining a public school education he learned the baker's trade, which he followed until about 1885. Since that time he has been engaged in brick manufacture, for eleven years was connected with the Standard Horse Nail Works, and for eight years was superintendent of the county home. From 1890 until 1901 his home was in Rochester township, Beaver county, and in 1909, after finishing his eight year term as superintendent of the county home, he came to New Brighton, where he has since lived. For many years he has bought and sold real estate when the opportunity to do so lucratively presented itself, but since 1909 he has engaged in this business exclusively, and has conducted extensive dealings involving considerable sums since his entrance into the field. His political convictions are Republican, and while he has never had much time to devote to public service he has discharged the duties of school director of Rochester township and of auditor of Pulaski township. His fraternal order is the Woodmen of the World.

Mr. Nippert married, October 21, 1876, Isaphene Hart, daughter of William Moore. William Moore was a son of James Moore, who came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1790, and was granted six hundred and forty acres on the banks of the Beaver river, where Junction Park is now located, as pay for services rendered in the Revolutionary War. Children

of John Wesley and Isaphene Hart (Moore) Nippert: George Moore, of whom further; Clara Belle, lives at home; Ralph Elmer; Harry B., died November 22, 1912, aged twenty-seven years; Eva May, born May 1, 1888, died November 21, 1894.

(III) George Moore Nippert, eldest son and child of John Wesley and Isaphene Hart (Moore) Nippert, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1878. After preliminary studies in the public schools of his native place he entered Peirsol's Academy, and after leaving that institution was his father's assistant on the farm, his first business experience being obtained in Sherwood's Pottery, after which he was employed by Dawes & Myler. For four years thereafter he was engaged in the wholesale liquor business in New Brighton, and since April, 1912, he has been connected with the Bell Telephone Company, and is in an excellent position to attain high place in the employ of the company with which he is at the present time associated. His concern is a vast organization, far-reaching in its influence, mighty in its responsibility, and for those capable of accepting and discharging some of this responsibility there are lucrative and influential positions. Mr. Nippert started as a young man for such a goal, and will doubtless reach such a destiny, if it lies within the reach of ability, courage and industry. Mr. Nippert owns his home at No. 901 Eleventh avenue. He is a Republican in politics, and although he has never held office has by his activity and membership of the county committee, exercised considerable influence in the councils of his party in the county. He is a member of Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons, and also holds membership in the Fraternal Order of Eagles and the Loyal Order of Moose.

Mr. Nippert married, January 16, 1901, Phoebe M. Hill, born in Columbiana county, Ohio, October 25, 1880, daughter of William J. and Caroline (Court) Hill, both natives of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, he born in 1850, she in South Beaver township, in 1855. William J. and Caroline (Court) Hill now live in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, he having retired from active business. He is a son of John Hill, who with his wife was a pioneer settler of Beaver county, where they died. Children of George Moore and Phoebe M. (Hill) Nippert: Helen May, born April 25, 1902; Albert Clark, June 1, 1908; Ralph Wesley, March 20, 1910.

(III) Ralph Elmer Nippert, son of John Wesley and Isaphene Hart (Moore) Nippert, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1882. He obtained his education in the public schools of that place. He began his business career as a clerk, and from that occupation changed to the line of commercial traveler, as he continued until he became associated in business with E. F. Hope, his present employer. In his present position he has made favorable progress, and his relations with his employer have been of a nature that have been satisfactory and pleasing to the two most intimately concerned. Mr. Nippert is a Republican in political conviction, and affiliates with the Social Lodge, Knights of Pythias,

and Robertson Lodge, No. 450, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, both of New Brighton; Beaver Valley Council, No. 301, Senior Order of United American Mechanics; New Brighton Castle, No. 317, Knights of the Golden Eagle; and the Modern Woodmen of America. He and his wife hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Nippert married, August 9, 1912, Pearl Sumner, born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1885, daughter of Daniel and Anna (Zigler) Sumner, her father a native of England, her mother born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Sumner came to the United States when he was twelve years of age, and was married in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he died December 26, 1909, his widow still living in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

AYERS The residence of the Ayers family for the past three generations has been successively in Washington, Armstrong and Beaver counties, Pennsylvania, the last being the present home of William H. Ayers, with whose line this record is concerned. His grandfather came to Washington county when a young man, later moving to Armstrong county, where he died. He married a member of the Evans family, his wife dying in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, March 14, 1864. Children: Susanna, Alexander, William H., Albert Alonzo, Melissa, twin of Albert Alonzo, Ann Eliza, Samuel, of whom further.

(II) Samuel Ayers was born in Virginia, May 11, 1828, died May 9, 1900. He made his residence in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. He married (first) Catherine Sowers, born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, in October, 1830; (second) September 9, 1865, Susanna Sowers, a sister of his first wife; (third) a widow, Sarah Ann (Patterson) Boyer. His third marriage was solemnized, September 14, 1881; his widow is still living, aged seventy-four years. The father of his first two wives was George Sowers, who with his wife lived and died in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. Children of George Sowers: Catherine and Susanna, both of previous mention, married Samuel Ayers; Phoebe, Sarah, Mary Ann, Peggie, Lavina, Barbara.

(III) William H. Ayers, son of Samuel and his first wife, Catherine (Sowers) Ayers, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, March 16, 1855. After completing his studies in the public schools of that county, he went to Youngstown, Ohio. In this place he was employed from 1879 to 1891, working in a quarry and learning the trades of mason and carpenter. In the latter year he moved to Beaver county and farmed for four and a half years, at the end of which time he came to New Brighton, establishing in the dairy business, continuing for five years, when he turned his attention to carpentering and building operations. Since then he has been a resident of New Brighton, having built a modern, comfortable residence at No. 1401 Third street, where he has lived since 1907. His business is well patronized, his reputation for upright, fair dealing having

extended throughout the locality and he continues in successful operation. Mr. Ayers has ever taken a firm stand on the temperance question, and so strong are his convictions in that direction that he has made political affiliation with the Prohibition party. His church is the Free Methodist.

Mr. Ayers married, August 17, 1880, Catherine, born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1864, daughter of Daniel and Jane (Young) Alexander. Daniel Alexander, a native of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, a farmer by occupation, was drowned in the Allegheny river in October, 1864, six weeks before the birth of his only child; his widow married John Hall, who died in 1905. Mrs. Hall is still living, aged seventy-five years. Children of John and Jane Hall: Albert, Anna, Ursula, George. Children of William H. and Catherine (Alexander) Ayers: Berdella, married A. F. Wilson, one child, Muriel A.; Minnie M., married George Brandt, three children: Ida, Mildred, William; William Joseph, married Agnes King, no issue; Samuel Walter, a minister of the Free Methodist Church, married Nettie Ramsey, no issue; Robert Roy; Ida Jane, married L. V. Murphy, one child, Clarence Eugene; Bertha Bell, married Frank Whittaker, one child, Glen Roy; John Edward; Carrie Catherine; James Henry; Mary Edith.

With the early history of Beaver county the members of this DUERR line of Duerrs have no connection, those of the name having been far more instrumental in the making of German than of United States history.

(I) George Frederick Duerr was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, in 1818, his wife, Caroline, being born in the same place the following year. Leaving their native land in 1861, they came to Stark county, Ohio, soon afterward moving to Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in which place his wife died in June, 1872. He then returned to Ohio, settling in Hubbard, later going to Youngstown, where he died in 1892. He was a skilled carpenter, having been instructed in his trade in Germany, but in the United States he followed the trade of cigarmaker, one of his varied accomplishments. At the time of his death he was engaged in no business, having retired from active life, and was passing his latter years peacefully and quietly. Although intensely interested in matters political, he committed himself to the support of no party, and with his wife belonged to the Lutheran Church. His wife was Caroline (Glasser) Duerr. Children: Paulina, deceased; Caroline; Adolph, deceased; Frederick W., of whom further.

(II) Frederick W. Duerr, son of George Frederick and Caroline (Glasser) Duerr, was born in Stark county, Ohio, October 21, 1861. He attended school in the various places whither his father's business called the family. In his youth he learned all departments of the butcher business, and upon coming to New Brighton in 1884, obtained a position in a butcher shop, three years later establishing independently, in which line he

has since profitably continued. He holds prominent place in the ranks of New Brighton merchants, maintaining an attractive establishment, and catering to a desirable trade. In political matters he favors the Democratic party, and is a member of the Episcopal Church. His fraternal orders are the Knights of Pythias and the Masonic, in which latter society he belongs to Lodge No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons; Harmony Chapter, No. 206, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Valley Commandery, Knights Templar; and the Lodge of Perfection, of Newcastle, Pennsylvania. He is also a member of the New Brighton Social League.

Mr. Duerr married, September 26, 1888, Eva, born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 8, 1866, daughter of Abraham Bestwick, no issue.

The available history of this branch of the Graham family
GRAHAM begins with the settlement in Cumberland county by the father of Nathan Graham, who died in that locality. He was a farmer, owned the property that he cultivated, and there reared a family.

(II) Nathan Graham was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1823, died in Allegheny City (Pittsburgh North Side), Pennsylvania, in 1901. His early life was spent on his father's farm, attending the public schools of the vicinity, where his entire education was obtained. Shortly after attaining his majority he moved to the city of Pittsburgh, there learning the coach-maker's trade, at which he was employed until 1847, when he moved to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was not long in this locality, but returned to Allegheny City, becoming a member of the firm of Phelps, Park & Company, a business association that continued with mutual profit and benefit until 1876, in which year he was elected alderman of the second ward of Allegheny City, resigning from the above partnership the better to attend to the duties of his office. He represented the second ward on the board of aldermen for about fifteen years, and at the expiration of this lengthy term of service retired from active life, living in peaceful semi-seclusion until his death. His political support was ever granted the Republican party and his interest in politics was directed toward the advancement of that organization. He was a charter member of Allegheny Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and at the time of his death, the only charter member living, and belonged to the Masonic Order, in which he held the thirty-second degree. In this order he was a Knights Templar and at the time of his death was one of the oldest members of the society in the state holding the Knights Templar degree. He married Elizabeth Doubler, born in Chambersburg, Franklin county, Pennsylvania, in 1825, daughter of John Doubler, who came to Chambersburg with his wife at an early date, both dying in that locality. Children of Nathan and Elizabeth (Doubler) Graham: Harriet A., Emma

E., Amelia, Mary E., Louis, Mary L., Nathan, Ida M., Etta H., William A. P., of whom further.

(III) William A. P. Graham, son of Nathan and Elizabeth (Doubler) Graham, was born in Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, June 29, 1860. After completing his studies in the public schools of Allegheny City, his course including high school instruction, he came to New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in 1889, and there became bookkeeper in the employ of a firm manufacturing and conducting a wholesale business in confectionery. He then held a similar position with the Pittsburgh Clay Manufacturing Company, and since 1894 has been secretary and treasurer of the American Porcelain Company, which was organized in that year. Mr. Graham, equipped by a practical business experience, has ably upheld his share of the company's management, wisely and judiciously administering its finances during its youthful period and guarding its welfare until it reached a point where it possessed independent strength and unquestioned solidity. The rating of an industrial concern is more than apt to be that of those who manage its affairs and direct its policy, and the standing of the company with which Mr. Graham is connected is a creditable reflection upon those at its head. Of Republican tendencies, Mr. Graham's political action is nevertheless independent of organized parties, his judgment in relation to individuals prompting the casting of his ballot, and fraternally he is connected with the Masonic Order, in which he holds the thirty-second degree, the Woodmen of the World and the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Graham married, in 1884, Lillie M. Farmer, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of one son, William Alfred, born April 27, 1886, educated in the public schools of New Brighton, now living at Youngstown, Ohio, conductor on the Lake Shore Railroad.

The name of Quay is one which is so well known in the history of our country that an introductory paragraph appears superfluous.

Andrew Gregg Curtin Quay was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1866, and lived in that county until 1877, when he resided for a time in Philadelphia. He was a student at Beaver College until 1877, then the Eastburn Academy, and was then appointed as a cadet at West Point, New York, by President Arthur, entering the Academy, June 14, 1884, and being graduated from it June 11, 1888. He was appointed to the rank of second lieutenant of the Fifth Cavalry and served on detached duty at Fort Myer as an instructor of recruits, and at his own request he was ordered to the Fifth Cavalry at Fort Sill, Indian Territory, to field duty in connection with the opening of the Oklahoma country and ejecting squatters, and camped at Guthrie, Oklahoma, until November, 1889; on duty at Fort Sill with Indian scouts, and was also engaged in the organization and the enlistment of the Kiowa and Comanche Indians for Troop L, Seventh Cavalry. He was almost continuously in the field in



A. G. C. Inay

connection with this Indian duty and the removal of cattle from the Indian Territory until 1892. He was appointed aide on the staff of General John R. Brook, July 23, 1892, stationed at Omaha, and while there was in The Department of the Platte and visited all the military posts of the department. In 1890 he had visited Europe, and spent six months abroad. In 1895 he was transferred with the headquarters to the Department of Dakota, and the headquarters were then in St. Paul. In that department Lieutenant Quay, as inspector, visited all the posts of the department. April 5, 1896, he was promoted to a first lieutenancy in the Third Cavalry. From August 20, 1896, until December 10, of that year, he again traveled throughout Europe. On December 10, he joined the post at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, and served there until April 24, 1897, when he was reappointed as aide on the staff of General Brook, with headquarters in Chicago, Department of Missouri. He again visited all the posts of the department. June 16, 1897, he was appointed by President McKinley as captain and quartermaster. A third visit was paid to Europe, this covering the period from October 18 to December 10, 1897. On the last mentioned date he was assigned to duty in the office of the quartermaster-general of the army, with headquarters at Washington, District of Columbia. He served in this office until May 10, 1898, when he was ordered to Port Tampa, Florida, as assistant to the department quartermaster, and had charge of the loading of General Shafter's Corps on the expedition to Cuba. He served until July 18, 1898, when he was appointed chief quartermaster of Snyder's Provisional Division, Shafter's Corps. Later he was appointed chief quartermaster of the Second Division of the Fourth Corps.

He was appointed major and quartermaster of volunteers, August 11, 1898, serving until September 3, 1898, when he was obliged to take sick leave until January 21, 1899. He was ordered to Havana, Cuba, as assistant to chief quartermaster of the Department of Cuba, with headquarters at Regla, Cuba, and remained until April 1, 1899. He resigned his commission in the volunteer service, June 30, 1899. Resigned his commission in the regular service, August 31, 1899. He resided at Atlantic City, Philadelphia, and Glen Manor until November 4, 1903, when he was appointed special naval officer at the Port of Philadelphia. Resigned this commission, March 31, 1906, and removed to Beaver, Pennsylvania, then to Sewickley, Pennsylvania, and next to Glen Manor, and Florida, where he resided until 1910. Returning then to Beaver he has since resided there, where he is interested in the automobile business and various other enterprises. He is a member of the following named organizations: Society of Colonial Wars, Sons of the Revolution, Sons of the American Revolution, Society of Foreign Wars, Army and Navy Club, Metropolitan Club of Washington.

Major Quay married Mary Miskey Dempsey, and they have had children: Esther, Andrew G. C. Jr., Agnes B.

ADDENBROOK The family of Addenbrook, long native to England, was founded in the United States by Thomas Addenbrook, for more than forty years connected with manufacturing interests in his new home.

(I) Thomas Addenbrook was born in Ruiton, England, November 24, 1847, and there remained until he had attained maturity and had married. He and his wife then came to the United States, making their home in Detroit, Michigan, in 1870, coming to Pittsburgh in the following year, in the latter city obtaining employment in Lucy Furnace of the Carnegie Steel Works, in 1872 accepting a position with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works at Bessemer, Pennsylvania. Although his main business at the present time is the manufacture of fire brick, he is still connected with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works as superintendent of masonry. In 1903 he and his son, Thomas W. D., purchased brick plant No. 2 from the A. F. Smith Company, their concern taking out incorporation papers as the Brighton Fire Brick Company, Thomas Addenbrook, president, Thomas W. D. Addenbrook, secretary, treasurer and manager. The business is a flourishing one and under the able direction of father and son has come to rank among the foremost of the industries of New Brighton.

Mr. Addenbrook is a Republican in politics, and has ever been interested in matters educational, having for fifteen years served on the school board of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and has also been for one term a member of the same board in Swissville borough, where he now resides. He is a member of the Congregational Church.

Mr. Addenbrook married (first) Rebecca Tomlins, born in Worcester, England, died in Braddock, Pennsylvania, in 1881; (second) Eliza Henning, a native of Braddock, Pennsylvania. Children of the first marriage: Sarah L. E.; Thomas W. D., of whom further; James Tomlins, died in infancy; Beatrice, died in infancy. Children of his second marriage: Rebecca H., Gertrude E., Edwin H., died in infancy, Clara H.

(II) Thomas W. D. Addenbrook, son of Thomas and Rebecca (Tomlins) Addenbrook, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1877. He obtained a public school education in the institutions of Braddock, graduating from the high school. He then entered Oberlin Academy, and from there went to Oberlin College, whence he was graduated in 1900. After completing his education he went to Jamestown, New York, and for one year was engaged in the manufacture of pulleys, after which he came to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and was employed in the office of the Welch Fire Brick Works until 1903, when he formed the above mentioned association with his father. At that time he was connected with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works and was so identified until June 1, 1904, since which time he has resided in New Brighton, owning, besides his home at No. 1404 Fourth avenue, considerable other property in that place. His brick factory is not his only business connection, but he was one of the organizers and is a director of the Beaver Refrigerator Manufacturing Com-

pany, of New Brighton, a concern placing a high grade of goods upon the market and securing a firmer foothold in its line daily. The practical management of the Brighton Fire Brick Company is left entirely to Mr. Addenbrook by his father, and the regularity and smoothness with which all the transactions of the company are completed justifies the placing of such complete authority. He is a keen, exacting, business man, deeply intent upon maintaining the high position his company now holds, and scrupulously careful that the standard of their output shall hold to its reputation of quality. Politically he is a Republican, and, as is his wife, is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of New Brighton, of which he is a trustee.

Mr. Addenbrook married, in 1902, Jessie McDonald, of Sugar Grove, Pennsylvania, and has: Jean, born April 9, 1907; William McDonald, born July 19, 1911.

SCHOFIELD The Schofields of this line of English descent are rather more closely connected with the homeland than most families of English origin in the United States, only two generations having American birth.

(I) This record begins with James Schofield, whose wife died in England. He accompanied his son, James (2) to the United States in 1842 and died the year following their arrival in Philadelphia, sun-stroke causing his death. Children of James (1) Schofield: John; William, a resident of Morrow, Ohio; Joseph, lives near Manchester, England; George, resides in England, his home being near Manchester; Abraham, died in Australia; Sylvester, came to the United States in 1842, and died in Philadelphia in 1910, aged eighty-four years; James, of whom further; Elizabeth, died in England, aged eighty-five years; Mary Ann, lives in England. He was also the father of three other sons who died in infancy.

(II) James (2) Schofield, son of James (1) Schofield, was born in Leeds, England, in 1807, died in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1869. He grew to manhood and was educated in England, learning the art of cloth finishing in the mills of his native land, in 1842 coming to the United States, accompanied by his father. After the death of his parent he journeyed westward to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, finding employment in the mills of the Wild's Manufacturing Company, remaining in the employ of that company until his death, with the exception of one year passed in Gallipolis, Gallia county, Ohio. He was an excellent workman, trustworthy and reliable and attained a responsible position in his quarter century of faithful service. Politically he was a Democrat. He married, in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1843, Ann Howe, born in Wales, April 30, 1826. They were the parents of seven children, of whom four grew to maturity. Children: Daniel C., of whom further; Mary Elizabeth, married George Raymond, deceased, of Princeton, New

Jersey; Josephine Margaret, deceased, married Harry Ordean, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; James, a resident of San Diego, California.

(III) Daniel C. Schofield, son of James (2) and Ann (Howe) Schofield, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1845, and was there a student in the public schools. He has followed various trades and occupations throughout his life, having been engaged in railroading, carpentering and farming for eighteen years. At the present time he is secretary of the Second New Brighton Building and Loan Association, a position he has held since the organization of the association, January 1, 1897, the charter being dated December 21, 1896. A Republican in political action, he holds office as secretary of the board of education, and with his wife affiliates with the Methodist Protestant Church. He holds membership in the Knights of Pythias, the Woodmen of the World, and the Royal Arcanum. He is a citizen of New Brighton, universally liked and respected, active in his efforts for the advancement of the borough's interests.

Mr. Schofield married, in July, 1874, Mrs. Emeline F. O'Rourke, widow of Christopher O'Rourke. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Schofield: Raymond, died aged five years; Fred Allen, lives at Chicora, Butler county, Pennsylvania; Ralph Dean, lives at Grand Terrace, California; Charles, lives at home; Alice P., married John Zeh Jr., of New Brighton, Pennsylvania; John P., married Blanche, daughter of Herman Dillon, and resides at Koppel, Pennsylvania; Howard, died in November, 1912, aged twenty-seven years; Luther Platt, married Anna Carpenter, and their home is in Fostoria, Ohio; Ethel Emma, lives at home.

James Blakely was born in Belfast, Ireland, and emigrated to America about 1866. He made his home in Philadelphia, and died there at the age of sixty-four years. He married, in Ireland, Mary Holden, born in Belfast, in 1810, died in Pennsylvania, in 1902. They had children: Dorothy, lives in Belfast, Ireland; James, died in 1897, in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, at the age of fifty years; David, deceased; Mary, married James Holden, of Richmond, Virginia; Margaret, of Belfast, Ireland, now deceased; Helen, died in Philadelphia; William John, of further mention; Thomas, deceased, was of Philadelphia.

(II) William John Blakely, son of James and Mary (Holden) Blakely, was born in Belfast, Ireland, September 15, 1852. His early years were spent in his native land, where his education was acquired, and he was a lad of fourteen years when he came to this country with his parents. They made their home in the city of Philadelphia, where his education was completed. He is a machinist by trade and followed this occupation for some time in Philadelphia. In 1883 he removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, with his family, and there became a machinist in the employ of Oliver Brothers. Later he was in the employ of the Keystone Driller Works,

and went with this firm to Downieville. Subsequently he formed a connection with the Pierce-Crouch Gas Engine Company, now the Collapsible Tube Works, of New Brighton, and is still with this firm. He is the owner of a fine house at No. 521 Sixth avenue, which he erected. He is an Independent in political matters, and a member of the United Presbyterian Church. He was at one time a member of the American Order of United Workmen. Mr. Blakely married, August 14, 1874, Susan Curry, of Belfast, Ireland, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Martin Hamilton, of the Presbyterian Church. Children: William James, born October 5, 1876, lives in Crafton, Pennsylvania; Mary Agnes, born February 2, 1879, now deceased; Thomas, of further mention; John A., born October 5, 1883, an engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad; Effie Maggie, born May 3, 1886; Ophelia Lorena, born June 1, 1889, married Lawrence Cuning, a farmer of Los Angeles, California.

(III) Thomas Blakely, son of William John and Susan (Curry) Blakely, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 4, 1881. He was educated in the public schools of New Brighton, being graduated with credit from the high school. He was then apprenticed to learn the machinist's trade, a calling with which he was identified for a period of fourteen years. In 1910 he established himself in the livery business, and has been very successful in this up to the present time. He is the owner of a fine residence at No. 613 Fourth avenue. He and his wife are attendants at the United Presbyterian Church, and he gives his strong support to the Republican party, and is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and of the Machinists' Union. Mr. Blakely married, September 1, 1905, Margaret, daughter of Andersen and Annie (Brunton) Reed, of Wheeling, West Virginia.

It is not definitely known when the Douthett family DOUTHETT settled in Pennsylvania, but the name is an old and honored one in the state, and the different members of the family have done their duty conscientiously in the various stations of life to which they have been called. They have been mainly connected with business life.

(I) Joseph Douthett, born in Cranbury township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, died in 1885, aged sixty-three years. He was a Republican in politics, was justice of the peace in 1858 in Cranbury township. He was a farmer nearly all of his life. He married Mary Jones and had the following children: Lemuel, Elizabeth, Martha, Richard R. In religious belief the family were Methodists.

(II) Lemuel Douthett, son of Joseph and Mary (Jones) Douthett, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, near Evans City, in 1854, on one of the homestead farms, and his earlier years were spent there. He was educated in the public schools, and was then apprenticed to learn the butcher's business, with which he was identified for twenty years. In addi-

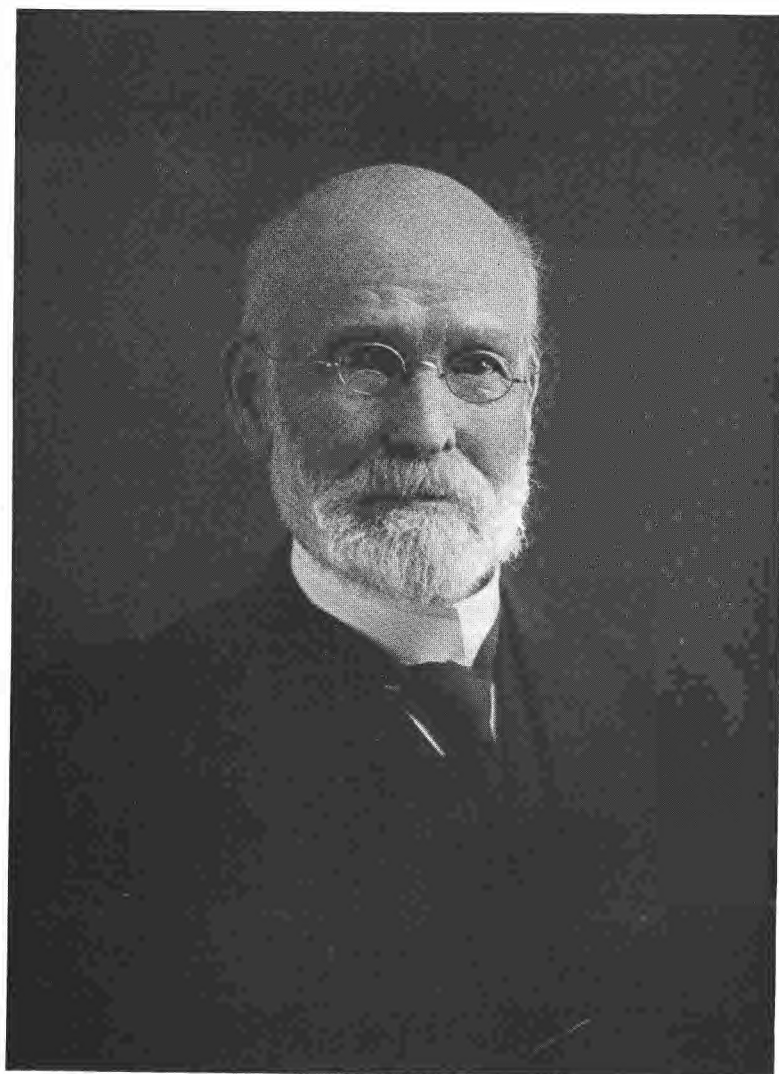
tion to attending to this business, he was very successful as a farmer. He is a man of strong and determined character and achieved considerable prominence in the community for the active part he took in public affairs. He is a staunch Democrat, and served for many years as a justice of the peace, and served during a period of twenty years as a member of the board of school directors. He and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian Church, in which he is a trustee and active in the interests of that denomination. Mr. Douthett married Margaret, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1854, daughter of Speaker Graham, and they had children: Harry G., of further mention; Elsie, Graham, Walter Richard, Leslie, who died at the age of two years.

(III) Harry G. Douthett, son of Lemuel and Margaret (Graham) Douthett, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, December 30, 1877. He led the usual life of a country boy, being educated in the public schools, and attending the Normal School at Slippery Rock for one term. This was supplemented by a business course at Currier's University, Pittsburgh, and upon the completion of this Mr. Douthett became identified with the meat business in Marshall township, and continued there for a period of two years. In June, 1902, he came to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and established a meat market at the corner of Thirteenth avenue and Fifth street. This has been carried on along the most progressive and up-to-date lines, and is fitted up with all the modern improvements in this branch of business. In 1913 Mr. Douthett erected the building in which he is carrying on business at the present time, this being forty-two by fifty-two feet, and also his present residence at No. 1209 Fifth street, both standing on ground which he had purchased previously. In political matters Mr. Douthett is a firm Republican, but the demands of business prevent him from taking an active part in public affairs. He is affiliated with a number of organizations, among these being the following named: Union Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons; Lodge of Perfection, No. 14, of New Castle; Pittsburgh Commandery, Scottish Rite Masons; New Brighton Lodge, No. 190, Knights of the Maccabees; Council No. 301, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of New Brighton. He is also a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Douthett married, July 25, 1902, Lucretia Deer, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and they have children: Kenneth, born June 18, 1903; Obbie, March 5, 1905; Nellie, March 15, 1907; Belva, March 6, 1912.

The name of Armstrong is to be found in the annals of the state of Pennsylvania, from the earliest settlements in it. They have been mainly identified with the farming interests, and the name of John occurs in five successive generations.

(I) John Armstrong migrated from Chester county, Pennsylvania, to Beaver county, in the same state, coming over the hills with a four-horse



John Armstrong

team. He was very probably a farmer. He married Mary —, and they had several children.

(II) John (2) Armstrong, son of John (1) and Mary Armstrong, was one of the early settlers near Darlington, Beaver county, where he cleared land for farming purposes. Later he removed to Allegheny county, where he also engaged in farming, and where his death occurred. He married Ella, daughter of Matthew Dillon, also a pioneer farmer of that section, and they had children: Samuel; a daughter who died in infancy; Ruth; John, see forward; Ella.

(III) John (3) Armstrong, son of John (2) and Ella (Dillon) Armstrong, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, near Darlington, 1831. He was educated in the public schools, but could only attend about three months of every year, as he was obliged to assist his father in the farm labors from an early age. When he had attained young manhood, he commenced farming independently, at first on the Allegheny River, opposite Pithole, where he remained for a period of five years. He then went to the vicinity of Oil City, where he had two hundred and twenty acres of oil land, which he sold about 1864. He was also engaged in lumber operations. At that time he removed to Beaver county, and there bought a farm of one hundred and five acres within one mile of the Court House, and sold it in 1905. He then removed to Beaver, where he lived in retirement. He had been an extensive breeder of short horn and Jersey cattle and Oxford Down sheep. He bred only the very finest stock, and his fine examples of Minorca and Plymouth Rock poultry also realized the best prices. He took an active part in the local political affairs, affiliating with the Republican party, and has been an earnest worker in the interests of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Armstrong married, in 1859, Isabella Adams, born in Forest county, Pennsylvania, and they had children as follows: 1. Calantha A. 2. Jeannette L., married J. J. Allen; three children: Harold A., a student in the Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia; Janet Jua, a student at Monaca High School; Isabel Elizabeth. 3. Anna, deceased. 4. John Burton, a graduate of Beaver High School and later entered West Penn Medical College, from which he also graduated with degree of M. D., class of 1892; he located in Beaver where he is meeting with deserved success; he married Anna Frazer, of Bellevue, and they have one son, John Alexander, a student at the University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 5. Vienna, deceased.

Charles Houston is one of the Houstons of Beaver county, HOUSTON Pennsylvania, who are not only themselves closely associated with the region, but through marriage are connected with many of the oldest and most prominent families in that part of the state, families who have been pioneers and early settlers there.

(I) James Houston, the first of the line here under consideration, was a native of county Down, Ireland, who about 1843 brought his family to

the New World, going first to Canada, where he became a farmer and lumberman, and later removing to the United States, where he settled in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was twice married and had in all nine children, of whom three were by his second wife, whose maiden name was Martha Braden, of Beaver county. He eventually moved from Brighton township to Beaver Falls and there spent the remainder of his life.

(II) William Houston, son of James Houston, was born in Ireland, April, 1839, and in childhood accompanied his parents on their voyage to the United States. He obtained his education, first in the schools of Brighton township, and later at the Beaver Academy, studying at that institution under Professor Piersol, well known to that time and locality. After completing his education he engaged in the contracting and building business, specializing, however, in brick construction, of which material he built many houses in the neighborhood. He married, December 20, 1866, Margaret Maria Kennedy, daughter of David and Mary (Lawrence) Kennedy, and thus established a relation between the Houstons and two of the oldest families in the region. David Kennedy, his wife's father, was a native of Brighton township, whose parents had been among the pioneers originally settling there. The parents of Mrs. Kennedy, Samuel and Sarah Lawrence, were also among the early settlers in Beaver county. Mrs. Houston was born in Brighton township, May 4, 1840. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Houston removed to Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, to live, where Mr. Houston built a fine brick residence, so large and successful had his business as contractor become. The house stands at No. 160 Third street, Beaver. Mr. Houston was a member of the United Presbyterian Church, and a Republican in politics. His death occurred August 9, 1883. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Houston: 1. David Edwin, born October 5, 1867; a bookkeeper with his residence in Denver, Colorado; he married Catherine Best and by her had three children: Margaret, Elizabeth, Helen. 2. Mary Eliza, born April 13, 1869; a bookkeeper in Beaver; residing with her mother. 3. Clara Isabella, born February 22, 1872; a bookkeeper for Smith & Gordon, of Pittsburgh; residing with her mother. 4. Sarah Blanche, a teacher in the Pittsburgh High School; resides with her mother. 5. Charles, see forward. 6. William James, born April 12, 1878; a coal dealer in Cleveland, Ohio; he married Sarah Myers, of Beaver Falls, and to them were born two daughters, Eleanor and Jane. 7. Frederick Kennedy, born November 24, 1882; a mining engineer, employed by the United States government and stationed at present in Montana.

(III) Charles Houston, son of William Houston, was born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, December 31, 1875. He was educated in the Beaver public schools, and after completing his studies began his active career in the employ of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad. He was stationed at the office of this company in Beaver and occupied a variety of posts there until his appointment as freight agent at Monaca in 1897, a position he has since

held. He is very active in the business and financial affairs of the town and is a director in the Monaca National Bank. Since his appointment as freight agent there, he has identified himself with Monaca and now resides there on Virginia avenue. Mr. Houston is a Republican in politics and plays an important part in the affairs of the community. He served for about six years on the school board and was secretary of the same, and has been a member of the council. He is prominent in fraternal circles and is a member of St. James Lodge, No. 457, Free and Accepted Masons, of Beaver, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Houston married, April 18, 1899, Agnes Mullen, of Monaca, daughter of James Mullen, a respected citizen of that place. To Mr. and Mrs. Houston have been born two children: Charles W., born January 17, 1909; Ella E., born May 8, 1911.

One of West Bridgewater's most prominent citizens is
WALTERS Charles A. Walters, who for some time has conducted a large incorporated baking establishment in that town, besides taking an active part in the affairs of the community, and serving it in a number of public capacities. The prosperous baking business of which he is the head was founded many years ago by his father, Frederick Walters, a native of Germany, where he was born in 1828.

(I) Frederick Walters came to the United States about the middle of the last century and settled first in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he learned the trade of baker. Having completed his education in this respect, he removed to West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, about 1854, and there opened a bakery. He did not, however, remain in West Bridgewater for very long, but after a few years went on to Beaver, Beaver county, and there made his residence for twenty-eight years. He returned to West Bridgewater in 1886 and resumed his baking business, wherein he continued until his death in 1895, and which under the management of his sons has grown to its present proportions. Mr. Walters Sr. married Catherine Ackerman, also a native of Germany, where she was born in 1831, and by her had fifteen children, as follows: A son, who died in infancy; William, deceased; George, deceased; Kate, died in infancy; Mary and Rosa, twins; Charles A., see forward; Edward, deceased; Marguerite; Ida, deceased; Frederick; Albert; Minnie; Lillian; Cora. The death of Mrs. Walters, the mother of this numerous family, did not occur until 1912, at an advanced age. Mr. and Mrs. Walters and all the members of their family were affiliated with the German Evangelical Church of Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Charles A. Walters, the seventh child of Frederick Walters, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 26, 1863, and there obtained his education, going first for his elementary studies to the public schools of the town and later to Beaver College. He also learned his father's trade under the paternal direction, and in 1891, four years before

the elder man's death, took charge of the business, which has ever since remained under his management. In 1901 the business was incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania with the name of F. Walters & Sons and with Charles A. Walters as president and Albert Walters as secretary and treasurer. The home of F. Walters & Sons is now a large two-story brick building situated prominently on Market street, West Bridgewater, and the firm does a large and extensive business. Besides his commercial activities, Mr. Walters is also engaged in politics and public affairs generally. He is a Republican and on that party's ticket has been elected to the borough council for about nine years all together, and has served as a member of the board of education for upwards of fifteen years. Mr. Walters is also connected with a number of fraternal organizations in his neighborhood. He is a member of Rochester Lodge, No. 786, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a charter member of the organization which the Knights of Pythias founded in Butler, Pennsylvania, but since his residence in West Bridgewater has become associated with the order there.

Mr. Walters married, in 1895, Blanche Morgan, of Bridgewater, Pennsylvania, and to them have been born eight children, as follows: Mary Esther, deceased; Catherine B., Charles, Grace L., Martha M., Lillian A., Millicent R., Dorothy May.

Three generations of Dietrichs have now been resident in the state of Pennsylvania, and they have made their mark as very successful men of business.

(I) Claus Dietrich was a native of Germany, and came to the United States with his family in 1855. He settled at Etna, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, making his permanent home there, and at that place he and his wife died. He had married in Germany, Catherine Elizabeth Leberum, and they had children: Henry, deceased; Jacob, deceased; Claus; John E., see forward; Kate.

(II) John E. Dietrich, son of Claus and Catherine E. (Leberum) Dietrich, was born in Germany, February 24, 1841, and came to this country with his parents in 1855. He had learned the trade of shoemaking, and followed this after his arrival in America. During the course of the Civil War he was engaged in making boots and knapsacks for the Union army. For a time he abandoned the manufacture of shoes in order to engage in the liquor business, but upon removing to Bellevue, Pennsylvania, he again established himself in his former calling. In 1884 he removed to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there conducted a shoe business until his death, which occurred in the year 1907. In politics he was a staunch Republican, and his religious affiliations were with the German Lutheran Church. Mr. Dietrich married, May 18, 1868, Anna Catherine Truber, born in Germany, August 4, 1846, daughter of John Truber, born in Germany, who came to America in 1847 with his wife and one child, and located at Shaws Mill, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. For a time he was

employed in the coal mines, and later was a farmer. He was a Republican, and a member of the German Presbyterian Church. He removed to Butler county, Pennsylvania, near Bakerstown, where his death occurred in August, 1860, at the age of forty-two years. He married, in Germany, Catherine Elizabeth Zimmerman, who died about 1890. They had children: Anna Catherine, who married Mr. Dietrich; Charles; Elizabeth; Mary; Emma Louisa. Mr. and Mrs. Dietrich had children: Charles A.; George E., see forward; Ida May.

(III) George E. Dietrich, son of John E. and Anna Catherine (Truber) Dietrich, was born at Bellevue, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, September 18, 1880. His education was a liberal one, being acquired at the public schools of Monaca, Pearsall's Academy, and Butcher's Business College, at Beaver Falls. He was then apprenticed to learn the plumbers' trade, and has been successfully engaged in that calling up to the present time, his place of business being located at No. 817 Pennsylvania avenue, between Eighth and Ninth streets. He is a wide-awake, enterprising young man, and an ardent member of the Progressive Republican party. His fraternal affiliation is with Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons, and he is a member of the German Lutheran Church. Mr. Dietrich is unmarried.

HAMILTON The Hamilton family of Pennsylvania is of Scotch descent, numbering among its members many men who have gained prominence in all paths of life, both in the Old and New World. While some members of the family came to America from their native land, others made settlement in the north of Ireland on forfeited land as "servitors" and thence came to America. The emigrant ancestor of the branch to which the Hamiltons of Beaver county belong is unknown, but those bearing the name have been present in the county since the early pioneer settlements.

(I) James Hamilton, a farmer of Beaver county, is the first of whom there is authentic record. He was a farmer, a Democrat in politics and a member of the Presbyterian Church. It was in all probability to two of his sons, Lute and James, that credit was given for the second attempt at pottery making in Beaver Valley. They obtained their clay on the west bank of Brady's Run, near its confluence with the Big Beaver. James Hamilton married Mary ———, a native of Germany, and had issue.

(II) Oscar Hamilton, son of James and Mary Hamilton, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 28, 1829, died in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1903, aged seventy-four years. He obtained his education in the public schools, and followed the farmer's occupation for many years. For a time after his marriage he made his home in Lawrence county, later returning to Beaver county and in 1884 coming to Monaca, where his death occurred. Both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Catherine, born 1832, daughter of Benjamin

and Catherine Craig. Benjamin Craig was a native of Scotland, came to Pennsylvania and began farming operations in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where both he and his wife died. Children of Oscar and Catherine (Craig) Hamilton: Electa, deceased; Elizabeth Ellen, deceased; Ida; Nelson; Samuel D., of whom further; Dora, deceased; Ira L., deceased.

(III) Samuel D. Hamilton, son of Oscar and Catherine (Craig) Hamilton, was born in Newcastle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, January 19, 1863. He spent his early years on his father's farm in Lawrence county, and obtained his education in the public schools of Newcastle and Monaca, also attending Peirsol's Academy at Bridgewater. Completing his studies, he taught school in that locality for several years, discontinuing this occupation to learn the painter's trade, at which he was employed for a period of fifteen years. For an equal length of time he has held the office of secretary of the Phillipsburg Building and Loan Association, discharging his duties in that connection capably and with uniform satisfaction to his colleagues in the management of the organization. In 1903 he erected the Hotel Hamilton on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Twelfth street, a three-story brick building, and since that time has conducted the hotel. He is a proprietor of rare quickness of perception in the detection of means for increasing the comfort and convenience of his guests, and has been very successful during the decade of his venture. Through his efforts, vigorous and incessant, to maintain a hotel of the highest reputation, he has acquired a modest competence, the due reward of a well directed aim. Mr. Hamilton is a Democrat in politics and has taken so prominent a part in the affairs of Monaca that he has held every borough office except those of constable and councilman. He is a member of Monaca Lodge, Knights of Pythias; Lodge No. 283, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, and belongs to the Methodist Episcopal Church. Actively interested in all municipal questions, Mr. Hamilton is a constant worker for Monaca's advancement along all lines. He is also one of the important business men of the town, and as such is a supporter of its prosperity.

The name of Sutherland has long been associated with honorable records throughout the United States, and the Sutherlands of the State of Pennsylvania are no exception to this rule. They have borne their share bravely in defense of the rights of their country whenever there was need for their services, and as business men and citizens they have borne the highest character.

(I) John Sutherland was born in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was there engaged in farming. He married Sarah Jane Rhodes, also a native of Brighton township, and they had children: Sarah Jane; Nancy; William, who served in the Civil War, was captured and made an inmate of Andersonville Prison, from which he escaped; Minerva;



J. A. Sutherland

Joseph Alexander, see forward; John; a daughter, who died in infancy; Hugh.

(II) Joseph Alexander Sutherland, son of John and Sarah Jane (Rhodes) Sutherland, was born in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1845, died July 14, 1911. His preparatory education was received in the public schools of his native township, from whence he went to Duff's Business College, and was graduated from this institution. For some time he taught school with a very satisfactory amount of success, then engaged for a time in the mercantile business in Beaver. For nine years he was deputy prothonotary, then established himself in the ice business, with which he was connected for a period of six years. His industry and systematic business methods enabled him to amass a considerable fortune, and he retired from business responsibilities about two years prior to his death. He had the confidence and esteem of his fellow citizens, by reason of his upright business methods, kindly disposition and unassailable integrity. Mr. Sutherland kept well abreast of the times in all matters of public interest, and never failed to cast his vote in the interests of the Republican party. He was for many years a member of the Masonic Order, affiliating with Beaver Lodge, No. 248, of Beaver, Pennsylvania, and was also a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Sutherland married, November 3, 1868, Isabella S., born in Cranberry township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, daughter of David and Mary (McMahan) Barto, the former of German descent and one of the early settlers of Butler county, having come across the state by wagon route, and engaged in farming. One of his sons, Jesse Barto, was a soldier in the Union army during the Civil War, and was confined in Libby Prison. He managed to effect his escape, and two days afterward his companions in the prison were exchanged. Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland had children: Bertha M., born January 29, 1870; Edith Anna, March 3, 1874; Joseph H., August 23, 1875; Edward Alexander, November 29, 1877, was an active participant in the Spanish-American War, being one of the first recruits, was a member of Company B, Tenth Regiment of Pennsylvania State Volunteers; died in 1912.

The name of Urwin is well known in England and Scotland, and has been well represented in this country. William Urwin, a native and resident of Newcastle-on-Tyne, Northumberland county, England, married Jane — and had several children, among them being James, see forward.

(II) James Urwin, son of William Urwin, was born in Newcastle-on-Tyne, Northumberland, England, 1817, died June 23, 1871. His calling was that of an engineer. He married Margaret Charlton, born 1818, died July 19, 1894, daughter of William and Jane (Robson) Charlton, she a native of Kelso, Scotland, and they both died in Newcastle-on-Tyne.

William Charlton died January 28, 1867, at the age of eighty-one years, and his wife died November 16, 1868, at the age of eighty-nine years. They had children: William, see forward; Jane, deceased; Thomas.

(III) William (2) Urwin, son of James and Margaret (Charlton) Urwin, was born in Newcastle-on-Tyne, Northumberland county, England, November 17, 1839. He was educated in the public schools, and was apprenticed to learn the trade of glass blowing, which he subsequently followed. Finding little chance for advancement in his native country he decided to emigrate to America, and accordingly sailed for this country on the 24th of January, 1880, landing February 4, 1880. He arrived at Philadelphia, and at the end of one month went to Meriden, Connecticut, where he worked at his trade of glass blowing until September, 1881. He then came to Monaca, Pennsylvania, where he formed a connection with the Phoenix Glass Company, and was foreman in the blowing department for a period of eighteen years. He is now living retired from active business. He owns his residence at No. 1209 Virginia avenue. In political affairs Mr. Urwin is a Republican, and he served three years as a member of the common council. His religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian Church, while his grandparents and parents were Primitive Methodists, his Grandfather Charlton having been a local preacher. Mr. Urwin is a member of The Flint Glass Workers' Association; Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; and a charter member of Knights of Pythias, of Monaca.

Mr. Urwin married, in Scotland, June 8, 1866, Johanna Mitchell, born in Leith, Scotland, and they have had children: 1. Jane, born in Edinburgh, Scotland, June 2, 1867; attended the schools there and came to this country with her mother and the other members of the family, the father having come to the United States one year previously; she is unmarried. 2. George, born in Edinburgh, Scotland, May 2, 1869, was educated in his native country; he came to this country with his mother and took up his calling of glass blowing, and is now with the Phoenix Glass Company; he married Mary Thompson, born in Monaca, but of Scotch descent, and they have had children: Ethel, Florence, William, David. 3. Johanna, born in Edinburgh, Scotland, June 13, 1872; she is unmarried, and was educated in Scotland and Monaca. 4. William, born in Edinburgh, Scotland, January 27, 1874; was educated in Monaca; he is also a glass blower by trade and is in the employ of the Phoenix Glass Company; he married Elizabeth Veil, of Monaca, who died January 17, 1913; they have had children: Bessie, born May 30, 1897; George Thomas, born 1899, died in infancy.

Michael Mateer, born in Alsace-Lorraine, Germany, at that time French, now German, February 6, 1804, came to America in 1826, and went directly to Pittsburgh, and for a time lived at Bakerstown. In 1838 he purchased the farm on which his direct descendants are still living, and died there in 1882. He married, in

Pittsburgh, Margaret Rook, also a native of Alsace-Lorraine, who came over on the same ship with him, and died about 1885. They had children: Michael; George, see forward; Margaret, deceased; Eliza, deceased; Caroline; Mary, deceased; Louise. Mr. Mateer was very successful as a farmer.

(II) George Mateer, son of Michael and Margaret (Rook) Mateer, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 12, 1846. He was a blacksmith by trade and also engaged in farming, making a success of both callings. He and his wife still live in Moon township. He is a staunch Democrat, and an earnest member of the Presbyterian Church. He married Mary Baker, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 14, 1852, daughter of Michael Baker, and a granddaughter of George Baker, both pioneers in the settlement of Beaver county, where they were farmers. Michael Baker had children: George; John; Joseph, killed on the second day of the fight at Chancellorsville, during the Civil War; Martha, died in 1912 at the age of eighty-three years; Eliza Jane; Belle; Caroline; Mary, married George Mateer, as above mentioned; Malinda. George and Mary (Baker) Mateer had children: John R., see forward; James; George, deceased, was a carpenter in Los Angeles, California, where he died, February 18, 1912; Alice; Leenora; Harry, who was in the butcher business in Los Angeles, California; Bessie; Blanche, who lives in Michigan.

(III) John R. Mateer, son of George and Mary (Baker) Mateer, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1876. He was reared on the farm, attended the public schools of the township, and supplemented this by a course at Piersol's Academy at Bridgewater. For a short time he taught school, but as a business career appealed to him more strongly he soon abandoned this occupation. In 1902, in association with his brother James, they commenced a provision business at No. 1000 Pennsylvania avenue, under the firm name of Mateer Brothers. They have been eminently successful in this undertaking and have a large class of customers. The place is equipped with all modern improvements and is conducted in every detail on the most up-to-date and approved methods. In political matters Mr. Mateer is a staunch Democrat, and he is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles and of the Turners of Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

While the Zigercal family has not been represented in this ZIGERCAL country many generations, the members of the family who have made their home here have amply demonstrated their business ability and their patriotism to the land of their adoption.

(I) Louis Zigercal was born in Italy, and emigrated to America with his family. He made his home in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his death occurred in November, 1891. He married Anjelena Aella, also born in Italy, died in Beaver county, 1893. They had children: Mary, Francesco, Joseph, see forward; Peter, deceased.

(II) Joseph Zigercal, son of Louis and Anjelena (Aella) Zigercal, was

born in Italy, November 28, 1861. He was educated in his native country, and upon his arrival in America went to Washington, District of Columbia, where he was employed until 1901. In that year he came to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and established himself as a tobacconist and confectioner. His methods of doing business were original and up-to-date, and he speedily won the success his efforts so richly deserved. He amassed a considerable fortune, and in 1909 erected the Zigercal Block on Pennsylvania avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. He is a member of the Republican party, and a devout attendant at the Catholic Church. Mr. Zigercal married, in Italy, January 1, 1884, Carmella, born in Italy, February 28, 1861, daughter of Antonio and Theresa (Orella) Crebarr, the former of whom died in 1878, the latter in 1870. Mr. and Mrs. Crebarr had children: Carmella, Pasquallina. Mr. and Mrs. Zigercal have had children: Ralph, born November 30, 1885, married Carmella Gerson and has one child, Joseph; Charles, born April 6, 1888; Carl, born June 6, 1889; Otto, born July 4, 1891; John, born April 6, 1893; James, born May 10, 1895.

The various members of the Jackson family in this country
JACKSON have been noted in the annals of military and professional life for many generations, and the progenitor of the branch here under review was a relative of President Andrew Jackson.

(I) James Andrew Jackson, who was born in the North of Ireland, emigrated to America at an early date, and settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, when that section of the country was but sparsely settled, and the country almost a wilderness. In all probability he was engaged in agricultural pursuits. He married — McCreary, a sister of Thomas McCreary, now deceased, a noted banker of Beaver in his day. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson had children: James, Thomas, see forward; Orville, Sharpe, Robert.

(II) Thomas Jackson, son of James Andrew and — (McCreary) Jackson, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in May, 1826, and was reared on his father's homestead. This was a large tract of land, and Thomas Jackson sold a portion of it to the Colonial Land Company. Politically he affiliated with the Democratic party, and he was an active worker in the interests of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Jackson married Malinda Alcorn, born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1831, died 1911, daughter of William and Sarah (Hultz) Alcorn, the latter a native of Eastern Pennsylvania. William Alcorn was born in the North of Ireland, and emigrated to America with his brothers—James, John and Joseph. They settled in Beaver county, where, together, they purchased five hundred acres of land in Moon township, and where Joseph died and bequeathed his estate to the schools of Moon township. Thomas and Malinda (Alcorn) Jackson had children: W. J., a contractor in Beaver Falls; Sarah M., now the widow of Dr. J. M. Douds, of Beaver Falls; Dr. J. O., of Corry, Erie county, Pennsylvania; Thomas Sharpe, see forward.

(III) Thomas Sharpe Jackson, son of Thomas and Malinda (Alcorn) Jackson, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1861, on the site of the present Colonial Steel Works. He was reared on the homestead farm, and attended the schools of Moon township, where he acquired an excellent and practical education. For one term he then taught school, after which he assisted his father in the management of the home farm until it was sold. He found employment in a grocery store in Monaca, acquiring a thorough knowledge of all the details of this line of business, and in 1900 built his present place of business on Pennsylvania avenue, where he has been very successful. He is an active supporter of the Democratic party, although he has never desired to hold public office. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. He married, in May, 1908, Sarah Florence, born in New Sheffield, Pennsylvania, daughter of the Rev. P. J. Cummings, of Monaca. They have one child, Thomas William, born in February, 1909.

The emigrant of the Engle family of Pennsylvania made the ENGLE commonwealth his home by a combination of circumstances that were, to say the least, unusual. Henry Engle was born in Metz, Alsace-Lorraine, Germany, and was one of the army that came to America under the French nobleman, General La Fayette, to fight for the colonists in the war for independence. He survived that struggle without serious injury, but had imbibed so much of the American spirit of liberty and had become so ardent a champion of the cause he had so bravely aided to defend, that when the foreign army of which he was a part embarked for Europe, he and a companion deserted. Alone in a country with which they were almost unfamiliar, except for the section over which their campaigns had carried them, they settled in the eastern part of Pennsylvania for a short time and then, Henry Engle and his comrade separating, the former came to what is now Beaver county. For a time he was engaged in farming operations near Industry, and there died at the home of his son George, concerning whom see forward.

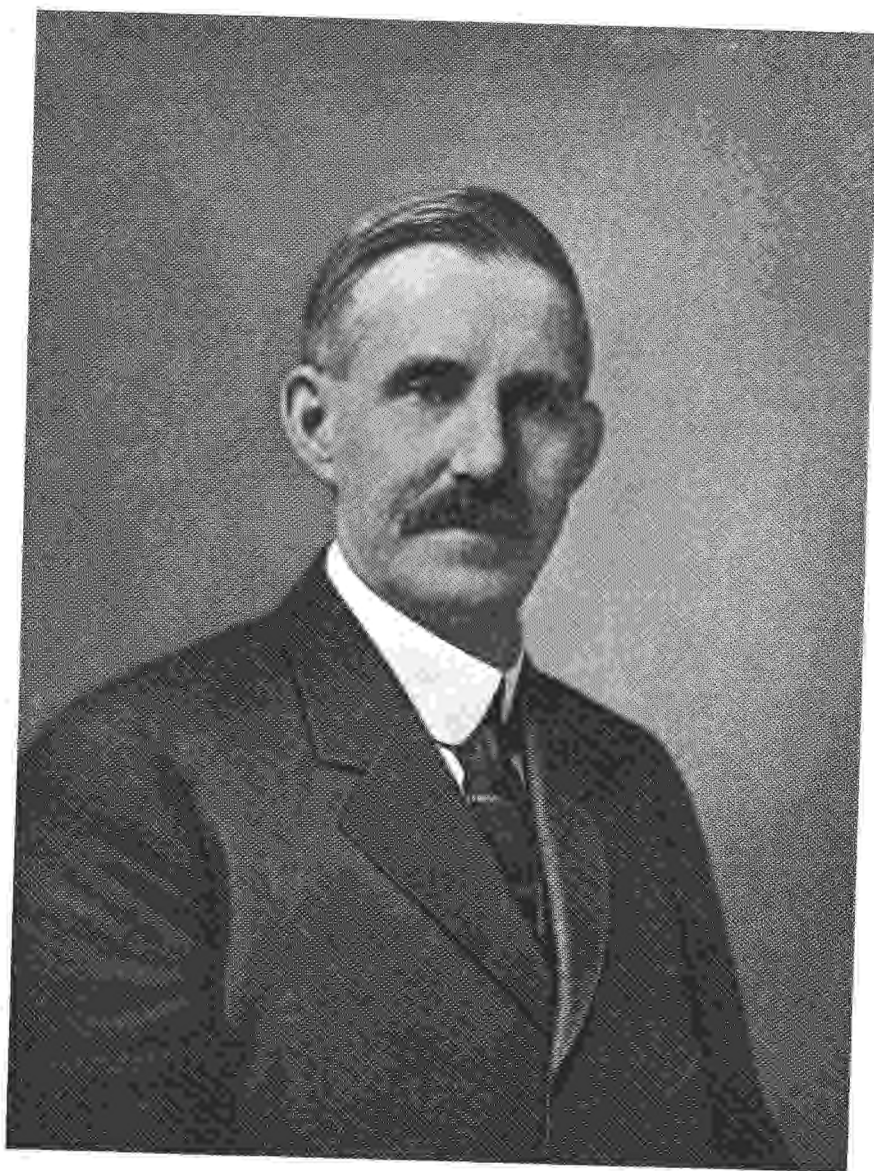
(II) George Engle, son of Henry Engle, was born near Shippensburg, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, 1790, died in Industry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1866. He was brought to Beaver county when a child by his parents and there spent his entire life. He followed his father's occupation of farming and purchased a farm of one hundred acres in Industry township, later adding thirty acres to the original tract. In 1836 he erected a substantial brick mansion, now used as a residence by his son, Enoch Engle, and here his death occurred. He was a Democrat in politics, but later became a partisan of the Republican party. Both he and his wife were members of the United Brethren Church, regular in their attendance and devout in their worship. George Engle married Amy Dannals, born in Salem county, New Jersey, 1799, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, having survived her husband twenty-one years. She was a daughter of Stacy

Dannals, a Swiss, who came to America prior to the Revolution, and who fought in that conflict in defense of the Colonial cause. After the war he settled on a farm in Brighton township, where his death occurred. He was the father of several children by two marriages. Children of George and Amy (Dannals) Engle: George, a carpenter, died in Beaver county; Henry, deceased, a farmer and wagon builder, was for some years steward of the County almshouse; Stacey D., deceased, a farmer and wagon builder; Jemima, deceased, married Nicholas Todd; John, died at the age of twenty-four years; David, deceased, a farmer, married Cynthia Knight; Washington, see forward; Franklin, died at the age of twelve years; Joseph, a fruit grower of Industry township; Enoch, born November 9, 1839, a fruit grower on the old homestead.

(III) Washington Engle, son of George and Amy (Dannals) Engle, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 20, 1832, and is now living retired in Brighton township, in the same county. He won fame as a fruit grower, and his orchards were models of their kind. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the United Brethren Church. He married Lorinda, born in Ohio, 1838, who was brought to Beaver county as a child by her parents, Benjamin and Sarah (Shirts) Todd, both of whom died in Monaca. Mr. and Mrs. Engle had children: Benjamin Franklin, see forward; John A., Joseph L., Luetta, deceased; Alvin S., Harry U.

(IV) Benjamin Franklin Engle, son of Washington and Lorinda (Todd) Engle, was born in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 22, 1857. He was reared on the farm, attending the public schools of Industry township, and from his earliest years displayed unusual ability along scholarly lines. Upon the completion of his education he commenced teaching school and was thus employed for a period of three terms. He then became connected with the fruit growing industry with which he was associated thirteen years in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He also erected a number of greenhouses in Brighton township in 1894. In 1899 he came to Rochester, Beaver county, where he erected a greenhouse at No. 160 Freedom Alley, and commenced on this small scale a business which has grown to large proportions. He now has approximately fifteen thousand square feet of glass, in addition to extensive hotbeds and cold frames, and has been very successful. He has never desired to hold public office, he is Independent in political belief. His wife is a member of the United Presbyterian Church, and he is a member of the International Bible Students Association.

Mr. Engle married, November 2, 1892, Ellen May Taggart, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Ross and Isabel (Martin) Taggart, early residents of the county. Mr. and Mrs. Engle have had children: Mildred, born February 2, 1894, was graduated from the Rochester High School, and is now a teacher in the Rochester public schools; Grace, born January 6, 1896, spent one and a half years in the Rochester High School and is now a student in the Slippery Rock State Normal School.



Joseph L. Holmes

Joseph Lincoln Holmes is a descendant of the Irish family HOLMES of the name settled in Pennsylvania by Joseph Holmes, a native of Ireland, who came to Independence township with his wife, Jennie (McComb) Holmes. They had married in their native land and after their immigration their entire lives were spent in Independence township. He was a cooper by trade, and acquired a tract of land heavily wooded with fine white oak, which he cleared and sold at a handsome profit. For services in the War of 1812 he was granted one hundred and sixty acres of land by the government. A sun dial which he erected is still in possession of the family. Children: John, Maria, Lazarus, Rachel, Joseph, George, James, Leander, Milo A.

(II) Leander Holmes, son of Joseph L. and Jennie (McComb) Holmes, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his entire life was spent. Educated in the common schools of the township, then in a very primitive condition, he early in life forsook the schoolroom in favor of the workshop and learned the carpenter's trade, specializing in boat building. In this department of his occupation he became most adept, and his services were much sought by concerns constructing river craft for use on the neighboring streams. Later in life he became a farmer, cultivating the old homestead. He was a member and regular attendant of the United Presbyterian Church. He married Mary, daughter of Daniel and Esther (Kane) McCallister. Daniel McCallister was a merchant of Independence township, later moving his place of business to Mechanicsburg. Children of Daniel McCallister: Mary, of previous mention, married Leander Holmes; Ella, Jane, Henrietta. Children of Leander and Mary (McCallister) Holmes: Jennie, Margaret, Joseph Lincoln, of whom further; Esther, Milo, Henrietta, and Elizabeth.

(III) Joseph Lincoln Holmes, third child and eldest son of Leander and Mary (McCallister) Holmes, was born in Independence, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1861. He attended the public schools of the township and also Beaver Academy, completing his education in the law department of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, whence he was graduated in 1887. Two years later he made Beaver the scene of his practice and has there ever since continued, guarding the interests of his large clientele with faithfulness and honor. His legal talents are recognized in the city, and among his brethren of the bar his reputation is even more secure, since from the eminence of knowledge they can pass an exact judgment upon his ability. A Republican in politics, he leads the party in his county as chairman of the county committee, and in local affairs he is no less prominent, having for twelve years been a member of the town council. For one term he was also a member of the board of education, and at the present time serves on the board of trustees of Beaver College. His only business connection is as a director of the First National Bank, in whose ruling body his wise and conservative judgment is an important element. As a member of the town council Mr. Holmes is an energetic worker for

all municipal improvements, giving his hearty support to all such projects; in his labors for the party his influence is county-wide; and of the fruits of his legal endeavors many have tasted, the combination of his activities giving to Beaver a citizen of solid worth. He married, September 21, 1887, Alice J. Ewing; children: Hazel and Alice.

The Magee family belonged to that vast army of Scotch
MAGEE Covenanters, the founders of the Presbyterian Kirk of Scotland, who in the latter part of the seventeenth century sought refuge from religious persecution in the northern counties of Ireland, from whence many emigrated to America, settling principally in Pennsylvania and the Carolinas, between 1720 and 1800. The Magees remained in Ireland for a number of generations, and about the middle of the eighteenth century were seated at Rathmullen, in the extreme north of county Donegal. One branch of the Magee family was founded in Philadelphia by Michael Magee, in 1795; another by Colonel W. A. Magee, an officer in the English army, who settled in the same city about 1755; and the branch under discussion in this sketch came here in recent years, the progenitor of the family being Stuart Magee, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(I) Stuart Magee, grandfather of the above mentioned Stuart Magee, spent his entire life in Ireland, where his death occurred about 1878. He married Nancy Jackson, whom he survived several years, and they had children: Archibald; George, of further mention; John; Stuart; Jackson, who emigrated to America, settled at Bolesville, Pennsylvania, and died there; Matilda; Alice; Eliza.

(II) George Magee, son of Stuart and Nancy (Jackson) Magee, was born in Ireland in 1823, died there in 1906. He held the position of foreman on a bleach green, and was a member of the Presbyterian Church. He married Jane Coleman, born in Ireland in 1818, died in that country in 1886. They had children: Nancy, deceased; Eliza, deceased; Stuart, of further mention; Margaret, deceased; Rosa; John; William.

(III) Stuart (2) Magee, son of George and Jane (Coleman) Magee, was born in Ireland, August 15, 1847. He was educated in the public schools of his native country, and at a suitable age found employment on a bleach green, the manufacture of fine linen being the principal industry of that section of the country. Later he was appointed as a member of the Royal Irish Constabulary, which corresponds to our public police force, and is under government supervision. In 1872 he emigrated to the United States, coming directly to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he remained for about one year. Removing to Pittsburgh in 1873, he was for a period of seven and one-half years in the employ of Bailey Farrell & Company, manufacturers of lead pipe, sheet lead, etc. He returned to New Brighton in 1880, and was for some years employed by the Kennedy Keg Factory, and in 1886 established himself in business independently. He opened a grocery store, and his methods were so progressive

and successful that he now owns his own place, his store being forty by fifty feet in extent, and fully and finely stocked with a varied assortment of everything necessary to the conduct of this line of business. In political matters Mr. Magee is a Prohibitionist, and is now serving as a member of the board of health. His religious affiliations are with the United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Magee married (first) in 1876, Elizabeth Hardy, born in Ireland, died in New Brighton, August 29, 1896. There were no children by this marriage. He married (second) Mary E. McCaw, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: Frances, born January 23, 1901; William George, born July 12, 1902, died July 8, 1906.

The name of Tracy originated in France, where it was known TRACY three hundred years ago. It was brought to America by many immigrants, the earliest of these making their home in New England. Others of the name migrated from France to England, and then to Ireland, and made their way to America by way of those countries, and are now to be found in all parts of the United States.

(I) Jeremiah Tracy, born in Belmont county, Ohio, was a farmer during the greater part of his life. He gave his political support to the Democratic party, and was a member of the Church of Christ. He married Piety Lacy, and had children: Joshua; Sheridan B., of further mention; Thomas W.; Sarah O., married Samuel Sawyers; Elijah; Nancy Jane.

(II) Sheridan B. Tracy, son of Jeremiah and Piety (Lacy) Tracy, was born in Belmont county, Ohio, November 13, 1834, and received his education in Monroe county, Ohio. He also was a farmer, and like his father was a Democrat and a member of the Church of Christ. He married, April 14, 1859, Sarah A. McMahon, born near Woodsfield, Ohio, November 4, 1837, of Irish parentage. They had children: Ida Idella, born February 28, 1860; Thomas William, April 19, 1862; Alice Louretta, October 21, 1864; Florence Mae, April 26, 1867; Frederick McMahon, October 10, 1870; Forrest Lacy, of further mention.

(III) Forrest Lacy Tracy, youngest child of Sheridan B. and Sarah A. (McMahon) Tracy, was born in Monroe county, Ohio, January 2, 1874. He was educated in the public schools of his native county and in the County Normal School, and was thus well and practically equipped for the battle of life in the business world. His first employment was with The Myers Company, sewer pipe manufacturers, at Toronto, Ohio, as a laborer, and at the end of two years he entered the service of the American Sewer Pipe Company, Toronto, Ohio, in a similar capacity. With this concern he worked from one position upward to others until in July, 1909, he was sent to New Brighton, Beaver county, for the same company, as shop foreman in that city. In 1912 he was appointed to the office of superintendent of the company's plant at New Brighton, a position he is filling at the present time. Like his ancestors for several generations, he is a member of the Church of Christ, while his wife is a member of the Methodist Episcopal

Church. Mr. Tracy married, April 25, 1895, at Round Bottom, Ohio, Dorothy, daughter of William and Margaret Clegg, the former a farmer; she is a sister of Lina and George Clegg. Mr. and Mrs. Tracy have children: Mattie Lucile, Arthur D., Robert Edwin.

The Hunter family, which is finely represented at the present HUNTER time in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, the Scotch stability, mental vigor, physical energy and endurance being blended with the geniality, the warmheartedness and the versatility of the Irish blood, and this has given us a people whose physical, mental and moral qualities have made them influential wherever they have lived. At the time when the first Hunters came to the western part of Pennsylvania, that part of the country was an almost unbroken wilderness but it was a region which was attracting the attention of a large portion of the Scotch-Irish immigrants. Very many of them had settled in Pittsburgh, some of them coming there prior to the Revolutionary War. A large number of settlements were at this time being made in the valleys of the streams that unite at Pittsburgh. For to these hardy, energetic, ambitious people the obstacles which nature presented to the pioneer and settler were but an attraction and a stimulus. They saw the wealth hidden in the mountains and growing upon the hillsides and accepted the challenge which nature seemed to throw down to those who had the nerve, the brawn and the brain to come and take it. The Hunter family in review here intermarried with the Knox family, of which John Knox, the Scotch covenanter was a member, and the direct line also contained the names of two famous surgeons, one of whom, John Knox, was one of the first to successfully perform the operation of bone grafting.

(I) John Hunter was born in Tyrone county, Ireland, and came to America with his family in 1791. He settled in the Cumberland Valley. He had married in Ireland, Margaret Hunter, also born in county Tyrone, and among their children were: John, see forward; Robert, who was a general in the War of 1812.

(II) John (2) Hunter, son of John (1) and Margaret (Hunter) Hunter, was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, and was eighteen months old when he came to this country with his parents. He removed to Beaver Valley, Pennsylvania, locating on a farm by the side of Four Mile Square. He became the owner of eleven hundred acres there, and later erected a house which is still in use. Like his father, he was an influential farmer. He married Jennie Johnston.

(III) Robert J. Hunter, son of John (2) and Jennie (Johnston) Hunter, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and cultivated the homestead farm. He married Lucinda Cross, also a native of Beaver county. The Cross line is as follows: Samuel Cross Sr., grandfather of Mrs. Hunter, took part in the War of the Revolution and in the War of 1812. He and his wife, Margaret (Cannon) Cross, were of English birth, and came to

America about 1769. He located in the Shenandoah Valley, where he was a farmer, then crossed the mountains in 1798 and settled in Chippewa township; in 1807 they removed to Brighton township, Beaver township, where they were pioneer farmers. Samuel Cross Jr. was born in the Shenandoah Valley, and was a soldier in the War of 1812. He married Rachel Lee Inman, who was also born in the Shenandoah Valley, daughter of Abram and Nellie Inman, of Ireland, who came to America about 1767, lived in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, until 1791, when they removed to Beaver county.

(IV) Robert D. Hunter, son of Robert J. and Lucinda (Cross) Hunter, was born six miles west of Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1864. He was educated in the public schools and showed especial ability in all studies having to do with mathematics. For a time he was engaged in farming, and also raised cattle for a period of about five years. He next established himself in the wholesale feed business in New Brighton, with which he was identified for a period of twelve years. The contracting business next engaged his attention, in which he is still successful to a remarkable degree. Among his business enterprises is a directorship in the Trust Company of Allegheny and the General Electric Company. While he is a staunch Republican, he has held office but once, when he was supervisor. He and his family are members of the United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Hunter married (first) in 1887, Annie Christopher, of Mount Vernon, Ohio, and had children: Earl Russell and Howard Dalton. He married (second) March 10, 1910, Emma Louise Fickes, of Steubenville, Ohio.

According to tradition the Stauffers owe their origin to a STAUFFER generation of knights called "Stauffacher," at Hohenstaufen, Germany, and it is presumed by genealogists that all the Stauffer pioneers that immigrated to America at various times, have the same common origin and are more or less remotely connected.

(I) The first member of this particular branch of the Stauffer family of whom we have record was of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, later removing to Butler county in the same state, where he was a farmer and where his death occurred. He raised a large family.

(II) David H. Stauffer, son of the preceding, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in December, 1813, died at Conestoga. He attended the district schools of Butler county but his education was a very limited one, as was frequently the case in country sections in those days. He followed the occupation of farming, and went to Canada in early manhood. There he owned a farm of one hundred acres which he cultivated until he was sixty years of age, when he retired, removing to Conestoga. He married, in 1836, Maria Shelley, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, May 29, 1819, daughter of — Shelley, well known in Lancaster county, and a direct descendant of the O'Briens. She died in 1909. They had children:

John, born March 4, 1837, deceased; Polly, January 3, 1839, died young; Elizabeth, August 23, 1840; Isaac J., November 2, 1842; Josiah S., December 2, 1844; Zephaniah, December 23, 1846, died young; Levi, December 4, 1849; Jacob S., see forward; Angela, December 16, 1852; Abraham S., April 8, 1855; Samuel S., May 19, 1857; Malinda, August 15, 1859; Melvina, December 20, 1861.

(III) Jacob S. Stauffer, son of David H. and Maria (Shelley) Stauffer, was born in Ontario, Canada, November 12, 1851. There he received an excellent education in the public schools, and was himself engaged in teaching for about one year. He then entered the provision business in Milverton, was thus occupied two years and then took up farming, which he followed for about five years in Canada. He then removed to Sanilac county, Michigan, where he farmed very prosperously for a period of five years. His next removal was to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in the provision business and has since been identified with that line very successfully. In 1896 he removed to Beaver and carried on the same business. He is also interested in other business enterprises, and is a stockholder in the Edgemoor Sand & Gravel Company, of West Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. In 1909 he had a fine residence erected for himself, in which he is still living. He has been prominent in local politics as a supporter of Independent principles, and has served the community as a member of the town council.

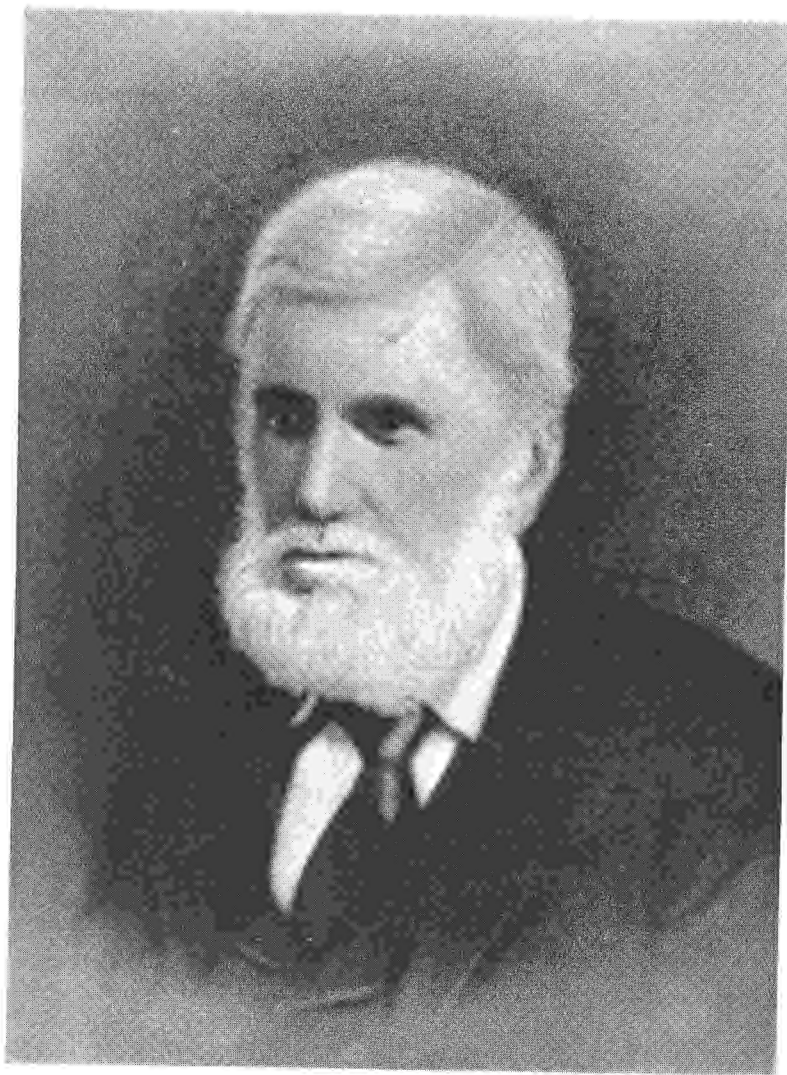
Mr. Stauffer married, in 1872, Amanda Weber, and they have had children: 1. Zephaniah, born September 21, 1873; married Anna Tyler; children: Ralph and Arthur. 2. Clara Jane, born 1875; married Henry Sepp; no children. 3. Elma, married Charles Krohe; children: Gordon and Fred. 4. Allen, married Ruby Reed; one child, Estella. 5. Le Roy, born 1890.

Yorkshire, England, has for many years been the family seat
SMITH of this branch of the family of Smith, only the latest generations of the name having left the ancient home to take up American residence.

(I) The first of the name to receive mention is Jonas Smith, a lifelong surveyor of Yorkshire, England, his name appearing upon many of the public documents of that shire. He married in Yorkshire and among his children was Alexander, of whom further.

(II) Alexander Smith, son of Jonas Smith, married Sarah Ellsworth, and among their children was Ephraim, of whom further.

(III) Ephraim Smith, son of Alexander and Sarah (Ellsworth) Smith, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1817, died near New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1880. He was educated in England, there grew to maturity, and married. His occupations in his native land were those of surveyor, a profession he learned from his father, and woolen manufacturer. When he came to the United States his wife did not accompany him, but waited in England until he should have decided upon and estab-



A. F. Smith

lished a permanent home. Soon after his arrival he joined a party of surveyors leaving for the west, and for some time was employed in surveying and laying lines in the Louisiana territory, acquired from France by the purchase of 1803, after his return from that region settling in Butler county, Pennsylvania. Here his wife joined him after a separation of six years, and he, in partnership with several others, established a woolen mill in Butler county, from which enterprise he withdrew a few years later and moved to Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where for a time he was employed in a woolen mill, later becoming the sole proprietor of such an establishment, continuing in its management for many years. He was also at one time part owner of a brick yard, his son and he operating it in partnership. He married, in England, Ann Lee, born in Yorkshire, England, about 1820, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1888, surviving her husband eight years. They were the parents of several children, one of whom was Alexander F., of whom further.

(IV) Alexander F. Smith, son of Ephraim and Ann (Lee) Smith, was born in Wolf Creek, Butler county, Pennsylvania, in July, 1839, died July 20, 1901. His education was obtained in the public schools of New Brighton, Beaver county, and in the private schools of the locality, and as a young man he entered the woolen manufacturing business with his father, continuing therein until the sale of the mill in 1868. He then became a salesman in a pottery, after that engaging in clay shipping, supplying such establishments as that in which he had formerly been employed, operating as the A. F. Smith Clay Company until his death, in partnership with his father owning a brick yard. He and his wife were communicants of the Methodist Protestant Church, and in public affairs he was actively interested, for several years holding the office of justice of the peace. At the time of the Civil War he was a member of the state militia, going to the front with that organization. Mr. Smith was ever a well-liked member of the community in which he lived, was known as an energetic, successful, business man, and was universally respected for his upright and straightforward life.

He married, in 1866, Hannah R., born in Harbor Creek township, Erie county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Lydia (Chambers) Backus, both natives of the same place, he born in 1810, died in 1903, she born in 1813, died in 1901. John Backus was a son of Myron Backus, who was a grandson of Ebenezer Backus, a barrister of England, who was the first of his line to come to the United States. He had several sons, who made their homes in various parts of the country, the descent from Ebenezer to Myron being through a son Joseph. Myron Backus was born in New York, about 1790 settling in Harbor Creek township, Erie county, Pennsylvania, on a tract of land deeded him by the government, and there lived until his death, which occurred in 1851, the same year as that of his wife, Hannah (Patterson) Backus, who was born in Ireland and was brought to this country by her parents when thirteen years of age. Lydia (Chambers) Backus, wife of John Backus, was a daughter of Ezekiel and Rebecca (Stewart)

Chambers, of Scotch-Irish descent, Ezekiel being a son of Benjamin Chambers, who early settled in Pennsylvania, either at Chambersburg or Harrisburg. Ezekiel and a brother were early settlers of Erie county, Pennsylvania, jointly becoming owners of four hundred acres of government land in that locality. Children of Alexander F. and Hannah R. (Backus) Smith: Perry A., Ellen Lydia, Myra A., Edward, Mary Celia, Bessie, Lee Backus.

For a number of generations the Hammond family, now
HAMMOND of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, has been connected with the agricultural interests of the state of Pennsylvania, although in later years they have also been prominent in other fields.

(I) John Hammond, born February 24, 1793, was one of the pioneer settlers of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and died in Ohio township. He was a farmer, having cleared the virginal forest from his homestead when he took possession of that tract of land. He married Margaret Neilson, who was born December 27, 1792.

(II) David Hammond, son of John and Margaret (Neilson) Hammond, was born in the southern part of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and died in Ohio township, same county. He was the owner of a farm which he cultivated very successfully, and served three years as a soldier in a cavalry regiment during the Civil War. During one engagement he was wounded in the knee. For many years he served as an elder in the United Presbyterian church, and he was a staunch supporter of the Republican party. He married Margaret Ann McFarland, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, both of whose parents were born in Ireland, and came to this country with two children. Mr. and Mrs. Hammond had children: John E., Robert W., Ira Newton, see forward; James P., William L., Margaret J., Lena M.

(III) Ira Newton Hammond, son of David and Margaret Ann (McFarland) Hammond, was born in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 12, 1871. He received his education in the public schools of his native township. He was a very young man when he first engaged in the contracting business, but the success he achieved along these lines encouraged him to identify himself with it permanently, which he has done, and reaped a rich reward for his efforts. He is also interested to a certain extent in farming, and the land which he cultivates is very productive. Another enterprise with which Mr. Hammond is connected is an Amusement Company, and still another is the grocery business and oil interests. Mr. Hammond is an earnest member of the United Presbyterian church, and a strong supporter of the principles of the Republican party, taking a great interest in whatever concerns the welfare of the community. He married, September 2, 1903, Luana Hunter, and they have children: Newton P. and Robert Hunter.

Mrs. Hammond is a daughter of Robert J. and Lucinda (Cross) Hunter, he born in Ohio township, Beaver county, and she in Brighton

township. She is a granddaughter of John and Jane (Johnston) Hunter, both natives of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer. Her maternal grandparents were Samuel and Rachel (Inman) Cross, he of Hamilton county, Ohio, and migrated to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, early in his life; she and her parents and the other members of the family came down the Ohio river and located in Beaver county, where she married, in 1807. One of the daughters of this family was scalped by the Indians. Samuel Cross served as a constable, and he also took an active part in the War of 1812.

This is an old and honored family of Ireland, and is McCANDLESS now in its fifth generation in this country. The first generation came to the United States when their children were small, and settled in Butler county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Robert McCandless was born in Ireland, and was a very young child when he came to this country with his parents. He was educated and grew to maturity in Butler county, Pennsylvania, and followed the occupation of farming. After his marriage he settled on a farm in Center township, where both he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives. Both were members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. McCandless married Mary, daughter of Joseph Jack, of Butler county, Pennsylvania, and had children: George J., of further mention; Jane, married Samuel Irwin and died in Butler county; Mary, married Eli Eagle and lives in Unionville, Butler county, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, married Frank Fligger and died in Butler county; one, died unnamed.

(III) George J. McCandless, son of Robert and Mary (Jack) McCandless, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, November 15, 1838, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1898. Like his father he engaged in farming, and after his marriage bought about one hundred and fifteen acres of land in Butler county, on which he lived many years. He then purchased an old grist mill in Conoquenessing township, and operated this about ten years. In 1888 he removed to Beaver Falls, where he lived a retired life until his death. During the Civil War he was a soldier in Company B, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, served for a period of seven months, during which time he was an active participant in several skirmishes, and was then honorably discharged by reason of ill health. He was a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He had been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for some years. Mr. McCandless married, September 30, 1862, Samantha Young, born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1843, now living in Beaver Falls, where she is a member of the United Presbyterian church. They had children: Addison Young, of further mention; Joanna, married Wesley Raisley, and lives in College Hill; Marcus William, a grocer, lives in Beaver Falls, married Mary Cox; Robert Presley, a grocer in Beaver Falls; Beriah Nelson, superintendent of a nail mill at Struthers,

Ohio; Oren Leonidas, a grocer in Beaver Falls; Josiah Couvert, a salesman, married Mary Jane Snyder, and lives in Beaver Falls; James, died at the age of fourteen years; Samantha Jane, died at the age of nineteen months; Edith Lena, died at the age of seven weeks; an unnamed child, deceased; Sylvester Merle, a plumber, resides with his mother.

Robert Young, paternal grandfather of Mrs. Samantha (Young) McCandless, was born in Ireland and came to America in his early youth. He settled in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, where he became an extensive land owner and farmer. He married there and had children. Matthew Young, son of Robert Young, and father of Mrs. McCandless, was born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, and learned the trade of tanning. He became the owner of a tannery in Wolf Creek township, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and in addition he had a farm of seventy-five acres, which he cultivated. He died there at the early age of thirty-seven years. He was a Democrat in political matters, and a member of the Covenanters church. He married Joanna Couvert, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, who resided on the farm in Mercer county until one year prior to her death, at the age of seventy-eight years, when she lived with her daughter Samantha in Butler county, having never remarried. She also was a member of the Covenanters church. She was a daughter of Colonel John Couvert, who was a veteran of the War of 1812. He lived about four miles from Centerville on a large farm which he owned and cultivated, and died there when more than ninety-four years of age. He was a Presbyterian. Mr. and Mrs. Young had children: Sylvester M., a merchant, died at New Castle, Pennsylvania; Caroline, married James Vogle, and died in Mercer county; Matilda, married William McKee, and died in Mercer county; Amanda, died unmarried at the age of twenty-six years; Sarah Jane, married James Johnson, and died at Oil City, Venango county, Pennsylvania; Samantha, married Mr. McCandless, as above mentioned; Marcus C., a carpenter and contractor, lives at Youngstown, Ohio; Professor William H., an instructor in music, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

(IV Addison Young McCandless, son of George J. and Samantha (Young) McCandless, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1863. He was educated in the public schools of his native township, and was engaged in farming until he had attained the age of twenty-eight years. In 1890 he removed to Beaver Falls and there established himself in the grocery business at No. 2100 Twelfth avenue, where he has been located since that time, and is now the oldest grocer in business in that part of the town. He commenced his business on a small scale, and it is due to his excellent business methods and enterprising ideas that it has now attained its present proportions. About 1893 he erected a two-story building, twenty by forty feet, and in addition to a full line of groceries, handles hay, feed, etc. He is a stanch supporter of the Republican party, a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and he and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian church. Mr. McCandless married, March 23, 1888,

Annie, born in England, a daughter of William and Harriet Heaven, who came to this country when Mrs. McCandless was a young child, and settled in Butler county, Pennsylvania. Children of Mr. and Mrs. McCandless: Ida Samantha, married, January 1, 1914, Philip Brandenburg, employed in the United States postoffice at Beaver Falls; Verda Loretta, Addison Sylvester, Hazel Marie, J. Harold.

The German element has been of a most decided importance in the settlement and development of the state of Pennsylvania as is plainly shown in the names of numerous localities.

(I) Philip Bimber was born in Germany and came to the United States at a very early age. At first he settled at Monaca from whence he removed to Marion township, and there bought a farm from his wife's people. He was a Democrat in political belief, and for many years served as a justice of the peace. He and his wife both belonged to the United Evangelical Protestant church. Mr. Bimber died in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, while living with a daughter. He married Sarah Schrum, who died in Marion township. They had children: George Frederick, who lives in Ellwood City, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania; Herman H., of further mention; Sarah, married Frederick Winnell, and died on a farm in Beaver county; Amelia, married Peter Goettman, and lives on a farm near Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania; Paulina, married George West and lives in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Herman H. Bimber, son of Philip and Sarah (Schrum) Bimber, was born at Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 26, 1847, died suddenly in Marion township, 1911. He was raised on a farm, attended the public schools, and was apprenticed to learn the shoemaker's trade, acquiring this knowledge in Pittsburgh and Zelienople, Pennsylvania. He followed this occupation for some years, then rented a farm which he operated about two years. In 1882 he removed to Eastvale, Beaver county, and there opened a general store, on a large scale, this including a bakery and a butcher shop. He continued in this line of business up to his death, and was very successful, his wife and children lending necessary assistance. He erected a substantial frame building just at the end of the bridge, and when this was destroyed by fire, had it rebuilt, but this time used brick in place of the frame style of construction. After his death, his widow continued the business. In 1911 he purchased the old homestead owned by his father in Marion township, and while looking after this was struck by a street car near Pine Run Crossing, and in a few hours died from the effects of his injuries. He was a Democrat, and at one time served as a councilman at Eastvale. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias, and he and his wife attended the United Evangelical Protestant church.

Mr. Bimber married, in 1871, Catherine, born in Marion township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of George and Margaret (Frishkorn) Remler, both born in Germany, came to this country while young

and married here. They settled on a farm in Marion township, where his death occurred, his widow removing to Zelienople, where she died. Mr. and Mrs. Bimber had children: Amelia, married Al Freeman, lives in Eastvale, and has two children, Herman W. G. and Pearl Viola; William H., engaged in the butcher business in Beaver Falls, married Jennie Fegley; Bertha, died in infancy; George Frederick, lives at home with his mother; Herman Walter, a butcher and stock dealer in Eastvale, married Mary Marcus, their only child being Ruth Catherine; Julia Catherine, died in infancy; Harry, died in infancy; Catherine Pearl, died in infancy.

The Gonnelly family, of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, is of Irish origin, and has been located in this country somewhat more than half a century. During

this time the three generations which have made the United States their home and country, have not only become allied with some of the best families, but they have also by their own personal worth and actions placed themselves in the forefront of those who are entitled to be recognized as the representatives of the American people and American principles.

(I) John Gonnelly lived and died in Ireland, where he was a farmer. He and his wife were members of the Catholic church. Both were born in the county of Roscommon, where he married Margaret Butler, and had children: Patrick, who emigrated to America, was an active participant in the Civil War, and was killed July 3, 1863, at the battle of Gettysburg; John, a machinist, died at Dunkirk, New York; James, of further mention; Michael, was also killed at the battle of Gettysburg; Mary, married George Higgins, resided in Buffalo, New York, where she died; Margaret, widow of Martin Higgins, lives in Dunkirk, New York; Sarah, married Simon Cummings, and died in Cleveland, Ohio.

(II) James Gonnelly, son of John and Margaret (Butler) Gonnelly, was born on the paternal farm in county Roscommon, Ireland, died in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1878. He came to this country in early manhood, and found employment with the Erie Railroad Company, with whom he remained from 1847 until 1870. During the greater part of this time he held the positions of assistant yardmaster and yardmaster at Dunkirk, New York. In 1870 he removed to Titusville, Pennsylvania, where he was busied in various occupations, then to Redbank, where he worked for the railroad company. In 1877 he located at Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and entered the employ of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company, a position he held at the time of his death. He cast his vote regularly for the candidates of the Democratic party, and he and his wife were members of the Catholic church. He was also a member of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick. Mr. Gonnelly married at Hornell, New York, Margaret Meakim, born in Ireland, died while living with her son, in 1905. She was the daughter of John and Cecelia

(Hunt) Meakim, both born in county Leitrim, Ireland, from whence they emigrated to America. Both were members of the Catholic church, and he was a farmer. They had children: Edward, a retired boot and shoe merchant, lives in Philadelphia; John, a laborer, died in Philadelphia; Samuel, died in Chicago, Illinois; William, died in New York, where he had been a captain on the police force, and was known as "The Little Captain"; Joseph, a machinist, died in Dunkirk, New York, at the age of eighty-five years; Margaret, mentioned above, the only daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Gonnely had but one child, John James, of further mention.

(III) John James Gonnely, only child of James and Margaret (Meakim) Gonnely, was born in Dunkirk, Chautauqua county, New York, June 7, 1853. He received a thorough education in the public schools, and upon the completion of his education entered the employ of the Low Grade Branch of the Allegheny Railroad Company at Redbank, Pennsylvania. His first position was that of a laborer, from which he was advanced to that of brakeman, which he held until 1877. At this time he came to Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, with his father, and entered the service of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company. In 1880 he commenced working in the stone quarry, an employment he continued until about 1884, when he returned to the service of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company, and was made foreman. He still holds this position and is now the oldest foreman in this division. In the year 1905 Mr. Gonnely had a fine buff brick residence erected at No. 4736 Fourth avenue, College Hill, in which he resides, and he also owns the houses on either side of this one. He has gradually become a very prosperous man in worldly affairs, and is also the proprietor of a restaurant at the end of the car line at Morado, Beaver county. In national affairs Mr. Gonnely supports the Democratic party, but in local matters he prefers to vote independently. For many years he has been a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and during twenty-one years of this period was president of the local division. He and his wife are members of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, of New Brighton, Beaver county.

Mr. Gonnely married, in April, 1882, Catherine, born in Louisville, Kentucky, daughter of James and Catherine McDonald. They have had children: James, living with his parents, is a clerk for the American Bridge Company; Margaret, married Albert Smith, has one son, Charles, and lives at College Hill; Kathryn, married John A. Farthing, has two children, John and Elizabeth, and lives in Beaver Falls; John, a fireman in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; Mary; Sarah, who was graduated from the Beaver Falls High School, resides at home, is now engaged as a teacher near Beaver, Beaver county; Joseph, a student in the interests of the Westinghouse Electric Company; Edward, an assistant to his father; Helen, a student at the Beaver Falls High School; Beatrice, Lucile and Agnes Jean, all attending College Hill public school.

Rye, Westchester county, New York, and all the surrounding vicinity, is rich in spots of peculiar interest to the Kniffen family, various well-known landmarks having been given that name in the early history of the locality, when Kniffen's Cove and Kniffen's Hill were familiar to all. This was the residence of the family from 1666, when a member of the old Dutch family came thither from Stratford, Connecticut, and there made his home. It was in that county that all of the succeeding generations of the name lived, Samuel Kniffen, a prominent farmer and wealthy land-owner, enlisting in the American army at the time of the Revolution from that place. Here, too, was born Le Grand, son of Gnet and Mary Field Kniffen, November 14, 1834, his father having farmed the old homestead in Westchester county all his life. That property is now in the possession of his daughter, whose residence is in New York City.

Le Grand Kniffen was born in Westchester county, New York, November 14, 1834, died December 20, 1908. He was educated in the local schools of his birthplace, and being of a naturally studious disposition was sent to college. His earnest concentration early in life took the form of invention, some of his first efforts being agricultural implements of a highly improved and practical nature. While still a young man he invented and patented a refrigerating process suitable for railroad cars, so that perishable goods might be transported without danger of being rendered worthless by high temperatures. At that time not nearly the amount of shipping was done as is ordinary at the present time, and the full value of his appliance of well-known principles was not at once apparent, and he disposed of his patent rights at a very low figure. Today cars of almost the same design as that which he had planned to use are an indispensable feature of mercantile transactions, without which many of the delicacies of the tables of the wealthy would never reach the market, nor indeed many of the necessities. He then moved to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was there employed in the Rochester Plow Works, supervising the construction of agricultural implements, several of his own invention and design. Among the last machines that he invented before his brilliant and active mind was forever stilled by death was a mower that is now built and sold by a Chicago firm, Mrs. Kniffen receiving a royalty upon all sold under her husband's patents. Mr. Kniffen was an inventor of genius, his ideas all running in practical channels, each capable of conversion into capital. No detail was too small for his most minute attention, no principle too abstruse for his comprehensive grasp, and each of his patents showed deep, original and intelligent thought. Mr. Kniffen was a Mason and had attained the thirty-second degree in that order.

Mr. Kniffen married (second) Mrs. Sarah Arilla (Dickson) Partington, of Gary, Minnesota, widow of Ross Partington. Mr. Partington was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in Company E, Sixty-first Regiment, Third Brigade, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He met an acci-



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dental death after returning home from the front. Mrs. Kniffen, daughter of George and Mary (Donley) Dickson, was born near Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and was brought by her parents to Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

There were several people by the name of Moon who came MOON to this country in the earlier half of the eighteenth century, some of them settling in Rhode Island, and from that section of the country their descendants migrated to other regions. Some settled in the northern part of New York, and from there, gradually going farther south, finally made their homes in the state of Pennsylvania.

(I) Dr. Robert Allison Moon was born in Rensselaer county, New York, and there reached young manhood. Earnestly desiring to enter the medical profession, and not finding the needful opportunities in his native county, he went west, to Knoxville, Ohio, and there took up the study of medicine under the preceptorship of an elder brother, Dr. Arnold C. Moon. Having completed the necessary course of lectures and obtained his license to practice, Dr. Moon came to Hookstown, Pennsylvania, in 1845, and there established himself in the practice of his chosen profession. His efforts in this direction met with success, and he acquired a large practice, and continued in Hookstown until 1875. In that year he removed to Beaver Falls, continuing his practice there with the same degree of success until his death, October 26, 1892, at which time he had been engaged in active practice for almost half a century. Dr. Moon married Sarah Sterling, born February 2, 1829, daughter of William Sterling, born in Ireland, emigrated to America. He was a farmer by occupation, settled in Greene township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there his death occurred. Dr. and Mrs. Moon had children: Addison S., of further mention; Helen M., married (first) Rev. James S. Brandon, a minister of the United Presbyterian church, (second) William A. McCormick, and now lives in Mercer, Mercer county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Dr. Addison S. Moon, only son of Dr. Robert Allison and Sarah (Sterling) Moon, was born at Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 25, 1859, died at Beaver Falls, July 17, 1901. He was educated in the public schools of Hookstown and Beaver Falls, attended the Beaver Seminary and Westminster College, and commenced the study of medicine under private tuition and in the office of his father. Matriculating at the Western Reserve, in Cleveland, Ohio, he was graduated from the medical department of this institution in the class of 1884, the degree of Doctor of Medicine being conferred upon him. He at once commenced the practice of his profession in Beaver Falls, in association with his father, then abandoned it for a time in order to take a special course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the City of New York. Returning to Beaver Falls, he resumed his practice, and was actively identified with this until his death in his forty-second year. At that time he was one of the leading physicians of the county, and was beloved by all who knew him. He was

frequently called in consultation by his professional brethren, and was continually engaged in research and study along the lines of his professional work. He served as the medical examiner for the Prudential Life Insurance Company and for the Western Mutual Life Association of Chicago. In political opinion he was a Republican, but took no part in public affairs, deeming that he was best serving the interests of the community by giving his close and undivided attention to his professional labors. He was a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, Beaver County Medical Society, and was secretary of the last named organization. Dr. Moon married, May 17, 1888, Lulo A. Perrott, whose ancestral history follows this sketch. They had children: Merl P., born March 4, 1891, now a student at Geneva College; Alta Sterling, born June 1, 1894, died July 12, 1894.

(The Perrott Line.)

(I) Richard Perrott was born in Ireland and came to America at the age of twelve years. He made his home in Philadelphia and there learned the trade of weaving. Soon afterward he removed to Beaver county, settling at Elder's Mills, where he continued his trade and amassed a considerable fortune. He was the owner of his own home and was considered a leader in the community. His death occurred while he was with his daughter, Mrs. Thomas F. Elder. Mr. Perrott married prior to coming to Beaver county, Jemima Pierce, of Philadelphia, a member of the Baptist church at Acetown, Ohio, who died at the home near Elder's Mills. They had children: Sarah, married a Mr. Hartman; Mary Ann, married Thomas F. Elder, died in Beaver county; Samuel, died at the age of four years; Richard, a retired farmer, lives on the old Elder homestead in Beaver county; Thomas R., of further mention.

(II) Thomas R. Perrott, son of Richard and Jemima (Pierce) Perrott, was born at Chartiers, Pennsylvania, and grew to the age of seventeen years in Beaver county. He learned the millwright's trade, then traveled many years in the West, especially in Iowa, putting up mills in various places. He was a mechanic of remarkable ability and his services were in great demand. When the Beaver Falls Cutlery Plant was put up by the Economites, Mr. Perrott was given charge of the erection, and put in place every wheel. He made patterns for all the leading works in the valley. He was advanced in years when he retired from this life of activity, and made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Moon, until one year prior to his death, when he returned to his earlier home at No. 824 Second avenue. There he died, August 4, 1911, at the age of eighty-two years. He was a staunch Republican, and a member of the American Order of United Workmen. He was essentially a man of domestic tastes, and a most devoted and loving husband and father. Mr. Perrott married Mary A., born in Beaver county, died July 17, 1883, daughter of Jesse and Eliza (Moore) Martin, who were among the early prominent citizens of Beaver county. Mr. Perrott never remarried, and his daughter, Lulo A., kept house for her father after the

death of her mother until she married Dr. Moon. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Perrott were: Lulo A., who was graduated from the Beaver Falls High School, married Dr. Addison S. Moon (see Moon II); Sally, died in infancy; Charles M., a furnace dealer, lives in Beaver Falls; Thomas E., a mechanic, unmarried; Hal St. Claire, chief clerk for the Martsoff Furniture Company, lives in Beaver Falls; Nellie and Georgia, died in infancy; M. Edna, a bookkeeper and stenographer, unmarried, lives with Mrs. Moon.

Louis Woolslayer, the founder of the family in this WOOLSLAYER country, was born in Alsace-Lorraine, November 30, 1837, died in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 29, 1894. He was but a few years old when deprived by death of both of his parents, and at seven years of age he was brought to America by his elder brother, Joseph, who has now for many years been living at Stevens' Point, Wisconsin. Louis Woolslayer grew up in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he became an axe polisher. After his marriage he removed to the neighborhood of Marietta, Ohio, where he bought a farm and lived until 1876. In that year his wife died, one month later his barn was destroyed by fire, and a few weeks later his crops were rendered a total loss by a heavy flood. After this series of disasters he returned to Pittsburgh, where he resumed his trade of axe polishing, and continued it until 1889, when he removed to Beaver Falls. There he continued axe polishing for the American Axe Company until his death. He was a prosperous man and owned a quantity of valuable property in Pittsburgh and in Beaver Falls. Politically he was a Democrat, and he and his wife were consistent workers in behalf of the Catholic Church. Mr. Woolslayer married, November 23, 1858, Letta Kirstians, who was born in Pittsburgh, May 15, 1838, died at Marietta, Ohio, June 15, 1876. They had children: Anna Margaretha, born October 2, 1859, married Arthur Ford, and lives in Meherrin, Virginia; John Peter, born September 6, 1861, a polisher by trade, and lives in Beaver Falls; Ignatz, born June 15, 1863, a stationary engineer, and lives in Pittsburgh; Helena, born July 25, 1865, married John McDermott, lives in Braddock, Pennsylvania; John, born September 6, 1867, a hotel proprietor in the Allegheny Mountains; Louis, born June 17, died July 10, 1870; Frederick Joseph, born April 18, 1871, a machinist, lives in Beaver Falls; George, of further mention; Johanna, born June 3, died July 13, 1876.

(II) George Woolslayer, sixth son and eighth child of Louis and Letta (Kirstians) Woolslayer, was born in Marietta, Ohio, July 22, 1873. He was sent to the Holy Trinity Parochial School in Pittsburgh, and there acquired a substantial and practical education. Upon its completion he was apprenticed to learn the barber's trade, a calling he followed with success for a period of fourteen years. He then commenced working in an axe factory and had been there just one year when the Spanish-American War

broke out, and Mr. Woolslayer at once volunteered his services. He enlisted, April 27, 1898, in Company B, Tenth Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania, and was mustered into the United States service, at Mount Gretna, Pennsylvania, May 15, of that year. He went to Manila, returning in August, 1899, and was mustered out on the 22nd of that month. He participated in the entire Philippine campaign, including the battle of Malate, July 31, 1898, and the advance on and capture of Manila, August 13, 1898. He was also in service, on the firing line, during the Philippine Insurrection, from February 4 until June 30. Having contracted malaria, he was sent to the hospital, and was obliged to stay there until two weeks prior to his return to this country. After his return he worked in the service of the street railway company for four years in Pittsburgh, then removed to Beaver Falls, where he opened a restaurant at No. 1606 Seventh avenue, which he has conducted very successfully since that time. He has always given his political allegiance to the Republican party, and was active in local political affairs until he entered the civil service. Prior to that time he had served three terms as a county committeeman, and seven terms as a member of the election board. On August 26, 1910, he was appointed a substitute rural free delivery carrier, and was appointed a regular carrier, January 1, 1912, and since then has devoted the greater part of his time to this responsible position, also attending to the management of his restaurant. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus and of the Knights of St. George. He is also a member of the Holy Name Society and the Sacred Heart Society, and he and his wife are very active in the interests of the Catholic Church, of which they are devout members.

Mr. Woolslayer married, January 16, 1900, Elizabeth Renger, born in Bloomfield, Pittsburgh, daughter of Bernard and Elizabeth (Weady) Renger. Mr. and Mrs. Renger were married in their native land, Germany, came to the United States in 1866 and located in Pittsburgh, remaining there until 1891, when they removed to Beaver Falls, and have since been residents of that town. Recently they celebrated their golden wedding, which was an occasion of note. A Saturday solemn high mass was celebrated at St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, after which an elaborate wedding breakfast was served at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Woolslayer, and later in the day an equally elaborate dinner was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Renger. Eighteen of their descendants were present at the festivities, among them being their three children: Mrs. Woolslayer; Bernard Renger, of Sharpsburg; Henry Renger, of Beaver Falls. Mr. and Mrs. Woolslayer have had children: Marcella Elizabeth, born November 12, 1900; Raymond Bernard, October 26, 1902; Frances Catherine, September 16, 1904; Joseph, died at the age of one year and eleven months; Clara Anna, died at the age of six months; George, was one day old at the time of his death.

The name of Dillan is but another form of Dillon, and both DILLAN are frequently to be met with in this country. It is said that all bearing either of these names are descendants of Lochan or Logan Delune, or Delion, a descendant of one of the monarchs of Ireland. According to the Breton annals and records, the barons and seigneurs of Brittany rose in arms against Henry II. when he virtually annexed their country. The De Leons were the principal leaders in the revolt, were overpowered, and were compelled to give hostages for their future good behavior. These hostages were sent to Ireland, according to family traditions, and one of them became the progenitor of all who bear the name at the present day. It is a name of great note in the counties of Meath, Westmeath, Longford, Roscommon, Mayo and other parts of Ireland, where, and in many foreign countries, some representatives have flourished in the highest departments of the church and state. Just when this particular branch of the Dillan family came to America is not of record, but they have been resident in the state of Pennsylvania for a number of generations.

(I) James Dillan was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, died in 1864 or 1865, at the age of about eighty-five years. He settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, after his marriage, and there purchased a farm of one hundred and sixteen acres in Big Beaver township, this now being owned by a great-grandson, Albert Thompson. The land was a wilderness at the time of purchase, more than a century ago, and Mr. Dillan, with the assistance of his sons cleared a large portion of it and converted it into good farming land. He built a substantial log house on the run, which he replaced in 1818 with a good frame residence. There both he and his wife died. They were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was a staunch Whig until the organization of the Republican party, when he joined the ranks of that body. Mr. Dillan married Catherine Naugle and had children: John; Price, a farmer, died in Illinois; Reed, who was in active service during the Civil War, died from the effects of the exposure during that period after he returned to his home; James, of further mention; Cynthia, married Jonathan Lawrence and died in the West; Melinda, married, and also died in the West; Catherine, married and removed to Iowa, where she died.

(II) James (2) Dillan, son of James (1) and Catherine (Naugle) Dillan, was born in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1818, died about 1899. He very naturally became a farmer, and in the course of time bought the rights of the other heirs to the homestead property and lived there until his end. He always supported the Republican party, and served as supervisor and as school director. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Barbara Ann Smith, born in Big Beaver township in 1825, died on the homestead in 1891. She was a daughter of Joseph Smith, of Pennsylvania-Dutch or German descent, who came to Beaver county when young and settled there

after his marriage at Homewood, there following the blacksmith's trade. He became the owner of about four hundred acres of land, and died there aged about seventy-two years. He was a Republican, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Margaret Showalter, who died at about the age of eighty years, and they had children: John, employed on the railroad, died in New Castle, Pennsylvania; Barbara A., married James Dillan, as mentioned above; Kate, married William Foster, and died at Homewood, Pennsylvania; Margaret, married John J. Freed, and died at Homewood; Jane, married C. C. Wallace, and died at Moravia; William, killed in the battle of the Wilderness. Mr. and Mrs. Dillan had children: Catherine Belinda, married Wiley Thompson, and died in Morado, Pennsylvania; Francis, died in Iowa; Mary, died in infancy; Joseph, a farmer, died in Beaver Falls; Price C., a conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad, lives in Beaver Falls; James Monroe, of further mention; an unnamed infant; Margaret, died unmarried at the age of forty-two; Beulah, married Charles Hoskison, and lives in Columbiana, Ohio; Elizabeth, married Henry Sechrist, and lives at College Hill, Beaver Falls; Sarah, married William J. McClure, and lives in Beaver Falls; William Fletcher, died at the age of nineteen years; John W., was a brakeman, and was killed on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad.

(III) James Monroe Dillan, son of James (2) and Barbara Ann (Smith) Dillan, was born in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1855. He attended the public schools of his section, being obliged to walk three miles every day in order to acquire his education, and was raised on the farm. Upon the completion of his education he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, then settled at Beaver Falls, and for twenty-two years was engaged in the general contracting business. He built the Catholic Church at Hoytdale, and many private residences, especially in the neighborhood where his early years had been spent. His own home, which is a fine specimen of his work, was erected in 1906, is built of buff brick, and is at No. 4609 Fourth avenue, College Hill borough. In that year he abandoned contract work, entering the employ of the Union Drawn Steel Works, and is now with the Standard Scale and Supply Company. In addition to this he does millwright work, and in association with William Lynch set in place all the machinery for the Fourth Street Plant of the Union Drawn Steel Works. After the death of his father he bought the homestead, lived on it ten months, conducting a dairy during this time, and after keeping this land three years he sold it. Formerly he was a Republican in politics, but is now an Independent. He has served two terms as councilman for College Hill borough, but not successive terms. His religious affiliation is with the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which his wife is also a member.

Mr. Dillan married, January 1, 1879, Mary E. Thompson, born in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Anthony and Eliza (Barnes) Thompson, both now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Dillan



Adam Korman

have had children: 1. Frank, who was killed while walking on the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad, February 6, 1907; he married Martha Saldyard, and had children: Helen; Harry, deceased; Ruth; Frank. 2. Clara, married Thomas Edward, a riveter, and lives with her parents; they have no children.

In all probability the earlier generations of this German KORNMAN family added another terminal "n," but the American members of the family have adopted as the standard spelling Kornman, omitting the final "n" of the original name.

(I) Frederick Kornman, father of Adam Kornman, came to the United States from Germany, his birthplace, when he was sixteen years old, and settled in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He here established a blacksmith shop and followed the trade he had learned under the teaching of his father, a mechanic of skill and thorough training, taught in the old German method, which familiarized an artisan with every detail of his craft. After a few years residence in this town he moved to the neighboring city, Pittsburgh, and continued in the pursuit of his occupation. In 1867 he returned to Beaver county and purchased a farm in New Sewickley township, on which he still lives. Although unaccustomed to agricultural pursuits he nevertheless speedily adapted himself to his new surroundings and met with decided success in his farming operations. He was well trained for the exhausting labor in the fields by his work at the forge and obtained excellent results from his untiring toil, which he directed intelligently, soon learning the numerous primary lessons of farming, and in due time those more advanced.

He married Barbara Chestler, a native of Germany, who died May 22, 1913. Children of Frederick and Barbara Kornman: Mary Ann, Jeanette, Frederick, Adam, of whom further; Catherine, died in October, 1912; George, Charles, Margaret, John.

(II) Adam Kornman, son of Frederick and Barbara (Chestler) Kornman, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, November 3, 1864. He attended and obtained his education in the common schools of Beaver county, whither his parents had moved when he was three years of age, and when a young man followed farming in that same locality. From 1903 to 1905, inclusive, he conducted a feed store in Rochester and for the three following years he managed the Rochester Brewery. In 1907 he erected the Hotel Woodlawn and for the three years following was proprietor of the same, then he entered the oil business, in which he still continues. On August 21, 1913, he opened the Majestic Theatre, and became its general manager, continuing until February 9, 1914, when he sold his interest. Besides his connections with the oil producing industry, Mr. Kornman is a large holder of real estate in the county, and has conducted extensive dealings in this business. Active, alert and progressive, he has seized every opportunity for advancement and has gained by his own

efforts a prominent place in the affairs of the region in which he lives. He is a communicant of the German Lutheran faith and affiliates with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and Fraternal Order of Eagles. His political sympathies are Republican and when he was but twenty-one years of age he held the office of school director in New Sewickley township.

Mr. Kornman married, March 1, 1893, Elizabeth E. Lotz, of Unionville, Pennsylvania, who died October 16, 1911. Children of Adam and Elizabeth E. (Lotz) Kornman: Andrew F.; Alma, deceased; Albert N.; Paul T.

This family, says Burke, came to Ireland, A. D. 1170, with WALSH Strongbow, and settled in county Kilkenny, where they acquired large possessions, now known as the Walsh mountains in the barony of Iverk, in the said county. These possessions were confiscated during the Cromwellian period and in the reign of William III., after which members of the elder branch migrated to France and Austria, taking military service in those countries. In France the title of "Count Serrant," still extant, was conferred upon the representative of the elder branch. The first of the family who came to Ireland with Robert Fitz Stephen, at Strongbow's invasion, was Philip Walsh, who was called by the Irish Brannagh (or the "Welshman") who in 1174 distinguished himself in a naval engagement against the Danes, at Cork, by boarding the ship of their commander and slaying his son. The son of that Philip, by Eleanor, his wife, daughter of Sir Maurice De Durgh, was Hayle Walsh, who built the castle in the Walsh mountains named after him "Castle Hayle" or Castlehoel. His wife was Catherine, daughter of Raymond Le Gros, one of Strongbow's companions, and the ancestor of those of the name Grace. From Hayle Walsh descend all the families of that name found in nearly all parts of Ireland, and it is of a line descendant from him that the Walshes of this record are members.

(1) Thomas Walsh was born in Ireland and in that country grew to manhood, learning the tailor's trade, and after his marriage in his native land at a very early age, came to the United States, settling at West Lebanon, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, and there continued in the pursuit of his business until his death, which occurred when he was a young man, not yet in the prime of life. His wife, Mary (McCloskey) Walsh, born in Ireland, never married after his death, although she lived to more than eighty years, ever remaining constant to the memory of his loving provision and his many virtues, with which no one was more familiar than she. Children of Thomas and Mary (McCloskey) Walsh: 1. Kate, born in Ireland; married John Anderson, and came to the United States, where she died at her home in Colorado. 2. Daniel, died in young manhood, unmarried. 3. Lillian, married a Mr. Calhoun, deceased; lives in Indiana county, Pennsylvania. 4. Margaret, married the Rev. Lane; died in Indiana county, Pennsylvania. 5. Edward, was an agent for a firm manufacturing

sewing machines; died in McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 6. James Thomas, of whom further. 7. Mary, married Lawrence Shuster; lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. 8. Charles, a retired employee of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad; lives in Pittsburgh, the recipient of a pension from that road.

(II) James Thomas Walsh, son of Thomas and Mary (McCloskey) Walsh, was born in West Lebanon, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, November 30, 1841. His education was obtained in the public schools of the town of his birth and of Salzburg, Pennsylvania, and soon after leaving school he enlisted, August 29, 1862, in Company D, One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, serving as a corporal in that organization until May 24, 1863. After returning home from the front he entered the oil business in Venango county, becoming foreman in the employ of a large company operating in those fields, and was there employed until his marriage, which took place five years later. From that time until 1889 he worked at the shoemaker's trade, an occupation in which he had trained himself when not otherwise engaged, making his place of business in Rouseville, Venango county, Pennsylvania, and in other places in that state and New York. In the latter year he came to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, opening a grocery store, of which he was proprietor for one year, retiring from that business to the William Robertson farm in Dougherty township, which for twelve years he made his home. While residing there he began the manufacture of ice cream, which almost immediately attained such wide favor that he decided to give it his entire attention and to devote all his efforts to the building up of a large and lucrative business in that line. In consequence of this decision he moved to Beaver Falls in April of 1902, and began the manufacture of ice-cream upon a much larger scale than anything that he had previously attempted. Like most articles that make an appeal to the physical taste or give enjoyment and pleasure to the epicure, his product found a ready market for trial, and because of its purity and delicious sweetness of flavor became a standard brand. In 1904 he purchased the building at 1426 Fourth avenue, which he had previously rented, and there continued in the ice-cream business until his death, which occurred on August 15, 1910. The success of his business was due to Mr. Walsh alone, his perceptive mind grasping the field for such an undertaking as his, and his able executive ability carrying it forward to a brilliant conclusion, attended by a large measure of material prosperity. He was a Democrat in political action and was for four years justice of the peace of Knapp's Creek, New York, whither his business had taken him. His religious allegiance was with the Presbyterian Church, and he affiliated with the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Mr. Walsh married, January 1, 1868, Susan Mest, born in Wyoming county, New York, June 24, 1847, daughter of John and Anna (Kohler) Mest. Both her mother and father were natives of Germany, where they

were married, coming to the United States soon after and settling in Sheldon, New York. Here he was a farmer and became the owner of many acres of land, both dying in Sheldon, she in April, 1865, he about ten years later. Both were faithful adherents to the German Lutheran Church. Children of John and Anna (Kohler) Mest: 1. John, a meat-packer of Sheldon, New York, where he resides. 2. Susan, of previous mention, married James Thomas Walsh. 3. Christina, married James Retallack; lives in Lockport, New York. 4. Margaret, married John Measle; lives in Detroit, Michigan. 5. Barbara, married John Craven; lives near East Aurora, New York. 6. Matthias, a stock dealer, lives in Morganville, New York. 7. Mary, married (first) John Greening, (second) Henry Roth; lives in Buffalo, New York. 8. Annie, married Thomas Boatfield. 9. Rosa, married Henry Stein, deceased; lives in Merrill, New York. 10. George, a carpenter of Morganville, New York. 11. A child who died unnamed. Children of James Thomas and Susan (Mest) Walsh: 1. Charles S., lives in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he conducts the ice-cream business founded by his father; he married Marjorie Melzena Bordeaux and is the father of four children, Eva Marguerite, a school teacher, Bertha, James Edward, Grace. 2. Nora, married E. S. Frishkorn, a manufacturer of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. 3. Harry, lives with his mother. 4. Bessie, married J. H. Nicholson, an electrician of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where they reside; they are the parents of one daughter, Helen. 5. Bertha, married Charles Kraft, a barber of Beaver Falls, and there lives; they have one son, James Walsh. 6. Mary, a teacher in the public schools of Woodlawn, Pennsylvania.

Among that band of Scotch-Irish Presbyterians who formed KERR the "Irish Settlement" at the Forks of the Delaware, now Northampton county, Pennsylvania, was James Kerr, who died prior to 1748. He had issue, Joseph, William, Mary, James, Nathaniel, of whom further.

(II) Nathaniel Kerr, son of James Kerr, was born in (now) Northampton county, Pennsylvania, 1745. He settled in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, where he resided until about 1811, then moved to the state of Ohio. Although then quite aged he joined the American army in the second war against Great Britain, but died of camp fever in a few months after enlistment. He married Mary Gallagher and had issue: Thomas G., of whom further; Mary A., married Thomas Crooks; Nathaniel P.

(III) Thomas G. Kerr, son of Nathaniel and Mary (Gallagher) Kerr, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, March 5, 1808. When a child he was taken to Ohio by his parents, but after the death of his father, about 1813, the family returned to Armstrong county, residing near Apollo. Thomas G. worked on the farm of his maternal grandfather and attended school three or four months in each year until he attained youthful manhood. His mother then moved to Washington county, Pennsylv-

vania, where he accompanied her. He there apprenticed himself to the blacksmith's trade, finished his full term of service, became a capable journeyman, and early in his career settled in Beaver county, where he worked at his trade and married. He was employed as a smith by the boat building firm of Phillips & Betz at Phillipsburg, (now Monaca) but the purchase of the land upon which their yards were located by Bernard Muller (Count Maximilian de Leon) and the seceding members of the Harmony Society compelled them to seek a new location. Freedom with its deeper water and other advantages was decided upon as their new location. Phillips & Betz purchased one hundred and one acres from General Abner Lacock for the purpose of building a town and new boat yards. The firm, however, was soon changed to Phillips & Graham and the new enterprise was pushed to completion in 1832. Among the first to come to Freedom, then "Shantytown," in that year was Thomas G. Kerr and his family, he continuing with the new firm, Phillips & Graham, as blacksmith. When lots were sold in the new town, two were reserved on Main and Independence streets for the blacksmiths, Thomas G. Kerr and Samuel S. Coulter. They cast lots for choice, the corner lot falling to Mr. Kerr. He continued with Phillips & Graham, then with their successors, Abel Coffin & Son, then with the Boat Building Society, their successor. The only business in Freedom then was steam and river boat building, Mr. Kerr being the principal iron worker. The Boat Building Society was succeeded by the firm of Charles Graham & Company, consisting of Charles Graham, Robert McCaskey and Thomas G. Kerr, the latter being secretary and treasurer. In about five years Mr. Graham withdrew, the business, being continued by the two other partners as McCaskey & Kerr. They continued successfully for thirty-eight years until the death of Robert McCaskey, when by agreement the business was continued under the same firm name, rounding out a full forty years. During this time they built steamboats and other river craft of all sizes and descriptions. One of the largest steamboats built above the Falls of Louisville was constructed in their yard; another was the fastest ever built on the Ohio; and another was one whose cabin furnishings and fine wood work excelled all others of her day. Mr. Kerr was a thoroughly reliable business man, with good executive ability joined to his mechanical skill. He was a pillar of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Freedom, which he helped to organize, and as justice of the peace held ten successive commissions, covering a period of more than half a century. He was second to hold the office in Freedom and lived to almost complete his last term, perhaps the longest term served by any man in Beaver county. His useful service in the church covered an equally long period of time. He died April 19, 1886, aged seventy-nine years, honored and respected by all who knew him. During his younger years he was captain of militia, but he was not a man of war, but a kindly-hearted man, a builder and not a destroyer.

He married Grizzly H. McCurdy, who died October 8, 1885, daughter

of William McCurdy, a pioneer farmer of Brighton township. Mrs. Kerr was a true helpmeet and a woman worthy of all eulogies so freely bestowed upon her. The three survivors of their children are: William W., of whom further; Rev. Nathaniel P., an eminent minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church; Mary, married George McCaskey.

(IV) William W. Kerr, eldest son of Thomas G. and Grizzy H. (McCurdy) Kerr, was born in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1833, now a resident of Beaver Falls, a most wonderfully well preserved man of eighty-one years. He was educated in the public schools of Freedom and naturally became interested in the business his father so long conducted, boat building. He did not adopt his particular trade, however, but became a woodworker, serving an apprenticeship to a ship carpenter and following that trade from 1849 until 1877. In that year he retired to engage in commercial life as bookkeeper, later as merchant until his retirement. He continued his residence in Freedom until 1886, then moved to Beaver Falls, his present home. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Masonic Order, acting politically with the Republican party.

He married, in 1856, Nancy J. Devenney, daughter of Thomas and Abigail Devenney, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children: Thomas C., postmaster at Freedom in 1880, an office filled by his father in 1858; Olive S., now residing in Beaver Falls with her father and brother; Myra E., married John W. Langley, and resides in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania (Brookline). Five other children of William W. Kerr are deceased, namely: Carrie Josephine, Cora Belle, John Franklin, Edwin Stanton, Mary Maud.

James Fleming, a native of county Down, Ireland, came to the United States about the year 1850, and upon his arrival in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, located on Seventh avenue, just where the Pan Handle Railroad is now depressed. He was a grocer and general trader, making trips to the south and west, buying and shipping goods to Philadelphia. He was associated with two others in this line of business. While he was in the south during the Civil War, he was compelled to enter the Confederate service, and he was never heard from again. He had married in Ireland, Rebecca Walker, also a native of county Down, and they had children: Nancy Jane, who was blown into the air and instantly killed when the arsenal at Pittsburgh was destroyed; Mary, died young; Robert Douglas, see forward; James.

(II) Robert Douglas Fleming, son of James and Rebecca (Walker) Fleming, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, May 27, 1857. He was educated in the public schools of the sixth ward of that city. Upon the completion of his education he was apprenticed to learn the trade of tinning, in which he became very proficient, following it in Freedom and in Rochester, altogether for a period of thirty-five years. In 1910 he engaged in

the wholesale liquor trade, and for the greater part of his business life has also been identified with oil interests. For several years he was interested in some of the fine producing wells in this section of the State, and in 1913 helped drill eight wells. He owns an interest in a fruit farm. Mr. Fleming is Independent in his political opinions, yet he is held in such high esteem by all classes of citizens that he has been elected to public office by both Republicans and Democrats. He has served as a member of the Rochester council for eleven years, was re-elected, but declined to serve, and during this period he acted as president of council. He is a member of the Order of Owls and Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Mr. Fleming married, August 3, 1881, Elmira Engle, of Industry township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. They have children: David Engle, James Carlyle, M. D., Merle, Richard Overton, Rilla Rea, Robert D. Jr., Esther Wilson, Elmira, Charles T.

The name of Young in various forms of spelling is to be met
YOUNG with frequently in this country and different parts of Europe.

Bestowed originally on its bearer to distinguish him from someone older, but bearing the same Christian name, it finally became a fixture without reference to its original signification. As a general thing, the bearers of this name have been industrious, energetic, honest and upright men, and have had the respect and confidence of their neighbors.

(I) Anders Johnson, father of John Peter Young, who took that surname, a custom prevalent in Sweden when they enter the military service, was born in Sweden, where his entire life was spent, his death occurring in August, 1913, at the age of ninety-four and a half years. He was a farmer and land owner, and he and his wife were members of the Lutheran Church. He married Eingard Nelson, who died about the year 1900, at the age of seventy-five years. Of their thirteen children, several died in infancy, and altogether six died before reaching the age of eight years. The others are: John Peter, of further mention; Lars John, Alfred, Carl August, Gustava, Ida.

(II) John Peter Young, son of Anders and Eingard (Nelson) Johnson, was born in Western Jutland, Sweden, March 9, 1841. He acquired his education in the public schools of his native country, and was then apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade which he followed successfully for a number of years. In April, 1871, he emigrated to America, arriving at New Jersey, where he was employed on the railroad for one year and then worked for a time in the railroad shops. In the spring of 1876 he removed to the city of New York, where he continued at the carpenter's trade until 1882, at which time he removed to Nebraska, and for a period of five years lived on land he had taken up there. He then rented this farm and worked at his trade until 1894, when he came to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there settled at College Hill. For a time he continued to follow his trade, but has now been living retired for some

years. He is a Prohibitionist in political matters, and once served as street commissioner. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and while living in Sweden he was a member of the militia. Mr. Young married (first) in Sweden, in 1867, Gustava Benson, born in Sweden, died in Nebraska, in 1892. He married (second) in 1894, Elazan White, whose ancestral history follows. Children, who were all by first marriage: Seven, who died young, the oldest of these being twenty-three and a half years old at the time of death; Matena, now the widow of Charles Peterson, who has four daughters and one son, all living in Nebraska.

(The White Line.)

(I) John White, grandfather of Mrs. Elazan (White) Young, was born in county Antrim, Ireland, and emigrated to America in 1791, at which time he was in early manhood. He was one of the earliest settlers in Beaver county, his first location being on the present site of Patterson Heights, and he later removed to where Morado is now located. In the course of time he was the owner of about four hundred and fifty acres of land on which the bridge works and the town of Morado now stand. His land extended to Wallace Run on the north, to the town of Oakville on the west, and east to Beaver river. Much of this land is still in the possession of various members of the White family. He was a man of wide reading and learning and exerted a marked influence in the community. When he came to Beaver county it was a wilderness, and he came across the mountains with a team and wagon. He was able to take his team to his abiding place, but was obliged to leave his wagon, as there were no roads of any kind, and the horse tracks were impassable for wagons. Mr. White married Elizabeth Kelso, who was a native of Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Thomas White, son of John and Elizabeth (Kelso) White, was born on the homestead farm in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1810, died April 26, 1887. He was called upon to encounter all the hardships of the pioneer days, and assisted his father bravely to clear the land and then cultivate it. He inherited eighty-two acres of bottom land, close to the Beaver river, and on that he put up substantial buildings, among them being a stone house erected about 1853 and still standing. It is now occupied by his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Young. Mr. White was a staunch Republican, and an active worker in all matters concerning the public welfare. He served in a number of local public offices, among them being that of school director, and it was in his honor that White township was so named. Mr. White married Elizabeth Bannon, born at Bridgewater in 1814, died in the stone house mentioned above, March 3, 1887, daughter of Jeremiah Bannon, the first foundryman of the Beaver Valley. They became the parents of ten children, of whom five died before reaching the age of twelve years, the others being: Chamberlain, born in 1834, died in 1887, went to California in 1858 and acquired great wealth, later was in the army for a while, then was elected sheriff and later chief of police of Beaver Falls, an office he held until his death; Jeremiah, a farmer, died in Beaver

county; Elazan, married Mr. Young, aforementioned, and lives on the old homestead; Margaret, widow of T. A. Smith, and lives in Beaver Falls; Thomas, a contractor, lives in Vandergrift, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

The Camp family of Beaver county is one which has made its mark in many directions, greatly to the benefit of the section in which it has lived as well as to the country at large. They have been active in the commercial and industrial lines, and when the country was in need of defenders this family furnished its full quota.

(I) Michael Camp was born in Hanover, Germany, 1804, where the earlier years of his life were spent, and he died in May, 1879, in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was a man of six feet three inches in height, and while still in Germany was a member of the bodyguard of the King. He was a shoemaker by trade, and when he came to the United States he landed in Philadelphia, later removed to Butler county, Pennsylvania, and at the end of a few years migrated to Beaver county, where the remainder of his life was spent. During the last few years he had lived with his son Michael. He affiliated with the Democratic party, and was a member of the Lutheran Church. He married, about 1823, Barbara Schlesman, and had children: Michael, see forward; Catherine, married Dr. Frick, both now deceased; Mary, born at sea, married John F. Miller, both deceased; Martin, who was a soldier during the Civil War, lives in Chicago, Illinois; Christopher, a soldier in the Civil War, died at Beaver Falls; Henry, a shoemaker and merchant, lives at Glasgow, Pennsylvania; Margaret, widow of Benjamin Dawson, lives in Rochester; John, was killed while in discharge of his duties in the Civil War; Barbara, married James Robinson, and lives in Pasadena, California.

(II) Michael (2) Camp, eldest child of Michael (1) and Barbara Camp, and the only child born to them in Germany, was born in 1828, and at the time of his death was one of the best known men in Beaver county. In his youth he had learned the trade of moulding brick and he followed this occupation for a considerable time. Later he became a hotel keeper, and for many years was the owner and manager of the Pavilial Hotel in Rochester. He was one of the oldest business men in the county at the time of his death, and for four or five years had been the general agent of the Rochester Fire Insurance Company. He sold out about ten years prior to his death to Christian Clark, who changed the name to St. James Hotel, under which it is run at the present time. He was a member of the Democratic party, and served his borough as a councilman several times. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran Church. Mr. Camp married Margaret Wise, born in Switzerland, came to this country as a very young girl. They were married in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. There was but one child of this marriage, but Mrs. Camp had several children by a previous marriage.

(III) Henry Michael Camp, only child of Michael (2) and Margaret (Wise) Camp, was born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 12, 1853. He received a good education in the public schools of his section, and his earlier years were spent in the hotel conducted by his father. At the age of sixteen years he was apprenticed to learn the machinists' trade, and pursued this occupation for a period of five years. He then returned to his home in order to assist his father in the conduct of the hotel, and was thus employed until the sale of the hotel. Since that time he has been importantly identified with a number of enterprises of varied character. He was one of the organizers of the Rochester Heat and Light Company, was elected as its first superintendent, and continued in this office until the company was merged into the Manufacturers' Light and Heat Company. During this period he was one of the organizers of the People's Electric Street Railway Company, now a part of the Pittsburgh Railways Company of the Beaver Valley, and was for a considerable period of time its managing superintendent. He was also one of the organizers of the Ohio River Bridge Company which erected the bridge which spans the river at this point at the present time and is now owned by the county, and was a director and vice-president of the company. He succeeded his father as a director of the Big Beaver Bridge Company until this was acquired by the county. He was one of the organizers of the Rochester Flint Vial and Bottle Works, which later changed its name to the Point Bottle Works, and is now defunct. He assisted in the organization of the Keystone Tumbler Company, which was later merged into the National Glass Company. He was one of the organizers of the Olive Stove Works, but no longer holds official position with this corporation. He is one of the directors of the People's National Bank of Rochester, also one of the organizers and stockholders of the Freedom Trust Company, now known as the St. Clair National Bank, and is one of the five men who organized the Steubenville Bridge Company, of Steubenville, Ohio, and is treasurer and manager of this company at the present time; was one of the organizers of the Beaver County Telephone Company, and for three years was its general manager, and it now has the reputation of being one of the very best in the entire country; it has automatic 'phones and underground construction. Mr. Camp was an active factor in extending its connection in every direction. Its country lines are constructed according to an improved system for farmers known as "The Selective System" or Individual Ringing. Mr. Camp is also a stockholder of the Rochester Trust Company and one of its organizers, and is the owner of a large quantity of real estate in Rochester and Rochester township. He has always been a staunch Democrat, and while he has never cared to hold public office he has been a member of the borough council in the past. His religious affiliations are with the Lutheran Church, and he was for a period of twelve years a member of the church council, during which administration he was a member of Thiel College, Greenville, Pennsylvania, and served six years. He served as



Wm. H. Camp



Ellie E. Camp

treasurer of the church eight years, during this period being a member of the building committee when the present beautiful church edifice was built, considered the most beautiful edifice in Rochester. He is a member of Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a past master, and he is also a member of the Royal Arcanum and has been its representative to grand council since its organization in Rochester, 1879.

Mr. Camp married, May 15, 1879, Tillie E. Schneider, born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Lewis and Mary (Mengle) Schneider, both natives of Germany, the former from Coblents, coming to America at the age of fourteen years, while his wife was still younger when she came from Rosendaull, Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Camp have had children: 1. Charles, who lives in Rochester, is switchboard manager for the Beaver County Telephone Company; married Edna Gordon, and has children: Henry, Gordon, Glenn. 2. Merle Etta, died at the age of four and a half years. 3. Emma Marie, died in infancy.

The members of the Hall family were among the pioneer settlers of the state of Pennsylvania, and their representatives are to be found in all parts of the United States at the present time.

(I) William Hall came to Beaver county when he was obliged to make the journey by wagon and the entire country was still a wilderness. Deer and all sorts of game were plentiful. He cleared the land on which he settled and used it for farming purposes. He married Betty Hawthorne.

(II) Samuel Hall, son of William and Betty (Hawthorne) Hall, was born at Semples, Pennsylvania, and also followed the occupation of farming. He married Sarah Bolan, and had ten children. Mrs. Hall was the daughter of William and Margaret (Swagor) Bolan, who were also among the early settlers of the county. They cleared much land near Woodlawn, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and made their home in that section. This was about one hundred years ago.

(III) Ebenezer Hall, son of Samuel and Sarah (Bolan) Hall, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1859. He received a somewhat limited education in the public schools of his district, and from his earliest boyhood was engaged in making his own way. He now is the owner of about fifty acres of land near Woodlawn, which he has cleared and uses it for general produce and for a fruit farm. He has also acquired other farms and has prospered exceptionally well. He takes a deep interest in whatever is of note in daily occurrences, and is a staunch supporter of the Democratic party. He and his wife are members and regular attendants at the United Presbyterian Church. Mr. Hall married, about 1878, Elizabeth Powell, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: 1. Ada, married William J. Smith, a farmer; children: Mina, Elizabeth, Amanda, Birdie, John B., Ruth M.; they reside in Hopewell township. 2. Alice, married David Hinman, of Hopewell township; children: Anna B., Mary E., Philip, Barney, Clarence, Alice. 3. David. 4. Ebenezer. 5. Lottie

E., married Ross Maratta; children: Ethe. M., Ruth M. 6. Philip, married May Davidson; child, Melvin G. 7. Tiny. 8. Myrtle. 9. Rose. Mrs. Hall is the daughter of Daniel Powell, and granddaughter of Jacob Powell. Jacob Powell married — Emerich, who was born in Sewickley township, and was of German descent. The Powell family was always connected with the United Brethren Church, while the Emerichs affiliated with the German Church. Daniel Powell married Elizabeth, daughter of John and Susan (Coppersmith) Lighthill, of Philadelphia. They were married at Brush Creek and then made their home in Beaver county. The Lighthills owned a farm of forty acres, and two of their sons served in the Civil War, one of them being killed. One of the grandmothers of Elizabeth (Powell) Hall was Betty Baker, who lived near Philadelphia and later settled at Brush Creek.

David McCallister, who was born in Ireland, came to this country with his wife in the year 1792. He took up a tract of land of approximately six hundred acres, a part of which is still in the possession of his descendants. He cleared this land and erected thereon a comfortable log house, in which he lived until his death at a ripe old age. He was buried in the Service Church graveyard, in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Family tradition has it that he was in active service in the Continental army during the Revolution. He married, in Ireland, Ellen — and had children: Cornelius, see forward; William, David, James, John, Mary, Ellen, Martha.

(II) Cornelius McCallister, eldest child of David and Ellen McCallister, was born on the ocean while his parents were on their way to America. He was also a farmer, taking a share of the land which had been granted to his father, and improving this in every possible manner. Later he went to Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, locating this side of Sharon Church, and there his death occurred. He married Anna, daughter of John Vandervert, and they had children: Sarah, who died in childhood; David, deceased; Eliza, deceased; Mary, living in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; John, see forward; Eleanor, deceased; Martha Coraopolis; Sarah, deceased.

(III) John McCallister, son of Cornelius and Anna (Vandervert) McCallister, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. There he obtained distinction in the public schools which he attended, and after he had engaged in farming, he took charge of the younger members of the family. He became the owner of considerable property in Pittsburgh, and altogether bought and sold more than two hundred acres in Allegheny county. He was not alone successful as a farmer, but the same success attended his efforts in the raising of sheep and cattle. He had joined the church at a very early age, was active in its interests, and his efforts were of especial service in developing the choir work. In political matters his influence was also beneficially felt throughout the community in behalf of the interests of the Republican party. Mr. McCallister married, in 1840, Mary Springer,

born on the farm on which she still resides, and the following spring they took up their residence on this land. They have had children: 1. Anna Catherine, widow of Stephen McCray; one daughter, Etta B., wife of Fielding Pennell. 2. Mary J., deceased. 3. William James, of Newcastle; married Minnie Crawford. 4. George Wesley, deceased; married Anetta McChaster; children: Carl and Frank. 5. John Albert, of Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, married Edith Wallace; children: Mary Isabelle and Kate Millard. 6. Ella Hice, wife of Frank Smith, of Monaca; children: Howard, Grace, Ruth, Elizabeth. 7. Henry Cornelius, resides in Oklahoma; married Sarah Ann Gill; one son, Duane. 8. Nora O., wife of Charles Crawford, of East End, Pittsburgh; children: Thelma, Della M., Charles McAllister, Calvin Duane. Mrs. McAllister is the daughter of Michael Springer, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, who married Catherine Hice, born near Pittsburgh. The grandfather of Mrs. McCallister was Michael Springer, of Germany, who came to Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in the early settlement days and took up a tract of land, on a part of which his granddaughter is now living. He married Susan Sunderland, daughter of Henry and Mary Sunderland, also of Germany. Mr. McCallister died in 1900.

Since its arrival in this country the Staub family has been identified with various industrial branches, and in all of them the members have evinced an energy and determination worthy of emulation.

(I) Frank Staub, born in Germany, learned the trade of a blacksmith in his native land. He practiced it there for a time, then deciding that there were more opportunities in the New World for a young man of energy and ambition, he came to America and located for a time in the state of New Jersey, from which he migrated to Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. There his death occurred. He was the owner of five horses, which his sons drove in connection with railroad teaming. He married Catherine Lockhart, and had four children. His wife was also a native of Germany. After his death, about 1850, his widow and the children removed to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where they made their home in Moon township.

(II) Charles Staub, son of Frank and Catherine (Lockhart) Staub, was born in New Jersey, March 22, 1845. From his earliest years he was obliged to work and assist in the support of the family. During the very little leisure time at his disposal he attended the schools of New Jersey and Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and being possessed of an intelligent mind and retentive memory, he profited greatly during this attendance. At the age of eleven years, when the majority of boys are thinking of nothing but play, he was driving one of his father's horses on grade work on railroad construction, and also drove a cart on the old railway from Wellsville to Bellaire.

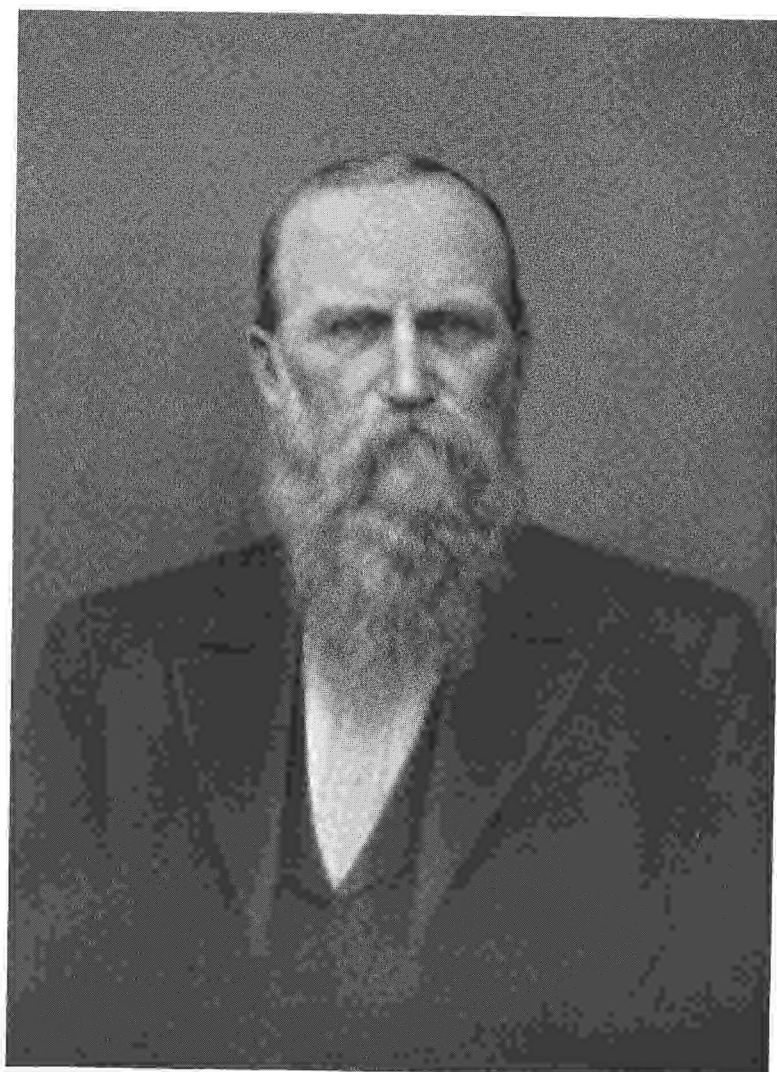
Mr. Staub enlisted in 1864 in Company A, Seventeenth Cavalry, and

served until the close of the war; captured at Fishers Hill, Virginia, and was in prison at Salisbury, North Carolina, for three and one-half months. After the war he went to steamboating on the Missouri river, and followed steamboating for about forty-five years on the Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio rivers, boating all the way from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, and from Cairo to St. Louis; he rose to the position of mate.

His own energy has been the means of raising him to his present position in the community, and he is in truth a self-made man. His occupations have been varied and numerous. During the past five years he has been engaged in farming on the land which he now occupies. He purchased one hundred and four acres, and cultivates these for general farming.

Mr. Staub married, September 26, 1872, Catherine Augusta Kapphahn, who is an earnest worker in the interests of the Presbyterian Church of which she is a member. They have had children: 1. William, deceased. 2. Harry F., who resides in Colona, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Cora, lives in Beaver, Pennsylvania. 4. Augusta, lives with her mother. 5. Jessie, lives in Moon township. 6. Blanche. 7. Ada. 8. Flora. 9. Charles. 10. Emma. William Kapphahn, father of Mrs. Staub, was the son of Christopher Kapphahn, and both were born in Germany and came to the United States at the same time. They located on South Side, Pittsburgh. Christopher Kapphahn was a gunsmith and a blacksmith, and later removed to Minnesota, where he died. He brought his fourteen children with him to America and they were three months on the ocean while making this trip. William Kapphahn was born in March, 1827, and was graduated from a Conservatory of Music in Germany prior to coming to this country with his parents. He organized the first band in the city of Pittsburgh, calling it the Washington Cornet Band, and it was a great success. He was also a packer in McKee's Glass Factory, and later removed to Minnesota, where his death occurred. He married Elizabeth Swartz, born in Germany, who came to this country at the age of fourteen years with her parents, who settled for a time in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, as farmers, but later removed to Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

The Morrrows, who originally came to this country from MORROW Ireland, have been engaged in agricultural pursuits for many generations. Hugh Morrow was born in Ireland, and came to this country as a very young man, so that practically his whole life was spent here. He located in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, about 1800, on what is still known as the "Old Morrow Farm." This was virgin forest at the time Mr. Morrow took possession of it, and it was a labor of time to clear the land and prepare it for farming operations. Later he sold the farm to one of his sons. He married Sarah —.



John Morrow

(II) Alexander Prentice Morrow, son of Hugh and Sarah Morrow, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1812. The school he attended was in a small log building and he displayed remarkable aptitude as a scholar. After he purchased the old farm from his father, he accumulated considerably more in the same section. He was a very industrious man, and was greatly interested in the raising of sheep. He was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, but never expressed any desire for public office. He served as captain of the militia, and his religious affiliations were with the United Presbyterian Church. He married (first) Nancy Crayton, daughter of John Crayton, who came from Ireland and settled in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and was a farmer. He married (second) Atheline Springer. By the first marriage he had three sons and one daughter, and by the second he had two sons and two daughters.

(III) John Morrow, son of Alexander Prentice and Nancy (Crayton) Morrow, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 21, 1844. He acquired a sound and practical education in the public schools of his native township, and has put this to excellent use. He has always been engaged in farming, and in addition to this has been a cattle breeder of note in this section. All of the buildings at present on his property, which consists of one hundred and sixty acres, have been erected by Mr. Morrow. The house was built in 1880, and the barn three years later. He has done a great deal to serve the community in public affairs, and has frequently held public office. He invariably casts his vote in the interests of the Democratic party, became a supervisor of the township in 1877, and being again elected is now in the fifth year of his present term. For several terms he served as school director, is now fire marshal by appointment, and was also appointed by the court as one of the viewers of the county. He and his family are members of the United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Morrow married (first) in 1866, Fannie Alexander, and has had children; Alexander, Nancy, James, Johnny, May, Edith. He married (second) in 1889, America Campbell, and has children: Robert and George.

The earliest record we have of this family is of Jacob Fath, FATH who was considered a "Samson" in his day. He never came to America, living on a large farm in one of the finest agricultural districts of Germany. He raised a family of six sons and three daughters. Of these only one daughter and two sons came to the United States, one of the latter being employed as a teacher in the public schools of New York City.

(II) George P. Fath, son of Jacob Fath, was born in Baden, Germany, and there received a liberal education, which he supplemented by wide and diversified reading throughout his life. He came to America about 1846, and located in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. He had learned the trade of har-

ness and saddle making in his native land, and followed this occupation very successfully after his arrival here. Subsequently, in 1858, he purchased the farm in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, on which his son, Jacob George, is residing at the present time. It consisted of ninety-eight acres, two-thirds of which was heavily wooded. Here the remainder of his life was spent. Mr. Fath was a staunch supporter of Republican principles, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Peter and Elizabeth Lentz, both born in Germany and came to this country with their children in 1846. They resided in the suburbs of Pittsburgh, where he cultivated a farm, but he opened a store in Allegheny, which he conducted successfully until his death. They had three sons and three daughters, all of whom came to America with their parents, and all of whom are now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Fath had children: Jacob George, see forward; Catherine, Elizabeth, Lena.

(III) Jacob George Fath, son of George P. and Elizabeth (Lentz) Fath, was born in Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, November 14, 1853. He received his education in the public schools of Moon township, Davis district, and has always lived on the family homestead, where he cultivates forty-two acres. He is also the owner and operator of a saw mill, a cider press and a feed grinder. For all of these industries Mr. Fath erected substantial buildings, and has the patronage of the entire section. He is a Republican in his political views, and he and his entire family are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. They are all musically gifted, and when all are assembled the concerted music they render is well worth listening to. Mr. Fath married (first) June 15, 1879, Bertha Karcher, born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Frederick and Elizabeth (Eberts) Karcher, both natives of Bavaria, Germany, who came to America with their parents. She is the granddaughter of John and Elizabeth Eberts. All of her ancestors were farmers. Mrs. Fath died October 25, 1895, and Mr. Fath married (second) in 1897, Margaret Johnston. Children of first wife: George W., an engineer in the employ of the Colonial Steel Works, has been at the same engine for seven consecutive years; Charles F., a roller in the Colonial Steel Works; Frederick C., resides at home, and is the road master of the township; Jacob B., a conductor on the railway, lives at Woodlawn; Abram L., at home; Kate, lives near Scottsville; Ida D., lives near Parnassus. By his second marriage Mr. Fath has one child, Stella, at home.

As proof against the ill-founded assertions of those who are
 BLAIR fond of picturing the decadence of the American people and
 who claim that the class of people of foreign birth who leave
 their native land to seek American homes is not the same as that which,
 by its talents, brain and brawn raised our country to its present command-
 ing pinnacle, is the record of the Blair family in the United States.

(I) Charles Blair, the first of the line of whom there is definite record, was born in Scotland, and with two brothers moved to Ireland. Charles Blair remained in that country and there made his home, but his two brothers departed for the United States, one becoming a farmer of Ohio, the other a practicing physician of Fort Wayne, Indiana. Charles Blair became a farmer in his adopted country and acquired a great deal of land, one of his daughters still retaining possession of the major portion of the estate and there making her home. He married and had several children, among whom was Charles, of whom further.

(II) Charles (2) Blair, son of Charles (1) Blair, was born in Ireland. He there attended school and spent his youth, coming when a young man to the United States. He was an expert and experienced bookkeeper, and made Pittsburgh his place of business. He succeeded Daniel Wallace in the wholesale flour business and was conducting the same with gratifying success at the time of his sudden death in Pittsburgh. He was a business man of honor and was regarded with the greatest of favor by those with whom he had dealings in the mercantile world, while in his private life he was accorded respect and honor for the same qualities that had raised him high in the estimation of his business associates. Mr. Blair married, in 1875, Lide Packer, born in Clinton county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Job and Charity (Way) Packer. Job Packer was a native of Center county, Pennsylvania, as was his wife. Children of Charles and Lide Blair: 1. John Thomas, married Rose Cogings; two children: Gibson David Packer and Charles William. 2. Charity Blair, wife of Eugene H. Brock; two children: Charity Jane and Gibson. 3. Charles Packer, unmarried. The children are all residing on the Homestead Bye Way Farm, devoted to the raising of fruits, located on the old Broadhead Road, five miles southwest of Monaca. Mrs. Blair, the mother of these children, died March 5, 1914.

McConnell, in the years that have heard it and the generations that have borne it, has come to be a name well-known in all parts of Pennsylvania, and one of which those who own it may well be proud, for it has held prominent place in many of the nobler walks of life wherever found. In the present generation of this branch, Dr. George McCallister McConnell has chosen medicine as his field of endeavor and in that profession ably upholds the honor of the family name. He is a grandson of Philip McConnell, and a son of Alexander McConnell, of whom further.

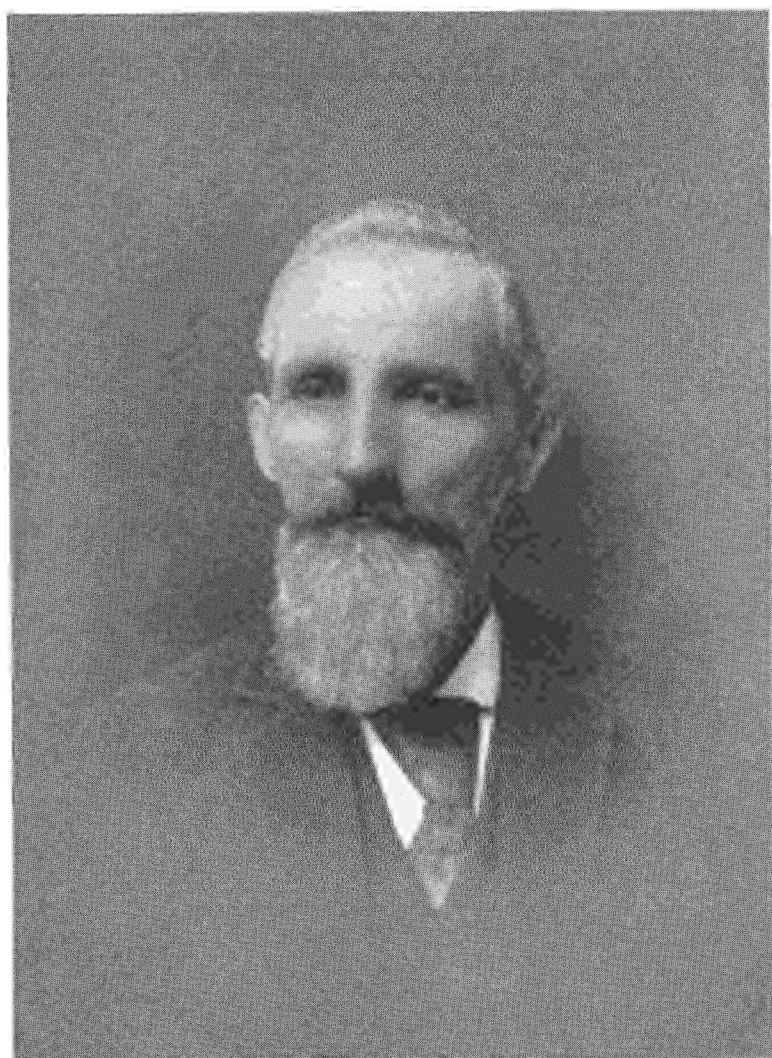
(II) Alexander McConnell, son of Philip McConnell, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools, and finishing his youthful studies he learned the stone mason's trade and later was for many years a merchant in Independence township. He is now living retired, having realized a comfortable competence from his mercantile business, and is spending his latter years in the peaceful ease that his life of busy activity warrants. He has been a life-

long adherent to Democratic principles, holding the majority of the township offices, and affiliates with the United Presbyterian Church. He married Jane, daughter of Daniel and Esther (Cain) McCallister, he a native of Hopewell and she of Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children of Alexander and Jane (McCallister) McConnell: George McCallister, of whom further; Clara J., Elizabeth, Daniel Seward, David Ross.

(III) Dr. George McCallister McConnell, son of Alexander and Jane (McCallister) McConnell, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1867. He was a student in the local schools, later attended Peirsol's Academy, afterward New Sheffield Academy. Completing his primary studies he entered the University of Western Pennsylvania (University of Pittsburgh), whence he was graduated in March, 1894. In June following his graduation he took the state medical examinations, which he passed successfully, and for twelve following years practiced medicine in Independence, after which he moved to South Heights, where he has since been engaged in his profession. He is a capable physician, popular among his patrons, and holds an excellent reputation in medical circles as a doctor of honor, integrity and usefulness. He is a member of the Beaver County Medical Association, and belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Malta, and the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which latter organization his wife is also a member. His political belief is Independent.

Dr. McConnell married, in June, 1894, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of John C. Reed, of Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Mary Jane, student in Saint John's Hospital Training School for Nurses. 2. Clarence E., an employee of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company. 3. and 4. Roberta P. and Florence E., both living at home.

The Cole family, of Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, COLE were interested in farming and the business life of the county to a great extent. It is only the second generation of this family which is living in this section, as Ivery Cole came to Beaver county in early manhood. He was born in Massachusetts, January 17, 1794, died July 28, 1878. When he came to the state of Pennsylvania he settled on Nevins Island. He was a farmer in association with his brothers—James, William and Rufus—and together they owned a large portion of the Island. They all also, with the exception of Ivery Cole, were the proprietors of stores in Pittsburgh. Ivery Cole lived on Nevins Island until 1860, at which time he removed to Rochester, Beaver county, and there purchased property on Adams street. This he remodeled, and by purchasing adjoining land, increased it considerably and made of it a family homestead on which the widow of his son, Rufus Dilworth, is residing at the present time. He and his wife were Presbyterians, and with old Captain Brown donated the land on which the present Presbyterian Church stands. He had



Rufus D. Cole

amassed a considerable fortune. He married (first) June 8, 1824, Hannah (Dilworth) Cole, who died October 29, 1853; he married (second) September 18, 1854, Maria M. Suigart, who died December 3, 1876. Children by first marriage: Sarah Ann, born May 24, 1825, died unmarried, July 6, 1847; John, born October 4, 1827, was a merchant in and around Pittsburgh, died 1897; Rufus Dilworth, see forward; Eliza Jane, born July 30, 1833, married Samuel H. McGuier, now deceased, and lives in West Virginia.

(II) Rufus Dilworth Cole, second son and third child of Ivery and Hannah (Dilworth) Cole, was born on Nevins Island, in the Ohio river, near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, October 25, 1829, died January 23, 1895. He was educated, in elementary courses, in the public schools on Nevins Island, and this education was supplemented by training in a business college in the city of Pittsburgh. He commenced his business career in the grocery line in Pittsburgh, and continued in this until about 1855 when he removed to Beaver county and purchased a farm a little above Beaver. There he lived until the outbreak of the Civil War, when he was among the first to volunteer his services and served until the close of the war, as a member of the Tenth Pennsylvania Reserves. He held the rank of first lieutenant, and had been promoted to the rank of captain, but before receiving his commission he was captured and held a prisoner for eight months, the greater part of this time being spent in Libby Prison. After the close of the war he went to West Virginia, settling near Parkersburg, and there engaged in the oil business for a time. During the next eight years he was a conductor on the Pittsburg & Cleveland Railway, after which he went to Texas and there engaged in the grocery business, near Houston, for a period of three years. Returning to Rochester, Pennsylvania, he opened a grocery business on Adams street, near his father's residence, erecting the store himself. He was still engaged in this business at the time of his death. In political matters he gave his support to the Republican party, and at various times had held the offices of tax collector and assessor.

Mr. Cole married (first) May 27, 1858, Elizabeth Hart, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, who died January 12, 1859. He married (second) September 17, 1867, Susan A., born in Ohio, just over the line from Beaver county, December 18, 1835, daughter of Edward and Barbara (McClaren) Leonard. Edward Leonard was born in Ireland, came to this country as a young man, and made his home for a time in Philadelphia. After his marriage he removed to Ohio, and later moved over the line into Beaver county, and spent the remainder of his life on a farm. His wife was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, and they were married in the United States. Both died in Beaver county. They had children: Susan A., who married Mr. Cole, as above mentioned; David Harrison, was a lawyer in Parkersburg, West Virginia, where he died in 1910; James, who died in Denver, Colorado, 1911, was a real estate man, and served throughout the Civil War; Catherine Jane, married Judge William Stewart, and died in Kansas City,

Missouri, about twenty years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Cole have had children: 1. James, born June 19, 1868; lives in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and is the owner and manager of a billiard hall; he married Emma Conan, and has one daughter, Gertrude. 2. Ann Katherine, born December 19, 1873, died January 12, 1874. 3. John David, born February 15, 1877, in Texas, lives in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, he is a glass cutter by trade; he married Henrietta Kelly, and has children: Helen, Thelma Elizabeth, David, Howard John. Since her husband's death, Mrs. Cole has continued to reside on the Cole homestead.

This branch of the Thompson family in America descends THOMPSON from Scotch Covenanter stock coming from Scotland to Ireland, thence, in 1735, to America. The founders were two brothers, John and James Thomson (as the name was spelled for many years), who came from county Antrim, Ireland, settling near Philadelphia in Chester county, Pennsylvania. Descendants of these brothers settled in different counties of Pennsylvania, many in the Juniata Valley, while the grandfather of Samuel M. Thompson, of South Heights, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, settled at Calcutta, in that county. He was a hatter, married, and among his children was a son, David Clark, of the third generation in America.

(III) David Clark Thompson was born at Calcutta, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. In his youth he was a boatman on the Ohio river, carrying produce and merchandise between the river cities and towns. Later he opened a general store at Smith's Ferry, in partnership with his brothers. The brick store building they erected is yet used for the same purpose. After a few years spent in business he retired to a farm, but later was engaged in the oil business. He lived retired for several years preceding his death, on his farm of one hundred and thirty-seven acres. He owned other lands in Beaver county, having in all three hundred and forty-three acres, and with his brother owned one thousand acres in Missouri. He was a very successful man, starting with no capital and becoming well-to-do through his own energy and labor. He was a Republican in politics, and a Presbyterian in religion. He married (first) a Miss Rayl, who bore him Susan, William, Ella, Nannie. He married (second) Clarinda Rayl, a cousin of his first wife, daughter of William and Molly Rayl, early settlers of Big Beaver township and proprietors of a tavern at Black Hawk, where both died. Children by second wife: Ida, Maria, Samuel M., of whom further; George, Laura.

(IV) Samuel M. Thompson, son of David Clark Thompson and his second wife, Clarinda (Rayl) Thompson, was born at Smith's Ferry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1867. He was educated in the public schools and at Peirsol's Academy at Rochester, Pennsylvania, finishing with a course at Duff's Business College, of Pittsburgh. He began business life as a grocer at East Liverpool, Ohio, being the junior member of

the firm of Patterson & Company. On January 16, 1899, he opened a general store in South Heights, where he has since been in continuous and prosperous business. He is a good business man, reliable and upright, held in high esteem by all who know him. He is a Republican in politics, and in religious faith a Methodist.

He married Anna R., daughter of William and Sarah (Gelsthorpe) Cullison, both born in Ohio, and a granddaughter of Luther M. and Sarah Ann (Greer) Cullison, of Irish and Scotch parentage. Sarah Gelsthorpe was the daughter of Stanley and Ann Gelsthorpe, both born in England, coming to the United States in 1848. They were married in England and there all their children were born except Sarah. On coming to the United States they settled in Wellsburg, West Virginia, later locating in Coshocton county, Ohio, where he engaged in farming, gardening having been his occupation in England. William Cullison, father of Mrs. Thompson, was a contractor and builder, also an oil producer. By his first wife, Sarah Gels-thorpe, he had children: Anna R., and Nettie. He married(second) Luella Palmer and had Edith M. and Ray. Child of Samuel M. and Anna R. Thompson, Dorothy.

The name of Vogel, meaning bird, appears to be one which VOGEL found favor with many in Germany when surnames were being assumed. It is possible that many of the original bearers of it were connected in some manner with the life of the forest and nature in general. It has assumed various forms, such as Vogle, Vogerle, etc.

(I) Henry Vogel was born in Germany and his entire life was spent there. He married Walburga Litz and they were the parents of three sons and two daughters.

(II) George Vogel, son of Henry and Walburga (Litz) Vogel, was born in Bavaria, Germany, and there was educated in the public schools. He emigrated to America in 1854, and settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he found employment in a glass manufacturing house. In 1873 he removed to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he located on a farm in Moon township, on which his son still resides. This consisted of seventy-six acres and he gave this the benefit of many improvements; he was very successful in raising general produce. Mr. Vogel married Margaret Litz, also born in Bavaria, Germany, and they were both members of the Catholic Church. Mr. Vogel was a staunch Democrat. He had children: Barbara, Margaret, Minnie, Jacob, see forward; Mary.

(III) Jacob Vogel, son of George and Margaret (Litz) Vogel, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 23, 1862. He was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh, and from the time his father removed to the farm in Beaver county, he has been actively identified with its cultivation and improvement. He is a general farmer and gardener, and applies the most modern and improved methods with a corresponding amount of suc-

cess. He has been active in local politics as a supporter of Democratic principles, and has served as inspector of elections. He and his family are members of the Catholic Church, to which they are generous donors. Mr. Vogel married (first) November 3, 1887, Clara Emilie, daughter of John and Margaret (Kunsler) Streckel, both of Pittsburgh, where he is a glass blower, and they are both natives of Germany. He married (second) in 1898, Catherine, daughter of Henry and Frances (Weitz) Schake, the former born in Canada, the latter in Pittsburgh; granddaughter of Henry and Mary Schake, both natives of Germany from whence they went to Canada and later to Pittsburgh; also granddaughter of Frank and Margaret Weitz, both natives of Germany, and married in Pittsburgh. Children of first marriage: George, deceased; John, Maggie, Melzie, Clara. Children of second marriage: Elizabeth, Ida, Martha.

In the earlier years of our country's development and
HARTENBACH in the Colonial period the immigrants who came to
the American shore, cheerless, bleak and forbidding
as it was, had an incentive, either religious fervor or a deep sense of personal injustice and misuse by the authorities of the lands whence they came. In later years one finds seeking homes in the United States many who, according to the standards of their homeland, have prospered, but who have caught a vision of greater service, greater reward and greater opportunity, and have come hither to enter the wider fields of endeavor. In justice to those of the first class let it be said that without the firm foundation they in their extremity laid, the latter would never have been possessed of their present advantages and blessings, but the works of the few have brought benefit to the many, and among the latter named, who far outnumber the first, are found those bearing the name Hartenbach.

(I) Conrad Hartenbach, a native of Germany, came to the United States with his family in 1852, settling first at Bocktown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he tarried for six months before moving to the farm in Moon township, that county, where his descendants have since lived. This was a farm of about one-hundred acres, thirty of which were a part of the Stewart property, the remaining seventy belonging to the Baker Estate. He at once began to erect thereon a suitable dwelling for his family and shelter for his stock, also clearing about half of his farm. His first buildings were later destroyed and in their place was erected the structure in use at the present time, in which he dwelt until his death. He married, in Germany, Fredericka Hammond, and had several children, one of whom was Adam, of whom further.

(II) Adam Hartenbach, son of Conrad and Fredericka (Hammond) Hartenbach, was born in Byron, Germany, died on the homestead farm in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. The greater part of his education was obtained in the public schools of his native land, coming

when eighteen years of age to the United States with his parents, attending school for one winter after his arrival in his new home. He assisted his father in his farming operations until the death of the elder Hartenbach, when he assumed charge of the homestead property, and there lived until his death. He was an industrious farmer, of simple habits and life, and with his wife a member of the German Protestant Church, of Monaca. He married Lucinda, daughter of Henry Eckart, born in Saxony, Germany. Her parents brought her to the United States when she was eight years of age, her father becoming the owner of land near Melrose, Pennsylvania, which he cultivated during his active career. Henry Eckart was the father of six sons and two daughters. Children of Adam and Lucinda (Eckart) Hartenbach: Henry C., of whom further; Rose, married Henry Sohn.

(III) Henry C. Hartenbach, only son and older of the two children of Adam and Lucinda (Eckart) Hartenbach, was born on the homestead farm in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. In his youth he was a pupil in the public school of the neighborhood, and was reared to a farmer's life, which he afterward adopted. He has never conducted operations on any but the home farm, the scene of his present activities, which consist of general farming and dairying. His stables contain stock of high breed, carefully and intelligently tended, and the air of the place is one of successful prosperity. Three generations of his line have lived on the farm now owned by him and have tilled the same soil that yields him sustenance, but none has obtained therefrom more bountiful rewards than have resulted from his labor. Independent of party ties, Mr. Hartenbach has served for twelve years as a member of the school board, and is with his wife a member of the German Protestant Church.

Mr. Hartenbach married, in 1890, Rosena, daughter of John Adam and Catherine (Meyer) Nordheim. Her father, John Adam Nordheim, was born in Saxony, Germany, in May, 1834. He came to the United States when he was nineteen years of age, locating first in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where for several years he worked at his trade, that of cabinet maker. From that city he moved to Pine Creek, farming in that locality, going thence to Economy township, where he owns a farm of about ninety acres, cultivating this land with profit. His wife, Catherine, was born in Switzerland and came to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, from her homeland as a young lady of nineteen years. Children of John Adam and Catherine (Meyer) Nordheim: 1. Albert, an employee of a traction company in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 2. William, a grocer of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 3. Rosena, of previous mention, married Henry C. Hartenbach. 4. Edward, a farmer and oil gauger. Children of Henry C. and Rosena (Nordheim) Hartenbach: Edith, Alvin, Clalia, Ralph, Howard. Alvin married, May 27, 1914, Ethel Betz, daughter of Earnest Betz, of Freedom, Pennsylvania; he has taken up his residence on the homestead, thus making the fourth generation to operate and till its soil.

The family bearing this name came to America in the early days of the settlement of the state of Pennsylvania, and they have borne their share bravely and consistently in upbuilding the fortunes of the commonwealth in various directions. While they have been identified with a variety of business interests, they have devoted themselves, on the whole, more especially to the agricultural field.

(I) Jacob Mateer, who died in his native land, Germany, had a number of sons—John, George, Jacob, Christian and Michael—who came to America, and located in various parts of the United States. John made his home in what is now Louisville, Kentucky, at a time when that populous city had but three residents.

(II) Michael Mateer, son of Jacob Mateer, was born in Alsace, now German territory, at that time the property of France, and was educated in his native land. At the age of twenty-two years he emigrated to America, and located in the city of Pittsburgh, where he had found employment in the Stackhouse Foundry. Later he established a dairy, but after a short time sold this, and purchased one hundred acres of land in Butler county, Pennsylvania. About 1832 he removed to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, on land now occupied by his son George, and there his death occurred. At the time of his death he was the owner of one hundred and thirty-six acres of land at Monaca, fifty acres in another place, and twenty-seven acres in still another. He was engaged in general farming, dairying and stock raising. He always had a fine herd of Durham cattle, and a large number of sheep. From the very beginning he had made his own way, and the energy which enabled him to win a way to a moderate fortune, enabled him to acquire a large one in the course of years. He gave his political support to the Democratic party, and for a time held the office of supervisor, although he never was desirous of holding public office. His religious membership was in the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Mateer married Margaret Rook, also a native of Alsace-Lorraine, and they had children: Margaret, Mary Ann, Eliza, Michael, Carl I., George, see forward; Louise. Mrs. Mateer was a daughter of George and Hannah Rook, both born in Alsace-Lorraine, who emigrated to America and made their home in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Mr. Rook was killed there while constructing a cellar, the walls of which caved in and buried him. Mr. Mateer was also working there at the time, was buried up to his neck, and was rescued with difficulty.

(III) George Mateer, son of Michael and Margaret (Rook) Mateer, was born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 12, 1846. He was educated in the public schools of his native township, and has spent his entire life on the homestead farm. He has one hundred and fifty-eight acres of land, a large part of which he has under general cultivation, and he utilizes the remaining portion for stock raising. He and his wife are members of Mount Carmel Presbyterian Church. Like his father, he affiliates with the Democratic party, and he has been honored with the



George & Mary E. Matteer

offices of school director and supervisor. Mr. Mateer married, in 1875, Mary E., daughter of Michael and Mary Jane (Nickum) Baker, both born in Moon township; a granddaughter of George Baker, and of George Nickum, who was a member of a family connected with the early history of Beaver county. Mr. and Mrs. Mateer have had children: 1. John Richard. 2. James Michael, married Elizabeth Todd; child, George F. 3. George A., deceased. 4. Alice M., deceased. 5. Lenora, deceased, wife of Sidney Huffmyer; left two children: George W. and Ethel May. 6. Harry E., married Minnie Berger. 7. Bessie Olive, married George A. Harley; children: Margaret L., George Edwin, John Mateer, Herbert James. 8. Sarah Blanche, married James Schachren; children: James Keath and Harold Joseph.

The Parsons of America had their origin in four brothers PARSON of the name who came to this country from that of their birth, England, the seat of the family for numerous generations, one locating in New York, two going to York county, Pennsylvania, the fourth settling in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, the last being the emigrant from whom the line herein chronicled descends.

(I) William Parson, of Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, a descendant of the emigrant who settled in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, owned land and farmed in that locality. He married Margaret Jones, and had children, one of his sons being Franklin D., of whom further.

(II) Franklin D. Parson, son of William and Margaret (Jones) Parson, was born in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. He was reared to manhood on his father's farm, and followed agriculture as a life work for twenty-five years. He entered the mercantile business and for five years was the proprietor of a store in Mount Jewett, Pennsylvania, three years later becoming a hardware dealer in New Bloomfield, Perry county, Pennsylvania, continuing for several years. After his retirement from business and the cares of active life he made his home in New Bloomfield. At the time of the Civil War Mr. Parson was drafted for service, as was his brother, J. L., the latter suffering imprisonment in Libby Prison. He married Margaret E. Seibert, a native of Franklin county, Pennsylvania. Children: Flora, married Warren K. Clauser; Elmer S., of whom further.

(III) Elmer S. Parson, son of Franklin D. and Margaret E. (Seibert) Parson, was born in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, December 7, 1867. He began his education in the public schools of his birthplace, later studying in the Dry Run and the New Bloomfield academies, completing his scholastic training in the College of Central Pennsylvania. Including time spent both before and after his college course, he was for four years a teacher in the public schools of his native county, a calling he abandoned in favor of clerical and mercantile occupations. Soon after his marriage, in 1890, he moved to Mount Jewett, Pennsylvania, becoming a bookkeeper in the employ of the Mount Jewett Tanning Company, and for the two fol-

lowing years was identified with the general store of that place with his father, and for eight years in mercantile business on his own account. In the fall of 1903 he came to Harmony township, now Ambridge, and established in the furniture business, in which line he continues until the present time, conducting a generous business and prospering therein. His store carries a complete stock of attractive furniture of all grades, displayed in an inviting manner, where all tastes may be gratified, and the well-known business platform of the store, "The best and full value," induces the best of local trade. Mr. Parson and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, he being superintendent of the Sunday school for ten years, and in political action is in accord with the Republican party, having been Beaver county's school directors delegate to the convention held in Harrisburg for three years. When Ambridge was incorporated as a borough, he was one of the members of the committee arranging for its establishment, and at the present time, as for the past seven years, he is a member of the board of education. Mr. Parson is progressive and energetic, and a supporter of many modern ideas in local government, ever willing to discard the old order when advantageous innovations make their appearance, and during his connection with local public affairs has infused much of life and vigor into its institutions. He affiliates with the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is director in Ambridge Savings & Trust Company.

Mr. Parson married, November 26, 1890, Sarah J., daughter of William and Margaret (Kelly) Cisney, a native of Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Russell C., a senior in Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia. 2. Ruth M., was educated in Oberlin and Beaver colleges, now a teacher of music in Conway and Ambridge. 3. Elmer S. Jr., a senior in Ambridge high school. 4. Willard S., a sophomore in Ambridge high school. 5. Esther J., just completed the grammar school course. 6. Frank. 7. Sarah.

The name of Herrmann is one to be met with frequently among those of German descent in this country, and it is found in a variety of forms, among which are: Herrman, Herrmann, Hermann, Heerman, etc. The name, in a broad translation, means a leader of men, and those bearing it in America have proved themselves excellent citizens and in many cases have risen to high rank in the profession or industry with which they were identified.

(I) Leopold Herrmann, a native of Preushholling, Germany, was a carpenter and general wood worker. His entire life was spent in his native land, where he married Louisa Buntt, born in Albing, Germany. They had eleven children, of whom but two are now living.

(II) Louis Herrmann, son of Leopold and Louisa (Buntt) Herrmann, was born in the eastern part of Prussia, Germany, October 5, 1869. He was educated in Germany, attending the public schools, and at a suitable

age was apprenticed to learn the butcher's trade. Finding that conditions were unfavorable in his native land, and thinking that he would find better opportunities for advancement in the United States, he came to America about 1886, and went directly to South Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where his sister had preceded him and was living. He found employment in the trade in which he had attained proficiency, working in Allegheny for a time, then spent seven years in the employ of the Swift Company. For almost four years he was employed in the west at the same trade, and for a time in Cincinnati, Ohio, for Charles Winter Brothers. Returning to Pittsburgh, he was appointed a member of the police force of that city, a position he held eight years, removing to Economy, Pennsylvania, in 1903, where he engaged in the butcher business. He followed this for some time, then closed his store, but continued at his old employment. July 31, 1913, he was appointed constable, an office he is now filling with dignity, and with satisfaction to his superiors and the citizens in general. He is a staunch supporter of the Republican party, and his religious affiliations are with the Lutheran Church.

Mr. Herrmann married, in 1902, Eleanora Hannah Elsesser, born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, daughter of Adolph and Mary (Hide) Elsesser. Mr. Elsesser had a coopering business in Allegheny; he was a native of Germany, and died January 29, 1914; his wife was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Herrmann is a member of the Catholic Church. Mr. and Mrs. Herrmann have children: Stella Lena, Lewis Henry, Minnie Louisa, Helen Hannah, Frederick John.

The name of McCrory is well and favorably known in the
McCRORY business world of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where
members of this family have now been settled for a number of years.

(I) John McCrory, who was born in Ireland in 1811, died in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, where he had lived for some years. He emigrated to the United States in the year 1847, and for a considerable length of time lived in various places along the shores of the Hudson river. He then removed to Johnstown, Pennsylvania. His occupations were of a varied nature, and he was a highly esteemed member of the community in which he resided. Upon the outbreak of the Civil War he proffered his services to the land of his adoption, but was not accepted for military duty because of his deafness. Mr. McCrory married in Ireland, Mary Boyle, and they were the parents of eight sons and four daughters.

(II) James McCrory, who was the second youngest child of John and Mary (Boyle) McCrory, was born in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, in 1863. He acquired his education in the public schools of his native town, and upon its completion commenced to work in a steel mill. He was employed there in various grades until 1903, at which time he engaged in the hotel business in Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and is now the pro-

prietor of the Hotel Grand in that town. This, under his able management, is conducted upon the most modern and improved principles, and is of the highest degree of excellence among hotels of its size. The cuisine is unexceptionable, the service of the best, and the comfort of its numerous patrons is looked out for in every detail. Mr. McCrory is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He exerts considerable influence in the community, and his unaffected and cordial manner have much to do with his success as a hotel proprietor. Mr. McCrory married, in 1894, Emma Bower, born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and of German descent. They have children: Raymond John, James Joseph, Frances, Laurence Burn, George, Thomas Francis.

The French family of Bonzo had its inception in the United States with the arrival of four brothers who came thither from Alsace, France; George, Lewis, Charles, John, whose arrival was dated 1807. They were sons of Charles Bonzo, a lifelong resident of Alsace, and after coming to the United States John cast his lot apart from his three brothers, journeying to Kentucky, where his descendants yet flourish. The others went to the western part of Pennsylvania, taking up land on Brush Creek, Beaver county, Lewis later locating at Fombell, Pennsylvania. Charles and George became large landholders, the former at one time having title to nine hundred and sixty acres near Unionville, Pennsylvania. Charles Bonzo married Catherine Goehring, a native of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, of German descent, and had children: Henry, of whom further; George, deceased; Charles, lived near New Brighton, Pennsylvania; Sophia, married Coston Burns; Elizabeth, married George Coleman; John, lived on the homestead; Harrison, a farmer on the home property; Lottie, married Charles Graham.

(III) Henry Bonzo, son of Charles and Catherine (Goehring) Bonzo, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died at the place of his birth in 1893. His education was obtained in the public schools of the vicinity, and upon attaining his majority he came into the possession of a part of the homestead, owning six hundred and sixty-six acres at his death. Although he met with reasonable success in his agricultural pursuits, he was best known as a breeder of horses, both draught and road animals being raised on his land. He was a gentleman of courteous instincts, was held in high favor by his friends and neighbors, and lived a generous, gentle, Christian life. When the Oak Grove Lutheran Church contemplated the erection of a tabernacle, he donated the site, one of the most pleasant and beautiful in the neighborhood, and played, as well, an important part in its founding, his purse strings being ever loosened when an unforeseen need of expenditure arose. To educational projects he likewise gave abundantly of his time and means, establishing the school house that was named by his fellows in his honor. The above are merely illustrations of the forms in which his disinterested regard for the good of his community found expression,



Dr. C. R. Bonzo

good works almost numberless being placed to his credit. He married Anna, daughter of Abel and Anna (Born) Burns, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, her father of Irish, her mother of English descent, early residents of Brush Creek, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer. Children of Henry and Anna (Burns) Bonzo: Elmer, lives on a section of the old farm; Ann, married Henry Wolf, of Ambridge, Pennsylvania; Charles Leslie, died aged two years; George R., a resident of Beaver, Pennsylvania; Charles Ross, of whom further; Ethel, married Harvey Brennan, of Ambridge, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Dr. Charles Ross Bonzo, son of Henry and Anna (Burns) Bonzo, was born on Brush creek, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 8, 1878. After primary instruction in the Bonzo school, founded by his father, he attended Peirsol's Academy at Bridgewater, the New Brighton public schools, and Butcher's Business College of Beaver Falls. Having successfully completed his preliminary education he appeared before the state medical board of examination and passed the tests of that body with a high average. The following four years he spent in attendance at the University of Western Pennsylvania (University of Pittsburgh) and the Ohio State College at Columbus, two years being passed in each institution and he was awarded his M. D. from the latter, April 16, 1903. His degree legalized his practice in Ohio, but he was ineligible to follow his profession in any other state. This difficulty he overcame by once more successfully passing the examinations of the Pennsylvania state board, and immediately settled in Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, before its incorporation as a borough, the only physician who has practiced in that place before and after it received its charter. While his practice has claimed his best attention, he has found time to investigate and to invest in certain profitable oil properties, and he is a stockholder and charter member of the Beaver County Fair Association. He is a Republican politically and has ever taken an active part and deep interest in local public affairs. He holds membership in the County and State Medical societies, the Protected Home Circle, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Dr. Bonzo married, in 1899, Maude Tinsman, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of one child, Bernard Le Roy.

Peter Maratta, who was one of the early settlers of Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his descendants now live, became a man of influence in the community in which he resided. He lived to an advanced age, and raised a large family. He married Nancy, a daughter of William McGee, who was a native of Ireland. He also settled in Hopewell township at an early day, taking up about one thousand acres of land. He erected several houses, and like almost all the male members of his family was a Democrat, and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

(II) Daniel Maratta, son of Peter and Nancy (McGee) Maratta, was

born on the homestead in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the schools of Hopewell township, and then devoted himself to a life of farming, his place consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, on which he resided until his death. He married Esther Oliver, who was of German descent, her family having come to Beaver county in the early days, and been occupied generally as carpenters and river men. They had children: James, who was in active service three years, 1861-64, as a member of the Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry; Sarah Ann; Nancy; Margaret; Peter H., of further mention; Martha.

(III) Peter H. Maratta, son of Daniel and Esther (Oliver) Maratta, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 14, 1844. The public schools of his native township furnished him with an excellent practical education, and he was then apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade. He was connected with this and contract work for some years, then for twelve years was engaged in teaming on the oil fields. Now he is living in retirement in New Sheffield, Beaver county, and occupies himself in a small way with farming. He inherited three shares of the Maratta homestead but sold them. He is a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, and has served as supervisor of Hopewell township for a period of four years. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Maratta married, December 31, 1868, Adaline, daughter of Michael and Jane (Nickum) Baker, both natives of Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and granddaughter of George and Jane (Quinn) Baker, of Moon township, one of whose sons, Joseph, was a member of the One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, during the Civil War. Mr. and Mrs. Maratta have had children: Hattie, wife of C. D. Haffey; James O., died, leaving a wife and one child; Joseph A.; Ada B., deceased; Maude; Eva C., wife of James Hineman, of Sheffield; Ross W., married Lottie Hall, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Verne E., married Catherine Fath, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Clyde L., married Fern Alexander, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

The Baker family of this review came to this country from
 BAKER Germany. There were three brothers—George, Jacob, Peter—who came with their father, George Baker, while Elizabeth and Henry, two other children, remained at their birthplace, Strassburg, Germany.

(I) George Baker, born in 1732, died April 17, 1802. He came to America about 1750, and located on Raccoon Creek, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was the first permanent settler in his section of the country which was in what is now Moon township. He located at Baker's Station in 1774 and took part in the Dunmore war, a block house having been previously erected. Their cabin, in which they lived with their children—George, Daniel, Michael—was attacked by the Indians. One Indian came down the chimney, and attacked Mr. Baker with a large knife. The blow

was warded off by Mr. Baker, who seized the knife and was severely cut in the fingers. The entire family was captured and taken to Detroit, where they were made to run the gauntlet. They were sold to British officers, who took them to Quebec and resold them to the highest bidder. After the surrender of Burgoyne they were exchanged to the south branch of the Potomac river, and in 1785 reached their old home in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. George Baker married Elizabeth Nickelson, an Englishwoman of exceptional talent and beauty. She sent to England for her wedding trousseau and the ceremony was in all probability performed in the city of Philadelphia. She died in the autumn of 1812, and they are both buried in the graveyard on the land which he originally took up. They had children: George, see forward; Henry G., died October 5, 1839, at the age of seventy-six years; Daniel, born in 1768, died April 26, 1843; Michael, no record; John, no record.

(II) George (2) Baker, son of George (1) and Elizabeth (Nickelson) Baker, was born February 20, 1762, died at the age of ninety years, two months and eleven days. He married, June 3, 1794, Jane Quinn, born in 1772, died October 3, 1857. They had children: 1. Eleanor, born April 30, 1797, died August 28, 1865; married Samuel Uselton. 2. George, the third in direct line of this name in America, born June 11, 1799, died in his seventy-sixth year; married Elizabeth Hall. 3. Elizabeth, born March 31, 1802. 4. Michael, born September 26, 1804, died April 16, 1881; married Mary Jane Nickem, who died April 1, 1869, in her sixty-first year. 5. Isabel, born July 14, 1807, died June 19, 1858; married James F. Hall, born January 28, 1801, died March 12, 1889. 6. Charles Quinn, see forward. 7. John G., born June 6, 1813, died January 6, 1896; married Margaret Shroades. 8. Mary Jane, born February 3, 1816, died August 10, 1881; married April 30, 1855, Wilson Uselton, who died November 14, 1881.

(III) Charles Quinn Baker, son of George (2) and Jane (Quinn) Baker, was born May 20, 1810, died June 1, 1886. He was the owner of a large farm in the southern part of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He married Elizabeth Ann Nickem, born March 6, 1812, died April 17, 1893. They had children: 1. George N., born October 8, 1834, died January 26, 1905; married Malinda Johnston. 2. Michael, born November 2, 1836, died September 30, 1857. 3. John, born August 24, 1839, died December 8, 1900; married Rebecca Jane Bruce, who died in 1887. 4. Mary, born June 18, 1841, died March 27, 1842. 5. William Henry, see forward. 6. Charles Nicholson, born April 14, 1846; married Drusilla Kennedy. 7. Alfred Y., born September 16, 1849, died December 21, 1892; married Margaret Melissa McElhaney, born June 30, 1849. 8. Martha Jane, born May 18, 1854; married, March 31, 1874, Joseph Holmes.

(IV) William Henry Baker, son of Charles Quinn and Elizabeth Ann (Nickem) Baker, was born May 9, 1843. He grew up to manhood on the homestead farm in Hopewell township, and in that section he attended the public schools. Up to the present time he has always been actively identi-

fied with farming operations, and is the owner of about seventy acres of land in Hopewell township, southwest of New Sheffield. He completed the dwelling house on this property, and has erected a number of other buildings on it. During the earlier part of his married life he rented this property, but purchased it about thirty years ago. Mr. Baker served as tax collector and constable for eleven years. He is a Republican in politics. Mr. Baker married, December 3, 1863, Mary M. Calor, born August 6, 1840, died May 21, 1898. They have had children: 1. Charles Quinn Henry, born September 4, 1864; married, July 8, 1891, Olive V. Johnston. 2. Ann Elizabeth, born April 26, 1867, died June 12, 1900; married Andrew W. Johnston. 3. Sarah Malinda, born February 15, 1869; married, December 31, 1889, John P. Simpson. 4. John Brown, born June 13, 1870. 5. William Alfred, born December 15, 1872. 6. Emma, born February 11, 1877; married Alexander Ellsworth Laird. 7. Lauretta, born March 24, 1878. 8. Jesse M., born January 26, 1880. 9. Bessie Martha, born September 5, 1881.

Immigrants of the name of Smith came to the shores of SMITH America at an early date, and their descendants are to be found throughout the United States at the present day. It would be probably difficult to find any extended section of the country in which the name of Smith is not more frequently met with than any other. One reason for the commonness lies in the fact that Smith is one of the names of occupation, being derived from the trade or work of the original bearer of the name, and at the first being prefixed by the article "the." Even in a given locality there will be found many unrelated persons of this name. Besides the English Smiths, there are the descendants of the Dutch and German bearers of this name, although the spelling originally varied in form from that of the English.

(I) John Smith, the immigrant ancestor of this particular branch of the Smith family, was born in Ireland, and came to America prior to the war of the Revolution. He settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where he was probably engaged in farming. His wife was a native of Scotland.

(II) Joseph Smith, son of John Smith, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and was the only one of his immediate family who went west of the Allegheny mountains. He lived in succession in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the head waters of Raccoon Creek; near Sheffield; and last, near Aliquippa, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his death occurred. He married Jane McElhaney, born near Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and of their children six attained maturity.

(III) William Smith, son of Joseph and Jane (McElhaney) Smith, was born in West Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and died at Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the common schools of his native township, and removed from there at the age of nineteen years. He was a maker of sickles, and later a farmer. In 1840 he re-

moved to the place on which his son now lives, and resided there until his death. It was heavily timbered when he obtained possession of it and he and his son cleared a great part of it, and built a house for dwelling purposes, a barn, and some other structures. He was an active member of Mount Carmichael United Presbyterian Church. He affiliated with the Republican party, and was for many years supervisor of the county. He married Elizabeth McFarland, born in Ohio, where her parents, who died when she was very young, were members of prominent families. Children: John, Martha, William Scott, see forward.

(IV) William Scott Smith, son of William and Elizabeth (McFarland) Smith, was born on the farm on which he resides at the present time, Hope-well township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 28, 1848. He was named after William Scott, who was the first settler on this farm, having located on it about 1800. He was educated in the public schools of the township, and has always resided on the homestead. He owns a plot of sixty acres which he cultivates largely for fruit, although he has a considerable amount of general produce as well. For eleven years he was engaged in the carpenter's trade, at first as a house carpenter, and later at general carpentering. He has always been an ardent Republican, and has filled a number of public offices. For nine years he was tax collector and assessor; in 1900 he took the census in the township, and since that time has taken the government crop report; he has served as a juryman twice in the United States court, and has frequently served as a juror in the county court. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in his younger days was an active worker in the interests of this institution. For about sixteen years he served as elder in Mount Carmichael United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Smith married, 1867, Liza, daughter of James and Nina (Irvin) Irons, both born in Irvin township; granddaughter of Solomon and Rachel (Dickson) Irons; great-granddaughter of William Irons, who was born in Ireland and came to America prior to 1800; also granddaughter of William and Rachel (Raven) Irwin, who came to this country from Scotland, lived for a time in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and later removed to Beaver county in the same state. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have had children: Frank, Esther, deceased; Vene, George, Anna, James, Mattie, Charles, deceased.

The name of Born has been connected with agricultural and
BORN building interests in the state of Pennsylvania for many years,
and the owners of it have shown their patriotism as well. Intense patriotism appears to be a natural heritage to the bearers of the name of Born, for the original progenitors of the family in this country came from that land of liberty—Switzerland.

(I) John or Jacob Born was a native of Switzerland, and never left his beloved country.

(II) John Born, son of the preceding, John or Jacob Born, was born

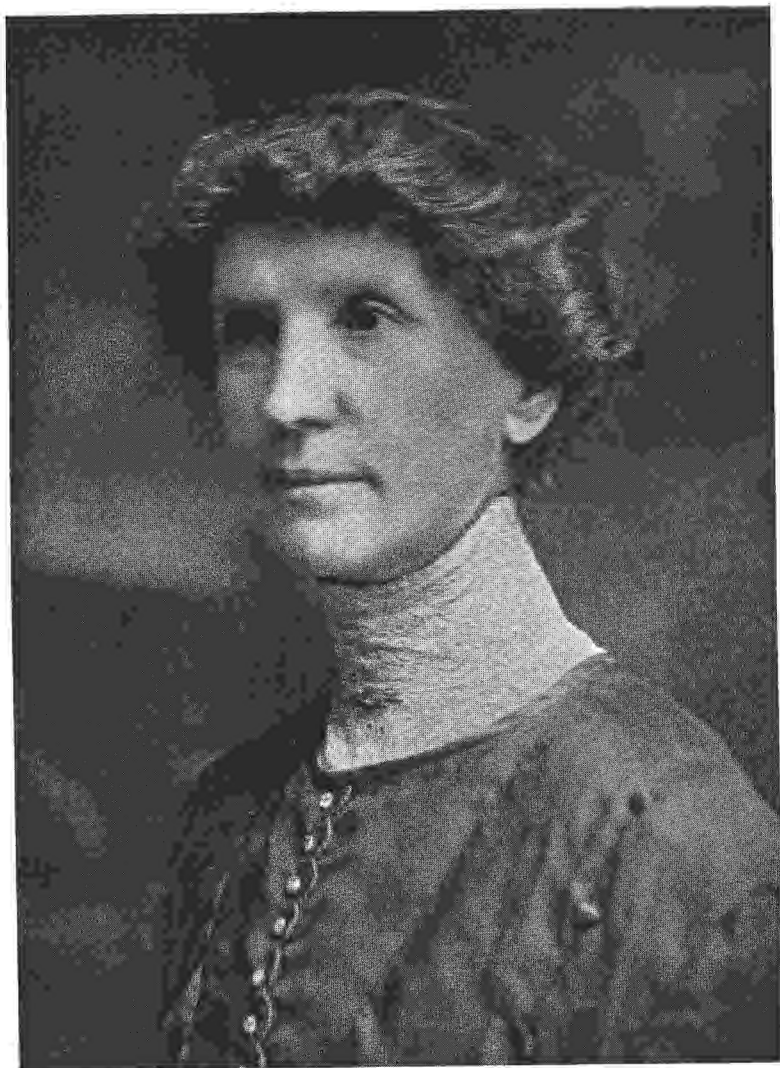
in Switzerland, and came to the United States with his family in 1854. He made his home in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he followed the occupation of a carpenter, having learned this trade from his father who was a contractor and builder in Switzerland. The remainder of his life was spent in Pittsburgh, where he died in 1857. He gave his political support to the Republican party, and his religious affiliation was with the Lutheran Church. He married, in Switzerland, Magdalena Sherk, born in Canton Bern, Switzerland, died in Belmont county, Ohio, and they had children: Barbara, who died in Pittsburgh; Elizabeth, also died in Pittsburgh; John, see forward; Magdalena, deceased; Jacob, deceased.

(III) John (2) Born, son of John (1) and Magdalena (Sherk) Born, was born in Canton Bern, Switzerland, October 19, 1845. The greater part of his school education was acquired in the public schools of Pittsburgh, and when he had completed his education he was apprenticed to learn the trade of coopering. He was employed at this uninterruptedly, with the exception of the time spent in military service, until 1867. He enlisted in Company F, Fifteenth Pennsylvania Militia, Volunteer Emergency, September 15, 1862, and after a service of twelve days was discharged, September 26, 1862. He had been enrolled in Pittsburgh by Captain James B. Reed. In 1864 he again enlisted, this time in Company C, One Hundred and Ninety-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. In 1867 he was unfortunate enough to lose an arm in a threshing machine, and the following year opened a refreshment place which he conducted for about one year. In 1871 he was appointed as night watchman at the City Hall and served in this office for about one year. He was then appointed to the position of superintendent of the City Hall, an office he filled very acceptably from 1872 until 1888. In 1884 he purchased one hundred and twenty-three acres of land in Hopewell township, a portion of which tract is now known as New Sheffield Terrace. In 1888 he settled in Hopewell township, where he established a large dairy farm, which he managed for some years, then retired. He built a fine house in 1891. His farm is a model of its kind, as while he had it in operation he put in all improvements to make it an up-to-date place of its kind. Since his majority Mr. Born has cast his vote for the Republican party, and he has been supervisor of the township for more than ten years. His religious connection is with the Lutheran Church. Mr. Born married, in 1888, Sarah, daughter of Valentine and Louisa (Eyrich) Sohn, of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Her birth occurred in 1849. Her parents came from Germany in early life, and married in Pittsburgh; they had children: Mary, Sarah, George, William, Henry, Louisa, Emma, Elizabeth.

Charles Kristufek, a prominent citizen of Ambridge, Pennsylvania, is a native of Hungary, where he was born February 1, 1878, a son of Stephen and Mary (Hlasnicek) Kristufek, natives of the district of Jablonitz Nitra, Hungary.



John Born



Mrs. John Born

Stephen Kristufek was born in the year 1848, and lived for over forty years in his native land, but in 1889 migrated to America and settled in the coke region of the state of Pennsylvania, and later removed to Homestead in the same state. In the latter place he remained until the year 1895, when he returned to his native land. He made another trip to this country and another return before he finally settled in Ambridge, Pennsylvania, in 1896, where he now lives retired, and the owner of property. He has been four times married, his first wife being Mary Hlasnicek, by whom he had three children, as follows: Mary, now Mrs. Andrew Bires, whose husband operates the general store in Ambridge; Stephen, a merchant of the same place; Charles, of whom further. Stephen Kristufek's second wife was Regasek Hedvick, by whom he had two children, Helen and Hedvick. His second wife died about 1893, and he then married Mrs. Mary Kosovic, and later Mary Mahaj, by neither of whom did he have children. Mr. Kristufek Sr. is a member of the Catholic Church.

Charles Kristufek was educated in Presburg, Hungary, and upon completing his general studies he learned the trade of harness-maker. He worked at this occupation for four years, or until 1895, and then came to Homestead, Pennsylvania, and found employment in the mills there, remaining for a short time. He soon gave this up, however, and returned to his trade of harness making, first in Etna, Pennsylvania, and later in Pittsburgh. Desiring industrial independence, however, he opened up a harness making establishment of his own at Second avenue, Frankstown, Pittsburgh. He was obliged to return to Homestead later, and there once more worked in the mills, this time for a period of eighteen months. During this time he managed to save up a few dollars, and therewith bought a lot at Cleming Park, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and there, in partnership with a cousin, Stephen Skapik, engaged in the meat business. This partnership continued for a year, when Mr. Kristufek started a grocery business for himself, selling out his interest in the meat business to his cousin. In this new venture he remained until the year 1903, when he removed to Ambridge. During the preceding year he had contracted for the building of a number of houses in Leetsdale, Pennsylvania, and upon settling in Ambridge he entered the general contracting business, in which he remained for two years. During the same time he laid the base of his present enterprise by opening a general store in a frame building, on the very site of his present brick structure. With this as a nucleus, he built up a large business in general merchandise, continuing thus until 1910, when he specialized in dry goods and shoes. In 1907 he engaged in foreign exchange and steamship ticket agency, which he continues and also in real estate and insurance business. He is also engaged in the banking business as a private banker, having conformed with all the requirements of the law bearing on this line of enterprise. So lucrative has his business been, and so wisely has he invested its proceeds, that he is now a very large owner of real estate in Ambridge, owning in all twenty-five buildings, stores and dwellings, and is

one of the wealthy men of the place. Mr. Kristufek is a man who owes his success to his own endeavors. He has, in the old phrase, made his way in the world. The property which he now owns has all been acquired in a period of about twelve years. Mr. Kristufek is an independent thinker, and in politics is a Socialist, taking a keen interest in public affairs.

Mr. Kristufek married in 1897, Mary Skapik, of Jablonitz, Hungary, and to them have been born four children, as follows: Ernestina, born February 2, 1899, died February 21 of the same year; Caroline, May 7, 1900; Bertha, August 21, 1903; Matilda, March 6, 1908.

JOHNSTON The prosperity of a nation depends not so much upon the lives and actions of the few leaders of men, as upon the individuals who compose the mass of the people. As the tiny coral insects, by their monotonous yet unceasing labor, build up the immense and wondrously beautiful coral formations, so the continuous and consistent labor of the masses builds up the power and influence of any country. Among those who have done their best in the various stations of life to which they have been called are the members of the Johnston family, numerous representatives of which are now to be found in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and in some other parts of the Union.

(I) John Johnston, the first of this branch of the family of whom we have record, located in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in the early days of the development of that section of the country. He was the proprietor of a large tract of land and was one of the pioneer farmers of the township. He married Margaret Davis and had children, as follows: James, William, see forward; John, Charles, see forward; Henry, Mary, Isabel, Jane, Sarah, Eliza. There may have been several others, as it is known that he had a large family, most of whom attained maturity.

(II) William Johnston, son of John and Margaret (Davis) Johnston, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools of his native township. His entire life has been spent on the homestead farm, which he cultivated for general farming. He was a very earnest and devout member of the United Presbyterian Church. He married Jane Barry; it cannot be accurately ascertained whether she was born in Ireland or shortly after the arrival of her parents in this country. She was a daughter of Charles and Ann Jane (Gordon) Barry, both natives of Ireland, who came to the United States early in their married life, made their home in Moon township, where they engaged in farming. They had children, in addition to Mrs. Johnston, as follows: Mary Ann, Eliza, Ellen, Martha, James, Michael, John, Joseph P. Mr. and Mrs. Johnston had children: Charles Albert; one who died in infancy; Ann Jane; Hadessa Martha; William John; Michael B., see forward; Joseph P.

(III) Michael B. Johnston, son of William and Jane (Barry) Johnston, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December

15, 1855. After an excellent education acquired in the public schools of the township, Mr. Johnston engaged in farming, with which he was identified until he was about thirty-five years of age. He then went into the milling business, and during the twenty-five years he was connected with this he had three different partners. In 1911 he sold the mill and established himself in the carpenter business. He has always affiliated with the Republican party, and has filled the offices of constable, treasurer and supervisor of the township. He and his family attend the Presbyterian Church. He married, September 21, 1893, Mary, daughter of Alexander Semple, and they have had children: Eugene, William Paul, and several daughters, all living at home with their parents.

(II) Charles Johnston, son of John and Margaret (Davis) Johnston, was born in Squirrel Hill, Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools of that district. For some years he cultivated a farm in his native township, then removed to Moon township, and still later returned to Hopewell township. He was active in local political affairs in behalf of the Republican party, and was a member of the Presbyterian Church. His death occurred while living with his son, John E., in New Sheffield. He married Esther Barry, born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they had children: Martha, William J., Laura, Elizabeth, deceased; T. D., John E., see forward; Hadessa, Sadie.

(III) John E. Johnston, son of Charles and Esther (Barry) Johnston, was born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 22, 1862. He received his education in the public schools of the township and upon its completion was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade. He followed this until he had attained his majority, then established himself in the flour and feed business in New Sheffield, Beaver county, and has been identified with this line for the past nine years. The firm name is Johnston & Bickstaff, and they conduct another store at Woodlawn. When Mr. Johnston purchased this business no carload of grain had ever been shipped to it and now it is conducted on an extensive scale. The firm name was formerly Johnston & Johnston; they now have a fine trade all over the country. Mr. Johnston is a staunch Democrat and has served as director on the school board. He married, on Thanksgiving Day, 1887, Mary Davidson, of Hopewell township, and they have had children: Blanche, a teacher; Frank W., a civil engineer; Aldah; Elsie; Chester Eugene.

The Swan family of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, of which
SWAN Rev. Thomas W. Swan is representative, descends from Peter
and Elizabeth (Henderson) Swan, who were born and lived
in England until about 1850, when he and his wife came to America, first
settling in Ohio and later moving to Wellsburg, West Virginia, where both
died at advanced ages. The family is an ancient one and numbers many
members important in their day and generation.

(II) Thomas Swan, son of Peter and Elizabeth (Henderson) Swan, was born in England, March 24, 1827, remaining in his native land until he attained legal age. His education was obtained in the public schools and was superior to that of the average man. In 1848 he came to the United States, locating in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he spent two years before moving to Richmond, Ohio. In the latter locality he became a successful operator in coal and coal lands, and rose to a most prominent position in the business world of that section of Ohio. He was deeply interested in educational matters, not only for the sake of his children, upon whom he showered every advantage possible, but for the sake of the public good. He was a member of the United Presbyterian Church and a man of high moral character.

He married Jane Hadden, daughter of James and Rosanna (Wilson) Hadden. James Hadden was born in Yetholm, a parish of Scotland in the northeastern part of county Roxburgh, on the Beaumont river. His children were: George, Rosanna, Peter, Jane, married Thomas Swan; Mary Ellen, Margaret, Ann, all born in England. Children of Thomas and Jane Swan: 1. Rev. Peter, died in 1909; for many years a faithful minister of the United Presbyterian Church. 2. James Hadden, died September 3, 1881; for many years a successful lumber merchant of Burlington, Iowa. 3. Matthew Henry, now a hardware merchant of Steubenville, Ohio. 4. George, a partner with his brother Matthew Henry. 5. Rev. Thomas W., of whom further. 6. Professor John Nesbit, born in Jefferson county, Ohio, educated in the public schools, Westminster College and Johns Hopkins University, whence he was graduated Ph. D.; he became a noted educator, teaching at Westminster College and later professor of chemistry in Monmouth (Illinois) College, which chair he now occupies. 7. Elizabeth Ann, married William H. Ramsey, an attorney of Garner, Iowa. 8. William Briggs, now engaged in the meat packing business in Memphis, Tennessee.

(III) Rev. Thomas W. Swan, son of Thomas and Jane (Hadden) Swan, was born at Richmond, Ohio, January 14, 1860. His early education was obtained in the public schools of Knoxville, Ohio, his study continuing at Westminster College at New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, until his graduation from the latter institution in 1884. In the fall of 1884 he entered Union Theological Seminary of New York City, continuing one year. In the fall of 1885 he entered Western Theological Seminary, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, whence he was graduated, class of 1887. In April, 1887, he was ordained as pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Wellsville, Ohio, and the same year accepted a call from the First Presbyterian Church of Steubenville, Ohio, remaining two years with great acceptability. In 1889 he was called to the First Presbyterian Church of West Pittston, Pennsylvania, remaining eight years, the beloved pastor of that congregation. In December, 1897, he accepted the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. This congregation,

owning one of the finest church edifices in Western Pennsylvania, has prospered under Rev. Swan's leadership, both spiritually and materially, the membership list having increased more than one hundred to its present figure, four hundred and fifty. Not only is he a forcible and eloquent pulpit orator, but a true pastor, winning his way to the hearts of the people by his sympathy and ever constant solicitude for their welfare. Nor is it only in his own congregation that he is so appreciated, his friends and admirers being found in other congregations and outside of all church organizations. As further evidence of the sterling character of his pastoral work may be cited the flourishing condition of the Sunday school and other departments of church work. Grove City College conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

Dr. Swan married, June 16, 1887, Jean, daughter of Hugh W. and Cornelia C. (Henry) McKean, of Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, and sister of Harry W. and Albert H. McKean. Children: 1. Lucille, born March 28, 1888; a graduate of New Brighton High School and who attended Wilson College, Chambersburg, Pennsylvania. 2. Harold McKean, born August 1, 1889, died April 17, 1899. 3. Albert W., born August 11, 1894; a graduate of New Brighton High School, now a student at State College, class of 1916. 4. Theodore, born January 20, 1896; graduate of New Brighton High School, class of 1913, now a student in University of Pittsburgh, class of 1917. 5. Charles W., born May 23, 1898. 6. Edward A., born May 6, 1900. 7. Robert K., born March 10, 1905.

The Kennedy family had a fourfold founding in the KENNEDY United States, when in 1796 four brothers of the name came to this country from the North of Ireland, the family home, all of the four settling in Indiana county, Pennsylvania. One of them, William, was the ancestor of the Kennedy line following, and settled near Armagh, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, marrying and becoming the father of children. The maiden name of his wife was Peddicord, and she bore him: Samuel, of whom further; James and Sarah.

(II) Samuel Kennedy, son of William Kennedy, was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, about 1810. He followed the occupation of his father, farming, and was a resident of his native county until June 1, 1877, then moved to Peabody, Kansas, in 1896 moved to Winfield, Kansas, died there in January, 1898. His religious faith was the Presbyterian, and he and his wife were strict observers of that religion. He married Amelia, daughter of Edmund Paige. Mr. Paige was born in Devonshire, England, in 1790; his wife was born the same year in Exeter, England. They were married in Dartmouth, England, in 1815. All of his children were born in England, and with his wife accompanied him when he came to the United States in 1831. Their voyage consumed seven weeks, their port of entry being Philadelphia, whence they came by wagon to Brush Valley township,

Indiana county, Pennsylvania, settling on land near the village of Mechanicsburg, and there died. Children of Edmund Paige: John D., Edmund Jr., Nicholas, Elizabeth, Amelia, of previous mention, married Samuel Kennedy; Susan. Children of Samuel and Amelia (Paige) Kennedy: Francis P., deceased; William Johnson, a real estate dealer of Winfield, Kansas; Elizabeth, deceased; John P., of whom further.

(III) John P. Kennedy, youngest of the four children of Samuel and Amelia (Paige) Kennedy, was born in Greenville, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, and in that neighborhood grew to maturity. Apprenticing himself to the carpenter's trade, he faithfully served the years necessary to become a thorough master of the craft, but after becoming a journeyman did not work at his trade for many years, although it has ever been the basis of his success and prosperity. In 1884 he moved to Blairsville, Pennsylvania, and there began contracting, conducting several independent building operations with profit. In conjunction with his building and contracting he managed a retail lumber yard which he owned, and through this added to his material goods considerably. In April, 1906, he journeyed to Long Beach, California, where for six years he was engaged in architectural designing and building. In September, 1912, he moved to Los Angeles, California, where he has since lived, continuing in the same business. Mr. Kennedy has been prominently identified with the National Guard of Pennsylvania, his connection therewith dating from 1875, when he became a private in the service, the following year being promoted to first sergeant, Company D, Thirteenth Regiment. He has been in active service several times, in 1877 being with his company in the Pittsburgh riots. He was commissioned second lieutenant of Company D, Tenth Regiment, and was mustered out of service with the entire company in 1881. This did not end his relation with state military matters, for in 1887 he was instrumental in the organization of a company in Blairsville, and when the company was admitted to the state body as Company D, Fifth Regiment, on February 7, 1888, he was elected captain, serving with his command for thirty days at the Homestead riots of 1892. When a complete reorganization of the Pennsylvania National Guard took place in 1893 he was promoted to the rank of major of the Fifth Regiment, seeing active duty in the Punxsutawney riots of 1894, and continuing to hold his rank until the war with Spain. In April, 1898, he entered the United States Volunteer service as major of the Fifth Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry, United States Volunteers, and during the Spanish-American War was stationed with the Fifth at Chickamauga, the force being mustered out of service, November 12, 1898, he as senior major of the regiment. Mr. Kennedy was a sturdy pillar of the Republican party until 1912, when he cast his fortunes with the National Progressive party, to which he lends hearty allegiance. For thirty-six years he has been a member of the United Presbyterian Church, and in the organization of that faith in Greenville and Blairsville, Penn-



John F. Kennedy

sylvania, Long Beach and Los Angeles, California, he has held official position, being now a member and officer of the church at the last named place. He is a man of genial nature, generous feelings and actions, wit and humor, his jovial qualities tempered by his more substantial traits of uprightness, honesty and unswerving moral integrity.

Mr. Kennedy married, December 25, 1876, Hannah, born in Cherry Hill township, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Thomas S. and Jane (McBeth) McKesson, the former named a son of John and Sara (Simpson) McKesson, and the latter named a daughter of James (a native of Ireland) and Sally (Curry) McBeth, of Philadelphia. Thomas S. McKesson was a carpenter and cabinet-maker, and lived for many years in Connellsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, where his death occurred in 1905, when he had attained a greatly advanced age. Children of Thomas S. McKesson: 1. John A., a carpenter, lives in Connellsville, Pennsylvania. 2. Hannah, of previous mention, married John P. Kennedy. 3. Melissa, married J. P. Shirley, and is now deceased. 4. Sarah (Sadie), married J. A. Wilson, and lived in Connellsville, Pennsylvania. Children of John P. and Hannah (McKesson) Kennedy: 1. Edmund A., lives in California. 2. Clair M., a dealer in stocks and bonds, lives in Blairsville, Pennsylvania. 3. John D. P., of whom further. 4. and 5. Flora Melissa and Bertha Jean, live unmarried with their parents.

(IV) John D. P. Kennedy, son of John P. and Hannah (McKesson) Kennedy, was born in Greenville, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, June 22, 1883, and when an infant was taken to Blairsville, Pennsylvania, where his early life was spent and where he attended and graduated from the high school, receiving his diploma with the class of 1900. For a year he was associated with his father in business, then entered Pennsylvania State University, where for two years he studied civil engineering. He then returned to Blairsville and was his father's assistant in his retail lumber yard until 1906, after which he was in business in Pittsburgh for two months. In 1907 he came to Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and was employed by the Beaver Falls Planing Mill Company as bookkeeper. His rise in this business has been rapid and reflects credit upon his able service, he having been made treasurer of the company in 1909, while two years later the additional duties of general manager were added to his responsibilities. The company with which he is now prominently identified has been trading since its establishment in 1867, having been incorporated under its present title in 1893. Firmly founded, with an honorable record covering nearly half a century, and officered by men of acknowledged standing among their business associates, the concern is one of the leaders in its line, and conducts a flourishing retail lumber and planing mill business. That there is an eminent position awaiting Mr. Kennedy in the life of Beaver Falls, where he has already displayed sterling worth, is undoubted, for he possesses aggressiveness, perseverance and enthusiasm to a degree that will place him in a

position both commanding and with infinite resources for serving his fellows. He is a trustee of the United Presbyterian Church of Beaver Falls, and is the teacher of the Baraca Bible class, composed of young men of the church and Sunday school. He is a Republican in political action and sympathy, is a member of the Tamaqua Club, and holds a place upon the board of directors of the Columbia Building and Loan Association. His activities outside of his business life are indicative of a man of well chosen interests and one whose aims are high and worthy of fulfillment, and his influence is ever cast upon the side of right and honor. His only fraternal relations are with his college fraternity, Phi Sigma Kappa, for which he was chosen during his college years.

Mr. Kennedy married, September 19, 1906, Sara A., born in Blairsville, Pennsylvania, daughter of James B. and Rebecca (McFarland) Torrance, residents of Blairsville, Pennsylvania, where he is connected with the People's Gas Company. Children of John D. P. and Sara A. (Torrance) Kennedy: 1. Donald Torrance, born October 26, 1910. 2. Robert McKesson, born August 29, 1912. The family home is at No. 1127 Sixth avenue, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

PETTLER The progenitors of Dr. Samuel H. Pettler, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, were of German and Hebrew nationality.

His grandfather, David Pettler, born in Germany near the border between Germany and Poland, grew to manhood there and married. He fought in the war between Russia and Turkey, and remained in his native land, following his trade of miller until 1884. He married Mary Müller, born in Poland, and after the birth of several of his children came with his family to the United States. This was in the year 1885, his settlement in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, being made in the same year. Later he located at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he conducted a dairy until his retirement from business, and where he is now (1914) residing. Children: Jacob, Peter, of whom further; Frederick, Philip, Abraham, Anna, married Charles Morris; Lillian.

(II) Peter Pettler, son of David and Mary (Müller) Pettler, born in Poland, Europe, is now a prosperous business man of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. On coming to the United States, he lived for a time in Pittsburgh, but soon afterward moved to Beaver Falls where he has since been actively engaged as iron founder, dealer in machinery and mill supplies, manufacturer of wire goods. He married Sarah Bell Fenmore; children: Sophia, married Dr. B. B. Handmacher, of Cleveland, Ohio; Louis C.; Isaac W.; Samuel H., of whom further; Nellie M., married Robert Roseman, of Youngstown, Ohio; Jacob; Mashel F.; Matilda, deceased; Eugene; Caroline M.; Lynn.

(III) Dr. Samuel H. Pettler, son of Peter and Sarah Bell (Fenmore) Pettler, was born in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1889. After

finishing a high school course in Beaver Falls, he entered Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, whence he was graduated M. D., class of 1912, having specialized in dermatology. After graduation he became interne at the Children's Hospital in Philadelphia, remaining until 1913, when he returned to Beaver county, locating at New Brighton, where he at once established an office for the practice of his profession, and where he is becoming well known as a skillful and reliable physician. Dr. Pettler holds membership in the American Institute of Homoeopathy and in the Homoeopathic Society of Beaver county, of which he is now president; he is also a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and a member and former president of the Greek letter society, Pi Upsilon, Rho Philadelphia Chapter.

Dr. Pettler married, March 16, 1913, Gertrude, daughter of Hyman and Ella Stack, of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania. One child, Arthur Morton, born January 7, 1914.

The immigrant Scotch-Irish settlers were in many respects a remarkable people. They were plain, frugal, frank and somewhat rough, yet they possessed great vivacity and quickness of parts. They were distinguished for their hospitality, firmness, valor and fidelity, and no people sustained a higher degree of moral and political respectability. The descendants inherit many of the highest and best characteristics of their forefathers.

(I) John Wilson was born in Ireland and emigrated to the United States when he was sixteen years of age. He landed at Philadelphia and made his home there for many years. He was a shoemaker by trade. After his second marriage he removed to Pittsburgh, and after the death of his second wife to New Lisbon, Ohio, where he died aged about seventy-two years. Mr. Wilson married (first) in Philadelphia, Sarah Holmes, a native of the state of Maryland, who died in Philadelphia in 1849; he married (second) Elizabeth Berry, who died in 1856. By his first marriage he had a number of children, and among those who grew to maturity were: Benjamin C., of further mention; Eliza Jane, now the widow of William Frazier Barkley, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Barkley and his wife were married in New Brighton, June 17, 1872, and moved into the house in which she now lives, and where he died at the age of eighty years, February 7, 1913.

(II) Benjamin C. Wilson, son of John and Sarah (Holmes) Wilson, was born in Philadelphia, in 1841, died at Youngstown, Ohio, December 23, 1875. His education was acquired in public schools, and he came to Pittsburgh with his father and went with the family to Ohio. He enlisted in the Seventh Ohio Regiment and served more than three years. He then made his home in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he lived until his removal to Youngstown, Ohio. He was killed on the railroad. In politics he was a Republican, and had for many years been a member of the Inde-

pendent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he was past noble grand. Mr. Wilson married, in New Brighton, June 17, 1867, Martha Bennett, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1840. She was a daughter of William and Jane (Bradley) Bennett, both born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. William Bennett was a carpenter by trade, and also the owner of a number of canal boats. He bought the land on which Frank Benjamin Wilson is now living, at an early day, and erected a fine residence on it. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett had children: Mary, Martha, mentioned above; Eliza, Lavina, Ella, Cynthia, Frank, Charles, Emma. William Bennett died in 1901 at the age of eighty-seven years. His parents were pioneer settlers of Beaver county, and both died at Bennett's Run.

(III) Frank Benjamin Wilson, son of Benjamin C. and Martha (Bennett) Wilson, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 5, 1873. He was educated in the New Brighton public schools, and after various occupations became a freight brakeman in the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, retaining this position about six years. In 1908 he commenced his work as a post office messenger in New Brighton, a responsible office which he is still filling to the entire satisfaction of his superior officers. In politics a Republican, he has served his community seven years as a member of the school board. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Protestant Church, and his fraternal affiliations are with the Knights of Pythias of New Brighton, the Order of United American Mechanics and the Knights of the Maccabees. He has built a beautiful and commodious house at what was at that time the corner of Tenth street and Fifth avenue. Mr. Wilson married, in 1898, Ella Wolf, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 20, 1874. She is a daughter of John Louis and Mary V. (Mygrant) Wolf, and a granddaughter of Henry J. Wolf, who with his wife were early settlers of Beaver county, and died at Crow's Run, near Freedom, coming from east of the mountains and settling at Crow's Run before there were any railroads, the only way to Pittsburgh being by means of a trail. Mary V. (Mygrant) Wolf came with her parents from the east end of Pittsburgh in a canal boat to Freedom, Beaver county, Mrs. Ellen (Blashford) Mygrant and Jane (Gibson) Blashford, mother and grandmother of Mary V. (Mygrant) Wolf, came to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, when it was infested by Indians, and they settled in East Liberty. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson: Edward Benjamin, born November 17, 1901; Alice Elizabeth, born August 1, 1905.

The name Potter is one of the oldest and most numerous in POTTER the United States, no less than eleven settlers of that name coming to New England during the seventeenth century. The branch herein recorded does not date to these settlers, however, but to Robert Potter, who came from Ireland to Pennsylvania in 1774, settling soon afterward in Allegheny county, where he died leaving issue: James, John, Adam.

(II) James Potter, son of Robert Potter, was born in Western Pennsylvania about 1775. He grew to manhood in Allegheny county, later resided in Venango county, remaining there until 1812, when he moved to Beaver county, his home until death. He was a stone mason by trade and a contractor. After his removal in 1812 to his farm, four miles from Beaver, he erected a stone house thereon which is yet standing. He was a member of the United Presbyterian Church as were his children. He died in Industry township and is buried in the Old Beaver Cemetery. He married (first) Mary Quigley, who bore him seven children: Robert, of whom further; James, John K., Enoch, Calvin, Emily, Margaret. He married (second) a Miss Christie, who bore him one child, Hannah, now (1913) the only survivor of the family. Both wives died in Industry township.

(III) Robert (2) Potter, eldest son of James Potter and his first wife, was born in Venango county, Pennsylvania, in 1806. When six years of age the family removed to Beaver county, where he attended the public schools and became a civil engineer, surveyor and farmer. In 1836 he purchased a farm in Raccoon township, on which he lived until his death, fifty-eight years later, January 1, 1894, aged eighty-eight years. He was one of the prominent men of the county, served one appointive and one elective term as county commissioner; was justice of the peace of Raccoon township for thirty years, also school director and supervisor. He was a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian Church, and a man of irreproachable character.

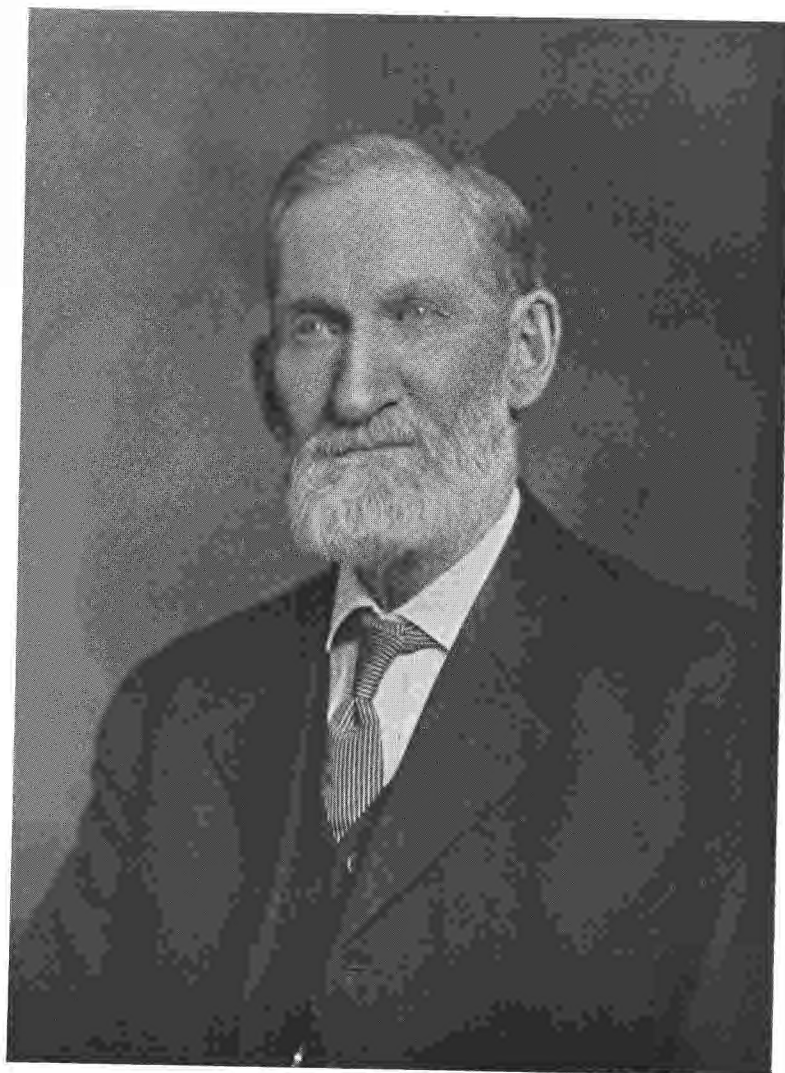
He married (first) in 1835, Mary Irvin Braden, born in Raccoon township, daughter of John Braden, a farmer of the township. She died in 1843. He married (second) in 1855, Rosanna, daughter of James and Agnes (Baker) Reed, born in Raccoon township, died in Rochester, Pennsylvania, February 15, 1903. James Reed was a farmer of the township. Mrs. Potter was one of a family of seven children: Harriet, married Daniel Baker; Jennie, married Cornelius Weygandt; Washington B., married Eliza Kerr; Rosanna, married Robert Potter; John, married Ruth Ann Allen; Bettie, married John Bryan; Jesse, married Martha Jane Kennedy. By his first marriage Robert Potter had children. 1. Lieutenant James, killed at Shepherdstown, West Virginia, during the Civil War, an officer of Company A, Seventeenth Regiment Pennsylvania Cavalry. 2. John B., died October 20, 1902, married Margaret Shroads. 3. William B. 4. Emily, married Walter S. Dunn. 5. Mary, died in infancy. By second marriage: 6. Ida Mary, died unmarried, December 13, 1887. 7. Robert Calvin, married Maude L. Calhoun and has George A., Charles M., Ida Belle. 8. Washington M., of whom further.

(IV) Washington M. Potter, youngest son of Robert (2) Potter and his second wife, Rosanna (Reed) Potter, was born in Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 8, 1864. He obtained a good public school education in the township schools, where his early life was spent. After completing his studies he taught three terms in the public

schools, then entered Washington and Jefferson College, taking the regular course one year and the scientific course two years. He spent some time in the West, taught school in Iowa three terms, afterward beginning the study of law under John M. Buchanan, of Beaver. He continued his study for two years, passed the required examinations and was admitted to the Beaver county bar, January 13, 1896. On April 1, 1896, he located at Freedom, where he is well established in the practice of his profession, and closely identified with the business interests of that thriving borough. Learned in the law and skillful in its application, Mr. Potter is highly regarded among his professional brethren, and is firmly established in public confidence. He is a Democrat in politics, served as chairman of the Beaver County Democratic Committee for three years and is one of the strong influential men of his party. His business connections outside his profession are with the Freedom National Bank, which he serves as director, and with the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Beaver County, of which he is the solicitor, an office he has held since 1898. He is a member of Edith Lodge, No. 812, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Freedom, in which he has passed all the official chairs, and of Quay Camp, Woodmen of the World, of Beaver. In religious faith he is a member of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church, of Freedom, his wife also being a communicant of that faith and congregation.

He married, May 6, 1900, Cora A. Mengel, born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Catherine (Hartman) Mengel. John Mengel, born in Germany, now lives retired in Freedom, aged eighty-four years, but well preserved and active. His wife, Catherine, was a native of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, died in Freedom, September 14, 1912. Children of John Mengel: Margaret, married George F. Mengel; John Albert, married Louisa Mengel; Edward D.; Lillian L., married Frank Brandt; George F., married Annie Matthews; Cora A., of previous mention; Elmer J., married Olive Strock; Eureka; Laura, deceased; another who died in infancy. The children of Washington M. and Cora A. Potter are: Catherine Hartman, born in Freedom, May 13, 1905; Mary Mengel, born October 10, 1913.

James Purdy, the first of this line of whom we have record, PURDY was born in Ireland in 1755. At the age of twelve years he left his native land in the company of his father and mother and two sisters. With the exception of James the entire family died on the voyage to the New World, and James Purdy landed at New York City alone. He went to an aunt who resided in Philadelphia, and was reared in that city. The cause of American Independence aroused his deepest sympathy, and he rose to the rank of colonel in the Continental army when he was but twenty-one years of age. For a time he lived in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and in 1815 removed to Finley township, Allegheny county, which was then a part of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. There he



John Parady

acquired a large tract of land, which he cleared for farming purposes, and on which he died. In Philadelphia he had married Agnes Farmer, and among his children were: Archibald, who was a school teacher, and Farmer, of whom further.

(II) Farmer Purdy, son of James and Agnes (Farmer) Purdy, received a part of his education under his brother Archibald. He took up farming as an occupation and was also extensively engaged in sheep raising. He removed to Frankfort Springs in 1839, and there had a farm of approximately one hundred and forty-seven acres. This was largely devoted to grazing purposes, as he generally had a flock of between four and five hundred sheep. He was a self-made man, having had no fortune of any kind when he started in his line of business, and became a very prosperous man. While his education had not been a very extensive one, he had richly supplemented it by extended and carefully selected reading, and was one of the most wide-awake men of his section. In farming matters and in sheep raising he was looked up to as an authority. He had a robust constitution and attained the unusual age of ninety-two years. He had joined the United Presbyterian Church at the age of twenty-one years, and from that time never missed a communion. He was an elder in the church, and often was chosen as a delegate to the general assembly. In his earlier years he gave his political allegiance to the Whig party, but upon the formation of the Republican party he joined its ranks, and at times was chosen to the office of judge of elections. Mr. Purdy married (first) in 1828, Esther Richmond, and had children: James, deceased; John, see forward; William, a soldier in the Civil War, was killed at the battle of Spottsylvania; Margaret Jane, Mary, Martha, Elizabeth, Isabella, Esther. All the daughters with the exception of Esther died before reaching the age of twenty-one years. Mr. Purdy married (second) Mary Frazier, and had children: Maria, Sarah, Andrew, who died in infancy.

(III) John Purdy, son of Farmer and Esther (Richmond) Purdy, was born November 8, 1833. He acquired his education in the public schools of Frankfort Springs. He was a very young lad when he commenced to assist his father in the care of the sheep and the farm in general, and was thus employed until about the age of twenty-eight years. August 11, 1862, he enlisted in Company H, One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war. May 12, 1864, at the battle of Spottsylvania, he was wounded in the arm and in the side, in the same charge in which his brother William was killed. Before the close of the war he had been an active participant in twelve battles, in addition to a number of minor engagements. He waded through bloody wheat fields, and was slightly wounded in the foot at the battle of Gettysburg, and was in the front line of the Color Guard at the time of the surrender of General Lee. He was a Republican in his political views, and was judge of elections in Brighton township and in Hopewell township. After the close of the war he engaged in general farming and stock rais-

ing on a farm two miles west of Beaver, Beaver county, and was very successful in this enterprise. In 1911 he was one of several men to organize a gas company, since then sold to the Superior Gas Improvement Company, of which he is still a stockholder. In 1905 he purchased ground at New Sheffield, Beaver county, on which he has erected a fine residence. He also has a farm in Florida.

Mr. Purdy married (first) August 20, 1868, Hannah C. Christy, born and reared at Shippingport, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. They had children: William, a civil engineer, who died in 1903; Oliver, an attorney in Pittsburgh, who resides in Coraopolis. Mr. Purdy married (second) August 21, 1912, Sarah Hutchison. Mr. Purdy is held in the highest esteem in the community in which he resides, not alone for his business abilities, but for the bravery and patriotism which have ever characterized his actions, and for a number of other sterling qualities.

Croatia, Austria-Hungary, has not, in all probability, FRIEDFELD sent to the United States any more immigrants, in proportion to its area, than many other sections of the monarchy, but an unusual number from that province have settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, many of them related. In this record of the Friedfelds it is well to mention that among the close connections of the family to settle in that country have been G. V. Fleischhacker, a banker of Rochester, Pennsylvania; L. Pinter, a banker and merchant of Beaver Falls; Adolph Fleischhacker, a merchant, steamship and foreign exchange agent of Woodlawn, and several others, all of whom arrived in the place in which they have attained business prominence and prosperity before the immigration of Edward Friedfeld.

Edward Friedfeld was born in Croatia, Austria-Hungary, in 1860, and there made his home until February, 1907, when he came to Ambridge, Pennsylvania, becoming a clerk in the bank of Paul Harbula, where he remained until 1909. Since the latter year he has been manager of the foreign department of the Ambridge Savings and Trust Company. His profits he has carefully saved and wisely invested in real estate, and he is now the owner of two store buildings on Market street, a store at the corner of Park road and First street, two dwellings, and another house in Colona, Pennsylvania. His services to his employers are devoted and efficient, no department of the company's organization boasting of better system or methods than that over which he has control. Thorough-going fidelity has marked his term of service and has won him favor with his superiors in the organization, and his whole-hearted efforts are directed toward its prosperity and fortune, his increase resulting directly from that of his firm. Edward Friedfeld became a citizen of his adopted country early in 1914. He and his wife are firm believers in the Jewish faith, and worship according to its ritual. He married, in Croatia, Austria-Hungary, Helen Fleisch-

hacker, born there in 1866, and had children: 1. Lavoslav, of whom further. 2. Theresa, died in June, 1909, aged twenty-one years.

(II) Lavoslav Friedfeld, son of Edward and Helen (Fleischhacker) Friedfeld, was born in Croatia, Austria-Hungary, March 2, 1885. He attended various institutions of learning in his country, among them ones at Vienna and Prague, and was graduated from the Francis Joseph University, at Agram, capital of Croatia, in 1911, with the degree of LL. D. He had, before his graduation, served a one year enlistment in the army of his country, and soon after receiving his degree began the practice of law, which he followed for three years. His father's example furnished him with the inspiration to come to the United States, and he did so, arriving in Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1912, immediately establishing in business, opening a foreign exchange, becoming agent for a number of reputable transatlantic steamship lines, and advising on questions of international law. The following year he retired from this business, adopting that of merchant, his store being at the corner of First street and Park road, where he conducts a flourishing establishment at the present time. That success will award his future efforts in the mart of trade as in student and professional activities is to be inferred from the manner in which he has inaugurated his new venture, his code being fair dealing, impersonal transactions, and close attention to the wants of his patrons. Mr. Friedfeld as well as his parents are linguists, he and his father each speaking fluently seven languages.

Mr. Friedfeld married, in January, 1910, Theresa Herzog, a native of Herzegovina. Her parents are living at the present time in Croatia, Austria-Hungary, where her father is an extensive railroad contractor, having been awarded the largest contracts in the construction of the Laconian Railroad, upon which he is now engaged. Children: 1. Theresa, of previous mention, married Lavoslav Friedfeld. 2. Charles, in business in Midland, Pennsylvania. 3. Salena, a resident of Croatia, Austria-Hungary. 4. Edith, lives in Ambridge, Pennsylvania. 5. Eugene, a student in the School of Industry, Agram, Austria-Hungary. Lavoslav and Theresa (Herzog) Friedfeld are the parents of two children: Gertrude, born September 26, 1912; Aida, born February 2, 1914.

BRENHOLTS Frederick Brenholts, the founder of his family in America, entered that land through the port of Philadelphia, and in seeking his first residence did not travel far from that city. Agriculture had been his occupation in his native land, Germany, and the fertile lands of Delaware county appealed strongly to his love of the soil and he there settled. His wife died in that locality in 1849 and he afterward took a second wife, whose maiden name was Hipple, and in 1863 moved to Jefferson county, Pennsylvania. He was not wholly dependent upon his land for an existence, for he was a competent carpenter, having served the regular apprenticeship at that trade, and was thus

frequently employed. His death occurred in Jefferson county in 1890, when he was ninety-two years of age. His first political affiliation was with the Republican party, but he later became an enthusiastic and ardent supporter of the Prohibition cause. By his first marriage he was the father of: Hannah, deceased; Lewis; George Washington, of whom further.

(II) George Washington Brenholts, son of Frederick Brenholts, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1849. Until he was fourteen years of age his home was in the county of his birth and he there attended school, moving to Jefferson county with his parents in 1863. In manhood he became a farmer and followed that calling throughout all of his active years, now living retired at Falls Creek, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania. His political party is the Republican, and his church the Methodist Episcopal. He married Margaret E. Dailey, born in eastern Pennsylvania in 1850. Her father was a native of Ireland, as was her mother, Eliza Jane (Morrison) Dailey, and settled in eastern Pennsylvania, where he died, his wife moving to Jefferson county, her death occurring in that county in 1892. Children: Mary Ann; John, a Union soldier in the Civil War; William, deceased, fought on the northern side in the Civil War; Margaret E., mentioned above; James. Children of George Washington and Margaret E. (Dailey) Brenholts: 1. William F., a resident of Pittsburgh; superintendent of the Airtight Steel Tank Company of Pittsburgh; married Jennie E. Buchannan, of Allens Mills; they have had six children: Florence, Anna M., deceased; Leslie, Howard, George, Alice. 2. Clayton Super, of whom further. 3. Eliza Jane, married Francis R. Morrison, of Coal Glen, Pennsylvania; children: George F., William Carlisle, and two deceased.

(III) Clayton Super Brenholts, younger of the two sons of George Washington and Margaret E. (Dailey) Brenholts, was born in Allens Mills, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, January 2, 1878. His youthful years were spent on the home farm, his education being obtained in the public schools of the county. As young men he and his elder brother, William F., established in the hardware business at Mount Jewett, McKean county, Pennsylvania, trading under the firm name Brenholts Brothers. In this locality they catered to a profitable business until 1903, when they changed the scene of their operations to Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, continuing there for two years, success also attending their new venture. In 1905 they sold all the rights and privileges of their business to the Luce Hardware Supply Company, embarking upon a new line of activity as installers of steam and hot water heating systems, retaining the old firm name. In 1911, after a career covering prosperous ventures in two lines of endeavor, the firm of Brenholts Brothers was dissolved, Clayton S. Brenholts establishing the Brenholts Machine Company, of which he is the sole owner, the present site of the business being the southeast corner of Charles and Merchant streets. The building housing the new concern was erected in 1913 and is eighty-six by twenty-two feet, Mr. Brenholts also owning the building on Merchant street occupied by the Ambridge Printing Company.

Since its birth his business has steadily grown until it has assumed good proportions, its sturdy and vigorous expansion branding it a success. Mr. Brenholts is, with his wife, a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was formerly a member of Allens Mills Lodge, No. 436, Patriotic Order Sons of America. He is a Prohibitionist in politics. He is deeply interested and energetically active in all temperance movements, in their other phases as well as in their relation to politics, and in 1913 was a delegate to the congress of the Anti-Saloon League, held at Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Brenholts married, in 1903, Alice M. Maynard, born in Erie county, Pennsylvania, November 24, 1877, daughter of Richard and Harriet (Cudhney) Maynard. Her mother died November 15, 1913, her father, a veteran of the Civil War, now living at East Springfield, Erie county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Brenholts and his wife are the parents of one child, by adoption, Viola Isabel, born December 15, 1911. Mrs. Brenholts was one of a family of three daughters: Viola B., unmarried, at home; Alice M., above mentioned; Mary G., unmarried, at home.

The American ancestor of the Davis line herein recorded was DAVIS Stewart Davis, a native of England, who came to Tarentum, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at an early day, and there died in 1853. His wife was likewise a native of England, and in that country their wedding ceremony was solemnized. In the home country both had been members of the Presbyterian faith, and in their new home continued to worship according to the forms of that religion. Stewart Davis and his wife, Sarah, had children: 1. John Alexander, deceased. 2. Sanderson, a Union soldier in the Civil War, died in Andersonville prison after being captured by the enemy. 3. Thomas G., of whom further. 4. Mary, born in Tarentum, Pennsylvania; married Robert Keenan, of Carnegie, Pennsylvania, where she now lives, aged eighty-five years.

(II) Thomas G. Davis, son of Stewart and Sarah Davis, was born in Tarentum, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 2, 1840. He attended the public schools of his birthplace, and as a young man learned the trade of bricklayer. For twenty-three years he was an officer of the River Side Prison, in Pittsburgh, and for the past eight years has held the position of health officer in the same city. In him the city has found a servant reliable and energetic in discharging the duties of his office, a man of initiative and zealous endeavor, whose judgments and decisions hold and merit the confidence of those in authority above him. He married Sarah A. Clark, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1842, deceased, daughter of Matthias Joseph Clark, born on the ocean on the way to the United States from Scotland, of which country his parents were natives, and Martha (McKinley) Clark, born in Scotland, the home of her family for generations. Children of Matthias Joseph and Martha (McKinley) Clark: Sarah A., of previous mention, married Thomas G. Davis; Belle; Richard, deceased; Matthias

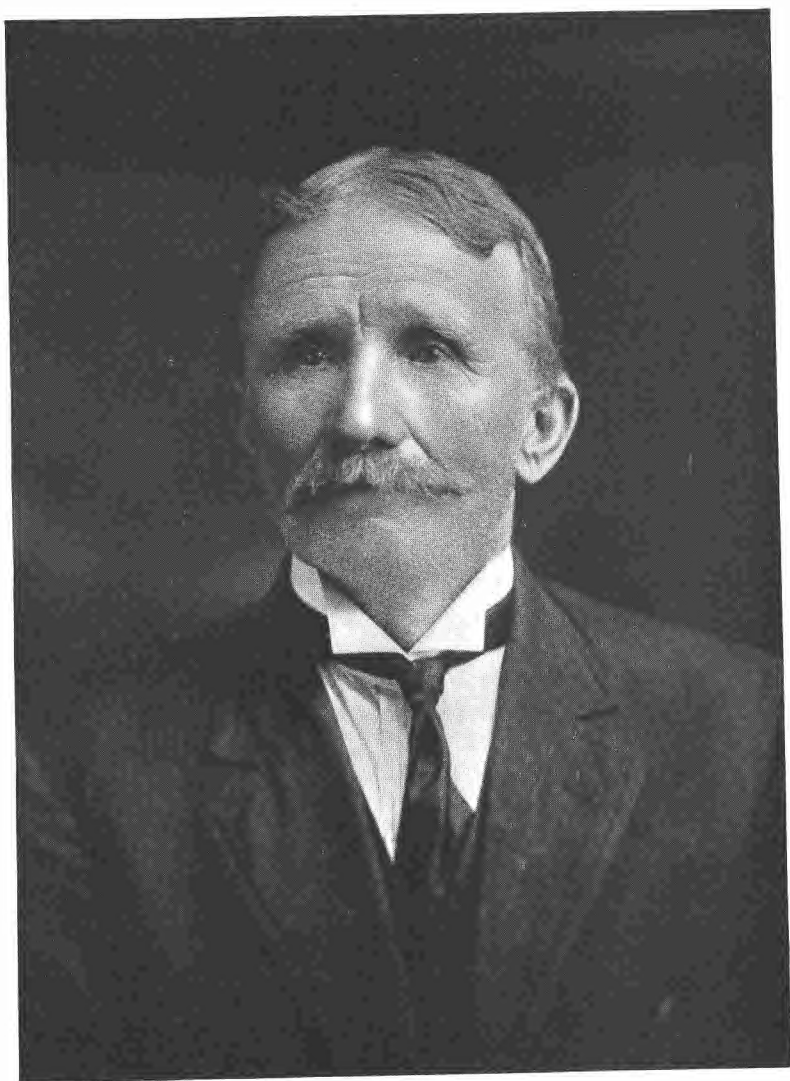
Joseph Jr., deceased. Children of Thomas G. and Sarah A. (Clark) Davis: Clark S., Martha B., George T., of whom further, Elmer E.

(III) George T. Davis, son of Thomas G. and Sarah A. (Clark) Davis, was born on the homestead in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 16, 1871. He attended the public schools of Tarentum until the family moved to Allegheny City (Pittsburgh North Side), in that place enrolling in the ninth ward school. After completing his studies he became apprenticed to the plumber's trade, and serving his preliminary time, was at length proficient in his business, working as a journeyman for a few years and later doing considerable contracting in that line, owning a well-established and lucrative business. He withdrew from this occupation, purchasing a hotel in Allegheny City, which for ten years he conducted as the Hotel Davis. In 1913 he became owner of the Hotel Harmony, in Harmony township, residing in Ambridge, the hotel being located at Merchant and Third streets. This he has since managed with signal success, the experience of his previous venture in that occupation having taught him many valuable lessons, to which he attaches due regard, and through which he benefits. His political allegiance is accorded the Republican party, and he belongs to Allegheny Lodge, No. 339, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and Aerie No. 827, Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Mr. Davis married, December 24, 1896, Jennie M. Jones, daughter of Daniel E. and Harriet Jones, of Pittsburgh. Children of George T. and Jennie M. (Jones) Davis: Thomas George, deceased; Clark Stewart, deceased; Lois, born March 13, 1909.

MILLER is an exceedingly common name in Pennsylvania and other parts of the country, belonging to many different families, and to at least two distinct stocks. For while many families of British origin bear this name, there is a probably smaller but not inconsiderable number of families of German descent, whose name was formerly Mueller or Moeller, but has been anglicized into Miller. The family under discussion in this review has only been in the United States two generations, but their influence has been felt beneficially in a variety of directions.

(I) Godfrey Miller was born in Germany, and emigrated to America in 1825, bringing with him his wife and four children. He had been a farmer in his native land, and after spending two years as a laborer in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, he returned to the occupation with which he had been associated before his arrival in this country. He farmed successively at the following places: Philipsburg, Bridgewater, New Cumberland, Greene township, Beaver county, Hopewell township, in the latter place his farm being near Woodlawn, and he settled on this in 1863, his son Henry residing on it at the present day. Mr. Miller married Rosena Bender, and had children, the first four born in Germany: John, Andrew,



Henry Miller

Godfrey, Michael, Leonard, Hannah, Jacob, Henry, Christler, Mary, and two daughters who died in Monaca, Pennsylvania.

(II) Henry Miller, son of Godfrey and Rosena (Bender) Miller, was born at Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 8, 1850. He was educated in the public schools of Shippingport and Industry, and the Mount Vernon School in Hopewell township. His entire life has been spent on the homestead farm, with the exception of the winters when he was engaged in steamboating until fifteen years ago. Formerly he owned one hundred acres of land, which he kept in a fine state of cultivation, raising general produce. When Woodlawn borough became more developed, Mr. Miller sold a portion of his estate as building lots, at an excellent profit, and retained only nineteen acres for his personal use. This he has greatly improved, and in 1911 erected a fine brick dwelling upon it, fitting it with every modern improvement. Mr. Miller is a stockholder in the Superior Gas Company. Mr. Miller has been an active worker in the interests of the community, and the citizens have recognized this by electing him to the offices of school director and supervisor, in which he served for a number of years, and at the present time (1914) is a member of the election board. He is an ardent Democrat, and he and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church. Mr. Miller married, in 1878, Jennie Feigley, and they have had children: William, Ella Mary, Maggie Emma, Myrna, Edna Frances, Laura B., Edith, Hazel, Helen, Henry Homer.

STRAUBE The family records of Germany contain the early history of the Straube family, which has been represented in the United States by but two generations.

(I) This record begins with Wilhelm Straube born in Germany, December 16, 1833, who in his native land learned the trade of gardener, there holding the position of gardener to the baronial estate of Frederick Von Werder. In 1884 he and his wife came to the United States, settling in East Palestine, Ohio. In 1892 they removed to Economy, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, the town of the Economites. He later began work at his former trade, that of gardener, continuing in this line until his death, October 5, 1897, in which business he acquired a competence. Both he and his wife were members of the Lutheran Church. He married, in Germany, Fredericka Von Hohndorf, born in Germany, April 13, 1833, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 6, 1913. Children of Wilhelm and Fredericka (Von Hohndorf) Straube: 1. Ernest, a resident of Youngstown, Pennsylvania. 2. Theresa, married Christian Reese, of East Palestine, Ohio. 3. Bertha, lives in Berlin, Germany. 4. Charlotte, wife of Charles Juch, a resident of Verona, Pennsylvania. 5. Carl Frederick, of whom further. 6. Clara, married Bert Ewing, a resident of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 7. Louisa, married Oliver Merriman, and lives in Lincoln Place, Pennsylvania. 8. Fred, a soldier of the regular army, served

in Cuba in the Spanish-American War. 9. Otto, lives in Ambridge, Pennsylvania. 10. Paul, a resident of Ambridge, Pennsylvania.

(II) Carl Frederick Straube, son of Wilhelm and Fredericka (Von Hohndorf) Straube, was born in Germany, June 2, 1865. He was educated in the public and private schools of his native land, attending a seminary in preparation for a teacher's career. He came to the United States in 1882, two years before his parents came to the United States, and settled in East Palestine, Ohio, where his education was continued in the high school, later in the Commercial Business College, of Pittsburgh, Duquesne College, and Curry University, also of Pittsburgh. His own studies completed, he did not retire from scholarly work, but accepted a position as instructor in a private school in Wheeling, West Virginia. He was then offered a place upon the editorial staff of the *Volksblatt*, now published as the *Volksblatt und Freiheitsfreund*, serving thereon in 1892 and 1893. For this position and work he was admirably fitted, his wide education and power of graceful expression being attributes possessing high value in such a field, but it was not to his liking and he resigned. From the time of his severance of connections with this journal until 1902 he was employed principally as a traveling salesman, in the latter year settling in Old Economy, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, there engaging in the real estate business, which he has since followed. During his residence in that locality he has often contributed articles and poems to the press, and has also written several more lengthy compositions. In 1911 he published a book of poems entitled "The Rise and Fall of the Harmony Society of Economy, Pennsylvania, and Other Poems," and since that time has been working on another volume, now in the hands of the publisher, which will be presented to the public in 1914. Mr. Straube's writings are not the vapid effusions of a business man who has ventured beyond his depth and who has been caught in a maze of sounding expression, but the keen and observant views and sentiments of one accustomed to seeking below the surface of events for facts and motives. His essays are clearly and intelligently written, entirely readable and understandable, while his poems preserve the proper meter and measure in the most involved passages. That his talents are not only those of the student and scholar is shown by his successful real estate dealings. He is the promoter of the Schiller Street Extension, in Baden, and also is the moving spirit in oil operations in the same place. Both are in full progress, both are attracting purchasers of means and of a desirable class.

To round out an already busily occupied existence, Mr. Straube is an active politician, his public service beginning in 1898 when he was elected justice of the peace of Economy township. Ambridge became a borough in 1905, and he was a member of the first council, holding membership in that body to the present time, and has for four consecutive terms been its president. In 1913 he was elected burgess of the town for a term of four years, action that compelled him to resign his seat in council. He was the Republican candidate for the state legislature in 1910, and was nominated,



Carl F. Straube

but the victory of the Keystone party in the fall election brought defeat to him. He has all the qualities of a successful public man, agreeable and affable in address, fluent and interesting in speech, genial and pleasant in nature. His services have been productive of much good to his town, his influence ever being allied with the forces working for the best in civil life, and as chief executive of the borough he will in all probability father many undertakings for the welfare of the community. He fraternizes with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, having joined that order at Rochester, Pennsylvania, and was one of the organizers and a charter member of the lodge of that society at Ambridge, for two years holding the chaplain's chair, and is also a member of the Royal Order of Moose, beside being one of the founders of the Harmony Maennerchor.

Mr. Straube married, in 1904, Jennie Roth, born in Zoar, Ohio, her parents being members of a society known as the Zoarites. Children of Carl Frederick and Jennie (Roth) Straube: Freda, born September 12, 1905; Carl Roth Roosevelt, born August 6, 1907. The Straube home is the building in which the Harmony Society at one time manufactured their famous silks, now thoroughly remodeled into a commodious and comfortable dwelling. Mr. Straube has gained an almost national reputation in prosecuting the famous Harmony Society case in bringing about a settlement and establishing the respective rights of the heirs of former members and the rights of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania through the statutory channels of escheatment.

While not an old one in the annals of this country, the McHATTIE family bearing the name of McHattie has contributed largely to progress and good citizenship during its residence in the United States.

(I) Peter McHattie was born in Scotland in 1792, and died in Leetsdale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1862. He emigrated to the United States with his family in 1857, and made his home in Leetsdale. He married, in Scotland, Belle Frazier, born in that country in 1802, died at Leetsdale, 1872. They had children: George, born in 1826, died in 1913; James, deceased; John, died in Detroit, Michigan; Peter, of Ellwood City, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania; Belle, born in 1834, died in 1906; Jane, died in Scotland at the age of eighteen years; Elsie, married John Probert, of Allegheny City; Ella, widow of Lyman Woodworth, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania; William, see forward; Jeannette, married Thomas Tracey, of Pittsburgh, both deceased; Adam, of Sacramento, California.

(II) William McHattie, son of Peter and Belle (Frazier) McHattie, was born in Scotland, September 1, 1845. He was twelve years of age when he came to the United States with his parents, and his education was partly acquired in Scotland. Upon his arrival here he became a pupil in the public schools of Leetsdale, and was graduated from the City College in the class of 1866. For a time he followed farming and garden-

ing, at first in Pulaski township, removing then to Hopewell township, Beaver county, in 1891. For a period of four years he was engaged in the gas business; then in the dairy business eleven years, selling this and becoming a merchant at Woodlawn, a line with which he was identified five years, and then retired to private life in 1910. He was a strong advocate of Republican principles, and served as school director six years.

Mr. McHattie married, April 4, 1875, Catherine McCune, born in county Cavan, Ireland, May 4, 1857, daughter of Thomas and Honora (Riley) McCune, both natives of county Cavan, Ireland; he came to America in 1881, where he died in 1888, at the age of seventy-five years; she died in Ireland in 1860. They had children: James, died in England, aged about forty years; Patrick, of Braddock, Pennsylvania; Andrew, of McKees Rocks; Thomas, lost at sea when he was about forty years old; Mary, who married Michael Owens, of Pittsburgh, both deceased; Michael, of East End, Pittsburgh; Catherine, mentioned above as the wife of Mr. McHattie. The grandparents of Mrs. McHattie were Thomas and — (Brady) McCune, of Ireland, both of whom died in that country at an advanced age. William and Catherine (McCune) McHattie had children: 1. Isabelle, born January 16, 1876; married Patrick Morgan, of Crafton, Pennsylvania; they had no children. 2. James, born October 18, 1877; is now of New Brighton, Pennsylvania; he married Margaret Rowan, of Kingston, Pennsylvania. 3. Thomas, born March 4, 1879; resides with his parents; he is a member of Woodlawn Lodge, No. 1221, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; he is an engineer by occupation. 4. William, born October 7, 1882; also an engineer; he is a member of Allegheny Lodge, No. 1708, Fraternal Order of Eagles. 5. Charles, born March 10, 1885. 6. George, born December 6, 1887, died March 12, 1888. 7. Herbert, born January 26, 1889, died December 6, 1913, killed in an accident on a street car line; was one of the most promising young men in this part of the state, and was preparing himself for the legal profession; he was a clerk in the office of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company. 8. Elsie, born July 18, 1893. 9. Mary, born June 7, 1896. William McHattie Sr. was reared in the Presbyterian denomination, while his family attend the Catholic Church.

The ancestors of this family came from Ireland, the CALHOUN American progenitor having been Andrew Calhoun, who was born in Derry county, Ireland, about 1802, and died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He emigrated to America and settled in Beaver county when he was a young man, married there, and had children as follows: Robert, of further mention; John; James.

(II) Robert Calhoun, son of Andrew Calhoun, was born in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and married Eliza Scott, born in Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Among their children was John C., of further mention.

(III) John C. Calhoun, son of Robert and Eliza (Scott) Calhoun, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1835, and died in 1907. He was educated in the public schools of Old Brighton, and learned the trade of tanning. He took a prominent part in the public affairs of the community, as an adherent of the Republican party, served as county commissioner, 1875-76-77, and was in office as justice of the peace at the time of his death. His religious affiliations were with the Methodist Protestant Church. Mr. Calhoun married Nancy White, born in Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1845, daughter of Harvey and Eliza (Robinson) White, both natives of Beaver county, and a sister of Sarah, James and Samuel White. Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun had children: Thomas S., of further mention; Harry, also of further mention; Edmund S.; Robert E.; Harvey W.

(IV) Thomas S. Calhoun, son of John C. and Nancy (White) Calhoun, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 16, 1860. The public schools of New Brighton furnished a practical education to Mr. Calhoun, and all his earlier years were passed in that town. Upon the completion of his education he entered upon his business career, which has been a varied and interesting as well as a successful one. His first position was with the Novelty Works of Logan & Strawbridge of New Brighton, and from there he went to Canton, Ohio, having accepted a position with the Elbel Company, in the hardware line. He next established himself in business independently, in New Brighton, in 1891, as a confectioner, and was successfully identified with this for a period of ten years. After this he was in the foundry business in New Brighton for eight years, and in 1911 removed to Woodlawn, where he opened a confectionery and stationery business, which he has since that time conducted. The building in which he carries on his business was erected by him and is still his property. In political matters he is a Republican, and in fraternal, a member of the Royal Arcanum. His wife is a member of the Catholic Church.

Mr. Calhoun married, in 1891, Mary Eunice Sheehan, born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 2, 1862, daughter of John and Ellen Sheehan, natives of Ireland and married in England, who emigrated to America and made their home at Lima, Ohio, where he died in 1900, and his wife in 1896. They had children: James; John; Mary Eunice, mentioned above; Ella, deceased; Harry, lives in Chicago; William, lives in Pullman, Illinois; Katharine; Peter Paul, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun have had children: Eunice, born in 1892, died in infancy; Eleanor Frances, born April 6, 1894, was educated in the public schools of New Brighton, and was graduated from the high school of Woodlawn, as a member of the first graduating class, in 1913.

(IV) Harry Calhoun, son of John C. and Nancy (White) Calhoun, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1862. After being graduated from the public schools of New Brighton,

he matriculated at Geneva College, from which institution he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then took up the study of law with J. R. Harrah, and with Thompson & Martin, and was admitted to practice in 1892. He at once forged to the front ranks of his profession and has obtained a large and lucrative practice. He gives his political support to the Republican party, and was for a time district attorney. His fraternal affiliations are with American Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons; Gourgas Lodge of Perfection; Pennsylvania Consistory, of Pittsburgh. He is a member of the Methodist Protestant Church of New Brighton. Mr. Calhoun married, September 8, 1896, Florence Dietrick, born in New Brighton, daughter of Frederick A. and Louisa Dietrick, early settlers of Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

Beaver county in its pioneer days knew well the name of WINKLE Winkle, borne in that locality until 1907 by William E.

Winkle. His parents were Henrietta and Elizabeth (Bickensstoff) Winkle, who settled at an early day in Hopewell township, where they both died.

William E. Winkle was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died in Aliquippa, same county, in June, 1907. He married Kate L. McKee, born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 23, 1847, daughter of John McKee, the ceremony being solemnized March 27, 1878. Kate L. McKee was educated in the public schools and in Mrs. Benham's and Miss Davis' seminaries, both of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and in Mrs. Hughes' Seminary of Pittsburgh. Children of William E. and Kate L. (McKee) Winkle: 1. John Rolf, was educated in the public schools, Peirsol's Academy, Duff's Business College, and the International Correspondence School of Scranton; a draughtsman by profession he is now in the employ of the Westinghouse Electrical and Manufacturing Company; he married Mattie Shrader, of Erie county, Pennsylvania, and is the father of two sons, John Rolf Jr. and Robert Riswell. 2. Ophelia, born March 13, 1883; was educated in Beaver College; married (first) Bruce Patton, who died in 1904; she married (second) William Ehemann, a native of Germany, and resides in Aliquippa, Pennsylvania; she is the mother of one child by her first marriage, Leah Louise, and by her second: Lawrence Theofield, Frederick Daniel, Gustav Wilhemina. 3. Lawrence, born April 23, 1889; was educated in the public schools, Peirsol's Academy, and the Beaver County Commercial College, of Beaver, Pennsylvania; he is a bookkeeper, and resides at home.

While the Stubert family has only been represented in this STUBERT country for three generations, they have contributed many honored citizens to the state of Pennsylvania, and have won credit in all the walks of life with which they have been identified. No American-born citizen could have fought more bravely than did various

members of this family when the needs of the country appeared to demand their service.

(I) Anthony Stubert was born in Germany, and emigrated to the United States with his wife and family in 1853. He went directly to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he found employment with the Jones & Laughlin Iron Mills, and he died in Pittsburgh, South Side, in 1866. He married, in Germany, Frances Lechler, also born in that country, died in Pittsburgh in 1877, and they had children: August, born in Germany, and died there; Mary Magdalena, married Peter Auen, of South Side, Pittsburgh; Joseph, see forward; Catherine, married B. J. Alexander, of Pittsburgh, where they now reside; Henry, who lives in New Kensington, Pennsylvania.

(II) Joseph Stubert, son of Anthony and Frances (Lechler) Stubert, was born in Germany, March 23, 1841. His education was commenced in Germany and completed in this country. He also found employment in the mills in Pittsburgh, was a heater by trade, and in the employ of Jones & Laughlin from his twelfth to his thirtieth year. When he commenced he earned twenty-five cents per day, and when he left them he was in receipt of a daily income of about eight dollars. At the time he became associated with this concern it was in its infancy, and operated under the name of Lauth Brothers, and from this small beginning has grown the huge enterprise now known as Jones & Laughlin Iron Mills. Mr. Stubert lived at South Side, Pittsburgh, and also at Rochester, Pennsylvania, where he spent the summer months. In the month of June, 1892, he came to Aliquippa, and there built his first house. He was engaged in the grocery business for a period of ten years, and was postmaster of the town during the second administration of President Cleveland. While he has very generally given his political support to the Democratic party, he cast his vote for Abraham Lincoln. He served in office as a member of the first council of Aliquippa. He and his family have always been devout members of the Catholic Church.

Mr. Stubert married, on Thanksgiving Day, 1865, Christina Haber, born in Germany, May 7, 1842, died in Aliquippa, December 29, 1899, daughter of Anthony and Helena (Grunhart) Haber, both born in Germany, who came to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1854, and then went to what is now known as Monaca, Beaver county. He was a laborer, and died at the home of his son, George, and his wife died at the residence of Mr. Stubert. They had children: John, George, Christina, mentioned above; Elizabeth. All of these are deceased with the exception of George. Mr. and Mrs. Stubert had children: 1. Mary Magdalena. 2. Clara, born October 8, 1869; married, 1895, Thomas McCormick, foreman of the melting department of the Vulcan Crucible Steel Mills, and has children: Clara, born September 26, 1897; Thomas Stubert, August 28, 1899; Mary, May 17, 1903; Ruth, June 5, 1907; Paul, December 23, 1909; Genevieve, February 19, 1913. 3. Joseph, born December 14, 1871; unmarried.

The military record of Joseph Stubert is deserving of especial mention. He enlisted, August 22, 1864, in Company C, Fifth Pennsylvania Regiment Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war, being discharged at Vienna, Virginia, June 30, 1865. Under Captain B. Young and Colonel George S. Gallupe, he was ordered to Washington, District of Columbia, and assigned to duty at the forts to the north of the city until September, and sent to cover the construction trains and open Manassas Gap. He was in an engagement with Mosby's command at Salem, Virginia, retreated to White Plains and captured four pieces of the enemy's artillery and a number of Confederate soldiers at Piedmont, Virginia. The next field of his operations was at Cedar Creek, then to the forts north of Washington and then returned to Virginia. He built the stockades at Prospect Hill and Fairfax Court House, and was sent to the scene of the second battle of Bull Run to bury the two thousand soldiers who had died on that ground.

In the two generations that the Wiegels of Germany have WIEGEL held Pennsylvania residence they have been connected with the glass industry of that state, a business that in its most flourishing days offered employment to thousands.

(I) Carl Wiegel was the emigrant of the line, coming to Perryopolis, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in 1856. He immediately entered the glass works, but had been so employed for only two years when his labors were interrupted by the stilling hand of death. After his death his wife, Wilhelmina (Stender) Wiegel, took her family to Pittsburgh and later to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, her death occurring in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, at the home of her son, Charles, in 1901. Carl and Wilhelmina (Stender) Wiegel were the parents of: 1. A child, died in infancy, in Germany. 2. John C., of whom further. 3. Elizabeth, married George Vetter, of Pittsburgh, who died in 1913. 3. Charles, a resident of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

(II) John C. Wiegel, eldest of the living children of Carl and Wilhelmina (Stender) Wiegel, was born in Germany, February 23, 1852. He was four years of age when his parents came to the United States, and was reared to manhood in Pittsburgh, where he attended the public schools of that city. His first employment was in the glass works on the south side of the city, where he became proficient in the cutter's art, in 1879 becoming associated with the Co-operative Flint Glass Works, of Beaver Falls, in which he was a stockholder. In February of 1893 he retired from the glass manufacturing business and built the Columbia Hotel at Aliquippa, which he managed successfully and prosperously until April 1, 1909. Since then he has engaged in no business operations, nor has he formed any new connections, banking being his only association in business. At the time of the organization of the First National Bank, of Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, he was active in the perfection of all the plans and arrangements, has

held stock in the institution ever since, and in 1911 was elected to the presidency of the board of directors, still holding that honored place. A position upon the directorate of the Woodlawn Trust Company is also his. His political faith is Democratic, and when the borough was erected in 1894, he was a member of the first council, being at the present time a member of that body. The Lutheran is the religious faith that claims his loyal allegiance. His fraternities are Russell Lodge, No. 1065, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Rochester Lodge, No. 283, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Wiegel married (first) in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1880, Elizabeth Vetter, a native of Pittsburgh, who died in 1884; (second) in 1895, Isabel Swindell, likewise born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Children of the first marriage of John C. Wiegel: 1. Albert, born in 1881; a clerk; married May Collins, and has one daughter, Annabelle. 2. Charles, connected with the Colonial Steel Company, of Pittsburgh; married Alice Coffman, and has one son, John. 3. Hilda, lives at home. Children of the second marriage of John C. Wiegel: 4. John, born in 1896; a student in Duff's Business College, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 5. Howard, born December 31, 1897; a student in the Aliquippa high school.

The Bryan family is closely identified with the early history of our country, and is related by marriage to the Boone and other famous families.

(I) Captain John Bryan, who was an officer in the Continental army during the War of the Revolution, left to his descendants the following interesting document:

Fort Pitt, Nov. 2nd, 1761.

"Received from Captain John Bryan Seven pounds, Eighteen shillings and Seven pence — in currency of Pa. the remainder of my pay from the 4th of April, the date of my enlistment to this present date, being the close of all accounts.

(Signed) Alex. Dunlap."

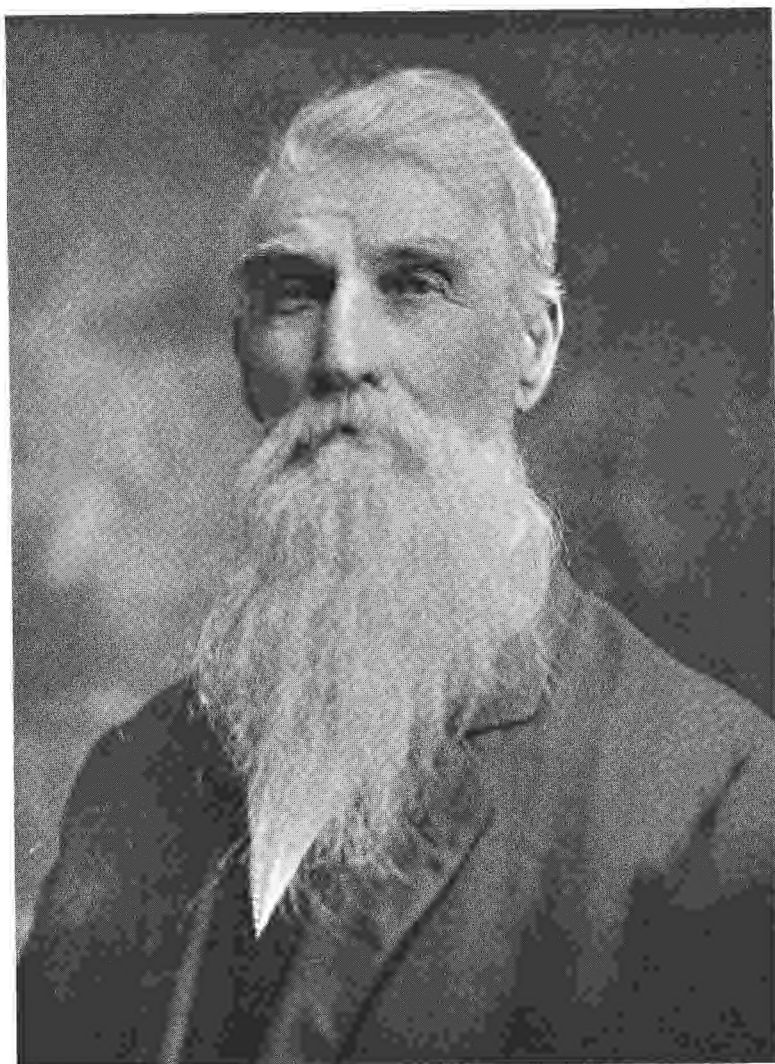
Captain John Bryan married Rebecca Boone, a sister of Daniel Boone, the celebrated backwoodsman and trapper, and Daniel Boone married Rebecca Bryan.

(II) William Bryan, son of Captain John and Rebecca (Boone) Bryan, was born in Philadelphia. In April, 1786, he purchased two hundred acres of land on the north side of the Ohio river No. 2. He established himself in the tavern business very successfully, and died in Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He married Sarah Price, and they had children: William, born June 25, 1794; John, March 20, 1796; Isaac, March 16, 1798; Price, see forward; Polly, or Mary, September 3, 1802, married John Cheney; Aaron Morton, August 6, 1805, married Ann McDonald; Henry, December 30, 1810.

(III) Price Bryan, son of William and Sarah (Price) Bryan, was

born March 28, 1800, and died in Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1865. He was about eleven years of age when his parents with the family crossed the mountains to the western part of the state. He could spend but very little time in actual school attendance, but by means of reading and observation he made himself a very well educated man. Mr. Bryan married, February 16, 1830, Cynthia Hill, born at Geneva, near Beaver Falls, died at the old homestead in Baden. They were Presbyterians. She was the daughter of Jonathan Hill, a farmer who died in 1837, and his wife, Jemima (Emerson) Hill, who had other children: Enos, married Sarah —; Samuel, went to Mexican War and never returned; Jonathan, married, has several children and lives in Youngstown, Ohio; Ethelinda, married — Miller; Susan, married Jonathan Cook. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan had children as follows: 1. Sarah Ann, born July 4, 1832, died February 8, 1837. 2. William Morton, born April 11, 1834, died May 21, 1836. 3. Ethelinda, born March 4, 1836, died February 20, 1856. 4. Polly, or Mary, born August 17, 1838; married, April 4, 1861, William Morton Cheney, Rev. John Cowe officiating; they had children: Samuel, married Laura Kennedy, and has two children; Elizabeth, married Bert Fullwood; William, married Carrie —, and has seven children; Lulu, died at the age of six years; Alberta, married Charles Coleman, and has three children; Blair, Lutheran minister, married and has one child. 5. Eliza, born September 20, 1840, died September 1, 1841. 6. John Henry, born June 27, 1842, died April 3, 1843. 7. Basmath Ariadna, born April 22, 1844, died May 9, 1891; she married Samuel Kinney and they had children: Cynthia, married John Easter; Belle, married Herman Mingel; Samuel, twin of Belle, married Elizabeth Webb; William Bryan, married Mabel —; Elwood, married — Morgan; Alice, twin of Elwood, married Charles Stormfeld; Elizabeth and Edna, twins, died in infancy. 8. Isabella J., married John H. Dippold, whose sketch also appears in this work. 9. Aaron Price, see forward.

(IV) Aaron Price Bryan, son of Price and Cynthia (Hill) Bryan, was born in Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 28, 1849. He spent his early years in Baden, attending the public schools, and devoting his spare time to assisting his father with the work on the farm. After the death of his father he managed the farm for his mother for two years, then found employment in the stone quarries at Freedom. For a time he then worked as a blacksmith. His career has been a most varied one. For a time he worked on the river as a strike pilot, watchman and mate. He next took up carpenter's work, with which he is still occasionally occupied. He was in the government employ for a period of four and a half years, working on the Davis Island Dam. He also worked at times at brick laying, engineering and in a flour mill. He is now living retired from active work of any kind. In political views he is a staunch Republican, has been a school director for seventeen years, and assessor for three years. He and his family are members of the Lutheran Church.



John H. Short, Sr.

For many years he was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and also belonged to the Carpenters' Union, but he has withdrawn from both.

Mr. Bryan married, March 7, 1872, the Rev. W. A. Passavant officiating, Sarah F. Spence, born in Wheeling, West Virginia, January 21, 1849. She is the daughter of Washington F. Spence, born in New Jersey, a glassblower, who died at Masontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in 1882, aged sixty-nine years. He married Elizabeth Spitzjasper, born in Culpeper, Virginia. They had children: Rachel D., born August 2, 1848, died unmarried, May 22, 1894; Sarah F., who married Mr. Bryan, as above mentioned. The mother died at the old home, October 2, 1876, at the age of fifty-five years. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan had children: Charles M., born October 28, 1873, married, September 17, 1911, Blanche Blazier; Elizabeth Irma, born August 2, 1876, married Charles Rye; Alice B., born April 1, 1881, married Joseph E. Baughman.

There have been three generations of Shorts in Beaver county, each with the given name John H., the first John H. Short, a native of Ireland, being among the earliest settlers of that county. He was a farmer, cleared the land that he later cultivated married, and was the father of Hugh, John H., of whom further, James, Nancy, Ann. His wife was a native of Ireland, their wedding ceremony being solemnized in that land.

(II) John H. (2) Short, son of John H. (1) Short, was born in Ireland, and came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, with his parents. His trade was that of mason, and during his active life he followed this as a means of livelihood. He married Elizabeth Baker, born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1800, daughter of Daniel, son of George Baker. Both John H. Short and his wife died in Beaver county. Children of John H. (2) and Elizabeth (Baker) Short: 1. Daniel, deceased; was commissioner of Beaver county during the Civil War, and during his administration the court house was built. 2. Margaret, married Milo Holmes, of Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, both deceased. 3. John H., of whom further.

(III) John H. (3) Short, son of John H. (2) and Elizabeth (Baker) Short, was born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 30, 1835. His early life was spent in Moon township, where he attended the public schools, and in young manhood he began farming operations, which he continued until his retirement. In 1896 he moved to Woodlawn and purchased considerable property, which is now laid out in building lots, many occupied by handsome and modern homes. He now lives retired in Woodlawn, aged seventy-eight years, having led an active and useful life, the contemplation of which, as it draws to a close, leaves him no feeling other than one of peaceful satisfaction in his performance of his duty.

He married Margaret H. Baker, born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1845, daughter of John G. and Margaret (Shodes) Baker. Margaret Shodes was a daughter of George Shodes, a prominent resident of Beaver county, while John G. Baker was a son of George (2) Baker and a grandson of John (1) Baker. Children of John H. (3) and Margaret H. (Baker) Short: 1. Mary Elizabeth, unmarried. 2. Daniel B., a resident of Sheffield Terrace, Pennsylvania. 3. John H., of whom further. 4. Morton B., lives in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 5. Sylvester, resides in Hopewell township, Beaver county. 6. Jesse, engaged in business at Lockport, New York. 7. Blaine, lives in Lockport, New York. 8. Margaret H., married William Shinn, of Aliquippa, Pennsylvania. 9. Celestia Ella, married Horace Barnes, of Woodlawn, Pennsylvania.

(IV) John H. (4) Short, son of John H. (3) and Margaret H. (Baker) Short, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 25, 1871, being reared on a farm in Moon township, attending the Bunker Hill school, an institution named by his father, who was the organizer of a literary society there. He also studied at the Bridgewater and New Sheffield academies, later studying bookkeeping with the aid of a few published volumes on the subject. He obtained his first business training in the employ of the Crucible Steel Company, being stationed in the finishing department at Aliquippa, and when the mills discontinued operation he engaged in carpentry work. In 1911 he embarked in the real estate and insurance business in Aliquippa, of which town he had been a resident since 1899, and that is his line at the present time, his firm being the Aliquippa Real Estate Company, of which he is a director and manager. Enterprising, resourceful and successful in his new business, he is also prominent in public matters, as a Republican having been elected auditor of the independent district of Hopewell township, now Woodlawn; has been inspector of elections of Woodlawn; auditor of the borough of Aliquippa; and in 1903 was elected tax collector of Aliquippa, an office of which he is the present incumbent. Since 1897 he has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Russell Lodge, No. 1065, and he is also a member of Woodlawn Lodge, No. 1221, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Short married, December 23, 1899, Mary L. McElheney, born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of William J. and Josephine (Fisher) McElheney. William J. McElheney is a grandson of John and Mary (McGee) McElheney, who settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there passed their entire years, his death occurring in Raccoon, hers in Hopewell township. She was a daughter of William McGee, born in Ireland, an early resident of Beaver county. Children of John and Mary (McGee) McElheney: Catharine, Mary, Sarah, Lydia, Nancy, George, of whom further; William, John. George, son of John and Mary (McGee) McElheney, was born in Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1813, died in New Sheffield, same county, in 1892.

The paternal farm was his early home and while living there he attended the local schools, in later life becoming owner of a farm and also conducting mercantile operations near New Sheffield. He married Maria Crooks, born in Ohio in 1815, died in 1909. Children of George and Maria (Crooks) McElheney: Mary Jane, deceased; Eliza Ann, deceased; John, deceased; Josephine, married Christopher Miller, deceased; William J., of whom further; Thomas, deceased; George Oscar, deceased. William J., son of George and Maria (Crooks) McElheney, was born near New Sheffield, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1847, and while spending his boyhood on his father's farm attended the common schools. He owned a farm and followed agricultural pursuits for a time, later learning the carpenter's trade, in 1888 journeying to South Dakota, for nine months working on a farm in that locality. He then went to Nebraska and was there a farmer with prosperous success until 1898, when he returned to his native county and resumed farming operations. In 1911, following his old trade, he came to Aliquippa and since that year has been engaged in the furniture and hardware business on Main street in that borough. His home is on Beaver avenue. Mr. McElheney is in political sympathy a Republican, and for two terms has served as a member of council. His church is the United Presbyterian. He married, in 1886, Josephine Fisher, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Edwin, a resident of Lockport, New York. 2. John Victor, lives in Aliquippa, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary L., married John H. Short Jr., both of previous mention. 4. Willa, lives at home. They were also the parents of three other children who died in infancy.

No nationality coming to our shores has taken greater advantage
HARE of the natural benefits of soil and forest than the Germans.

This is true from their first arrival here several centuries ago down to the present time. They form a large part of our agricultural and manufacturing population in many sections, and reared to habits of industry, they make very desirable citizens and rapidly forge to the front as farmers, lumbermen, manufacturers, and also in public life. The record that follows is that of a family scarcely a century in this country, but they have amply proved their worth.

(I) Casper Hare was born in Germany, and came to this country in early manhood with his wife and family. He was a farmer at Mechanicsville, where he died at the age of sixty years, having spent thirty years of his life in the United States. He cast his vote in favor of the candidates of the Democratic party, and was a member of the German Lutheran Church. His wife died at Mechanicsville, Pennsylvania, at the age of sixty-five years. Their children were: John, who married Catherine Welch, and had two daughters and four sons; Michael, of further mention; Casper, who died at the age of twenty-four years.

(II) Michael Hare, son of Casper Hare, was born in Germany, and

was fourteen years of age when he came to the United States with his parents. His education was acquired in the public schools of his native land, and after some time devoted to the same purpose after his arrival in this country, he commenced the business activity of his life. For a time he worked on the canal, and then was occupied in Oil City during the intense excitement of the early days of drilling and pumping. He then commenced farming in Marion township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and after a time removed to Wisconsin, where he also cultivated a truck farm, and where his death occurred at the age of eighty-two years. He was a Republican in political affairs, and a leader in the Methodist church, where he was an active member, and a teacher in the Sunday school. Mr. Hare married Mary Elizabeth Van Pool, born in Old Virginia, daughter of Anthony Van Pool, a blacksmith, in Old Virginia, who died at the age of eighty-four years at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Hare, in Marion township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He married a Miss Thair, and they had children: Lewis, married, and died in the army at the age of fifty-seven years; Mary Elizabeth, mentioned above; Sarah, married John Lewis in Wisconsin, and had ten children. Mr. and Mrs. Hare had children: George, married ——— Paul, had one child, and lived in Wisconsin; Sarah, married Joseph McCreary, now deceased, and had three children; Maude, died in infancy, in Wisconsin; John, married (first) Emma Johnston, (second) Ella Wharton, and lives in Pennsylvania near the Virginia line; Thomas Stewart, of further mention; Lucy, married James Shell, has ten children, and lives in Beaver Falls, Beaver county; Albert, of Wisconsin, married, and has one child; Tiney, of Wisconsin, married and has four children; Sophy, of Wisconsin, married and has two children; Charles, of Wisconsin, married. Mrs. Hare died at Richland Center, Wisconsin.

(III) Thomas Stewart Hare, son of Michael and Mary E. (Van Pool) Hare, was born near Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, April 20, 1862. He was five years of age when he removed with his parents to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and his entire life has been spent there. He was educated in the public schools of Marion and North Sewickley townships; worked on a farm for a period of twenty years; was employed in a portable mill in Beaver county for eight years; was a glass worker in Rochester for twelve years. He then engaged in farming independently, followed this seven years, then established himself in the glass business, and abandoned this in favor of conducting a store in Conway, with which he is successfully identified at the present time. He gives his earnest support to the Republican party, but has never cared to hold public office. He and his wife are members of the Evangelical Church, in which he is a trustee at the present time, and of which he has been treasurer. Mr. Hare married, February 10, 1897, Lizzie Strohbach, and they have had children: Charles Frederick, born January 10, 1900; Grace Marie, November 16, 1903; Martha Elizabeth, December 1, 1906.

This surname has undoubtedly been handed down from the JONES Welsh of a period within the twelfth or thirteenth century, and while the name perhaps prevailed among that people for centuries, it eventually spread throughout England, and with the emigration of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, found numerous representatives in America. The name itself is only one of the many derivations of the simple root John. In England there are at least seventy-three distinct families of the surname Jones, each with its own coat-of-arms, and from these have sprung the later numerous families of the name in America.

(I) James Jones, the first of this particular line of whom we have record, was born in Wales, emigrated to America and settled at McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He remained there but a short time, then removed to Aliquippa, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer, and died when upward of seventy years of age. He married Hannah Baird and had children: John B., James, of further mention; Thomas, M. G., Thaddeus, Alexander, Margaret, Moriah, Charles.

(II) James (2) Jones, son of James (1) and Hannah (Baird) Jones, was born in Hopewell township, near Aliquippa Park, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1849, and died December 16, 1899. He was educated in the public schools of Aliquippa, and there his early years were spent until he was about twenty years of age. His occupation in later life was that of a river pilot, and he followed this calling on board the "J. W. Ales," and a number of coal towboats, plying between Pittsburgh and Louisville, for a period of thirty years. His death occurred at Cables Eddy, three miles above Steubenville, and his body was brought to his home at Baden where he had lived since 1877. In political matters he affiliated with the Republican party, and he was a member of the Lutheran Church, and a member of the church council. He married Rebecca Ann Calhoon, born near Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Her paternal grandparents were John and Eliza (Powell) Calhoun, and those on the maternal side were John and Martha (Brown) Gray. Her father was Andrew Calhoon, born November 18, 1825, died in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. His occupation was that of school teacher in Beaver county. He married, May 7, 1846, Eliza Jane Gray, and they had children: 1. Martha Jane, married William Bennett, and had one child: Hannah Belle, who married John Forman. 2. John, died in infancy. 3. James Gray, married Amanda Bruce, and had several children; lives in Aliquippa. 4. Sarah Elizabeth, married James Carson, of McKees Rocks, and has: John, Martha, Viola, Roy, Eleanore, Sadie, George. 5. Rebecca Ann, married Mr. Jones, as above mentioned. 6. Isabella S., lives in Portland, Oregon. 7. Samuel Elsworth, married Rachel Holderman, and has children: Requa, Frances, Elmer, Charles, Margaret, the latter deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Jones had children: 1. Charles Elmer, of further mention. 2. James Walter. 3. Lucretia. 4. Paul Baird, married Margaret Strayer, and has children: Madeleine, Mar-

garet Reb, Paul Rich; he is the proprietor of the Wilkinsburg Theatre.
5. Carrie May. 6. Marion Rebecca, at home.

(III) Charles Elmer Jones, son of James (2) and Rebecca Ann (Calhoon) Jones, was born in Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 6, 1878. He acquired his education in the public schools of Beaver county, and at a suitable age commenced his business career. He followed several different lines of industry for some years, then became brakeman on a passenger train for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, a position he has now held for the past ten years. He is a staunch supporter of Republican principles in politics, and a member of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Jones married, June 27, 1906, Deta May Dobbins, born in Ada, Ohio, June 14, 1879, who was graduated from the common schools in 1897, and from the Scientific Department of the Ohio Northern University, at Ada, in the class of 1901. They have one child: Jeannette Dobbins, born June 28, 1908. Mrs. Jones is a daughter of Lewis L. Dobbins, a farmer in Ada, who was born in Lima, Ohio, a son of John and Mary A. (Skilling) Dobbins, the latter a native of Ireland. Lewis L. Dobbins married Almira Thompson, and they had other children: Ray R., now deceased, a lieutenant in the Second Ohio Regiment during the Spanish-American war, married Annette Wilt, of Convoy, Ohio; Sarah Almyrah, also deceased; Neta Beth, at home.

John Dippold was born in Germany, March 29, 1816, and DIPPOLD was killed by a train at Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 13, 1901. He was but eleven years of age when he lost his father, and the early history of his family cannot be traced. He was educated in the public schools in Germany, and at a suitable age was apprenticed to learn the stone mason's trade, which he followed after his arrival in the United States. He combined this with contract work and was a very successful man of business. Along in the early sixties he took the contract and built the stone arch bridge over Tinkers Creek at Bedford, Ohio; this is a four arch bridge and one hundred and fifty feet high; this is still standing but not in use, simply because no contractor could be found to widen it from a single to double track. In 1862 he entered into the coal business, having purchased a number of coal boats, and carried coal down the river during the Civil War. One of his boats, the "John Dippold," was pressed into the government service, and towed stone down for Eads' Jetty, below New Orleans. In politics he was a staunch Democrat. Mr. Dippold married Anna Hoffman, born in Germany, January 21, 1817, died at Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 25, 1899. After her marriage her parents made their home with her, her father dying in West Economy. Mr. and Mrs. Dippold had children: 1. Frederick, born November 18, 1840; is captain and pilot on steamer "Donaldson" on the Ohio river; married Abby Logan, who lives in Sewickley. 2. Mary Ann, born March 29, 1843, died June 19, 1875; married J. Sharp McDonald. 3. Barbara, born June 5, 1845, died December 20, 1912; married Charles



John. A. Phelps



Isabella F. Dippold

Londer. 4. John H., see forward. 5. Martin F., born May 5, 1849; married Frances Wacker; lives in Portland, Oregon. 6. Katie, born August 5, 1853, died December 13, 1910; married Philip Fabel. 7. Jacob H., born January 29, 1855, died December 8, 1913; married Belle Brisben; lived on the Old Dippold Homestead at Baden, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 8. George S., born September 16, 1859; married Jessie Cunningham; lives in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

John H. Dippold, son of John and Anna (Hoffman) Dippold, was born in Shousetown, Pennsylvania, March 5, 1847. Until the age of sixteen years he lived in West Economy, where he attended the schools. He was still but a lad when he commenced to assist his father in the latter's business affairs, and went on the boats as a pilot. At nineteen years of age he was captain of the "Tigress," and followed steamboating until the combine came into control. For one year on the river he used the "Joseph B. Williams," which was considered a very large boat for those days. He also used the "Sprague," but it was with the former that he took the largest tow that ever went down the Ohio river from Pittsburgh to Louisville, December 14, 1899, containing eight hundred and twelve thousand bushels of coal. He made three trips with the same amount of cargo and this has never been equaled. Aside from vessels named above Captain Dippold has been captain and pilot of the following vessels: "John Dippold," "Charley McDonald," "Lioness," "Alice Brown," "Sam Brown," "Joseph Bighley," "Reindeer," "Time," "Defender." He is a strong supporter of Democracy; has served as councilman for many years, and is now burgess of Baden borough. For the past fifteen years he has been a justice of the peace, and is still in office. He and his family are members of Christ's Lutheran Church. His fraternal affiliations consist of membership in Rochester Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Dippold married, November 8, 1866, Isabella J. Bryan, a daughter of Price Bryan, whose ancestral history will be found in the sketch of Aaron Price Bryan. They have one child: Anna D., who married James K. Scott, chief clerk in the Pennsylvania Union Depot in Pittsburgh; four children: John Dippold, born July 16, 1892, died February 21, 1897; Mary Emma, born October 10, 1897; Jean Morrison, born March 29, 1899, both of whom are in the Beaver College Preparatory Department; Anna Dippold, born November 8, 1913.

KRISTUFEK Stephen Kristufek, the immigrant ancestor of this family, was born in Jablonitz, Nitra county, Hungary, in 1848, and emigrated to the United States in 1889. For a time he made his home in the coke region of Fayette county, Pennsylvania, then went to Homestead and lived there several years. He returned to Hungary in 1895, and after spending a few years there he came back to America in 1906, and again took up his residence in Ambridge, where he is

now living retired, having amassed a considerable fortune. He and his family are members of the Catholic church. He married (first) Mary Hlasnicek, born in the same town as her husband, in 1853, died in 1886; he married (second) Regasek Hedvick, who died about 1893; he married (third) Mrs. Mary Kosovic; he married (fourth) 1905, Mary Mahaj. Children by first marriage: Mary, married Andrew Bires, proprietor of a general store in Ambridge, Pennsylvania; Charles, a very successful business man of Ambridge, formerly a building contractor, now engaged in the general mercantile business, married Mary Skapik; Stephen P., of further mention. Children by second marriage: Helen and Hedvick. There were no children by the other marriages.

(II) Stephen P. Kristufek, son of Stephen and Mary (Hlasnicek) Kristufek, was born in Jablonitz, Nitra county, Hungary, May 8, 1874. He received a good education in the public schools of his native country and this was supplemented by a full course in a Merchants' College, an institution corresponding to our business colleges. He came to America at the same time as his parents, and while living in Homestead, Pennsylvania, worked in the steel mills for some years. He was then engaged in the building and general contracting business for some years, and removed to Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1903. He purchased the lot on Merchant street, between First and Second streets, on which he is located at the present time, erected a store on this property, and established himself as a general merchant. In the course of time he added a grocery department, and next went into the bakery business. The increasing demands of his growing business made larger quarters imperatively necessary, and Mr. Kristufek made additions to the building, so that it consisted of fourteen rooms with a flat above it. In the year 1908 this property was completely destroyed by fire, but the courage and enterprise of Mr. Kristufek were equal to the new demands made upon him. He at once rebuilt his establishment on the same site, erecting a building which is fireproof throughout, and equipped in the most modern manner. Until six months ago he conducted a general department store, including a meat and grocery department, but at that time he dispensed with those two departments, installing a furniture department instead. The building was remodeled at the time to enable this new venture to be shown to the best advantage, and the results which have already been achieved have amply warranted the expensive changes necessary. Mr. Kristufek is now considered one of the most successful business men of the town, and this success is entirely owing to the indefatigable energy and ambition which have dominated his character. In the earlier portion of his business career, when he was just commencing to establish himself, it was his custom to commence his working day at three o'clock in the morning, and work unceasingly until eleven o'clock at night, and in this he was always assisted by his wife. If the success of any man is well merited it is that of Mr. Kristufek. He also owns eight lots on the hill, directly opposite his store. His political views are those of the

Socialist party, and he and his family attend the Catholic church.

Mr. Kristufek married, in 1895, Mary Vagosky, and they have had children: Stephen, Mary, Jennie, Philip, Rosa, Catherine, deceased; Ledie, Charles, John. Stephen is in Duff's Business College, and Mary graduated in the class of 1914, high school. The children are all bright, intelligent and progressive in their educational work, and the family is one of the most harmonious and lovable. Mr. and Mrs. Kristufek are certainly proud of their family of eight children, and are bringing them up to be useful and prosperous citizens of this country, and have cause to believe they will be among the brightest and most intelligent in Beaver county.

It sometimes happens in families that ability in a certain profession is transmitted from father to son, and intensified, and this appears to have been the case with members of the Lockhart family, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, of which Dr. Clarence James Lockhart is an honored representative.

(I) Jephthah Robinson Lockhart was a native of Scotland, and emigrated to this country in young manhood. He engaged in farming and stock raising in Hanover township, where he became a man of prominence in the community in which he resided. He was active in the interests of the Republican party, and for some time served as a justice of the peace. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and served as an elder in that institution. Mr. Lockhart married (first) — Applegate, by whom he had children: Jephthah, James Robinson, and two others. He married (second) —, and had one child.

(II) Dr. James Robinson Lockhart, son of Jephthah Robinson and — (Applegate) Lockhart, spent his early years in Hanover township and attended the public school at Hardscrabble, going from this to the Fairview Normal School from which he was graduated, and from thence to the Edinboro (Pennsylvania) Normal School. At the age of eighteen years he commenced teaching school, abandoning this occupation at the outbreak of the Civil War. He served in Company H, One Hundred and Fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was honorably discharged. Upon leaving the army he went to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he took a two years' course in medicine, and upon its completion he was associated for the period of one year with Dr. W. H. Brown, of Cincinnati. He then took a post-graduate course in the Rush Medical College, this covering one and one-half years. In 1868 he located in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was in active practice for a period of forty years. He died in that town June 15, 1908, at the age of sixty-eight years. As a staunch supporter of the Republican party he achieved prominence in political affairs, serving in the town council seven years, and as school director for the long period of thirty years. During three of these years he was president of the school board. In 1907 he was honored by election to the state legislature, but could not accept the office by reason of ill health.

Dr. Lockhart married Emma Frances McCaskey, born in Freedom, Pennsylvania, daughter of John McCaskey, deceased, who owned and conducted a boat yard at Freedom, and who married Frances ——— and had children: Robert; George, deceased, married Mollie Kerr; Alfred, deceased, married Martha ———; Emma Frances, mentioned above; Freeman; Thalia, married Charles T. Fowler; Joseph, died unmarried, when about twenty-two years of age; Anna, deceased, married Harry Luker. Dr. and Mrs. Lockhart had an only child. They are both members of the Methodist Church, and he was president of the board of trustees. Mrs. Lockhart is living in Freedom.

(III) Dr. Clarence James Lockhart, son of Dr. James Robinson and Emma Frances (McCaskey) Lockhart, was born in Hanover township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1888. His early years were spent in Freedom, where he attended the public and high schools, being graduated from the latter institution in the class of 1907. Matriculating at the Western University of Pennsylvania, now known as the University of Pittsburgh, he studied in that institution two years, when ill health obliged him to abandon his studies for one year. He resumed them at Cleveland, Ohio, at the Pulte Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1912, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Returning to Freedom he had charge of the practice of Dr. Cloak for five months, and then spent one year as house surgeon with the Cleveland City Hospital, and upon his return to Freedom, he was again associated for a time with Dr. Cloak. Having now had an unusually large amount of actual practice for a young man of his age, he decided to open an office for independent practice, which he did in June, 1913. He has been very reasonably successful in the short time which has elapsed since he has been in practice, and he makes a specialty of anaesthetics and diseases of children, in both of which branches he has had great experience. In political matters Dr. Lockhart is a Republican, and he is a member of the Methodist Church. Dr. Lockhart is a member of Beaver County Homeopathic Medical Society, also American Institute of Homoeopathy and is medical examiner for the Protective Home Circle and on May 1, 1914, in association with Dr. J. H. Boal, of Baden, opened an office at Conway, Pennsylvania. Dr. Lockhart will divide his time between Freedom and Conway.

Dr. Lockhart married, January 28, 1914, Nan M. Dodds, of Oil City, Pennsylvania, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Dodds.

For the three generations of this name of whom authentic EATON record is obtainable, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, has been the home. Henry and Jane (Gibbs) Eaton, the earliest of which we have record, were both residents of that locality. They were the parents of several children, one of their sons being John, of whom further.

(II) John Eaton, son of Henry and Jane (Gibbs) Eaton, was born

in Clinton, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 24, 1820, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 2, 1872. For many years he was employed on boats plying the rivers of the Mississippi system carrying freight, in 1870 abandoning the life of a riverman and purchasing a farm of one hundred and one acres in Beaver county, there living until his death, having established a lucrative coal business. He married Nancy, daughter of Andrew and Mary (Maloney) Morton of Clinton, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Andrew Morton was born in county Antrim, Ireland, and when a young man came to the United States, Pittsburgh being the scene of his early endeavors. He was at first engaged in the hotel business, later dealt in lumber, and finally retired from both in favor of real estate dealing, having invested his savings in that form of security. He prospered in his operations and at his death, in 1862, left his wife a comfortable fortune. She was a woman of rare sweetness of character, delighting in good works and when she died, twenty-four years after her husband's demise, left a generous portion of her estate for the maintenance of a number of free beds in the hospitals of Pittsburgh, where the poor and needy of the city have since received medical attention that has doubtless saved many lives. Hers was not a case where the good work she had done was "interred with her bones," but one in which the blessings that she showered while living increased and multiplied after her death. Children of Andrew and Mary (Maloney) Morton: 1. James, died unmarried, the possessor of a considerable fortune, which he bequeathed to the Allegheny and Pittsburgh Hospitals. 2. George W. 3. Sarah Jane, married David Ingram, and lived in Allegheny City (Pittsburgh North Side) until her death in 1882. 4. Nancy, of previous mention, married John Eaton. Children of John and Nancy (Morton) Eaton: 1. Andrew Morton, born in 1850, died in 1871. 2. Mary J., married Robert Braden, of Beaver county, and died at her home in Washington, Kansas, in 1905. 3. Edith A. 4. John H., of whom further. 5. James F., born in 1864, died in 1881.

(III) John H. Eaton, son of John and Nancy (Morton) Eaton, was born in Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, October 8, 1861, and in boyhood attended the public schools of the Second Ward of that city, later attending Duff's Business College, of Pittsburgh. Completing his course at this institution he enrolled in the Western University of Pennsylvania, at Pittsburgh, being compelled to discontinue his studies there while in his junior year. His first business experience was received in the auditor's office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, where he was employed from 1881 until 1888. In the latter year he associated with the Standard Oil Company, first as salesman and later as manager of a tank station, resigning from his connection with that company in 1907. Since then he has given his entire attention to the administration of his real estate holdings in Pittsburgh (North Side) and in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. At the present time he is promoting the erection

of a large number of houses in that city, all of modern design and improvement, which will add greatly to the attractiveness of the neighborhood in which they are being built, as well as to its value as a residential section. Mr. Eaton is a director of the First National Bank of Beaver, of the First National Bank of Midland, Pennsylvania, and is also interested financially in the Star Drilling Machine Company, of Akron, Ohio. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to lodge, chapter and commandery, and also affiliates with the Modern Woodmen of the World. Through his straightforward business dealings and enthusiastic enterprise, he has carried many projects to successful terminations, and his counsel is often sought by his business friends.

He married, March 28, 1888, Elizabeth H. Hamilton, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, daughter of James and Rebecca (McIlroy) Hamilton. Mrs. Eaton moved to Beaver, Pennsylvania, in 1888, living there until her death in September, 1907; she was a member of the United Presbyterian Church and through her liberality the new United Presbyterian Church was built. Children: 1. John Morton, born in December, 1888; a graduate in the mechanical engineering course from Cornell University, class of 1910, his preparatory education having been obtained in the Beaver High School and Geneva College; his fraternity was the Sigma Nu; since leaving college he has been employed as assistant superintendent of the Treadwell Construction Company, of Midland, Pennsylvania. 2. Harry H., born April 5, 1891; attended the public and high schools of Beaver and prepared for college at Mercersburg Academy; was graduated in the class of 1913 from Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania; he took a prominent part in athletics at that college, playing short-stop on the varsity baseball team and center on the basketball team representing the college, being a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity. 3. Margaret E., twin of Harry H., attended the Beaver public school, later entered the high school, going from there to the Walnut Lane school of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, from which she graduated in 1911.

The history of the English speaking family of Carrs and Kerrs CARR is as old as the Norman conquest. One of the followers of William the First, taken from a charter in Battle Abbey, bore the name of Karre. The early posterity of this Norman soldier undoubtedly settled in the north of England and succeeding generations spread on both sides of the border land of England and Scotland, and afterward into the north of Ireland. The descent of this branch of the Carr family is through the Scotch line, and it is highly probable that the ancestor of the family who served in the American army during the Revolutionary War, Joseph Carr, was the emigrant member of the line, who came to the colonies in the pre-Revolutionary period, settling in New York. Through him the Carrs were represented in the conflict that made us a nation, in his son was the name entered upon the rolls of those who de-

fended our sovereignty in our second war with Great Britain, while his grandson fought in the rebellion that preserved the integrity of the Union. While the characteristics of the family cannot be said to justify the term warlike, certain it is that each crisis in our national affairs and each call for true-hearted citizens found one of the generations ready and willing to pursue whatever course his duty showed. Joseph Carr married and among his children was Isaac Erastus.

(II) Isaac Erastus Carr, son of Joseph Carr, was in all likelihood a native of New York, where he died. When the War of 1812 broke out he immediately enlisted and at its close held an officer's commission. Farming had been the occupation to which he was accustomed and upon his return from the war he continued in its pursuit. His death occurred when he was seventy-six years of age, and from the traditions that exist concerning him he was a neighbor ideal, an entertainer of unusual powers until the day of his death, and an interesting conversationalist on all topics, particularly regarding the wars in which he and his father fought. He married Prudence C. Wilber and they were the parents of four children: Harriet, who attained the wonderful age of ninety-nine years; Sally, died aged seventy-eight years; Isaiah, died aged eighty years; Horace Corydon, of whom further.

(III) Horace Corydon Carr, youngest of the four children of Isaac Erastus and Prudence C. (Wilber) Carr, was born at Sodus Point, Wayne county, New York, died May 30, 1866, being accidentally drowned in the Red river at Colbert's Ferry, Texas. As a boy he attended the public schools of his vicinity, obtaining a limited education, discontinuing his studies early in life to learn the carpenter's trade. Lumbering and farming also occupied some of his time, and it was to follow the former business that he moved to Wisconsin, from which state he enlisted in the Union army at the outbreak of the Rebellion. Before relating his martial career, which is one of exceptional interest, it is well to tell of the personality of the man. In mechanical work he was regarded by his friends as little short of a genius, the use of tools and instruments apparently coming to him as second nature. His physical development was strong and vigorous, swimming being a sport and recreation in which he delighted. His prowess in this accomplishment was once the means of saving the life of a man who was drowning in the Black river, yet in spite of his strength and skill the waters claimed him as their victim when he was in the full vigor of manhood, aged twenty-eight years. He survived the terrors and miseries of Confederate prisons only to meet his death at the hands of the element that had always been his best friend, yet which treacherously betrayed him in his hour of need. To his friends he was ever the fair and honorable gentleman, trusted to the highest degree by all, while upon his family he showered the favors of the loving and considerate husband and father.

His first enlistment in the Union army was made at Glen Haven, Grant

county, Wisconsin, November 8, 1861, and he became a member of Company C, Second Regiment Wisconsin Cavalry Volunteers, his term of service expiring in December, 1863. He re-enlisted immediately, January, 1864, and served until the close of the war, the regiment being mustered out of service at Austin, Texas, November 15, 1865. While in active service, he was detailed for picket duty, there being a small stream crossing the limits he was guarding which it was necessary for him to ford each time he made the circuit of his guard. In March, 1864, he was riding through this water-course, and just as he reached the opposite bank his animal was shot from under him and he was wounded in the leg. The small reconnoitering band which had captured him placed him upon a horse and bore him to the main body of the Confederate army, whence he was forwarded to Andersonville prison, also being for a time confined in Florence. His term of captivity before his parole covered the period of a year, and some of his experiences were awful in the telling. So horrible is the mere story of his suffering it must have indeed been a brave man to conquer the temptation to end it all by self-destruction. At one time he laid careful plans for escape and was within eight miles of the Union lines before he was recaptured, bloodhounds being the agents employed in trailing him. Returned to the prison, he was ordered to tell who aided him in his attempt to escape, and to disclose the identity of him who had allowed his unmolested departure from the enclosure, for without an accomplice such an act never could have been performed, so close was the guard maintained over the wretched inmates. Refusing to divulge the desired information, he was hung up by his thumbs, which were twisted cruelly from their sockets. Even after hours of this inhuman torture, which equaled the horrors of the Inquisition, he steadfastly remained loyal to his confederate, and was at last sentenced to solitary confinement in a dungeon that had been dug. Here he fell into a delirium that lasted for several days, but no medical aid nor comfort was vouchsafed him, and at last his rugged constitution and sturdy health restored him to a condition as near normal as one underfed and undernourished may attain. Not long afterward he was given the privilege of a trifle more freedom to allow him to engage in the manufacture of axe-handles for use by the Confederates, the colonel in charge of the prison having learned of his mechanical ability, and he was soon paroled, being granted a furlough in which to regain his wasted vitality. It was while traveling homeward that he composed a poem, at present the cherished possession of his children, its theme being the sufferings, tortures and privations endured by those confined in southern prison pens. That his barbarous treatment had not broken the patriotic ardor of his spirit, nor weakened his determination to see the successful end of the bitter conflict for human equality and the perpetuation of the Union is proven by the last two verses of the last stanza:



C. S. Barr

"The debt we owe our bitter foe will not have long to stand,
We will pay it with a vengeance, down in Dixie's Sunny Land."

After receiving his honorable discharge from the service in Austin, Texas, he and some comrades purchased some live stock with the money they received from the government and were driving their animals across the Red river when he met his death, his comrades bringing the news of his accident which was confirmed by the records of the ferryman at that place, who kept an account of the various casualties occurring there. Mr. Carr was a Republican, and in religion was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Carr married, at Liberty, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, May 31, 1854, Patience Adelaide Hughes, the Rev. John Davies, a Congregational minister, performing the ceremony. Patience Adelaide, daughter of Joseph and Sarah Hughes, was the first of her parents' children born in the United States, her birth date being in 1834, they having come to the United States from England, their native land, settling in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, where he became a farmer and coal operator, owning a valuable mine. Children of Joseph and Sarah Hughes: Willia, Elizabeth, Sarah, Richard, Patience Adelaide, of previous mention, married Horace Corydon Carr; Josiah, a soldier in the Union army during the Civil War, was wounded in the leg, returned to his home, and subsequently became the father of a large family; Jane, Prudence, Nathan, Delilah, and Benjamin, the latter a soldier in the Union army, was wounded in battle and died in the hospital from its effects. Children of Horace Corydon and Patience Adelaide (Hughes) Carr: Harriet Elizabeth, born in 1855; Annette, born in 1859; Corydon Grant, of whom further; two sons who died in infancy.

(IV) Corydon Grant Carr, youngest of the three children of Horace Corydon and Patience Adelaide (Hughes) Carr who attained maturity, was born in Glen Haven, Grant county, Wisconsin, May 7, 1862. His father was a hearty admirer and enthusiastic supporter of General Grant, with whom he was personally acquainted, and it was his written wish, sent to his wife from the front, that the infant, born in his absence, should have Grant as one of its names. The only time that the young father ever saw his youngest child was while home on a furlough, his death occurring while traveling northward to his family. When Corydon Grant Carr was about three years old his mother returned to her native county, Tioga, making her home at Cherry Flats, Pennsylvania, later, when he was about five years of age, he went to live with his Uncle Isaiah, his father's brother, in Bradford county, his sojourn there covering a period of about six years. When he was twelve years of age he personally contracted with Burton Montgomery to work for him nine months in the year, provided that he would be allowed to attend school the three remaining months, during which time Montgomery should be responsible for his maintenance. The negotiations were not particularly in the boy's favor for even when he attended school it was a part of his duties to rise at

dawn and to attend to the stock, as well as to see that they were comfortably quartered for the night, while Saturday, the school-boy's day of rest, was spent in chopping wood. Just before he passed his sixteenth birthday he secured his release from his agreement with Mr. Montgomery, and for the two following summers was employed as a farm hand at fair wages. In the spring of 1880 he came to Towanda, Pennsylvania, and became a clerk in the employ of D. W. Scott, a grocer and baker, after one year in his service becoming associated with Powell & Company, merchants of the same town. January, 1883, saw him in the employ of Pardee Sons & Company of Hazleton, Pennsylvania, with whom he remained for two years, and then for a year and a half he worked in the Humboldt Colliery, at Hazleton, his next position being with Drumhiller & Company. After one year there he spent the same length of time as an exhibitor for the Engle Clock Company, then traveled for a shoe company as clerk for three years, working in Cleveland and Toledo, Ohio; Detroit, Jackson, and Grand Rapids, Michigan; St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minnesota, and Omaha, Nebraska; in 1890 traveling through Kansas and Oklahoma, being in the latter place when it became a territory. Texas was next the field of his activities, and in August, 1891, he returned to the employ of the Engle Clock Company, traveling in New York state for one year. His attention was next turned to mechanical work, and for six years he was engaged in the plant of S. Howes, in Silver Creek. In 1901, in the employ of A. and S. Wilson, he was sent to West Virginia to attend to some business for that firm in that locality, returning later to Pennsylvania, and settling in Sewickley, Beaver county. At the time of the first sale of lots in Ambridge, that county, an operation conducted by the American Bridge Company, he purchased some ground and erected thereon a house. In that place he has since resided, conducting a general contracting business, and has built many of the numerous houses that have been erected in the short time that has elapsed since the founding of the town.

Mr. Carr has become a prominent member of the Ambridge community and during the recent judicial campaign played an active part. His business record is a most unusual one, his many interests necessitating his visiting many of the states of the Union, five years of his somewhat nomadic career having been spent in the wholesale liquor business. He has come into contact with many different types of men in his extensive travels, and through dealings with each has acquired a cosmopolitanism that permits him to transact business with ease and facility, long experience having shown him how each must be approached to obtain desired results. On November 1, 1912, Mr. Carr and C. R. Doyle purchased the business of the Ambridge Hardware and Plumbing Company, which they conduct successfully at the present time. Both are well-known in the locality, both possess able executive powers, and the patronage of the concern has grown under their management. Mr. Carr was prominently identified with the establishment of a lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in

Ambridge, and has passed the chairs of that order, being also a member of the Encampment. He is also affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, being a past officer of that organization.

Mr. Carr married, in December, 1891, Lillian B. Crosby, of Forestville, New York, and has children: Mildred P., Marion J., Leo G., aged, respectively, at the present time (1914) twenty, seventeen, fifteen.

Just when the earlier members of this family emigrated to America is not a matter of record, but it is known that a father, his son and several of the women members of the family came from Baltimore to Pittsburgh by stage and canal, while the other members of the family made their way on foot from one city to the other. They had come originally from Germany, and when they arrived in the western part of Pennsylvania, located in Allegheny City, on Second avenue, at a little park, the house in which they resided being still in good condition. Mr. Graebing was a shoemaker by trade, a calling he followed during the active years of his life. His death occurred in 1878 or 1879, when he was over eighty years of age. For a number of years he served as captain of the Allegheny Militia, and he was one of the founders of the Weitershausen Lutheran Church, on South Canal street, of which congregation he was president for many years. Among his children were: John, of further mention; Henry, of Allegheny City; Philip, Lewis, Eliza, Catherine, Sophia.

(II) John Graebing was born in Butzbach, Germany, in 1819, and died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in May, 1892. He acquired a sound and practical education in Germany, and his life here was a very active one. For a period of seventeen years he was employed in Leaches' Warehouse on the Canal, and then established himself in the butcher business in Allegheny City. Later he associated himself with a Mr. Mackintire, in the contracting business, one of their contracts being the paving of First street with cobblestones. For eight years he was a conductor of a freight train, then conducted a hotel for a number of years. He was a strong supporter of the Democratic party, and served as councilman in 1851, during which time the Fort Wayne Railroad was run through the park. In 1869 or 1870 he served as sheriff of the county. He was a member of the Lutheran Church. Mr. Graebing married Fredericka Hartje, born in Hanover, Germany, in 1824, died in New Galway, Pennsylvania, in 1880, daughter of — Hartje, an officer in the English army, who came to America, and Hannah Louisa Hartje, and who were the parents of five children: August, married Henrietta Gearing, and has several children; William, married Mary Zintzmaister; George, married Hettie Grem; Lewis; Fredericka, mentioned above. Mr. and Mrs. Graebing had children: 1. John, deceased; married Lucinda McKnight, and had six children. 2. Albert, of New Galway; married (first) Sophronia McKnight, had two children; married (second) Amelia Miller, had four

children. 3. Charles Edward, of further mention. 4. Willia, deceased; married Kate Bushman, and had three children. 5. Henry, deceased; married Lizzie Orrison, had three children. 6. Emma, of Buffalo, New York; married C. W. Brown, had three children. 7. Edward, of Chicago; married Annie —, had four children.

(III) Charles Edward Graebing, son of John and Fredericka (Hartje) Graebing, was born in Allegheny City, now Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 20, 1851. Until the age of eight years he lived in his native city, then removed to New Galway, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where the greater part of his education was acquired. Until 1875 he assisted his father in the management of the farm, hotel and quarry, then became a fireman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, on the road to Ashtabula. At the end of two years he was transferred to the Fort Wayne branch of the same company, his route being between Allegheny and Alliance, and Pittsburgh and Erie, on the freight and passenger trains. In October, 1880, he was promoted to the position of engineer, on the Pittsburgh & Alliance branch, then was engaged for eight months in the coal business, after which he returned to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and was appointed to roundhouse duty. He has been in the service of the railroad company altogether for a period of thirty-seven years. He is a Socialist in his political views, and has filled a number of public offices. He was school director six years; a member of the borough council six years; and is now truant officer, health officer and assessor of the Second Ward. In religious faith he is a Methodist, and fraternally he is a member of the following organizations: Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Commandery, Knights Templar; William Penn Club.

Mr. Graebing married, November 18, 1879, Mary E. McWilliams, born in Morris, Illinois, January 22, 1858, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Sutcliffe) McWilliams, the former a carpenter, born and died in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, the latter born in Kentucky. They had children: Ada, now living in Cleveland, married Thomas Whalen, deceased; Mary E., mentioned above; Ella, married Robert Van Auker, had eleven children; Elizabeth, living in Great Bend, married Charles Morrison, had two children. Mrs. McWilliams died at Struthers in 1909. Mr. and Mrs. Graebing had children: Carl, an engineer with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the yards at Conway, being disabled by an accident; Roy, who was graduated from a Michigan Business College, is also an engineer in the yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Conway.

EVANS Pennsylvania, is a native of Hungary, where he was born in John Evans, a prominent citizen of Ambridge, Beaver county, the year 1866, a son of George and Anna Evans, who lived and died in that country. To his parents were born five children: John,

deceased; George, deceased; Helen, deceased; Mary; John, of whom further.

John Evans was educated in the land of his birth, and spent his childhood and most of his young manhood there. In the year 1901, when he was thirty-five years of age, he came to the United States and settled in McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania, where he lived for some ten years. In 1911 he removed to Ambridge, where his cousin, Samuel Evans, was already located and engaged in a profitable butcher business. This cousin was also a native of Hungary, where he was born in 1868, a son of Peter and Mary (Polivka) Evans, and came to the United States in 1905 and to Ambridge in 1909. Of him John Evans bought the meat business, which he has since conducted most profitably. Mr. Evans is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Orthodox Russian Church. He married, in his native land, Anna Curtice, and has children: Mary, Samuel, Helen.

This name is found under many spellings in the early COCHRAN records, some of which are still retained by members of the family, including Cofran, Cofren and Cochrane. The name originated in Ayrshire, Scotland, and the ancestors of those in America have been traced to the village of Ayr, in that county. Some of them migrated to Ireland, from which country, as well as Scotland, they came to America.

(I) John Cochran was born in Scotland or Ireland, emigrated to America, and arrived at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. From there he went to Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer, and made his permanent home. He married and had eight children, among whom were: William, deceased; John, see forward; George A., deceased; James; Eleanor, deceased; Fannie.

(II) John (2) Cochran, son of John (1) Cochran, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and died in Aliquippa, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1900. He was a carpenter by trade and also a farmer, and after his marriage removed to Beaver county. He went to Michigan with his family, but after a short residence in that state, returned to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and settled in Hopewell township, his previous residence there having been in Moon township. He gave his political support to the Democratic party, and he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church. They are buried in North Branch Cemetery in Moon township. He married Mary Mateer, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1829, daughter of Michael Mateer. She died in Hopewell township in 1883. They had children: George; John M., died in 1901; William, deceased; Thomas M.; James A.; Joseph, see forward; Margaret; Samuel, deceased.

(III) Joseph Cochran, son of John (2) and Mary (Mateer) Cochran, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1867. He was educated in the public schools, and all the early years of his

life were spent on a farm. He learned the carpenter's trade under the able supervision of his brother George, but was engaged in farming for eighteen years in Indiana county, Pennsylvania. In 1902 he came to Aliquippa, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and established himself in the lumber business, buying out the interests of his brother John M., who was a member of the firm of Cochran Brothers & Company. Later the name was changed to Cochran Brothers. The original business was established about 1894, the brothers of Mr. Cochran—George and John M.—having been the starters, in association with Christian Miller. The business is in a very flourishing condition and is conducted along the most approved methods. Mr. Cochran is a stockholder and director in the First National Bank, and owns a beautiful residence at the corner of Allegheny avenue and Sixth street. He is a staunch Democrat, and has served as a member of the school board for many years. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church, and his fraternal affiliation is with Woodlawn Lodge, No. 1221, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Cochran married, in 1890, Rebecca, daughter of Isaac Russell, now deceased, of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. They have had children: 1. William, born in February, 1891; was educated in the public schools; became assistant to his father in the business. 2. Anna O., born in 1893; at home. 3. George J., born in 1895; educated in the public schools and the high school at Aliquippa; he formerly held a position in the laboratory of the Jones & Laughlin Mills and is still in their employ. 4. Rebecca L., born in 1901, attends public school.

No nation in the world has a more cosmopolitan population than the United States, and in the heterogeneous elements which have been assimilated here in the course of years, the German has been a predominant one, greatly to the benefit of the country in general. The steady, persistent efforts of those of German nationality, the deliberate manner of considering well before taking action, tempered favorably the more impulsive, and for this reason sometimes not so wise, methods of the Latin races. The descendants of the German immigrants have retained in a great measure the distinguishing traits of their forebears, but have leavened them with the more progressive methods in daily use in the land of their adoption. A family in which this combination of characteristics may be observed to good advantage is the Cloak family, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(1) John Cloak, the immigrant ancestor of this branch of the Cloak family, was born in Germany, and came to this country at about the age of twenty-six years. He settled in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and there followed his occupation of farming. His death occurred there at the age of sixty-five years. He married ———, who died in Armstrong county at the age of sixty-five years. Both were members of the Lutheran Church. They had children: Nicholas; Andrew; Simon, see forward;



A. B. Cloak

John, deceased; Trout; Elizabeth, deceased; Kate, deceased; Mary Ann; four who died in infancy.

(II) Simon Cloak, son of John Cloak, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, in 1851, is residing in Armstrong county, in 1914. His entire life has been spent in his native county, where he is occupied, as his father had been, in farming. He is a man of some prominence in the community, and has held office as a trustee of the Presbyterian Church. He married Isabella, born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and — (Templeton) Helm. John Helm was a tailor and a farmer in Armstrong county, where he died at the age of eighty years. He had children: Philip, married Elizabeth Hays; William, married Emma Mynes; John; Henry, married — Mynes; Annie, married Samuel Heath; Isabella, mentioned above. All of these children are living at the present time (1914). Mr. and Mrs. Cloak had children: Andrew B., see forward; Basil Clyde, now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Cloak reside in Cowansville.

(III) Dr. Andrew B. Cloak, son of Simon and Isabella (Helm) Cloak, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, September 26, 1878. His boyhood days were spent in his native county, attending the public schools there, and from them he went to the Slippery Rock Normal School, in Butler county, Pennsylvania. Still later he was a student at Grove City College, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and then matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania, from the medical department of which he was graduated in the class of 1904 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In the same year he went to Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there opened an office for the general practice of medicine. In this he has achieved a most gratifying amount of success; at the present time he is making a specialty of surgery. He has not alone won the confidence of a large number of patients by his professional skill, but he has also gained their affection for the sympathy he displays as a man while in the discharge of his duties as a physician. Judging from what he has already accomplished in the comparatively few years of his practice, he has a brilliant future before him. He has little time to spare from his professional duties to take part in the public life of the community, but he gives his political support to the Republican party. His religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian Church, of which he and his wife are members. He is now having a fine residence built on Third avenue, in Freedom. He is a member of Beaver County Medical Society, Pennsylvania State Medical Society, American Medical Association, Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America, and Society of Pennsylvania Railroad Surgeons. His fraternal associations are with the local lodges of the following organizations: Free and Accepted Masons, Order of the Golden Eagle and the Eagles.

Dr. Cloak married, August 9, 1905, Edna Belle Purdue, born in Altoona, Pennsylvania, July 16, 1884, daughter of Edward Purdue, born in Altoona, a carpenter, who died at the age of twenty-eight years, and

Lillian (Bell) Purdue, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. They had children: Edna Belle, mentioned above, and Mildred, who died at the age of sixteen years. Dr. and Mrs. Cloak have two children: Lillie Belle, born November 29, 1908; Sarah May, born November 28, 1913.

While the Barkley family, now represented in Beaver
BARKLEY county, Pennsylvania, has been in this country only three generations, they have done their full share toward forwarding the prosperity and well-being of the land of their adoption. They came originally from Germany, where William Barkley, the great-grandfather of the present generation, spent his life.

(II) John Barkley, son of William Barkley, was born in Germany, and came to the United States when he was about fourteen years of age. His first abiding place was where he landed, Baltimore, Maryland. Subsequently he removed to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he became a worker in the cotton mill of J. K. Moorehead, North Side, Pittsburgh, then removed to Evans City, Butler county, thence to Muddy Creek township. He was an active supporter of the Democratic party, and filled several minor political offices. His death occurred near Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania, on his farm, at the age of eighty-one years. He married, and his wife died on the farm, in 1906, at the age of seventy-one years. Children: William John, see forward; Alfred, now deceased, married Emma Wimer; Mary, married John H. Jones, and lives near Portersville; Kate, married Henry Heyl, lives on a farm near Prospect; Margaret, married Joseph Snyder, an oil producer, lives in Butler county. Mr. and Mrs. Barkley belonged to the Lutheran Church, in which he served as deacon and trustee for a number of years.

(III) William John Barkley, son of John Barkley, was born at the North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1846. The first eight years of his life were spent where he was born, and he there attended school for two years; his parents then removed to Evans City, and his education was completed at that place. He was a successful farmer, and a man of influence in the community in which he lived. Active in the interests of the Democratic party, he was honored by election and appointment to almost all the local offices, among these being: Road superintendent, auditor, school director, assessor, etc. He is still living on the farm, and is as active as a man many years his junior. He and his wife belonged to the Lutheran Church, in which he is a trustee. He married Josephine Snyder, born in Brady township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, died on the homestead farm, in 1907, at the age of fifty-eight years. She was the daughter of John and Abigail (Scott) Snyder, the former a farmer in Butler county, where he died at the age of ninety-two years. They had children: John, lives on the homestead farm, married Thenev Jones; Joachim, married Maggie Barkley, lives in Butler City, Butler county; Effie, married George McCandless, lives in Prospect; Ann, married John

St. Clair, lives in Prospect; Kate, married Arthur Cavanagh, lives in Cleveland, Ohio; Lizzie, married Samuel Cavanagh, lives in North Hope, British Columbia; Josephine, married Mr. Barkley, as above mentioned. Mr. and Mrs. Barkley had children: William George, unmarried, lives on the farm; Clara, now deceased, married William J. Pontius; Jessie, married W. E. Heyl, lives in Butler, Pennsylvania; Frank Austin, see forward; Mabel, married Sumner C. Bolton, lives in Grand Rapids, Michigan.

(IV) Frank Austin Barkley, son of William John and Josephine (Snyder) Barkley, was born in Prospect, Butler county, Pennsylvania, May 3, 1877. The early years of his life were spent in Franklin township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he attended the public schools, and he was graduated from the Prospect Classical Academy in 1895. He next attended the normal school at Slippery Rock, Butler county, Pennsylvania, and was graduated in 1897. Matriculating at Grove City College, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, he was graduated from this institution in the class of 1901, and since that time has been prominently identified with educational work. He taught school in Baden for one year, then returned to Butler in order to take up the study of law, which he pursued for two years, then returned to Baden, where he spent three years. During the past eight years he has been principal of the schools at Freedom, but still resides in Baden and makes daily trips to the scene of his activities on the street cars. Mr. Barkley has been active in a number of directions. He is a capable man of business and is a director in the St. Clair National Bank, at Freedom. He has been of considerable importance in supporting the Republican party, and has been president of the borough council of Baden. He and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church, and he is superintendent of the Sunday school.

Mr. Barkley married, November 28, 1907, Lucretia J. Jones, born June 10, 1881, and they had one child: Helen Louisa, who died in infancy. Mrs. Barkley is a daughter of James Jones, born in Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, who was a steamboat pilot and captain between Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and Louisville, Kentucky. He died on his boat at Steubenville, while making a trip. He married Rebecca R. Calvin, born in Sewickley, Pennsylvania, and they had children: Charles E., married Delia Dobbins, lives in Baden; James Walters, unmarried; Lucretia J., married Mr. Barkley, as aforesaid; Paul B., lives in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, married Margaret Strayer, and has: Madeline, Margaret, Richard; Carrie M., unmarried; Marion, unmarried.

He who founded the family of Berry in Washington county, BERRY Pennsylvania, came thither from Scotland, which land must be searched for records of the early history of those of the name, and from Washington to Allegheny, and thence to Beaver county the line is traced.

(II) Daniel Berry, son of the Scotch immigrant, was born in Washing-

ton county, Pennsylvania, in the settlement of which his father was a pioneer, and in that county became the owner of extensive acres, which he cultivated throughout a busy life. Daniel Berry was a Democratic sympathizer in politics, and as the incumbent of numerous public offices or as the promoter of some public improvement was prominent among his fellows. His influence was also felt in church work, his membership being in the Methodist Episcopal. He married and had children: Jane, Sarah, Daniel, of whom further, and Abraham. Daniel Berry's death occurred when he was within two years of the century mark, his wife dying in young womanhood, about 1837.

(III) Daniel (2) Berry, son of Daniel (1) Berry, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1834, died in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1901. Obtaining a public school education, he early in life devoted himself to mechanical pursuits, later becoming an engineer, a trade he followed all of his life, moving to Pittsburgh about 1858. He was a Democrat in politics, he and his wife having been at one time members of the Methodist Episcopal church, later associating with the Methodist Protestant. Since his death his widow has lived at the Old Ladies' Home, in Dravosburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He married Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel and Harriet (Leyda) Swickard, born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1840. Daniel Swickard's parents were early settlers of Washington county, he being first a farmer and later a merchant, his store being in Monongahela City, Pennsylvania, where, after a successful business career, he died aged ninety-three years. Children of Daniel and Harriet (Leyda) Swickard: Mary Elizabeth, of previous mention, married Daniel Berry; John, Annie, James, Daniel, deceased; Alexander, David. Children of Daniel (2) and Mary Elizabeth (Swickard) Berry: John Hair, Daniel Swickard, Francis, William D., of whom further; Harriet Jane, Charles Weekley.

(IV) William D. Berry, son of Daniel (2) and Mary Elizabeth (Swickard) Berry, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1863. He was there a student in the public schools. Soon after discontinuing his studies he became an apprentice in the foundry of Atwood and McCaffery, of Pittsburgh, where he learned to be an expert worker in brass, and has ever since been identified with work of that nature, his practical knowledge having served in many instances since then as a stepping stone to higher positions in that line. His first official employment was with the Atlas Bronze and Tuyere Company, and was foreman of their plant when he was twenty-three years of age, after which he moved to Indianapolis, where he was placed in charge of the Pioneer Brass Works. Later he returned to Pennsylvania, holding a similar position with the Stanford and Youngbluth Brass Company, coming from there to Pittsburgh and subsequently to New Brighton, being employed as foreman for the Logan and Strobridge Iron Company, in charge of the brass department. The Carnegie Steel Company, at Braddock, Pennsylvania, next claimed his services as superintendent of

the brass foundry department, remaining in this position for five years, after which he became superintendent of the Fort Pitt Bronze Company, at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. He became a stockholder in this company and after that concern was bought by the Magnus Metal Company he was for two years connected with the latter firm. Philadelphia was the scene of his next situation, the Homer Brass Works his employer, and in 1903 he moved to New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he organized and was president of the Beaver Valley Metal Company, taking over a plant that had previously been operated by L. A. Glasser. For two years he remained at the head of this business, at the end of that time selling his interest, in 1905 building a plant and establishing the Brighton Brass and Bronze Company, of which he was for one year sole owner. An attractive offer by a company of Pittsburgh capitalists induced him to sell a three-fourths share in the business, he holding one-fourth of the stock of the newly organized company, which retained the name he had given it, and acting as manager. In 1911 the Keystone Bronze Company bought the plant, which has since been operated in connection with another owned by the same company in Pittsburgh, Mr. Berry being general superintendent of both, the company transacting business as the Keystone Bronze Company, Pittsburgh and New Brighton. Such a vast experience as the recital of his career shows he has eminently suited the various concerns with which he has been connected.

Mr. Berry for his dual position, and the service he has rendered the company during his incumbency of that office, shows that his past years have not been spent in vain. The task of directing the destinies of one concern such as either of the two of which he is superintendent would tax the capabilities of many a man, but to accept the responsibility of two such organizations is an endeavor of stupendous dimensions, and the masterly manner in which Mr. Berry has fulfilled all of his obligations and has fostered the advancement of his company's interests proclaims him a manager of merit, a business man of sagacity, and an employee of faithfulness and honor. Mr. Berry is a sympathizer with Socialistic views and sentiments, and belongs to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Independent Order of Heptasophs.

He married (first) August 30, 1887, Nancy Etta Allman, born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Alexander Allman, of the same locality. His wife died July 4, 1889. Mr. Berry married (second) Elizabeth Vial, of Braddock, Pennsylvania. Son of his first marriage, Eudore Allman, born December 14, 1888, who was educated in the public schools of Braddock, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Bellevue, Wilkesburg and New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and in Beaver County Commercial College, Beaver, Pennsylvania, is now an employee of the Keystone Bronze Company. Children of his second marriage: Walter Vial, born January 5, 1901; Essie Elizabeth, born December 27, 1902; Florence Ashford, born February 28, 1904; Margaret, born in March, 1906, died in March, 1910; James Craft, born in December, 1907, died in July, 1908; Sarah Watkins, born September 2, 1912.

To relate the story of the Sohn family in its native land would be to go into the details of German life and to follow the courses of many professions and occupations, and would involve, as well, excursions into the public service of that land, with especial mention of military matters. But this narrative is concerned with its American residence and the position its members have attained and held on this side of the ocean.

(I) George Sohn, a native of Germany, became a soldier in the vast standing army of the Kaiser and for six years was a private, seeing active service in the conflict of 1848. As soon as his term of enlistment had expired, he came to the United States, about 1851 making his home in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, living in the east end of the city. His wife and family had accompanied him to this place, and during his stay in Pittsburgh he followed gardening, meeting with profitable success both in the raising and in the disposition of his truck, later moving to Sewickley township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, becoming the owner of a tract of one hundred and forty-seven acres. His operations were conducted here on a much larger scale, and he prospered accordingly, his death occurring on that farm when he was ninety years of age. In his prime of life he was a prominent figure in the locality to which he had come, taking an interested part in public affairs, and was at different times supervisor and school director of Sewickley township. His political faith was Republican, and he and his wife were members and regular attendants of the Lutheran Church, the faith in which they worshipped in their native land. He married Susan Miller, whose brother, John, held the rank of general in the German army. She survives him, living in Leetsdale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, aged ninety-two years. Ten of their children grew to maturity, two having died in infancy: George, John, Valentine, William, Henry, Emilia, married a Mr. Bock; Louise and Susan, both of their married names being Fisher; Charles; Philip J., of whom further.

(II) Dr. Philip J. Sohn, son of George and Susan (Miller) Sohn, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 15, 1868. He obtained his preliminary education in the public schools of Sewickley, and in 1894 entered the University of Pennsylvania, emerging therefrom in 1897 with the degree of M. D. His active practice was begun in the same year, Economy, Beaver county, being the place he selected to embark in his profession, and there he has since continued. A practitioner of little more than fifteen years standing, he is known throughout the surrounding countryside, and since he first entered the medical field has borne a reputation of honor, integrity and ability. His efficiency is born of knowledge and the fact that he is favorably regarded by other and older physicians is a good index to his professional worth. The only professional connection he has formed outside of his regular practice is as surgeon for the Beaver Valley Traction Company. His political support was formerly given the Republican party, but he has identified himself with the Progressive party and is an enthusiastic worker in its



John A. Juncoson.

ranks. As representative of the former party he was a member of the first council of the borough of Ambridge, and for about eight years was secretary of the board of health. His membership in the Fraternal Order of Eagles is his only affiliation with orders of that nature.

Dr. Sohn married, March 8, 1899, Alma E. Anderson, a native of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Children: Eugene L. and H. Warren, both students in the public school.

This patronymic is obviously one of those directly derived from a Christian name. JACKSON, like Johnson, originally meant the son of John. The name was numerous among the early settlers, and it reached the climax of its distinction in Andrew Jackson, one of the most brilliant and daring of presidents.

(I) Andrew Jackson, a second cousin of President Andrew Jackson, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, his ancestors having been pioneer settlers there. By occupation he was a saddler, and located in Fallston, Beaver county. He married Belinda Hays, probably also born in Beaver county, and they had children: Martha, married a Mr. Smith; William Henderson, of Beaver Falls, Beaver county; John A., of further mention.

(II) John A. Jackson, son of Andrew and Belinda (Hays) Jackson, was born in Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 16, 1857, died in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1911. He was a pupil in the public schools of Beaver county until he had attained the age of fourteen years, at which time he had entered upon his business career. His first position was in the old cutlery works at Beaver Falls, later secured a clerkship with The Duncan Clothing Firm, with whom he remained some years, then entered the employ of Joseph Snellenburg, now of Philadelphia, and he held this position for many years in New Brighton. He then associated himself in a business partnership with John A. Butler, and this association was continued uninterruptedly until 1909, when Mr. Jackson bought out the interests of his partner and continued the business alone until the time of his death. The firm of Butler & Jackson, Clothiers, was organized in September, 1885, and while it was in existence a number of branch stores were opened in Rochester and Beaver Falls. The firm name has remained unaltered since the time of its organization, the business now being carried on by the son of Mr. Jackson, Andrew W. Mr. Jackson was a man of fine executive ability and great business acumen, and his services were in demand in numerous business operations. He was vice-president of the Union National Bank of New Brighton, and a director of the Beaver Valley General Hospital. His religious affiliation was with the Methodist Protestant Church, and he was a member of the New Castle Lodge of Perfection, Free and Accepted Masons, Knights of Pythias. Mr. Jackson married, September 30, 1885, Olive Keyser, of New Brighton, and they have had children: Minnie, married P. J. Barord, of Kane, Pennsylvania; Helen,

married E. W. Phillis, of New Brighton; Andrew W., of further mention; John J., who is still attending the public schools.

Mrs. Jackson is a daughter of William M. and Elizabeth Y. (Hipple) Keyser, the former a native of Germany, the latter born in Butler county, Pennsylvania. William M. Keyser emigrated to America when a young man, and located in Pittsburgh, where his death occurred. He removed to New Brighton in 1870, where he was established in business as a contractor, in which occupation he was very successful. He built the Presbyterian Church at New Brighton, the Court House at Beaver, and many of the fine residences in the Valley. His fraternal affiliations were with the Masonic Order. His children were: Olive, mentioned above as the wife of Mr. Jackson; Emerson W.; Amanda Minerva; William John; May Elizabeth; Ida May. The maternal grandfather of Mrs. Jackson was John Hipple, a farmer of Butler county, Pennsylvania, who married Jemima McCandless. One of their sons changed his name to Mitchell, and is now Senator Mitchell, of Oregon.

(III) Andrew W. Jackson, son of John A. and Olive (Keyser) Jackson, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 3, 1891, and received his elementary education in the public schools of New Brighton. This was supplemented by training at the Pennsylvania Military Academy. He had inherited the financial and general business ability of his father, and at the time of the death of the latter he had held the responsible position of teller in the Union National Bank for a period of two and a half years. Although very young to assume the responsibility of carrying on a business of large proportions, this duty devolved upon him when his father died, and he has shown himself equal to shoulder the duties which this entailed. He has already made a name for himself in the business world by the progressive ideas he has introduced, yet these are tempered with a certain amount of conservatism which renders them perfectly safe forward movements. Mr. Jackson is a member of Union Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons, of New Brighton; New Castle Lodge of Perfection, Fourteenth Degree; Pennsylvania Consistory, Thirty-second Degree, of Pittsburgh; New Brighton Castle, No. 35, Knights of Pythias.

Daniel Haas, the first of the Haas family of whom we have HAAS record, spent his entire life in Germany. He was a carpenter and contractor. He married Margareta Pfeffer, and had children: Jacob, see forward; Christoph, Conrad, and two daughters who died young.

(II) Jacob Haas, son of Daniel and Margareta (Pfeffer) Haas, was born in Germany, and was sent to Grünberg, Hessen-Darmstadt, Germany, to learn the trade of tanning, and he followed that and farming until the end of his days. After his return to his native town he married Bertha Yöeckel, daughter of Frederick and Margareta (Pfeffer) Yöeckel. Fred-

erick Yöeckel was very successfully engaged as a tanner and farmer all his life. By a first marriage he had a daughter Catherine, and by his second marriage he had: Bertha, mentioned above; Eliza, Christiana, Anna, the latter deceased. All remained in Germany. Jacob and Bertha (Yöeckel) Haas had children: 1. August, who is paymaster in chief of the German army in Offenbach-on-the-Main, and who completed the necessary course of study for this important position in nine months less time than it has ever before been accomplished. 2. Daniel, a farmer and butcher in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Eliza, married Henry Ellerman, a carpenter of Darmstadt, Germany. 4. Gustav, a tanner and farmer of Grünberg, Germany. 5. Conrad, see forward. 6. Ernest, was a law clerk and an acrobat, and was killed in an accident in 1897, when he was twenty-seven years of age. 7. Herman, engaged in the grocery business in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. 8. Anna, married Henry Schmidt, a marble cutter. 9. Bertha, twin of Anna, married Richard Ludewig, now deceased, who was an instructor in the German army. 10. Christiana, married Fritz Fisher, also an instructor in the German army, at Strassburg. 11. Otto, has a bakery and a farm at Niederbessungen, Hessen, Germany. 12. Emil, a clerk in the post office at Frankfort-on-the-Main.

(III) Conrad Haas, son of Jacob and Bertha (Yöeckel) Haas, was born in Germany, October 11, 1868. At the age of fourteen years he was apprenticed to learn the butcher's trade, which he followed for some years in his native country. Deciding that there were better and more opportunities in the United States than in Germany, he came to America, and arrived at Baltimore, Maryland, January 3, 1892. For a time he followed his trade in that city, then went to West Virginia where he found employment in a slaughter house. Later he removed to Allegheny, Pennsylvania, where he followed the same occupation, and was engaged in the meat business for a period of about twelve years. In 1911 he purchased the hotel in South Heights, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, which he has managed very successfully since that time. He and his family are members of the German Lutheran Church of St. John in Allegheny.

Mr. Haas married, September 7, 1899, Louisa Margareta Finke, born in Lübbecke, Germany, who came to America with a woman friend, and made her home in Pittsburgh. They had children: Bertha, Anna, Edward, Matilda and Emilie, died young. Ernst Finke, father of Mrs. Haas, is now (1914) about sixty-five years of age, and has been in the coal business in Lübbecke, Germany; he married Louisa Thomas, and has had children: Louisa Margareta, mentioned above; Wilhelmina, married Frederick Steinmeyer, a carpenter and farmer at Nettelstädt, in Westfahlen, Germany; Caroline, married Carl Grote, a farmer and cigar manufacturer in Nettelstädt, Westfahlen, Germany; Sophia, married Henry Meyer, a farmer and carpenter of Gehlenbeck, Westfahlen, Germany. Henry Finke, the paternal grandfather of Mrs. Haas, who was a grocer and farmer, married Margaret

Hagemeyer, and had children: Margaret, who married a Mr. Shlippsich, and remained in Germany; Louisa, married, came to America, where she lived and died in Pittsburgh; Frederick, Carl and Christian, deceased; Ernst, the father of Mrs. Haas. Ernst Thomas, maternal grandfather of Mrs. Haas, was a carpenter and farmer in Germany, and never came to this country. He married Louisa —, and had twelve children, among whom were: Carl, Ernst and Marie.

This chronicle of the Douds family begins with the American DOUDS ancestor, who was likewise the Revolutionary representative of the line, Robert Douds, who came to this country in the pre-Revolutionary period. He had, however, styled himself American, and despite his recent loyalty to the land of his birth, England, defended the Colonial cause with true patriotic ardor, enlisting in the Continental forces, and taking up arms against the invading British forces. Nor were his struggles vain, for it was his privilege to offer his life upon the same altar that has been wet with the blood of countless heroes, the shrine of liberty, his death occurring as the result of wounds received in active service. He married Elizabeth Dawson, of Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, of German descent, who after his death married a Mr. Gahey, one child, Anna, resulting from this union.

(II) John Douds, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Dawson) Douds, was born on Yellow Beeches Creek, about six miles from Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1778. The care of her family weighing heavily upon his mother, he was adopted by James Braden, retaining, however, his own name, with whom he lived until he attained man's estate. Their home was for a time in Pittsburgh, but they later left that place to live the lives of pioneers in Beaver county, their first home, a low log hut, being on Raccoon Creek in that county. After the first crops had been started and there was more time in which to provide for personal comforts and convenience, the neighboring settlers were invited to a "house-raising," and the setting sun saw the entire skeleton of a frame house towering, by comparison, above the humble hut in which they had previously lived. Here, in an atmosphere well-calculated to bring out the strongest instincts of self-reliant manhood, John Douds grew to maturity, well acquainted with all the suffering and hardship of pioneer life and inured to the frightful horrors committed by the hostile tribes of Indians surrounding them. With the Indians of more friendly nature he consorted much, and by this association gained a knowledge of their tongue that not only enabled him to understand their conversation, but even to speak to them in an intelligible manner. When he was twenty-one years of age he received from his foster-parent the gift of a horse, saddle, bridle, and a suit of clothes, and was freed from all obligations to Mr. Braden. In the same year, on October 18, he was married to Mary, daughter of James and Elizabeth Hutchinson,

the Rev. Reno, of Beaver, performing the marriage ceremony. They were given one hundred acres of land by James Hutchinson, to which he added until they were the possessors of several hundred acres. On his land, besides doing general farming, he conducted extensive stock-raising operations. He was skilled in the care and breeding of horses and raised many of the best animals produced in that section of the state. Toward the end of the War of 1812 he managed to arrange his domestic and business affairs so that he felt free to enlist in the American army, and journey to Erie, Pennsylvania, with that intention, but before he was assigned to a company the conflict was over. With his wife he was a member of the White Oak Flats Presbyterian church, and was a Republican in political belief. Mary Hutchinson was born at Kilrea, county Derry, Ireland, and came to the United States with her parents in June, 1789. James and Elizabeth Hutchinson located first at Brandywine, later at Middletown, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and finally in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. John Douds was an elder of the White Oak Flats church after its name was changed to Mount Carmel, holding that honorable position for fifty-two years, and had the pleasure of having four sons who succeeded him in the session of the same church. His death occurred when he was in his eighty-ninth year.

Children of John and Mary (Hutchinson) Douds: 1. Agnes, born July 25, 1800; married, August 28, 1817, Mahlon T. Stokes. 2. Robert, died in infancy. 3. James H., born January 15, 1805; married, August 16, 1827, Margaret Caldwell, died September 7, 1856. 4. John, born March 17, 1807; married, in December, 1832, Mary McDonald. 5. Benoni D., born August 23, 1809; married, in March, 1833, Mary Irons. 6. Eliza, born January 30, 1813; married, November 7, 1833, James Moore. 7. Mary Ann, born November 6, 1815. 8. William McC., born February 19, 1818; married, May 6, 1841, Rebecca Wyant. 9. Edward Hill, of whom further. 10. Margaret H., born October 11, 1822; married, April 8, 1841, Joseph Irons. 11. Mahlon S., born December 9, 1824; married, April 23, 1850, Rebecca Brotherton.

(III) Edward Hill Douds, son of John and Mary (Hutchinson) Douds, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 27, 1820. He was educated in the public schools of Moon township, and has spent his after life on the home farm. Besides being the proprietor of that land, he owned property in other parts of the locality, one of his farms of one hundred and eighteen acres now belonging to his son, George. At the time of the Civil War home duties and the care of his numerous family prohibited his presence at the front, but he gladly paid the price of a substitute. He has all his life been a member of the Mount Carmel Presbyterian church and in its service has surpassed the wonderful record of his father, having been a member of its session for over sixty years.

He married, April 29, 1845, Maria Fronk, of Beaver county, Penn-

sylvania, born August 15, 1824, died January 20, 1892, daughter of George and Liza (Metz) Fronk, both natives of Pennsylvania, of German descent. Children of Edward Hill and Maria (Fronk) Douds: 1. Rebecca M., born February 1, 1846, died in Ohio. 2. John M., born December 17, 1847; married Sarah E. Jackson; died March 17, 1903. 3. Mary H., born December 3, 1850; married William Holmes; lives in Beaver. 4. Elmira E., born March 17, 1854, died December 19, 1910; married, February 15, 1881, James D. Irons. 5. George F., of whom further. 6. Minnie M., born March 10, 1859. 7. Agnes A., born July 15, 1861, deceased. 8. A daughter, died in infancy. The great age of Edward Hill Douds is a subject worthy of mention, he having attained his ninety-fourth year.

(IV) George F. Douds, son of Edward Hill and Maria (Fronk) Douds, was born in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 22, 1857. He obtained the major part of his education in the Braker Hill school, finishing with one year at the academy at North Sheffield. At the completion of his studies he taught school for a period of three years, forsaking this profession to engage in farming, which has since been his occupation. About 1890 he purchased a farm of one hundred and thirteen acres in what is now Moon township, and has there resided until the present time. He does not specialize in any branch of agricultural employment, but conducts general operations. With his wife he is a member of the New Sheffield United Presbyterian Church, and in political faith is a Republican, having been for twenty-one years auditor of Moon township, and for two years secretary of the board of education. Mr. Douds is a prosperous farmer, well regarded in the county, and fulfills all the duties of good citizenship. His farm is improved with modern buildings, all of which he has erected, with the exception of his dwelling.

Mr. Douds married (first) March 21, 1882, Nancy Weygandt, born August 7, 1857, died August, 1903, daughter of Colonel and Jane (Reed) Weygandt. Colonel Weygandt was a descendant of Raccoon township ancestors, and was born April 28, 1815, died July 7, 1902; married, December 15, 1846, Jane, daughter of James and Betsey Reed, born November 30, 1822, died January 13, 1891. Children of Colonel and Jane (Reed) Weygandt: 1. Washington R., born September 10, 1847, died February 2, 1853. 2. Lewis Henry, born July 21, 1849, died May 12, 1851. 3. A son, born February 13, 1854, died in infancy. 4. Nancy, of previous mention, married George F. Douds. 5. John A., born in April, 1859, died August 10, 1859. 6. Barbara Alice, born August 31, 1860, died May 9, 1871. Children of George F. Douds and his first wife: 1. Minnie Pearl, born August 30, 1885; lives in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, wife of John Wallace. 2. A son, born January 11, 1889, died April 5, 1889. 3. Edward C., born September 2, 1893; a school teacher, lives at home. Mr. Douds married (second) Laura Christler, of Shippingport, daughter of Michael Christler.

This family is of Dutch origin, the emigrant ancestors MYTINGER having come to America a number of generations ago, and their numerous descendants are now to be found in many sections of the United States.

(I) John Calker Mytinger, the first of whom we have record, was born in the United States. He married, and among his children were: Robert Emmet, of further mention; John, who lost an arm while in active service during the Civil War; Wallace, who was also an active participant in that struggle; a sister, whose name is not on record. All of the sons were members of the Volunteer Fire Department in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

(II) Robert Emmet Mytinger, son of John Calker Mytinger, was born in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. He was graduated from the Williamsport Seminary, Pennsylvania. He was a prominent business man throughout his life, being engaged in the oil and lumber business, and operated a saw mill. About 1865 he removed to Columbiana county, Ohio. He was a member of the Fifth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Reserves, serving three years and eleven days. During the progress of the battle of Gettysburg, he was serving with the Seventeenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was in the thick of this momentous struggle. His fraternal affiliations are with the Free and Accepted Masons, and with the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Mytinger married Barbara Jane Trippy, born in the state of Ohio, where her family had long been resident. They became the parents of eight daughters and two sons.

(III) George A. Mytinger, son of Robert Emmet and Barbara Jane (Trippy) Mytinger, was born six miles from Lisbon, Columbiana county, Ohio, July 10, 1878. He was a regular attendant at the public schools of his native county until he had reached the age of fifteen years, when he was apprenticed to learn the trade of tinning at Rogers, Ohio. When he had finished his apprenticeship he worked as a journeyman at the following places: East Palestine, Niles, in Ohio; Girard, New Castle, Butler and Ambridge, Pennsylvania. In March, 1904, Mr. Mytinger established himself in the tinning business independently in Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and so successful was he in this undertaking that in 1910 he opened a building material supply business, conducting it under the name of The Ambridge Supply Company, and this is in a very flourishing condition. His business methods are thorough, practical and up-to-date in every particular, and his stock in trade is one of the most complete of its kind. He is connected as a member with a number of organizations, among them being: Clover Lodge, No. 348, Ambridge Encampment, No. 259, and Agnes Fern Rebekah Lodge, No. 397, all of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and Beaver Valley Canton, No. 50.

Mr. Mytinger married, April 28, 1903, Sarah Amanda Dunbar, of Butler, Butler county, Pennsylvania. They have children: Ruthetta, Thelma Elizabeth, Edith Roberta, Robert Emmet. Mr. Mytinger is considered one

of the most progressive and enterprising young business men of the town, and his business is constantly increasing.

The Hoopes family, for many years identified with the HOOPEs interests of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, came from England in the latter half of the seventeenth century.

(I) Joshua Hoopes, the immigrant ancestor of this family, came to America with his wife Isabel and children in the year 1683. His children were Daniel, Margaret and one other whose name is not known.

(II) Daniel Hoopes, son of Joshua and Isabel Hoopes, was born in England, 1669, and came to America with his parents in 1683. He married Jane Worrilow and had seventeen children.

(III) Thomas Hoopes, son of Daniel and Jane (Worrilow) Hoopes, born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, 1714; married Susannah Davis.

(IV) David Hoopes, son of Thomas and Susannah (Davis) Hoopes, was drowned in Beaver river, 1811. He married Esther Townsend, of Chester county, Pennsylvania.

(V) Joseph Hoopes, son of David and Esther (Townsend) Hoopes, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 28, 1770. He married Eleanor Hamilton and had children: Frances, died at the age of three years; Edward; Francis; Charles, died at the age of six years; William; May; Charles; Hamilton.

(VI) Edward Hoopes, son of Joseph and Eleanor (Hamilton) Hoopes, was born in Wilmington, Delaware, December 18, 1800. He was but two years of age when he was brought to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, by his parents, and the remainder of his life was identified with that locality. He was engaged in business as a banker and broker, and for a period of twenty-six years served as cashier of the old National Bank at New Brighton, Pennsylvania. He married Cynthia, born in Brownville, Pennsylvania, 1797, daughter of Benjamin Townsend, of Chester county, Pennsylvania. Children: William Penn, born in September, 1826; Henry, died at the age of sixteen days; Robert Emmet, see forward; Henry, born December 18, 1831; Ellen, born October 3, 1834, unmarried, and lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania; Pamela T., born August 29, 1837, unmarried, and lives with her sister Ellen; Edward Joseph, born November 4, 1841, killed at the battle of Fredericksburg.

(VII) Robert Emmet Hoopes, son of Edward and Cynthia (Townsend) Hoopes, was born at Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 14, 1829. He was engaged in business as a private banker at Brighton, operating under the firm name of R. E. & H. Hoopes. He married Eliza Sargent, and had one child.

(VIII) John Sargent Hoopes, only child of Robert Emmet and Eliza (Sargent) Hoopes, was born in Brighton, Pennsylvania, died in 1886. He was a publisher of note in his native town. His political affiliations were



John S. Hoopes

with the Republican party, and he was a member of the New Brighton Episcopal church, and of the order of Free and Accepted Masons. He married Elizabeth Rogers, who died in 1892, daughter of Colonel Daniel Rogers and Margaret (Clark) Davidson.

(IX) Eugene Sargent Hoopes, son of John Sargent and Elizabeth Rogers (Davidson) Hoopes, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 2, 1879. His preparatory education was acquired in the public schools of Beaver county. He then entered the Pennsylvania Military College, from which he was graduated June 19, 1901, with the degree of Civil Engineer. He engaged in the manufacturing business, his chief products being steel and its by-products, at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. He is connected in an official capacity and otherwise with a number of other business enterprises, among them being: The Union Drawn Steel Corporation; the Beaver Clay Manufacturing Company of Beaver County; the brickmaking business; First National Bank of Beaver Falls, and the Beaver Trust Company of Beaver. In political matters he is a member of the Progressive party. He is past master of St. James Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. Mr. Hoopes married, November 3, 1903, Caroline May, daughter of James H. and Nellie (Reno) Cunningham. They have one child: Eugene Sargent Jr., born April 18, 1906. Mrs. Hoopes was graduated from Beaver College; was graduated in music from Geneva College; and was also graduated from the National Park Seminary, at Washington, District of Columbia. She is a member of the Chiopi Sorority in college. The home of Mr. Hoopes in Beaver is one of the most beautiful in that section, called "Nuk-Wud."

That none but the closing chapter of the most thrilling of
McANLIS Scottish history can be cited to give authentic information
of the lives and actions of those of the name of McAnlis
or McAnliss, the latter the early spelling of the name, deprives the family
of a record of which it might well be proud, for naught but a noble beginning
could have given birth to a descendant of the valor of him with whom
this record opens. When Prince Charles, of the house of Stuart, rallied a
force round about him to do battle with the English hosts to, as he phrased
it, "make Scotland once more a free and happy people," there were in his
ranks many Highlanders whose ancestors had participated in the frays and
conflicts that were even then history, and who were about to spill their life's
blood in the swan song of that nation as such. When the defeat of that
army on the moor of Culloden put to earth the final efforts of the Stuart
line to regain power and marked the final surrender of the turbulent Scots,
James McAnliss, who had nobly supported "Bonnie Prince Charlie" to the
bitter end, was forced to flee the country with his family, for his sympathy
with the Pretender was well known, as was his service in the army. For
this reason the Scotch history of the line ends April 16, 1746, with the
triumph of the forces of England, and county Fermanagh, Ireland, near

Enniskillen, becomes the scene of the family life. James McAnliss was born in Southern Scotland, near Loch Fyne, about 1710, and in Ireland adopted agricultural pursuits, a decided contrast to the stirring scenes and actions into which he had been plunged in his native land. He married, and at his death, which occurred in middle age, he had a family of about seven children. Among these was Robert, of whom further.

(II) Robert McAnliss, son of James McAnliss, was born in Scotland, and was brought to Ireland when he was a small lad, there growing to vigorous manhood. He became the owner of a farm, and his home contained many of the possessions of the family that had been used in Scotland, kept as precious relics and heirlooms, reminders of the homeland, their very love for which had caused their exile. Robert McAnliss was the possessor of a powerful physique and excelled in athletic sports, being particularly fond of wrestling. Contests of strength were the usual thing at local fairs or to decide neighborhood supremacy, and for many years his supple and sinewy muscles gave him a champion's title to regnancy in such sports, and whenever the sport of such meetings heightened into more serious combat, his virile strength was the nucleus about which his friends centered their attack or defense. He was not prodigal with the vigor of his stalwart frame, nor did he abuse its sturdy power, but lived a simple and natural life, attaining an old age and retaining much of his youthful activity until the end of his days. He was an unyielding Protestant all of his life, which was also the faith of his family. He married a member of the McCullough family, and had two sons, William and James, and numerous daughters.

(III) James McAnlis, son of Robert McAnliss, was born near Enniskillen, county Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1771, died in Big Beaver township, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, in 1848. He was reared and educated in his native land, and there married, his wife and seven children accompanying him to the United States about 1821, coming first to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. From this city they proceeded, part of the family on foot, the younger ones on horseback, to Big Beaver township, then Beaver, now Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. There he purchased five hundred acres of land, the most of which is still held by those of the name McAnlis. He here constructed a log house, which was later replaced by a more substantial and ornamental one of stone, the latter serving as a kitchen at the home of the late John Galbraith McAnlis. James McAnlis was a successful farmer, the able assistance of his sons saving him goodly sums in that he was only compelled to hire extra labor at harvest times, when it was necessary to take immediate advantage of each day of favorable weather. He possessed a natural love for literature which, though never cultivated, overlooked all but the best works of the best loved authors. He was like his father, a member of the Covenanter church, and his children later affiliated with the Reformed Presbyterian church, the Covenanter and Reformed Presbyterian church being the same. At his death he bequeathed to each of his sons one hundred acres of land, and to each of his daughters twenty-five acres, each

son subsequently purchasing the interest of one of his sisters, making the share of each one hundred and twenty-five acres. He married Susan Sleith, a native of Ireland, and had children, all but the last born in Ireland: 1. John, married Margaret Slater. 2. William, married Margery Young. 3. Robert, born in 1813, married Jane Patterson, a native of Ireland, and passed his life on the farm in Lawrence county inherited from his father. His son James, a resident of Wampum, Pennsylvania, has served two terms in the legislature of Pennsylvania, and was the originator of the lately passed bill restricting the marriage of relatives. 4. Jane, married Robert Young. 5. Eliza, married Isaac Kirkpatrick. 6. Susan, married James Patterson. 7. James, of whom further. 8. Margaret, married James Luke.

(IV) James (2) McAnlis, son of James (1) and Susan (Sleith) McAnlis, was born in county Armagh, near Newton Hamilton, Ireland, November 20, 1820, died in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1905. He was but three months old when the family left the homeland, and he was carried in his mother's arms from Philadelphia, their port of entry, to Big Beaver township, Lawrence county, his mother riding on one of the horses bought for the trip. He was reared to manhood in the latter place, and after becoming a quarter owner of the homestead farm he began its cultivation independently, having previously farmed for his father, and there lived until his death, aged eighty-four years. He was cheerful, generous and genial, and had many firm friends in that locality, whose high regard he held until the day of his death. Even those of his own age called him "Uncle Jimmy," and it was by this name that he was universally called and tenderly remembered after his departure from his earthly walk. In him was the physical might of his Scotch ancestors revived, and though he was of little more than medium height, there was enormous strength and vitality concealed beneath his breadth of shoulders and depth of chest, a store of power upon which he drew to the end of his days, performing active labor on his land when he was seventy-five years of age. He was the owner of one of the few threshing machines in that locality, and in harvest time made the rounds of his neighbors' farms, getting their grain into marketable condition. He was a member of and an elder in the Reformed Presbyterian church. It was ever a matter of comment among his friends that, although he was in reality such a desirable and loyal citizen, legally he lived an alien, for he never made application for his naturalization papers, and was never officially made a citizen of the United States.

He married, May 25, 1847, Maria Davidson, born June 19, 1817, died September 3, 1881, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Houston) Davidson. James Davidson was a son of William Davidson, born in Ireland, there grew to manhood and married. William Davidson married Mary Ramsey, a widow, Ramsey being her maiden name, his wife having borne her former husband two children, surnamed Ramsey, who died in infancy. William Davidson, his widowed mother, his wife, and his two eldest children, Rossanna and James, his family accompanied by two of his brothers, James and

Robert, came to the United States in 1786-87. They settled first in Redstone, near Carlisle, Pennsylvania, then moved to McKeesport, and finally to Lawrence county, there arriving in April, 1794, the farm which they first purchased is now owned by a descendant, William Davidson. The journey to the western part of the state was made in an interesting manner. The two eldest children, Rosanna and James, walked beside the two horses, the father leading the first animal, on the back of which was strapped the bedding and utensils used by the family at meal times and at night, while in each end of a leather bag or wallet, pouched at the extremities and hung over the horse's back, were the two children too small to walk, Esther and Mary. The mother of the family rode the second horse, holding in her arms her six weeks old infant. William Davidson and his wife lived on the farm in Lawrence county until their deaths, his taking place August 10, 1826, aged eighty-three years, hers February 10, 1831, aged seventy-four years. Children: Rosanna, married John Hamil; James, of whom further; Esther, married John White; Mary, married Thomas Silliman; Martha, married Charles Silliman; Jane, married Alexander Silliman, the third of three sisters to marry three brothers; Lydia, married Jeremiah Wilson, and had a son, Joseph, who was in business in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where three of his daughters and a son still reside. There were also three other girls, William and Mary (Ramsey) Davidson having been the parents of nine daughters and one son. James Davidson was born in Ireland, February 13, 1780, died in September, 1866; was reared on the home farm in Lawrence county, obtaining his education in Beaver, in later life becoming a farmer and surveyor. He was a soldier in the American army in the second war with Great Britain, and after his return from the front organized a company of militia at Mount Jackson, of which he was first made captain and later major. His church was the Associate Reformed, and politically he was a Whig and Republican. He married, December 4, 1810, Elizabeth Houston, a native of Ireland, who died in 1864. Children of James and Elizabeth (Houston) Davidson: 1. William Findley, born February 26, 1812, died in Kansas, November 16, 1873; a surveyor, school teacher and farmer; married Harriet Newell Dungan, born in August, 1824; he and his family moved to Kansas, November 16, 1868, and five years later to a day he died. They were the parents of twelve children, six of whom are living at the present time. 2. Jane, born in December, 1813, died unmarried in September, 1895. 3. Thomas Houston, born February 2, 1816, died February 2, 1889; a merchant and farmer; married Anna Mehard, deceased; their son, William Mehard, who entered educational work, having been recently elected superintendent of the public schools of Pittsburgh, whither he came from Washington, D. C., where he held a similar position. 4. Maria, of previous mention, married James McAnlis. 5. James Ramsey, born November 1, 1818, died February 22, 1893; married, February 28, 1872, Elizabeth M. Leonard, who resides in Newcastle, Pennsylvania; they had two children: Elizabeth, born in November, 1872, died October 3,

1912; Dell, born in November, 1873; James Ramsey Davidson was a carpenter, politically a Republican, and a member of the United Presbyterian Church. 6. Samuel Houston, born March 2, 1820, died February 20, 1890; a farmer; married Harriet McClelland, born March 21, 1830, died January 9, 1911, and they were the parents of five children. Children of James and Maria (Davidson) McAnlis: 1. James Davidson, of whom further. 2. John Galbraith, born December 27, 1849, died April 28, 1908; lived on the homestead farm. 3. William Kirk, born May 1, 1856, lives in Kansas.

(V) James Davidson McAnlis, eldest of the three sons of James and Maria (Davidson) McAnlis, was born in Big Beaver township, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1848. He attended the McAnlis district school and remained on the home farm until he was fifteen years of age, the duties that were laid upon him tending to strengthen his frame and improve his health, which had been delicate in his early youth. At the age of fifteen he went to Newcastle and learned the jeweler's art with D. I. Campbell, proprietor of a jewelry store in that place, and in 1869 located in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, establishing in the jewelry business on Seventh avenue. This is still the location of the store of J. D. McAnlis & Son, Mr. McAnlis having admitted his son, Howard Forbes, into partnership, and in the forty-five years of its continuance at that place the section has become the business center of the city. Since the founding of the business Beaver Falls has grown from a village of six hundred inhabitants to a city of the third class, and the development of the business of Mr. McAnlis has been in its proper proportion, predicated upon thorough knowledge of all of the varied departments thereof by the members of the firm. Since the admission of Howard Forbes McAnlis into the firm an optical department has been added, still further widening the scope of the firm's activities. The building owned and occupied by McAnlis & Son is a large, modern, two-story brick one, while the interior of the store is as near perfect in its appointments as one could imagine, an immense stock, consisting of all kinds of gold and silver jewelry, precious stones, silverware and cut glass being attractively displayed. Mr. McAnlis was at one time part owner and director of a foundry, and was one of the organizers, in 1883, of the Keystone Driller Company, of which he is a director and president. The Keystone Driller Company is one of the most prominent industries of Beaver Falls, its products having a world-wide reputation. Mr. McAnlis and his wife are members of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and he was one of the organizers of the church of that denomination in Beaver Falls, of which he has since been an elder. Upon moving to College Hill he was one of the organizers of another church of that same denomination, to which he now belongs.

Mr. McAnlis married Nancy Perzanna Forbes, born in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of David and Elizabeth (Wylie) Forbes, her father a farmer and wool and grain dealer. Children: 1. Mabel Forbes, died aged twenty-four years; married Rev. James G.

Reed, and had one child, Howard McAnlis Reed. 2. Florence Mary, married Marion Noyes Hurd, and lives in Beaver Falls; children: James McAnlis, Marian Elizabeth, Nancy McAnlis, John Martin. 3. Howard Forbes, married Edna M. Gault; children: James Wylie, born July 23, 1906; Margaret Patterson, born March 21, 1912. 4. Elizabeth Forbes, married Dr. William John Sterrett, a practicing physician of East Pittsburgh; children: James McAnlis, Sarah Elizabeth, William John Jr.

The Hartzel family, a branch of which is now resident in
HARTZEL Beaver county, Pennsylvania, has been connected with the interests of the state of Pennsylvania for many generations. They were at first located in the eastern portion of the state, from whence they migrated further west and became pioneer settlers in the western portion.

(I) George Hartzel, who was born in Lehigh township, Lehigh county, Pennsylvania, traveled by wagon, in 1751, to the western part of the state, and settled in Marion township, Beaver county, where he was one of the earliest settlers. He purchased a large tract of land which he cleared for farming purposes, and spent the remainder of his life there. He was a member of the German Reformed Church, and a man of influence in the community. He married Katherine Krohen, and had children: George, Jacob, John, see forward, and six daughters.

(II) John Hartzel, son of George and Katherine (Krohen) Hartzel, was educated in the public schools of Marion township, and from his earliest years assisted his father in the cultivation of the homestead farm. He followed the occupation of farming throughout his life, and died in 1903 at the age of eighty-four years. He was the owner of a farm of three hundred and fifty acres of land, this being a part of the original tract. He was active in working for the interests of the Democratic party and was honored by election to a number of local offices. His religious affiliation was with the Reformed Church. He married Dorothea Knauff, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, and they had children: George, Catherine, Michael, John, Henry, Margaret, Herman, Jacob, William Andrew, see forward.

(III) William Andrew Hartzel, son of John and Dorothea (Knauff) Hartzel, was born in Marion township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 16, 1859. After acquiring a substantial education in the public schools of Beaver county, Mr. Hartzel was apprenticed to learn the trade of cabinet making in Butler county, Pennsylvania. For a period of seven years he worked uninterruptedly at the bench, and in 1885 went to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and established himself in business as a furniture dealer and undertaker. For a time he conducted this business all alone, then sold a half interest in it to his brother Henry, and in 1892 the firm of Hartzel Brothers was organized for the sale of furniture and as undertakers. Mr. Hartzel and his wife are members of the English Luth-



W A Hartzel

eran Church. In political matters he is a Democrat, and served as a member of the town council for a three-year term, fifteen years ago. The cause of education is one in which he has always been deeply interested, having been elected a school director and served eight years, and is now serving a six-year term. His fraternal connections are with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, American Mechanics, Knights of the Golden Eagle and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Hartzel married, in 1885, Matilda Zehner, and has had children: Amy Olive, Laura May, Eva Sophia and Helen Grace. Energy is numbered among the chief characteristics of Mr. Hartzel, and has been one of the most important elements in his success. He is now enjoying a liberal patronage in his line of business, and his success is the merited reward of a properly directed life.

ATWOOD The Atwood family of earlier days was a representative one of New England, and there are many of the name still holding residence in that region, but of the line recorded in this sketch preference and professional demands have taken many far from the family seat and have compelled residence elsewhere. Then, too, death has claimed its inevitable toll, the combination of causes greatly decreasing the numbers of those of the name in their old home. This chronicle begins with John Atwood, who lived probably in Chatham, Massachusetts, a fisherman, follower of the sea until his later years, when he purchased a farm, conducted operations on a small scale, and engaged in the manufacture of salt. He married Mehitable Boylston, and from this union came two sons, John William, of whom further, and Samuel, who married Elizabeth Eldridge, and spent his entire life in Chatham, Massachusetts, being an extensive land owner, cultivating many acres, and the proprietor of a meat market.

(II) John William Atwood, eldest of the two sons of John and Mehitable (Boylston) Atwood, was born in Chatham, Massachusetts, in 1822, died in Jersey City, New Jersey, in 1883. He became the possessor of an excellent education through his attendance at the public schools of Chatham, being a graduate of the high school at that place, and after completing his studies apprenticed himself to the carpenter's trade. Becoming a duly accredited carpenter, he did not long pursue his trade, accepting a pedagogical position in the Chatham public schools, work for which his youthful zeal in study and later private preparation had admirably qualified him. He resigned his position to go to the front at the time of the Civil War, enlisting in the Forty-third Massachusetts Regiment. He was only in active service for nine months, at the end of that time returning to Massachusetts, moving from Chatham to West Bridgewater, where he established a flour mill, conducting that business for one year. Quintard & Ward, a coal firm of Somerville, Massachusetts, offered him a place in their organization, which he accepted, and in that place he and his family

made their home until 1868. In that year his employers sent him to Jersey City, New Jersey, as superintendent of the company's yards in that city, that being the home of the family until his death. He had never lost his interest in matters educational, gained when he was an instructor in Chatham, and becoming closely connected with such subjects in his new home, he was tendered the principalship of the public schools of Jersey City. To this proposition he gave his earnest and prayerful consideration, finally announcing his acquiescence to the desires of the board of education, and resigned his position with Quintard & Ward. He did not lay down the reins of authority until failing health compelled it one year before his death, and his practical and intelligent management of the school system of that city is the key to its later greatness. He gathered about him instructors of standing and ability, introduced a method of coöperation between the different schools, installed new courses of study, advocated trials of new subjects, and in many ways raised the plane of the city's schools, his wonderful results obtained by his indescribable power of instilling his own dynamic enthusiasm into his co-workers and of spurring them on to redoubled efforts. He was a Republican in political faith, and as the candidate of that party was returned victor from the polls in the election for state senator while a resident of Massachusetts, Barnstable county being the district he represented in the legislature. His church was the Congregational, later the Dutch Reformed, of which he was an elder, for many years superintendent of the Sunday school, and leader of the choir. He was a man of many interests, had a powerful influence among his fellows, always allying with the powers of right, and performed well the part that was allotted to him in life.

He married Abigail Doane, born in Orleans, Massachusetts, in 1821, died in 1889. Children: 1. Henry, died aged two years. 2. William Henry, deceased, married Elizabeth Havens, lived in Jersey City, New Jersey, and Cleveland, Ohio. 3. Heman D., died in 1876, aged twenty-two years. 4. John Abiel, of whom further. 5. Abigail Mehitabel, married William S. Cranmer, and lives in Summerville, New Jersey.

(III) John Abiel Atwood, fourth child and son of John William and Abigail (Doane) Atwood, was born in Chatham, Massachusetts, February 8, 1857. His education, preparatory to college entrance, was received in the public schools of Jersey City, of which his father in later years was principal, and Hasbrouck's Institute, of that city, the college at which he later matriculated being the New York University of New York. After his graduation from that institution in 1878, with an engineer's diploma, he was employed in the construction of the various elevated systems, now so important and popular a feature of New York's transportation facilities. His next operation was in North Carolina, a party of engineers being sent to that state to survey for and lay the tracks of the Elizabeth City & Norfolk Railroad, an interstate line connecting Elizabeth City, North Carolina, with Norfolk, Virginia. In March, 1881, he returned north and was em-

ployed as draughtsman by the West Shore railroad in the offices of that line in Syracuse, for the three following years being engaged in the active construction of the road. Surveying for a proposed line between Youngstown and Attica, New York, occupied four months, after which he was one of the engineers in charge of the construction of the Tenth Avenue Cable Railroad in New York City, work requiring eighteen months for completion. For the two following years he rendered service to the Chautauqua Lake Railroad, at Jamestown, New York, the next year being passed in Cleveland, Ohio, and Chicago, Illinois, with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad. Still in the employ of this same road he was sent to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he was made engineer of construction on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, in 1896 being promoted to the position of chief engineer, in which he still continues. Although his business keeps him in Pittsburgh a large part of the time, as well as on the road, his residence is in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, a comfortable, attractive dwelling of modern design. In the active prime of his life, Mr. Atwood has gained a position of trust and responsibility in his profession and has left behind him an honorable record of achievement. His political party is the Republican, and he is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Atwood married Jane, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Cushing) Ivers, of Concord, New Hampshire. Children: 1. William B., born January 29, 1882; married Ellen Fay Boyd, of New Brighton, and lives at Seneca Falls, New York. 2. Julia, born January 17, 1885; married J. Marvin Peters, and lives in McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 3. Edna Cleveland, born May 30, 1889; lives at home, unmarried.

The Edie family has been represented in this country for many generations, the various members of it having been prominently identified with professional, financial and industrial undertakings, and they have been highly esteemed members of all the communities in which they have resided, and have done their share to develop them.

(I) Guian Edie, who was born in Steubenville, Ohio, was engaged in farming for a number of years. He then removed to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he established himself in the real estate business, with which he was identified for a long time prior to his death. He married Margaret Bonner, and they had children: Robert, a physician, practicing in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; James, in the real estate business in Pittsburgh; William, also in the real estate business in Pittsburgh; Joseph Austin, of further mention: Captain Guy, of St. Louis; Margaret Ann, widow of John Nevin, of Beaver county, died in Beaver, March 21, 1914, at the age of ninety-four; Elizabeth, unmarried, still living in North Side, Pittsburgh.

(II) Rev. Joseph Austin Edie, son of Guian and Margaret (Bonner) Edie, was born in Clinton, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in August,

1827, and died at his home in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1895. His education was a liberal one, and was commenced in the public schools of Hookstown, Beaver county, from which he went to the Meadville and Franklin (Athens, Ohio) colleges, and finished his theological course in Canonsburg, Pennsylvania. New York was the scene of his first ministerial activities, and from the very commencement of his career he was very successful as a preacher. He was connected with Monmouth College, and was a member of the College Board for a period of twenty-two years. He served as secretary of the Educational Board of the United Presbyterian Church for fourteen years. He had charge of the religious services in the army during two winters of the Civil War, in the interests of the Christian commission. His second pastorate was at Clayton, Illinois, where he remained ten years. Returning to Beaver county in 1879, his last charge was at Four Mile, in that county, and his death cast a deep gloom over the community.

Rev. Joseph A. Edie married, May 8, 1860, Sarah Ann Hodgens, born at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, August 5, 1836, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Graham) Hodgens, the former born in 1803, in Germantown, Pennsylvania, died in 1854, the latter, born in Taylorstown, Pennsylvania, August 31, 1804, died in her hundredth year. Mrs. Edie had two brothers and five sisters: John, married Rhoda Thomas; Rachel G., married Rev. J. H. Nash; Isabella, married E. A. McCleese; Mary Ellen, deceased; Martha Jane, married Rev. W. W. Ralston, formerly pastor of Bridgewater Presbyterian Church; Esther, married Dr. E. T. Jeffers; Samuel, M. D. Rev. Joseph A. and Sarah Ann (Hodgens) Edie had six children: Mary Leanna, a teacher in Allegheny; John B.; Hallie B., married Louis E. Grim, deceased, a sketch of whom follows; Margaret Lorena, lives with her mother; William H., now in Alaska; Guy Thomas, born in 1873, died in 1876. John B. Edie is president of the Purity Drug Company, in the Terminal Building, Pittsburgh, and married Harriet McConnell of McKeesport. Mrs. Edie now lives in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(The Grim Line.)

(I) Philip L. Grim, who was of German descent, was born in York county, Pennsylvania. He married, and among his children were sons: John, George, Philip, Michael.

(II) Michael Grim, son of Philip L. Grim, served as a soldier during the War of 1812. He married (first) a daughter of John and Mary Shearrer, pioneer settlers of Butler county, Pennsylvania. He married (second) Susan Nye, and had one child: Benjamin. The children by his first marriage were: Philip L., of further mention; John, George, Conrad, David, William H., Joseph, Esther, married George Hartje.

(III) Philip L. Grim, son of Michael and — (Shearrer) Grim, was reared in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was prominent as a teacher in his day, teaching in the public schools of Beaver and in the Beaver Academy. When the first teachers' organization of Beaver county was



Louis E. Gunn

effected, April 6, 1850, at Rochester, Pennsylvania, Mr. Grim was made president of the permanent organization. Subsequently he entered into business life, and had important interests in the coal mining industry at Cannelton, Pennsylvania, and was identified with this enterprise until the time of his death. Besides having personal interests in the Cannelton mines, he held the position of superintendent of the Economites' interests at Cannelton from 1860 until his death, in 1873. He was also in office as superintendent of the Darlington Railroad Company. Mr. Grim married Matilda, daughter of Colonel Henry and Martha (McIlhaney) Small, and they had children: Louis Edwin, of further mention; Martha; Romulus H.

(IV) Louis Edwin Grim, son of Philip L. and Matilda (Small) Grim, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. His education was a most liberal one, and was acquired in the common schools of Beaver county, the Darlington Academy, and at the Washington and Jefferson College, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1879. He studied law under the preceptorship of Frank Wilson, Esq., and was admitted to the Beaver county bar, January 2, 1882. Immediately after this event, he established himself in the practice of his chosen profession in Beaver, and subsequently formed a law partnership with David S. Naugle, Esq., the firm name being Grim & Naugle. This association was continued uninterruptedly until the death of Mr. Naugle in 1897, the firm having practiced in Beaver and Beaver Falls. After the death of Mr. Naugle, Mr. Grim abandoned the office in Beaver Falls, and devoted his entire time and attention to his extensive practice in Beaver, with which he was occupied until his death, May 30, 1901. In political affairs Mr. Grim was a Republican, and his honest and well-voiced expression of opinion was of great benefit to that party. He was a member of the United Presbyterian Church, and for a number of years held official position in it.

Mr. Grim married, November 9, 1893, Hallie B. Edie (see Edie II). Their only child, Mary Louise, and Mrs. Grim now live in Chautauqua, New York. Mr. Grim was a man of fine physical presence, and splendid mental endowments. His advancement in his profession was unusually rapid, and he was acknowledged to be one of the leading representatives of the legal profession in the state. His legal ability was not alone responsible for the esteem in which he was held. The purity and honesty of his life were an object lesson not often found, and had their due effect in raising the standard of morality in the community in which he resided. His name was mentioned as a candidate for a judgeship, and he would undoubtedly have been honored with election to this office had he lived.

The Ripper family, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, is of German origin, and has brought to this country the conservative business habits of the Germans and combined

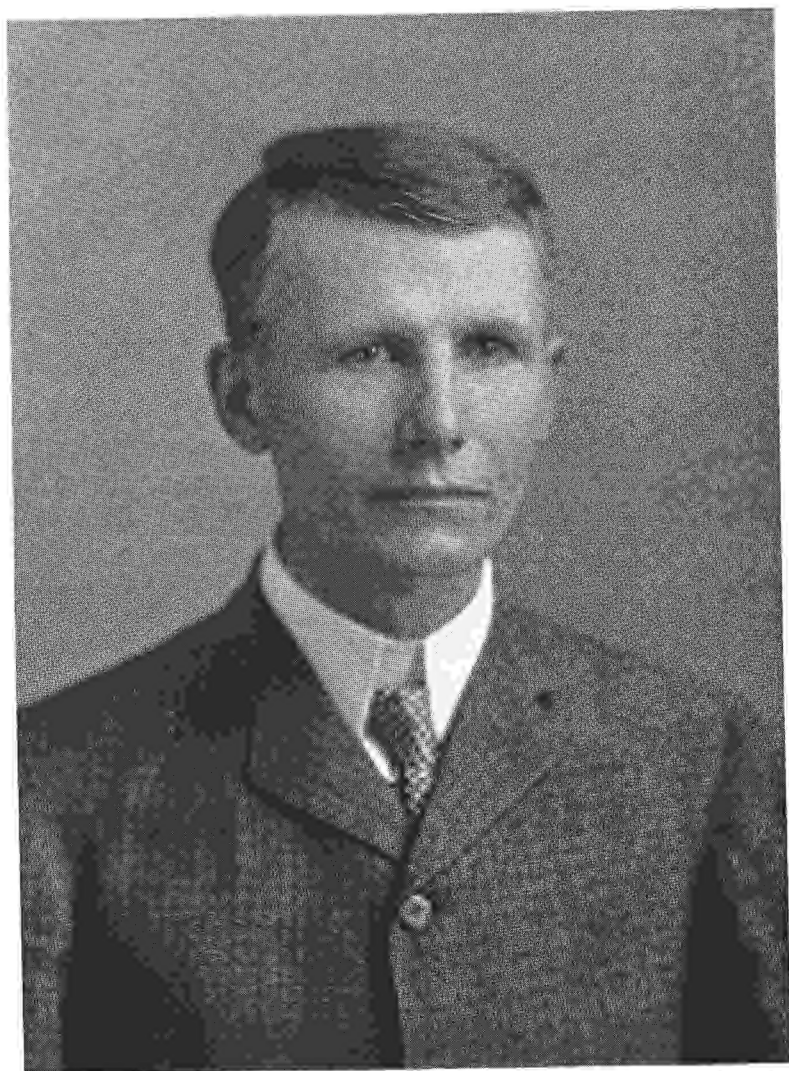
them very successfully with the more progressive and energetic methods in vogue in the United States.

(I) John Ripper, a native of Germany, spent his entire life in his native land. He married Elizabeth Ripper, who also lived and died in Germany. They had children: Philip, John, George, Ludwig Leonard, of further mention; and two sons and one daughter, who also never left their native land, the other children coming here.

(II) Ludwig Leonard Ripper, son of John and Elizabeth (Ripper) Ripper, was born in Hessen Darmstadt, Germany, August 13, 1833, and emigrated to America in early manhood. For a time he lived in Butler county, Pennsylvania, then removed to Pittsburgh, where he learned the trade of cigar making. He then lived in Zelienople for a time and in 1860 removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he died, February 12, 1898. His political opinions were those of the Democratic party, and his religious affiliations were with the Lutheran Church. Mr. Ripper married at Zelienople, December 25, 1858, Elizabeth Geottman, born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 11, 1840. They had children: Mary, married A. S. Dunn, of Vancouver, British Columbia; Elizabeth, married W. G. Hall, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; William G. H., of further mention; Emma M., employed at the Lake Erie Station in Pittsburgh; Bertha, died in 1891 at the age of nineteen years; Sophia E., employed as a bookkeeper in the city of New York; Lewis J., resides on Eighth avenue, New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

John and Elizabeth Geottman were the grandparents of Elizabeth (Geottman) Ripper, and both died in Germany. John, son of John and Elizabeth Geottman, and father of Mrs. Ripper, was born in Germany and came to the United States in early manhood. He was a shoemaker by trade, and also the owner of a farm near Bury's Church, which he cultivated with success. He was a Republican in his political views, and a member of the Reformed Church. His death occurred on his homestead in 1884, at the age of eighty-six years. He married Margarete Pepper, who died in 1897 at the age of eighty-one years. They had children: Philip, deceased; Christian, deceased; Elizabeth, married Mr. Ripper, as above mentioned; Sarah, deceased; Leonard; Margarete. Margarete (Pepper) Geottman was a daughter of Peter and Elizabeth Pepper, both born in Germany, and both died in New Sewickley township, and are buried there. They had two children: Margarete, mentioned above, and Sarah, now the widow of Sebastian Lutz, of New Sewickley township, Beaver county, where she is living at the age of ninety-seven years.

(III) William G. H. Ripper, third child and eldest son of Ludwig Leonard and Elizabeth (Geottman) Ripper, was born in New Brighton, Beaver township, Pennsylvania, December 19, 1863. He was the recipient of an excellent education, which was acquired in the public schools of New Brighton, at Pearsall's Academy, at the college in Beaver Falls, and at the School of Oratory and Auctioneering, in Chicago, Illinois. He was grad-



Myrskipen

uated from this last named institution in 1896. While pursuing these studies he had also learned the auctioneering business. When Mr. Ripper was a young man he worked with the crew of engineers and surveyors that surveyed for the Ashtabula & Pittsburgh Railroad, and about 1894 worked on preliminary lines known as the low grade, and also had charge of a crew of men in railroad construction work. Upon his return to New Brighton from Chicago, he engaged in business as an auctioneer, has devoted himself to this line of business, and has amply demonstrated his fitness for it by the successes he has achieved. He now owns two stores built by his father at the corner of Seventh street and Third avenue, and also owns another store which is devoted to his auctioneering enterprises exclusively. He has shown his ability as a statesman by the active part he has taken in the public affairs of New Brighton, while working in the interests of the Democratic party. For the past five years he has held an office in the internal revenue service, and he has also been a candidate for the office of postmaster of New Brighton. He is possessed of executive ability of a high order, and has capably discharged the responsible duties in his charge.

MARKS This family name, originally Marques, was brought to America in 1720 by Thomas Marques, who emigrated from Ireland and settled in Virginia. The family was originally composed of French Huguenots, who fled from their native land to escape persecution, settling in Ireland. From Virginia two sons of Thomas and Mary (Colville) Marques settled in Washington county, Pennsylvania, John and Rev. Thomas, the former named being the first of the family to cross the mountains and settle in Washington county. He was born June 10, 1750, and on February 23, 1786, four hundred and twenty-one acres were warranted him in Washington county, this tract lying on Cross creek was called "Marquesata." He was noted among the scouts and backwoodsmen as a fleet runner, an accomplishment that more than once enabled him to escape from the Indians. He was a man of strong decided character, serving Cross Creek Presbyterian Church many years as elder. He married Sarah Griffith, who bore him nine children, all of whom grew to mature years, married and had issue. He died in February, 1822.

Rev. Thomas Marques, son of Thomas and Mary (Colville) Marques, of previous mention, was born in Opequan Valley, Virginia, 1753, died September 27, 1827. He married Jane Park, March 5, 1776, and soon afterward joined his brother in Washington county, Pennsylvania. He had a tract of four hundred and seventeen acres warranted to him, February 23, 1786, which he called "Marrigate." Later he pursued a course of theological study and was licensed to preach, April 19, 1793. His first call was from Cross Creek Presbyterian Church, which he accepted April 23, 1794. He was known as the "Silver Tongued Marques" and for thirty-two years continued pastor of the Cross Creek Church. He left eight children. The descendants of these two brothers settled in Mercer county, Pennsylvania,

in Ohio and in other states, some retaining the original spelling, others using the simpler form Marks.

Andrew Jackson Marks was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, son of General and Mary (Free) Marks. His parents were natives of Washington county, Pennsylvania, but later in life moved to West Virginia, where General Marks bought a farm of six hundred acres and conducted large farming operations. He erected a fine stone mansion on his estate where he and his wife resided until their deaths, both aged over eighty years. On his farm the town of Chester now partly is built. General Marks was a soldier and his father is credited with having been the first manufacturer of powder west of the Allegheny Mountains. Children: Lafayette, a prominent minister of the Presbyterian Church; John, a lumberman, lived and died in Rochester, Pennsylvania; Alfred, died at the homestead; Andrew Jackson, of whom further; Hiram, died in youthful manhood; Eliza, married Hugh Newell, both deceased; Amanda, married John Bucher, and died near Georgetown, Pennsylvania; Alice, married John Moore, and died at Liverpool, Ohio.

Andrew Jackson Marks was an educated and well-read man, particularly gifted with mathematical ability, although from boyhood until death he engaged in business as an agriculturist. After his marriage he engaged with his father-in-law, Robert Hall, in the manufacture of plows in Pittsburgh for a time, then purchased a small farm in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, on which he resided until death. This farm located on Tuscarora Road consisted of one hundred and thirty-four acres, which was largely devoted to fruit culture of all kinds. While residing on the farm he also, for a time, conducted a pottery at East Liverpool, Ohio. He cared more, however, for his fruit trees and farm than for the pottery business, selling out the latter and devoting himself entirely to the former. He was an ardent Republican, and both he and his wife were members of the United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Marks married Sarah A. Hall, born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, but at the time of her marriage living in Pittsburgh. She was a daughter of Robert and Rachel (Kinney) Hall, her husband and father being for some time associated in business; she died November 30, 1890, aged sixty-eight. Children: 1. Virginia, married Charles Somers, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania; six children: Fred, a farmer, managing the home farm; James Jackson, residing at home; Charles, a real estate dealer of Seattle, Washington; Frank Stevens, also a resident of Seattle; Margaret, residing at home; Sarah Louise, residing in Seattle. 2. Robert Howard, now living retired at Smith's Ferry, Pennsylvania, formerly of Beaver; he married three times; (first) Ella V. McKenzie and had one child, Edna; married (second) Ida Ackley, deceased, who had one child, William Ackley, deceased; married (third) Lula Smit, no issue. 3. Mary, died in infancy. 4. John Ellsworth, died in infancy.

The records of the Small family once more take us to Germany, that greatest of the Continental empires, not in size, but greatest by many other standards of measure, educationally, industrially and certainly martially. From her shores have come emigrants bearing names now among the proudest of our land, and to her sons the United States of America owes an everlasting debt for the part they have played in our fight for freedom and in the formation of our government, and its subsequent wise administration has been one of responsibility manfully borne and duty conscientiously performed.

(I) John Small was born in Germany, and there learned the trade that he followed in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, after his immigration to the United States, that of blacksmith. He opened a shop in that county and spent the remainder of his life at his forge. His shop being one of the first established of its kind in the county he did a large business among the farmers of the region, the merry ring of his hammer on the anvil sounding from early morning until late at night, and by industrious application to his trade he accumulated a tidy competence, although never attaining a state of affluence. It is doubtful if such a condition were possible in that day, the manner of life of the inhabitants of the county being very simple and many transactions completed through trading, without resort to money as a medium of exchange. John Small and his wife Mary were the parents of several children, among whom was Peter.

(II) Peter Small, son of John and Mary Small, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, died in Brighton township, same county. His early life was spent in Beaver and he there followed various callings until his marriage, when he purchased a farm of one hundred and six acres in Brighton township. At the time when he became owner of this tract there were but four acres of it sufficiently cleared to cultivate. He immediately started on the task of putting the remaining one hundred and two acres in an arable condition, first, however, erecting a log house. When the land was finally cleared he replaced the log structure with a frame building which is still standing and is in constant use. He was a Republican in politics, but confined his interest therein to the casting of his ballot for the man of his choice, never accepting public office.

He married Mary English. Her father, Thomas English, was a native of England, immigrated to the United States and settled in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, the birthplace of his wife. He there became a prominent farmer and large land owner, leasing many farms in the vicinity. Mary (English) Small survived her husband several years, and until her death was a member of the Bridgewater Presbyterian Church, to which her husband also belonged. Children of Peter and Mary (English) Small: 1. Mary Ann, married Milton Bradshaw, and died in September, 1913, aged ninety-three years, a remarkable old age. 2. John, a soldier in the Union army, died from wounds received in action at the battle of Gettysburg. 3. Cynthia, married John Hays, and died in Pennsylvania. 4. Sarah, de-

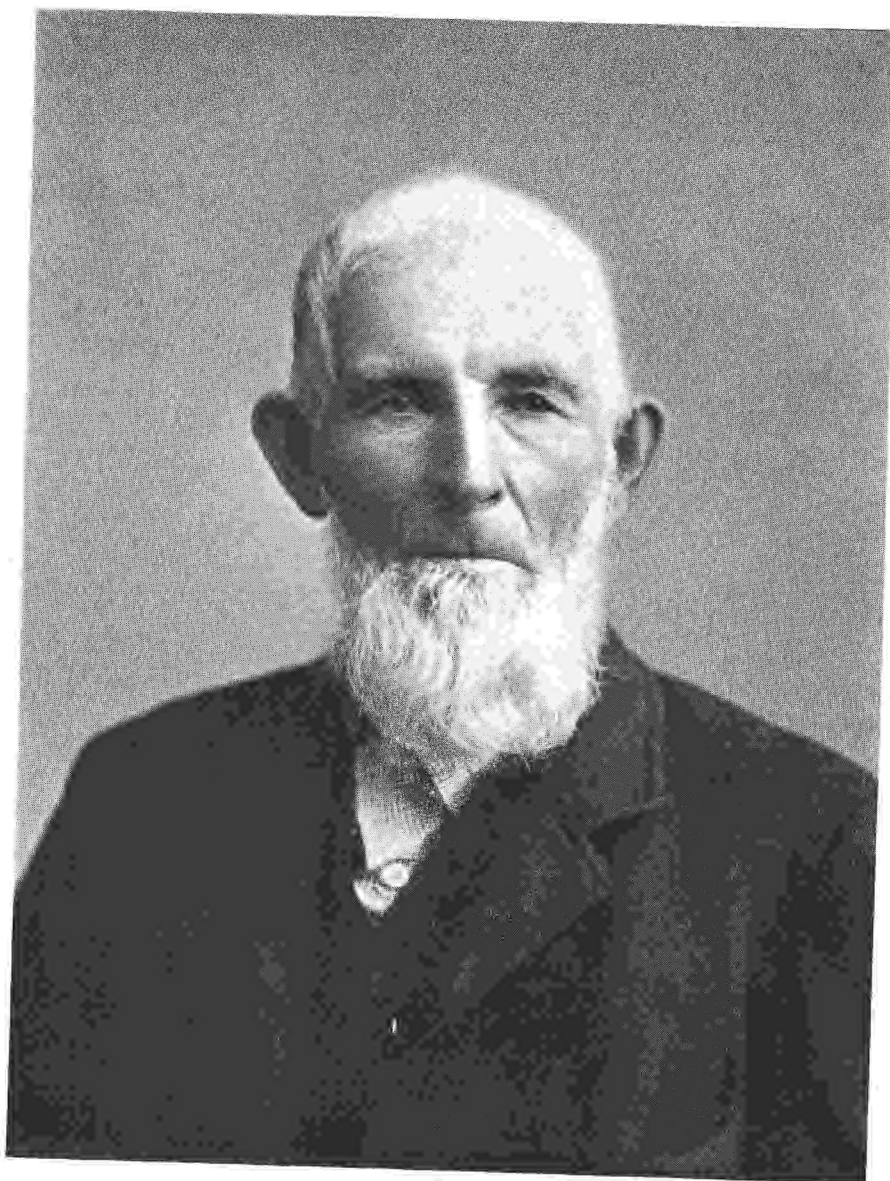
ceased, married Jacob Baker. 5. Joanna, deceased, married Andrew Baker. 6. Socrates, a farmer of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 7. Henry, a carpenter, died on the old homestead. 8. Nancy, deceased, married Ezekiel Moore. 9. Thomas E., of whom further.

(III) Thomas E. Small, youngest child of Peter and Mary (English) Small, was born on the farm where he now lives in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 13, 1837. He obtained his education in the public schools of his native township, and spent his early life on the home farm. He then purchased a portion of the old tract from the heirs and began farming operations thereon, and has there lived all his life. At the present time he is the owner of twenty-eight acres and sixty-five perches and is the proprietor of a dairy, collecting milk from the neighboring producers and retailing it in Beaver and Bridgewater. In this business he has prospered and supplies a large section of both towns with their daily supply of milk. He is a Republican in political belief. Mr. Small is the possessor of an honorable war record, his body marked with the scars of a Confederate bullet. He enlisted on August 11, 1862, in Company F, One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served for three years. Among the battles in which he took active part were Chancellorsville, Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House and Gettysburg, besides many others of lesser fame, and numerous skirmishes. It was at Spottsylvania Court House that he was wounded, the ball passing through both thighs. He was then transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps and was given an honorable discharge in June, 1865.

He married, the year following his return from the war, Sarah J., daughter of Aaron Moore, a native of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children of Thomas E. and Sarah J. Small: 1. Anna Eliza, married Sylvester Small, and lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. 2. William Harrison, died in infancy. 3. James Albert, deceased. 4. Barclay H., deceased. 5. Willis Everetts, a blacksmith of New Brighton. 6. George, manager of his father's dairy business.

The Kane family, now of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, is only KANE of the third generation in this country, but it has been prominently in the foreground in various directions.

(I) James Kane was born in Ireland, and came to the United States in early manhood. He located at Marietta, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where he followed his trade of carpenter, or "nailer," as it was called in Ireland. His death occurred in 1821. He married Jane Getty, also a native of Ireland, and also young when she came to this country, at Marietta, and they had children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Sarah, married Thomas Morgan, and after the death of her husband returned to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and made her home with her mother. 3. James, employed on the Ohio, was considered one of the strongest men on the river; he was very tall of stature, and it is said of him that he picked up a refractory mule and car-



John Kane

ried it on the boat. After the death of Mr. Kane his widow married (second) James McCartney, also of the Presbyterian denomination. He died in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and his widow removed with her family to Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where she died at the age of seventy-five years. By her second marriage she had a son, Washington McCartney, a farmer in New Brighton. Mrs. McCartney was very strict in conforming to religious observances, and her children were obliged to follow her example.

(II) John Kane, son of James and Jane (Getty) Kane, was born in Marietta, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, March 9, 1814, died March 24, 1901. He was but seven years of age at the time of the death of his father, and the following year the family removed to Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. From his tenth to his fourteenth year he was bound out to a Mr. Hood to learn the tanner's trade. He then became manager of the farm of John White, while his mother assisted in the management of the house at the same place, which was near Clinton, Pennsylvania, and there she met Mr. McCartney whom she later married. In February, 1841, they removed to Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in order to take charge of a tract of land owned there by Squire White, and they were very successful in this undertaking. During one period they kept, raised and fed one thousand head of sheep for several years. All the male members of the Kane family were more than ordinarily large and strong men. Mr. Kane was a very uncompromising Democrat in politics, and served as a school director. Being frugal and industrious, Mr. Kane succeeded in amassing a sufficient capital to enable him to buy two hundred acres of land, this being a part of the White farm, and on this he lived until his death.

He married Sarah Brown Mahon, born near the town of Clinton, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, July 16, 1817, died April 1, 1870. She was a daughter of John and Mary (Brown) Mahon, the former born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer near Clinton, the latter a native of Virginia. They were strict Presbyterians. They had children: Josiah, a teacher; John, a farmer in Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Sarah Brown, mentioned above; Nancy, married T. B. Stewart, and lived in Pittsburgh; William, a farmer in Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, died unmarried. There is still in the possession of his descendants a brush which was used by Isaac Mahon, a great-uncle of Mrs. Kane, during the American Revolution to brush his clothes while in service in the Continental army. Mr. and Mrs. Kane had children: Mary, now deceased, married Henry Douthitt; Margaret, now deceased, married John C. Dilworth; James, deceased, lived in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania; Eliza, unmarried, lives on the homestead; John M., see forward; Frank, employed in the Penn Bridge Works, and lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; William B., a miller, lives in Chester, Illinois; Ella, married (first) Dr. James Sawyer, (second) a Mr. Fowler; Harry, a farmer, lives in Darlington township; Ida, unmar-

ried, lives on the homestead; Homer, lives on the homestead; Dwight, lives on the homestead, takes an active part in local politics and has served as school director and as secretary of the board of township supervisors. Eliza acquired a fine education, mainly by her unaided efforts, taught school for a number of years and is recognized as one of the best informed women of that section of the country.

(III) John M. Kane, son of John and Sarah Brown (Mahon) Kane, was born on the homestead in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 10, 1847, and is still residing on it. He is considered the leading spirit in the management of this piece of property, which is used in common by the five unmarried sisters and brothers. They still live in the log house which was erected on this land more than a hundred years ago, and which is roomy and comfortable, and in an excellent state of preservation. They erected a large, modern barn in 1910, and have made many other improvements on the place. There is an interesting tradition concerning the log dwelling house and the log barn adjoining it. In 1791 Thomas White, then of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, grandfather of J. Burns White, now residing in Darlington township, purchased eight hundred acres of land from the United States government, this including the present Kane homestead, and received a patent therefor. One year later he went to this tract of land and found that a squatter by the name of Wallace had taken possession of the land and erected thereon the log house and barn. Mr. White compromised with the squatter, paying him a small sum to leave, and so the present house must have been erected some years prior to 1792. The Kanes now living there are of a modest and retiring nature, and are considered excellent neighbors. They have in their possession many interesting relics of the olden times, among these being a cedar chest which was brought from Ireland by the parents of Jane (Getty) Kane, and contained her linen, etc.

The McConnells first appeared in Independence township in 1780, coming from eastern Pennsylvania, and contributing by their industry and hardy courageous lives to the creation of a prosperous community where they found naught but an unfriendly wilderness. While the present owners of the homestead till its fertile fields and draw from the earth its seemingly inexhaustible supply of oil, they bear in lively and grateful remembrance those brave souls who preceded them and blazed a trail their descendants might follow in peaceful and prosperous security.

John B. McConnell was born in eastern Pennsylvania, one of sixteen brothers. He settled in the southern part of Independence township, Beaver county, about 1780, took up several hundred acres of land and spent his after life in literally hewing a farm from the wilderness. He first built a log cabin near Brocktown, later making several short moves, finally erecting on what is now known as the McConnell homestead a house

of hewn logs, considered at that time a mansion. He and his wife, Susan, were pioneers of the hardiest type, she of German descent and born near Philadelphia. Children: Philip, William, Alexander, Joseph, Mary, Cynthia, Rachel, Nancy.

Joseph McConnell, son of John B. and Susan McConnell, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1801, there lived and died, a farmer by occupation. He owned a farm of one hundred and eighty acres and was a man of good standing in his community. He married Elizabeth Wallace, born in Independence township, on the property known as the Canada farm. Children: Nancy, James, John B., of further mention; Joseph, Susanna, Rachel, married William McConnell (not a relation) of further mention, Lizzie, Alice.

John B. McConnell, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Wallace) McConnell, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1831. He grew up a farmer, spent a year in Mercer county, three years in Crawford county, returning to Beaver county in 1857, and now resides on a farm of one hundred and seven acres, part of the old McConnell homestead. He married, at the age of twenty-two years, Mary McCorkel, of Mahoning county, Ohio. They are members of the United Presbyterian Church, and Mr. McConnell is a Democrat in politics. Children: Mildred, Alexander, Irene, Harry, and one who died in infancy.

William McConnell, above mentioned, was born near Newcastle, Pennsylvania. He grew up a farmer, and after his marriage settled on the farm inherited from his wife's father, who was one of the early settlers of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. This farm descended to his adopted son, John Pollock McConnell, and is now the home of Henry J. and Charles T., sons of John Pollock McConnell. William McConnell married Rachel McConnell (not a relation). The line of descent from John B. McConnell is through Rachel, not William McConnell.

John Pollock McConnell, adopted son of William McConnell, was from childhood known as John Pollock McConnell. He attended the Bocktown school and grew up at the McConnell homestead farm in Independence township, where his sons, Henry J. and Charles T., now reside. He became a successful farmer and business man, owning the home farm of one hundred and seventy-four acres as well as considerable other property. He engaged in general teaming as well as farming and also developed the oil value of his farm, this branch of business now being continued by his son, Henry J. McConnell, who has been working the wells since 1889. He was a Democrat in politics, supervisor of Independence township, and one of the charter members of the United Presbyterian Church. He married Catherine Diehl, born in Germany. Children: Henry J., of whom further; Ida M., wife of A. R. E. Scott, liveryman of Coraopolis; Robert M., married Myrtle McBride, children: Mearl, John H., Wilson D., Henry, George R., Ida E., Dorothea M.; William R., married Lella A. Purdy, children: Charles L., Mildred C., Florence M.; John A., married Ora

Tustin, children: Hugh E., and Bessie M.; and Charles T., of whom further. Catherine Diehl, wife of John Pollock McConnell, was born in Germany, daughter of John and Christina (Groath) Diehl, both born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany. John Diehl died in Germany, his wife, Christina, marrying (second) William Dietz. Children of John Diehl: Henry, Catherine, and others, who died in infancy. After her second marriage and the birth of a son, John, Mrs. Dietz and her husband came to the United States with their children, Catherine being then aged nine years. They landed in New York, later moving to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where they lived first in Allegheny, moving two years later to the South Side, remaining one year. They then moved to a farm adjoining the fair-grounds at Hookstown, Pennsylvania, where they lived four years, later going to Independence township, Beaver county, settling near the McConnells on what is now the Potts farm. After a few years in Independence township they returned to Allegheny and fourteen years later bought a farm in Hanover township, sold that and once more purchased one in Independence township, near Lincks Bridge, where Mr. Dietz died. Mrs. Dietz died on the McConnell homestead.

Henry J. McConnell, son of John Pollock McConnell, was born November 8, 1870. He was educated at the Bocktown school and grew up on the farm. Since December 5, 1889, he has been engaged in oil production, working leases and meeting with success in his various operations. He married, July 19, 1900, Susan Maloney. Children: Mary Catherine, Anna Louise, deceased, Thelma Bell, Roberta Pearl, James Pollock. Mrs. McConnell, the mother of these children, died April 15, 1910.

Charles T. McConnell, youngest son of John Pollock McConnell, was born on the old McConnell homestead, November 20, 1888, and yet resides at the old home. Like his brothers, he attended the public schools of Independence township, grew up a farmer, and has always been engaged in agricultural pursuits. The homestead farm of one hundred and seventy-four acres has prospered under his management and as a stock and general farmer he ranks with the best in the township. He married, in June, 1910, Emma E., daughter of Jacob Born. Child, Ida Mary.

This name was originally spelled Hoge, but as there were two HOGUE families of this name in the same section, the one having a Jeff Hoge, and the other a Jess Hoge, the latter changed the spelling to Hogue, although in signing legal documents, etc., the original spelling is retained.

(I) Andrew Hogue lived and died about thirty miles from Philadelphia. He was a farmer by occupation. During the War of the Revolution he was in active service and participated in the battle of the Brandywine. He belonged to what was known as the "Pennsylvania Dutch," and affiliated with the Lutheran Church.

(II) Andrew (2) Hogue, son of Andrew (1) Hogue, was born either

in Union or Snyder county, Pennsylvania, thirty miles from Philadelphia, in 1796, died in 1866. After his marriage he settled in Venango county, Pennsylvania, as he had been led to believe that the soil was very rich and fertile, but finding this to be an erroneous impression, built a raft in association with a few other families, and they all floated down the Allegheny river to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he located in Borough township. He was a miller by trade. His only sister, Louise, married a Mr. Menges. He married Susan Stuck, born in the same section as her husband, in 1806, died in 1865. Her grandmother and several of the children were murdered. They had children: George, who died in young manhood; Andrew, a teamster, died in 1908; John, a teamster, lives in Brighton township; Frederick, see forward; Benjamin, died young; Louise, resides in Kansas; Susan, married John Russell, and lives in Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(III) Frederick Hogue, son of Andrew (2) and Susan (Stuck) Hogue, was born at Rockland, Venango county, Pennsylvania, November 3, 1840, died July 6, 1911. He had but very little time at his disposal to acquire an extensive education, but he made the best use of the opportunities which presented themselves to him. From his boyhood he was required to assist his father in cultivating the homestead farm, and throughout his active career was associated with the tillage of the soil. He acquired a farm of one hundred and eighteen acres in Brighton township, Beaver county, and this is now cultivated by his widow and one of his sons. His home was in Vanport, where he was a highly respected member of the community. For a time he gave his political support to the Republican party, but later he affiliated with the Socialist party. He served his township very capably as a supervisor. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Hogue married, July 10, 1871, Eliza Ann Duck, born in Borough township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1850, daughter of Joel Duck, born in Union county, Pennsylvania, in 1830, died September 2, 1893, and Mary (Fiddler) Duck, born in Eastern Pennsylvania, June 17, 1834, died in 1908, and granddaughter of George and Molly Duck, both born in Eastern Pennsylvania, neighbors of the Hogues, in whose company they were on the raft which brought all of them to Beaver county. During this trip down the Allegheny river the raft was wrecked at Dead Man, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Joel Duck learned the potter's trade, and worked at this during the daytime, while his evenings were employed in making shoes. Joel and Mary (Fiddler) Duck had children: Eliza Ann, who married Mr. Hogue, as above stated; William, died of scarlet fever at the age of six years; George, lives with Mrs. Hogue; Mary, married (first) Charles Alfred Means, (second) Samuel Means, and is now deceased; Lydia, married Frederick Greer, and is now deceased; Estella, married Thomas Croxall, and now resides in California; Sarah Jane, married William Thompson, and lives in Trenton, New Jersey;

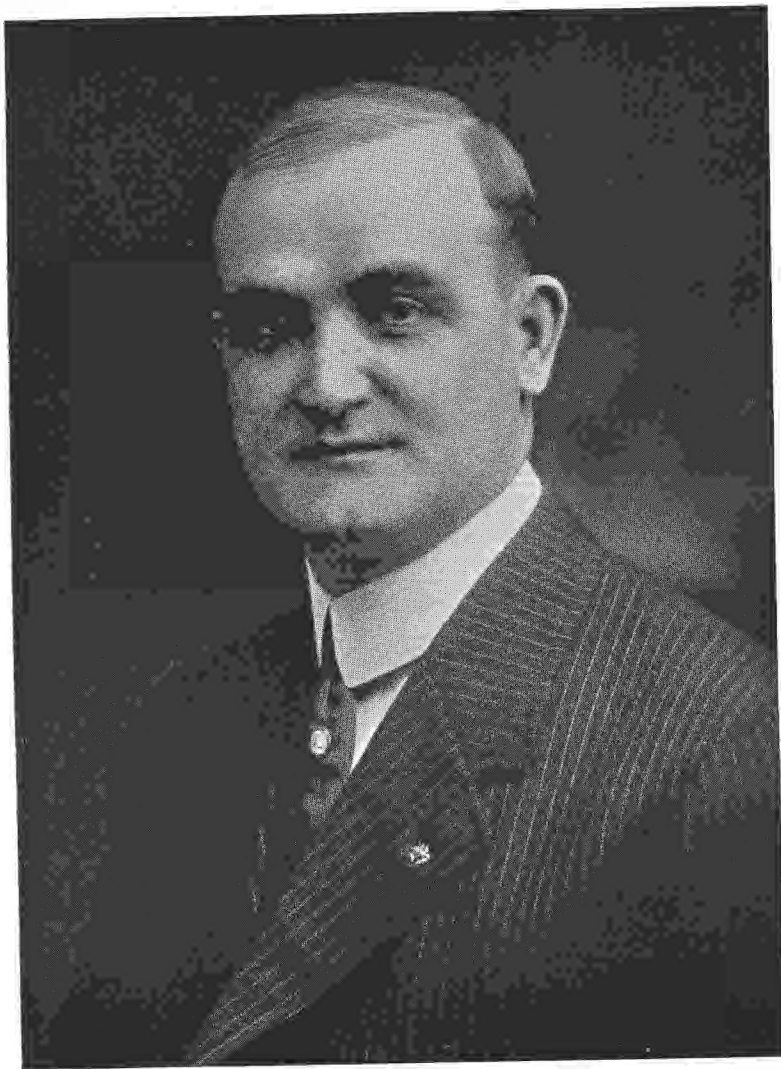
Joseph, lives in East Liverpool, Ohio. Frederick and Eliza Ann (Duck) Hogue have had children: Thomas Jefferson, born April 17, 1872, is a railway engineer and lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania; David James, born January 22, 1874, a railway engineer, lives in Rochester; Cooper, born December 14, 1876, a bricklayer, married Etta Anthony; a boy, born March 13, 1881, died March 16, 1881; Laura, born September 10, 1883, died November 10, 1909, married Drexel Dean; Frederick Jr., born July 9, 1886, has charge of the home farm; William, born April 10, 1889, married Verda Nulph, is a railway fireman, and lives in Mansfield, Ohio; Marion Robert, born January 2, 1893, unmarried, lives at home.

In Beaver county the name Denton has become closely connected with the glass manufacturing industry, in the person of David William Denton, while the two previous generations of the family, of whom accurate information is obtainable, lived their lives in England and Wales, one as an artisan and the other a railroad employee.

(I) Grandfather Denton spent his entire life near London, England, where he followed the trade of blacksmith, and died at an advanced age.

(II) James Thomas Denton, son of the preceding, was an employee of the Great Western Railway, and died in Wales in 1879. He married Eliza, daughter of John Thomas, an employee of the Great Western Railway and a lifelong resident of Wales. Eliza (Thomas) Denton is still living in Wales. Children of James Thomas and Eliza Denton, all born in Wales: 1. Susan Mary, married John E. Morgan; children: Florence Lizzette, Irene, Elizabeth, Evelyn. 2. James Thomas, married Mary Louise Phillips, only daughter of Thomas Phillips, a wealthy merchant of Wales; children: Idris Garfield, Muriel, Reginald Haydn, Hewitt. 3. David William, of whom further.

(III) David William Denton, son of James Thomas and Eliza (Thomas) Denton, was born in Cadoxten, South Wales, September 11, 1876. He obtained his education in the public schools of his native land, and for one year after completing his studies he taught school. On his wedding trip he came to Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania to visit his sister, intending only to remain for a short time. So favorably impressed was he with the region that he decided to make it his permanent home and has since resided in Beaver county. In Wales, after abandoning the teacher's profession, he had engaged in the tin-plate business, but there being no industry of that nature in Freedom or vicinity he obtained employment with the Rochester Tumbler Company, of which H. C. Fry was president. His first duty was sweeping the finishing room, after which he became selector, then glazer, and finally was chosen from over five hundred men to become superintendent of the finishing room. He entered upon his new duties in 1898 and capably filled that position until the factory was destroyed by fire in 1900. In that year Mr. Fry resigned from the



D. W. Denton

officiary of the National Glass Company, of which he was president, and organized the Rochester Glass Company, Mr. Denton being the first man employed by the new company, in the capacity of finishing room superintendent. His experience and thorough conception of all the processes of the plant made him invaluable in this department and he held that position until he was promoted to become assistant to J. Howard Fry, vice-president and general sales manager of the H. C. Fry Glass Company. In this capacity he still serves, rendering faithful service to his chief and conducting capably the details of the business delegated to his care. He is a member of the First Baptist Church of Rochester, Pennsylvania, and as a trustee of the same assists in the direction of its affairs and in guarding its material welfare. He belongs to the Masonic Order, holding membership in Lodge No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, No. 167, Royal Arch Masons; the Lodge of Perfection of Newcastle; Pittsburgh Consistory, thirty-second degree, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. A Progressive Republican in political convictions, he has been for five years a member of the Rochester council and is now chairman of that body. In 1912 he was a nominee of his party for the state legislature. The split in the Republican party and the formation of the Washington party placed six candidates in the field and after a closely fought and hotly contested campaign he was defeated by the small majority of seventeen votes. A citizen noted for his public spirit, Mr. Denton gives unsparingly of his leisure to the service of his town and is a member of the innermost circle who promote most of her municipal improvements. Mr. Denton married, in Wales, Florence Courtney, born at Swansea, Wales, August 6, 1876, daughter of James and Ann (Short) Courtney. Her parents are still living, residents of Wales. Children of David William and Florence (Courtney) Denton: 1. Gertrude Mary, born in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 3, 1897; a student in Beaver College. 2. James Courtney, born December 2, 1901.

CAROTHERS This name has long been identified with the farming interests of the land, greatly to the advantage of the various sections in which members of the family have resided.

(I) John Carothers was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was a farmer and extensive land owner in Patterson township. He served his country bravely as a soldier during the War of 1812, and was public-spirited to a degree. He was a staunch supporter of the principles of the Democratic party, and held the office of associate judge. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church, in which he served as an elder at Bridgewater. He married Agnes White, born in Washington county, and removed to Beaver Falls after the death of her husband. She lived to be more than eighty years of age. They had children: John, Andrew, Jesse Wilkins, William, Thomas, Mary Anderson, Jennie Cunningham,

Annette Ferguson. All of the sons are now deceased, and all of the daughters are widows.

(II) Jesse Wilkins Carothers, son of John and Agnes (White) Carothers, was born in Patteron township, December 20, 1826. He received his education in the public schools of Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and practically his entire life was spent on a farm. He purchased a farm of about one hundred and twenty-four acres in Brighton township and there, in 1852, built the house which is still standing in excellent condition. By degrees he added other buildings—a barn, etc.—and also purchased the adjoining farm which consisted of seventy-six acres. On this he lived until his death in 1909. He and his wife were of the Presbyterian denomination, and he served as an elder in the Bridgewater Presbyterian Church. In political matters he was a staunch supporter of Democratic principles, and he was honored by election and appointment to a number of local offices.

Mr. Carothers married, 1851, Sarah Mitchell, born in Vanport, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Joseph and Anne (McCreery) Mitchell, the former a native of Ireland who settled as a farmer in Beaver county and married there. Mr. and Mrs. Carothers had children: 1. Agnes Anna, married Thomas H. Purdy, and has charge of the homestead farm; they have children: Lulu, married Edmund Gilliland; Sarah Mitchell, married James H. McKean. 2. Elma, married S. F. Duncan and lives near her birthplace; she has children: Jesse, Samuel P., Blair M., Edmund E., Walter G., and Sarah J. 3. Joseph Mitchell, died in infancy. 4. Luella, died in 1908; married Gustavus Brittain, and had one daughter, Jessie. 5. Annetta, died in infancy. 6. One child died unnamed.

The Beaver county representative of this branch of the GALLAGHER large and numerous Gallagher family of Ireland is Peter P. Gallagher, of Midland, son of Daniel Gallagher, who was born in Ireland and on coming to the United States settled in Braddock, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he was proprietor of a hotel for about twenty-five years, dying there June 12, 1907. He was a Democrat in politics, and both he and his wife were communicants of the Roman Catholic faith. He married, in Bradford, Sarah McMonigal, a native of Ireland, and became the father of the following: 1. John R., his father's successor in the hotel business at Braddock. 2. Daniel, deceased. 3. Edward, deceased. 4. Peter P., of whom further. 5. Mary, married Charles McGinley, a hotel proprietor of Spangler, Pennsylvania. 6. William, a dentist of Braddock, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Peter P. Gallagher, fourth son of Daniel and Sarah (McMonigal) Gallagher, was born in Monongahela City, Washington county, Pennsylvania, June 3, 1874. He obtained his education at St. Thomas' Parochial School, of Braddock, and after finishing his studies was employed by his father until 1906, when he came to Midland and accepted a commission

from the various steel companies located there as chief of the police force employed to protect their property. As the population of Midland increased and the need of a municipal police force became more pressing, he was appointed in the same capacity in the borough service. Despite the fact that Midland is a town in the formative period and burdened with the problem of a large foreign population, there has been preserved a remarkable degree of order and respect for the law. To maintain the peace and to protect the inhabitants of a town from the outcasts and enemies of society is no light task, but the onerous duties of his position have been discharged with a thorough care that has left Midland free, to a large extent, from the civic evils so often the curse of manufacturing centers. Mr. Gallagher is a director of the Midland school board, a Republican in politics, and with his wife a member of the Roman Catholic Church. He also is identified with the Knights of Columbus and the Modern Woodmen of the World.

Mr. Gallagher married, June 26, 1901, Margaret, daughter of Thomas and Annie Cassidy, of Monongahela City, members of a family long seated in Pennsylvania. Child of Peter P. and Margaret Gallagher, Daniel, deceased. Mr. Gallagher's house is one of the most beautiful in Midland and is located on Beaver avenue.

HOLTZMANN The record of this family goes back to a generation which lived and died in Germany. The children of this family were: Dewald, who died in North Carolina, where he was the owner of a fine farm; George, lived and died in Germany; Jacob, of further mention; Philip, who is a tailor by trade, came to this country when in young manhood, and now lives in Allegheny, Pennsylvania; Eva, married Michael Wymer, lived and died in Germany, and of their two sons, who came to America, George, now deceased, located in Rochester, Pennsylvania, and the other lives in Missouri.

(II) Jacob Holtzmann was born in Alsace-Lorraine, at the time when those provinces were a part of France, April 10, 1828, and died in June, 1906. He attended public schools in his native country, and there learned the tailor's trade. At the age of nineteen years he emigrated to the United States, and went directly to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he worked at his trade. This was for a short time only, as he then commenced to travel to the various states of the West, and in 1849, during the gold excitement, went as far as California. For some time after his marriage he worked in a tailor's shop in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and in 1860 purchased sixty-one acres of land in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, the old Henry Ketterer place, which he cultivated during the remainder of his life. He visited his native country several times, and on his last visit there, died shortly before reaching his destination. He affiliated with the Democratic party, and was a member of the Lutheran Church. Mr. Holtzmann married Magdalene Holtzmann, a native of the same town as her hus-

band, but not of the same family, born January 14, 1833, died July 4, 1911. She had sisters and brothers: Louis Jacob, a wholesale liquor dealer who lived in Chicago; Henry, died in Illinois; Mary, died in Germany; Dorothea, married Christoph Perner, a farmer of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Jacob and Magdalene (Holtzmann) Holtzmann had children: Charles Henry, of further mention; George, a carpenter, lives on Fifth avenue, Beaver Falls, Beaver county; Henry, a druggist, lives in Jonesboro, Indiana; Lena, died unmarried at middle age.

(III) Charles Henry Holtzmann, eldest child of Jacob and Magdalene (Holtzmann) Holtzmann, was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, October 20, 1859, and died January 16, 1913. With his parents he removed to New Sewickley township and was reared on the homestead farm. At a suitable age he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, and soon after the completion of his apprenticeship, removed to Beaver Falls, where his subsequent life was spent. He was connected with his trade all his life, and in addition was associated with his brother George in the contracting business, which they pursued very successfully. He held official position in the Lutheran Church, of which he had been a member many years. Mr. Holtzmann married Catherine Margaret, born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, February 22, 1864, a daughter of Jacob and Sophia (Goehring) Young, the former a native of Germany, the latter born on Camp Run, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Young came to this country in boyhood, and after his marriage settled in New Sewickley township, where he had a farm of one hundred and seventy-five acres. He died in 1900, his wife is still living, an active member of the St. John's Evangelical Protestant Church. Mr. and Mrs. Young had children: Catherine Margaret, mentioned above; Emma, married John Scheiterlein, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; Annie, married William Zahn, lives in New Sewickley township; Elizabeth, married Charles Klein, lives on the Grade Road in Dougherty township; Charles, lives in North Sewickley township; Albert D., lives on the old homestead; Mollie, unmarried, lives in Florida; Amanda, married Harry George, lives in Beaver Falls; John, lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania; Walter, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Holtzmann have had children, all living at home, except the eldest, who is married; Walter Jacob, of further mention; Renetta; Hilda; Arthur; Martha.

(IV) Walter Jacob Holtzmann, eldest child of Charles Henry and Catherine Margaret (Young) Holtzmann, was born in Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1886. He attended the common schools of Beaver Falls for a time, but left early in order to work in a file factory. From that time he had a diversified business career, his employment being as follows: The H. M. Myers shovel factory; Ewing, wall paper manufacturer; glass factory for fifteen months; learned the cooper's trade under August Mittler and worked for him until 1908; he then purchased the retail milk business of H. M. Grubbs, and has been connected with this



H. J. Holtzmann.

line of business since that time. In May, 1911, he bought a commodious house and dairy buildings at No. 1514 Sixth avenue, and later at 1211 Fifth avenue, and now has a number of wagons which are necessary to carry on his increased and flourishing business. He and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church, and his fraternal affiliations are with the Knights of Pythias, and the Protective Home Circle. In political matters he is a Democrat. Mr. Holtzmann married, October 16, 1907, Alma Herrmann, born in Marion township, Beaver county, April 17, 1885, and they have had children: Charles Frederick, born May 6, 1909; Eugene, born in July, 1912, died at birth; Catherine Elizabeth, January 9, 1914. Frederick Herrmann, father of Mrs. Holtzmann, was born in Alsace-Lorraine, Germany, June 20, 1847, and was about four years of age when he was brought to this country by his parents. He grew up and has been a farmer in Marion township, Beaver county, where he has affiliated with the Democratic party, and filled all the township offices at various times. He married Elizabeth Pflug, born in Marion township, Beaver county, August 5, 1864. They have had children: Ida, who married George Daubenmeyer, and lives in Muncie, Indiana; Laura Elizabeth, married Charles Young and lives in North Sewickley township; Frederick Walter, married Acie Anna Goetmann, and lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania; Edwin Daniel, married Maud Knepp, and lives on the homestead with his father; Amanda, married John Senior, a carpenter, and lives at Oak Hill, New Brighton, Pennsylvania; Alma, who married Mr. Holtzmann, as above stated; Rosanna, married George W. Alexander, of New Brighton; Della, married Albert Graff and lives in North Sewickley township; Renetta and Esther, unmarried. Philip Herrmann, grandfather of Mrs. Holtzmann, was born in Germany, and, in 1851, emigrated to America, settling in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. There he lived on a farm, and then removed to a farm of one hundred and sixty acres in Marion township, where the remainder of his life was spent. He and his family belonged to the Lutheran Church. He married, in Germany, Catherine Zehner, a native of that country, and they had children: Catherine, married Adam Nablo and died in Canada; Charles, died in North Sewickley township; Sophia, married Adam Ifft, a veteran of the Civil War, and is now living in Zelienople, Pennsylvania; Philip, a farmer, now deceased; Caroline, now living in Franklin township, married Jacob Pflug, who was killed on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad; Henry, living retired in Zelienople, Pennsylvania; Frederick, father of Mrs. Holtzmann. Jacob Pflug, maternal grandfather of Mrs. Holtzmann, was born in Germany and came to this country at the age of twenty-one years. At first he lived in New Sewickley township, then he removed with his family to a farm in Marion township, which they made their permanent home. He married (first) Salome Householder, born in Marion township, a descendant of one of the oldest families of Beaver county; he married (second) Vernelia Goehring. Children by the first marriage: Jacob, married Caroline Herrmann, sister of the father

of Mrs. Holtzmann; Salome, now deceased, married Henry Schramm; George, died in infancy; Frederick, died unmarried at the age of twenty-two years; Caroline, married John Goehring and lives in Marion township; Henry, now deceased, married Caroline Miller; Mary, lives in Pittsburgh, married Henry Frantz, now deceased; Elizabeth, who married Frederick Herrmann, and became the mother of Mrs. Holtzmann; Daniel, living in Marion township, married Elizabeth Goetmann; Amelia, married William Ketterer, lives in Marion township; Matilda, married (first) Elmer Goehring, (second) Albert Hartzell, and lives in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. The only child of the second marriage of Mr. Pflug was: Albert, now living on the homestead in Marion township, who married Lydia Muntz.

The earlier members of the Tallon family in this country belonged to that sturdy class of pioneers who carried civilization into the wilderness, and without whose vigorous efforts the prosperity of the land would have been problematical for many more years.

(I) Henry Tallon, the immigrant ancestor of this branch of the Tallon family, was born in Belfast, Ireland, and died in Western Pennsylvania at the age of ninety years. He emigrated to America with his wife and young children, arriving at Canada in 1828 with one thousand dollars in his possession with which he intended to buy a farm. They made their way on foot to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, keeping their capital intact while on this long, dangerous and fatiguing journey. Purchasing a farm in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, they there spent the remainder of their days. Mr. Tallon married, in Ireland, Sarah —, born in Belfast, Ireland, and they had children: Ellen, Jane, Frank, Robert, of further mention; David, John.

(II) Robert Tallon, son of Henry and Sarah Tallon, was born in Belfast, Ireland, and died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He acquired his education in the district school nearest his home, and was a shoemaker by trade. He was engaged in this occupation for a number of years, then opened a shoe store in Beaver, Beaver county, where he had a number of men working for him, and still later established a shoe store in New Brighton, Beaver county, which he conducted very successfully for a period of fifteen years. He was a man of influence in the community, especially in political affairs, and was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Tallon married Eliza, daughter of Lieutenant Stacy and Jemima (Miller) Dannals. She was born after the death of her father. Lieutenant Stacy Dannals served with honor during the War of the Revolution. He came with his wife from Atlantic City, New Jersey, to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, by wagon, and located below Beaver on what is now the Workman Farm. He was a farmer. Mr. and Mrs. Tallon had children: Sarah; Henry, died young; W. D., at present tax collector of Beaver; John, deceased; Bina; Robert Emmet, of further mention; Alvie Barn;

Frank W., foreman on the *Beaver Valley News*; Harry M., shipping clerk at the pottery works; Pinkerton L., in the employ of the Pennsylvania Bridge Works; Lillian, married Harry Walker, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

(III) Robert Emmet Tallon, son of Robert and Eliza (Dannals) Tallon, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, June 13, 1849. His education was an excellent one being acquired successively at the following named institutions: Public schools of Beaver, Beaver Academy, and Beaver College. He was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, which he followed for a number of years. In 1872 he established himself in the contracting business, making a decided success of this enterprise. In 1894 the firm of Tallon, Farr & Company, general contractors, lumber and builders' supplies, was established, Mr. Tallon being the senior member of this concern. Mr. Tallon married, in 1868, Emma Jones, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. They have had children: Effie, married W. F. Farr, a member of the above mentioned firm; Josephine, married O. E. Barber, of Beaver, and has children: Dora and Martha; Frederick S.; Maude T., married Ernest Fogel, of Rochester, Beaver county, and has one child, Robert; Sarah, married Edward Mininsinger, of Beaver, and has one child, Mary; Pauline, married W. C. Herbst, of Beaver. Mr. Tallon has always been of an intensely patriotic nature, and in 1867 served for six months in the Indian Wars on the plains, under General Custer.

Two generations of the Archibald family of Scotland ARCHIBALD have made Pennsylvania their home and have there contributed to the growth and development of the regions in which they settled. One of the heritages that William Archibald received from his ancestors, whose home had ever been in Scotland, was a physique of unusual strength and fullness of vigor. Because of his exceptional size and manly, handsome bearing he was chosen a member of the Queen's Life Guards, an organization that was the Queen's private charge, composed of the strongest and most perfectly developed soldiers in the land. Even among that band of physically perfect men, Mr. Archibald was a conspicuous figure, his six feet four inches of height raising him half a head above most of his comrades. Physical prowess is not, of course, an attribute for which one is entirely responsible, but the possession of such strength and power and the commanding position it gives among men as human beings is indeed gratifying. After completing his military service, Mr. Archibald was for a time employed in the mines of his native country, and in 1872 came to the United States, locating at Arnot, Tioga county, Pennsylvania. After fifteen years' residence in that locality he moved to Clearfield county and there lived until his death in 1888. He was a member of the Presbyterian faith, as was his wife, and supported the Republican party.

Mr. Archibald married, in Scotland, Grace Rainey. Children 1. Wil-

liam, a coal miner of Houtzdale, Pennsylvania. 2. John, deceased. 3. Agnes, married James Steele, and lives in Duquesne, Pennsylvania. 4. James, deceased. 5. Thomas, a resident of Duquesne, Pennsylvania. 6. Elizabeth, married Henry Peden, and lives at Duquesne, Pennsylvania. 7. David, of whom further. 8. Charles, a resident of Massillon, Ohio. 9. Grace, married John Tippit, and lives at Leechburg, Pennsylvania.

David Archibald, fifth son and seventh child of William and Grace (Rainey) Archibald, was born near Glasgow, Scotland, December 16, 1867. He was five years of age when his parents brought him to the United States, and he attended the public schools of Arnot, Pennsylvania. When he was nine years of age he began to work in the mines and continued in that manner of employment until he was a young man. He then learned the carpenter's trade near Pittsburgh and for a period of eight years was employed by the United States Steel Company as foreman at their Duquesne Works. In 1905 he resigned his position with that company and came to what is now the town of Midland, then nothing but farm land, and for about two years was in charge of the construction work in the service of the Midland Steel Company. At the end of that time he engaged in independent operations as a general contractor and was awarded the contract for erecting many of the temporary buildings needed by the different companies then moving to Midland and later built those designed for permanent use. For several years he was alone in his new field of endeavor and prospered greatly, having been connected with the construction of several hundred buildings. He has ever since remained in the contracting business, and at the present time (1914) employs on an average ten men. The success that has attended his business dealings has been attained through the sheer force of persevering determination and a definite determination to join the company of employers rather than to remain in the army of the employed. Both he and his wife are members and regular attendants of the Presbyterian Church. A Republican in political affiliation, he has served for four years as justice of the peace and also as a member of the borough council.

Mr. Archibald married, September 1, 1892, Annie E., daughter of John and Mary Ann Powell, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania. Children of David and Annie E. Archibald: 1. Mary, lives at home. 2. John, his father's assistant in business. 3. David (2). 4. Robert.

There has been but one generation of this branch of the KOEHLER Koehler family of Pennsylvania born in the United States, Germany having been the home of all the name. The chief characteristic of the two earliest generations, of whom there is reliable and authentic record, has been their longevity. Johann Koehler, the grandfather of Paulus E., died in Germany aged ninety-six years; Ludwig, his father, born May 23, 1811, died there aged ninety years. Ludwig Koehler married Henrietta Zinkraff, died aged seventy-four years.



Paulus Koehler

(III) Paulus E. Koehler, son of Ludwig and Henrietta (Zinkraff) Koehler, was born in Germany, April 10, 1856. He there spent his boyhood and attended the public schools. He chose as his trade that of decorator, in which he became thoroughly proficient, and possessing excellent artistic taste found his services greatly in demand. In 1881 he immigrated to the United States making his home in West Liverpool, Ohio, although a year later he came to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. In both of these places he followed his trade, but was compelled to abandon its practice because of ill health, and retired. In 1898, as a business venture, he built the Monaca Hotel, which was ready for the accommodation of guests in 1899. Mr. Koehler was himself proprietor of the hotel for a short time, and in 1905 he sold all his interests therein. Soon after his arrival in Monaca he began dealing in real estate and in this line has found the field best suited to his talent and ability. He has been remarkably successful in all his ventures and at the present time owns much valuable real estate in Beaver county, both farm land and city property, also holding title to some Pittsburgh real estate. Mr. Koehler has ever taken part in affairs of agricultural or horticultural interest and was one of the organizers of the Beaver County Agricultural Association, of which he is president, and is also a member of the executive committee of the Pennsylvania State Horticultural Society, and holds membership in the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society. A Republican in party preference he has for a long time been prominent in all local political affairs, and was a delegate to the State Convention held in 1910. For three terms he was a member of the council and for one year was borough treasurer; was burgess three years and tax collector. He was appointed justice of the peace, an appointment later confirmed by election, and now holds that position, that and tax collector being the offices of which he is the present incumbent. He and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church. His fraternal affiliations are with the Masonic Order; the Knights of Pythias, to which he has belonged since 1883 and was deputy grand chancellor of Beaver county two terms, and is a charter member of Monaca Lodge; the Modern Woodmen of the World; the Golden Eagles; and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. In the first named fraternity he holds the thirty-second degree, belonging to Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Rochester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, No. 45, Royal and Select Masters, of Newcastle; Beaver Falls Commandery, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Koehler married, in June, 1876, Mary H. Schilling, a native of Germany. Children of Paulus E. and Mary H. Koehler: 1. Anna, died in August, 1912; married Lewis Betts; children: Catherine, Harold, Louisa. 2. Henry B., a mould-maker; secretary of the school board in Rochester township; married Alice Bash; children: Mary, Lilian, Paul Albert, Howard, Anna Belle. 3. Louisa T., a teacher of music. 4. Ottmar, married Jennie Hutchett; lives at Jeannette, Westmoreland county, Pennsylv-

vania; children: Ethel and Amelia. 5. Sophia, died in 1889, aged four years. 6. Howard, a mould-maker; lives at home. 7. Amelia, lives at home. 8. Elsie, a student in Monaca High School. 9. Edward, a student in Monaca High School. 10. Paulus E. Jr.

The relative importance of a city or community is in due proportion to its industrial interests, which contribute not only to its progress and prosperity, but are also instrumental in increasing its population by giving employment to the laboring man and thus inducing him to make his home in that section. The men who are at the head of the great enterprises are to be considered as the benefactors of the section, and the family of Kirk, of whom this review treats, has had many representatives in this field.

(I) James Kirk, the progenitor of whom we have record, lived in county Down, Ireland, where his death also occurred.

(II) James (2) Kirk, son of James (1) Kirk, was born in county Down, Ireland, emigrated to the United States, and arrived here on the day on which the lamented Abraham Lincoln died. He located at Nobles-town, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he followed the occupation of farming until 1892. In that year he removed to Smiths Ferry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he acquired a farm of four hundred and forty-four acres, which he kept in a fine state of cultivation. He had been a man of robust physique, never having a day's illness, and was killed by a street car, October 26, 1911. He was a man of great business acumen, and was one of the board of directors of the Mutual Insurance Company for a period of twelve years. He was active in the councils of the local Republican party, and served several years as supervisor of Ohio township. Early in his life he had united with the United Presbyterian Church at Robinson Run, and was affiliated with this denomination throughout his life. He married Kate Ann Campbell, born in county Down, Ireland, daughter of David Campbell, whose entire life was spent in Ireland. They had children: William James, now residing in Ellwood City, Pennsylvania; Sarah, married Dr. R. B. Dawson, of Smiths Ferry, where they now reside; David C.; Jennie, married Thomas Campbell, and resides at Smiths Ferry; R. H., lives in Ellwood; George Alexander, see forward.

(III) George Alexander Kirk, son of James (2) and Kate Ann (Campbell) Kirk, was born at Nobles-town, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, October 27, 1875. His early education was acquired in the public schools, from which he went to Beaver College and was graduated from this institution with a very creditable record. When he entered upon his business career he at once became identified with oil interests, and has now been connected with oil production enterprises for the past fourteen years. His business operations are conducted in the states of Ohio and Pennsylvania. He has never held public office of any kind, but has given his unvaried support to the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the United

Presbyterian Church. Mr. Kirk married, October 2, 1901, Blanche Stephenson, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they have children: Eugene, aged nine years, and Wayne, aged six years.

We, in this progressive time, cannot afford to hold in light
JAMES esteem those who have wrought nobly in the past, nor fail to accord honor to those who have given an heritage of worthy thoughts and worthy deeds and have aided in laying fast the foundations of the greatest republic the world has ever known. While the James family of which this review treats have never been called upon to personally bear a share in the government of the country in which they have lived for a number of generations, they have done their work bravely and conscientiously in the various spheres in which their destinies were cast.

(I) Otho James is the first of whom we have definite record. He was one of the pioneer farmers of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and was a valued member of the community in which he lived. His death occurred on November 19, 1839.

(II) William James, son of Otho James, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1816, died in Venango county, Pennsylvania, September 20, 1865. He was a farmer and a carpenter, and highly gifted with musical ability, devoting his spare time to giving instruction in vocal music. He married (first) 1837, Mary Ann Brown, by whom he had no children. He married (second) January 28, 1841, Amanda Wilson, and had a child, Margaret Elizabeth, born December 31, 1841. He married (third) August 4, 1843, Ruth, born in Armstrong county. Pennsylvania, daughter of James Kilgore, who with his wife came from Scotland and made his home in Armstrong county. Children of third marriage: Lemuel Mason, born September 27, 1845, died May 7, 1903; Jesse, born August 6, 1847, died in April, 1848; William James, born November 29, 1848; Jay Byron, see forward; Thomas McConnell, born November 29, 1854; John Edwin, July 31, 1857.

(III) Jay Byron James, son of William and Ruth (Kilgore) James, was born at Spring Church, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, February 16, 1851. His education was as fine a one as the public schools of Armstrong county afforded at that time; and his record in them was a very creditable one. His spare time was devoted to assisting his father with the farm labors, and when he engaged in business it was on the oil field, where he was employed at the pumping stations, a line of work with which he has been identified all his life. He commenced as a laborer, rose to the position of engineer and gauger, and since 1890 has held the position of district superintendent, being located in Beaver for the greater part of the time. He has not lost his interest in agriculture, but has continued to give it a certain amount of time and attention. He keeps well informed on matters of current interest, and gives his political allegiance to the Republican party. The family attends the Presbyterian Church, and Mr. James is a

member of the Order of Free and Accepted Masons, the local chapter of the Royal Arch Masons, and the Knights Templar.

Mr. James married, April 15, 1872, Johanna Brown Staley, of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: 1. Alice Adaline, born February 16, 1873; married Harry Large White; three children: Charles Byron, Alice Madeline, James Andrew. 2. Gertrude Amelia, deceased. 3. Charles Douglas, born March 18, 1876. 4. Pansy Lyle, born February 24, 1883; married Shelley Eason, of Beaver, Pennsylvania.

The general impression one receives of the French people is that they are a domestic race, fond of home and of home pursuits, not explorers, pioneers, and colonizers, an impression founded to some extent on fact, although contradicted by history in many cases. This idea probably originates in that the exodus of native born Frenchmen from the land of their birth was at its greatest height generations ago, and that at the present time French immigrants in any land are not as numerous as those from many other continental countries. The family of Purviance, native to France, is of comparatively recent American life, three generations of the name having been born on this side of the Atlantic.

The emigrant was the grandfather of Henry Clay Purviance, of this narrative, and settled in Claysville, Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he spent his entire life. As to whether his wife, Elizabeth (Thompson) Purviance, was of French extraction and in regard to the place of his marriage there is considerable doubt, although it is known that several children blessed their union, one of whom was William.

(II) William Purviance was born in Claysville, Butler county, Pennsylvania, and in that locality grew to manhood, obtaining an excellent technical education that prepared him for the profession of surveyor. This occupation he followed all through that district, his name appearing as surveyor upon many documents of a century ago, their number and the width and breadth of territory they cover showing well the scope of his operations. His charges do not seem to have been in any way exorbitant, but the industry with which he engaged in his business and the thrift that was part of his nature brought him considerable wealth, which he invested by judicious purchases of real estate, being in an excellent position to judge of the relative value of different tracts. That he was a man of influence as well as of wealth is shown by the fact that he was at one time a member of the Pennsylvania state legislature, and while a member of that body married, his home for the remainder of his life being in Butler county. His death occurred in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, while he was surveying a large tract of land in that vicinity. His widow survived him many years, never marrying a second time, her final years being spent in Petersville, Pennsylvania. He married Sophia Strickler, a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where she lived prior to her marriage. Children of William and



H C Pinnance.

Sophia (Strickler) Purviance: 1. Elizabeth, lives unmarried in Allegheny City (Pittsburgh North Side), Pennsylvania. 2. Thompson, for many years a general merchant in partnership with his brother, William; died in Petersville, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary, married James Hollingsworth; died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 1910. 4. Henry Clay, of whom further. 5. Sophia, lives unmarried in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. 6. William, a retired merchant of Petersville, Pennsylvania, where he lives. 7. Harriet, lives unmarried in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. 8. Benjamin Franklin, a resident of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 9. U. G., a resident of Bellevue, Pennsylvania. William and Sophia Purviance were also the parents of two other children, who died in infancy.

(III) Henry Clay Purviance, son of William and Sophia (Strickler) Purviance, was born in Petersville, Butler county, Pennsylvania, 1845, died at Patterson Heights, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 26, 1904. His early life was spent on the farm that his parents owned in Butler county, and he there attended the public schools, later apprenticing himself to and learning the shoemaker's trade. From this occupation he branched out into the owning of a small shoe store in Petersburg, Butler county, in 1872 moving to Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there establishing in business of a like nature on Seventh avenue, near Ninth street. He later moved the site of his store, about 1879 coming to his present store at No. 1020-22 Seventh avenue. In this location his business grew rapidly, and the year before his death he received his son-in-law, H. J. Flinner, into partnership, and since the death of the founder in 1904, the junior partner has conducted the business, now a flourishing and prosperous one, the large store containing two departments, one for ladies, the other for gentlemen, a large and varied stock supplying the needs of a generous patronage. The present stability and firm reputation of the firm of Purviance & Flinner, as the business is still continued, although a decade has passed since the removal of Mr. Purviance from the activities of his busy life, is due to the principles upon which the store was founded, honor, integrity, and fair dealing. Mr. Purviance's wise business judgment and discreet counsel were potent factors in the organization of the Federal Title and Trust Company, of which he was for some years a director. His allegiance was ever pledged to the Republican party, and with his wife he was an adherent of the Methodist Episcopal Church, holding the position of trustee in its organization. The political positions that he held were those of school director and councilman in Patterson Heights borough.

He married, in 1877, Margaret R., born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, October 9, 1852, daughter of John T. and Margaret Ann (Lockhart) Holmes. John T. was a son of John and Rebecca (Ross) Holmes, natives of the eastern part of Pennsylvania, early settlers in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. John T. Holmes was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and after his marriage moved to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, settling at New Brighton and there establishing an axe-works, after

which he was employed in the Joseph Graff Axe Works at Beaver Falls, where he lived until his death in 1898. He married Margaret Ann, daughter of James and Maria (Emery) Lockhart, early residents of Washington county, Pennsylvania, whither they came from eastern Pennsylvania. Mrs. Holmes died in 1901. Children of Henry Clay and Margaret R. (Holmes) Purviance: 1. Lois Clare, married Henry J. Flinner; lives in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; children: Lois Virginia and Vernon Purviance. 2. Margaret M., married James Tweedy; lives in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, the mother of one daughter, Rebecca Jane. 3. Harry Holmes, unmarried, lives with his mother. 4. Helen May, unmarried, lives with her mother. Since the death of her husband, Mrs. Purviance has moved from her home in Patterson Heights to Beaver Falls, living in a comfortable, attractive home with her son and daughter.

Thomas F. Jobe, a prominent citizen of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, is a member of a family which for a number of generations has resided in that state. His paternal grandfather was Christian Jobe, a pioneer in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, where he owned a tract of land and a tavern, at which the old stage coaches used to stop, and where he was instrumental in settling and developing the country. His wife was Miss McNeese, who was descended from Irish parents, and she was born and passed her childhood in Ireland; she bore him four sons; Henry, John, Hill, Christian.

(II) Christian (2) Jobe, son of Christian (1) Jobe, was born in Bedford county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the local schools, but spent a portion of his boyhood in the south with an uncle who resided in that part of the country. He began at a very early age to earn his own livelihood, and shortly established a reputation as a hard worker, which he maintained through life. He removed as a young man to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, becoming there a boatman, and ever keeping before his mind's eyes his ambition to rise to the rank of mate. A little later, however, he accepted a position with W. P. Townsend, a manufacturer of wire and rivets, with whom he remained for a period of thirty-six years, or until a paralytic stroke cut short his active life, although his death did not actually occur until two years later. At the opening of the Civil War, Mr. Jobe enlisted in the Union army, but upon the representations of his employer, that his first duty was to his family, he was released and did not serve. He married Annetta Judson, a native of New York state and a daughter of Virna and Anna (Bennett) Judson, natives of New England but of Scotch and English ancestry. Mr. Judson was a cabinetmaker of skill, who made in his day many coffins. He moved from his native state, Connecticut, first to New York and later to Clarion county, Pennsylvania, where he settled on a farm and engaged in the lumber business. He finally removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, making the trip in a boat down the Ohio and up the Beaver river. His death occurred while on a fishing trip which

he had undertaken alone. When he did not return therefrom, his family and friends, becoming alarmed, instituted a searching party, which some time after found him dead. To Mr. and Mrs. Jobe Sr. were born ten children; William, Byron, John, Lizzie, Emma, Charles, Thomas F., Ada, Hiram, Daniel.

(III) Thomas F. Jobe, son of Christian (2) Jobe, was born June 4, 1862, in Fallston, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the local schools there. While still a boy at school, he worked during the summers in a washboard factory at the wages of twenty-five cents a day. Upon completing his studies, he found employment as a proofreader in a printing office, but remained in this position only a year. He next went to Beaver Falls and there spent four years in the car works learning the machinist's trade. Upon the completion of this apprenticeship, he secured a position with the Keystone Driller Works, and later with Pierce & Merrick, with whom he remained for two years or until the burning of their factory. Mr. Jobe's next move was to Salem, Ohio, where he worked for about six months on the construction of new machinery for the Standard Horse Nail Works. He soon returned to Pennsylvania, however, and made his home in New Brighton and entered the employ of the Standard Horse Nail Company, Incorporated. With this firm he remained twenty years, having charge of the finishing department during the sixteen years of that period. Later Mr. Jobe entered an entirely new field, and operated for the period of a year the pool room, bowling alley and restaurant known as "The Club" in Beaver Falls. For a few years thereafter he engaged in mining and oil operations and owns much oil stock in various companies. He was at one time a director in the Pierce Machine Company and the Standard Horse Nail Company. In 1911 he entered the calendar business in which he is now engaged, being a salesman for that commodity.

Mr. Jobe married, July 16, 1889, Maude Amelia Welch, by whom he has had four children: Mildred Opal, Mont Thayer, George Powell, Catherine Edith. Mr. Jobe is a staunch member of the Republican party, whose aim has constantly been to make right predominate in the party rather than to submit to compromise. He has been very active in local politics and in public affairs generally. He is a member of Lodge No. 351, Knights of Pythias, the Junior Order of American Mechanics, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Commercial Travelers Association. Mrs. Jobe is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which Mr. Jobe is an attendant.

Of the many different nations that yearly send their quota of
BRUHN men to the United States, there is none whose citizens, in this transplanting process, take firmer root and blossom more prolifically than Germany's. In times numerous beyond mention this has been proved, and to claim that country as one's birthplace is assurance more than ordinary that achievements of worth and merit will follow.

It is of this descent that the Bruhns of this chronicle hold membership, John M., born in Germany, being the emigrant ancestor of the line.

The early life of John M. Bruhn was spent in the fatherland and there his education was obtained, in the scholastic institutions that have made that country one of the most renowned centers of culture in the world. Upon his arrival in the United States he resided for a time in New York City, and was there married, his wife, Adelaide, having come to that place from a town in Germany near Hamburg, his birthplace, the ancestors of both having lived in Germany for generations unknown. John M. Bruhn moved from New York City to Potter county, Pennsylvania, and for a time was employed in a store owned by the company that operated the tannery in the same place. His next residence was Chicago, Illinois, and there he worked in a carriage shop until his death. That city is the home of his widow, who survives him to the present day. They were the parents of eight children, of whom six were daughters and two sons, one of the latter being John D., of whom further.

John D. Bruhn, son of John M. and Adelaide Bruhn, was born in Coudersport, Potter county, Pennsylvania, October 19, 1877. After attending the public schools throughout the days of his youth he obtained employment in a bakery and in the course of his service there became master of the baker's trade, in which his instruction had begun when he was thirteen years of age. Leaving his home, he was employed at his trade in New York City until 1893, and two years later moved to Southern Pines, South Carolina, whence he returned, after one year's stay, to New York City. Still in the pursuit of the same business, in 1898, he went to Chicago, Illinois, but on January 1, 1899, left the baker's business permanently and entered upon a business relation with the Thomas Thorkildsen Company that has continued for fourteen years, during which time the name of the company has been changed and the branch of which he is the present manager established. The name of the parent concern, engaged in the manufacture of borax, is the Thorkildsen-Mather Company, and under its former name Mr. Bruhn entered its employ in the capacity of fireman, his subsequent promotions carrying him through the grades of engineer and foreman of the refining department. In 1908 a branch of this corporation was established at New Brighton, and the choice of a manager for that department of the business fell upon him, an action reasonable and warranted because of his excellent record and service in the company's employ, which, in his appointment to that position, received well-deserved recognition. The branch of the business situated at New Brighton operates and transacts business under the name of Brighton Chemical Company, and as its manager and active director Mr. Bruhn has enjoyed a prosperous and successful administration, success probably engendered by his minute knowledge of the operations of the entire plant, gained through a term of service in the factory of the organization that begot that of which he is the head. His policy is not one solely of office strategy, but has a foundation

based upon actual experience, tempered by a sympathetic understanding of the mainstay of his works, his employees. He holds membership in the National Association of Stationary Engineers, with which he became associated upon his entrance into his present field of endeavor.

Mr. Bruhn married, in 1901, Clara E. Hengel, of New York City, and has two children, Henry H. and Carrie E. Mr. Bruhn is a Republican in political belief but outside of casting his vote takes no interest in politics. He attends the Presbyterian Church Bible Class.

SHALLENBERGER The Shallenberger family flourished in Canton Uri, Switzerland, where its descent is traceable to the fourteenth century. They took their name from the mountain on which they lived, Shallenberger or Echo Mountain.

(I) Ulrich Shallenberger emigrated to America in 1770, and settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

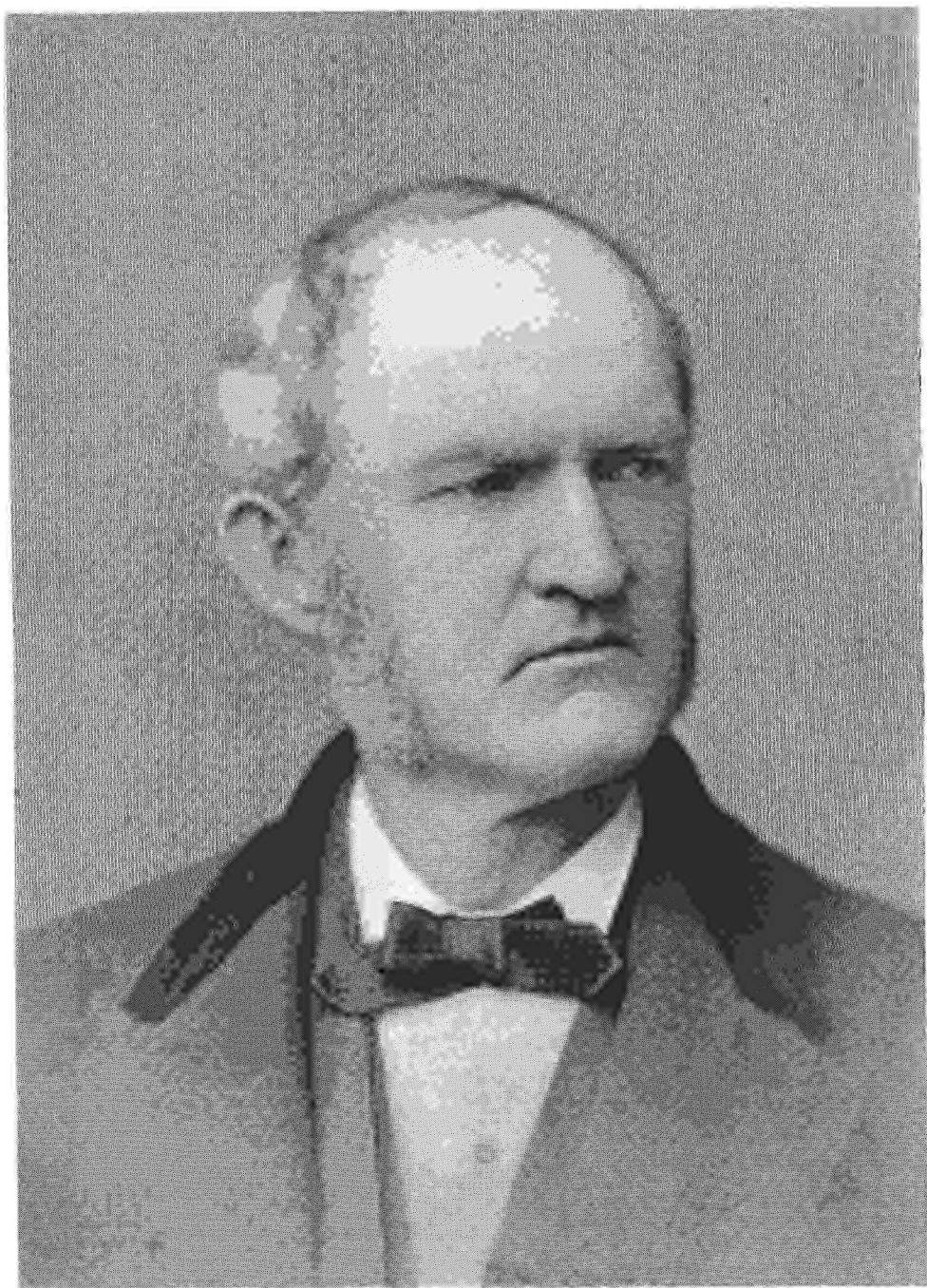
(II) John Shallenberger, son of Ulrich Shallenberger, was born in Canton Uri, Switzerland, and was a very young infant when he was brought to this country by his parents. He married and had children.

(III) Abraham Shallenberger, youngest child of John Shallenberger, removed with his family to Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in 1790.

(IV) Abraham (2) Shallenberger, son of Abraham (1) Shallenberger, was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, August 22, 1797, died in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1868. After his marriage he removed to Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in business as a maker of harness, saddles, whips, etc. In April, 1856, he removed to Rochester, Beaver county, and there became associated in business with his son, Dr. Aaron T. Shallenberger, in the manufacture of Dr. Shallenberger's Fever and Ague Antidote, and was thus occupied until his death. In his earlier years he affiliated with the Whig party and later joined the ranks of the Republicans. He and his family were members of the Baptist Church.

Mr. Shallenberger married, in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, in February, 1822, Rachel Newmyer, who died in 1870. They had children: 1. Harriet, born October 29, 1822; she married Dr. James McConaughy, of Mount Pleasant, Pennsylvania; her last days were spent in York, Nebraska. Children: Laura, Ida, John deceased; Dr. Robert McConaughy, of York, Nebraska. 2. Laura, born April 1, 1824, died in infancy. 3. Dr. Aaron T., of further mention. 4. George A., born April 27, 1827; after being educated in the public schools of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, he entered upon a business career; for a time he was in the dry goods business in Munntown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, then came to Rochester, Beaver county, about 1853, and there became interested in the manufacture of Dr. Shallenberger's Fever and Ague Antidote; for some years he was superintendent of the Morganza Reform School, and warden in the Western Penitentiary; at the time of the Civil War he enlisted in Company I, One

Hundred and Fortieth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, holding the rank of second lieutenant, and was advanced to brigade quartermaster; later he became quartermaster of the Second Corps under General Hancock; at the close of the war he was appointed warden of the Reform School at Washington, District of Columbia, and was still in office there at the time of his death in 1903 or 1904; Mr. Shallenberger married Artlissa Hull and had children: Ella, Georgia James. 5. John Lloyd, born April 12, 1829; was a merchant in Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and followed the same line of business in Clarion county, where he was living at the time of his death; he married and had children: Cora, who married — Rave, a druggist of Philadelphia; Maggie, married William Hineman, who later became a judge in Clarion county; Frank, deceased; Stella, who never married. 6. Smith, twin of John Lloyd, was connected with the manufacturing interests of his brother, Dr. Aaron T., he never married, and died in the sixties. 7. Elizabeth C., born August 13, 1831; she married George Bonbright, who was for many years a member of the firm of Bhuler, Bonbright & Company, of Philadelphia; he died in that city in 1888, and his widow is now living with her sister, Mrs. E. M. Power; children: James, Walter, Edwin Stanton. 8. James, born January 23, 1833, died in infancy. 9. Susan, born March 6, 1837; married Edward M. Power, of Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they have children: William, Rachel, Howard, Mary, Edward, George, Elizabeth. 10. General William S., born November 24, 1839; studious from his earliest years, he engaged in teaching after the completion of his education, and was also interested in the wholesale drug business at the time of the outbreak of the Civil War; he offered his services to his country, was adjutant in the One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment, and was wounded three times; he was a member of the staff of Colonel Roberts, and was actively engaged at Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, battle of the Wilderness, and numerous minor skirmishes; at the close of the war he became cashier of the First National Bank of Rochester, a position he held for some years; he served as chairman of the county committee, and was elected to congress from his district for three consecutive terms; he was appointed second assistant postmaster general under McKinley, and served for ten consecutive years, after which he resigned; he is now assistant to Dr. Green, in the Baptist Church, of Washington, District of Columbia, superintendent of the Sunday school, and leader and teacher of the Vaughn Bible Class of the Calvary Baptist Church, one of the most noted Bible classes in the United States; General Shallenberger married Josephine, daughter of George Thomas J. Powers, a pioneer settler of Beaver county, Pennsylvania; they have had children: Elizabeth, married Frederick M. Smith, of Washington, District of Columbia; Mary, married Harper McClurg, of Washington, District of Columbia; William, a photographer in Akron, Ohio; Josephine, married Rev. Paul Sperry and lives in a suburb of Boston. 11. Cyrus Vance, was educated in the public schools and came to Rochester, Beaver county, Penn-



A.T. Shallenberger M.D.

sylvania, at the age of thirteen years; he then became a student at the Beaver Academy, and entered the sophomore class of the University of Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, now Bucknell College; he became interested with his brother, Dr. Aaron T., in the Fever and Ague Antidote, manufactured by the latter, and after the death of Dr. Shallenberger became general manager of the business on Ohio avenue, Rochester; in politics he is a Republican, and served as school director eighteen years; he and his wife are members of the Baptist Church, in which he is a deacon, and of which he has been treasurer for the past fifteen years; Mr. Shallenberger married (first) in 1867, Emma Seeley, of Rochester, who died in 1869, leaving one son, Charles S., who has now been for a number of years with the H. C. Fry Glass Company; Mr. Shallenberger married (second) Mary Pittman, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, in 1875, and has one daughter, Lillian C., who married Dr. J. S. Darragh, of Woodlawn, Pennsylvania, and has one child, Marian A., now a junior at the Woodlawn High School.

(V) Dr. Aaron T. Shallenberger, son of Abraham (2) and Rachel (Newmyer) Shallenberger, was born in Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, February 20, 1825, died in 1901. He received his early education in the public schools of his native county and at the Greensburg Academy, and then took up the study of medicine with Dr. W. C. Reiter. Matriculating at the Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, he was graduated from this institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the class of 1846. He came to Rochester the following year, and later engaged in the manufacture of his celebrated Fever and Ague Antidote, with which he was actively identified until his death. Dr. Shallenberger married, September 1, 1846, Mary S. Bonbright, born in Youngstown, Pennsylvania, July 12, 1828, and the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding was celebrated in 1896. He and his wife were members of the Baptist Church. Prior to engaging in the manufacture of his medicine, Dr. Shallenberger was engaged in medical practice for a number of years, and later acted as consulting physician with his son, Dr. Horace M. Shallenberger.

Mrs. Shallenberger was a daughter of Daniel and Mary (Smith) Bonbright, the former an early settler of Youngstown, Pennsylvania, where he was a merchant. They had children: 1. Eliza. 2. Catherine. 3. John, came to Rochester in 1840, where he was a dry goods merchant, and erected a number of houses; he later removed to Des Moines, Iowa, where he died. 4. William, came to Rochester at the same time as John, and was a manufacturer of starch; later he removed to Philadelphia, where he died. 5. George. 6. James. 7. Mary S., mentioned above. 8. Daniel, who died in 1912 at the age of eighty-one years. Following are extracts from an article by Prof. Amos W. Patten, this appearing in the *New York Christian Advocate*:

On December 15, 1912, there assembled in Evanston, Ill., the seat of the Northwestern University, a great audience to do honor to the memory of the oldest and most distinguished member of the faculty. Professor Daniel Bon-

bright, LL.D., dean emeritus and professor of the Latin language and literature, had entered into the larger life. A graduate of Yale in the class of 1850, he was in 1856 elected to the chair of Latin in the Northwestern University. After two years of preparatory study in Germany he assumed his duties, bringing to his work a personality and a professional equipment which marked him for a teacher of unusual ability. For many years he served as dean of the college of liberal arts and was also president ad interim. On three different occasions he was offered the presidency which he declined, preferring his work as teacher. Attractive offers from outside failed to lure him, and he chose to remain with the university, enriching it with the wealth of his culture, his serene and beautiful life, and his pre-eminent powers as a teacher. No one who was privileged to work under him will ever forget the tonic of his presence, and the peculiar force and elegance with which he interpreted the classic authors. Dr. Bonbright's departure marks the last of the elect company who had to do with the founding of the university and the early days of Evanston.

Dr. and Mrs. Shallenberger had children: 1. 2. 3. Charles, Alice and Laura, deceased. 4. Dr. Horace M. Shallenberger, born October 4, 1853; he was graduated from Jefferson Medical College, and was a member of the staff of the Beaver Valley General Hospital; he was also a lecturer in the Training School for Nurses; Dr. Shallenberger married, November 11, 1897, Mrs. Carrie B. Wack. 5. Alethe, married, March 18, 1875, Albert Aretus Atterholt, born at Guilford, Ohio, February 23, 1852, a son of Reazin Bell and Julia Ann (Hill) Atterholt; he came to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1874, and served as postmaster from 1900 to 1905, and is at present a traveling salesman for the McKee Glass Company; he is a Republican and has served as a member of the common council; he has also been president of the Business Men's Association; children: Oliver S., manager of the Luzerne Cut Glass Company, of Pittston; Albert Ward, a civil engineer, has charge of a government dam at New Cumberland, West Virginia; Frederick, died in infancy. 6. Oliver B., born May 7, 1860; in 1877 he entered the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, and was graduated as cadet engineer, and took the two years' cruise; retired from the service in 1883, and devoted himself to electrical research; chief electrician of the Westinghouse Electric Company; elected an associate member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers on September 7, 1888, and a member, December 4, of the same year; in 1891 retained as consulting engineer; he was one of the organizers, and at the time of his death president of the Colorado Electric Power Company; he married, November 27, 1889, Mary W. Woolstair, of Beaver, and died January 23, 1898; he was the inventor of numerous electrical improvements which will perpetuate his name. 7. Herbert B., born January 19, 1869, died in Florida, March 11, 1899; he excelled in designing and photography, and in the latter field made many experiments and discoveries; he was the patentee of a number of valuable improvements for cameras, and the results he obtained from the use of Roentgen rays were recognized as superior by specialists in this line of experimentation; he married, September 2, 1893, Mary W., a daughter of William Moulds, of Rochester. 8. William.

The family bearing this name at the present time in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, is among the representative ones of that section of the state. They have borne their share bravely in all the troubles which have come to the state and to the country at large, and have been particularly active in industrial and commercial lines. Just when the family came to Pennsylvania is not a matter of record, but it is certain that they have been there for a number of generations.

(I) Henry Lint, the first of whom we have record, was one of the early settlers in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, where he was twice married. By his first wife, Nancy —, he had: Abraham N., of further mention; William, Henry, Peter, Aaron. By the second marriage there were: Abraham, John, Elizabeth.

(II) Abraham N. Lint, son of Henry and Nancy Lint, was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1847. He was educated in the public schools, and having been raised in the coke region, he was thoroughly familiar with all the details which were in use in producing this most necessary supply. He assisted in building the first coke ovens ever constructed in the United States, and has been connected with work of this nature all his life. The Beehive ovens, built for Cochran Brothers, were also built with his assistance. He gives his consistent support to the Democratic party, and is a member of the Christian Church. Mr. Lint married Susan Moon, born in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, in 1849, one of the daughters of Jacob and — (Rittenhour) Moon, both born in the United States, of German parents, and they had children: Aby, Mary, Harrison, Sarah, Susan. Mrs. Moon died, and he married a second time, and has one child, Ella. Mr. and Mrs. Lint have had children: George A., of further mention; Frank J., killed on the Lake Erie Railroad in 1898; Cassinda; Elizabeth; Emerson; Angie, died in 1912; Norman; Jacob Henry, deceased; Elma; Walter.

(III) George A. Lint, son of Abraham N. and Susan (Moon) Lint, was born near Connellsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1868. Like his father he was educated in the public schools, and soon became familiar with the workings of the coke industry. For some years he was employed at the coke works, but at the age of twenty years entered the service of the Lake Erie Railroad Company, with which he has been connected since that time with the exception of a period of seven years and eight months when he was with the Norfolk & Western and the Pennsylvania Railroad companies. He has now filled the responsible office of conductor for twenty-two years. He has lived in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, since 1907, and owns the house in which he resides at No. 1227 Penn avenue. Mr. Lint is a Socialist in his political views, and a member of the Order of Railroad Conductors since 1893. He is also a member of the Knights of Malta and the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Lint married, in 1892, Charlotte Couch, born in Pennsylvania, December 9, 1859. They have one child: Claire G., born December 14, 1894,

at Roanoke, Virginia, who has been educated in the public schools and was graduated from the New Brighton high school. Mrs. Lint is a daughter of Orlando and Charlotte (Dunbar) Couch, he born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1825, and she born in Philadelphia in 1830; he died July 15, 1908, and she died July 22, 1911. They had children: Esther Emily, born December 9, 1850; John S., January 14, 1853; Nathan A., January 19, 1855, died December 27, 1911; David D., July 10, 1857, died June 24, 1895; Charlotte, mentioned above as the wife of Mr. Lint; Eliza S., May 2, 1862, died March 29, 1909; Mary A., October 11, 1864, died February 20, 1894; Orlando R., March 25, 1867. Nathan Couch, grandfather of Mrs. Lint, was a pioneer settler of Beaver county, and died September 2, 1878. He married Emily —, and had these children: Orlando, mentioned as the father of Mrs. Lint; William, Addison, Edward, Sophia, Catherine. David Dunbar, maternal grandfather of Mrs. Lint, was born in England, was a pioneer settler of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and died in Philadelphia. He married Esther Dewey, who died March 9, 1884, at the age of eighty years. She married (second) John Squires, who died in New Brighton, August 15, 1859. Esther Dewey was a daughter of Jacob Dewey, who settled at Darby, near Philadelphia, and died at the age of one hundred and four years. He married Anna Myers, who worked for British officers, and they had children: William, Albert, Adam, Richard, Eliza, Anna, Maria, Esther, who married David Dunbar, mentioned above; Charlotte.

Dennis Cronin, a native of Ireland, who had lived some years in England, came to Toronto, Canada, in 1871, with his wife and family, and there lived the remainder of their lives, and till his death occurred. He married Mary Cagney, also a native of Ireland, and they had children: Margaret, John D., see forward; Joseph, Dennis, Walter, Cornelius, deceased; Mary.

John D. Cronin, son of Dennis and Mary (Cagney) Cronin, was born in England, June 22, 1864. His education was acquired in the public schools of England and Ireland, whither his parents had returned prior to their coming to this country. He was about seventeen years of age when he came to this country, and he learned the baker's trade, following this for a period of three and a half years. He then became a brass molder, working at various places, and was thus engaged for several years, then engaged in the glass business in Washington, Pennsylvania. He came to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1900, where he became associated with the Opalite Tile Company, and in 1908 was advanced to the position of superintendent of the plant, which at that time had seventy-five men in its employ. His political views are those of the Democratic party, and he is a devout member of the Catholic Church. His fraternal affiliations are with the following organizations: Knights of Columbus, Knights of St. George, Knights of the Maccabees. Mr. Cronin married, in Toronto, Canada, Johanna Ellard, of that city, and they have had chil-

dren: Florence May, Mary Eleanor, Anna Irene, John Dennis, Margaret Theresa.

Walter Dixon Kaye is a member of a family long associated with KAYE Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and is, himself, one of the prominent citizens of the community in spite of his youth. Four generations back the Kayes emigrated from Birmingham, England, to America, in 1818, going first to New York, but soon removing to Pittsburgh, in which region they have since made their home.

(I) David Kaye, grandfather of Walter D. Kaye, was two years old when his parents came to this country in 1818. He became a glass worker by trade and lived to the good old age of eighty-one. His brother, Joshua, went to Louisville, Kentucky, to live and eventually became mayor of that city. David Kaye had eight children, as follows: Edward, of whom further; Mary, wife of James Simpson, of Elwood, Indiana; David, of whom further; Sarah, a resident of Pittsburgh; Hannah, wife of Elmer Ainsworth, of Chicago; Belle, wife of Edward Estep, of Pittsburgh; Timothy Poole, a resident of Fostoria, Ohio; George K., a resident of Washington, Pennsylvania.

(II) Edward Kaye, son of David Kaye, was born in the year 1854 in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, died August 23, 1909. He passed his childhood and youth and obtained his education in the region known as the South Side of Pittsburgh. After completing his course of studies, he learned the trade of glass blower and soon found employment with the Evans Glass Company, with whom he remained four years, giving eminent satisfaction to his employers and perfecting himself in the handicraft of his trade. At the expiration of this period, he removed to Phillipsburg, Pennsylvania, now Monaca, and shortly secured the position of manager of the Phoenix Glass Works of that town. In 1904 he once more removed, this time to Rochester, Beaver county, and located at 178 Munroe street, where he spent the remainder of his life. Mr. Kaye took a vital interest in politics and gave his allegiance to the Republican party. He was an active member of the Presbyterian Church. He was very active in fraternal circles and a prominent member of a number of organizations. He belonged to Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, No. 167, Royal Arch Masons; Beaver Falls Commandery, Knights Templar; and was a thirty-second degree Mason of the Pittsburgh Consistory. Besides these Masonic associations, he was a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Rochester, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Monaca, of the Knights of Pythias, of Monaca, and of the Eastern Star.

Mr. Kaye married, in Butler county, Pennsylvania, September 21, 1876, Anna Katherine Koedel, a native of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where she was born November 24, 1856, daughter of Henry and Sophia (Keppel) Koedel. Mr. and Mrs. Koedel were both natives of Germany who met in

Pittsburgh, after their immigration to America, and were married there. They afterwards removed to Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1869, where Mr. Koedel had purchased a farm, upon which he is living at the present time (1914) at the age of ninety-three, his birth having occurred November 11, 1820. Mr. Koedel has always been a Republican in politics, and a staunch member of the Lutheran Church. Mrs. Kaye was the fifth of the eight children born to Mr. and Mrs. Koedel. To Mr. and Mrs. Kaye were born two children: 1. Melvin Wesley, born July 21, 1877; he was educated in the local public schools and in Duff's College of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania; he also filled the position his father had occupied before him, of manager of the Phoenix Glass Works of Monaca, in which he at present resides; he married Marie Eiven and has had by her two children: Edward and Marian. 2. Clarence Edward, born August 7, 1880; he was educated in the public schools of the district and in Depughs College, and is now assistant manager of the Phoenix Glass Company at South Washington, Pennsylvania.

(II) David (2) Kaye, son of David (1) Kaye, was born in Pittsburgh,, July 12, 1859, died September 16, 1907. He was educated in Pittsburgh, but soon went to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his elder brother Edward was the superintendent of the Phoenix Glass Works, and here he found a position as glass worker, remaining in this work until the autumn of 1906 when he was appointed postmaster of Monaca, a position which he held until his death. He was a Republican in politics and was active in the affairs of the town, serving on the council a number of times. He was prominent in the ranks of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias, holding chairs in both orders, and was a representative to the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, held in Philadelphia a short time before his death. In 1900 he established in Monaca "The Only Drug Store," remaining in active management of it until 1905. In Monaca also he met and married Ida M. Hogan, born at Monaca, September 5, 1866. Children: Walter Dixon, of whom further; Violet, deceased; William Edgar, of the class of 1914 in Pittsburgh University where he is taking a course in civil engineering; Aletha May, a clerk in the Monaca postoffice.

(III) Walter Dixon Kaye, son of David (2) Kaye, was born in Monaca, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1884. He was educated in the public schools in Monaca, and after a high school course he went to the Pittsburgh University, graduating from the department of pharmacy in 1904. During this time he was further employed during the summers as a clerk in a drug store, and continued in this work until 1905, when he became manager of the store, and two years afterwards bought the business which he now conducts. Mr. Kaye is a Republican in politics, like his father before him, and like his father, also, he is active in the affairs of his community. He is a member of Lodge No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Golden Eagles. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.



David Kaye

It is not alone on his father's side that Mr. Kaye's associations with Beaver county and Monaca have been formed. His maternal great-grandfather was a native of Ireland, who had been educated for the priesthood, but renouncing his religion, he came to the United States and was one of the early settlers of Pittsburgh. His son, Frederick Hogan, was a riverman and an early settler of Monaca as was also his wife, Kate (Lias) Hogan. Ida, Hogan, afterwards Mrs. Kaye, now Mrs. Martsof, has since the death of her first husband continued to hold the position of postmistress of Monaca. On August 11, 1913, she was a second time married, this time to J. H. Martsof, a druggist in Beaver, Pennsylvania.

The Bevingtons came to Western Pennsylvania prior to the Revolution, the early settler serving as a soldier in that struggle. The earliest record found of this branch is of Thomas Bevington, a woodsman and farmer of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He served in the Indian Wars and in the Revolution, three years of his service during the latter war being as a spy under Captain Brady. He also served three years under the immediate command of General Washington. After his marriage he bought a farm in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he and his wife Elizabeth lived and reared their family of four daughters and six sons. The sons: John, Thomas, Ezekiel, William, Samuel, Charles, all becoming tillers of the soil, locating mostly in Beaver county.

(II) Charles Bevington, son of Thomas Bevington, the Revolutionary soldier, was born in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in October, 1796, died about 1880. He remained in his native township engaged in farming as boy and man until he was thirty-six years of age, obtaining an education in the subscription schools of that early day. In 1832 he moved to Brighton township, where he bought a farm of one hundred and twenty-six acres in that part now Industry township. Here he resided all his after life with the exception of four years spent in Vanport engaged in lime burning. He served in the War of 1812 and in Indian and other wars, his military service covering a period of six years. In political faith he was a Democrat, and in religious belief a Baptist. He married, in Ohio township, Catherine, daughter of John and Christina Knight, both from Eastern Pennsylvania, but early settlers near Industry, Beaver county. John Knight, a farmer and large land owner, had children: Jacob, Daniel, Richard, David, Polly, Rebecca, Susan, Catherine, John, Charles. Children of Charles and Catherine Bevington: Mary, died in girlhood; Elizabeth, died unmarried; John, a farmer near the old homestead in Beaver county, where he died; Thomas, deceased; Daniel, of whom further; Mason, deceased; Samuel, now residing near his brother Daniel; Cynthia, married Benjamin Grove, and resides at Vanport; Artemesia, now the widow of Joseph Adams, and resides in Brighton township; Charles Richard, died in youth.

(III) Daniel Bevington, sixth child of Charles and Catherine (Knight)

Bevington, was born in Industry township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 22, 1831. He attended the public schools of his district, and spent his early life in farm labor and boating on the Ohio, both on coal and steamboats. In 1865 he purchased seventy acres, located at the mouth of Four Mile Run. Later he sold his farm and purchased, in 1909, a tract of one hundred and sixteen acres situated further up the Run, where he now resides. He has retired from active labor, his son operating the land as a dairy and stock farm. Mr. Bevington has lived a long and useful life, has borne well his part and now in his declining years enjoys the results of his industry and thrift. He is an Independent in politics, and a man of strong upright character. He married, in 1853, Eliza Knight, a distant maternal relative, daughter of John and Mary (Mason) Knight, also old Beaver county settlers. Children: Two who died unnamed; Mary Alwilda, deceased, married William Clark and left issue: Charles D., Olive May and James; Samuel, died aged two years; James, manager of the home farm, married Annie Neville and has: Edna Pearl, Mildred, Bessie, Josephine, deceased, Myrtle, Catherine, Dorothy, James (2), Emma.

When the subject of immigrants is broached one's mind travels rapidly to a man of foreign tongue and birth, surrounded by his wife and family, stepping from a transatlantic liner, with a boldness that gives the lie to the pounding fear in his breast. He is imagined as endeavoring to converse with a native of another land, a son of another tongue, in order to receive instruction as to the usual course of procedure, and giving it up in hopeless despair of ever making himself understood. It is therefore difficult to conceive of the immigrant ancestor of the Bunn family of this chronicle, Gains Bunn, landing on the soil of the United States, and having the same feeling of familiarity with the faces, speech and customs of Americans, as a bona fide immigrant, yet as such he must be considered, even though England, his homeland, is our Mother country.

Gains Bunn was born in England in 1843. After receiving his education in that country, he learned the trade of boiler-maker, which he pursued until his emigration. In 1874 he came to the United States, having first married, and settled in Grove City, Pennsylvania, later moving to Pittsburgh, his present residence. Since his arrival he has followed the trade he learned in England, and is a mechanic of more than ordinary ability, thorough instruction and years of experience making him one of the best. He is a staunch member of the Latter Day Saints, and in political issues supports the Republican party. He married, in England, Jane Overfield, born in that land in 1844, died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1911. Children of Gains and Jane (Overfield) Bunn: 1. Mary Ann, married Thomas Richardson, of Pittsburgh. 2. James A., a resident of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 3. John T., of whom further. 4. Harriet, married Benjamin Evans, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 5. Charles G., a resident of

Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 6. Joseph F., lives in Monaca, Pennsylvania.

John T. Bunn, son of Gains and Jane (Overfield) Bunn, was born in England, September 18, 1872. His parents came to the United States when he was two years of age, bringing him with them, and he attended the public schools of the city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. After completing his preliminary studies he took up several special courses and obtained an electrical engineer's degree, in 1902 coming to Monaca, Beaver county, as an electrical engineer in the employ of the United States Sanitary Manufacturing Company, with whom he has since been employed. So satisfactory has his service with that concern been, and so favorable the comment carried to his superiors in position, that in 1912 he was appointed superintendent of the entire plant of the company, approximately five hundred men being employed in the factory. Mr. Bunn's jurisdiction extends over all of this vast number, and in the direction of such a quantity of labor, much of it skilled, he has displayed tact, judgment and discretion, at the same time upholding the dignity and honor of his place. Among his workmen he has many firm friends, who recognize and appreciate the fact that he regards himself as one of the company's employees and not as a superior being designed to rule them in an overbearing manner. Although he has occupied this position of responsibility for a short period of time, the results that he has achieved and the general air of satisfaction and contentment that pervades the shops prove that under his administration the force works without discord, which is an excellent omen for the continued prosperity of the concern, inasmuch as the working force is the very basis and foundation of its existence. Mr. Bunn is a member of the National Association of Stationary Engineers of Pittsburgh; Rochester Lodge, No. 229, Free and Accepted Masons; Monaca Lodge, No. 1115, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and belongs to Universal Craftsman's Council, No. 11, of Pittsburgh. He is a Republican in politics, and with his wife affiliates with the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Bunn married, in 1898, Ada, daughter of Charles T. Tomlinson, of Braddock, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of one son, John Leonard, born in September, 1903.

David Lais, born in Germany in 1817, came to America with his LAIS mother, after the death of his father in Germany. They located in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, for a time, then came to Economy, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was a weaver by trade and found employment in a silk factory. Later he went to Pittsburgh, where he learned the carpenter's trade. He removed to Monaca, Beaver county, in 1832, and there he died in 1890. He was a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Lutheran Church. He married Catherine, born in Alsace-Lorraine in 1816, died in Monaca, Beaver county, February 26, 1900, daughter of Frederick Steinbach. They had children: George Henry,

see forward; Catherine, deceased; Matilda; Margaret; Mary, deceased; David, deceased; Charles Phillips; Pauline. The parents of Mrs. Lais came to Waynesburg, Ohio, in 1826, by way of the canal, and there he was a farmer. He and his wife died about 1870, each more than ninety years of age at the time of death.

(II) George Henry Lais, son of David and Catherine (Steinbach) Lais, was born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 6, 1841. There he attended the public schools, and was then apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade. He commenced the active business of life at the age of sixteen years, and from the time he was twenty-five years of age he was engaged very successfully in the contracting and building line. Ten years were spent in the West, two of these in Quincy, Illinois, and eight in Marion county, Missouri. In 1901 he returned to Monaca, and has since made that town his home. He is active in the interests of the Democratic party, and has filled a number of local offices. He is a councilman and a member of the board of school directors, and has served as borough assessor since 1908. He and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church. Mr. Lais married (first) 1865, Ellen Maria Stewart, and had children: Harry; Minnie, married George Mullen; Elsie, married Philip Faust; George. Mrs. Lais died in 1873, and he married (second) Anna Butchly, and had children: Bertha, Matilda, Annie, Margaret. Mrs. Lais died in 1884, and he married (third) Lizzie Shaneman, and has children: Nora, Mary, Catherine.

The Yost family, in all probability, came to the United States YOST from the homeland, Germany, through a southern port of entry, since it is in the south that those of this line are first found, tradition recording that three brothers came to this country at the same time, each founding a separate line.

(I) The first of the branch herein chronicled is George Washington Yost, born in New Market, Baltimore county, Maryland, in 1819. He married Mary Gibbs, born in Springfield township, York county, Pennsylvania, and in that county followed the occupation of farmer until his death. They were the parents of five sons, Charles, Fletcher, Thomas Milton, of whom further, James, Clayton.

(II) Thomas Milton Yost, son of George Washington and Mary (Gibbs) Yost, was born at Glen Rock, York county, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1851. He was educated for the profession of mechanical engineer and was therein engaged all his life, Middletown, Pennsylvania, being the scene of most of his work. He was an engineer of ability, a fact realized by all having business connections with him, and his services were ever in demand. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, his political action being in accord with the Republican party. He married, in Middletown, Pennsylvania, Hannah Elizabeth Atkinson, born at Royalton, Pennsylvania, in 1854, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Donovan) Atkinson.



Geo. H. Lais

Joseph and Mary Atkinson were married in 1848, her death occurring eighteen years later, in 1886. Joseph Atkinson was a son of David and Mary (Jones) Atkinson. Children of Thomas Milton and Hannah Elizabeth (Atkinson) Yost: 1. Walter Milton, of whom further. 2. May, married Ray Clayton; she is now deceased; she left one child, Dorothy. 3. Lloyd, died in infancy. 4. Bertha, married Henry H. Rhodes; three children: William, Charles, John.

(III) Dr. Walter Milton Yost, son of Thomas Milton and Hannah Elizabeth (Atkinson) Yost, was born at Middletown, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, March 22, 1886. He was a student in the public schools of his birthplace and was graduated from the Middletown high school in the class of 1903. Making medicine his life profession he later graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College, of Philadelphia, in 1908, and spent the following year obtaining practical experience in the Rochester Homoeopathic Hospital, at Rochester, New York, as well as one year, in connection with his college course, in the Children's Homoeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia. He graduated from a course in the New York Ophthalmic Hospital in 1912, having entered that institution after his active practice had been begun in Rochester, Pennsylvania, where he had established in July, 1909. Dr. Yost has sprung into favorable popularity during his Rochester residence, and attends with able care to a steadily increasing patronage. A modern-day physician, hampered by no laws of custom confirmed by the usage of years, free in a large degree to establish his own precedents, Dr. Yost, with his carefully studied medical lore, is one of the doctors of that locality destined for still greater achievements than those at hand. Aside from his thorough and profound acquaintance with all branches of medical art, he is especially trained in the treatment of optical ailments, his course at the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, one of the best of its kind in the country, having fitted him for advanced work along that line. Dr. Yost is a director in the People's National Bank of Rochester, Pennsylvania, in the Beaver County Telephone Company, the Steubenville Bridge Company, Steubenville, Ohio, and in the Beaver County Home for the Aged. Dr. Yost is a member of the Greek Letter Society, Phi Alpha Gamma, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; is a member of the Beaver County Homoeopathic Medical Society; Homoeopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, and American Institute of Homoeopathy. Dr. Yost is a Republican in political action, and with his wife holds membership in the First Presbyterian Church, of Rochester, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Yost married, October 11, 1911, at Freedom, Pennsylvania, Marguerite Mitchell, born in Freedom, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1890, daughter of James Glover and Martha (Bentel) Mitchell. James Glover Mitchell, deceased, was a banker. Child of Walter Milton and Marguerite (Mitchell) Yost: Martha Mitchell, born July 30, 1912.

Reuben Henderson McPherson, son of Reuben (q. v.) and Elizabeth (Greer) McPherson, was born in Economy township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1839. After completing his studies in the public schools he entered Mount Union College, and after attending three terms at the latter institution taught school for a few years, abandoning his newly begun pedagogical career in 1863 to enlist in a battery raised in Pittsburgh under the command of Captain J. J. Young. This organization, which he joined in August, immediately went to Harrisburg and later to Fort Delaware, and was there from that time until his honorable discharge was given him in June, 1865; he was in constant and active service with his battery, participating in some effective and deadly work credited to that body, designated as Battery G. At the close of the war he turned to the carpenter's trade, and from that advanced to contracting and building operations, establishing in business in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in 1866, and has since been a resident there. He has engaged extensively in both departments of his business, converting a generous share of his profits into valuable real estate, and is responsible for many building and contracting operations in that locality. His first presidential vote was cast for Abraham Lincoln, and he has ever since supported Republican candidates, and has served his borough as a member of the council and as one of the school board. He and his wife are members of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. McPherson married, December 28, 1865, Margaretta Jane Hamilton, born in Franklin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1844, daughter of Mathew and Harriet (Glass) Hamilton, her father born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1818, died in 1898, her mother born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1821, died in 1907. Matthew Hamilton was a farmer, also working at the blacksmith's trade, having a shop on his land; was a Republican in politics; a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and an active worker in all religious enterprises. Children of Mathew and Harriet (Glass) Hamilton: Elizabeth; Margaretta Jane, of previous mention, married Reuben Henderson McPherson; Anna, deceased; Charles Wesley, deceased; Martha Glass; Walter; Emma; David Lincoln; Harriet; Elmer Ellsworth, deceased; Mary Theora, and another child who died in infancy. Children of Reuben Henderson and Margaretta Jane (Hamilton) McPherson: Elizabeth Greer, deceased; Anna May, Harriet Gertrude, Elmer Ellsworth, Ira Hamilton, Winifred Leona.

This entire record deals with the McCleerys of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, beginning with William Henry McCleery, who married Marthena Farrer. Of this union there were several children, among whom was James H., of whom further.

(II) James H. McCleery, son of William Henry and Marthena (Farrer) McCleery, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 2, 1857. His boyhood days were spent on the paternal acres, and his education was



John C. McHenry.

obtained in the neighboring schools. As the time approached for him to choose a vocation he decided against farming, which his ancestors had followed for generations, and became a blacksmith. In this line he did not remain simply the proprietor of a country shop, but turned his knowledge and experience to advantage in the industrial world, being at the present time foreman of the forge department of the Penn Bridge Company, an efficient and trusted employee of that corporation. The Republican party is the organization to which he has ever pledged his political backing and for two years he held the office of president of the New Brighton council, ably serving the community in that capacity, adding to his reputation as a citizen being whole-heartedly interested in the civil welfare of his borough. For many years he has held membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, numbering members of that organization among his closest friends. He married, in 1875, Sarah, daughter of Joseph and Mary J. (Reynolds) Burke. Her father was born in Henry county, Ohio, in 1831, her mother in Crawford county, in the same state, in 1835. Their home was in Crawford county, where he cultivated a fertile farm. His political convictions were Democratic, while he and his wife were members of the United Brethren Church. Children of Joseph and Mary J. Burke: Sarah, of previous mention, married James H. McCleery; William, deceased; Della, deceased; Eliza; Mary, deceased; Annie. Mr. Burke died in 1876, his wife's death taking place in 1911. Children of James H. and Sarah (Burke) McCleery: Maud G., deceased; William, deceased; Harry, deceased; John Cassel, of whom further.

(III) John Cassel McCleery, son of James H. and Sarah (Burke) McCleery, was born in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 19, 1883. He obtained a general education through attendance at the public schools of New Brighton, his studies being pursued in the high school. He then took a bridge engineering course in the International Correspondence School of Scranton, and for two years was engaged in coal dealing with his father-in-law, John S. Swesey, of Beaver. In 1910 he took advantage of the rapidly increasing, although already vast, popularity of automobiles and motor cycles, and obtaining an agency for a reliable make of machine he established a garage at No. 712-714 Fifth street, where he has been since located. The promise that this business showed four years ago has been more than realized in the intervening time, and as modern methods of manufacture, more efficient and more economical, have removed the prohibitive price from power-driven vehicles and have made what was formerly the luxury of the rich the necessity of the many, placing an auto well within the reach of those of moderate circumstances, the volume of his business both as a dealer and as a repairer has increased. To those who have patronized his establishment he has ever accorded the fairest of treatment, realizing that in satisfied custom lies the only hope of future growth. His garage not only is popular locally, but touring autoists have learned that there is a haven where the usual "hold-up" methods of garage

owners are not pursued, in consequence of which his transient trade is profitable, comfortably supplementing that of the residents. Mr. McCleery is a Republican in politics, and holds membership in the Masonic Order, belonging to Union Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons. He also affiliates with the Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

He married, in 1903, Florence Gertrude Swesey, born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, in March, 1881, daughter of John S. and Margaret (Diehl) Swesey, of Beaver, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. McCleery are the parents of: Harry S., born March 21, 1905; John Cassel Jr., born February 18, 1910.

Henry Charles Vollhardt was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, in 1825, and was drowned in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 6, 1880. He emigrated to the United States, and settled at first in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he followed his trade of shoemaking. Later he also had charge of the ferry at Hulton Station, near Verona, on the Allegheny river. In 1852, with his family, he came to Beaver on a canal boat, and lived there until 1863. He still followed his calling of shoemaking, and had charge of the ferry until his death. He was a Democrat in politics, and he was a Lutheran and his wife a Methodist. He was also a member of Bridgewater Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married, in Germany, Rosa Kerner, born in Germany in 1829, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1885. They had children: Louisa Elizabeth, Anna Margaret, Anna Marie, William C., see forward; Henrietta, George W., Emma Amelia, Lizzie Lazette, Charles, Philippine, Henry Charles.

William C. Vollhardt, son of Henry Charles and Rosa (Kerner) Vollhardt, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 14, 1855. He acquired his education in Beaver, and came to Monaca with his parents in 1863. There he also attended German and English schools for a considerable length of time. At the age of fourteen years he commenced working on a steamboat, and after the death of his father took charge of the ferry and operated it for about thirty-five years. He then sold it and was engaged in the liquor business for a period of five years, and was then yard foreman of the Sanitary Works for almost seven years. He had charge of an ice wagon for a short time, and has now been with the American Specialty Company of Monaca, Pennsylvania, since December 8, 1912. In 1908 he erected a fine residence at the corner of Washington avenue and Eighth street. He has always been a strong supporter of Democratic principles, and has filled very capably a number of public offices. He and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church, and he affiliates fraternally with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Vollhardt married, in 1885, Jessie Fremont Springer, who was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, August 31, 1862, daughter of Levi and Mary Elizabeth (Lesley) Springer, and granddaughter of Dr.

Robert and Catherine Lesley. They were both born in Ireland, and settled in Amsterdam, Ohio, where Dr. Lesley practiced his profession. An aunt of Mrs. Lesley was confectioner to the Queen of England. Levi Springer, father of Mrs. Vollhardt, was a noted machinist, and put out the first air brake for the Westinghouse Company, in whose employ he was. He died at Port Homer, Ohio, in 1876. His widow, who was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1823, after the death of her husband came to Monaca with her children, and there taught music; she died February 2, 1899. They had children: Adam James, William, Edward, Mary Catherine, Jessie Fremont, who married Mr. Vollhardt; Robert and Frank, who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Vollhardt have had children: 1. William Nelson, born March 24, 1886; was educated in the public schools of Monaca, and the Rochester Business College; he is a molder by trade. 2. Kathryn Edna, born June 12, 1887; was educated in the public schools and the Rochester Business College; she also took special training in music; she married Thomas M. Jordan, of Bedford Springs, Pennsylvania, and they have one child, Jessie Salome, born July 25, 1910.

RETZER The Retzer family of the state of Pennsylvania is well represented in Beaver county by Frederick Retzer, beloved and esteemed as a preacher for many years.

(I) Martin Retzer was born in Germany in 1814, and died in that country in 1881. He was engaged in business as a manufacturer of wooden shoes. He married Elizabeth Grüny, born in Germany in 1817, died there in 1890. They had children: Louisa, deceased; Frederick, see forward; Katharine, married Frederick Kindelberger, of West Bridgewater; Philip, of Pirmasens, Germany.

(II) Frederick Retzer, son of Martin and Elizabeth (Grüny) Retzer, was born in Germany, October 3, 1850. He was educated in Germany and taught school there for about four years, commencing when but twelve years of age. He was appointed teacher by the government and was licensed to preach when about fourteen years of age. He made a trip to Palestine when fifteen years old, and taught school there for a short time. He was a member of the sanitary commission during the Franco-Prussian War. He emigrated to the United States in 1871, arriving at Wheeling, West Virginia, November 13. During the three years he remained in that city he learned the bakers' trade, and then came to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he followed the same calling. In 1879 he removed to Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, continuing as a baker until 1886, when he entered the United States mail service, with which he was identified until 1892. He was then in the foundry business for a period of sixteen years, after which he established himself in the grocery business at the corner of Bridge and Mulberry streets. For many years he has been a licensed minister, at first in the Methodist Episcopal Church, and for the last twenty-four years in the Free Methodist Church. In politics he is a Prohibitionist,

and has served two terms as burgess; is now serving as a justice of the peace, and is in his third term as tax collector and assessor.

Mr. Retzer married (first) in Pittsburgh, October 24, 1874, Susannah Link, who died January 17, 1911, daughter of John Link, who was a soldier during the Civil War and died at its close. He married (second) October 8, 1913, Marguerite Stephens, of Newark, New Jersey. Mrs. Retzer is a member of Golden Link Chapter, No. 31, Order of the Eastern Star, Newark, New Jersey. Children, all by first marriage: Charles W., Lizzie, deceased; Gustav Adolph, Frederick, John Edward, Joseph Henry, Lillian, Marie, a child who died in infancy.

The origin of the name of Porter is interesting. It can be traced through many generations to William de la Grande, a Norman knight, who came to England with William the Conqueror, and acquired lands near Kenilworth, in Warwickshire. His son, Ralph or Roger, became "Grand Porteur" to Henry I. during the years from 1120 to 1140, and from this circumstance came the name of Porter. From England the name was carried to Scotland and Ireland, and in the course of time bearers of it came to this country.

(I) John Porter was born in Ireland, and was two years of age when he was brought to America by his parents. They settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his early years were spent. He was a brick manufacturer and a farmer, his business being in Pittsburgh, and his farm of ninety-three acres in New Sewickley township. He always walked from one of these places to the other, and finally retired to the farm, and died there. In politics he was a Democrat. For some years he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, but at the time of his death both he and his wife were members of the United Presbyterian Church. He married Nancy Sharp, born in Ireland and brought to this country when she was one year old. They had eight children, among them being: Robert, Henry, Edward, John B., of further mention; Sarah, Margaret, the only one now living, married — Kennedy, and has residences in New Brighton and Coraopolis.

(II) John B. Porter, son of John and Nancy (Sharp) Porter, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and died in the town of Rochester, in the same county, December 8, 1908. He was a farmer and teamster, and after some years spent in teaming, returned to the homestead and finally purchased the interests of the other heirs and resided there until 1876, when he sold the property and removed to Rochester township, where he bought thirty acres near Rochester. He had a new dwelling house and barn erected on this property, about thirty-five years prior to his death. He married (first) Martha Ellen Prentice, who died in 1871 (see Prentice line). He married (second) Agnes Young, of Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, who died in March, 1908. By the first marriage there were children: 1. Child, died unnamed in infancy. 2. Nannie E., married William Brewer; lives in Warren, Ohio, and has children: Lawrence Curtis, Alma



Mrs Ada C. Porter. J. M. Porter.

Irene, Charles Raymond, Cleveland and Ida May. 3. Sadie, died at the age of four years. 4. Child, died unnamed in infancy. 5. Mary Jane, married J. Thomas Boggs; lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and has children: Verner C. and Edith Fay. 6. A son, died unnamed. 7. Ida May, married John H. Fink; lives in Rochester, Pennsylvania, and has daughters: Ethel May and Olive. 8. James Madison, of further mention. By his second marriage Mr. Porter had one child: Mabel Nelle, who married Samuel L. Otto, a bookkeeper in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and they live near Rochester, Rochester township; they have children: Margaret Fern, Maxine Porter and Bernice Nelle.

James Prentice, grandfather of Mrs. Martha Ellen (Prentice) Porter, was born in Ireland, and there grew up and married. After his marriage he emigrated to America, settling near Clinton, Pennsylvania. He was a farmer and land owner in Beaver county, and spent the remainder of his life there. He and his wife were members of the Seceders' Church. He married Mary Wallace, also a native of Ireland. Their children were: 1. Alexander, a farmer who died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 2. James, of further mention. 3. William, who was a farmer and died in Jackson township Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 4. Son, whose name is not on record, died during the voyage of the family to this country. James, son of James and Mary (Wallace) Prentice, was probably born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he attained man's estate. After his marriage he settled near the home of his father, where he died at about the age of forty years. He was a staunch supporter of Whig principles, and he and his wife were members of the Seceders' Church. He married Eliza Ann, daughter of John Kirkpatrick; she was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and after the death of her husband removed with her family to New Sewickley, where her death occurred in 1880. Children: 1. William, a farmer who died in Crawford county, Pennsylvania. 2. John, a wagon maker, died at Sharon, Pennsylvania. 3. James, also a wagon maker, died in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. 4. Alexander, died in Andersonville Prison during the Civil War. 5. Davidson, a plasterer, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 6. Samuel, died just after his release from Andersonville Prison. 7. Martha Ellen, married John B. Porter, as above stated. 8. Mary Ann, married John White, a farmer, who died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 9. Charles, died in infancy. 10. Eliza Jane, married Thomas Lukens, and lived in Rochester many years; he died May 28, 1913.

(III) James Madison Porter, son of John B. and Martha Ellen (Prentice) Porter, was born in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, October 13, 1866. He acquired his education in the public schools of Rochester township, and when he had completed it he became manager of the farm which had been conducted as a dairy farm for many years. Later he purchased the interests of the other heirs, and continued it as a dairy farm, thirty-five years all told. In 1911 he sold the dairy rights, and converted it into a fruit and general truck farm, and has cultivated it along

these lines since that time. He takes no active part in the public affairs of the community, but casts his vote in the interests of the Republican party. Mr. Porter married, May 15, 1895, Ada C., born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Elias Brewer. They have no children.

This is an old family of Germany, and the name is probably based upon the occupation of the earlier members of the family. Ross, meaning horse, the earlier generations were in all probability trainers or breeders of horses, and thus took their name.

(I) Augustus Roessler was born in Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, in 1830, and emigrated to the United States in early manhood. He obtained an excellent practical education in his native country, and after his arrival here went directly to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. There he was for a number of years in the employ of Reineman & Seidle, jewelers, now R. Seidle & Son. When he left them he established himself in the same line of business in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, and was very successful in this enterprise. He gave his political support to the Democratic party, and was a member of the Presbyterian Church. His death occurred in December, 1880, and his widow is still living in West Bridgewater at the age of eighty years. Mr. Roessler married Mary Kramer, born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1833, daughter of Louis and Sybilla (Fout) Kramer, both born in Wurtemberg, he in 1810, and they came to America in their early youth. They both settled in Monaca, Pennsylvania, where they later married, and had two daughters: Mary, who married Mr. Roessler, and Elizabeth, deceased, who married a Mr. Gaikenheimer. Mrs. Kramer was a member of the Economites. Mr. Kramer worked in a planing mill in West Bridgewater for William Davidson, and later established himself as a merchant on the same corner now occupied by his grandson, and conducted his business there about thirty years. He died in the spring of 1899, and his wife died in 1880. They were members of the German Baptist Church, and he was a Democrat. Mr. and Mrs. Roessler had children: Elizabeth, married James N. Morehead, of West Bridgewater; Mary, married Dr. J. M. Peirsol, of Bellaire, Ohio; Louis, a resident of Los Angeles, California; Laura, now deceased, married Joseph Ecoff; Clara, died in infancy; William Henry, see forward.

(II) William Henry Roessler, son of Augustus and Mary (Kramer) Roessler, was born in Allegheny, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, December 2, 1870. He was one year of age when his parents removed to West Bridgewater, and his education was acquired in the public school of that town. He commenced his business career as a clerk in Beaver, and was thus occupied for a number of years. In 1897 he established himself in the grocery business at the corner of Lion and Market streets, and has built up a very successful business. His methods are enterprising and up-to-date, and he has the happy faculty of retaining customers once secured. He is

energetic in many other directions and has taken an active and beneficial interest in the public matters concerning the community with which he is associated. He is a staunch Democrat, and has served as burgess one term. He is now in office as secretary of the board of health, and is an influential member of that body. His religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian Church, and he is a member of the Knights of Pythias of West Bridgewater. Mr. Roessler married, in 1911, Mrs. Myrtle (Swaney) Parr, a daughter of Allen Swaney, of Shippingport, and widow of Charles Parr, by whom she had one daughter, Cora.

General Samuel Powers came from McKeesport, Allegheny county, to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, between 1790 and 1800. He was elected the first sheriff of Beaver county, but on account of political differences never occupied this office. He was a member of the state legislature seventeen years, was adjutant-general of the state of Pennsylvania, and led a regiment into action with Perry on Lake Erie. He and Samuel Johnson fitted out an expedition at their own expense and went to the relief of General Hull at Detroit, Michigan.

(II) General Thomas Jefferson Powers, son of General Samuel Powers, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1808, and died in 1888. His early education was acquired in the district schools near his home, and he then prepared himself for the work of a civil engineer. He located the first railroad in Pennsylvania, the Old Portage road across the Allegheny mountains. He served as adjutant-general of the state of Pennsylvania, was supervisor of the Susquehanna canal, and in association with his father had charge of a large portion of the construction work of the Ohio river and Erie canal. From the time of the formation of the Republican party he was one of its strong supporters, and he and his wife were attendants of the Presbyterian Church. He married Mary A. Johnson, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1811, died in 1878, daughter of the Samuel Johnson mentioned above. They had children: 1. —, died in infancy. 2. James Johnson, a civil engineer, who aided in the construction of the Sunbury & Erie Railroad, and the Galveston & Houston Railroad, in Texas. 3. Samuel A., an attorney, lived in California for some time, died in 1865. 4. Edward M., of further mention. 5. Josephine, married General William Shallenberger. 6. Thomas J., now deceased, was in the Army of the Potomac during the Civil War. 7. Walford, died in infancy. 8. Charles O., deceased. 9. David B., a wheelwright, lives in Pittsburgh. 10. Mary J., married Evan Reno, and lives near Denver, Colorado. 11. Frank C., a wheelwright, of Rochester.

(III) Edward M. Powers, son of General Thomas Jefferson and Mary A. (Johnson) Powers, was born at Catawissa, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, July 10, 1838. He was brought to Vanport, Beaver county, by his parents, when he was four years of age, and lived there until the age of seven years, when they removed to Rochester, in the same county, and al-

most his entire life up to the present time has been spent in that town. His business career has been a varied one. He was commissioned by the secretary of war as a member of an engineering corps and constructed bridges on the Northern Central railroad. He also assisted in the construction of the long bridge from Washington, District of Columbia, to Alexandria, and many other works of equal importance. He was commissioned sutler of the Eighty-third Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers by General Simon Cameron, then secretary of war, and served three years. Earnest in his support of Republican principles, he cast his first vote for Lincoln, first candidacy.

Mr. Powers married, in 1862, Susan, daughter of Abraham Shallenberger, and they have had children: 1. William, who is vice-president of the MacManus Advertising Company, of Detroit, Michigan, and a resident of that town. 2. Rachel, married Harry C. Fry Jr., of Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 3. Howard S., who is engaged in the life insurance business in Pittsburgh. 4. Mary, married A. R. Thornton, of St. Louis, Missouri. 5. Edward M., of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 6. George S., deceased. 7. Elizabeth S., at home. Mr. Powers and family are members of the Baptist Church and he served as deacon.

CHAFFEE The name of Chaffee is one of frequent occurrence in England, and it is probable that the family under discussion originally came from that country. The exact date of their coming is not on record.

(I) James S. Chaffee was a young man when he came to Shousetown, now Woodlawn, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. His occupations were of a varied nature. At first he was a farmer, then rose to the position of engineer on the river, on the "C. W. Batcheler" and the "Clifton." During the last few years of his life he held the position of foreman of the mold department of the Rochester Tumbler Works. He was a Republican in politics. He was an active member of the United Order of American Mechanics. Mr. Chaffee married (first) Samantha Goodman, who taught school in Pittsburgh prior to her marriage; (second) Elizabeth Sisiley. Joseph Goodman, father of the first Mrs. Chaffee, worked in a plough factory which stood on the present site of the Speyerer Hotel in Rochester. He was one of the first to carry mail across the country to Harmony, Butler county, and when he first came to Rochester, which was at an early date, he was a watchman. He married Maria —. By his first marriage Mr. Chaffee had children: Alva, Herbert, Edward E., of further mention; Myrtle. By the second marriage: Jessie, Eva, Anna.

(II) Edward E. Chaffee, son of James S. and Samantha (Goodman) Chaffee, was born in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 2, 1877. He received a liberal education in the public schools of Freedom, Pittsburgh and Rochester, and then entered the employ of Miller Brothers, pottery manufacturers. His next position was with the Rochester Tumbler Works,



Edw. E. Chaffee

and then the Hobo Glass Company, of New Brighton. For a time he worked in the Speyerer Hotel, and was the proprietor and manager of a wholesale liquor business in Rochester for three years. In April, 1913, he became the proprietor of the Speyerer Hotel in Rochester, which he is conducting on the most modern ideas. The service is of the highest grade, the cuisine excellent, and the comfort of the numerous guests is looked after in the most capable and thorough manner. Mr. Chaffee is Republican in his political adherence, and is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and the United Order of American Mechanics. He married, December 18, 1902, Blanche, daughter of William and Martha Johnston, of Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. They have no children.

TRUMPETER Philadelphia was the first home of this branch of the Trumpeter family, of Germany, although the emigrant ancestor, John Trumpeter, later proceeded further inland, residing in Harmony, Pennsylvania. He was a carpenter by trade and in following his occupation settled in Monaca, where he died in 1871. He married (first) Miss Wolfram, who died in 1841, (second) Dorothy Fisher. By each of his marriages he became the father of one son, of the first, Gilbert, of whom further, of the second, William.

(II) Gilbert Trumpeter, son of John and — (Wolfram) Trumpeter, was born in Monaca, died March 19, 1890. He spent his boyhood in Monaca, there attended the public schools. His own education completed, for a time he taught in Monaca, later abandoning the profession to follow an occupation for which he had more liking and which was immeasurably more beneficial to him physically, that of gardener. With no competition worthy of the name, he prospered and became the owner of a great deal of real estate, owning about one-third of the town and laying out the first addition to Monaca. In the latter venture he was particularly successful and acquired a wide-spread reputation as a shrewd real estate dealer. He was a Democrat in political faith, although in later years he became an ardent champion of the Republican party. Both he and his wife were members of the German Lutheran Church. He married Elizabeth Mechan, who died in 1907, daughter of Henry and Barbara Mechan, natives of Germany and early settlers of Monaca, Pennsylvania. Children of Henry and Barbara Mechan: John, a soldier in the Union army during the Civil war, killed at the battle of Fredericksburg; Philip; Martin; Elizabeth, of previous mention, married Gilbert Trumpeter; Mary; all of whom are deceased. Children of Gilbert and Elizabeth (Mechan) Trumpeter: Nelson Horatio, of whom further; Helena; Clara; John, of whom further; Alice, died in infancy; Gilbert of whom further; Mary; Emma; William; Florence; Laura; Sophia, twin of Laura.

(III) Nelson Horatio Trumpeter, eldest son of Gilbert (I) and Elizabeth (Mechan) Trumpeter, was born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylv-

vania, October 20, 1857. He attended the public schools of his native town, and until he was twenty-four years of age remained at home as his father's assistant. His business career is peculiar in that it has embraced employment with but one firm, the Phoenix Glass Company, of Monaca. As an employee of this corporation he has been engaged in all grades of service, from laborer, his original position, to order clerk, his present station. He has held the latter position for twenty-six years of faithful service, fruitful as well. He has, moreover, found time to devote to political, religious and financial duties outside of his business and is active in all three. He was one of the organizers of the Cammar Building and Loan Association and at the present time holds the office of secretary. His political faith is strongly Republican and as a member of that organization he has been secretary of the Monaca council, member of the school board, and for nine years was auditor of the borough. He holds membership in the Junior Order United American Mechanics, and the Daughters of Liberty. He is a charter member of the English Lutheran Church, and has ever devoted himself to its various institutions with unselfish enthusiasm, having been secretary of the church council for twenty-one years, treasurer for five years and superintendent of the Sunday school for a period of twenty-six years. The latter, if one is familiar with Sunday school work, shows loyalty to and love for his church in the highest degree, the office requiring constant self-sacrifice and as constant attention.

Mr. Trumpeter married (first) in May, 1883, Emma Vollhardt, died February 1, 1887, daughter of Henry Vollhardt; (second) in September, 1889, Fannie Scott, born in Newcastle, Pennsylvania, June 19, 1859, daughter of Albert and Maria (Branch) Wentworth. Albert Wentworth was a native of New York, came with his wife to Newcastle and later to Monaca, where he died in February, 1911, his wife dying in the same place in 1906. Child of Nelson Horatio Trumpeter by his first marriage: Charles, died in infancy. Children of Nelson Horatio Trumpeter by his second marriage: 1. George Harbison, born July 6, 1890; a graduate of Monaca high school and Butcher's Business College, of Beaver Falls; a stenographer in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad; married, December 25, 1912, Hazel Byerle, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and resides at Monaca, Pennsylvania. 2. Albert Wentworth, born September 23, 1892; a graduate of Monaca high school, now a student of Thiel College, of Greenville, Pennsylvania, where he is preparing for the ministry. 3. Ida Belle, born December 3, 1894; a student in Monaca high school, class of 1914. 4. Luella Valentine, born February 14, 1897; a student in Monaca high school, class of 1915.

(III) John (2), son of Gilbert (1) and Elizabeth (Mechan) Trumpeter, was born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, December 11, 1863. He obtained his education in the public schools, and until 1901, when the Phoenix Steel Company purchased their farm, was engaged in extensive and successful gardening operations with his brothers Gilbert and

William. In 1903 he established in the grocery business at 1299 Pennsylvania avenue and has since continued there in the same line. He is the owner of the building in which his store is located and has built a large and profitable trade, his establishment being held in great favor among the townspeople, excellent and courteous service the keynote of its prosperity. Mr. Trumpeter is a strict Prohibitionist in politics, observing all the principles of that party in his daily life, and belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the Daughters of Liberty. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He married, November 28, 1889, Louisa Emma Preece, born in England, May 29, 1871, daughter of Elam and Louisa Emma (Roberts) Preece. Her mother and father were both natives of England and came to the United States in 1881, settling first in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, later coming to Beaver county, settling first in Freedom and later in Monaca, where he died in 1896. He was a quarryman, and is survived by his wife, who lives in Monaca, Pennsylvania. Children of Elam and Louisa Emma (Roberts) Preece: Louisa Emma, of previous mention, married John Trumpeter; Henry, Sidney John, George Joseph, William Richard, Fannie, Mary Ann, Alice Grace, Florence, and a son, twin of Florence, died in infancy. Children of John and Louisa Emma (Preece) Trumpeter: 1. Elizabeth Eva, born December 30, 1890; a graduate of Monaca high school, valedictorian of the class of 1906, and of Slippery Rock State Normal School, class of 1908; for one year she was a teacher in the Monaca public school; she married Charles T. Weidner, of Monaca; child, Willis Harold. 2. Louisa Emma, born March 12, 1892; a graduate of Monaca high school, class of 1907; married, June 16, 1908, Albert Elliot Carver, of Monaca; child, Roslyn Doris. 3. Verna Hazel, born July 21, 1895; a graduate of Rochester high school, class of 1912, now a school teacher in Patterson township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 4. John (2), born July 16, 1907; attends the Monaca public schools.

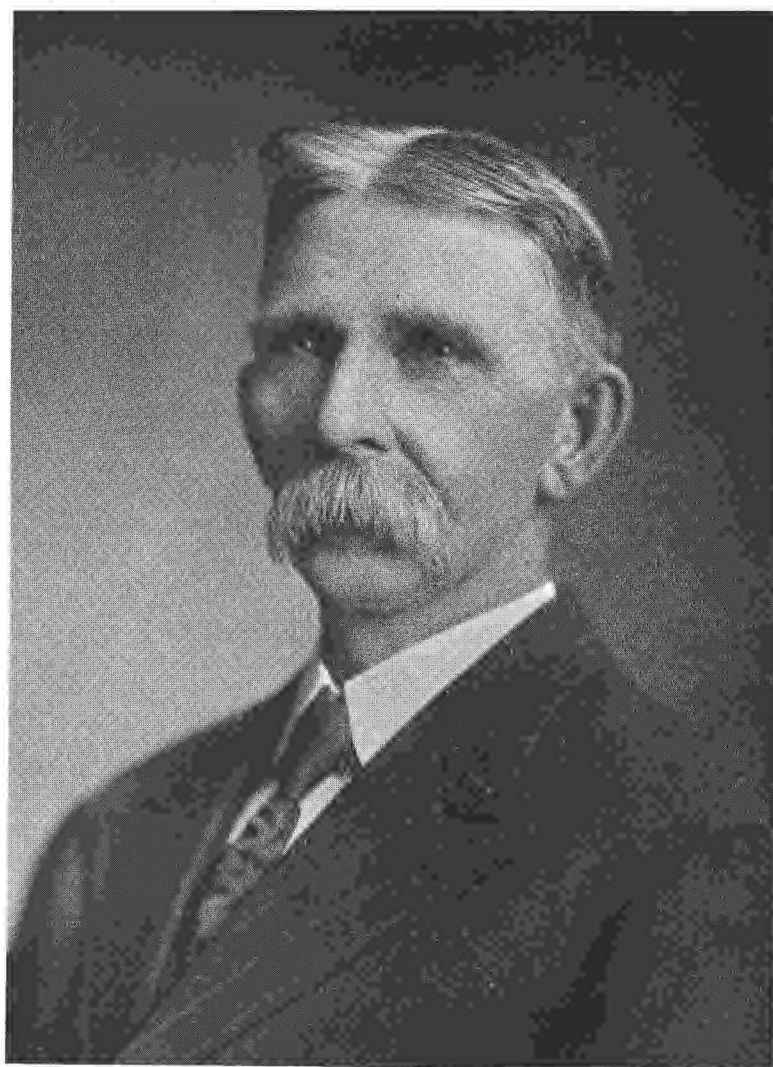
(III) Gilbert (2) Trumpeter, son of Gilbert (1) and Elizabeth (Mechan) Trumpeter, was born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May 17, 1869. He spent his early life in Monaca and there attended the public schools, beginning business life as a market gardener. This he continued until he was twenty-one years of age when he and his brothers, John and William, formed a partnership, and began gardening operations on a much more pretentious scale than had ever been attempted in that locality prior to that time. One of their farms is now the site of the Colonial Steel Works, and the other the main part of Monaca is situated on, and here they raised garden truck of the choicest varieties, keeping five wagons constantly on the road disposing of their produce and conducting the most extensive operations of their kind in that part of Pennsylvania. Mr. Trumpeter continued in this line with great profit until the erection of the steel works in 1901, since which time he has engaged in real estate dealing, also fire insurance selling, his office located at Nos.

1216-18 Pennsylvania avenue. He has been a member of the Presbyterian Church since he was twenty-one years of age and was the youngest elder in the Pittsburgh Presbytery, holding membership in his church session when he was but twenty-two years of age. Much of his time has been given to the advancement of church interests and influences, the generous spirit in which his services are rendered giving them unusual value. His wife is a member of the same denomination. He is a Republican in politics; his activity in the political world being confined to giving his support to the best qualified candidate. He affiliates with the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Daughters of Liberty and the Order of Golden Eagles. Mr. Trumpeter married, March 7, 1892, Lydia, daughter of Joseph and Sarah (Sands) Barton. Her parents are both deceased, and were among the earliest settlers of Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

The American ancestor of this line of Rihns was in his native
RIHN land and in this country a follower of agricultural pursuits. This was Michael Rihn, born in Alsace-Lorraine, Germany, who on coming to the United States settled first in Deer Creek, later in Hoboken, Pennsylvania, his death and that of his wife occurring in the latter place. Among his children were two sons, one of whom, Andrew, was a soldier in the Union army during the Civil War, serving through the entire conflict. The other was Joseph, of whom further.

(II) Joseph Rihn, son of Michael Rihn, was born in Hoboken, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and in his youth was a student in the schools of that place. Mercantile business was the field that claimed his earlier efforts, and in that he steadily progressed until he became proprietor of an establishment of his own, still continuing in that line in Pittsburgh. His diligent application to his business has been rewarded by material prosperity, due him for his earnest, well-applied labors. He married Caroline P., daughter of Charles Lauer, born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, her father having for many years been a merchant of Pittsburgh, spending nearly his entire life in that pursuit. Joseph and Caroline P. Rihn are the parents of four mature children, two having died as minors.

(III) Charles Michael Rihn, son of Joseph and Caroline P. (Lauer) Rihn, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, March 21, 1880, died June 3, 1914. In the public schools of that city, Duquesne University and finally in the Iron City College, he obtained his education, graduating from the latter institution in the class of 1897. His first business experience was received under the kindly instruction of his father, in whose dry goods store Mr. Rihn was employed for two years, and he was immediately afterward employed by the Standard Scale and Supply Company for the same length of time. The American Bridge Company claimed his services for the five following years, and after a short association with the Ambridge Trust Company he entered the service of the Economy Realty



Wm T. Farr.

Company, and from 1905 to his death was engaged in the real estate business in Ambridge, Beaver county. His business experience was wide and varied for one whose years were as few as his, and the training he received in other lines aided him in quickly accustoming himself to the manner of procedure in his new undertaking, at which, in the nine years that he was connected with the Economy Realty Company, he amply proved his worth.

The name of Farr is borne by families in various sections of FARR the United States. It would appear that they came to this country originally from England, settled in New England, and from there spread to other regions, in some instances being among the pioneer settlers of districts.

(I) William Farr was born in Loudoun county, Virginia, where he was a farmer and stock raiser. About the year 1861 he removed to Columbiana county, Ohio, where he followed the same occupation, and there his death occurred. He was a staunch Whig in politics. He married Rachel Humphrey, and had children: Levan S., see forward; Jonas H., see forward; Elijah, Letitia, Theresa, Maria.

(II) Levan S. Farr, son of William and Rachel (Humphrey) Farr, was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, died in Jennings county, Indiana, about the year 1862. Like his father he was a farmer and stock raiser, and successful in both enterprises. He married Eleanor Lyon, and had children: William T., see forward; Martha, deceased; Lena M., deceased.

(III) William T. Farr, son of Levan S. and Eleanor (Lyon) Farr, was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, and from the age of seven years was reared by his grandparents. He was educated in the public schools of Indiana and Ohio, and until the age of twenty years taught school in Meigs and Gallia counties, Ohio. He then learned the carpenter's trade, with which he was occupied at the time he came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, 1884, and there continued it. He was one of the organizers of the Tallon-Farr Lumber Company, the other member of the firm being R. E. Tallon, his father-in-law. This company does a general contracting and retail lumber business, and it is one of the important enterprises of this section of the county. In political matters Mr. Farr was formerly a Republican, but since the formation of the Washington party, he has affiliated with that. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. His fraternal relations are with the following named organizations, in all of which he has held official position: Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Woodmen of the World; Knights of Pythias. He is now in office as vice-president of the Knights of Pythias Home of the State of Pennsylvania, and a member of the committee to the Grand Lodge. Mr. Farr married, December 4, 1890, Effie Tallon, and they have: Martha, now Mrs. E. H. Brooks, of Crestline, Ohio; they have one child, Gyla Elizabeth.

(II) Jonas H. Farr, son of William and Rachel (Humphrey) Farr, was

born in Elk Run township, Columbiana county, Ohio, December 26, 1825, died June 30, 1896. He was engaged in farming. In politics he was a Republican and served as township trustee. His religious affiliation was with the Christian church. He married Christine A., born in Elk Run township, Columbiana county, Ohio, October 24, 1827, died November 1, 1884, daughter of Michael and Letitia (Longshore) Gardner, both Americans. They had children: William A., born November 14, 1847, died September 20, 1907; Letitia, July 26, 1850; Michael E., July 3, 1853; Elijah E., November 18, 1858; Louis T., see forward.

(III) Louis T. Farr, son of Jonas H. and Christine A. (Gardner) Farr was born in Middleton township, Columbiana county, Ohio, July 24, 1865. The record of his education is as follows: District school at East Carmel, Columbiana county, Ohio; was graduated in the classical course from Mount Hope Academy, Rogers, Ohio, June 11, 1889; received the degree of Master of Arts from Volant College, Volant, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, June, 1892; received the degree of Master of Arts at Bethany College, West Virginia, June, 1910. For some years he taught school, in the meantime pursuing the study of law and in due time became a practicing attorney. He has served as judge of the probate and juvenile courts of Columbiana county, Ohio. For a considerable length of time he was a member of the board of directors of the Firestone Bank, Lisbon, Ohio, until his resignation in 1913. His political opinions are those of the Republican party, and he has served as mayor of the village of Rogers, Ohio, and as a member of the school board. He is a member of the Christian church, and his fraternal connections are: Vice-councilor, councilor and past councilor of Rogers Council, Junior Order of United American Mechanics; chancellor, commander and past chancellor of Pleasant Valley Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Rogers, Ohio; Negley Lodge, No. 565, Free and Accepted Masons; New Lisbon Chapter, No. 92, Royal Arch Masons; Pilgrim Commandery, No. 55, Knights Templar, of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Mr. Farr married, at Rogers, Ohio, December 24, 1891, Pearle A. Byers, born in Colfax, Indiana, March 24, 1875, daughter of Marion and Almarine Byers, the former a farmer, whose other children are: Josie E. and Harry E. Mr. and Mrs. Farr have no children.

Once more, in the case of the Eckerts, do the records of ECKERT a Beaver county family trace to Germany, that country, the prolific supplier of this country with immigrants, having been the place of birth of John Henry Eckert, born in 1790, who in 1843 came with his wife to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he became a farmer. In his native land he had been a builder, but he speedily adapted himself to his new business, and through his characteristic habits of application and industry he directed a successful career in that line. He died in Economy township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1862, his wife's death taking place two years later. He married, in Germany, Margaret Reichert, and had

children, all born in that land, all subsequently coming to the United States: 1. William George, killed in a railroad accident on the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne Railroad two years after that road was completed. 2. Peter George, deceased. 3. Katherine, deceased. 4. Jacob, deceased. 5. John Henry (2), of whom further. 6. Clark, deceased. 7. Ozena. 8. John Adam.

(II) John Henry (2) Eckert, son of John Henry (1) and Margaret (Reichert) Eckert, was born in Germany, January 28, 1828. He was educated in the public schools of his native land. After the family's immigration to the United States he was employed on his father's farm, later located in Pittsburgh, remaining until 1868, but in 1863 purchased one hundred and seventy acres of land in Moon township. In 1901 he disposed of all of his property with the exception of the acre surrounding his home. Here, in the house built at his direction, he now (1914) resides, aged eighty-six years. During his residence in the United States the Democratic party has received his undivided support and allegiance, the only offices he has held being those of school director and member of the election board. He belongs to the United Evangelical Protestant church, of which his wife was also a member.

Mr. Eckert married, August 1, 1853, Charlotta Koerner, born in Germany, in 1834, daughter of Jacob Koerner, who came from Germany in 1840 and died in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in the home of John Henry (2) Eckert. Children of John Henry (2) and Charlotta (Koerner) Eckert: 1. Henry Ludwig, born May 18, 1854, died in infancy. 2. August, born October 5, 1855, died in infancy. 3. Albert Henry, born March 1, 1857; a resident of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, secretary and treasurer of the German Insurance Company. 4. Emma Margaret, born November 9, 1858; lives with her father in Moon township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 5. Ferdinand Carl, born April 4, 1860; a butcher of McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania. 6. Henry John, of whom further. 7. William George, born December 10, 1864; a resident of Grafton, Pennsylvania, proprietor of a grocery business in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 8. Ernest Frederick, born March 11, 1866; a grocer of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he resides. 9. Charles Richard, of whom further. 10. Theodore Walter, born September 25, 1871; proprietor of a restaurant in Niles, Ohio.

(III) Henry John Eckert, son of John Henry (2) and Charlotta (Koerner) Eckert, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, June 5, 1862. He was reared on the home farm, obtaining his education in the neighborhood schools. Until 1902 he was a farmer, in that year purchasing the flouring mills at Monaca, where he now owns the Monaca Rolling Mills, which have been operated under his direction since 1902. This business is in a prosperous condition, is capably managed by Mr. Eckert and continues one of the foremost industries of Monaca. Mr. Eckert's only other business relation is as stockholder in the Monaca National Bank. He is a Democrat in politics, a firm believer in the advisability and practicability of the single tax.

(III) Charles R. Eckert, son of John Henry (2) and Charlotta (Koerner) Eckert, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 20, 1868. He grew to maturity on the home farm in Moon township, obtaining an excellent education in the public schools of Moon township, Peirsol's Academy, and Geneva College. Completing his studies in the latter institution he began the study of law in the office of the firm of Thomson & Martin, being admitted to the bar, December 4, 1894, when he immediately established in practice in Beaver county. His residence is in Monaca Heights, where he owns and operates a farm, putting in practice some scientific theories in which he is interested. Although he has met with success as an advocate and possesses a worthy clientele, he prefers his agricultural pursuits to the legal profession and derives therefrom infinitely more of pleasure and of benefit. He affiliates with the Democratic party in politics, in which field he has been active, and is a hearty supporter of the single tax principle, of which Henry George was so sturdy a champion. He believes that a man's connections or associations are not indications of worth or merit, but that one's manner of life, his attitude toward his fellow-men and his deep and sincere feelings are the only true criterions regardless of superficial embellishments. Mr. Eckert's only business relation is as a stockholder and director of the People's National Bank, of Rochester, Pennsylvania. He married, January 1, 1908, Clara H., daughter of Christian and Phillipena (Wagner) Erbeck, her maternal grandfather, Jacob Wagner, having been a member of the Harmony Society.

This name, spelled Piersoll, Peirsoll and Peusell, was anciently borne by a Protestant family of France, who fled that country to escape religious persecution, finding asylum in the mountains of Wales. This was during the seventeenth century, and in 1717 three of the family came to America, settling in Chester county, Pennsylvania, where Sampson Peirsol, the founder of the Beaver county family, was born. Another branch, headed by William and Grace (Cope) Piersol, settled in Perry township, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, where he died aged one hundred years, his wife aged ninety-four years.

(I) Sampson Peirsol was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1765, married, and settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where his son, Jacob Scudder, was born October 16, 1785.

(II) Jacob Scudder Piersol all his life followed the occupation of a farmer, a skillful and successful husbandman, tilling his acres with profitable results. He married Rachel Stilley; children, all born in Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania: Ruth, born 1813, died the following year; Susan, 1815; Ruth, 1816; Sampson, 1818; Tobias, 1820; Rachel, 1821; Eliza, 1823; Rebecca, 1824; Jacob, 1825; Jeremiah, 1827; Scudder H., of whom further; David, 1830; Samuel, 1832; Joseph, 1835; Benjamin, 1836; Anna, 1838.

(III) Scudder H. Peirsol, son of Jacob Scudder and Rachel (Stilley)

Peirsol, was born in North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1828, died December 29, 1903. He attended the public schools and in 1843 was graduated from Beaver Academy, after which he devoted his entire time to educational pursuits, becoming one of the most widely known educators of Western Pennsylvania. His first position was in his old school in North Sewickley township, while he later taught near Parkersburg, West Virginia, serving for one term in the early fifties as superintendent of public instruction of Beaver county. He was afterward principal of the schools in Vanport, Beaver and Rochester, and after leaving the latter place he came under the employ of the government as the organizer and teacher of a school for the Wyandot Indians in Kansas, in 1856. Soon after the close of the Civil War he returned east to become principal of the newly founded Soldiers' Orphans' School at Monaca, an institution presided over by Dr. W. G. Taylor, and here remained until the school was destroyed by fire in 1876. He then established Peirsol's Academy in West Bridgewater, and conducted the same until just prior to his death in 1903. This was an excellent institution, the moral atmosphere and environment of the most uplifting nature and the students offered instruction of a high order by the best pedagogical talent obtainable. Professor Peirsol was an adherent to the Baptist faith, and a Democrat in political beliefs. He affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being one of the first members of that fraternity in Beaver county.

Ranking as a teacher to whom his profession was more than merely a source of income, Professor Peirsol keenly felt the opportunities within his grasp and the responsibilities so closely connected with them. He strove always to hold in mind a vision of a generation of greater intellectual power than the preceding one and gave the best of himself to promote the attainment of this ideal. He maintained that when education had ceased to be an incentive to better things it had lost its value, and had little patience with those of his pupils who dawdled through their tasks in a lethargic, disinterested manner. He will be long remembered by students as a fair-minded master and a stern disciplinarian, a sympathizer with youthful pranks, even though he could not publicly countenance them.

Professor Peirsol married (first) Elizabeth Weaver, daughter of Captain and Mrs. James Weaver, of Newport, who died in 1870; (second) in 1876, Mary Maxwell Chambers, died in 1902, who had been associated with him as assistant teacher in the Soldiers' Orphans' School. Children of first marriage: Joseph, a physician of Bellaire, Ohio; George, lives in West Bridgewater; Catherine, married Sampson Allaman, of Dallison, West Virginia, where her home now is; Sue, married R. J. Marshall, of East Liverpool, Ohio; Fannie, married Frank W. Neely, of Beaver, Pennsylvania. The only living child of his second marriage was Scudder H., of whom further.

(IV) Dr. Scudder H. (2) Peirsol, son of Scudder H. and Mary Maxwell (Chambers) Peirsol, was born in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsyl-

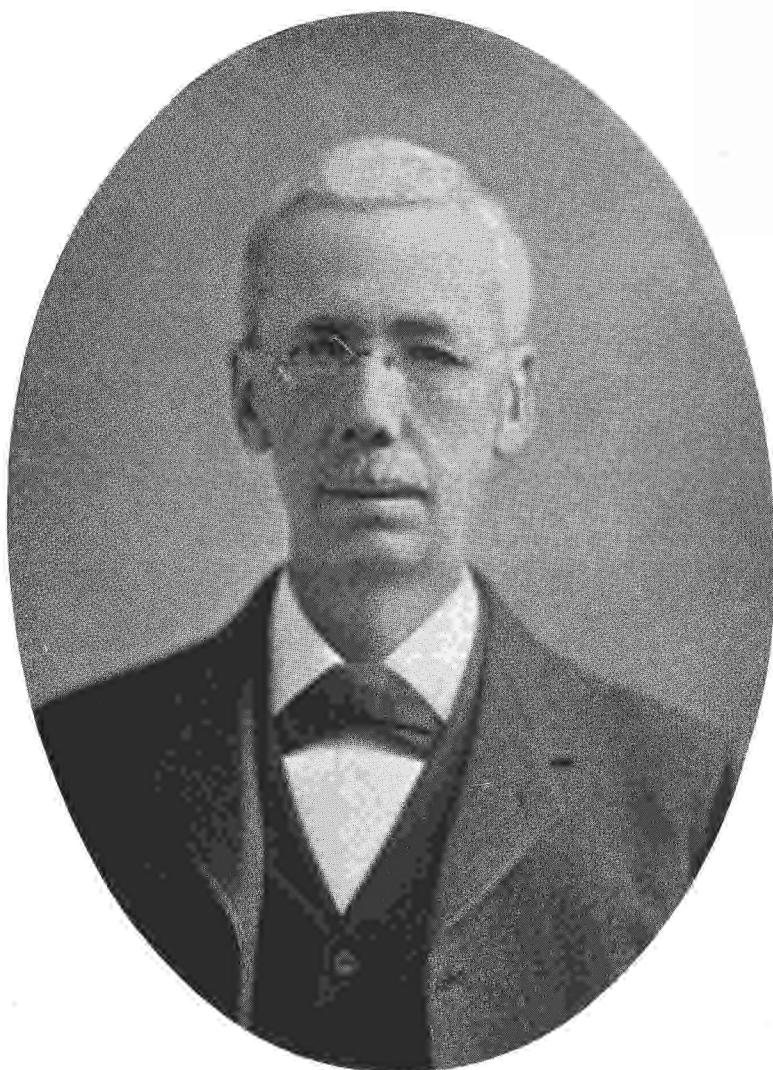
vania, July 2, 1880. He obtained his education in Peirsol's Academy in West Bridgewater, later matriculating at the University of Western Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, and was graduated from the medical department in the class of 1901. He immediately started practice in Rochester, where he has acquired a reputation as a skillful and reliable physician and surgeon. He is a member of the staff of the Rochester Hospital, his colleagues placing much reliance in the dependability of his judgment and the keenness of his diagnosis. Dr. Peirsol stands high in the ranks of medical men in the county and holds the confidence and respect of a large practice in Rochester. He is also examining surgeon for the Beaver County Board of Pensions. A close student of all the progressive movements and new departures in his profession, he takes great interest in the activities of the Beaver County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania Medical Society, and the American Medical Association, holding membership in all three. His only fraternal affiliation is with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. The Democrats receive both his vote and his earnest support.

Dr. Peirsol married Fanny E. May, born March 10, 1884, daughter of Charles E. and Fanny E. May. They are the parents of one child, Dorothy May, born August 14, 1904.

The United States, since its founding, has found occasion to HAY frequently use, to mutual advantage, the services of those owning the patronymic Hay, and members of various branches of the family are found in nearly all parts of this country. It has been only of late years, however, that this line of Hays left its native home in the mountains of Scotland in favor of American life.

(I) This record first introduces James Hay, father of Robert Hay, who throughout all of his active years was a chemical dyer in Scotland, a line of endeavor in which were then, as now, few of really expert ability, the compounding of colors containing ingredients harmless to the most delicate fabric being an art of which there are an inconsiderable number of masters. He was one of the best in that land and his services were in constant and pressing demand. He married Jean, daughter of Robert Whyte, and had among other children, Robert, of whom further.

(II) Robert Hay, son of James and Jean (Whyte) Hay, was born in Edinburgh, county of Midlothian, Scotland, July 26, 1840, died June 30, 1908. After completing his studies in the public schools of his birthplace he became associated with his father in business, and when about twenty-seven years of age came to the United States, staying for a short time in New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, returning to his native land after brief residences in those cities. His visit to this country evidently impressed him favorably for in a short time he returned, locating for a time in Allegheny, later New Brighton, Pennsylvania. His occupation was that of chemical dyer, but he abandoned its pursuit to accept the secretaryship of



Robert Hays

Sherwood Brothers Pottery Company, and was identified with that concern until his retirement, three years before his death. He was a member of the Methodist Protestant Church, and held membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His life was upright and well-ordered, his daily conduct beyond reproach, and to his wife and family he was a devoted husband and father, solicitously caring for their slightest wish, anticipating unspoken desires and gladly fulfilling them.

He married, in 1873, Mary, born in Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Ephraim and Ann (Lee) Smith, both natives of England. Ephraim Smith was a son of Alexander and Sarah (Ellsworth) Smith, Alexander being a son of Jonas Smith. Ephraim Smith was a woolen manufacturer in his native land, and upon coming to the United States located in Fallston, where he established a mill, continuing in the business in which he had been engaged on the other side of the ocean. His wife Ann was a daughter of Abram and Mary (Smith) Lee, both natives of England, her father having also been connected with the woolen business. Children of Robert and Mary (Smith) Hay: Fannie, Ephraim, deceased; Jean E.

Whatever may have been performed in the name of King in the KING country from which the members of this line trace their ancestry, Ireland, this record does not reveal, but if the same qualities of constancy, fidelity and industry characterized its bearers in that land as in this, the achievements of previous generations have indeed been to the credit of the name and to the benefit of the communities in which Kings dwelt.

(I) Hugh King was born in Ireland and came to the United States when he had but lately attained man's estate, settling in Dutchess county, New York, where he married, about 1855 moving to Belmont county, Kentucky. In that locality he organized a company, and obtaining sufficient capital erected the Belmont Blast Furnace, in which he was interested and in active supervision until his death, resulting from an attack of pneumonia, the date of his demise being 1859. He was a strong man of robust health and had survived serious injuries incurred in an earth slide in a mine, only to be overcome by a more insidious foe. He married Ellen Boland, a native of Ireland, and was the father of five children, four sons and one daughter, namely: Michael, of whom further; Patrick, John, Kate, Hugh.

(II) Michael King, son of Hugh and Ellen (Boland) King, was born in Dutchess county, New York, September 16, 1855. Taken to Belmont county, Kentucky, by his parents as a child, he was educated in the schools of that county, and at the early age of twelve years began his long term of service with the Colonial Steel Company. This is the only concern that has ever held his services and in the fifty-two years of his continuance in their employ he had filled many grades of duty, first coking, molding, pulling out, and in 1869 being made melter, in which department of steel man-

ufacture he is engaged at the present time. In January, 1902, the Colonial Steel Company established a mill at Colona, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and since that year he has been connected with the mill at that place, still in the capacity of melter. His over a half a century is a wonderful record, creditable to the one making it and to the firm worthy of such devoted faithfulness. His knowledge of all departments of the steel industry is so thorough and minute as to be almost second nature, and long association with the various elements used has made him completely their master. His work is fraught with danger and often in his long career has he seen men meet a terrible fate at the hands of the silent, white-hot monster that has broken beyond their control. It is not an ordinary occurrence, but once seen it inspires a wholesome respect for a force capable of administering such punishment and engenders a care more than watchful, and a caution constant and intense. Strong, sound and robust, Mr. King has excellent prospects of rounding out his years of service to a still greater number, unless his inclinations should lead him to lay aside business cares, and look back over that long stretch of years and find that his tasks have been well done, his duty nobly discharged.

He married, May 25, 1874, Anna Moore, born in Martin's Ferry, Ohio, daughter of Sylvanius and Alcinda (Smith) Moore, her mother now living at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, aged ninety-eight years, longevity extraordinary. Two of the sons of Sylvanius and Alcinda Moore were in the Union army in the Civil War, Richard being a captain in the First Virginia Regiment, and another son, Albert Ulysses, holding the rank of sergeant in a different regiment. Children of Michael and Anna (Moore) King: Ellen Alcinda, Hubert, Frank, Mary, Catherine, Herman, John, Michael Jr., Frances Arthur, deceased; Lillian, deceased.

Of Scotch-Irish origin, this family evinces many of the fine qualities of that noble race, and its prosperity in the new country to which it has come at so comparatively recent a date, is due to the sturdy characteristics of thrift, industry and shrewdness which have so conspicuously distinguished its members.

(I) John Sutherland was born in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, May, 1808, and died June 7, 1855. He was a farmer, and at the time he lived there the country in that section was still a partial wilderness, and wolves and other wild animals were no rarity. He married (first) October 27, 1834, Sarah Jane, born March 23, 1813, died May 2, 1892, daughter of Joseph and Sarah (McBride) Rhodes, the former of Holland descent. He was a cabinetmaker by trade, and he and his wife located in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in early days, their log cabin being below the present Market street school in Beaver, and later they removed to a tract of land two miles out of the town. Children: 1. Sarah Jane, born April 5, 1836; married, January 6, 1859, Samuel F. Gillespie. 2. Nancy, born August 10, 1837; married James H. Douds, November 28,

1860. 3. Ann Eliza, born March 18, 1839, died September 12, 1840. 4. William Harrison, born February 20, 1841. 5. Minerva, born August 17, 1842, died August 22, 1865; married, January 23, 1862, Thomas J. McCreery. 6. Joseph Alexander, born July 22, 1845; married Isabella Barto. 7. John Smith, born May 27, 1847; married, June 2, 1875, Jennie Cummins. 8. Hugh Ayers, of further mention.

(II) Hugh Ayers Sutherland, youngest child of John and Sarah Jane (Rhodes) Sutherland, was born in New Brighton township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1852. He has had a very successful career in every branch of journalistic work. Making the best use of his opportunities while a pupil at the public schools of his native county, he was fairly well equipped when he entered upon his apprenticeship in the office of the *Beaver Argus*, which was at the time conducted by John B. Butler, as foreman. Upon the termination of his apprenticeship he went to Mercer county, Pennsylvania, where he obtained his first position as a journeyman, and was subsequently employed in a similar capacity in various towns and cities as follows: Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Olean, New York; Meadville, Pennsylvania, where he worked on *The Crawford Journal* for one year; then returned to Beaver county, in which he has worked on almost every paper of note. In 1883 he accepted an excellent position which had been offered him by *The Beaver Valley News*, which was published at New Brighton. He was engaged in soliciting advertising in the lower valley towns for *The Daily News*, and worked as a reporter for this paper for about one year. In the fall of 1886 he purchased the job printing office of M. D. Barnes, in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and has made a great success of this business. His work has gained a reputation for accuracy and attention to detail, and the artistic manner in which orders are executed has also been a matter of universal commendation. Mr. Sutherland is a member of the Congregational Church. He was formerly a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World, but his only fraternal affiliation at the present time is with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Sutherland married, October 12, 1892, Georgeanna (Lindsay) Cunningham, widow of Frank Cunningham, by whom she had two daughters, Clara Elizabeth and Margaret. No children by last marriage.

The city of Greiz, Thuringia, Germany, was the birthplace of
HETCHE Jacob J. Hetche, grandfather of Charles M. Hetche, of this narrative, his wife, the grandmother, being born in Marburg, Prussia, the seat of the famous University of Marburg, noted for its magnificent library of two hundred thousand volumes. Jacob J. Hetche was a blacksmith by trade and followed that occupation throughout his entire life in his native land. He was the father of five sons, of whom three lived their lives in the homeland, the other two, John, Jacob J., of whom further, immigrated to the United States, and there casting their lot with the fortunes

of that republic. John was a wagon-maker, a trade he had learned in Germany, and as are most artisans of that land was a remarkably skilled workman. The pursuit of his business carried him to Evansville, Indiana, where he made his home and where his death occurred. He married and became the father of two daughters, Anna and Dora.

(II) Jacob J. (2) Hetche, son of Jacob J. (1) Hetche, was born in Germany, January 23, 1836, died near Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 18, 1896. He attended the public schools of Germany and there obtained his entire education, apprenticing himself when a young man to the cabinetmaker's trade. Soon after the completion of his apprenticeship he came to the United States with his brother John, settling in Pittsburgh, although John continued further west, in search of a better field for the practice of his trade. Not long after his arrival, Mr. Hetche was married, his wife having been a native of Germany, who had come to the United States at about the time of his immigration and had made her home in Rochester, where the marriage ceremony was performed. They decided to reside in Rochester and he obtained a position in a coffin factory at that place, not a difficult task because of the excellency of his workmanship. He purchased a small farm in the vicinity and took a great deal of pleasure in its cultivation, to which he attended in the hours not devoted to his factory work. After a few years spent under these conditions the firm maintaining the factory in which he was employed became insolvent, and the place was closed, compelling Mr. Hetche to seek a new position. This he found in a factory of the same nature at Beaver Falls, and here he was employed for about eight years, still residing at Rochester and making the trip between his home and his place of business every night and morning. At the expiration of this time he resigned his position at Beaver Falls, purchased a farm of approximately one hundred and twenty acres, and after making various improvements, among them the erection of some new buildings, he embarked in the milk dealing business. He possessed all the qualities so essential to one engaged in business relations with his fellows, honor, integrity and a strict sense of fair dealing, and continued his business successfully until his death. With his wife he was a member of the German Methodist Episcopal Church, of Rochester, and until his last illness, was a regular and conscientious attendant at its services. It was not his nature to be much in the public eye, although there was none more genuinely concerned for the welfare of the community, but just prior to his death he was elected a member of the school board, his final summons coming before he had assumed the duties of that office. As a husband he was kind, considerate and thoughtful; gentle, loving and sympathetic with his children; while to those with whom he came in contact in daily life he was ever the courteous and neighborly gentleman. His wife survives him, living on a part of their old farm near Rochester, aged seventy years.

Jacob J. Hetche married Elizabeth Mengle, born in Germany, September 10, 1843, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Ingle) Mengle. They were



C. M. Hetcher Family

both natives of Germany, where he was a farmer and small landowner, being the possessor of a farm of fifty acres. In 1853 they sold their property in their native land and came to the United States, settling in New Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where John Mengle rented a farm. Both he and his wife were members of the Lutheran Church, devout and earnest in their devotions. He died at the home of his son, Elias, in Freedom, Pennsylvania, in 1883, his wife surviving him seven years, her death occurring in 1890. Children of John and Elizabeth (Ingle) Mengle: Margaret, married Jacob Earp, deceased, and lives in Rochester; Mary, married Lewis Snyder, deceased, a butcher of Rochester, where his widow resides; Elizabeth, of previous mention, married Jacob J. Hetche; Sophia, married Adam Eckart, a butcher of Bellevue, Pennsylvania, where they live; John, a butcher, married Mary Spohr, and lives in Bellevue, Pennsylvania. Children of Jacob J. and Elizabeth (Mengle) Hetche: Emma, deceased, married Lewis Smith; Dorothy, married (first) Thomas Hair, deceased, (second) Lewis Gross, and lives in Rochester; Charles M., of whom further.

(III) Charles M. Hetche, youngest child and only son of Jacob J. (2) and Elizabeth (Mengle) Hetche, was born in Rochester township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 31, 1868. In his youth he attended the public schools of what was then Pulaski township and completed his education at Peirsol's Academy. He engaged in independent farming operations for a time, but his assistance being needed at home, he discontinued his own operations and took charge of the home farm. After his father's death he sold the share of the homestead that he had inherited and purchased a farm of fifty-seven acres, composed of fifty-three acres of the old George Porter farm and four of that of Michael Stone. Here he erected a commodious and fine appearing dwelling, and equipped his farm with all the necessary appliances for conducting a dairy along modern, scientific and sanitary lines, erecting, for the promotion of the last named purpose, a large, well-lighted, concrete-floored barn. Until 1912 he was engaged in the dairy business and commanded a generous patronage, the people of the surrounding neighborhood realizing and appreciating the fact that he was using every precaution to protect them from the ills so often traced to establishments such as he maintained. In that year, however, he changed his activities to that of wholesale milk dealing. In this, as in his previous undertaking, he is prospering, owning a herd of twenty-one fine cattle, all good milk producers and all in a most healthy condition, Mr. Hetche knowing full well the importance of a well kept herd and its immediate relation to the supply, and being entirely free from the delusion of the dairyman of earlier days, "a cow's a cow." He is a follower of the faith of his parents and with his wife is a member of the German Methodist Episcopal Church. He fraternizes with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. His political sympathies are strongly Republican,

and as the representative of that party he has served on the local school board for a term of thirteen years.

Mr. Hetche married Annie, daughter of Conrad Fehr, a native of Pittsburgh. Children of Charles M. and Annie Hetche: 1. Gertrude, married Melvin Crislip, and lives in Rochester; they are the parents of one son, Charles. 2. Stella, married John Moehrle, and resides in Rochester. 3. Annie, lives with her parents.

Stephen P. Stone was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1852. He occupied a prominent position in the public life of his native county, serving as United States marshal for a period of nine years. At the present time (1914) he is engaged in oil construction work in Oklahoma. He married, at Philadelphia, 1887, Louisa M. Knox, whose ancestral lines will be found below. Children: 1. Joseph Knox, graduated from the University of Philadelphia; a practicing lawyer in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; resides in Beaver county; married Essie Naugle. 2. Stella Louise, married James H. Welch; resides in Los Angeles, California. 3. Virginia Knox, resides at home with her mother. Both young women are members of the Society of Daughters of the American Revolution. The home of the family, which is a very beautiful one, is presided over by Mrs. Stone with the openhanded hospitality of the true American combined with the tact and grace which she has inherited in rich measure as the distinguishing characteristics of her foreign ancestry.

Joseph Knox, grandfather of Mrs. Louisa M. (Knox) Stone, was a resident of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and was the seventh son of Thomas Knox, of Franklin county, Pennsylvania; his brother James was the grandfather of James Knox Polk, president of the United States. He married Mary B. McClure, whose ancestry will be found below. Children: John, James, Margaret, William, Charles, Joseph, George W., Rebecca.

George W. Knox, son of Joseph and Mary B. (McClure) Knox, and father of Mrs. Louisa M. (Knox) Stone, was a graduate of Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and later was a practicing lawyer in the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. He married Elizabeth Jewel, great-granddaughter of Joseph Jewel, who came from San Domingo to Charleston, South Carolina, with his brother Benjamin and sister Juliana. He purchased a plantation of eight hundred acres in the state of Louisiana, upon which he resided and which he cultivated. He married Louisa Mathilde Badon, daughter of Catolina (Montelimar) Badon and a descendant of Charles Montelimar, who came to America with Ferdinand De Soto. In addition to Mrs. Stone, mentioned above, Mr. and Mrs. Knox had four children, as follows: Mary J.; Joseph J., was a lawyer of Philadelphia, died, unmarried, in California in 1893; Catherine, resides at the Martha Washington Hotel in New York City; Stella R., died in 1907.

(The McClure Line.)

The McClure family settled at an early period in the Cumberland

Valley, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania. They were of Scotch-Irish lineage, alike respected and influential. The following is a record copied from books of reference in the Congressional Library of Washington, D. C., showing the military service of various members of the McClure family: David McClure served in military service, Colonial army, from 1747 to 1748. William McClure was appointed ensign, May 11, 1760, served in Captain William Vander(s)pool's company, Colonel John Burd's battalion. William McClure was appointed July 31, 1777, in the Fifth Company, Second Battalion; appointed captain of Fifth Company, May 14, 1778. David McClure was appointed chaplain of the Eighth Pennsylvania Regiment, September 12, 1776; served until May, 1777; died June 25, 1820. William and David McClure took oath of allegiance (directed by act of general assembly of Pennsylvania) July 13, 1777. Charles McClure was appointed quartermaster of Second Battalion of Cumberland county, Pennsylvania; A. C. P. in army in 1780. James McClure was appointed first lieutenant of Second Company, Fifth Battalion of Pennsylvania troops, July 31, 1777. Captain Jonathan McClure appointed, April 11, 1781, Company Eight of Lancaster County Militia in Colonel Robert Elder's battalion. Samuel McClure, private in Captain Sanderson's company, Colonel Chamber's battalion in spring and summer of 1779; he served in Bedford and Westmoreland counties.

Robert McClure was a ruling elder of Rev. Samuel Thompson's church and as such had a seat in the Presbytery in 1743. Rev. Thompson's church was at Meeting House or Silver Springs, congregation from Upper and Lower Pennsborough. Record at meeting of Donegal Presbytery, Nottingham, Chester county, September 3, 1735: "Mr. Craighead was ordered to supply people of Conodoguinnct, or beyond Susquehanna." In this meeting occurs name of Robert McClure, Rev. Thompson's elder, and it is thought this is the same person.

John McClure, presumably a brother of Robert McClure, was the first one in direct line of the branch herein considered of whom we have record. He was born in Scotland, 1696, died October 9, 1757, aged sixty-one years. He came to Pennsylvania, in 1713, from Antrim, Ireland, with his father, Matthew McClure, who was appointed coroner of Cumberland county, October 4, 1737. The family fled from Scotland to Ireland on account of religious persecution. John McClure settled at Letort Spring, near Carlisle, where he purchased a large estate and built a substantial stone residence which is still standing (1914), which he called Willow Grove. He sold 342 acres of his farm as part of the town site of Carlisle, for which he received 362 pounds. He was appointed coroner of Cumberland county by the council of Philadelphia, October 4, 1754, and reappointed to the same office by the same authority, October 5, 1756. He was ruling elder in the New Side Church, Carlisle, which stood at the corner of Hanover and Pomfret streets, Rev. Mr. Duffield, pastor. He married Janet McKnight, born in 1702, died January 20, 1780, aged seventy-eight years. Children: 1. Richard, who was captain or colonel in the war

against the French in Canada; he was wounded in the face (a piece of his nose being cut off) disfiguring him for life, at the storming of Quebec, and through the services of this ancestor the female descendants of the family are eligible to membership in the Society of Colonial Dames; he never married. 2. John, served in the same war as his brother Richard; married, October 5, 1756, Elizabeth Deal; two children, who lived and died near Winchester and Staunton, Virginia. 3. Catherine, married a Mr. Calhoun, and left a son and daughter. 4. Charles, of whom further.

Charles McClure, youngest son of John and Janet (McKnight) McClure, was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, 1739, died February 8, 1811, aged seventy-two years. He shot a deer in the woods southwest of Carlisle, called The Rocks, and was skinning it when two British officers saw, through the trees, something moving. Supposing it was a deer they shot at it, wounding Mr. McClure in the arm and cheek. His arm was also disabled during his service in the Revolutionary War, and in consequence he was transferred from service with the line and became an officer in the department of subsistence. He was appointed quartermaster of the Second Battalion of Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, July, 1777, and was assistant commissary of purchases for the army in Cumberland county in August, 1780. He owned the lot at the northeast corner of Hanover street and the Public Square, also a lot on the northwest corner of High and East streets. Though physically a delicate child, he had a strong and well cultivated mind, a true and generous heart, and withal a firm and decided will. He was an intelligent gentleman, and well read theologian. The Greek Testament was his valued and constant companion and among his works were the massive and solid Institute of Turretin in Latin and other old books of like character, some of which as a present from the family have been in the library for many years. He was a pronounced Presbyterian; the Confession of Faith he understood, appreciated and cordially accepted, and his life was a beautiful confirmation and illustration of his simple and steadfast and practical trust in Christ and the soul's transforming and elevating power of inspired truth accompanied by the efficacious grace of its Divine Author. He belonged to the First Presbyterian Church in Carlisle, which he joined in October, 1793, and he lived to see it firmly established and in a prosperous condition. He lived and died on his farm near the head of the Letort Springs, called Willow Grove, and on either side of the spring extended his landed possessions. His remains were interred within a brick wall enclosure in the Carlisle graveyard.

Charles McClure married (first) March 9, 1779, Mary Blair, who died December 19, 1779. He married (second) May 7, 1783, Amelia Blair, a cousin of his first wife; she died February 1, 1793, aged twenty-eight years. They had four children, two of whom lived, namely: 1. John, born April 17, 1784, died October 9, 1857; he married Jane Blair, who bore him six children, the first two dying in infancy, and the others being: John, who graduated at Dickinson College in 1845, joined the Second Pres-

byterian Church, commenced attending medical lectures in Philadelphia, but declining health compelled him to relinquish this work and his death occurred in Carlisle in 1847, aged twenty-one years; Catherine, never married; Amelia, married Adam Holliday, of Carlisle, now of Wisconsin; Mary, married, as the second wife of J. F. D. Lanier, of New York City; the daughters were members of the Second Presbyterian Church of Carlisle.

2. Mary B., born in 1786, died in 1870; married Joseph Knox, aforementioned in this sketch. Mr. McClure married (third) Rebecca (Blair) Parker, widow of Major Alexander Parker, a grandson of Richard and Janet Parker, who came to America from Ireland, in 1725, and acquired lands on the Conodoguinet creek, three miles west of what is now Carlisle, then in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1730, about the time when the first white settlements were made in Cumberland Valley west of the Susquehanna. They were the parents of six children: John, Thomas, James, William, Susanna and Martha, all of whom married but Martha. John Parker married Margaret McClure and they were the parents of seven children: Richard, Mary, Elizabeth, Agnes, Margaret, Alexander, Andrew. Alexander Parker had large estates in West Virginia, north of the Little Kanawha river, which he laid out and named Parkersburg. He held an official position in the army, was eminently brave and patriotic, and one of the original members of the Society of Cincinnati founded in 1783. He married Rebecca Blair, of Carlisle, daughter of Andrew Blair, who died in Carlisle, in 1861, aged seventy-two years. Major and Mrs. Parker had four children, two of whom died in early life, and in the old graveyard at the Meeting House Springs there is a large slab with the following inscription: "Sacred to the memory of Major Alexander Parker and his two children Margaret and John." Another daughter died subsequently and was buried in the old graveyard within the borough limits, and on her headstone is the following inscription: "In memory of Anne Alexander Parker who died Apr. 1809, aged 18 yrs." His surviving daughter, Mary, became the wife of the late General William Robinson Jr., of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, the first mayor of that city; he was the first white child born where Allegheny City now stands, then his father's farm. Mrs. Rebecca McClure, a woman noted for the beauty of her person and the excellence of her Christian character, bore her second husband four children. She died of apoplexy in the old Seceder Church, April 23, 1826, aged sixty-three years.

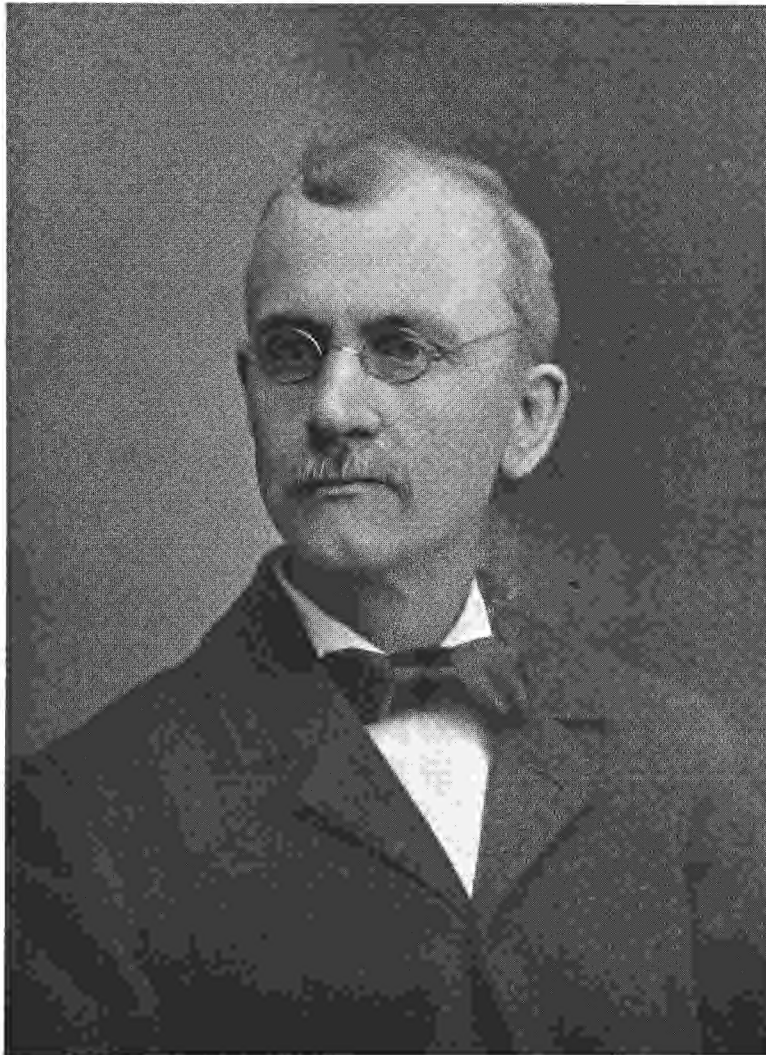
Children: 1. Charlotte, born January 7, 1800, died June 24, 1880; she married in her seventeenth year Dr. Adam Hays, and they took their wedding journey from Carlisle, Pennsylvania, where they were married, to Chillicothe, Ohio, on horseback; Dr. Hay's colored man, who was also his body servant during the war, rode a horse from Chillicothe to Carlisle, on which the bride returned with her husband to their new home, where they remained until after the birth of their second child; Dr. Hays was an army surgeon in the War of 1812; he resigned after the war and settled in Chillicothe among army friends, General MacArthur and Colonel Worth-

ington, for a few years practice; he then removed to Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and later to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he practiced medicine for many years; he was always interested in educational affairs, and was one of the first trustees in the University of Pennsylvania at Allegheny City; their children were: Joseph, married Rebecca Dennison; Rebecca, married Jesse Whitehead; Charles, William, Ellen, Mary, all unmarried. 2. Rebecca, married a Mr. White, of Baltimore, Maryland; they had one child, Charlotte, married Rev. F. T. Brown, and their children were: Hubert, Rebecca, Charlotte, Mary, all foreign missionaries. 3. Charles, a lawyer by profession, a member of congress from 1838 to 1841 from the thirteenth district of Cumberland, Perry and Juniata counties; he married Margaretta Gibson, daughter of a chief justice of the Pennsylvania court; children: i. Charles, who was paymaster in the United States army; married a daughter of Major General Getty, and had children: Eva, George, Charles, Gibson, Anita, William, Margaretta; the father of these children is buried at Arlington Cemetery, Washington, D. C. ii. George, paymaster's clerk, unmarried. iii. William, a banker in New York City; married, no children. 4. William B., a lawyer by profession, served as presiding judge of the Pittsburgh courts; he was greatly honored and respected; he married Lydia Collins, of Pittsburgh; children: Sarah, unmarried; Valeria, married a Mr. Sullivan, a lawyer, one son, William B.; Rebecca, married (first) John Riddle, of Philadelphia, who died fifteen months after their marriage, married (second) Judge C. E. Flandrau, of St. Paul, Minnesota, one son, John Riddle, by her first husband, and two sons, C. E. and William B. Flandrau, by her second husband.

To Germany we are indebted for many of our most industrious and energetic citizens, and a case in point is the WERNER family, now of Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, which furnishes an excellent example of this statement.

(I) George Werner was born in Germany, where he died in 1868. He married Lizzie Meffert, also born in Germany, and died there in April, 1913, and they had children: Louise, Frederick, Mary, Caroline, Valentine, Lizzie, Robert Karl, see forward.

(II) Robert Karl Werner, son of George and Lizzie (Meffert) Werner, was born in Germany, June 6, 1865. He received an excellent and practical education in his native land, in which he remained until he was about twenty years of age. In 1885 he took passage for the United States, arriving at New York City, May 15. For a period of two months he worked in Philadelphia, in a china factory, then removed to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he found employment with the Macbeth-Evans Glass Company, with whom he remained until late in 1886. He then came to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and there formed a connection with the Phoenix Glass Company, and in 1904 he was advanced to the position of manager of the decorating department, an office he has filled in a very satisfac-



Mr Lloyd

tory manner since that time. He is the owner of a fine residence which he erected in 1887 on Washington street. Mr. Werner is an Independent in his political opinions. He is a member of the Monaca Turnverein, and of Rochester Lodge, No. 283, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Mr. Werner married, in Pittsburgh, 1886, Lizzie Nordheim, born in Germany, and they have had six children: Anna, who married Elmer Hicks, has one child, Robert; Clara, Frederick, Matilda, Albert, Edith.

Wales, nestled among the mountains of Great Britain, has given LLOYD generously of her inhabitants to swell the population of Pennsylvania, although other localities have received a larger share than Beaver county, greatly to their advantage. This record begins with a member of the Lloyd family who was a native of Wales, his parents having died in that land before he came to the American shore.

(I) John Lloyd, came to the United States in 1814, coming almost immediately to Pittsburgh, where he obtained employment as a wire drawer, fifteen years after his arrival coming to Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. In this latter place he was employed for forty years at the business he learned in Pittsburgh, Townsend & Company being the firm with which he was associated. He was a skilled workman, as his long term of continuous service signifies, and in Fallston died, having been, with his wife, a lifelong member of the Presbyterian Church. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Munks) Woods, born in Germantown, a suburb of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, her parents having both been natives of England. Upon arriving in this country they located near Philadelphia, later moving to Pittsburgh, where John Wood's death occurred, his wife surviving him thirty years, all of which period of time was spent in the home of her daughter and son-in-law, John Lloyd. Children of John and Elizabeth (Woods) Lloyd: Samuel, who served one year as a soldier during the Civil War from Pennsylvania; Elizabeth; Henry, served for three years in Company H, Ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, was taken prisoner at the second battle of Bull Run, but was soon afterwards paroled; David, served for three years in Company A, Ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, at the end of that time re-enlisting in Cooper's Battery of Artillery, in order that, as he expressed it, he might "take care of William," his youngest brother; Mary; Joseph, for three years a member of Company P, Ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps; William, of whom further; Harriet; Emma; Lydia; Sarah; Alice.

(II) William Lloyd, youngest of the five sons of John and Elizabeth (Woods) Lloyd, was born in Fallston, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 22, 1844. The public schools of his birthplace supplied him with an education, and as a youth he learned the machinist's trade under the teaching of M. and H. S. Darrah's, with whom he remained for about four years. He was then employed in various places, finally entering the service of the M. T. and S. Kennedy Company, with whom for eighteen

years he was associated. He is a Republican in politics and has ever been active in local affairs, having for seventeen years filled the office of tax collector for the borough and schools of New Brighton, having been recently elected for another four-year term. For the seven years previous to his assumption of the duties of tax collector he was a member of the council and for the nineteen years between 1892 and 1911 he was assessor of the borough of New Brighton. In his youth, as soon as he had attained the age that would make him eligible for army service, he enlisted in Company E, Fifty-sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, his term of enlistment being for three months, and at its close he re-enlisted, joining Cooper's Battery of Artillery from Lawrence county, serving as a member of that body until the close of the war, when he received an honorable discharge. In spite of the fact that he was under fire in many of the hardest fought and bloodiest battles of the war, he was but twice hit by a hostile shot, the extent of the damage both times being but a slight flesh wound, one of which was so inconsiderable that he never reported it in the list of casualties. His brothers who were in the army escaped even more safely than he, for although bullets passed through their clothing in uncomfortable proximity to vital spots, none were wounded in the slightest degree. Mr. Lloyd sustained some thrilling experiences during his years of soldier life, one that is recalled with much vividness taking place while he and a companion were engaged in foraging in the enemy's territory, when they were called upon to halt and surrender by five Confederate soldiers. Such submission was not to their taste and they made a dash for safety, both escaping unharmed. Mr. Lloyd is a well regarded member of the New Brighton community, having proved his worth and dependability by years of faithful and able service. His integrity is unquestioned and none would consider questioning his motives in the slightest degree. Mr. Lloyd is a member of Union Lodge, No. 259, Free and Accepted Masons, and has advanced to the fourteenth degree in that order; he is also a member of E. M. Stanton Post, No. 208, Grand Army of the Republic, of New Brighton, and is post commander. Mr. Lloyd married, September 21, 1871, Caroline Jackson, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children: Ada, died in 1897; W. Stanley, lives at home.

LEASE The life of Frederick Leander Lease is an illustration of the success that attends perseverance and industry and the conscientious discharge of the duties which come to hand. He is the fourth son of Charles Frederick and Melinda (Towler) Lease, natives of Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolkshire, England. Mr. Lease Sr. was born in that picturesque town in the year 1782, and here he met and wooed Melinda Towler, twenty years his junior, she being his second wife. Here, also, they were married and spent the major portion of their lives, Mr. Lease following the profession of teacher, and together rearing their family of six children. In 1845 the family migrated to America and settled in

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where Mr. Lease, retired from active occupation, lived quietly until his death nine years later. In 1864 Mrs. Lease removed from Pittsburgh to West Bridgewater, where she died in 1885 at the advanced age of eighty-three. The children born to him were: Theodore Lorenzo, deceased; Henry Charles Turner, deceased; Leander, deceased; Frederick Leander, of whom further; Laura Susannah, now in an old ladies home at the age of eighty-three; Jane Melinda, deceased, was the wife of John Musgrave.

Frederick Leander Lease was born in England, June 9, 1842. He was three years old at the time of his parents' arrival in America, and spent his childhood and youth in Pittsburgh, where he obtained his education in the public schools. At the age of twenty-two he accompanied his mother to their new home in West Bridgewater, where he has since resided. He engaged for a number of years in the occupation of gardener, and in 1878 entered the green-house business. In politics Mr. Lease is of that higher type of citizenship which refuses to be bound by partizan considerations, placing the good of the community before party, and consequently casts an independent vote. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Lease was married, in 1888, to Sarah J. Heilman, of West Bridgewater. They have no children. Mr. Lease is a man of considerable property in his town, owning there, besides his house, a large tract of land.

Three generations of this branch of the Jope family in America
JOPE have resided in Western Pennsylvania, the first of these being John W. Jope, born in London, England. He came to the United States in early manhood, settled in Philadelphia, where he built the first shot tower in that city. For several years he was engaged in the manufacture of shot in that city in partnership with Paul Beck. Later he located in Pittsburgh, where he became prominent in business as a wire manufacturer. He was a man of great business ability, high character and of most excellent standing in business and social life. By his first wife, John W. Jope had: Jane, married George B. Jones, of Pittsburgh; Mary L., married George L. McEwen. He married (second) Phoebe Everhart, who bore him: James M., of whom further; Phoebe, married Herman West; Deborah, married Benjamin W. Jones; Sarah, died young; Isaac.

(II) James M. Jope, eldest son of John W. Jope and his second wife, Phoebe (Everhart) Jope, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1815, died at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in July, 1893. He obtained his education in the public schools of Pittsburgh, and for nearly fifty-four years was engaged in business in that city in association with the Townsends. He was a manufacturer of wire, rivets, and kindred articles, an expert in his business, the details of manufacture having been mastered by him in a thorough course as a practical worker in the mills during his earlier life. This practical knowledge combined with rare executive ability placed him in the front rank of the manufacturers of his period and brought him both repu-

tation and fortune. He was a leading member of the Baptist Church, which he served in an official capacity for many years. He married Pamela L. Johnson, who died about 1867. Her father came to Philadelphia from Dublin, Ireland, early in life, married a Miss Cressman, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and had issue: Mary E., Pamela L., Eliza, who married John Elliott, a banker of Erie, Pennsylvania. Children of James M. Jope: Two sons, died in infancy; George W., died aged fifty-two years, for several years was engaged in iron manufacturing; William P. T., who for more than thirty years was associated with Hubbard & Bakewell, axe and shovel manufacturers of Pittsburgh, and is now engaged in the grocery business; Charles, now agent for a medical firm; James M., of whom further.

(III) James M. (2) Jope, youngest son of James M. (1) and Pamela L. (Johnson) Jope, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, April 21, 1846. He attended private schools until twelve years of age, then entered the public schools, finishing his studies at Duff's Business College, of which he is a graduate. He began business life with Bradstreet's Commercial Reporting Agency in Pittsburgh, remaining with that well known agency until 1880, when failing health forced his retirement. He then located his residence in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, which is yet his home. Mr. Jope is a member of the Fourth Baptist Church of Pittsburgh, and in political faith a Republican. He married Catherine, daughter of Henry Hunneshagen, of German descent, but born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

Barnhart Yost was born in Germany and came to the United States when he was twelve years of age, with his parents. They went to Meigs county, Ohio, where Mr. Yost was a farmer, and there the remainder of his life was spent. Two of his brothers, William and Henry Yost, are also living in Meigs county. He was a staunch Republican in political matters, and he and his wife were members of the German Lutheran Church, but after his death she affiliated with the Methodist Church. She is still living on the homestead which was cultivated by her husband. Mr. Yost married Caroline, born in Germany, daughter of John Baschicker, who died at the age of ninety-two years. She was but three years of age when she came to this country. They had children: 1. William, deceased. 2. Laura, unmarried, lives in California. 3. Sophia, unmarried, lives in California. 4. John H., see forward. 5. Robert F., an engineer, lives at Freedom, Pennsylvania; married Laura Fresch and has children: Lee, Pearl, and Robert Charles. 6. Charles R., twin of Robert F., lives on the homestead farm in Meigs county, Ohio. 7. Bertha, also lives on the homestead.

John H. Yost, son of Barnhart and Caroline (Baschicker) Yost, was born in Meigs county, Ohio, March 5, 1878. He received his early education in the public schools of his native township, but he is for the most part self-educated, as he only attended school until his twelfth year. He



John H Yost

remained on the homestead farm until he had attained his majority, then was for nine months in the employ of a farmer in Plymouth county, Iowa. In 1902 he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as fireman, with headquarters at Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and in January, 1910, he was advanced to the responsible post of engineer, and still holds that position. He removed to Rochester in 1905, where he purchased a residence at No. 467 Case street, in which he now lives. He is a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and of the Knights of Pythias, the latter of Racine, Meigs county, Ohio. Mr. Yost studied nights to prepare himself for the examinations he was obliged to pass before he was appointed to his present position, and he deserves considerable credit for the success which has attended his efforts at self-education. Mr. Yost is not married. He is the owner of considerable property in the town of Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

KASZER The pioneer ancestor of the Kaszer family was born in Wurttemberg, Germany, and came to this country when it was yet sparsely settled in many sections. He located in the state of Pennsylvania, where his death occurred after a life of industry and usefulness. He was a cabinetmaker by trade.

(II) John Kaszer, son of the preceding, was born at Dutch Town, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and died in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was for twenty years a cigar maker. He took a prominent part in the councils of the Republican party in the community, and for two terms served as tax collector for the town of Rochester. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of Rochester. He married Mary Molter, daughter of Jonas Christian Molter, who came from Germany and located in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and held the office of justice of the peace; he was the owner of canal boats and coal bunks, and his son Oliver was sheriff of the county. He had five sons: Peter, Henry, Oliver, Daniel, Christian; and daughters: Margaret, Mary, Fannie, Lida. Mr. and Mrs. Kaszer had children: Jonas C., see forward; Estelle B., Walter A., Joseph H., William H. E., Alice E.

(III) Jonas C. Kaszer, son of John and Mary (Molter) Kaszer, was born in Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 3, 1872. The public schools of Rochester furnished his early education, and this was supplemented by a complete course at Peirsol's Academy. Upon his entrance into business life he served for a time as a clerk in the store of his father, and then learned the tin and slate business, with which he was identified for some time. He established himself in the restaurant business, in Rochester, and for four years was successful. He has been an efficient member of the Rochester police force, since 1905, in which he has risen to the rank of chief, having been chief assistant for a considerable length of time before being appointed chief. Mr. Kaszer married (first) August 4, 1892, in New Brighton, Nina M. Wallace, who died October 15, 1899. They had chil-

dren: 1. Ethel B., born May 3, 1893; married, at Cumberland, June 18, 1909, Peter Kapsalis, and has one child, James C., born December 25, 1911. 2. Frederick M., born June 30, 1897. Mr. Kaszer married (second) March 17, 1903, Catherine Heitger, of Rochester.

John Herbert was born in Germany, in 1827, and died in
 HERBERT that country in 1906. His entire life was spent in agricultural labors, and he was very successful in this field of industry. He married Katrine Rauch, born in Germany in 1829, died there in 1906. They were both members of and generous supporters of the Catholic Church. They had children: John, who was a priest in Germany, died September 1, 1913; Carl, see forward; Adam, in the butcher business in Rock Island, Illinois; Rose, died in 1906; Matilda, a resident of the Austrian Tyrol; Katie, unmarried, lives in Cleveland, Ohio; Louis, a priest, living in Rome, Kentucky.

Carl Herbert, son of John and Katrine (Rauch) Herbert, was born in Germany, February 2, 1860. He was the recipient of an excellent education in his native land, and emigrated to America in 1884, arriving at Boston, Massachusetts, on October 13, of that year. While still in Germany he had taken a position as waiter in several hotels of the highest grade, and had occupied similar positions in Paris, France, and in London, England. While holding a position of this kind in the South of France, Mr. Herbert became acquainted with Mr. Thomas Nickerson, president of the Santa Fe Railroad, in 1884, and came to America with that gentleman, with whom he remained as a traveling companion for a period of five years. During this time he had the opportunity of traveling all over the western part of the United States, and while in California, he met Mr. Isaac Leisy, a brewer of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Herbert went to Cleveland with Mr. Leisy, and accepted a position as shipping clerk with The I. Leisy Brewing Company, and was connected with this company five years. He then went to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and established himself in the wholesale liquor business, which he conducted for ten years. Prior to entering the liquor business he had been in the employ of the above mentioned brewing company for nine years as a salesman. In April, 1911, he removed to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he became the proprietor of the Hotel Monaca with which he is still identified, and which is very successful under his capable management. Mr. Herbert is a factor to be reckoned with in the political affairs of the community, and his opinions are listened to with deep interest and close attention. He is active in his efforts for the support of the Republican party. He and his family are members of the Catholic Church. Mr. Herbert is a member of the Knights of St. George, the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, and Rochester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Rochester, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Herbert married, April 21, 1894, Mary Kuth, born in Greensburg, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1871, daughter of Leopold and Katherine (Becker)

Kuth, the former born in Germany, the latter in Kittanning, Pennsylvania, whose other children were: Katherine, William, Alice, Charles, Rose, Josephine, Clara, Gertrude, Amelia and Leona. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert have had children: Alfred, born June 16, 1896; Katherine, July 21, 1898; Marion, February 9, 1900; Josephine, July 18, 1903.

America is distinctively a cosmopolitan nation, and has attracted
COOK to her shores people from all parts of the world. To no country, however, does she owe a greater debt of gratitude than to Germany, from whose provinces have come men of sturdy integrity, determined purpose and marked mental vigor. Men who are both builders and conservators. The German-American is imbued most thoroughly with the spirit of patriotism, and while he never loses his love for his mother country, he combines it with a faithful devotion to the country of his adoption. This was the case with the pioneer ancestor of the family of which this review treats, and while the later generations have become thoroughly Americanized, they have never lost these admirable traits. The name in the mother country was spelled Koch, and has been literally translated into the American form of Cook.

(I) Henry Cook, who was born in Wanegauden, Germany, 1807, came to the United States with his wife and three children in the year 1838. After their arrival in New York, they traveled from that city to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, in a wagon; from that point, by way of canal, to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; and finally, by steamboat to Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, with which county the Cook family has since been identified. Mr. Cook married in Germany, Margaret Reuter, born August 13, 1810, died in the United States, 1908. They had children, the three eldest born in Germany, the others in Beaver county, Pennsylvania: Jacob, born 1832; Francis, 1834; Frederick, 1838; Louisa, 1841; Henry E., see forward. Of all of these children, Henry E. is the only one now living.

(II) Henry E. Cook, son of Henry and Margaret (Reuter) Cook, was born in West Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, July 31, 1843. From the time he entered business life he has been prominently before the public as a man of brilliant ideas. He is largely interested in real estate matters, and at the present time (1913) is closely connected with the building of fair grounds near Beaver. He is a director in the First National Bank of Beaver, and is an executor of the estate of the late John M. Buchanan. For many years he has been a factor to be reckoned with in the councils of the Democratic party, and has served it frequently and well. From 1882 to 1885 he was in office as sheriff of Beaver county, and from 1885 to 1890 he held office as deputy revenue collector of the district. His church affiliations are with the Presbyterian denomination. Always intensely patriotic, Mr. Cook served during the Civil War from October 1, 1861, to March, 1865, as a member of the One Hundred and First Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry.

Henry E. Cook married Sarah K., born 1845, daughter of Josiah and Elizabeth (Shumaker) Sheldrake, and they had children: Frederick H., see forward; Carrie, unmarried, lives with her parents; Charles O., married Alice Miller and has children: Lloyd, Henry, Sarah, Margaret, Charles, Eugene, Robert, Florence; Harry W., married Mary Laird and his children: William Laird and Henry; Mary, unmarried, also lives with her parents.

(III) Frederick H. Cook, son of Henry E. and Sarah K. (Sheldrake) Cook, was born in Beaver, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 3, 1871. He attended the public schools of his native town, and in them acquired a sound, practical education. At the age of nineteen years he started out for himself, and it is due to his indefatigable industry, determination, foresight and executive ability that he has attained, unaided, his present responsible and important position in the community. By 1894 he had obtained a complete mastery of the carpentering business in every detail, and he then entered into a partnership with James T. Anderson, organizing the firm of Anderson & Cook. They established themselves in the general contracting business, their offices in the beginning being in their own homes, but their methods proved them so well worthy of patronage that they were obliged soon to branch out in other directions. In 1898 they had a lumber and builders' supply business, and in 1908 they established a planing mill in connection with their other business, and employed an average of eighteen men. At the present time the business has increased to such dimensions, that their yearly output figures up to approximately two hundred thousand dollars. They ship their mill products over the entire country, but their contracting work is of a more local nature. The lumber yards are at Fifth street, Beaver. Among the other business interests of Mr. Cook may be mentioned a directorship in the First National Bank of Beaver. He is also president of the Beaver Sand Company. The political affiliations of Mr. Cook are with the Democratic party, but the press of his numerous business responsibilities has never permitted him to hold public office. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Cook married, in 1900, Olivia M., daughter of George Cornell, born October 4, 1842, and Melinda (Woodruff) Cornell, born October 24, 1846. They have children: Frederick C., born June 24, 1905, and Elizabeth, born July 30, 1909.

When the names Boswell and England are mentioned in BOSWELL the same breath, a third immediately comes to mind, Johnson, but this is not a tale of the well-loved Doctor nor his famous biographer, but of the line of Boswell founded in the United States in 1840 by George Boswell. He was born in Nottinghamshire, England, was there educated and was married. After bearing him nine children his wife died, and after remarrying he came to the United States, settling in Beaver, Pennsylvania. In the spring of 1841, he rented a farm in North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, from Mr. Thomas Baker,



Fred H. Cook

remaining thereon for twelve years. He then moved to Patterson Heights, after his retirement making his home in New Brighton, where he died in 1861. His first wife, Millicent, died in England in 1838, his second, Margaret Burrell, born in Nottinghamshire, England, died in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1851. Children of first marriage: Mary, deceased; George, deceased; Ann, deceased; John, a soldier of the Civil War, deceased; William, of whom further; Job, deceased; Elizabeth, deceased; Sarah, deceased; Thomas, a soldier of the Civil War, deceased. Children of second marriage: Lucy, deceased; Millicent; Joseph, fought in the Civil War, died August 1, 1913; Elizabeth; Smith; James; Nellie, deceased.

William Boswell, son of George and Millicent Boswell, was born in Nottinghamshire, England, June 11, 1829, and when eleven years old came with his parents to the new home of the family in the United States. He immediately began to learn the shoemaker's trade and while mastering that business passed his evenings in diligent study at the night schools of Fallston. His preceptors at his trade were William Platt, of Old Brighton, and George Burns, of Fallston. Becoming a competent workman, he followed his trade in various places for about nine years, and in his earlier years was also employed on the canal. Since 1862 he has made his home in New Brighton, and there resides at the present time, one of the oldest residents of the neighborhood, yet as strong and vigorous in mind as in the days of his youth. He was formerly an ardent Democrat, but of recent years has found more sympathy with the Republican party, which he now supports. He is a member of the Episcopal Church, his wife having been a member of the Lutheran Church.

He married, January 2, 1851, Julia Ann Michael, born in Germany, April, 1832, daughter of Gottlieb Michael, who was, like his wife, born in Germany and immigrated to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, at an early period in its development. His trade was that of weaver, and he died in North Sewickley township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Boswell died August 13, 1902. Children of Gottlieb Michael, all deceased: Lewis, Charles, Amelia, Lucy, Julia Ann, of previous mention, married William Boswell. Children of William and Julia Ann (Michael) Boswell: Caroline, George, died in infancy; Annie, Robert, Frank, Lewis, Amelia, Emma, Lizzie, Eva. On January 2, 1901, Mr. and Mrs. Boswell celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, their golden wedding. In the following year their long married life, happily and usefully spent, was terminated by the death of Mrs. Boswell.

In the third generation of the Hice family of whom there is
HICE record, and in the fourth generation of that of Agnew in America, was effected a union that brought together two lines of great antiquity, the first of note in Germany, the second of the noble blood of Scotland. That the glories and fame of the past shall not tower above the distinctions and achievements of the present, and lest the ancestors

seem more illustrious than the descendants, it is well to here state that in a recent day representatives of both houses have fully shown their worth and merit before their fellows by attaining unusual eminence in the legal profession. This record of Hice begins with Henry, a pioneer settler of Ligonier Valley, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, who married and there died. Among his children was William, through whom the line of descent is traced to Henry, of whom further.

Henry (2) Hice, son of William Hice, was born in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 24, 1834, died October 2, 1905. Completing the studies of his boyhood and desiring to enter the legal profession, in 1857 he entered the office of Colonel Richard P. Roberts, qualifying, under the tuition of that attorney, for entrance to the Beaver county bar, which admission was granted him in June, 1859. That his preceptor held his legal ability to be of no ordinary order was evinced by the offer he immediately extended, the formation of the firm, Roberts & Hice, an association at once begun and continued until the death of the senior member on the battlefield of Gettysburg. While a resident of Beaver Falls, which he was from 1871 until 1877, in the latter year returning to Beaver, he was appointed president judge of the thirty-sixth judicial district, receiving his commission to that position, April 30, 1874. He was elected for the following term and served to its close, January 1, 1885, when he once more resumed his private practice, his influence strengthened and his reputation enhanced by his eleven years judicial duty, during which time his name had become familiar to all throughout the state, one that aroused uneasiness in the breasts of those who had cause to fear the just processes of the law. For many years he was the legal adviser of the Harmony Society and of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, and was closely connected with many of the most important business enterprises of the county. His practice at the bar, both before and after his public service, was large, reflecting the confidence placed in him as an able and honorable counselor. After the admission of his son, Agnew, to the bar, the firm of Hice & Hice was formed, the knowledge and experience of the father aiding in fitting the son to succeed to the high position he would leave vacant. Mr. Hice was never so deeply engrossed with business cares and professional requirement, but that he found ample time to assume a leading part in any project that would bring benefit or honor upon his city or county. It was in pursuance of this principle that he readily assented to a request from the executive committee of the Beaver County Centennial Celebration that he deliver an address on that occasion on the "Bench and Bar" of the county during its one hundred years of existence as such. His speech on that occasion was one full of interest, giving a brief and concise review of the formation of the different courts in the county, and passing mention of those more prominently connected therewith, with graceful tributes to those whose records warranted such honor. As a lawyer, it may be said of Mr. Hice that he was learned, keen, forceful and fair, that he scorned the tricks and



Henry Rice

subterfuges of his profession with a genuine loathing, and that in all of his legal connections he was never defiled even with the slightest imputation of dishonor. In social communion with his fellow-men he was genial, kindly and pleasant, his many amiable qualities attracting to him a wide circle of friends, whose regard and respect was unfailingly accorded him, and he was the same genial and respected man in his family, a kind and devoted husband and father.

He married (first) Ruth Ann Ralston, who died in 1872; (second) in 1877, Mrs. Sarah H. (Agnew) Minis, daughter of Chief Justice Daniel and Elizabeth (Moore) Agnew (see Agnew III). Children: 1. Richard, geologist of the state of Pennsylvania. 2. Agnew, an attorney, of Beaver, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary, married John Moore, a railroad employee, and lives in St. Louis, Missouri. 4. Laura.

The history of the Agnew family is an interesting one, one of its most attractive points being the fidelity with which the members, about whom closer interest naturally attends, those of American residence, have followed the spirit of the family motto as it appears upon the Agnew coat-of-arms, *Consilio Non Impetu*, of which a translation in modern terms is, "With brain, not brawn." As the records of those generations unroll themselves, it will be seen to what an extent this has been true. The Agnews (anciently Agneaux) of Locknaw, Scotland, are of Norman descent, members of a family which was moderately numerous in France from the ninth to the sixteenth century, now entirely extinct in the country which was the cradle of their race. Toward the close of the twelfth century they were granted lands in Ireland, and about 1330, Agneau, son and heir of the Earl of Larne, acquired the lands of Locknaw in Galloway, with the hereditary title of constable and the office of sheriff of Wigtown, as well as of the baillie of Leswalt. In the fourth generation of that title Earl Douglas expelled the incumbent, this taking place about 1390, it being restored in the fifth generation when Sir Andrew Agnew married, in 1426, the daughter of Sir John Kennedy, of Dunure, by the Princess Mary. Reinstatement was made by the Duchess of Turenne, Lady Superior of Galloway, who not only replaced him in his father's position, but caused charters of ratification to be passed to him, under the Great Seal, establishing also the sheriffdom of Wigtown in his family forever. Such is the blood from which Daniel Agnew, the American ancestor of the line of Agnew, descends, coming to this country from Glasgow, Scotland.

(1) Daniel Agnew was appointed a member of the faculty of Princeton College, and was for many years a professor there, occupying the chair of mathematics. He purchased a farm near Stony Brook, known as the Agnew Farm, and in the latter years of his life was steward of the college in which he had formerly held a professorship. He married a Miss Armstrong, and had children: 1. James, of whom further. 2. George, moved to the western part of the country, where he died. 3. Daniel. 4. Martin, a manufacturer of New Jersey.

(II) Dr. James Agnew, eldest son of Daniel Agnew, was educated in the college with which his father was connected for so long a term of years, Princeton, and became an exponent of the medical profession. He lived for a time in New Jersey, but later moved to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he was one of the earliest of physicians. He formed a partnership with Dr. Simpson, and the following advertisement, which appeared in the city directory for the year 1819, shows the wide gulf that separates the professional methods and practices of a century ago from those of our present day: "Drs. Agnew and Simpson have formed a copartnership in the practice of medicine, and cojointly tender their services to their friends and all others who may apply for professional aid. Their shop is at the corner of Third and Wood Streets, where one or both may at all times be consulted." He married the daughter of Governor Howell, of New Jersey, her brother being the father of Mrs. Jefferson Davis, wife of the president of the Confederate States of America, while that league of states stood.

(III) Daniel (2) Agnew, son of Dr. James Agnew, was born at Trenton, New Jersey, January 5, 1809, died in Beaver, Pennsylvania, March 9, 1902, aged ninety-three years. He was a student in the academy of Joseph Stockton later entering the University of Western Pennsylvania whence he was graduated in 1825. He began the study of law, upon which he had early decided as his life profession, with Henry Baldwin and W. W. Fetterman, gaining admission to the bar, April 21, 1829. Almost immediately he moved to Beaver and was a resident of that place for the remainder of his life. Work in a semi-rural community was not sufficient to hide his powers from those who needed men of calm, collected and deliberative powers, and he was temporarily called from his practice to serve as a member of the convention that framed the constitution of 1838. He was a member of the Pennsylvania electoral college in the presidential election of 1848, which returned Zachary Taylor the first citizen of the United States, and on July 11, 1851, was commissioned president judge of the seventeenth judicial district, composed of Beaver, Butler, Lawrence and Mercer counties, by William F. Johnston, governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of the Hon. John Bredin, of Butler. Later in the year he was elected to the same office, and was commissioned for a term of ten years, from December 1, 1851. At its expiration he was re-elected and was commissioned for another term of ten years, being in 1863 elected a justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, with a fifteen-year commission dating from December 1, 1863, and on November 25, 1873, he was commissioned chief justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, serving until January 1, 1879, when he retired from his profession, accepting but two more private cases during his remaining years. Rarely has there been a lawyer whose experience covered so many years and who rose to such lofty position, whose contemporaries have been so unanimous in their praises of his worth, nor a judge whose opinions created less dissatisfaction at the time of their rendering nor whose decisions have stood the test of such a number



Daniel Agnew

of hotly contested cases and the onslaughts of lawyers of merit. He was the first judge in the United States to hand down a decision stating that "green-backs" were a lawful tender in the payment of precedent debts, and promulgated many others of equal fame. An eminent lawyer once said of him: "In his opinions, if compiled in compact form, the lawyer and student would have a formidable compilation of the law upon almost every conceivable topic, every branch, division, and specialty of the science having received scrutinizing analysis and wise determination. Seeking the truth with conscientious industry, no cause was too small to merit his thorough investigation, none too large for the comprehensive grasp of his powers." It was one of his lifelong characteristics that he held an implacable hatred for the liquor traffic, and in his day as president judge of the county court ill fared the license-seeker who appeared before him unless legally fortified to the last extreme, for he compelled the fulfillment of the very letter of the law. His length of service in the capacity of judge had impressed him with the worthlessness of the lawyer contemptuously spoken of as "shyster," and when he detected a young lawyer deviating from a course of the strictest integrity he was wont to deliver to the culprit a long-remembered lecture, which, often arousing the ire of the guilty one, more often impressed him with the shame of the course he was pursuing and the smirch he was placing upon the profession. A patriarch in his profession, it was his wonderful ability, solid and substantial knowledge, and a mind capable of storing, cataloguing and producing immense quantities of miscellaneous information on all subjects that enabled him to defend his claims of supremacy among the greatest legal lights of the generation. He was also a scholar of note, receiving in 1864 the degree of Doctor of Laws, Washington College being the institution honoring him, Dickinson College duplicating the tribute in 1880. After his retirement he wrote a history of the "Settlement and Land Titles of Northwestern Pennsylvania," which was published in 1887.

Mr. Agnew married Elizabeth Moore, who died in 1888, aged seventy-nine years, daughter of General Robert Moore, the ceremony being solemnized in 1831. Children: Frank H., and Robert M., attorneys; Amanda, married Rev. Walter Brown; Sarah H., of previous mention, married Henry Hice (see Hice III).

Timothy B. White, ancestor of Samuel P. White, was born
WHITE in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in 1807. His father, Samuel White, who was of English descent, belonged to the Society of Friends, or Quakers, as they are familiarly called. Originally from Burlington county, New Jersey, he was married in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, at Falls Meeting House, to Sarah Balderston, April 24, 1802. Sarah Balderston was a Friend also; her ancestors were of Welsh descent, and her family connection was a large one in Bucks county. After their marriage they lived for a time in Bucks county, then moved to the upper Lehigh Valley, which is now a part of Carbon county, then moved to the

valley of the North branch of the Susquehanna, near where Berwick is now situated, then from there to Cayuga county, New York, where Samuel White died, leaving his widow and four children.

Timothy Balderston White was next to the youngest of the children of Samuel White. Upon reaching manhood he learned the trade of carpentry. He married, February 18, 1835, at Ledyard, New York, Olive Bowen Howland, born in Bedford, Massachusetts. Her father, Percy Howland, and her mother, Mary (Bowen) Howland, were both members of the Society of Friends and belonged to large families, these names being familiar ones in New England. Timothy B. and Olive B. White moved to Beaver county in 1837, coming via Buffalo, New York, and Conneaut, Ohio, and overland by stage from there. They first lived in Bolesville, and for a time in Fallston. Timothy B. White then built the house on Allegheny street, which was then Allegheny road, and on the outskirts of the town. This house was the first dwelling on what is known as "The Hill;" they moved into this homestead in 1839, where the family has lived continuously to the present time. Upon coming to New Brighton, Timothy B. White followed his trade of carpenter and contractor, one of his first contracts being the completion of the Merrick House, which stood on the site of the Valley News building, corner of Third avenue and Eleventh street. He built the Beaver jail in 1856, and helped organize a company and erected the building (now occupied by the Pittsburgh Wall Paper Company) for the car factory, where the firm of Miner, Merrick & Hanna engaged in the building of iron cars. Part of the same building was used also for a wigwam in the Republican campaign of 1860. Mr. White was engaged for a time in the manufacturing of woolen mill machinery, and operated for some years a planing mill and sash and door factory in the upper part of the New Brighton race. The building was afterward used by the firm of Bentley & Gerwig as a twine factory, and was washed away by the flood of 1861. Mr. White was for a time superintendent of bridges and buildings on the Ohio & Pennsylvania Railroad, now the eastern division of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad. After 1859 he gave his entire attention to bridge building, erecting many wooden bridges in different parts of the country, and in 1868 started the building of iron bridges, from which beginning the Penn Bridge Company of Beaver Falls was evolved.

Timothy B. White was in early life a zealous Quaker. He was also a Garrisonian Abolitionist. In the troublous times before the Civil War his home was known as a "station" of the "Underground Railroad," and he thus helped many runaway slaves on their way to Canada and freedom. Two colored boys were kidnapped and taken to Kentucky during these times, and he and Mr. John Collins were sent by the anti-slavery adherents in quest of them, and they found them and brought them back. One of these boys was Lem Dawson, familiarly known as "Lemons." Many citizens of New Brighton will remember him. He was very grateful to Mr.

White all his after life; his widow still lives in New Brighton. Having such strong opinions on the subject of slavery, Mr. White did not exercise the right of suffrage, and did not vote until 1856, when he became an earnest Republican, and seldom if ever missed an election up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1885, his wife having died five years previously. They were the parents of six children: Adrian C., who died in infancy, having been poisoned by eating jimson weed seeds; Adrian C., of whom further; Adaline H., Lucretia M., Samuel P., of whom further; T. Sidney, of whom further.

Adrian C. White was educated in the public schools and the old Beaver Academy. In 1861 he enlisted in a company raised by his uncle, Edwin P. Howland, for a signal corps under General Fremont, in Missouri. This company was disbanded upon Fremont's removal. In 1862 he again enlisted, in the Twentieth Michigan Infantry, as second sergeant of Company C, served until the close of the war, principally with the Ninth Corps, and was discharged as adjutant of the regiment and brevet captain. He married S. Nellie Brown, of Battle Creek, Michigan, in 1865. He resided in New Brighton, and engaged in bridge building until 1876, when he removed his family to Michigan, and died there in 1878. His widow and their two children survive, his daughter, Maude S., living with her mother in Battle Creek, Michigan; and his son, Charles A., at New Brighton, Pennsylvania. Adaline H. and Lucretia M. White never married, and always lived in the house their father built before they were born. Adaline H. passed to the "Great Beyond" in 1913.

Samuel P. White was educated in the public schools and Eastman's Business College. He has always been engaged in bridge building and contracting. He is now president of the Penn Bridge Company. He organized the Valley Electric Company, and controlled it until 1910. He is a director of the Art Tile Company of Beaver Falls. He was active in politics from 1884 to 1906 as a Republican, and was chairman of the county committee, a delegate to various state conventions, and served two terms as state senator. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity. He was married in 1875 to Lucy Sharp, of Salem, Ohio. Her father, Simeon Sharp, was a leading manufacturer, and his father, Joel Sharp, was one of the early Quaker settlers of that place. Her mother, Lydia S. (Taylor) Sharp, was born at Beaver, Pennsylvania, her mother being Esther Hoopes, a sister of David and John Hoopes, whose family was a prominent one in the early days of both Old Brighton and New Brighton. Samuel P. and Lucy (Sharp) White had two sons born to them, who died in childhood.

T. Sidney White (Timothy 2nd) had his early education in the New Brighton public schools, and entered Cornell University in the fall of 1870, entering some of the second-year classes, and graduated with the class of 1873 in the civil engineering course; this was the second class to pursue a full four-year course at Cornell. He read his engineering thesis at the

commencement exercises. He took up the bridge building line of his profession, and has been connected with the Penn Bridge Company since its organization, and is at present its vice-president and consulting engineer, and also vice-president of the Beaver Falls Art Tile Company. He became a member of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church in 1876. He was married the same year to Annie A. Appleton, of New Brighton, daughter of George E. and Caroline Appleton. George E. Appleton was a graduate of Allegheny College, a former member of the legislature from Allegheny county, and for many years librarian of the Young Men's Mercantile Library of Pittsburgh. He married his cousin of the same name—Appleton, two of whose brothers were prominent clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia. Mr. White has served for many years intermittently as vestryman and warden in the Episcopal Church; aided in organizing the Young Men's Christian Association in the town; and was for many years a member either of the board of trustees or board of directors; and was president of the Association for one or two years. He served four years on the school board. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania, the American Academy of Social and Political Science, the Duquesne Club and the Church Club of Pittsburgh, and the Cornell Club of Western Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. White have had three children: Caroline Augusta, who died in early childhood; Samuel A., who is engaged in business in San Francisco, California, unmarried; Theresa Geraldine, unmarried, and at home.

The Baker family is one of the first to have settled in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and their influence has been beneficially felt in many lines of industry as well as in the professional world.

(I) Anthony Baker was born in 1752, died December 26, 1814. He came from the Shenandoah Valley about 1799 or 1800, and located between Monaca and Baker's Yard. He brought with him his wife and four sons. His brothers were Philip, Peter and George. Anthony Baker married Catherine Fulton, who died February 3, 1853, at the advanced age of ninety-five years. They had children: Philip Peter, of further mention; Henry, married Charlotte Feltner, and had Margaret and Catherine; Anthony; John, died in boyhood, and it is not quite certain whether he was born in Beaver county or before the arrival of the family.

(II) Philip Peter Baker, son of Anthony and Catherine (Fulton) Baker, married Dorothy Feltner.

(III) Philip Baker, son of Philip Peter and Dorothy (Feltner) Baker, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he acquired by purchase a considerable amount of landed property. He followed the river as an occupation, and was a Republican. He married Sarah Swager, who died in 1912, daughter of George Swager, who purchased the property now owned by his grandson, Robert L. Baker. They had children: Zachariah Taylor,

of further mention; Martha; William, deceased; Lizzie; Philip, deceased; Kate.

(IV) Zachariah Taylor Baker, son of Philip and Sarah (Swager) Baker, was born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1848. He was educated in the public schools, and then found employment on the river on steamboats. He was in the employ of O'Neil & Company for a period of thirty-five years, being captain of his boat during the last ten years of this time. He has now been living retired from active work for ten years, and is a man of wealth and standing in the community. He has owned and laid out in town lots the eastern portion of Monaca. He takes a deep interest in the political situation of the town, and gives his staunch support to the Republican party. His religious membership is with the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Baker married Mary, daughter of George and Scott (Brown) Massey, of Washington, District of Columbia, who formerly spent some years in Monaca. He is now deceased, and she is living at the age of eighty-seven years. Mr. and Mrs. Baker have had children: Isaac, of Pittsburgh; Sarah, married Samson Reed, of Point Marion, Pennsylvania; Minnie, married Daniel Yaeger, of Biesville, Ohio; Robert L., of further mention; Mary, married John Haller, of Akron, Ohio.

(V) Robert L. Baker, son of Zachariah Taylor and Mary (Massey) Baker, was born in Monaca, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 27, 1877. He received a liberal education in the public schools of Monaca, and this was supplemented by courses at Pearsall's Academy in Bridgewater. Upon its completion he engaged in the profession of teaching, the schools of the South Side being the first scene of his activities in this direction. For a time he was then identified with the butcher business, after which he attended the Beaver College. Upon leaving this institution he accepted a position as bookkeeper in the Welch Fire Brick Works, and in 1905 became connected with the Welch Bright Company, of which he was president and manager until January, 1914. He is also treasurer of the Carmon Building and Loan Association. In 1908 he removed to New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and has served four years as a member of the city council of New Brighton. He is a member of the United Presbyterian Church, a thirty-second degree Mason and a member of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Mr. Baker married, April 19, 1899, Bertha Brown George, of Primrose, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: Robert L. Jr., Merel R., Dorothy Virginia.

In the story of the Allen family in America, the student of ALLEN social conditions and political economy would be apt to read between the lines and find in his interlinear perusal a tale that tells of a tragedy that has been constantly enacted in Ireland for more than a century. This would be no recital of bloody battle or stirring conflict, but merely an account of how, in days gone by, Ireland, perhaps more than any other country, has been impoverished to meet the needs of new lands, how

she has been despoiled of her vigorous young men so that other countries might be broadened and developed, because in their homeland they did not see the possibilities for advancement and improvement. At last Ireland is coming into her own, the best of the brain and brawn of her sons is being devoted to her uplift along industrial and political lines, and the "Emerald Isle" will stand forth in the full glory of her rightful inheritance, deferred for so long only because Irish intellect and muscle have been devoted to the task of helping to build a new world.

(I) William Allen, a native of county Down, Ireland, was educated in his native land for the profession of teacher, and upon coming to the United States first settled near Grove City, Pennsylvania, following his profession. Finding the remuneration for his services insufficient to properly support his family, he left that locality and established in the dry goods business on Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Although inexperienced in this line, he quickly learned its methods and soon built up a prosperous business, being so encouraged by his success in his new undertaking that he decided to seek a more profitable field for his efforts. This he found in Butler county, whither he moved in 1861 and where he engaged in general merchandising until his death, which occurred in 1879. He was a merchant of industry and thrift, and owed his prosperous success entirely to his persevering energy and resourceful initiative. Finding the path to farther advancement in a profession to which he was trained blocked, he was not disheartened by adversity but courageously embarked in an enterprise, with confident faith in the kindness of future fate and strong in his own power. With his wife he was a communicant of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. He married Penelope Lambie and became the father of a large family: Robert, Agnes, Cochran, Jane, Marion, Jeannette R., Maggie, Donald C., John G., of whom further, and William.

(II) John G. Allen, son of William and Penelope (Lambie) Allen, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1862. His education was obtained in the public schools of Butler county and Grove City College, of Grove City, Pennsylvania. After completing his studies he accepted employment in a dry goods store in Pittsburgh in the capacity of clerk, and was there engaged for a period of four years. This was his only experience in the service of another, as in the following year, 1888, he established in the grocery and feed business in Beaver Falls, where he has ever since continued. He conducts a large business and for the past eleven years has been manufacturing flour, specializing in a grade to which he has given his own name and which has met with popular favor in the surrounding neighborhood. One of the established substantial business men of the town, he takes a great interest in all local affairs and has for several years past been a member of the Beaver Falls council, as a Republican. He is a member of the United Presbyterian Church and participates in the work of the Sunday school of that organization. Mr. Allen married, in 1887, Anna C. Logeman. Children of John G. and Anna C. Allen: Milton, married Mabel Baldwin; Otha; Hadasah; Jeannette; John G.



W. H. Gates

There is material for interesting and striking comparison in COATES the manner of arrival of the emigrant of this line of the Coates family, who landed in Boston, Massachusetts, coming to this country from England, and those who came from the same land more than two centuries before, landing not far from the place where he first pressed foot on American soil, some of them probably related to his family. One came to an unconquered wilderness, inhabited by nothing of friendly intent, fleeing royal wrath and persecution, seeking an asylum, however humble, content with anything but their former lot; the other was welcomed by friends of his own birth, placed in a position to improve himself as to worldly affairs, and cherished high aspirations for better life in his new home. How much preferable the lot of the latter, how much nobler that of the former.

(I) Joseph Coates was born in Rochdale, Lancashire, England, the home of his family for generations, in 1826, died in San Francisco, California. In his native land he was engaged in the butchering business, and followed that occupation in Boston, Massachusetts, whither he came in young manhood. He was a member of the Church of England, his wife being a Universalist. He married Sarah Rose, born in Telford, Maine, in 1818, daughter of Thomas and Judith (Lufkin) Rose, her maternal ancestors tracing to "Mayflower" stock. Thomas and Judith Rose both died in New Gloucester, Cumberland county, Maine, she a daughter of Aaron Lufkin, a sailor who followed the sea all of his life. Children of Joseph and Sarah (Rose) Coates: Charles Joseph, Francis R., Anna, William Herbert, of whom further.

(II) William Herbert Coates, son of Joseph and Sarah (Rose) Coates, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, November 18, 1862. He was, as a boy, a student in the public schools of his birthplace and of those of Maine, apprenticing himself, as a young man, to the bricklayer's trade, which he mastered in due time, and which he has followed in every state and territory in the Union. He has ever been proficient at his trade, and to experience difficulty in obtaining employment because of more desirable applicants has never fallen to his portion. At the present time he works at his trade and executes paving contracts in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he is the owner of a substantial, comfortable house at No. 1612 Fourth street, which he erected, and has to his credit many noteworthy achievements in his calling. In the fall of 1883 he performed work on the laying of the first fire brick pavement ever put down, an operation on Chapline street, Wheeling, West Virginia, and laid the first brick pavement ever seen in New Brighton, in 1890, since which year he has made that place his home. He also laid the first granite blocks ever used on the streets of Chicago, Illinois, in which city he was working at his trade when that form of street paving was adopted. For a time he was in partnership with an uncle, David Gore, who died in Oil City, Pennsylvania, in 1893, but since that time he has been in business independently. Among others of his craft he is known as a work-

man of competence, speed and endurance, skilled in all departments of his work, careful and accurate in its execution. His travels in pursuit of his business have been a liberal education, and he can discourse in an interesting and entertaining manner on his varied experiences in the four corners of our country. His political sympathies are in favor of the Republican party, but in the election of civil officers he is swayed in his opinion solely by the personal record and attributes of the candidate in consideration.

Mr. Coates married, in Boston, Massachusetts, in 1885, Virginia Wheeler, of West Virginia, and they have one son, William H. Jr., born in New Brighton, Pennsylvania, December 3, 1904.

Christopher Anderson was born in Ireland, and emigrated
 ANDERSON to America in 1892. He settled at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he died in 1895, at the age of forty-seven years. He married Bridget Gaffney, born in Ireland, and died there in 1883. They had children: Patrick J., of further mention; Marcella; James, died in Pittsburgh in 1894; Jane, married — —Pitts; a child, died in infancy; John, resides in Pittsburgh; two children, died in infancy.

Patrick J. Anderson, son of Christopher and Bridget (Gaffney) Anderson, was born in Ireland, May 8, 1869. He attended the public schools of his native land, and then commenced to assist in the support of the family. In 1889 he emigrated to America, went to Pittsburgh, and obtained employment as a steel worker. He came to Aliquippa, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in the same capacity, in 1894, and has worked with the Crucible Steel Mills in New York, and at Charleston, West Virginia. He started the mill at Charleston, and had charge of the melting department for the Crucible Steel Company at Aliquippa. He was also for some years with the Colonial Steel Company of Pittsburgh. He is a man of great energy and activity, and served as chief of the police of Aliquippa for one and a half years, resigning from this office on September 1, 1913. In 1902 he erected a fine residence on River avenue. In political matters he is an Independent, and has the courage of his convictions. His religious affiliations are with the Catholic Church. Mr. Anderson married, in 1896, Madeline, daughter of Joseph Stubert.

The Torrens of America, descendants of Irish stock, two of
 TORRENS the line herein recorded owning Ireland as their birthplace, have had but a comparatively short residence in Pennsylvania, the southern and western states containing the homes of most of the members on this side of the Atlantic.

(I) Francis Torrens was a native of Ireland, where he married; and upon coming to this country settled in South Carolina. In his homeland he had been a farmer by occupation, and in South Carolina acquired title to a large plantation, cultivated by a vast number of slaves, to whom in his

later years he granted freedom. Francis Torrens was the father of the following: Joseph, of whom further; John, James, Robert, Margaret.

(II) Joseph Torrens, son of Francis Torrens, was born in the north of Ireland, and was brought to the United States by his parents when a boy. In young manhood he left the paternal plantation and moved to Washington county, Illinois, spending his life on a farm near Oakdale. He was an industrious, hard-working farmer and prospered to a considerable degree. His religious beliefs were those of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and in politics he allied himself with no party or faction. He married (first) Esther McClurken, born in South Carolina, died in Washington county, Illinois, aged twenty-four years, daughter of John and Elizabeth McClurken. John McClurken was a native of South Carolina, a farmer by occupation, a member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and a sympathizer with the Abolition movement. His children: John Johnston, Hugh Park, James, William, Samuel, Rebecca, Esther, of previous mention, married Joseph Torrens, Archibald. After the death of his first wife Joseph Torrens married (second) in Washington county, Illinois, about 1852, Elizabeth Parks. By his first marriage he was the father of one son, John Johnston, of whom further; by his second he had: James, William Francis, Robert Knox, Mary Isabelle, Elizabeth.

(III) John Johnston Torrens, only child of Joseph and Esther (McClurken) Torrens, was born in Washington county, Illinois, May 15, 1842. His early life was spent near Oakdale, where he attended the public schools, enlisting in young manhood in Company F, Tenth Regiment Missouri Volunteer Infantry, his company being engaged in both the two battles of Iuka and Corinth, both in Mississippi, at which last named conflict he sustained a wound in his left hand, the index and middle fingers being shot away. After his regiment was mustered out of service he enrolled in a business college at St. Louis, Missouri, completed the entire course, and then began his business career, which has taken him into several different lines of endeavor, among them general merchandising, retail groceries, carpentering and farming. His travels in the pursuit of these undertakings carried him to Coulterville, Illinois; Alexandria, Minnesota; Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania; Chicago, Illinois; and finally to Glenwood, Minnesota, where he is now employed by the Owens Spring Water Company in the capacity of bookkeeper. Although he has attained his seventy-first year, each day finds him at his duties, his faculties as alert and his energy as tireless as in the days of his youth; and none of the company's employees are devoted to its interests with greater fidelity. His church, which he has served during the past ten years as deacon, elder and treasurer, is the Reformed Presbyterian. In politics he affiliates with the Prohibition party, earnest and enthusiastic in his support of the party's platform, conscientious and sincere in his observance of its principles in his daily action.

He married, at Oakdale, Illinois, April 24, 1872, Sarah Eleanor Wylie, born in Dresden, Ohio, April 9, 1840, died in Conway, Pennsylvania, Sep-

tember 22, 1908, daughter of John and Maria (Wishart) Wylie. John Wylie was a farmer near Coulterville, Illinois, where he died in 1878, aged seventy-six years, his wife a native of Pennsylvania. Children of John and Maria (Wishart) Wylie: 1. James. 2. John W., married, has two children, and lives in California. 3. Rev. Richard C., married Nannie Buchanan, and lives in Allegheny, Pennsylvania; their children, Anna, Bessie, Vella, deceased, and Sloan, died aged five years. 4. Joseph M., deceased; married Elizabeth Morrison; lived in Valley City, North Dakota; one son, Rev. E. M., who has been twice married, now living in Delaware, Ohio, the father of one daughter, Lulu, who married Dr. Elvin Zimmerman. 5. Samuel. 6. Rebecca. 7. Sarah Eleanor, married John Johnston Torrens, both of previous mention. 8. Elizabeth. 9. Nancy. John Johnston and Sarah Eleanor (Wylie) Torrens were the parents of one son, Adelbert Elmer, of whom further.

(IV) Dr. Adelbert Elmer Torrens, only child of John Johnston and Sarah Eleanor (Wylie) Torrens, was born in Coulterville, Illinois, November 24, 1874. During his early boyhood his father's business made it necessary for the family residence to be situated in Alexandria, Minnesota, and it was in that place that he obtained his public school education. After adequate preparation he entered Geneva College, whence he was graduated in 1898, with the degree of B. S., taking a degree in the medical course of the University of Pittsburgh four years later. After one year's service as interne in St. John's Hospital, in 1903 he opened an office for general practice in Conway, Pennsylvania, later he removed to where he still continues, West View, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. During his stay in Conway he became an active member of the community, a sturdy pillar of its public institutions, as well as one of the most popular physicians in the locality. For eight years he served on the staff of the Rochester General Hospital, receiving his appointment to his position in 1905, and in that capacity rendering that institution valuable service. His practice is large and lucrative, but he has devoted a large proportion of his time to public duties, having been appointed postmaster of Conway in 1910. The year previous he had been elected burgess of the borough, but upon receiving his appointment to the federal service resigned his civil office. His political faith is Republican and it was as the candidate of that party that he was placed in the office of chief executive of the town. His varied relations to the life of the town prove him a man of exceptional talent and versatility, for he not only stands high in his chosen profession among the foremost physicians of the county, but has shown executive ability of merit and faithfulness to trusts reposed in him.

Dr. Torrens married, September 18, 1906, Elsie Jones, born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, August 13, 1881, daughter of William Gleason and Maria (Hunter) Jones. William Gleason Jones was a farmer and dealer in farming implements, and died in Mercer, Pennsylvania. Children of William Gleason and Maria (Hunter) Jones: 1. Clara Jones, married L.

A. Hartman, and lives in Mercer, Pennsylvania, the mother of four children. 2. Elsie Jones, of previous mention, married Dr. Adelbert Elmer Torrens. 3. Lizzie (Jones) Jones, deceased. 4. Rebecca (Jones) King, deceased. 5. Amanda Jones, of Kansas City, Missouri. 6. Blanche (Jones) Maledon, of Fort Smith, Arkansas. 7. Sadie (Jones) McCreary, of New Castle, Pennsylvania. Maria (Hunter) Jones is still living, her home being in Fort Smith, Arkansas. Dr. Torrens and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian Church. They are the parents of one daughter, Eleanor Marie, born February 1, 1911.

The advance of rents in Ireland was the immediate cause for LEEPER the large exodus from that country at various periods. In 1771 this was the case in county Antrim, where the rents had again been raised. One hundred vessels left Ireland, carrying thousands of Presbyterians away from its shores. This was prior to the Revolutionary War in this country and America was the goal toward which the tide of emigration naturally turned. Among these emigrants was James Leeper, the progenitor of all bearing this name in America. There are several traditions and records concerning his advent in this country, and several records which are apparently irreconcilable at the present time. There was a James Leeper, who married Nancy Blair and had a son James. The line under discussion here lived near Belfast, county Antrim, Ireland, and was of Scotch lineage.

(1) James Leeper was born in 1748. In 1771 his name appears in the list of contributors to the Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church, and on April 14, 1776, he was ordained as ruling elder in that congregation, just two months and twenty days before the Declaration of Independence. In the course of time he removed to Washington county, Pennsylvania, in the neighborhood of Hickory, and settled on land which had been granted to General George Washington. The farm is now owned and occupied by Luther Morgan. On one occasion, when Washington came to look after his interests, and remove the squatters from it, it is said that he was provoked into using profane language. According to the law he was subject to a fine for this violation, and when the accusation was made, said: "Make out your bill, Your Honour," which was done and the bill paid without demur. In 1789 James Leeper, with his family, came to the tract of land now owned and occupied by Joseph Leeper, near Frankford Springs, then in Washington, now in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. At that time Washington county extended northward to the Ohio river. The original deed to this tract reads: "Two hundred and 75 acres deeded to James Leeper by Thomas Mifflin, Gov. of the State of Pa. for two pounds and five shillings and ten pence." He had, however, for some reason to pay for this land a second time. He erected his cabin near a spring a short distance from the present residence of J. W. Leeper, the spot being marked by a small pile of stones from the chimney. While engaged in the building of this cabin

Mr. Leeper fell so unfortunately as to break his leg, and was taken to the neighboring cabin of Archibald Ralston, where he was tenderly cared for. At this time he already had several children, among them being Robert, aged seventeen. At this place he and his family endured all the hardships of a frontier life, and the depredations of the Indians became so unendurable that Mrs. Leeper wished to return across the mountains, but his more optimistic nature prevailed over her fears. He was a man of unusual intelligence and piety, and receives special mention in Rev. James P. Williams' "Biographical Sketches and Sermons," which was published in 1839, and is a history of the ministers and elders in the Associate Presbyterian Church. The family attended church at Paris, a distance of seven miles, where Dr. John Anderson preached until the congregation of King's Creek was organized. James Leeper died March 13, 1814, and was buried in the "Old King's Creek" Cemetery. Mr. Leeper married, while living in York county, Pennsylvania, Nancy McCleary, and had children: Robert, James, John, William, Hugh, see forward; Margaret Susannah, Nancy, Isabella, Anna, Mary.

(II) Hugh Leeper, son of James and Nancy (McCleary) Leeper, was born in 1794, died in October, 1867. After his marriage he settled on his father's farm, now owned and occupied by Joseph N. Leeper, at Frankford Springs, Pennsylvania. After eighteen years of residence on this place, he removed to a farm which he purchased from John Nelson, two miles east of Hookstown, Pennsylvania. An additional farm was purchased, the one now owned and occupied by their son Robert, a half mile south of Hookstown. He removed to it in 1840 and lived there until his death. For thirty years he filled the office of ruling elder, at first in the Associate Presbyterian Church, and later in the United Presbyterian Church of Hookstown. His death was caused by rheumatism of the heart, and his last words were: "Come, Lord Jesus, come quickly." His wife died in 1871, also in her seventy-fourth year. Hugh Leeper married, in 1818, Esther Harper, and of their fifteen children the following named lived to maturity: Jane, James, Samuel, William, John, Anderson, Robert, see forward; Mary, Ann, Archibald, Harriet, Amanda, Joseph Harper, Hugh Y.

(III) Robert Leeper, son of Hugh and Esther (Harper) Leeper, was educated in the early district schools of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and for a period of nine years was engaged in teaching school at McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in Beaver county, in the same state, and in the state of Ohio. He then engaged in farming and stock raising, on a farm of one hundred and fifty acres near Hookstown, Pennsylvania. During the Civil War he was a member of the Christian Commission, which cared for the sick and wounded, and for a part of the time he was located in Tennessee. He was very active in local political matters as a supporter of the Republican party. He was equally so in the interests of religion, serving as an elder in the United Presbyterian Church at Hookstown, which he helped to erect. He married (first) Mary Collins, of Xenia, Ohio, and

had two sons: Hugh Collins, see forward; William R. He married (second) Elizabeth Dallas; child, Robert J., see forward.

(IV) Hugh Collins Leeper, son of Robert and Mary (Collins) Leeper, was born on the homestead south of Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 6, 1860. He was educated in the public schools and was graduated from the Hookstown Academy. For many years he has made farming the business of his life, and he has been an extensive breeder of fine Jersey cattle. He has a farm of one hundred and fifty-two acres, and another of thirty-eight acres, and has erected all the buildings on the homestead. During the past five years he has had considerable dealings in oil, and is still largely interested along that line. He is a member of the United Presbyterian Church, and has taken an active part in the political affairs of the community, working in favor of the Republican party, and has served as juror for the past three years by appointment of the county judge, his appointment being made in the fall of 1911.

Mr. Leeper married, February 15, 1882, Elizabeth, daughter of William and Jane Campbell, who lived on a farm two miles south of Hookstown. They have had children: 1. Joseph Earl, born in 1883; married Martha Adams, and resides near Hookstown; they have one child, Mary Edith, born January 13, 1914. 2. William McKirahan, born 1886; married Nellie Ramsey and has one child, Mareta Elizabeth, born August 25, 1912. 3. Jennie Verne, born 1889; married C. V. Stewart. 4. Robert Harper, born in 1897; now a pupil in the Sewickley high school.

(IV) Robert J. Leeper, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Dallas) Leeper, was born on the homestead south of Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1870. He grew to maturity on that farm, attending, as a boy, the nearby public schools, and has ever since lived on the homestead, which he now owns. His land is one hundred and forty-nine acres in extent, general farming and stock raising occupying all of his time. Accustomed to agricultural duties from his boyhood, his early training now has its effect in the bountiful returns he receives from the soil, and he has prospered accordingly. As a Republican he has been elected by his neighbors to fill numerous township offices, and has willingly granted his time and labor to discharging the duties entailed. He and his wife hold membership in the United Presbyterian Church, while he belongs to the Masonic Order, being a member of Glasgow Lodge, No. 485, while Mrs. Leeper is a member of Eastern Star, Crystal Chapter, No. 18.

He married, March 15, 1893, Helen Rachel, daughter of Dr. Franklin David and Susan Mary (Nelson) Kerr (see Kerr IV). Children of Robert J. and Helen Rachel (Kerr) Leeper: Arthur Wallace, lives at home; Hugh Franklin, a student in the Beaver high school; Susan Elizabeth; Frederick Kerr; Helen Nelson.

(The Kerr Line.)

The decade immediately following the American Revolution witnessed the arrival in the United States of William Kerr and his family, he the

founder of his name in the vicinity of Hookstown, Pennsylvania, where his descendants live to the present day. He was a native of Ireland, was there reared and educated, and was there married, two of their children, Mary Ann and David, being born in that land, the other two, William, who became a soldier in a company of English dragoons and was engaged in the battle of Waterloo, and Rebecca, both owning Pennsylvania as their birthplace. William Kerr and his wife, Mary, with their two children, took passage on a sailing vessel for the United States in 1788, their son, David, being at that time but one year old. Soon after land was left behind the infant sickened and sank so rapidly that his life was despaired of. Indeed, so precarious was his condition that at one time the ship's physician pronounced him dead, terrible news that the mother could not believe, and clasping her child to her breast, so warmed his little, wasted body with the heat from her strong frame that the chill of death was dispelled and the infant, with the timely aid that her maternal instinct prompted her to give, rallied from his low condition and straightway began to gain strength, the steadfast faith of his mother almost giving him a second birth. William Kerr and his wife were both members of the Seceder Church and lived to good old ages, his death occurring in 1804, hers in 1814.

(II) David Kerr, son of William and Mary Kerr, was born near Duncannon, county Antrim, Ireland, March 24, 1787, died near Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 7, 1872. He was, as before related, brought to the United States by his parents in infancy, and lived on the paternal farm until his marriage, attending school whenever sessions were held and in every way seeking to acquire an education, the opportunities for which were slight. He studied under many masters, working industriously and deriving unusual enjoyment therefrom. Some of those who led his feet in the paths of learning were Dr. James Ramsey, Rev. Taylor, compiler and publisher of an almanac, William Ramsey, Hezekiah Jenkins, Professor Metcalf, and, when he was sixteen years of age, George Anderson, who conducted a night school at Frankfort. He was his father's valued helper upon the home acres and could handle a plow with skilled dexterity when he was twelve years of age. At his father's death, when David was seventeen years old, he took entire charge of the farm, planting, cultivating and reaping according to his own judgment with good success. After his marriage he built a small cabin, seventeen by seventeen feet, one and a half stories high, near the old home, where his mother still lived, and there resided from 1809 until 1823, in the latter year erecting a more pretentious house near the former building, a structure of two stories, seventeen by twenty-seven feet, with a kitchen built at the rear. In 1832 he sold the farm on King's creek, having first bought two hundred and eighty-seven acres bordering on Service creek, three miles southeast of Hookstown, here building a house that was famous throughout the countryside for the gracious hospitality ever freely extended and the joy and cheer always found there. The social life of the locality centered there, both because of the size of the

Kerr house and because of the genial, generous and convivial natures of the host and hostess, who delighted in the companionship of their friends and in their enjoyment. The old house was seldom free from the ring of happy laughter, merriment and pure pleasure reigning on nearly every occasion, and of parties and other jollifications, organized and planned on the slightest pretext, there was no end. This property was sold to James Torrence in 1864, David Kerr and his family moving to Hookstown. His early love of study did not desert him in his later years and he was a continual reader, delving deep into the pages of classical authors. His active and well-stored mind needed constant occupation for his greatest ease, which he found in literary pursuits and the careful consideration and study of topics of current importance and interest, his opinion on questions of political, social or economic topics showing a clarity of thought and depth of perception one would hardly expect in one whose paths had been led as his. He and his family were Presbyterians, members of the Mill Creek congregation, and the regular services of the church rarely found him out of his pew, religion holding an important place in his plan of life.

David Kerr married, November 24, 1808, Rachel Moore, born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in April, 1790, died April 1, 1880. Children of David and Rachel (Moore) Kerr: Thomas, born September 17, 1809; David, of whom further; Samuel, September 8, 1820; Mary Ann, April 11, 1823; Agnes, May 19, 1825.

(III) David (2) Kerr, son of David (1) and Rachel (Moore) Kerr, was born on King's creek, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1811, died in Hookstown, Pennsylvania. Until he was sixteen years of age he was employed by his father, also attending the public schools, and from his father learned the wheelwright's trade of which the elder Kerr was a master and at which he was at various times employed. He served a three years apprenticeship at the carpenter's trade in Pittsburgh, continuing in that line for a few years, finally returning to Hookstown, where he bought two lots and erected a large brick house, owned by the family for more than half a century, and in this house he died. His business was contracting and building, many operations, which were at that time considered quite extensive, being pushed to completion under his direction, and he also devoted considerable time to oil producing, in both lines realizing gratifying profit. He married Mary, daughter of Samuel Swaney. Samuel Swaney was instrumental in organizing Company H, One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was offered the rank of orderly sergeant, which he eagerly accepted, rising through the different grades until he held the rank of major, the latter conferred upon him by a special commission from the president for meritorious and gallant conduct upon the field of battle. He was wounded, April 15, 1865, two days before the final surrender, and died from the effects of his wound. Children of David (2) and Mary (Swaney) Kerr: Franklin David, of whom further; Sylvester, died in infancy; Thomas Taylor, died in infancy; Mary Estelle,

married John C. Langfitt, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Jane, died in 1852, aged eighteen years; Rachel L., died in North Carolina, married Dr. Johnston, president of Biddle University, North Carolina, and prior to holding the latter post he was missionary to India for many years and is now filling a like position there.

(IV) Dr. Franklin David Kerr, son of David (2) and Mary (Swaney) Kerr, was born in Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, August 16, 1844. He was educated in the public schools and the Hookstown Academy. As soon as he attained the required age he entered the United States volunteer service in the Union army, becoming, on August 14, 1862, a member of Company H, One Hundred and Fortieth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He was a private in that company until April 14, 1864, when he was promoted to the first lieutenantcy of the First Regiment, Maryland Cavalry, serving in that rank until the end of the war, emerging from the conflict without having suffered a wound of any kind. Returning to Hookstown he took a scientific course in Washington and Jefferson College, after his graduation teaching school for several years before entering Cleveland Medical School, attached to Wooster University. He was graduated from that institution with his degree in 1878, and at once began practice in his native town, where he at once found professional favor, and where he continued in practice for twenty-two years. During this time his patients were rapidly increasing in number and his reputation in medical circles growing in proper proportion, and at the expiration of his twenty-second year of professional activity in Hookstown he opened a sanitarium at Frankfort Springs, later practicing in Shousetown for eight years. He was giving close attention to a large and flourishing patronage in this place when his health gave way under the strain of constant application, compelling him to seek rest and quiet, which he found in farm life. In 1913 he bought one hundred and thirty-seven acres of land in Greene township, and there lives at the present time, general farming being the line he follows. His farm is fertile and well kept, being also prettily situated, so that its appearance is not that of acres whose only good is to support a family, but of a country estate chosen for its location and natural beauties.

Mr. Kerr married, September 21, 1871, Susan Mary, born November 9, 1851, daughter of James Nelson, of Hanover township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. Children: Helen Rachel, born September 30, 1875, married Robert J. Leeper; Jane Swaney, April 1, 1879, married, in 1910, Edwin Glenn Frazier, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Edith, July 21, 1881, married, August 3, 1909, Rev. David Chalmers Fulton, of Newcastle, Pennsylvania; Olive Mary, January 18, 1884, died at four years of age; Esther Nelson, January 14, 1886; Nannie Estella, November 19, 1889; David Franklin, June 28, 1894.